

## Domicile and Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1973

## **1973 CHAPTER 45**

## **PART III**

JURISDICTION IN CONSISTORIAL CAUSES (SCOTLAND)

## 10 Ancillary and collateral orders

- (1) Where after the commencement of this Act—
  - (a) an application is made to the Court of Session or to a sheriff court for—
    - (i) the making as respects any person or property of an order under any of the enactments or rules of law specified in Part I or Part II of Schedule 2 to this Act, or
    - (ii) the variation or recall as respects any person or property of an order made (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) under any of those enactments or rules of law; and
  - (b) the application is competently made in connection with an action for any of the following remedies, namely, divorce, separation, declarator of marriage and declarator of nullity of marriage (whether the application is made in the same proceedings or in other proceedings and whether it is made before or after the pronouncement of a final decree in the action),

then, if the court has or, as the case may be, had by virtue of this Act or of any enactment or rule of law in force before the commencement of this Act jurisdiction to entertain the action, it shall have jurisdiction to entertain the application as respects the person or property in question whether or not it would have jurisdiction to do so apart from this subsection.

- (2) It is hereby declared that where—
  - (a) the Court of Session has jurisdiction by virtue of this section to entertain an application for the variation or recall as respects any person of an order made by it, and

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

(b) the order is one to which section 8 (variation and recall by the sheriff of certain orders made by the Court of Session) of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1966 applies,

then, for the purposes of any application under the said section 8 for the variation or recall of the order in so far as it relates to that person, the sheriff, as defined in that section, has jurisdiction as respects that person to exercise the power conferred on him by that section.