

Riot Compensation Act 2016

2016 CHAPTER 8

Claims for compensation

1 Claims for compensation for riot damage etc E+W

- (1) Where—
 - (a) a person's property has been damaged, destroyed or stolen in the course of a riot,
 - (b) the property is property in respect of which a claim may be made under this subsection (see section 2(1)), and
 - (c) the property was not insured, or was not adequately insured, for the damage, destruction or theft,

the person may claim compensation from the appropriate local policing body.

- (2) Where—
 - (a) a person's property has been damaged, destroyed or stolen in the course of a riot,
 - (b) the property is property in respect of which a claim may be made under this subsection (see section 2(2)), and
 - (c) an insurance company has (to any extent) met a claim by the person under a policy of insurance in respect of the damage, destruction or theft,

the insurance company may claim compensation from the appropriate local policing body.

- (3) The appropriate local policing body is the local policing body which is responsible for the police area in which the property was situated at the time of the riot.
- (4) A claim under this section must be made in accordance with regulations made under section 3.
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), property is not adequately insured if-
 - (a) it is insured for an amount that is less than its value, or
 - (b) it is insured subject to an excess.

- (6) In this Act, "riot" is to be construed in accordance with section 1 of the Public Order Act 1986, but does not include a riot in any of the following places—
 - (a) a prison, young offender institution or secure training centre;
 - (b) a hospital where persons are detained under Part 2 or 3 of the Mental Health Act 1983;
 - (c) a removal centre, a short-term holding facility or pre-departure accommodation (within the meaning given by section 147 of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999).

Commencement Information

II S. 1 in force at 6.4.2017 by S.I. 2017/379, reg. 2

2 Property in respect of which claims may be made E+W

- (1) A claim may be made under section 1(1) only in respect of—
 - (a) a building,
 - (b) property falling within subsection (3), or
 - (c) a motor vehicle falling within any of the paragraphs of the Schedule (motor vehicles in respect of which claims may be made).
- (2) A claim may be made under section 1(2) only in respect of—
 - (a) a building,
 - (b) property falling within subsection (3), or
 - (c) a motor vehicle falling within paragraph 4 of the Schedule (vehicle forming part of stock in trade of a business).
- (3) Property falls within this subsection if it is property (other than a motor vehicle) which
 - $[^{F1}(a)$ at the time of the riot was situated—
 - (i) within a building,
 - (ii) within the curtilage of a building, or
 - (iii) on land being used for the purposes of a business carried on by the claimant, or
 - (b) was being used, or was intended for use, in connection with a business carried on by the claimant and which, at the time of the riot, was contained in—
 - (i) a motor vehicle falling within paragraph 1, 2 or 3 of the Schedule, or
 - (ii) a trailer or other device originally manufactured for attachment to a motor vehicle which was attached (or intended to be attached from time to time) to a motor vehicle falling within any of those paragraphs,

and for the purposes of this subsection as it applies to a claim under section 1(2), "the claimant" means the person whose claim has been (to any extent) met by the insurance company as mentioned in section 1(2)(c).]

- (4) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
 - (a) amend subsection (3);
 - (b) make provision about the meaning of terms used in that subsection.
- (5) In this section—

"building" includes-

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Riot Compensation Act 2016, Cross Heading: Claims for compensation. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) a permanent or semi-permanent structure in the nature of a building (including a caravan or houseboat), and
- (b) a building in the course of construction;

"motor vehicle" means a mechanically propelled vehicle intended or adapted for use on roads.

Textual Amendments

F1 Words in s. 2(3) substituted (6.4.2017) by The Riot Compensation Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/371), regs. 1(1), 2

Commencement Information

I2 S. 2 in force at 6.4.2017 by S.I. 2017/379, reg. 2

3 Regulations about claims procedure **E+W**

- (1) The Secretary of State must make regulations about the procedure for making a claim under section 1.
- (2) The regulations may include provision about—
 - (a) the appropriate person to make a claim (in particular where more than one person has an interest in property that has been damaged, destroyed or stolen), and
 - (b) the circumstances in which a single claim must cover a number of different items or types of property.

(3) The regulations may also include provision about—

- (a) the person to whom a claim must be addressed;
- (b) the time period within which a claim must be made;
- (c) the details and evidence that must be submitted by the claimant;
- (d) the time period within which details and evidence must be submitted;
- (e) the submission of new evidence relating to a claim already made or determined.

(4) Regulations under subsection (3)(b) or (3)(d) must provide that—

- (a) the time period within which a claim may be made ends no earlier than 42 days from the date of the riot;
- (b) the time period within which details and evidence must be submitted ends no earlier than 90 days from the date the claimant first made the claim.
- (5) Regulations under subsection (3)(c) may include a requirement that any estimates of the cost of repairs are to be prepared by contractors approved by the Secretary of State or a local policing body.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 3 in force at 6.4.2017 by S.I. 2017/379, reg. 2

Changes to legislation:

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