



Criminal Appeal Act 1995

1995 CHAPTER 35

An Act to amend provisions relating to appeals and references to the Court of Appeal in criminal cases; to establish a Criminal Cases Review Commission and confer functions on, and make other provision in relation to, the Commission; to amend section 142 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 and introduce in Northern Ireland provisions similar to those of that section; to amend section 133 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988; and for connected purposes. [19th July 1995]

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Extent Information

- E1** Act's amending /repealing provisions in Pts. I, III, Schs. 2 and 3 are co-extensive with the enactments they affect and for extent of other provisions of this Act see [s.33](#).

PART I

THE COURT OF APPEAL

1 Leave to appeal etc.

- (1) In the ^{M1}Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (“the 1968 Act”), in section 1 (appeal against conviction), for subsection (2) (requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only) substitute—

“(2) An appeal under this section lies only—

- (a) with the leave of the Court of Appeal; or
- (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) In the ^{M2}Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980 (“the 1980 Act”), in section 1 (appeal against conviction subject to requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only), for the words from “conviction” to the end substitute “conviction—
- (a) with the leave of the Court; or
 - (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”
- (3) In section 12 of the 1968 Act (appeal against verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity subject to requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only), for the words from “against the verdict” to the end substitute “against the verdict—
- (a) with the leave of the Court of Appeal; or
 - (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”
- (4) In section 12(1) of the 1980 Act (appeal against finding of not guilty on ground of insanity subject to requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only), for the words from “against that finding” to the end substitute “to the Court of Appeal against the finding—
- (a) with the leave of the Court; or
 - (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”
- (5) In section 15 of the 1968 Act (appeal against finding of disability), for subsection (2) (requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only) substitute—
- “(2) An appeal under this section lies only—
- (a) with the leave of the Court of Appeal; or
 - (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”
- (6) In section 13A of the 1980 Act (appeal against finding of unfitness to be tried), for subsection (2) (requirement of leave to appeal or certificate of trial judge unless appeal involves question of law only) substitute—
- “(2) An appeal under this section lies only—
- (a) with the leave of the Court; or
 - (b) if the judge of the court of trial grants a certificate that the case is fit for appeal.”

Marginal Citations

M1 1968 c. 19.

M2 1980 c. 47.

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2 Grounds for allowing and dismissing appeals.

- (1) In section 2 of the 1968 Act (disposal of appeal against conviction), for subsection (1) (grounds on which Court of Appeal are to allow or dismiss appeal), including the proviso, substitute—

“(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Court of Appeal—

- (a) shall allow an appeal against conviction if they think that the conviction is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”

- (2) In section 2 of the 1980 Act (disposal of appeal against conviction), for subsection (1) (grounds on which Court of Appeal is to allow or dismiss appeal), including the proviso, substitute—

“(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Court of Appeal—

- (a) shall allow an appeal against conviction if it thinks that the conviction is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”

- (3) In section 13 of the 1968 Act (disposal of appeal against verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity), for subsections (1) and (2) (grounds on which Court of Appeal are to allow or dismiss appeal) substitute—

“(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Court of Appeal—

- (a) shall allow an appeal under section 12 of this Act if they think that the verdict is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”

- (4) In section 12 of the 1980 Act (appeal against finding of not guilty on ground of insanity), for subsections (2) and (3) (grounds on which Court of Appeal is to allow or dismiss appeal) substitute—

“(2) Subject to subsection (4) below, the Court—

- (a) shall allow an appeal under this section if it thinks that the finding is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”

- (5) In section 16 of the 1968 Act (disposal of appeal against finding of disability), for subsection (1) (grounds on which Court of Appeal are to allow or dismiss appeal) substitute—

“(1) The Court of Appeal—

- (a) shall allow an appeal under section 15 of this Act against a finding if they think that the finding is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”

- (6) In section 13A of the 1980 Act (appeal against finding of unfitness to be tried), for subsections (3) and (4) (grounds on which Court of Appeal is to allow or dismiss appeal) substitute—

“(3) The Court—

- (a) shall allow an appeal under this section if it thinks that the finding is unsafe; and

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- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case (except one to which subsection (5) below applies).”

3 Abolition of references by Secretary of State.

Section 17 of the 1968 Act and section 14 of the 1980 Act (which provide for references by Secretary of State to Court of Appeal of cases tried on indictment) shall cease to have effect.

4 Evidence.

(1) In section 23 of the 1968 Act (evidence)—

- (a) in subsection (1) (power to receive evidence etc.), for paragraph (c) substitute—

“(c) receive any evidence which was not adduced in the proceedings from which the appeal lies.”,

- (b) for subsection (2) (duty to receive evidence in certain circumstances) substitute—

“(2) The Court of Appeal shall, in considering whether to receive any evidence, have regard in particular to—

- (a) whether the evidence appears to the Court to be capable of belief;
- (b) whether it appears to the Court that the evidence may afford any ground for allowing the appeal;
- (c) whether the evidence would have been admissible in the proceedings from which the appeal lies on an issue which is the subject of the appeal; and
- (d) whether there is a reasonable explanation for the failure to adduce the evidence in those proceedings.”, and

- (c) in subsection (3), after “any” insert “evidence of a”.

(2) In section 25 of the 1980 Act (evidence)—

- (a) in subsection (1) (power to receive evidence etc.), for paragraph (c) substitute—

“(c) receive any evidence which was not adduced at the trial.”,

- (b) for subsection (2) (duty to receive evidence in certain circumstances) substitute—

“(2) The Court of Appeal shall, in considering whether to receive any evidence, have regard in particular to—

- (a) whether the evidence appears to the Court to be capable of belief;
- (b) whether it appears to the Court that the evidence may afford any ground for allowing the appeal;
- (c) whether the evidence would have been admissible at the trial on an issue which is the subject of the appeal; and
- (d) whether there is a reasonable explanation for the failure to adduce the evidence at the trial.”, and

- (c) in subsection (3), after “any” insert “evidence of a”.

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5 Power to order investigations.

(1) After section 23 of the 1968 Act insert—

“23A Power to order investigations.

- (1) On an appeal against conviction the Court of Appeal may direct the Criminal Cases Review Commission to investigate and report to the Court on any matter if it appears to the Court that—
 - (a) the matter is relevant to the determination of the case and ought, if possible, to be resolved before the case is determined;
 - (b) an investigation of the matter by the Commission is likely to result in the Court being able to resolve it; and
 - (c) the matter cannot be resolved by the Court without an investigation by the Commission.
- (2) A direction by the Court of Appeal under subsection (1) above shall be given in writing and shall specify the matter to be investigated.
- (3) Copies of such a direction shall be made available to the appellant and the respondent.
- (4) Where the Commission have reported to the Court of Appeal on any matter which they have been directed under subsection (1) above to investigate, the Court—
 - (a) shall notify the appellant and the respondent that the Commission have reported; and
 - (b) may make available to the appellant and the respondent the report of the Commission and any statements, opinions and reports which accompanied it.”

(2) After section 25 of the 1980 Act insert—

“25A Power to order investigations.

- (1) On an appeal against conviction the Court of Appeal may direct the Criminal Cases Review Commission to investigate and report to the Court on any matter if it appears to the Court that—
 - (a) the matter is relevant to the determination of the case and ought, if possible, to be resolved before the case is determined;
 - (b) an investigation of the matter by the Commission is likely to result in the Court being able to resolve it; and
 - (c) the matter cannot be resolved by the Court without an investigation by the Commission.
- (2) A direction by the Court under subsection (1) above shall be given in writing and shall specify the matter to be investigated.
- (3) Copies of such a direction shall be made available to the appellant and the respondent.
- (4) Where the Commission have reported to the Court of Appeal on any matter which they have been directed under subsection (1) above to investigate, the Court—

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- (a) shall notify the appellant and the respondent that the Commission have reported; and
- (b) may make available to the appellant and the respondent the report of the Commission and any statements, opinions and reports which accompanied it.”

6 Powers exercisable by registrar.

After section 31 of the 1968 Act insert—

“31A Powers of Court under Part I which are exercisable by registrar.

- (1) The powers of the Court of Appeal under this Part of this Act which are specified in subsection (2) below may be exercised by the registrar.
- (2) The powers mentioned in subsection (1) above are the following—
 - (a) to extend the time within which notice of appeal or of application for leave to appeal may be given;
 - (b) to order a witness to attend for examination; and
 - (c) to vary the conditions of bail granted to an appellant by the Court of Appeal or the Crown Court.
- (3) No variation of the conditions of bail granted to an appellant may be made by the registrar unless he is satisfied that the respondent does not object to the variation; but, subject to that, the powers specified in that subsection are to be exercised by the registrar in the same manner as by the Court of Appeal and subject to the same provisions.
- (4) If the registrar refuses an application on the part of an appellant to exercise in his favour any of the powers specified in subsection (2) above, the appellant shall be entitled to have the application determined by a single judge.”

7 Appeals in cases of death.

(1) Immediately before section 45 of the 1968 Act insert—

“44A Appeals in cases of death.

- (1) Where a person has died—
 - (a) any relevant appeal which might have been begun by him had he remained alive may be begun by a person approved by the Court of Appeal; and
 - (b) where any relevant appeal was begun by him while he was alive or is begun in relation to his case by virtue of paragraph (a) above or by a reference by the Criminal Cases Review Commission, any further step which might have been taken by him in connection with the appeal if he were alive may be taken by a person so approved.
- (2) In this section “relevant appeal” means—
 - (a) an appeal under section 1, 9, 12 or 15 of this Act; or
 - (b) an appeal under section 33 of this Act from any decision of the Court of Appeal on an appeal under any of those sections.

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- (3) Approval for the purposes of this section may only be given to—
- (a) the widow or widower of the dead person;
 - (b) a person who is the personal representative (within the meaning of section 55(1)(xi) of the Administration of Estates Act 1925) of the dead person; or
 - (c) any other person appearing to the Court of Appeal to have, by reason of a family or similar relationship with the dead person, a substantial financial or other interest in the determination of a relevant appeal relating to him.
- (4) Except in the case of an appeal begun by a reference by the Criminal Cases Review Commission, an application for such approval may not be made after the end of the period of one year beginning with the date of death.
- (5) Where this section applies, any reference in this Act to the appellant shall, where appropriate, be construed as being or including a reference to the person approved under this section.
- (6) The power of the Court of Appeal to approve a person under this section may be exercised by a single judge in the same manner as by the Court of Appeal and subject to the same provisions; but if the single judge refuses the application, the applicant shall be entitled to have the application determined by the Court of Appeal.”
- (2) After section 47 of the 1980 Act insert—

“47A Appeals in cases of death.

- (1) Where a person has died—
- (a) any relevant appeal which might have been begun by him had he remained alive may be begun by a person approved by the Court of Appeal; and
 - (b) where any relevant appeal was begun by him while he was alive or is begun in relation to his case by virtue of paragraph (a) above or by a reference by the Criminal Cases Review Commission, any further step which might have been taken by him in connection with the appeal if he were alive may be taken by a person so approved.
- (2) In this section “relevant appeal” means—
- (a) an appeal under section 1, 8, 9, 12 or 13A of this Act; or
 - (b) an appeal under section 31 of this Act from any decision of the Court of Appeal on an appeal under any of those sections.
- (3) Approval for the purposes of this section may only be given to—
- (a) the widow or widower of the dead person;
 - (b) a person who is the personal representative (within the meaning of the Wills and Administration Proceedings (Northern Ireland) Order 1994) of the dead person; or
 - (c) any other person appearing to the Court of Appeal to have, by reason of a family or similar relationship with the dead person, a substantial financial or other interest in the determination of a relevant appeal relating to him.

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- (4) Except in the case of an appeal begun by a reference by the Criminal Cases Review Commission, an application for such approval may not be made after the end of the period of one year beginning with the date of death.
- (5) Where this section applies, any reference in this Act to the appellant shall, where appropriate, be construed as being or including a reference to the person approved under this section.”

Commencement Information

- II** S. 7 wholly in force at 31.3.1997; s. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); s. 7 in force for certain purposes at 1.1.1996 by S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3(b); S. 7 in force at 31.3.1997 to the extent not already in force by S.I. 1997/402, art. 3(b) (subject to transitional provisions in art. 4)

PART II

THE CRIMINAL CASES REVIEW COMMISSION

The Commission

8 The Commission.

- (1) There shall be a body corporate to be known as the Criminal Cases Review Commission.
- (2) The Commission shall not be regarded as the servant or agent of the Crown or as enjoying any status, immunity or privilege of the Crown; and the Commission’s property shall not be regarded as property of, or held on behalf of, the Crown.
- (3) The Commission shall consist of not fewer than eleven members.
- (4) The members of the Commission shall be appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Prime Minister.
- (5) At least one third of the members of the Commission shall be persons who are legally qualified; and for this purpose a person is legally qualified if—
 - (a) he has a ten year general qualification, within the meaning of section 71 of the ^{M3}Courts and Legal Services Act 1990, or
 - (b) he is a member of the Bar of Northern Ireland, or solicitor of the Supreme Court of Northern Ireland, of at least ten years’ standing.
- (6) At least two thirds of the members of the Commission shall be persons who appear to the Prime Minister to have knowledge or experience of any aspect of the criminal justice system and of them at least one shall be a person who appears to him to have knowledge or experience of any aspect of the criminal justice system in Northern Ireland; and for the purposes of this subsection the criminal justice system includes, in particular, the investigation of offences and the treatment of offenders.
- (7) Schedule 1 (further provisions with respect to the Commission) shall have effect.

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Commencement Information

- I2** S. 8 wholly in force at 1.1.1997; S. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); S. 8 in force for certain purposes at 12.12.1996 by [S.I. 1996/3041](#), [art. 2](#); s. 8 in force at 1.1.1997 insofar as not already in force by [S.I. 1996/3149](#), [art. 3](#)

Marginal Citations

- M3** 1990 c. 41.

References to court

9 Cases dealt with on indictment in England and Wales.

- (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence on indictment in England and Wales, the Commission—
 - (a) may at any time refer the conviction to the Court of Appeal, and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to the Court of Appeal any sentence (not being a sentence fixed by law) imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 1 of the 1968 Act against the conviction.
- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction on an indictment shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 9 of the 1968 Act against—
 - (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence (not being a sentence fixed by law) imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any other conviction on the indictment.
- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction on an indictment the Commission may give notice to the Court of Appeal that any other conviction on the indictment which is specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to the Court of Appeal under subsection (1).
- (5) Where a verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity has been returned in England and Wales in the case of a person, the Commission may at any time refer the verdict to the Court of Appeal; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 12 of the 1968 Act against the verdict.
- (6) Where [^{F1}in England and Wales there have been] findings that a person is under a disability and that he did the act or made the omission charged against him, the Commission may at any time refer either or both of those findings to the Court of Appeal; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 15 of the 1968 Act against the finding or findings referred.

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Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in s. 9(6) substituted (31.3.2005) by [Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims Act 2004 \(c. 28\)](#), s. 60, [Sch. 10 para. 31](#); S.I. 2005/579, art. 3(g)

10 Cases dealt with on indictment in Northern Ireland.

- (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence on indictment in Northern Ireland, the Commission—
 - (a) may at any time refer the conviction to the Court of Appeal, and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to the Court of Appeal any sentence (not being a sentence fixed by law) imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 1 of the 1980 Act against the conviction.
- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction on an indictment shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 8 or 9 (as the case may be) of the 1980 Act against—
 - (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence (not being a sentence fixed by law) imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any other conviction on the indictment.
- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction on an indictment the Commission may give notice to the Court of Appeal that any other conviction on the indictment which is specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to the Court of Appeal under subsection (1).
- (5) On a reference under subsection (1) the Court of Appeal may not pass any sentence more severe than that passed by the Crown Court.
- (6) Where a finding of not guilty on the ground of insanity has been recorded in Northern Ireland in the case of a person, the Commission may at any time refer the finding to the Court of Appeal; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 12 of the 1980 Act against the finding.
- (7) Where [^{F2}in Northern Ireland there has been] a finding that a person is unfit to be tried, the Commission may at any time refer the finding to the Court of Appeal; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 13A of the 1980 Act against the finding.

Textual Amendments

- F2** Words in s. 10(7) substituted (31.3.2005) by [Domestic Violence, Crime and Victims Act 2004 \(c. 28\)](#), s. 60, [Sch. 10 para. 32](#); S.I. 2005/579, art. 3(g)

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11 Cases dealt with summarily in England and Wales.

- (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence by a magistrates' court in England and Wales, the Commission—
 - (a) may at any time refer the conviction to the Crown Court, and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to the Crown Court any sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 108(1) of the ^{M4}Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 against the conviction (whether or not he pleaded guilty).
- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 108(1) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 against—
 - (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any related conviction.
- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction the Commission may give notice to the Crown Court that any related conviction which is specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to the Crown Court under subsection (1).
- (5) For the purposes of this section convictions are related if they are convictions of the same person by the same court on the same day.
- (6) On a reference under this section the Crown Court may not award any punishment more severe than that awarded by the court whose decision is referred.
- (7) The Crown Court may grant bail to a person whose conviction or sentence has been referred under this section; and any time during which he is released on bail shall not count as part of any term of imprisonment or detention under his sentence.

Marginal Citations

M4 1980 c. 43.

12 Cases dealt with summarily in Northern Ireland.

- (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence by a magistrates' court in Northern Ireland, the Commission—
 - (a) may at any time refer the conviction to a county court, and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to a county court any sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under Article 140(1) of the ^{M5}Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 against the conviction (whether or not he pleaded guilty).

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- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under Article 140(1) of the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 against—
 - (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any related conviction.
- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction the Commission may give notice to the county court that any related conviction which is specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to the county court under subsection (1).
- (5) For the purposes of this section convictions are related if they are convictions of the same person by the same court on the same day.
- (6) On a reference under this section a county court may not award any punishment more severe than that awarded by the court whose decision is referred.
- (7) The High Court may grant bail to a person whose conviction or sentence has been referred to a county court under this section; and any time during which he is released on bail shall not count as part of any term of imprisonment or detention under his sentence.

Marginal Citations

M5 [S.I. 1981/1675 \(N.I.26\)](#).

[^{F3}12A Cases dealt with by the Court Martial

- (1) Where a person has been convicted by the Court Martial (including on an appeal brought from the Service Civilian Court), the Commission—
 - (a) may at any time refer the conviction to the Court Martial Appeal Court, and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to the Court Martial Appeal Court any sentence (other than one fixed by law) imposed by the Court Martial on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) Where a person has been convicted by the Service Civilian Court and sentenced by the Court Martial on an appeal against sentence only, the Commission may at any time refer to the Court Martial Appeal Court that sentence of the Court Martial and any other sentence imposed by the Court Martial in respect of a connected conviction within the meaning given by section 12B(6).
- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 8 of the Court Martial Appeals Act against the conviction.
- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction, the Commission may give notice to the Court Martial Appeal Court that any related conviction specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to that court under subsection (1).
- (5) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 8 of the Court Martial Appeals Act against—

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- (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence (other than one fixed by law) imposed by the Court Martial on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any related conviction.
- (6) A reference under subsection (2) of a person's sentence shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 8 of the Court Martial Appeals Act against—
- (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence imposed by the Court Martial in respect of a connected conviction within the meaning given by section 12B(6).
- (7) Where a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity has been made by the Court Martial in the case of a person, the Commission may at any time refer the finding to the Court Martial Appeal Court; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 21 of the Court Martial Appeals Act against the finding.
- (8) Where the Court Martial has found that a person is under a disability and that he did the act or made the omission charged against him, the Commission may at any time refer either or both of those findings to the Court Martial Appeal Court; and a reference under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 24 of the Court Martial Appeals Act against the finding or findings referred.
- (9) For the purposes of this section convictions are “related” if they are of the same person in the same proceedings.

Textual Amendments

F3 S. 12A - S. 12B inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 2](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)

12B Cases dealt with by the Service Civilian Court

- (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence by the Service Civilian Court, the Commission—
- (a) may at any time refer the conviction to the Court Martial; and
 - (b) (whether or not they refer the conviction) may at any time refer to the Court Martial any sentence imposed by the Service Civilian Court on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction.
- (2) A reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 285 of the Armed Forces Act 2006 against the conviction (whether or not he pleaded guilty).
- (3) A reference under subsection (1) of a sentence imposed on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, a person's conviction shall be treated for all purposes as an appeal by the person under section 285 of the Armed Forces Act 2006 against—
- (a) the sentence, and
 - (b) any other sentence imposed by the Service Civilian Court on, or in subsequent proceedings relating to, the conviction or any connected conviction.

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- (4) On a reference under subsection (1) of a person's conviction, the Commission may give notice to the Court Martial that any connected conviction which is specified in the notice is to be treated as referred to the Court Martial under subsection (1).
- (5) On a reference under this section the Court Martial may not impose a sentence more severe than that imposed by the Service Civilian Court.
- (6) For the purposes of this section convictions are “connected” if they are of the same person by the same court on the same day.]

Textual Amendments

F3 S. 12A - S. 12B inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 2](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)

13 Conditions for making of references.

- (1) A reference of a conviction, verdict, finding or sentence shall not be made under any of sections 9 to [F⁴12B] unless—
 - (a) the Commission consider that there is a real possibility that the conviction, verdict, finding or sentence would not be upheld were the reference to be made,
 - (b) the Commission so consider—
 - (i) in the case of a conviction, verdict or finding, because of an argument, or evidence, not raised in the proceedings which led to it or on any appeal or application for leave to appeal against it, or
 - (ii) in the case of a sentence, because of an argument on a point of law, or information, not so raised, and
 - (c) an appeal against the conviction, verdict, finding or sentence has been determined or leave to appeal against it has been refused.
- (2) Nothing in subsection (1)(b)(i) or (c) shall prevent the making of a reference if it appears to the Commission that there are exceptional circumstances which justify making it.

Textual Amendments

F4 Word in s. 13(1) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 3](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

14 Further provisions about references.

- (1) A reference of a conviction, verdict, finding or sentence may be made under any of sections 9 to [F⁵12B] either after an application has been made by or on behalf of the person to whom it relates or without an application having been so made.
- (2) In considering whether to make a reference of a conviction, verdict, finding or sentence under any of sections 9 to [F⁶12B] the Commission shall have regard to—

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- (a) any application or representations made to the Commission by or on behalf of the person to whom it relates,
 - (b) any other representations made to the Commission in relation to it, and
 - (c) any other matters which appear to the Commission to be relevant.
- (3) In considering whether to make a reference under section [F79, 10 or 12A] the Commission may at any time refer any point on which they desire the assistance of the Court of Appeal [F8or, as the case may be, of the Court Martial Appeal Court] to that Court for the Court’s opinion on it; and on a reference under this subsection the [F9court to which the reference is made] shall consider the point referred and furnish the Commission with the Court’s opinion on the point.
- (4) Where the Commission make a reference under any of sections 9 to [F1012B] the Commission shall—
- (a) give to the court to which the reference is made a statement of the Commission’s reasons for making the reference, and
 - (b) send a copy of the statement to every person who appears to the Commission to be likely to be a party to any proceedings on the appeal arising from the reference.
- [F11(4A) Subject to subsection (4B), where a reference under section [F129, 10 or 12A] is treated as an appeal against any conviction, verdict, finding or sentence, the appeal may not be on any ground which is not related to any reason given by the Commission for making the reference.
- (4B) The Court of Appeal [F13or, as the case may be, the Court Martial Appeal Court] may give leave for an appeal mentioned in subsection (4A) to be on a ground relating to the conviction, verdict, finding or sentence which is not related to any reason given by the Commission for making the reference.]
- (5) Where a reference under [F14section [F1511, 12 or 12B] is treated as an appeal against any conviction, verdict, finding or sentence, the appeal may be on any ground relating to the conviction, verdict, finding or sentence (whether or not the ground is related to any reason given by the Commission for making the reference).
- (6) In every case in which—
- (a) an application has been made to the Commission by or on behalf of any person for the reference under any of sections 9 to [F1612B] of any conviction, verdict, finding or sentence, but
 - (b) the Commission decide not to make a reference of the conviction, verdict, finding or sentence,
- the Commission shall give a statement of the reasons for their decision to the person who made the application.]

Textual Amendments

- F5** Word in s. 14(1) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(2\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F6** Word in s. 14(2) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(3\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

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- F7** Words in s. 14(3) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(4\)\(a\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F8** Words in s. 14(3) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(4\)\(b\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F9** Words in s. 14(3) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(4\)\(c\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F10** Word in s. 14(4) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(5\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F11** S. 14(4A)(4B) inserted (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 315\(2\)](#), 336(3)(4); S.I. 2005/950, art. 2(1), [Sch. 1 para. 25](#) (with [Sch. 2](#)) (as explained (29.7.2005) by S.I. 2005/2122, art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), [Sch. 26 para. 78](#), [Sch. 28 Pt. 2](#); S.I. 2008/1586, [Sch. 1 paras. 48\(s\)](#), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by S.I. 2009/3111, art. 2; (3.12.2012) by S.I. 2012/2905, art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), [Sch. 14 para. 17](#); S.I. 2012/2906, art. 2(l))
- F12** Words in s. 14(4A) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(6\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F13** Words in s. 14(4B) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(7\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F14** Words in s. 14(5) substituted (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 315\(3\)](#), 336(3)(4); S.I. 2005/950, art. 2(1), [Sch. 1 para. 25](#) (with [Sch. 2](#)) (as explained (29.7.2005) by S.I. 2005/2122, art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), [Sch. 26 para. 78](#), [Sch. 28 Pt. 2](#); S.I. 2008/1586, [Sch. 1 paras. 48\(s\)](#), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by S.I. 2009/3111, art. 2; (3.12.2012) by S.I. 2012/2905, art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), [Sch. 14 para. 17](#); S.I. 2012/2906, art. 2(l))
- F15** Words in s. 14(5) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(8\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F16** Word in s. 14(6) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 4\(9\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** S. 14 extended (27.7.1999) by [1999 c. 25, s. 1\(3\)](#)

Investigations and assistance

15 Investigations for Court of Appeal [F17 and Court Martial Appeal Court] .

- (1) Where a direction [F18(a relevant direction)] is given by the Court of Appeal under section 23A(1) of the 1968 Act or section 25A(1) of the 1980 Act [F19 or by the Court Martial Appeal Court under section 29A(1) of the Court Martial Appeals Act.] the Commission shall investigate the matter specified in the direction in such manner as the Commission think fit.
- (2) Where, in investigating a matter specified in such a direction, it appears to the Commission that—
 - (a) another matter (a “related matter”) which is relevant to the determination of the [F20 appeal or application for leave to appeal] by the [F21 relevant Court]

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- ought, if possible, to be resolved before the [F20] appeal or application for leave to appeal] is determined by that Court, and
- (b) an investigation of the related matter is likely to result in the Court's being able to resolve it,
- the Commission may also investigate the related matter.
- (3) The Commission shall—
- (a) keep the [F22] relevant Court] informed as to the progress of the investigation of any matter specified in a [F23] relevant direction], and
- (b) if they decide to investigate any related matter, notify the [F24] relevant Court] of their decision and keep the Court informed as to the progress of the investigation.
- (4) The Commission shall [F25] report to the relevant Court on the investigation of any matter specified in a relevant direction] when—
- (a) they complete the investigation of that matter and of any related matter investigated by them, or
- (b) they are directed to do so by the [F26] relevant Court],
- whichever happens first.
- (5) A report under subsection (4) shall include details of any inquiries made by or for the Commission in the investigation of the matter specified in the direction or any related matter investigated by them.
- (6) Such a report shall be accompanied—
- (a) by any statements and opinions received by the Commission in the investigation of the matter specified in the direction or any related matter investigated by them, and
- (b) subject to subsection (7), by any reports so received.
- (7) Such a report need not be accompanied by any reports submitted to the Commission under section 20(6) by an investigating officer.
- [F27] (8) In this section “relevant Court”, in relation to a direction, means the court that gave the direction.]

Textual Amendments

- F17** Words in s. 15 heading inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(2\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in [S.I. 2009/1059](#)); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F18** Words in s. 15(1) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(3\)\(a\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in [S.I. 2009/1059](#)); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F19** Words in s. 15(1) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(3\)\(b\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in [S.I. 2009/1059](#)); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F20** Words in s. 15(2)(a) substituted (1.9.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 36 para. 97](#); S.I. 2004/1629, art. 3(1)(2)(g)
- F21** Words in s. 15(2) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(4\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in [S.I. 2009/1059](#)); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

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- F22** Words in s. 15(3)(a) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(5\)\(a\)\(i\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F23** Words in s. 15(3)(a) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(5\)\(a\)\(ii\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F24** Words in s. 15(3)(b) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(5\)\(b\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F25** Words in s. 15(4) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(6\)\(a\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F26** Words in s. 15(4) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(6\)\(b\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F27** S. 15(8) added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 5\(7\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

16 Assistance in connection with prerogative of mercy.

- (1) Where the Secretary of State refers to the Commission any matter which arises in the consideration of whether to recommend the exercise of Her Majesty's prerogative of mercy in relation to a conviction and on which he desires their assistance, the Commission shall—
- (a) consider the matter referred, and
 - (b) give to the Secretary of State a statement of their conclusions on it;
- and the Secretary of State shall, in considering whether so to recommend, treat the Commission's statement as conclusive of the matter referred.
- (2) Where in any case the Commission are of the opinion that the Secretary of State should consider whether to recommend the exercise of Her Majesty's prerogative of mercy in relation to the case they shall give him the reasons for their opinion.
- [^{F28}(3) In subsection (1) "conviction" includes a conviction by the Court Martial or the Service Civilian Court, and in subsection (2) "case" includes the case of such a conviction.]

Textual Amendments

- F28** S. 16(3) added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 6](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)

Supplementary powers

17 Power to obtain documents etc.

- (1) This section applies where the Commission believe that a person serving in a public body has possession or control of a document or other material which may assist the Commission in the exercise of any of their functions.

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- (2) Where it is reasonable to do so, the Commission may require the person who is the appropriate person in relation to the public body—
 - (a) to produce the document or other material to the Commission or to give the Commission access to it, and
 - (b) to allow the Commission to take away the document or other material or to make and take away a copy of it in such form as they think appropriate,and may direct that person that the document or other material must not be destroyed, damaged or altered before the direction is withdrawn by the Commission.
- (3) The documents and other material covered by this section include, in particular, any document or other material obtained or created during any investigation or proceedings relating to—
 - (a) the case in relation to which the Commission’s function is being or may be exercised, or
 - (b) any other case which may be in any way connected with that case (whether or not any function of the Commission could be exercised in relation to that other case).
- (4) The duty to comply with a requirement under this section is not affected by any obligation of secrecy or other limitation on disclosure (including any such obligation or limitation imposed by or by virtue of an enactment) which would otherwise prevent the production of the document or other material to the Commission or the giving of access to it to the Commission.

18 Government documents etc. relating to current or old cases.

- (1) Section 17 does not apply to any document or other material in the possession or control of a person serving in a government department if the document or other material—
 - (a) is relevant to a case to which this subsection applies, and
 - (b) is in the possession or control of the person in consequence of the Secretary of State’s consideration of the case.
- (2) Subsection (1) applies to a case if the Secretary of State—
 - (a) is, immediately before the day on which the repeal by this Act of section 17 of the 1968 Act or of section 14 of the 1980 Act comes into force, considering the case with a view to deciding whether to make a reference under that section or whether to recommend the exercise of Her Majesty’s prerogative of mercy in relation to a conviction by a magistrates’ court, or
 - (b) has at any earlier time considered the case with a view to deciding whether to make such a reference or whether so to recommend.
[^{F29}or]
 - [^{F29}(c) is considering the case, or has at any earlier time considered the case, with a view to deciding whether to make a reference under section 34 of the Court Martial Appeals Act or whether to recommend the exercise of Her Majesty’s prerogative of mercy in relation to a conviction by the Court Martial or the Service Civilian Court.]
- (3) The Secretary of State shall give to the Commission any document or other material which—

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- (a) contains representations made to him in relation to any case to which this subsection applies, or
 - (b) was received by him in connection with any such case otherwise than from a person serving in a government department,
- and may give to the Commission any document or other material which is relevant to any such case but does not fall within paragraph (a) or (b).
- (4) Subsection (3) applies to a case if—
- (a) the Secretary of State is, immediately before the day on which the repeal by this Act of section 17 of the 1968 Act or of section 14 of the 1980 Act comes into force, considering the case with a view to deciding whether to make a reference under that section or whether to recommend the exercise of Her Majesty’s prerogative of mercy in relation to a conviction by a magistrates’ court, or
 - (b) the Secretary of State has at any earlier time considered the case with a view to deciding whether to make such a reference, or whether so to recommend, and the Commission at any time notify him that they wish subsection (3) to apply to the case.
- [^{F30}(5) The Secretary of State shall, if required by the Commission to do so, give to the Commission any document or other material which—
- (a) contains representations made to him in relation to any case to which this subsection applies, or
 - (b) was received by him in connection with any such case otherwise than from a person serving in a government department,
- and may give to the Commission any document or other material which is relevant to any such case but does not fall within paragraph (a) or (b).
- (6) Subsection (5) applies to a case if the Secretary of State is considering the case, or has at any earlier time considered the case, as mentioned in subsection (2)(c).]

Textual Amendments

- F29** S. 18(2)(c) and preceding word added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 7\(2\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F30** S. 18(5)(6) added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 7\(3\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

19 Power to require appointment of investigating officers.

- (1) Where the Commission believe that inquiries should be made for assisting them in the exercise of any of their functions in relation to any case they may require the appointment of an investigating officer to carry out the inquiries.
- (2) Where any offence to which the case relates was investigated by persons serving in a public body, a requirement under this section may be imposed—
 - (a) on the person who is the appropriate person in relation to the public body, or
 - (b) where the public body has ceased to exist, on any chief officer of police or on the person who is the appropriate person in relation to any public body which

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appears to the Commission to have functions which consist of or include functions similar to any of those of the public body which has ceased to exist.

(3) Where no offence to which the case relates was investigated by persons serving in a public body, a requirement under this section may be imposed on any chief officer of police [^{F31}or Provost Marshal] .

(4) A requirement under this section imposed on a chief officer of police may be—

(a) a requirement to appoint a person serving in the police force in relation to which he is the chief officer of police, or

(b) a requirement to appoint a person serving [^{F32}either in another police force selected by the chief officer or in a service police force selected by him.] .

[^{F33}(4A) A requirement under this section imposed on a Provost Marshal may be—

(a) a requirement to appoint a person serving in the service police force in relation to which he is Provost Marshal, or

(b) a requirement to appoint a person serving either in a police force selected by the Provost Marshal or in another service police force selected by him.]

(5) A requirement under this section [^{F34}imposed otherwise than on a chief officer of police or a Provost Marshal may be] —

(a) a requirement to appoint a person serving in the public body [^{F35}in relation to which the person on whom the requirement is imposed is the appropriate person] , or

(b) a requirement to appoint a person serving in a [^{F36}police force or service police force, or in a public body (other than such a force) having] functions which consist of or include the investigation of offences, selected by the appropriate person.

(6) The Commission may direct—

(a) that a person shall not be appointed, or

(b) that a police force [^{F37}or service police force] or other public body shall not be selected,

under subsection (4) [^{F38}, (4A)] or (5) without the approval of the Commission.

(7) Where an appointment is made under this section by the person who is the appropriate person in relation to any public body, that person shall inform the Commission of the appointment; and if the Commission are not satisfied with the person appointed they may direct that—

(a) the person who is the appropriate person in relation to the public body shall, as soon as is reasonably practicable, select another person in his place and notify the Commission of the proposal to appoint the other person, and

(b) the other person shall not be appointed without the approval of the Commission.

Textual Amendments

F31 Words in s. 19(3) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 8\(2\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

F32 Words in s. 19(4)(b) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), s. 383(2), [Sch. 11 para. 8\(3\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

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- F33** S. 19(4A) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(4)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F34** Words in s. 19(5) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(5)(a)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F35** Words in s. 19(5)(a) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(5)(b)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F36** Words in s. 19(5)(b) substituted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(5)(c)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F37** Words in s. 19(6) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(6)(a)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F38** Words in s. 19(6) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52)**, s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 8(6)(b)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4

20 Inquiries by investigating officers.

- (1) A person appointed as the investigating officer in relation to a case shall undertake such inquiries as the Commission may from time to time reasonably direct him to undertake in relation to the case.
- (2) A person appointed as an investigating officer shall be permitted to act as such by the person who is the appropriate person in relation to the public body in which he is serving.
- (3) Where the chief officer of an England and Wales police force appoints a member of the Royal Ulster Constabulary as an investigating officer, the member appointed shall have in England and Wales the same powers and privileges as a member of the police force has there as a constable; and where the Chief Constable of the Royal Ulster Constabulary appoints a member of an England and Wales police force as an investigating officer, the member appointed shall have in Northern Ireland the same powers and privileges as a member of the Royal Ulster Constabulary has there as a constable.
- (4) The Commission may take any steps which they consider appropriate for supervising the undertaking of inquiries by an investigating officer.
- (5) The Commission may at any time direct that a person appointed as the investigating officer in relation to a case shall cease to act as such; but the making of such a direction shall not prevent the Commission from imposing a requirement under section 19 to appoint another investigating officer in relation to the case.
- (6) When a person appointed as the investigating officer in relation to a case has completed the inquiries which he has been directed by the Commission to undertake in relation to the case, he shall—
 - (a) prepare a report of his findings,
 - (b) submit it to the Commission, and
 - (c) send a copy of it to the person by whom he was appointed.

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- (7) When a person appointed as the investigating officer in relation to a case submits to the Commission a report of his findings he shall also submit to them any statements, opinions and reports received by him in connection with the inquiries which he was directed to undertake in relation to the case.

21 Other powers.

Sections 17 to 20 are without prejudice to the taking by the Commission of any steps which they consider appropriate for assisting them in the exercise of any of their functions including, in particular—

- (a) undertaking, or arranging for others to undertake, inquiries, and
- (b) obtaining, or arranging for others to obtain, statements, opinions and reports.

22 Meaning of “public body” etc.

- (1) In sections 17, 19 and 20 and this section “public body” means—

- (a) any police force,
- (b) any government department, local authority or other body constituted for purposes of the public service, local government or the administration of justice, or
- (c) any other body whose members are appointed by Her Majesty, any Minister or any government department or whose revenues consist wholly or mainly of money provided by Parliament or appropriated by Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly.

- (2) In sections 19 and 20 and this section—

- (a) “police force” includes the Royal Ulster Constabulary and the Royal Ulster Constabulary Reserve^{F39}... and any body of constables maintained otherwise than by a police authority,

^{F40}(b) references to the chief officer of police—

- (i) in relation to the ^{F41}Police Service of Northern Ireland] and the ^{F41}Police Service of Northern Ireland Reserve], are to the Chief Constable of the Constabulary, ^{F42}and]

^{F43}(ii)

- (iii) in relation to any other police force maintained otherwise than by a police authority, are to the chief constable, ^{F44}and]]

- (c) references to an England and Wales police force are to a police force maintained under ^{F45}section 2 of the Police Act 1996], the metropolitan police force ^{F46}or the City of London police force].

^{F47}(d)

^{F48}(e)

- (3) In section 18 and this section—

- (a) references to a government department include a Northern Ireland department and the ^{F49}Public Prosecution Service for Northern Ireland], and
- (b) “Minister” means a Minister of the Crown as defined by section 8 of the Ministers of the ^{M6}Crown Act 1975 but also includes the head of a Northern Ireland department.

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(4) In sections 17, 19 and 20 “the appropriate person” means^{F50}, subject to subsection (4B)]—

- (a) in relation to a police force, the chief officer of police,
- [^{F51}(aa) in relation to the Serious Organised Crime Agency, the Director General of that Agency,]
- (b) in relation to the Crown Prosecution Service, the Director of Public Prosecutions,
- (c) in relation to the [^{F52}Public Prosecution Service for Northern Ireland, the Director of Public Prosecutions for Northern Ireland],
- (d) in relation to the Serious Fraud Office, the Director of the Serious Fraud Office,
- [^{F53}(e) in relation to Her Majesty’s Revenue and Customs, the Commissioners for Her Majesty’s Revenue and Customs,]
- [^{F53}(f) in relation to the Revenue and Customs Prosecutions Office, the Director of Revenue and Customs Prosecutions,]
- (g) in relation to any government department not within any of the preceding paragraphs, the Minister in charge of the department, and
- (h) in relation to any public body not within any of the preceding paragraphs, the public body itself (if it is a body corporate) or the person in charge of the public body (if it is not).

[^{F54}(4A) Subsection (4B) applies in relation to—

- (a) the Royal Navy, the Royal Marines, the Royal Fleet Reserve, the Royal Naval Reserve and the Royal Marines Reserve,
- (b) the regular army (within the meaning of the Armed Forces Act 2006), the Army Reserve and the Territorial Army, and
- (c) the Royal Air Force, the Royal Air Force Reserve and the Royal Auxiliary Air Force.

(4B) In relation to a public body mentioned in subsection (4A), “the appropriate person” means—

- (a) in section 17, the Secretary of State;
- (b) in sections 19 and 20—
 - (i) in the case of a body mentioned in subsection (4A)(a), the Provost Marshal for the Royal Navy Police,
 - (ii) in the case of a body mentioned in subsection (4A)(b), the Provost Marshal for the Royal Military Police,
 - (iii) in the case of a body mentioned in subsection (4A)(c), the Provost Marshal for the Royal Air Force Police.

(4C) In section 19 “service police force” has the same meaning as in the Armed Forces Act 2006.]

^{F55}(5)

Textual Amendments

- F39** Words in s. 22(2)(a) repealed (1.4.2006) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), s. 178(8), Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(a), [Sch. 17 Pt. 2](#); S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. paras. 1013(w)

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- F40** S. 22(2)(b) substituted (1.4.1998) by 1997 c. 50, s. 134(1), **Sch. 9 para. 71(2)(b)**; S.I. 1998/354, **art. 2(1)(2)(ay)**
- F41** Words in s. 22(2)(b)(i) substituted (4.11.2001) by 1997 c. 50, s. 134(1), **Sch. 9 para. 71(2)(b)** (as amended by 2000 c. 32, ss. 79(1), 78, **Sch. 6 para. 20(2)(a)(b)**; S.R. 2001/396, art. 2, **Sch.**)
- F42** Word in s. 22(b)(i) inserted (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), **Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(b)(i)**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. para. 10
- F43** S. 22(2)(b)(ii) repealed (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(b)(ii), **Sch. 17 Pt. 2**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. paras. 1013(w)
- F44** Word in s. 22(2)(b)(iii) inserted (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), **Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(b)(iii)**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. para. 10
- F45** Words in s. 22(2)(c) substituted (22.8.1996) by 1996 c. 16, ss. 103, 104(1), **Sch. 7 Pt. II**, para. 47
- F46** Words in s. 22(2)(c) substituted (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), **Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(c)**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. para. 10
- F47** S. 22(2)(d) repealed (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(d), **Sch. 17 Pt. 2**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. paras. 1013(w)
- F48** S. 22(2)(e) repealed (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), Sch. 4 para. 63(2)(d), **Sch. 17 Pt. 2**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. paras. 1013(w)
- F49** Words in s. 22(3)(a) substituted (13.6.2005) by Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26), s. 87(1), **Sch. 12 para. 49(2)**; S.R. 2005/281, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 13(d)
- F50** Words in s. 22(4) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52), s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 9(2)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F51** S. 22(4)(aa) substituted (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), s. 178(8), **Sch. 4 para. 63(3)**; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. para. 10
- F52** Words in s. 22(4)(c) substituted (13.6.2005) by Justice (Northern Ireland) Act 2002 (c. 26), s. 87(1), **Sch. 12 para. 49(3)**; S.R. 2005/281, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 13(d)
- F53** S. 22(4)(e)(f) substituted (18.4.2005) by Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005 (c. 11), s. 53(1), **Sch. 4 para. 62**; S.I. 2005/1126, art. 2(2)(h)
- F54** S. 22(4A)-(4C) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, 31.10.2009 in so far as not already in force) by Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52), s. 383(2), **Sch. 11 para. 9(3)**; S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- F55** S. 22(5) repealed (1.4.2005) by Courts Act 2003 (c. 39), s. 110(1), Sch. 8 para. 367, **Sch. 10**; S.I. 2005/910, art. 3(y)

Marginal Citations

M6 1975 c. 26.

Disclosure of information

23 Offence of disclosure.

- (1) A person who is or has been a member or employee of the Commission shall not disclose any information obtained by the Commission in the exercise of any of their functions unless the disclosure of the information is excepted from this section by section 24.
- (2) A person who is or has been an investigating officer shall not disclose any information obtained by him in his inquiries unless the disclosure of the information is excepted from this section by section 24.
- (3) A member of the Commission shall not authorise—

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- (a) the disclosure by an employee of the Commission of any information obtained by the Commission in the exercise of any of their functions, or
- (b) the disclosure by an investigating officer of any information obtained by him in his inquiries,

unless the authorisation of the disclosure of the information is excepted from this section by section 24.

- (4) A person who contravenes this section is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of an amount not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

24 Exceptions from obligations of non-disclosure.

- (1) The disclosure of information, or the authorisation of the disclosure of information, is excepted from section 23 by this section if the information is disclosed, or is authorised to be disclosed—
 - (a) for the purposes of any criminal, disciplinary or civil proceedings,
 - (b) in order to assist in dealing with an application made to the Secretary of State for compensation for a miscarriage of justice,
 - (c) by a person who is a member or an employee of the Commission either to another person who is a member or an employee of the Commission or to an investigating officer,
 - (d) by an investigating officer to a member or an employee of the Commission,
 - (e) in any statement or report required by this Act,
 - (f) in or in connection with the exercise of any function under this Act, or
 - (g) in any circumstances in which the disclosure of information is permitted by an order made by the Secretary of State.
- (2) The disclosure of information is also excepted from section 23 by this section if the information is disclosed by an employee of the Commission, or an investigating officer, who is authorised to disclose the information by a member of the Commission.
- (3) The disclosure of information, or the authorisation of the disclosure of information, is also excepted from section 23 by this section if the information is disclosed, or is authorised to be disclosed, for the purposes of—
 - (a) the investigation of an offence, or
 - (b) deciding whether to prosecute a person for an offence,
 unless the disclosure is or would be prevented by an obligation of secrecy or other limitation on disclosure (including any such obligation or limitation imposed by or by virtue of an enactment) arising otherwise than under that section.
- (4) Where the disclosure of information is excepted from section 23 by subsection (1) or (2), the disclosure of the information is not prevented by any obligation of secrecy or other limitation on disclosure (including any such obligation or limitation imposed by or by virtue of an enactment) arising otherwise than under that section.
- (5) The power to make an order under subsection (1)(g) is exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

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25 Consent to disclosure.

- (1) Where a person on whom a requirement is imposed under section 17 notifies the Commission that any information contained in any document or other material to which the requirement relates is not to be disclosed by the Commission without his prior consent, the Commission shall not disclose the information without such consent.
- (2) Such consent may not be withheld unless—
 - (a) (apart from section 17) the person would have been prevented by any obligation of secrecy or other limitation on disclosure from disclosing the information to the Commission, and
 - (b) it is reasonable for the person to withhold his consent to disclosure of the information by the Commission.
- (3) An obligation of secrecy or other limitation on disclosure which applies to a person only where disclosure is not authorised by another person shall not be taken for the purposes of subsection (2)(a) to prevent the disclosure by the person of information to the Commission unless—
 - (a) reasonable steps have been taken to obtain the authorisation of the other person, or
 - (b) such authorisation could not reasonably be expected to be obtained.

PART III

OTHER PROVISIONS

Powers of magistrates' courts to rectify mistakes

26 Extension of power of courts in England and Wales.

- (1) Section 142 of the ^{M7}Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (power of magistrates' courts to re-open cases to rectify mistakes etc.) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1) (power, subject to subsection (4), to vary or rescind a sentence or other order), for the words from the beginning to “offender;” substitute “ A magistrates' court may vary or rescind a sentence or other order imposed or made by it when dealing with an offender if it appears to the court to be in the interests of justice to do so;”.
- (3) After that subsection insert—

“(1A) The power conferred on a magistrates' court by subsection (1) above shall not be exercisable in relation to any sentence or order imposed or made by it when dealing with an offender if—

 - (a) the Crown Court has determined an appeal against—
 - (i) that sentence or order;
 - (ii) the conviction in respect of which that sentence or order was imposed or made; or
 - (iii) any other sentence or order imposed or made by the magistrates' court when dealing with the offender in respect of that conviction (including a sentence or order replaced by that sentence or order); or

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- (b) the High Court has determined a case stated for the opinion of that court on any question arising in any proceeding leading to or resulting from the imposition or making of the sentence or order.”
- (4) In subsection (2) (power, subject to subsection (4), to direct that a person’s case be re-heard by different justices where he pleaded not guilty or the court proceeded in his absence)—
 - (a) for the words from “found guilty” to “section 11(1) above,” substitute “ convicted by a magistrates’ court ”, and
 - (b) omit “, subject to subsection (4) below.”.
- (5) After that subsection insert—
 - “(2A) The power conferred on a magistrates’ court by subsection (2) above shall not be exercisable in relation to a conviction if—
 - (a) the Crown Court has determined an appeal against—
 - (i) the conviction; or
 - (ii) any sentence or order imposed or made by the magistrates’ court when dealing with the offender in respect of the conviction; or
 - (b) the High Court has determined a case stated for the opinion of that court on any question arising in any proceeding leading to or resulting from the conviction.”
- (6) In subsection (3) (effect of directions under subsection (2)), for “finding of guilty” substitute “ conviction ”.
- (7) Omit subsection (4) (powers in subsections (1) and (2) to be exercisable only within 28 days of making of sentence or order or finding of guilty and only by a similarly constituted court).

Marginal Citations

M7 1980 c. 43.

27 Introduction of power in Northern Ireland.

After Article 158 of the ^{M8}Magistrates’ Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 insert—

“ Power to rectify mistakes etc.

158A Power of magistrates’ court to re-open cases to rectify mistakes etc.

- (1) A magistrates’ court may vary or rescind a sentence or other order imposed or made by it when dealing with an offender if it appears to the court to be in the interests of justice to do so; and it is hereby declared that this power extends to replacing a sentence or order which for any reason appears to be invalid by another which the court has power to impose or make.
- (2) The power conferred on a magistrates’ court by paragraph (1) shall not be exercisable in relation to any sentence or order imposed or made by it when dealing with an offender if—

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- (a) the county court has determined an appeal against—
 - (i) that sentence or order;
 - (ii) the conviction in respect of which that sentence or order was imposed or made; or
 - (iii) any other sentence or order imposed or made by the magistrates' court when dealing with the offender in respect of that conviction (including a sentence or order replaced by that sentence or order); or
 - (b) the Court of Appeal has determined a case stated for the opinion of that court on any question arising in any proceeding leading to or resulting from the imposition or making of the sentence or order.
- (3) Where a person is convicted by a magistrates' court and it subsequently appears to the court that it would be in the interests of justice that the case should be heard again by another resident magistrate or another justice of the peace (as the case may be), the court may so direct.
- (4) The power conferred on a magistrates' court by paragraph (3) shall not be exercisable in relation to a conviction if—
- (a) the county court has determined an appeal against—
 - (i) the conviction; or
 - (ii) any sentence or order imposed or made by the magistrates' court when dealing with the offender in respect of the conviction; or
 - (b) the Court of Appeal has determined a case stated for the opinion of that court on any question arising in any proceeding leading to or resulting from the conviction.
- (5) Where a court gives a direction under paragraph (3)—
- (a) the conviction and any sentence or other order imposed or made in consequence of it shall be of no effect; and
 - (b) Article 47 shall apply as if the trial of the person in question had been adjourned.
- (6) Where a sentence or order is varied under paragraph (1), the sentence or other order, as so varied, shall take effect from the beginning of the day on which it was originally imposed or made, unless the court otherwise directs.”

Marginal Citations

M8 S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I.26).

Compensation for miscarriages of justice

28 Assessment of compensation.

In section 133 of the ^{M9}Criminal Justice Act 1988 (compensation for miscarriages of justice), after subsection (4) insert—

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- “(4A) In assessing so much of any compensation payable under this section to or in respect of a person as is attributable to suffering, harm to reputation or similar damage, the assessor shall have regard in particular to—
- (a) the seriousness of the offence of which the person was convicted and the severity of the punishment resulting from the conviction;
 - (b) the conduct of the investigation and prosecution of the offence; and
 - (c) any other convictions of the person and any punishment resulting from them.”

Marginal Citations

M9 1988 c. 33.

PART IV

SUPPLEMENTARY

29 Minor and consequential amendments and repeals.

- (1) Schedule 2 (minor and consequential amendments) shall have effect.
- (2) The enactments specified in Schedule 3 (which include spent provisions) are repealed to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 29 wholly in force at 31.3.1997; s. 29 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); s. 29 in force for certain purposes at 1.1.1996 by S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3(d); s. 29 in force at 31.3.1997 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1997/402, art. 3(d)

30 Interpretation.

- (1) In this Act—
 - “the 1968 Act” means the ^{M10}Criminal Appeal Act 1968,
 - “the 1980 Act” means the ^{M11}Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980,
 - “the Commission” means the Criminal Cases Review Commission,
 - [^{F56}“the Court Martial Appeals Act” means the Court Martial Appeals Act 1968,]
 - “enactment” includes an enactment comprised in Northern Ireland legislation, and
 - “investigating officer” means a person appointed under section 19 to carry out inquiries.
- (2) In this Act “sentence”—
 - (a) in section 9 has the same meaning as in the 1968 Act,
 - (b) in section 10 has the same meaning as in Part I of the 1980 Act,
 - (c) in section 11 has the same meaning as in section 108 of the ^{M12}Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980, ^{F57} ...

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- (d) in section 12 has the same meaning as in Article 140(1) of the ^{M13}Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.
- ^{F58}(e) in section 12A has the same meaning as in the Court Martial Appeals Act,
- (f) in section 12B has the same meaning as in section 285 of the Armed Forces Act 2006.]

Textual Amendments

- F56** Words in s. 30(1) inserted (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\), s. 383\(2\)](#), [Sch. 11 para. 10\(2\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, [art. 3\(a\)\(b\)](#) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)
- F57** Word in s. 30(2)(c) repealed (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\), s. 383\(2\)](#), [Sch. 17](#); S.I. 2009/812, [art. 3\(a\)\(b\)](#) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)
- F58** S. 30(2)(e)(f) added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\), s. 383\(2\)](#), [Sch. 11 para. 10\(3\)](#); S.I. 2009/812, [art. 3\(a\)\(b\)](#) (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)

Marginal Citations

- M10** 1968 c. 19.
- M11** 1980 c. 47.
- M12** 1980 c. 43.
- M13** S.I. 1981/1675 (N.I.26).

31 Financial provision.

- (1) There shall be paid out of money provided by Parliament—
 - (a) any expenditure of the Secretary of State incurred in connection with the Commission, and
 - (b) any increase attributable to this Act in the sums payable under any other Act out of money so provided.
- (2) Any sums received by the Treasury under or by virtue of this Act (so far as not used as an appropriation in aid) shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

Commencement Information

- I4** S. 31 wholly in force at 1.1.1997; s. 31 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); s. 31(1)(b)(2) in force at 1.1.1996 by [S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3\(f\)](#); s. 31(1)(a) in force at 1.1.1997 by [S.I. 1996/3149, art. 3](#)

32 Commencement.

- (1) This Act shall come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order made by statutory instrument appoint; and different days may be appointed for different provisions or for different purposes.
- (2) An order under subsection (1) may include such transitional provisions and savings as appear to the Secretary of State to be necessary or desirable.

Subordinate Legislation Made

- P1** S. 32(1) power partly exercised (27.11.1995): 1.1.1996 appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3](#) (subject to savings in [art. 4](#))

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: *Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)*

S. 32(1) power partly exercised (4.12.1996); 12.12.1996 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 1995/3041, **art. 2**

S. 32(1) power partly exercised (16.12.1996); 1.1.1997 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 1996/3149, **art. 3**

S. 32(1) power partly exercised (17.2.1997); 31.3.1997 appointed for specified provisions by S.I. 1997/402, **art. 3** (subject to transitional provisions in **art. 4**)

33 Extent.

- (1) The provisions of Parts I and III and of Schedules 2 and 3 have the same extent as the enactments which they amend or repeal.
- (2) Section 8 and Schedule 1 and sections 13 to 25 extend only to England and Wales and Northern Ireland.
- (3) Sections 9 and 11 extend only to England and Wales.
- (4) Sections 10 and 12 extend only to Northern Ireland.
- [^{F59}(5) Nothing in this section affects the extent of—
 - (a) section 12A or 12B;
 - (b) section 14(4A) and (4B) so far as relating to the Court Martial Appeal Court; or
 - (c) section 14(5) so far as relating to the Service Civilian Court.
- (6) Section 384 of the Armed Forces Act 2006 (Channel Islands, Isle of Man and British overseas territories) applies in relation to the provisions mentioned in subsection (5) above as it applies in relation to that Act.]

Textual Amendments

F59 S. 33(5)(6) added (28.3.2009 for specified purposes) by **Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52), s. 383(2), Sch. 11 para. 11**; S.I. 2009/812, **art. 3(a)(b)** (with transitional provisions in S.I. 2009/1059)

34 Short title.

This Act may be cited as the Criminal Appeal Act 1995.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 8.

THE COMMISSION: FURTHER PROVISIONS

Membership

- 1 Her Majesty shall, on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, appoint one of the members of the Commission to be the chairman of the Commission.

Commencement Information

I5 Sch. 1 para. 1 wholly in force at 1.1.1997; Sch. 1 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); Sch. 1 para. 1 in force for certain purposes at 12.12.1996 by S.I. 1996/3041, art. 2; Sch. 1 para. 1 in force at 1.1.1997 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1996/3149, art. 3

- 2 (1) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, a person shall hold and vacate office as a member of the Commission, or as chairman of the Commission, in accordance with the terms of his appointment.
- (2) An appointment as a member of the Commission may be full-time or part-time.
- (3) The appointment of a person as a member of the Commission, or as chairman of the Commission, shall be for a fixed period of not longer than five years.
- (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), a person whose term of appointment as a member of the Commission, or as chairman of the Commission, expires shall be eligible for re-appointment.
- (5) No person may hold office as a member of the Commission for a continuous period which is longer than ten years.
- (6) A person may at any time resign his office as a member of the Commission, or as chairman of the Commission, by notice in writing addressed to Her Majesty.
- (7) Her Majesty may at any time remove a person from office as a member of the Commission if satisfied—
- (a) that he has without reasonable excuse failed to discharge his functions as a member for a continuous period of three months beginning not earlier than six months before that time,
 - (b) that he has been convicted of a criminal offence,
 - (c) that a bankruptcy order has been made against him, or his estate has been sequestrated, or he has made a composition or arrangement with, or granted a trust deed for, his creditors, or
 - (d) that he is unable or unfit to discharge his functions as a member.
- (8) If the chairman of the Commission ceases to be a member of the Commission he shall also cease to be chairman.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

- I6** [Sch. 1 para. 2](#) wholly in force at 1.1.1997; [Sch. 1 para. 2](#) not in force at Royal Assnt see [s. 32\(1\)](#); [Sch. 1 para. 2](#) in force for certain purposes at 12.12.1996 by [S.I. 1996/3041](#), [art. 2](#); [Sch. 1 para. 2](#) in force at 1.1.1997 insofar as not already in force by [S.I. 1996/3149](#), [art. 3](#)

Members and employees

- 3 (1) The Commission shall—
- (a) pay to members of the Commission such remuneration,
 - (b) pay to or in respect of members of the Commission any such allowances, fees, expenses and gratuities, and
 - (c) pay towards the provision of pensions to or in respect of members of the Commission any such sums,
- as the Commission are required to pay by or in accordance with directions given by the Secretary of State.
- (2) Where a member of the Commission was, immediately before becoming a member, a participant in a scheme under section 1 of the ^{M14}Superannuation Act 1972, the Minister for the Civil Service may determine that his term of office as a member shall be treated for the purposes of the scheme as if it were service in the employment or office by reference to which he was a participant in the scheme; and his rights under the scheme shall not be affected by sub-paragraph (1)(c).
- (3) Where—
- (a) a person ceases to hold office as a member of the Commission otherwise than on the expiry of his term of appointment, and
 - (b) it appears to the Secretary of State that there are special circumstances which make it right for him to receive compensation,
- the Secretary of State may direct the Commission to make to him a payment of such amount as the Secretary of State may determine.

Marginal Citations

M14 [1972 c.11](#).

- 4 (1) The Commission may appoint a chief executive and such other employees as the Commission think fit, subject to the consent of the Secretary of State as to their number and terms and conditions of service.
- (2) The Commission shall—
- (a) pay to employees of the Commission such remuneration, and
 - (b) pay to or in respect of employees of the Commission any such allowances, fees, expenses and gratuities,
- as the Commission may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, determine.
- (3) Employment by the Commission shall be included among the kinds of employment to which a scheme under section 1 of the ^{M15}Superannuation Act 1972 may apply.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Marginal Citations

M15 1972 c. 11.

- 5 The Commission shall pay to the Minister for the Civil Service, at such times as he may direct, such sums as he may determine in respect of any increase attributable to paragraph 3(2) or 4(3) in the sums payable out of money provided by Parliament under the Superannuation Act 1972.

Procedure

- 6 (1) The arrangements for the procedure of the Commission (including the quorum for meetings) shall be such as the Commission may determine.
- (2) The arrangements may provide for the discharge, under the general direction of the Commission, of any function of the Commission—
- (a) in the case of a function specified in sub-paragraph (3), by a committee consisting of not fewer than three members of the Commission, and
 - (b) in any other case, by any committee of, or by one or more of the members or employees of, the Commission.
- (3) The functions referred to in sub-paragraph (2)(a) are—
- (a) making a reference to a court under any of sections 9 to 12,
 - (b) reporting to the Court of Appeal under section 15(4),
 - (c) giving to the Secretary of State a statement under section 16(1)(b), and
 - (d) requiring the appointment of an investigating officer under section 19.
- (4) The validity of any proceedings of the Commission (or of any committee of the Commission) shall not be affected by—
- (a) any vacancy among the members of the Commission or in the office of chairman of the Commission, or
 - (b) any defect in the appointment of any person as a member of the Commission or as chairman of the Commission.
- (5) Where—
- (a) a document or other material has been produced to the Commission under section 17, or they have been given access to a document or other material under that section, and the Commission have taken away the document or other material (or a copy of it), and
 - (b) the person who produced the document or other material to the Commission, or gave them access to it, has notified the Commission that he considers that its disclosure to others may be contrary to the interests of national security,
- the Commission shall, after consulting that person, deal with the document or material (or copy) in a manner appropriate for safeguarding the interests of national security.

Evidence

- 7 A document purporting to be—
- (a) duly executed under the seal of the Commission, or
 - (b) signed on behalf of the Commission,

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shall be received in evidence and, unless the contrary is proved, taken to be so executed or signed.

Annual reports and accounts

- 8 (1) As soon as possible after the end of each financial year of the Commission, the Commission shall send to the Secretary of State a report on the discharge of their functions during that year.
- (2) Such a report may include an account of the working of the provisions of sections 9 to 25 and recommendations relating to any of those provisions.
- (3) The Secretary of State shall lay before each House of Parliament, and cause to be published, a copy of every report sent to him under sub-paragraph (1).
- 9 (1) The Commission shall—
 - (a) keep proper accounts and proper records in relation to the accounts, and
 - (b) prepare a statement of accounts in respect of each financial year of the Commission.
- (2) The statement of accounts shall contain such information and shall be in such form as the Secretary of State may, with the consent of the Treasury, direct.
- (3) The Commission shall send a copy of the statement of accounts to the Secretary of State and to the Comptroller and Auditor General within such period after the end of the financial year to which the statement relates as the Secretary of State may direct.
- (4) The Comptroller and Auditor General shall—
 - (a) examine, certify and report on the statement of accounts, and
 - (b) lay a copy of the statement of accounts and of his report before each House of Parliament.
- 10 For the purposes of this Schedule the Commission’s financial year shall be the period of twelve months ending with 31st March; but the first financial year of the Commission shall be the period beginning with the date of establishment of the Commission and ending with the first 31st March which falls at least six months after that date.

Expenses

- 11 The Secretary of State shall defray the expenses of the Commission up to such amount as may be approved by him.

SCHEDULE 2

Section 29.

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

The Army Act 1955 (c.18)

F60₁

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

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Textual Amendments

F60 Sch. 2 para. 1 repealed (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), Sch. 7 Pt. III; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2, Sch. 1

The Air Force Act 1955 (c.19)

F61²

Textual Amendments

F61 Sch. 2 para. 2 repealed (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 46, S. 35(2), Sch. 7 Pt. III; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2, Sch. 1

The Public Records Act 1958 (c.51)

3 In the First Schedule to the Public Records Act 1958 (definition of public records), in Part II of the Table at the end of paragraph 3, at the appropriate place insert—
“Criminal Cases Review Commission.”

The Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (c.19)

- 4 (1) The Criminal Appeal Act 1968 shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In section 5 (disposal of appeal against conviction on special verdict), in subsection (1), for “by a person in whose case” substitute “ in a case where ”.
- (3) In section 23 (evidence), in subsections (1) and (4), for “purposes of” substitute “ the purposes of an appeal under ”.
- (4) In section 29 (effect of appeal on sentence), in subsection (2)(c), for “by the Secretary of State under section 17 of this Act” substitute “ under section 9 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”.
- (5) In section 45 (construction of references to Court of Appeal and single judge)—
- (a) in subsection (1) (references to Court of Appeal), after “II” insert “ and section 44A ”, and
 - (b) in subsection (2) (references to single judge), for “and 44” substitute “ , 31A, 44 and 44A ”.

Commencement Information

I7 Sch. 2 para. 4 wholly in force at 31.3.1997; Sch. 2 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); Sch. 4 para. 4(1)(2)(3)(5) in force at 1.1.1996 by S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3(h); Sch. 2 in force at 31.3.1997 to the extent not already in force by S.I. 1997/402, art. 3(e)

The Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 (c.20)

5 (1) The Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 shall be amended as follows.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

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(2) In section 12 (disposal of appeal against conviction by court-martial), for subsection (1) (grounds on which Courts-Martial Appeal Court are to allow or dismiss appeal), including the proviso, substitute—

“(1) The Appeal Court—

- (a) shall allow an appeal against conviction by court-martial if they think that the conviction is unsafe; and
- (b) shall dismiss such an appeal in any other case.”,

and, in the side-note, for “wrong in law, etc” substitute “ unsafe ”.

(3) In section 28 (evidence)—

(a) in subsection (1) (power to receive evidence etc.), for paragraph (c) substitute—

“(c) receive any evidence which was not adduced at the trial.”,

(b) for subsection (2) (duty to receive evidence in certain circumstances) substitute—

“(2) The Appeal Court shall, in considering whether to receive any evidence, have regard in particular to—

- (a) whether the evidence appears to the Court to be capable of belief;
- (b) whether it appears to the Court that the evidence may afford any ground for allowing the appeal;
- (c) whether the evidence would have been admissible at the trial on an issue which is the subject of the appeal; and
- (d) whether there is a reasonable explanation for the failure to adduce the evidence at the trial.”, and

(c) in subsection (3), after “any” insert “ evidence of a ”.

The Costs in Criminal Cases Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (c.10 (N.I.))

6 In section 4 of the Costs in Criminal Cases Act (Northern Ireland) 1968 (costs awarded by Court of Appeal), at the end insert—

“(5) Where section 47A of the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980 (death of convicted person) applies, any reference in this section to the appellant includes the person approved under that section.”

The Superannuation Act 1972 (c.11)

7 In Schedule 1 to the Superannuation Act 1972 (kinds of employment to which a scheme under section 1 of that Act may apply) at the end of the list of “Royal Commissions and other Commissions” insert—

“Criminal Cases Review Commission.”

The Juries Act 1974 (c.23)

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

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Textual Amendments

F62 Sch. 2 para. 8 repealed (5.4.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 37 Pt. 10; S.I. 2004/829, art. 2(1)(2)(1)(iv)

The Juries (Northern Ireland) Order 1974 (S.I. 1974/2143 (N.I.6))

- 9 In Schedule 2 to the Juries (Northern Ireland) Order 1974 (exemptions from jury service), in the group headed “Persons concerned with administration of justice”, at the end insert—

“Members and employees of the Criminal Cases Review Commission.”

The House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (c.24)

- 10 In the House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975, in Part II of Schedule 1 (bodies of which all members are disqualified), at the appropriate place insert—

“The Criminal Cases Review Commission”.

The Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975 (c.25)

- 11 In the Northern Ireland Assembly Disqualification Act 1975, in Part II of Schedule 1 (bodies of which all members are disqualified), at the appropriate place insert—

“The Criminal Cases Review Commission”.

The Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980 (c.47)

- 12 (1) The Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980 shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In section 16 (notice of appeal or application for leave), in subsection (1), omit “appeal or”.
- (3) In section 25 (evidence), in subsection (1), after “purposes of” insert “ an appeal under ”.
- (4) In section 26 (additional powers of Court), in subsection (1), after “purposes of” insert “ an appeal under ”.
- (5) In section 29 (computation of sentence), in subsection (3)(c), for “section 14 of this Act” substitute “ section 10 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”.
- (6) In section 45 (powers of the Court of Appeal exercisable by single judge), after subsection (3A) insert—

“(3B) Subject to section 44(4) above, the power of the Court of Appeal to approve a person under section 47A of this Act may be exercised by a single judge of the Court.”

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

- 18** Sch. 2 para 12 wholly in force at 31.3.1997; Sch. 2 para 12 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); Sch. 2 para. 12(1)-(4)(6) in force at 1.1.1996 by S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3(h); Sch. 2 in force at 31.3.1997 to the extent not already in force by S.I. 1997/402, art. 3(e)

The County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (S.I. 1980/397 (N.I.3))

- 13 In Article 28(3) of the County Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1980 (power of county court to increase punishment on appeal), after “1954” insert “ but subject to section 12(6) of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”.

The Supreme Court Act 1981 (c.54)

- 14 In section 48 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (appeals to Crown Court), in subsection (4) (power to award more severe punishment), for “If” substitute “ Subject to section 11(6) of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995, if ”.

The Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 (c.23)

- 15 In section 21(1) of the Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 (interpretation of Part II), before the definition of “defendant’s costs order” insert—
 ““accused” and “appellant”, in a case where section 44A of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (death of convicted person) applies, include the person approved under that section;”.

The Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c.33)

- 16 (1) The Criminal Justice Act 1988 shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In section 32 (evidence through television links), in subsection (1A) (proceedings where section applies)—
- (a) in paragraph (a), for “section 17 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968” substitute “ section 9 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”, and
 - (b) in paragraph (b), for “and appeals to the Crown Court arising out of such proceedings” substitute “ , appeals to the Crown Court arising out of such proceedings and hearings of references under section 11 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 so arising ”.
- (3) In section 32A (video recordings of testimony from child witnesses), in subsection (1) (proceedings where section applies)—
- (a) in paragraph (b), for “section 17 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968” substitute “ section 9 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”, and
 - (b) in paragraph (c), for “and appeals to the Crown Court arising out of such proceedings” substitute “ , appeals to the Crown Court arising out of such proceedings and hearings of references under section 11 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 so arising ”.
- (4) In section 133 (compensation for miscarriages of justice), in subsection (5) (meaning of “reversed” in relation to a conviction), in paragraph (b) (references), for sub-paragraph (i) substitute—

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

“(i) under the Criminal Appeal Act 1995; or”,
and omit sub-paragraph (iii).

The Legal Aid Act 1988 (c.34)

F63 17

Textual Amendments

F63 Sch. 2 para. 17 repealed (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, Sch. 15 Pt. I (with Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)); S.I. 2001/916, art. 3(b) (with Sch. 2 para. 2)

The Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 (S.I. 1989/1341 (N.I.12))

18 (1) The Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989 shall be amended as follows.

(2) In Article 81 (evidence through television links), in paragraph (1A) (proceedings where Article applies)—

(a) in sub-paragraph (a), for “section 14 of the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980” substitute “ section 10 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”, and

(b) in sub-paragraph (b), for “and appeals to the county court arising out of such proceedings” substitute “ , appeals to the county court arising out of such proceedings and hearings of references under section 12 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 so arising ”.

(3) In Article 81A (video recordings of testimony from child witnesses), in paragraph (1) (proceedings where Article applies)—

(a) in sub-paragraph (b), for “section 14 of the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980” substitute “ section 10 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”, and

(b) in sub-paragraph (c), for “and appeals to the county court arising out of such proceedings” substitute “ , appeals to the county court arising out of such proceedings and hearings of references under section 12 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 so arising ”.

The Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 (c.33)

19 In section 51 of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 (intimidation etc. of witnesses, jurors and others), in subsection (9), in the definition of “the relevant period”, for “reference under section 17 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968” substitute “ a reference under section 9 or 11 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1995 ”.

Status: Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation: Criminal Appeal Act 1995 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 29 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULE 3

Section 29.

REPEALS

Commencement Information

19 Sch. 3 wholly in force at 31.3.1997; Sch. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 32(1); Sch. 3 in force for certain purposes at 1.1.1996 by S.I. 1995/3061, art. 3(i); Sch. 3 in force at 31.1.3.1997 to the extent not already in force by S.I. 1997/402, art. 3(f) (subject to transitional provisions in art. 4)

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
1967 c. 13.	The Parliamentary Commissioner Act 1967.	In Schedule 3, in paragraph 7, the words “the Court of Appeal”.
1968 c. 19.	The Criminal Appeal Act 1968.	Section 17. In section 23(3), the words following “compellable”.
1968 c. 20.	The Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968.	In section 28(3), the words following “compellable”.
1977 c. 45.	The Criminal Law Act 1977.	Section 44.
1980 c. 43.	The Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980.	In section 142, in subsection (2), the words “, subject to subsection (4) below,” and subsection (4).
1980 c. 47.	The Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980.	Section 14. In section 16(1), the words “appeal or”. In section 25(3), the words following “compellable”. In section 44(4), the words “14 or”.
1981 c. 54.	The Supreme Court Act 1981.	In Schedule 5, the entries relating to the Army Act 1955 and the Air Force Act 1955.
S.I. 1986/595 (N.I. 4).	The Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986.	In Schedule 5, in Part I, the entry relating to section 14(1) of the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Act 1980.
1988 c. 33.	The Criminal Justice Act 1988.	In section 133(5)(b), subparagraph (iii) and the word “or” immediately preceding it.
1991 c. 25.	The Criminal Procedure (Insanity and Unfitness to Plead) Act 1991.	In Schedule 3, paragraphs 3(1) and 4.

Status:

Point in time view as at 28/03/2009.

Changes to legislation:

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