

Income Tax Act 2007

2007 CHAPTER 3

PART 7

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT TAX RELIEF

CHAPTER 5

CLAIMS FOR AND ATTRIBUTION OF CITR

Claims

354 Loans: no claim after disposal or excessive repayments or receipts of value

- (1) If the investment consists of a loan, no claim may be made in respect of a tax year if—
 - (a) the investor disposes of the whole or any part of the loan before the qualifying date relating to that year,
 - (b) at any time after the investment is made but before that qualifying date, the amount of the capital outstanding on the loan is reduced to nil, or
 - (c) before that qualifying date, paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 362(1) (repayments of loan in 5 year period exceeding permitted limits) apply in relation to the investment (whether by virtue of section 363 (receipts of value treated as repayments) or otherwise).
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(a) any repayment of the loan is to be ignored.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the qualifying date relating to a tax year is the next anniversary of the investment date to occur after the end of that year.

355 Securities or shares: no claim after disposal or excessive receipts of value

(1) If the investment consists of securities or shares, a claim made in respect of a tax year must relate only to those securities or shares held by the investor, as sole beneficial owner, continuously throughout the period—

Status: Point in time view as at 17/07/2014.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax Act 2007, Chapter 5. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) beginning when the investment is made, and
- (b) ending immediately before the qualifying date relating to the tax year.
- (2) No claim for CITR may be made in relation to a tax year if before the qualifying date relating to that year paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 364(1) (receipts of value in the [F16] year period exceeding permitted limits) apply in relation to the investment or any part of it.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the qualifying date relating to a tax year is the next anniversary of the investment date to occur after the end of that year.

Textual Amendments

F1 Figure in s. 355(2) substituted (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 512 (with Sch. 2)

356 No claim after loss of accreditation by the CDFI

- (1) If the CDFI ceases to be accredited under Chapter 2 with effect from a time^{F2}... within the 5 year period, no claim for CITR relating to the investment may be made by the investor—
 - (a) for the relevant tax year, or
 - (b) for any later tax year.
- [F3(2)] To find the relevant tax year proceed under the rest of this section, in which references to the time of accreditation ceasing are to the time with effect from which the CDFI ceases to be accredited.
 - (3) If the time of accreditation ceasing falls within the first year of the 5 year period, the relevant tax year is the year in which the investment date fell.
 - (4) In any other case the relevant tax year is—
 - (a) the year in which fell the last anniversary of the investment date before the time of accreditation ceasing, or
 - (b) if the time of accreditation ceasing itself falls on an anniversary of the investment date, the year in which that anniversary falls.]

Textual Amendments

- Words in s. 356(1) repealed (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 513(2), Sch. 3 Pt. 1 (with Sch. 2)
- F3 S. 356(2)-(4) substituted for s. 356(2) (with effect in accordance with s. 1184(1) of the amending Act) by Corporation Tax Act 2010 (c. 4), s. 1184(1), Sch. 1 para. 513(3) (with Sch. 2)

Attribution

357 Attribution: general

- (1) In this Part references to the CITR attributable to any loan, securities or shares in respect of a tax year are read as references to the reduction which—
 - (a) is made in the investor's liability to income tax for that year, and

Status: Point in time view as at 17/07/2014.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax Act 2007, Chapter 5. (See end of Document for details)

(b) is attributed to that loan, or those securities or shares, in accordance with this section and section 358.

This is subject to the provisions of Chapter 6 for the withdrawal or reduction of CITR.

- (2) Subsections (3) and (4) apply if the investor's liability to income tax is reduced for a tax year under this Part.
- (3) If the reduction is obtained because of one loan, or securities or shares included in one issue, the amount of the tax reduction is attributed to that loan or those securities or shares.
- (4) If the reduction is obtained because of a loan or loans, securities or shares included in two or more investments, the reduction—
 - (a) is apportioned between the loan or loans, securities or shares in each of those investments in the same proportions as the invested amounts in respect of the loan or loans, securities or shares for the year, and
 - (b) is attributed to that loan or those loans, securities or shares accordingly.
- [F4(4A) In the case of CITR under section 335A, in subsection (4)(a) the reference to the year is to be read as a reference to the year mentioned in section 335A(1)(a).]
 - (5) If under this section an amount of any reduction of income tax is attributed to any securities in the same issue, a proportionate part of that amount is attributed to each security.
 - (6) If under this section an amount of any reduction of income tax is attributed to any shares in the same issue, a proportionate part of that amount is attributed to each of those shares.
 - (7) If CITR attributable to a loan or any securities or shares falls to be withdrawn under Chapter 6, the CITR attributable to that loan or each of those securities or shares is reduced to nil.
 - (8) If CITR attributable to any securities or shares falls to be reduced under that Chapter by any amount, the CITR attributable to each of those securities or shares is reduced by a proportionate part of that amount.

Textual Amendments

F4 S. 357(4A) inserted (with effect in accordance with Sch. 27 para. 6 of the amending Act) by Finance Act 2013 (c. 29), Sch. 27 para. 4

358 Attribution: bonus shares

- (1) This section applies if—
 - (a) corresponding bonus shares are issued to the investor in respect of any shares ("the original shares") included in the investment, and
 - (b) the original shares have been continuously held by the investor, as sole beneficial owner, from the time they were issued until the issue of the bonus shares.
- (2) A proportionate part of any amount attributed to the original shares, in respect of a tax year, immediately before the bonus shares are issued is attributed to each of the

Status: Point in time view as at 17/07/2014.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax Act 2007, Chapter 5. (See end of Document for details)

shares in the holding consisting of the original shares and the bonus shares, in respect of that year.

- (3) After the issue of the bonus shares this Part applies as if—
 - (a) the original issue had included the bonus shares, and
 - (b) the bonus shares had been held by the investor, as sole beneficial owner, continuously from the time the original shares were issued until the bonus shares were issued.
- (4) In this section—

"corresponding bonus shares" means bonus shares that are in the same company, are of the same class, and carry the same rights as the original shares, "original issue" means the issue of shares forming the investment.

Status:

Point in time view as at 17/07/2014.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Income Tax Act 2007, Chapter 5.