



Agricultural Holdings (Scotland) Act 2003

2003 asp 11

PART 8

GENERAL PROVISIONS

93 Interpretation

In this Act (unless the context requires otherwise)—

“the 1991 Act” means the Agricultural Holdings (Scotland) Act [1991 \(c. 55\)](#);

“1991 Act tenancy” is to be construed in accordance section 1;

“agriculture” is to be construed in accordance with section 85 (interpretation) of the 1991 Act; and “agricultural” and “non-agricultural” are to be construed accordingly;

“agricultural land” means land used for agriculture for the purposes of a trade or business;

“fixed equipment” is to be construed by reference to section 85 of the 1991 Act;

“the Land Court” means the Scottish Land Court;

“landlord” means any person for the time being entitled to receive the rents under a lease constituting a tenancy and includes the executor, assignee, legatee, disponent, guardian, legal representative (within the meaning of Part I of the Children (Scotland) Act [1995 \(c. 36\)](#)) or permanent or interim trustee (within the meaning of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act [1985 \(c. 66\)](#)), of a landlord;

“limited duration tenancy” is to be construed in accordance with section 5;

“the Parliament” means the Scottish Parliament;

“short limited duration tenancy” is to be construed in accordance with section 4;

“tenant” means the holder of land under a tenancy constituted by a lease and includes the executor, assignee, legatee, disponent, guardian, legal representative (within the meaning of Part I of the Children (Scotland) Act 1995) or permanent or interim trustee (within the meaning of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985), of a tenant;

“termination”, in relation to a tenancy, means the termination of the lease constituting the tenancy.