



Conveyancing (Scotland) Act 1924

1924 CHAPTER 27 14 and 15 Geo 5

22 Assimilation of law as regards legitim and jus relictæ, &c.

- (1) In the case of any person dying after the commencement of this Act, the rules of law which determine what estate belonging to a deceased is subject to claims for legitim shall be applicable in determining what estate belonging to the deceased is subject to the claim for jus relictæ or jus relictæ: And the estates of all such persons shall be distributed on the footing that there shall no longer be any distinction between the description of estate subject to claims for legitim and the description of estate subject to claims for jus relictæ and jus relictæ.
- (2) All debts which if due to any person dying after the commencement of this Act would, according to the present law and practice or in terms of this section, be subject to legitim and jus relictæ or jus relictæ shall, if due by the deceased or out of his or her estate, form, so far as the estate on which such debts are secured may be insufficient to meet the same, deductions from the deceased's moveable estate before ascertaining legitim and jus relictæ or jus relictæ.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Conveyancing (Scotland) Act 1924, Section 22.