

Police Reform Act 2002

2002 CHAPTER 30

PART 4

POLICE POWERS ETC.

CHAPTER 2

PROVISIONS MODIFYING AND SUPPLEMENTING POLICE POWERS

Power to require name and address

50 Persons acting in an anti-social manner

- (1) If a constable in uniform has reason to believe that a person has been acting, or is acting, in an anti-social manner ^{F1}..., he may require that person to give his name and address to the constable.
- [F2(1A) In subsection (1) "anti-social behaviour" has the meaning given by section 2 of the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (ignoring subsection (2) of that section).]
 - (2) Any person who—
 - (a) fails to give his name and address when required to do so under subsection (1), or
 - (b) gives a false or inaccurate name or address in response to a requirement under that subsection,

is guilty of an offence and shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Chapter 2 – Provisions modifying and supplementing police powers

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Police Reform Act 2002, Cross Heading: Power to require name and address. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

- F1 Words in s. 50(1) omitted (23.3.2015) by virtue of Anti Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (c. 12), s. 185(1), Sch. 11 para. 31(2) (with ss. 21, 33, 42, 58, 75, 93); S.I. 2015/373, art. 4(f) (viii)
- **F2** S. 50(1A) inserted (23.3.2015) by Anti Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 (c. 12), s. 185(1), **Sch. 11 para. 31(3)** (with ss. 21, 33, 42, 58, 75, 93); S.I. 2015/373, **art. 4(f)(viii)**

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