



Data Protection Act 1998

1998 CHAPTER 29

PART IV

EXEMPTIONS

27 Preliminary.

- (1) References in any of the data protection principles or any provision of Parts II and III to personal data or to the processing of personal data do not include references to data or processing which by virtue of this Part are exempt from that principle or other provision.
- (2) In this Part “the subject information provisions” means—
 - (a) the first data protection principle to the extent to which it requires compliance with paragraph 2 of Part II of Schedule 1, and
 - (b) section 7.
- (3) In this Part “the non-disclosure provisions” means the provisions specified in subsection (4) to the extent to which they are inconsistent with the disclosure in question.
- (4) The provisions referred to in subsection (3) are—
 - (a) the first data protection principle, except to the extent to which it requires compliance with the conditions in Schedules 2 and 3,
 - (b) the second, third, fourth and fifth data protection principles, and
 - (c) sections 10 and 14(1) to (3).
- (5) Except as provided by this Part, the subject information provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any enactment or rule of law prohibiting or restricting the disclosure, or authorising the withholding, of information.

28 National security.

- (1) Personal data are exempt from any of the provisions of—

Status: Point in time view as at 06/10/2010.

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- (a) the data protection principles,
 - (b) Parts II, III and V, and
 - (c) [^{F1}sections 54A and] 55,
- if the exemption from that provision is required for the purpose of safeguarding national security.
- (2) Subject to subsection (4), a certificate signed by a Minister of the Crown certifying that exemption from all or any of the provisions mentioned in subsection (1) is or at any time was required for the purpose there mentioned in respect of any personal data shall be conclusive evidence of that fact.
 - (3) A certificate under subsection (2) may identify the personal data to which it applies by means of a general description and may be expressed to have prospective effect.
 - (4) Any person directly affected by the issuing of a certificate under subsection (2) may appeal to the Tribunal against the certificate.
 - (5) If on an appeal under subsection (4), the Tribunal finds that, applying the principles applied by the court on an application for judicial review, the Minister did not have reasonable grounds for issuing the certificate, the Tribunal may allow the appeal and quash the certificate.
 - (6) Where in any proceedings under or by virtue of this Act it is claimed by a data controller that a certificate under subsection (2) which identifies the personal data to which it applies by means of a general description applies to any personal data, any other party to the proceedings may appeal to the Tribunal on the ground that the certificate does not apply to the personal data in question and, subject to any determination under subsection (7), the certificate shall be conclusively presumed so to apply.
 - (7) On any appeal under subsection (6), the Tribunal may determine that the certificate does not so apply.
 - (8) A document purporting to be a certificate under subsection (2) shall be received in evidence and deemed to be such a certificate unless the contrary is proved.
 - (9) A document which purports to be certified by or on behalf of a Minister of the Crown as a true copy of a certificate issued by that Minister under subsection (2) shall in any legal proceedings be evidence (or, in Scotland, sufficient evidence) of that certificate.
 - (10) The power conferred by subsection (2) on a Minister of the Crown shall not be exercisable except by a Minister who is a member of the Cabinet or by the Attorney General or the Lord Advocate.
 - (11) No power conferred by any provision of Part V may be exercised in relation to personal data which by virtue of this section are exempt from that provision.
 - (12) Schedule 6 shall have effect in relation to appeals under subsection (4) or (6) and the proceedings of the Tribunal in respect of any such appeal.

Textual Amendments

F1 Words in s. 28(1)(c) substituted (26.4.2004) by [Crime \(International Co-operation\) Act 2003 \(c. 32\)](#), ss. 91, 94, [Sch. 5 para. 69](#); [S.I. 2004/786](#), [art. 3](#)

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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** S. 28(8)(9)(10)(12) applied (with modifications) (1.3.2000) by S.I. 1999/2093, **reg. 32(8)(a)**
S. 28(8)(9)(10)(12) applied (11.12.2003) by The Privacy and Electronic Communications (EC Directive) Regulations 2003 (2003/2426), {reg. 28(8)(b)} (with regs. 4, 15(3), 28, 29)
- C2** S. 28(10): functions of the Lord Advocate transferred to the Advocate General for Scotland, and all property, rights and liabilities to which the Lord Advocate is entitled or subject in connection with any such function transferred to the Advocate General for Scotland (20.5.1999) by S.I. 1999/679, **arts. 2, 3, Sch;** S.I. 1998/3178, **art. 2(2), Sch. 4**

29 Crime and taxation.

(1) Personal data processed for any of the following purposes—

- (a) the prevention or detection of crime,
- (b) the apprehension or prosecution of offenders, or
- (c) the assessment or collection of any tax or duty or of any imposition of a similar nature,

are exempt from the first data protection principle (except to the extent to which it requires compliance with the conditions in Schedules 2 and 3) and section 7 in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice any of the matters mentioned in this subsection.

(2) Personal data which—

- (a) are processed for the purpose of discharging statutory functions, and
- (b) consist of information obtained for such a purpose from a person who had it in his possession for any of the purposes mentioned in subsection (1),

are exempt from the subject information provisions to the same extent as personal data processed for any of the purposes mentioned in that subsection.

(3) Personal data are exempt from the non-disclosure provisions in any case in which—

- (a) the disclosure is for any of the purposes mentioned in subsection (1), and
- (b) the application of those provisions in relation to the disclosure would be likely to prejudice any of the matters mentioned in that subsection.

(4) Personal data in respect of which the data controller is a relevant authority and which—

- (a) consist of a classification applied to the data subject as part of a system of risk assessment which is operated by that authority for either of the following purposes—

- (i) the assessment or collection of any tax or duty or any imposition of a similar nature, or
- (ii) the prevention or detection of crime, or apprehension or prosecution of offenders, where the offence concerned involves any unlawful claim for any payment out of, or any unlawful application of, public funds, and

- (b) are processed for either of those purposes,

are exempt from section 7 to the extent to which the exemption is required in the interests of the operation of the system.

(5) In subsection (4)— “public funds” includes funds provided by any Community institution; “relevant authority” means—

- (a) a government department,

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- (b) a local authority, or
- (c) any other authority administering housing benefit or council tax benefit.

30 Health, education and social work.

- (1) The [F² Secretary of State] may by order exempt from the subject information provisions, or modify those provisions in relation to, personal data consisting of information as to the physical or mental health or condition of the data subject.
- (2) The [F² Secretary of State] may by order exempt from the subject information provisions, or modify those provisions in relation to—
 - (a) personal data in respect of which the data controller is the proprietor of, or a teacher at, a school, and which consist of information relating to persons who are or have been pupils at the school, or
 - (b) personal data in respect of which the data controller is an education authority in Scotland, and which consist of information relating to persons who are receiving, or have received, further education provided by the authority.
- (3) The [F² Secretary of State] may by order exempt from the subject information provisions, or modify those provisions in relation to, personal data of such other descriptions as may be specified in the order, being information—
 - (a) processed by government departments or local authorities or by voluntary organisations or other bodies designated by or under the order, and
 - (b) appearing to him to be processed in the course of, or for the purposes of, carrying out social work in relation to the data subject or other individuals;
 but the [F² Secretary of State] shall not under this subsection confer any exemption or make any modification except so far as he considers that the application to the data of those provisions (or of those provisions without modification) would be likely to prejudice the carrying out of social work.
- (4) An order under this section may make different provision in relation to data consisting of information of different descriptions.
- (5) In this section—

“education authority” and “further education” have the same meaning as in the ^{M¹}Education (Scotland) Act 1980 (“the 1980 Act”), and

“proprietor”—

 - (a) in relation to a school in England or Wales, has the same meaning as in the ^{M²}Education Act 1996,
 - (b) in relation to a school in Scotland, means—
 - (i) [F³in the case of a self-governing school, the board of management within the meaning of the ^{M³}Self-Governing Schools etc. (Scotland) Act 1989,]
 - (ii) in the case of an independent school, the proprietor within the meaning of the 1980 Act,
 - (iii) in the case of a grant-aided school, the managers within the meaning of the 1980 Act, and
 - (iv) in the case of a public school, the education authority within the meaning of the 1980 Act, and

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- (c) in relation to a school in Northern Ireland, has the same meaning as in the ^{M4}Education and Libraries (Northern Ireland) Order 1986 and includes, in the case of a controlled school, the Board of Governors of the school.

Textual Amendments

- F2** Words in s. 30 substituted (19.8.2003) by [The Secretary of State for Constitutional Affairs Order 2003 \(S.I. 2003/1887\)](#), [art. 9](#) {Sch. 2 para. 9(1)(a)}
- F3** [S. 30\(5\)\(b\)\(i\)](#) repealed (S.) (31.12.2004) by [2000 asp 6](#), [ss. 60\(2\)](#), [61\(2\)](#), [Sch. 3](#); [S.S.I. 2004/528](#), [art. 2](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C3** [S. 30](#): transfer of functions (1.7.1999) by [S.I. 1999/672](#), [arts. 2](#), [3](#), [Sch. 1](#)
- C4** [S. 30\(3\)](#) extended (2.12.1999) by [S.I. 1999/3145](#), [arts. 1](#), [9\(3\)\(a\)](#); [S.I. 1999/3208](#), [art. 2](#)

Commencement Information

- I1** [S. 30](#) wholly in force at 1.3.2000; [s. 30](#) in force for certain purposes at Royal Assent see [s. 75\(2\)\(i\)](#); [s. 30](#) in force at 1.3.2000 insofar as not already in force by [S.I. 2000/183](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#)

Marginal Citations

- M1** [1980 c. 44](#).
- M2** [1996 c. 56](#).
- M3** [1989 c. 39](#).
- M4** [S.I. 1986/594 \(N.I.3\)](#).

31 Regulatory activity.

- (1) Personal data processed for the purposes of discharging functions to which this subsection applies are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of those functions.
- (2) Subsection (1) applies to any relevant function which is designed—
- for protecting members of the public against—
 - financial loss due to dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, persons concerned in the provision of banking, insurance, investment or other financial services or in the management of bodies corporate,
 - financial loss due to the conduct of discharged or undischarged bankrupts, or
 - dishonesty, malpractice or other seriously improper conduct by, or the unfitness or incompetence of, persons authorised to carry on any profession or other activity,
 - for protecting charities [^{F4}or community interest companies] against misconduct or mismanagement (whether by trustees [^{F5}, directors] or other persons) in their administration,
 - for protecting the property of charities [^{F4}or community interest companies] from loss or misapplication,
 - for the recovery of the property of charities [^{F4}or community interest companies],
 - for securing the health, safety and welfare of persons at work, or

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- (f) for protecting persons other than persons at work against risk to health or safety arising out of or in connection with the actions of persons at work.
- (3) In subsection (2) “relevant function” means—
- (a) any function conferred on any person by or under any enactment,
 - (b) any function of the Crown, a Minister of the Crown or a government department, or
 - (c) any other function which is of a public nature and is exercised in the public interest.
- (4) Personal data processed for the purpose of discharging any function which—
- (a) is conferred by or under any enactment on—
 - (i) the Parliamentary Commissioner for Administration,
 - (ii) the Commission for Local Administration in England [^{F6}[^{F7}or] , the Commission for Local Administration in Wales]^{F8} . . . ,
 - (iii) the Health Service Commissioner for England [^{F9}[^{F10}or] , the Health Service Commissioner for Wales]^{F11} . . . ,
 - [^{F12}(iv) the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales,]
 - (v) the Assembly Ombudsman for Northern Ireland, ^{F13} . . .
 - (vi) the Northern Ireland Commissioner for Complaints, [^{F14}or]
 - [^{F15}(vii) the Scottish Public Services Ombudsman, and]
 - (b) is designed for protecting members of the public against—
 - (i) maladministration by public bodies,
 - (ii) failures in services provided by public bodies, or
 - (iii) a failure of a public body to provide a service which it was a function of the body to provide,

are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of that function.
- [^{F16}(4A) Personal data processed for the purpose of discharging any function which is conferred by or under Part XVI of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 on the body established by the Financial Services Authority for the purposes of that Part are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of the function.]
- [^{F17}(4B) Personal data processed for the purposes of discharging any function of the Legal Services Board are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of the function.]
- [^{F18}(4C) Personal data processed for the purposes of the function of considering a complaint under the scheme established under Part 6 of the Legal Services Act 2007 (legal complaints) are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of the function.]
- (5) Personal data processed for the purpose of discharging any function which—
- (a) is conferred by or under any enactment on the [^{F19}the Office of Fair Trading] , and
 - (b) is designed—

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- (i) for protecting members of the public against conduct which may adversely affect their interests by persons carrying on a business,
 - (ii) for regulating agreements or conduct which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition in connection with any commercial activity, or
 - (iii) for regulating conduct on the part of one or more undertakings which amounts to the abuse of a dominant position in a market,
- are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of that function.
- [^{F20}(5A) Personal data processed by a CPC enforcer for the purpose of discharging any function conferred on such a body by or under the CPC Regulation are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of that function.
- (5B) In subsection (5A)—
- (a) “CPC enforcer” has the meaning given to it in section 213(5A) of the Enterprise Act 2002 but does not include the Office of Fair Trading;
 - (b) “CPC Regulation” has the meaning given to it in section 235A of that Act.]
- [^{F21}(6) Personal data processed for the purpose of the function of considering a complaint under section 113(1) or (2) or 114(1) or (3) of the Health and Social Care (Community Health and Standards) Act 2003, or section 24D, 26^{F22} . . . or 26ZB of the Children Act 1989, are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of that function.]
- [^{F23}(7) Personal data processed for the purpose of discharging any function which is conferred by or under Part 3 of the Local Government Act 2000 on—
- (a) the monitoring officer of a relevant authority,
 - (b) an ethical standards officer, or
 - (c) the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales,
- are exempt from the subject information provisions in any case to the extent to which the application of those provisions to the data would be likely to prejudice the proper discharge of that function.
- (8) In subsection (7)—
- (a) “relevant authority” has the meaning given by section 49(6) of the Local Government Act 2000, and
 - (b) any reference to the monitoring officer of a relevant authority, or to an ethical standards officer, has the same meaning as in Part 3 of that Act.]

Textual Amendments

- F4** Words in s. 31(2)(b)(c)(d) inserted (1.7.2005) by *Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 (c. 27), ss. 59(3)(a)*, 65; S.I. 2004/3322, **art. 2(3)**, Sch. 3 (subject to arts. 3-13)
- F5** Words in s. 31(2)(b) inserted (1.7.2005) by *Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 (c. 27), ss. 59(3)(b)*, 65; S.I. 2004/3322, **art. 2(3)**, Sch. 3 (subject to arts. 3-13)
- F6** Words in s. 31(4)(a)(ii) repealed (1.4.2006 for W) by *Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), ss. 39, 40, Sch. 6 para. 60(a)*, Sch. 7; S.I. 2005/2800, **art. 5**

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- F7** Word in s. 31(4)(a)(ii) inserted (14.7.2004) by The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(a)(i)**
- F8** Words in s. 31(4)(a)(ii) omitted (14.7.2004) by virtue of The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(a)(ii)**
- F9** Words in s. 31(4)(a)(iii) repealed (1.4.2006 for W.) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), ss. 39, 40, **Sch. 6 para. 60(b)**, Sch. 7; S.I. 2005/2800, **art. 5**
- F10** Word in s. 31(4)(a)(iii) inserted (14.7.2004) by The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(b)(i)**
- F11** Words in s. 31(4)(a)(iii) omitted (14.7.2004) by virtue of The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(b)(ii)**
- F12** S. 31(4)(a)(iv) substituted (1.4.2006 for W.) by Public Services Ombudsman (Wales) Act 2005 (c. 10), ss. 39, 40, **Sch. 6 para. 60(c)**, Sch. 7; S.I. 2005/2800, **art. 5**
- F13** Word in s. 31(4)(a)(v) omitted (14.7.2004) by virtue of The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(c)**
- F14** Word in s. 31(4)(a)(vi) substituted (14.7.2004) by The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(d)**
- F15** S. 31(4)(a)(vii) inserted (14.7.2004) by The Scottish Public Services Ombudsman Act 2002 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1823), **art. 19(e)**
- F16** S. 31(4A) inserted (1.12.2001) by 2000 c. 8, s. 233; S.I. 2001/3538, **art. 2(1)**
- F17** S. 31(4B) inserted (1.1.2010) by Legal Services Act 2007 (c. 29), ss. 170, 211 (with ss. 29, 192, 193); S.I. 2009/3250, **art. 2(e)** (with art. 9)
- F18** S. 31(4C) inserted (6.10.2010) by Legal Services Act 2007 (c. 29), ss. 153, 211 (with ss. 29, 192, 193); S.I. 2010/2089, **art. 2(a)**
- F19** Words in s. 31(5)(a) substituted (1.4.2003) by Enterprise Act 2002 (c. 40), ss. 278(1), 279, **Sch. 25 para. 37**; S.I. 2003/766, **art. 2**, Sch. (with art. 3)
- F20** S. 31(5A)(5B) inserted (8.1.2007) by The Enterprise Act 2002 (Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/3363), **reg. 29**
- F21** S. 31(6) inserted (1.6.2004) by Health and Social Care (Community Health and Standards) Act 2003 (c. 43), ss. 119, 199; S.I. 2004/759, **art. 8**
- F22** Words in s. 31(6) repealed (1.4.2007) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), ss. 157, 184, 188, Sch. 14 para. 32, **Sch. 18 Pt. 5**; S.I. 2007/935, **art. 5(gg)(ii)**
- F23** S. 31(7)(8) inserted (E.W.) (1.4.2008) by Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 (c. 28), ss. 200, 245 (with s. 201); S.I. 2008/172, **art. 4(k)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C5** S. 31 extended (2.12.1999) by S.I. 1999/3145, **arts. 1, 9(3)(b)**; S.I. 1999/3208, **art. 2**

32 Journalism, literature and art.

- (1) Personal data which are processed only for the special purposes are exempt from any provision to which this subsection relates if—
- (a) the processing is undertaken with a view to the publication by any person of any journalistic, literary or artistic material,
 - (b) the data controller reasonably believes that, having regard in particular to the special importance of the public interest in freedom of expression, publication would be in the public interest, and
 - (c) the data controller reasonably believes that, in all the circumstances, compliance with that provision is incompatible with the special purposes.
- (2) Subsection (1) relates to the provisions of—
- (a) the data protection principles except the seventh data protection principle,
 - (b) section 7,

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- (c) section 10,
 - (d) section 12, and
 - (e) section 14(1) to (3).
- (3) In considering for the purposes of subsection (1)(b) whether the belief of a data controller that publication would be in the public interest was or is a reasonable one, regard may be had to his compliance with any code of practice which—
- (a) is relevant to the publication in question, and
 - (b) is designated by the [^{F24} Secretary of State] by order for the purposes of this subsection.
- (4) Where at any time (“the relevant time”) in any proceedings against a data controller under section 7(9), 10(4), 12(8) or 14 or by virtue of section 13 the data controller claims, or it appears to the court, that any personal data to which the proceedings relate are being processed—
- (a) only for the special purposes, and
 - (b) with a view to the publication by any person of any journalistic, literary or artistic material which, at the time twenty-four hours immediately before the relevant time, had not previously been published by the data controller,
- the court shall stay the proceedings until either of the conditions in subsection (5) is met.
- (5) Those conditions are—
- (a) that a determination of the Commissioner under section 45 with respect to the data in question takes effect, or
 - (b) in a case where the proceedings were stayed on the making of a claim, that the claim is withdrawn.
- (6) For the purposes of this Act “publish”, in relation to journalistic, literary or artistic material, means make available to the public or any section of the public.

Textual Amendments

F24 Words in s. 32 substituted (19.8.2003) by [The Secretary of State for Constitutional Affairs Order 2003 \(S.I. 2003/1887\)](#), art. 9, [Sch. 2 para. 9\(1\)\(a\)](#)

Commencement Information

I2 S. 32 wholly in force at 1.3.2000; s. 32 in force for certain purposes at Royal Assent see s. 75(2)(i); s. 32 in force at 1.3.2000 insofar as not already in force by [S.I. 2000/183](#), art. 2(1)

33 Research, history and statistics.

- (1) In this section— “research purposes” includes statistical or historical purposes; “the relevant conditions”, in relation to any processing of personal data, means the conditions—
- (a) that the data are not processed to support measures or decisions with respect to particular individuals, and
 - (b) that the data are not processed in such a way that substantial damage or substantial distress is, or is likely to be, caused to any data subject.

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- (2) For the purposes of the second data protection principle, the further processing of personal data only for research purposes in compliance with the relevant conditions is not to be regarded as incompatible with the purposes for which they were obtained.
- (3) Personal data which are processed only for research purposes in compliance with the relevant conditions may, notwithstanding the fifth data protection principle, be kept indefinitely.
- (4) Personal data which are processed only for research purposes are exempt from section 7 if—
 - (a) they are processed in compliance with the relevant conditions, and
 - (b) the results of the research or any resulting statistics are not made available in a form which identifies data subjects or any of them.
- (5) For the purposes of subsections (2) to (4) personal data are not to be treated as processed otherwise than for research purposes merely because the data are disclosed—
 - (a) to any person, for research purposes only,
 - (b) to the data subject or a person acting on his behalf,
 - (c) at the request, or with the consent, of the data subject or a person acting on his behalf, or
 - (d) in circumstances in which the person making the disclosure has reasonable grounds for believing that the disclosure falls within paragraph (a), (b) or (c).

[^{F25}33A Manual data held by public authorities.

- (1) Personal data falling within paragraph (e) of the definition of “data” in section 1(1) are exempt from—
 - (a) the first, second, third, fifth, seventh and eighth data protection principles,
 - (b) the sixth data protection principle except so far as it relates to the rights conferred on data subjects by sections 7 and 14,
 - (c) sections 10 to 12,
 - (d) section 13, except so far as it relates to damage caused by a contravention of section 7 or of the fourth data protection principle and to any distress which is also suffered by reason of that contravention,
 - (e) Part III, and
 - (f) section 55.
- (2) Personal data which fall within paragraph (e) of the definition of “data” in section 1(1) and relate to appointments or removals, pay, discipline, superannuation or other personnel matters, in relation to—
 - (a) service in any of the armed forces of the Crown,
 - (b) service in any office or employment under the Crown or under any public authority, or
 - (c) service in any office or employment, or under any contract for services, in respect of which power to take action, or to determine or approve the action taken, in such matters is vested in Her Majesty, any Minister of the Crown, the National Assembly for Wales, any Northern Ireland Minister (within the meaning of the Freedom of Information Act 2000) or any public authority,
 are also exempt from the remaining data protection principles and the remaining provisions of Part II.]

Status: Point in time view as at 06/10/2010.

Changes to legislation: Data Protection Act 1998, Part IV is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 04 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F25 S. 33A inserted (1.1.2005) by 2000 c. 36, ss. 70(1), 87(3) (with ss. 56, 78); S.I. 2004/1909, art. 2; S.I. 2004/3122, art. 2

34 Information available to the public by or under enactment.

Personal data are exempt from—

- (a) the subject information provisions,
- (b) the fourth data protection principle and section 14(1) to (3), and
- (c) the non-disclosure provisions,

if the data consist of information which the data controller is obliged by or under any enactment [^{F26}other than an enactment contained in the Freedom of Information Act 2000] to make available to the public, whether by publishing it, by making it available for inspection, or otherwise and whether gratuitously or on payment of a fee.

Textual Amendments

F26 Words in s. 34 inserted (30.11.2002) by 2000 c. 36, ss. 72, 87(3) (with ss. 56, 78); S.I. 2002/2812, art. 2

35 Disclosures required by law or made in connection with legal proceedings etc.

- (1) Personal data are exempt from the non-disclosure provisions where the disclosure is required by or under any enactment, by any rule of law or by the order of a court.
- (2) Personal data are exempt from the non-disclosure provisions where the disclosure is necessary—
 - (a) for the purpose of, or in connection with, any legal proceedings (including prospective legal proceedings), or
 - (b) for the purpose of obtaining legal advice,or is otherwise necessary for the purposes of establishing, exercising or defending legal rights.

[^{F27}35A Parliamentary privilege.

Personal data are exempt from—

- (a) the first data protection principle, except to the extent to which it requires compliance with the conditions in Schedules 2 and 3,
- (b) the second, third, fourth and fifth data protection principles,
- (c) section 7, and
- (d) sections 10 and 14(1) to (3),

if the exemption is required for the purpose of avoiding an infringement of the privileges of either House of Parliament.]

Status: Point in time view as at 06/10/2010.

Changes to legislation: Data Protection Act 1998, Part IV is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 04 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- F27** S. 35A inserted (1.1.2005) by 2000 c. 36, ss. 73, 87(3), Sch. 6 para. 2 (with ss. 56, 78); S.I. 2004/1909, art. 2; S.I. 2004/3122, art. 2

36 Domestic purposes.

Personal data processed by an individual only for the purposes of that individual's personal, family or household affairs (including recreational purposes) are exempt from the data protection principles and the provisions of Parts II and III.

37 Miscellaneous exemptions.

Schedule 7 (which confers further miscellaneous exemptions) has effect.

38 Powers to make further exemptions by order.

- (1) The [^{F28} Secretary of State] may by order exempt from the subject information provisions personal data consisting of information the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted by or under any enactment if and to the extent that he considers it necessary for the safeguarding of the interests of the data subject or the rights and freedoms of any other individual that the prohibition or restriction ought to prevail over those provisions.
- (2) The [^{F28} Secretary of State] may by order exempt from the non-disclosure provisions any disclosures of personal data made in circumstances specified in the order, if he considers the exemption is necessary for the safeguarding of the interests of the data subject or the rights and freedoms of any other individual.

Textual Amendments

- F28** Words in s. 38 substituted (19.8.2003) by The Secretary of State for Constitutional Affairs Order 2003 (S.I. 2003/1887), art. 9, Sch. 2 para. 9(1)(a)

Commencement Information

- I3** S. 38 wholly in force at 1.3.2000; s. 38 in force for certain purposes at Royal Assent see s. 75(2)(i); s. 38 in force at 1.3.2000 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 2000/183, art. 2(1)

39 Transitional relief.

Schedule 8 (which confers transitional exemptions) has effect.

Status:

Point in time view as at 06/10/2010.

Changes to legislation:

Data Protection Act 1998, Part IV is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 04 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.