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Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992

1992 CHAPTER 12

PART V

TRANSFER OF BUSINESS ASSETS

CHAPTER II

GIFTS OF BUSINESS ASSETS

165 Relief for gifts of business assets.

- (1) If—
 - (a) an individual ("the transferor") makes a disposal otherwise than under a bargain at arm's length of an asset within subsection (2) below, and
 - (b) a claim for relief under this section is made by the transferor and the person who acquires the asset ("the transferee") or, where the trustees of a settlement are the transferee, by the transferor alone,

then, subject to subsection (3) and [^{F1} sections 166, 167[^{F2}, 169, 169B and 169C]], subsection (4) below shall apply in relation to the disposal.

- (2) An asset is within this subsection if—
 - (a) it is, or is an interest in, an asset used for the purposes of a trade, profession or vocation carried on by—
 - (i) the transferor, or
 - (ii) his [^{F3}personal company], or
 - (iii) a member of a trading group of which the holding company is his [^{F3}personal company], or
 - (b) it consists of shares or securities of a trading company, or of the holding company of a trading group, where—
 - (i) the shares or securities are [^{F4}not listed on a recognised stock exchange], or

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- (ii) the trading company or holding company is the transferor's [^{F3}personal company].
- (3) Subsection (4) below does not apply in relation to a disposal if—
 - ^{F5}(a)
 - ^{F5}(b)
 - $[^{F6}(ba)$ in the case of a disposal of shares or securities, the transferee is a company,]
 - (c) in the case of a disposal of qualifying corporate bonds, a gain is deemed to accrue by virtue of section 116(10)(b), or
 - (d) subsection (3) of section 260 applies in relation to the disposal (or would apply if a claim for relief were duly made under that section).
- (4) Where a claim for relief is made under this section in respect of a disposal—
 - (a) the amount of any chargeable gain which, apart from this section, would accrue to the transferor on the disposal, and
 - (b) the amount of the consideration for which, apart from this section, the transferee would be regarded for the purposes of capital gains tax as having acquired the asset or, as the case may be, the shares or securities,

shall each be reduced by an amount equal to the held-over gain on the disposal.

- (5) Part I of Schedule 7 shall have effect for extending the relief provided for by virtue of subsections (1) to (4) above in the case of agricultural property and for applying it in relation to settled property.
- (6) Subject to Part II of Schedule 7 and subsection (7) below, the reference in subsection (4) above to the held-over gain on a disposal is a reference to the chargeable gain which would have accrued on that disposal apart from subsection (4) above ^{F7}..., and in subsection (7) below that chargeable gain is referred to as the unrelieved gain on the disposal.
- (7) In any case where—
 - (a) there is actual consideration (as opposed to the consideration equal to the market value which is deemed to be given by virtue of section 17(1)) for a disposal in respect of which a claim for relief is made under this section, and
 - (b) that actual consideration exceeds the sums allowable as a deduction under section 38,

the held-over gain on the disposal shall be the amount by which the unrelieved gain on the disposal exceeds the excess referred to in paragraph (b) above.

- (8) Subject to subsection (9) below, in this section and Schedule 7—
 - [^{F8}(a) "personal company", in relation to an individual, means a company the voting rights in which are exercisable, as to not less than 5 per cent., by that individual;
 - [^{F9}(aa) "holding company" has the meaning given by paragraph 22(1), "trading company" has the meaning given by paragraph 22A, and "trading group" has the meaning given by paragraph 22B, of Schedule A1; and]]
 - (b) "trade", "profession" and "vocation" have the same meaning as in the Income Tax Acts.
- (9) In this section and Schedule 7 and in determining whether a company is a trading company for the purposes of this section and that Schedule, the expression "trade" shall be taken to include the occupation of woodlands where the woodlands are

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managed by the occupier on a commercial basis and with a view to the realisation of profits.

- (10) Where a disposal [^{F10}in relation to which subsection (4) above applies] is (or proves to be) a chargeable transfer for inheritance tax purposes, there shall be allowed as a deduction in computing (for capital gains tax purposes) the chargeable gain accruing to the transferee on the disposal of the asset in question an amount equal to whichever is the lesser of—
 - (a) the inheritance tax attributable to the value of the asset, and
 - (b) the amount of the chargeable gain as computed apart from this subsection,

and, in the case of a disposal which, being a potentially exempt transfer, proves to be a chargeable transfer, all necessary adjustments shall be made, whether by the discharge or repayment of capital gains tax or otherwise.

(11) Where an amount of inheritance tax—

- (a) falls to be redetermined in consequence of the transferor's death within 7 years of making the chargeable transfer in question, or
- (b) is otherwise varied,

after it has been taken into account under subsection (10) above, all necessary adjustments shall be made, whether by the making of an assessment to capital gains tax or by the discharge or repayment of such tax.

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in s. 165(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 90(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2000 (c. 17), s. 90(1)
- F2 Words in s. 165(1) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 3(2)
- F3 Words in s. 165 substituted (27.7.1993 with effect in relation to any disposal made on or after 16.3.1993 as mentioned in s. 87(2)) by 1993 c. 34, s. 87, Sch. 7 Pt. I para. 1(1)
- F4 Words in s. 165(2)(b)(i) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 90(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2000 (c. 17), s. 90(3)
- F5 S. 165(3)(a)(b) repealed (with effect in relation to disposals in the year 2003-04 and subsequent years of assessment in accordance with Sch. 27 Pt. III(31) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1998 (c. 36), Sch. 27 Pt. III(31)
- F6 S. 165(3)(ba) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 3(3)
- F7 Words in s. 165(6) repealed (with effect in relation to disposals in the year 2003-04 and subsequent years of assessment in accordance with Sch. 27 Pt. III(31) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1998 (c. 36), Sch. 27 Pt. III(31)
- F8 S. 165(8)(a)(aa) substituted for s. 165(8)(a) (with effect in relation to the year 2003-04 and subsequent years of assessment in accordance with s. 140(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1998 (c. 36), s. 140(4)
- F9 S. 165(8)(aa) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(6) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 3(4)
- F10 Words in s. 165(10) substituted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 3(5)

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166 Gifts to non-residents.

- (1) Section 165(4) shall not apply where the transferee is neither resident nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom.
- (2) Section 165(4) shall not apply where the transferee is an individual ^{F11}... if that individual ^{F11}...
 - (a) though resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, is regarded for the purposes of any double taxation relief arrangements as resident in a territory outside the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) by virtue of the arrangements would not be liable in the United Kingdom to tax on a gain arising on a disposal of the asset occurring immediately after its acquisition.

Textual Amendments

167 Gifts to foreign-controlled companies.

- (1) Section 165(4) shall not apply where the transferee is a company which is within subsection (2) below.
- (2) A company is within this subsection if it is controlled by a person who, or by persons each of whom—
 - (a) is neither resident nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) is connected with the person making the disposal.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) above, a person who (either alone or with others) controls a company by virtue of holding assets relating to that or any other company and who is resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom shall be regarded as neither resident nor ordinarily resident there if—
 - (a) he is regarded for the purposes of any double taxation relief arrangements as resident in a territory outside the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) by virtue of the arrangements he would not be liable in the United Kingdom to tax on a gain arising on a disposal of the assets.

168 Emigration of donee.

- (1) If—
 - (a) relief is given under section 165 in respect of a disposal to an individual or under section 260 in respect of a disposal to an individual ("the relevant disposal"); and
 - (b) at a time when he has not disposed of the asset in question, the transferee becomes neither resident nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom,

then, subject to the following provisions of this section, a chargeable gain shall be deemed to have accrued to the transferee immediately before that time, and its amount shall be equal to the held-over gain (within the meaning of section 165 or 260) on the relevant disposal.

F11 Words in s. 166(2) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 251(1)(a)(7) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 1994 (c. 9), s. 251(7)(a), Sch. 26 Pt. VIII(1)

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- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1) above the transferee shall be taken to have disposed of an asset before the time there referred to only if he has made a disposal or disposals in connection with which the whole of the held-over gain on the relevant disposal was represented by reductions made in accordance with section 165(4)(b) or 260(3) (b) and where he has made a disposal in connection with which part of that gain was so represented, the amount of the chargeable gain deemed by virtue of this section to accrue to him shall be correspondingly reduced.
- (3) The disposals by the transferee that are to be taken into account under subsection (2) above shall not include any disposal to which section 58 applies; but where any such disposal is made by the transferee, disposals by his spouse shall be taken into account under subsection (2) above as if they had been made by him.
- (4) Subsection (1) above shall not apply by reason of a person becoming neither resident nor ordinarily resident more than 6 years after the end of the year of assessment in which the relevant disposal was made.
- (5) Subsection (1) above shall not apply in relation to a disposal made to an individual if—
 - (a) the reason for his becoming neither resident nor ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom is that he works in an employment or office all the duties of which are performed outside the United Kingdom, and
 - (b) he again becomes resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom within the period of 3 years from the time when he ceases to be so, without having meanwhile disposed of the asset in question;

and accordingly no assessment shall be made by virtue of subsection (1) above before the end of that period in any case where the condition in paragraph (a) above is, and the condition in paragraph (b) above may be, satisfied.

- (6) For the purposes of subsection (5) above a person shall be taken to have disposed of an asset if he has made a disposal in connection with which the whole or part of the held-over gain on the relevant disposal would, had he been resident in the United Kingdom, have been represented by a reduction made in accordance with section 165(4)(b) or 260(3)(b) and subsection (3) above shall have effect for the purposes of this subsection as it has effect for the purposes of subsection (2) above.
- (7) Where an amount of tax assessed on a transferee by virtue of subsection (1) above is not paid within the period of 12 months beginning with the date when the tax becomes payable then, subject to subsection (8) below, the transferor may be assessed and charged (in the name of the transferee) to all or any part of that tax.
- (8) No assessment shall be made under subsection (7) above more than 6 years after the end of the year of assessment in which the relevant disposal was made.
- (9) Where the transferor pays an amount of tax in pursuance of subsection (7) above, he shall be entitled to recover a corresponding sum from the transferee.
- (10) Gains on disposals made after a chargeable gain has under this section been deemed to accrue by reference to a held-over gain shall be computed without any reduction under section 165(4)(b) or 260(3)(b) in respect of that held-over gain.

169 Gifts into dual resident trusts.

(1) This section applies where there is or has been a disposal of an asset to the trustees of a settlement in such circumstances that, on a claim for relief, section 165 or 260 applies,

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or would but for this section apply, so as to reduce the amounts of the chargeable gain and the consideration referred to in section 165(4) or 260(3).

- (2) In this section "a relevant disposal" means such a disposal as is referred to in subsection (1) above.
- (3) Relief under section 165 or 260 shall not be available on a relevant disposal if-
 - (a) at the material time the trustees to whom the disposal is made fall to be treated, under section 69, as resident and ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom, although the general administration of the trust is ordinarily carried on outside the United Kingdom; and
 - (b) on a notional disposal of the asset concerned occurring immediately after the material time, the trustees would be regarded for the purposes of any double taxation relief arrangements—
 - (i) as resident in a territory outside the United Kingdom; and
 - (ii) as not liable in the United Kingdom to tax on a gain arising on that disposal.

(4) In subsection (3) above—

- (a) "the material time" means the time of the relevant disposal; and
- (b) a "notional disposal" means a disposal by the trustees of the asset which was the subject of the relevant disposal.

[^{F12}169ACessation of trade by limited liability partnership

- (1) This section applies where section 59A(1) ceases to apply to a limited liability partnership.
- (2) A member of the partnership who immediately before the time at which section 59A(1) ceases to apply holds an asset, or an interest in an asset, acquired by him—
 - (a) on a disposal to members of a partnership, and
 - (b) for a consideration which is treated as reduced under section 165(4)(b) or 260(3)(b),

shall be treated as if a chargeable gain equal to the amount of the reduction accrued to him immediately before that time.]

Textual Amendments

F12 S. 169A inserted (with effect in accordance with s. 75(5) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2001 (c. 9), s. 75(3)(5) (with Sch. 3)

[^{F13}169BGifts to settlor-interested settlements etc

- (1) Neither section 165(4) nor section 260(3) shall apply in relation to a disposal ("the relevant disposal")—
 - (a) made by a person ("the transferor") to the trustees of a settlement, and
 - (b) in respect of which Condition 1 or Condition 2 below is satisfied.

(2) Condition 1 is that, immediately after the making of the relevant disposal,—

(a) there is a settlor (see section 169E) who has an interest in the settlement (see section 169F), or

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- (b) an arrangement (see section 169G) subsists under which such an interest will or may be acquired by a settlor.
- (3) Condition 2 is that—
 - (a) a chargeable gain would (assuming that neither section 165(4) nor section 260(3) applied in relation to the relevant disposal) accrue to the transferor on that disposal,
 - (b) in computing the gain, the allowable expenditure would to any extent fall to be reduced in consequence, directly or indirectly, of a claim under section 165 or 260 in respect of an earlier disposal made by an individual (whether or not to the transferor), and
 - (c) immediately after the making of the relevant disposal,—
 - (i) that individual has an interest in the settlement, or
 - (ii) an arrangement subsists under which such an interest will or may be acquired by him.
- (4) This section is subject to section 169D (exception for maintenance funds for historic buildings and certain settlements for disabled persons).

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

169C Clawback of relief if settlement becomes settlor-interested etc

(1) This section applies in relation to a disposal ("the relevant disposal")—

- (a) made by a person ("the transferor") to the trustees of a settlement,
- (b) in relation to which section 165(4) or 260(3) applies, or would apart from this section apply, and
- (c) in respect of which Condition 1 or Condition 2 below is satisfied.

(2) Condition 1 is that, at any time during the clawback period,—

- (a) there is a settlor who has an interest in the settlement, or
- (b) an arrangement subsists under which such an interest will or may be acquired by a settlor.
- (3) Condition 2 is that—
 - (a) in computing the chargeable gain which would (assuming that neither section 165(4) nor section 260(3) applied in relation to the relevant disposal) accrue to the transferor on that disposal, the allowable expenditure would fall to be reduced,
 - (b) that reduction would to any extent fall to be made in consequence, directly or indirectly, of a claim under section 165 or 260 in respect of an earlier disposal made by an individual (whether or not to the transferor), and
 - (c) at any time during the clawback period,—
 - (i) that individual has an interest in the settlement, or
 - (ii) an arrangement subsists under which such an interest will or may be acquired by him.

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- (4) If no claim for relief under section 165 or 260 in respect of the relevant disposal is made before the material time, neither section 165(4) nor section 260(3) shall apply in relation to that disposal.
- (5) Subsections (7) to (9) below apply if a claim for relief under section 165 or 260 in respect of the relevant disposal is made before the material time.
- (6) But those subsections do not apply if—
 - (a) the transferor is an individual, and
 - (b) he dies before the material time.
- (7) A chargeable gain, of an amount equal to the amount of the held-over gain (within the meaning of section 165 or 260) on the relevant disposal, shall be treated for the purposes of tax in respect of chargeable gains as accruing to the transferor at the material time.
- (8) For any chargeable period ending after the making of the relevant disposal, the chargeable gains and allowable losses of—
 - (a) the trustees of the settlement, or
 - (b) any person whose title to any property to any extent derives, directly or indirectly, from them,

shall be determined on the assumption that neither section 165(4)(b) nor section 260(3) (b) ever applied in relation to that disposal.

- (9) All such adjustments shall be made, whether by discharge or repayment of tax, the making of assessments or otherwise, as are required to give effect to subsection (8) above (notwithstanding any limitation on the time within which any adjustment may be made).
- (10) If a claim for relief under section 165 or 260 in respect of the relevant disposal is revoked, this section shall apply as if the claim had never been made.
- (11) In this section "the clawback period" means the period-
 - (a) beginning immediately after the making of the relevant disposal, and
 - (b) ending six years after the end of the year of assessment in which that disposal was made.
- (12) In this section "the material time" means the time at which subsection (1)(c) above first becomes satisfied.
- (13) This section is subject to section 169D.

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

169D Exceptions to sections 169B and 169C

(1) Sections 169B and 169C shall not apply in relation to a disposal to the trustees of a settlement in a year of assessment if the trustees have elected that section 691(2) of the Taxes Act (certain income of maintenance funds for historic buildings not to be income of settlor etc) shall have effect in the case of—

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- (a) the settlement, or
- (b) any part of the settlement,

in relation to that year of assessment.

- (2) Sections 169B and 169C shall not apply in relation to a disposal to the trustees of a settlement if the following conditions are satisfied.
- (3) The first condition is that, immediately after the making of the disposal,—
 - (a) the settled property is held on trusts which secure that, during the lifetime of a disabled person, not less than half of the property which is applied is applied for the benefit of that person, and
 - (b) the settled property is held on trusts—
 - (i) which secure that, during his lifetime, he is entitled to not less than half of the income arising from the property,
 - (ii) which secure that, during his lifetime, no such income may be applied for the benefit of any other person, or
 - (iii) under which, during his lifetime, no interest in possession in the settled property subsists.
- (4) The second condition is that if, immediately after the making of the disposal, one or more settlors is an interested settlor, each such settlor must at that time be a disabled beneficiary.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4) above a settlor is an "interested settlor" in relation to a settlement if—
 - (a) he has an interest in the settlement, or
 - (b) an arrangement subsists under which such an interest will or may be acquired by him;

and for this purpose, the references to an individual's spouse in section 169F(2) and (3) shall be disregarded.

- (6) In subsection (4) above "disabled beneficiary", in relation to a settlement, means a disabled person who—
 - (a) is a beneficiary under the settlement, or
 - (b) would be such a beneficiary if he had the interest in the settlement by virtue of which subsection (5)(b) above applies in relation to him.
- (7) In this section "disabled person" means—
 - (a) a person who by reason of mental disorder within the meaning of the Mental Health Act 1983 is incapable of administering his property or managing his affairs; or
 - (b) a person in receipt of attendance allowance or of a disability living allowance by virtue of entitlement to the care component at the highest or middle rate.
- (8) In this section "attendance allowance" means an allowance under-
 - (a) section 64 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, or
 - (b) section 64 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992.
- (9) In this section "disability living allowance" means a disability living allowance under—
 - (a) section 71 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, or

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- (b) section 71 of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits (Northern Ireland) Act 1992.
- (10) The trusts on which settled property is held shall not be treated as falling outside subsection (3) above by reason only of the powers conferred on the trustees by—
 - (a) section 32 of the Trustee Act 1925, or
 - (b) section 33 of the Trustee Act (Northern Ireland) 1958 (powers of advancement).
- (11) The references in subsection (3) above to the lifetime of a person shall, where the income from the settled property is held for his benefit on trusts of the kind described in section 33 of the Trustee Act 1925 (protective trusts), be construed as references to the period during which the income is held on trust for him.

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

169E Meaning of "settlor" in sections 169B to 169D and 169G

- (1) For the purposes of this section, sections 169B to 169D and section 169G, a person is a settlor in relation to a settlement if—
 - (a) he is an individual, and
 - (b) the settled property consists of, or includes, property originating from him.
- (2) In subsection (1) above, the reference to property originating from a settlor is a reference to—
 - (a) property which that settlor has provided directly or indirectly for the purposes of the settlement, and
 - (b) property which wholly or partly represents that property or any part of it.
- (3) In subsection (2) above, the references to property which a settlor has provided directly or indirectly—
 - (a) include references to property which has been provided directly or indirectly by another person in pursuance of reciprocal arrangements with that settlor, but
 - (b) do not include references to property which that settlor has provided directly or indirectly in pursuance of reciprocal arrangements with another person.
- (4) In subsection (2) above, the reference to property which represents other property includes a reference to property which represents accumulated income from that other property.

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

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169F Meaning of "interest in a settlement" in sections 169B to 169D

- (1) For the purposes of this section and sections 169B to 169D, an individual is to be regarded as having an interest in a settlement if subsection (2) or (3) below applies.
- (2) This subsection applies if—
 - (a) any property which may at any time be comprised in the settlement, or
 - (b) any derived property,

is, or will or may become, payable to or applicable for the benefit of the individual or his spouse in any circumstances whatsoever.

- (3) This subsection applies if the individual or his spouse enjoys a benefit deriving directly or indirectly from—
 - (a) any property which is comprised in the settlement, or
 - (b) any derived property.
- (4) The references in subsections (2) and (3) above to the spouse of the individual do not include—
 - (a) a spouse from whom the individual is separated—
 - (i) under an order of a court,
 - (ii) under a separation agreement, or
 - (iii) in such circumstances that the separation is likely to be permanent, or
 - (b) the widow or widower of the individual.
- (5) An individual is not to be regarded as having an interest in a settlement by virtue of subsection (2) above if and so long as none of the property which may at any time be comprised in the settlement, and no derived property, can become payable or applicable as mentioned in that provision except in the event of—
 - (a) in the case of a marriage settlement, the death of both parties to the marriage and of all or any of the children of the marriage, or
 - (b) the death of a child of the individual where the child had become beneficially entitled to the property or any derived property at an age not exceeding 25.
- (6) In this section "derived property", in relation to any property, means-
 - (a) income from that property,
 - (b) property directly or indirectly representing-
 - (i) proceeds of that property, or
 - (ii) proceeds of income from that property, or
 - (c) income from property which is derived property by virtue of paragraph (b) above.

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

169G Meaning of "arrangement" in sections 169B to 169E and information power

(1) In sections 169B to 169E "arrangement" or "arrangements" includes any scheme, agreement or understanding, whether or not legally enforceable.

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- (2) An officer of the Board may by notice require any person to whom subsection (3) or
 (4) below applies to give him within such time as he may direct, not being less than 28 days, such particulars as he thinks necessary for the purposes of sections 169B to 169F.
- (3) This subsection applies to a person who is or has been-
 - (a) a trustee of a settlement,
 - (b) a beneficiary under a settlement, or
 - (c) a settlor in relation to a settlement.
- (4) This subsection applies to a person who—
 - (a) is the spouse of a settlor in relation to a settlement, or
 - (b) has at any time on or after the making of the relevant disposal been the spouse of such a settlor.
- (5) In subsection (4) above "relevant disposal" means the disposal—
 - (a) to which section 169B(1), 169C (1) or 169D (1) or (2) applies or may apply, and
 - (b) in connection with which the notice is given.]

Textual Amendments

F13 Ss. 169B-169G inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 21 para. 10(4) of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2004 (c. 12), Sch. 21 para. 4

Status:

Point in time view as at 22/07/2004.

Changes to legislation:

Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, Chapter II is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 16 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.