

# Mental Capacity (Amendment) Act 2019

#### **2019 CHAPTER 18**

#### Safeguards

## 1 Deprivation of liberty: authorisation of arrangements enabling care and treatment

- (1) The Mental Capacity Act 2005 is amended as follows.
- (2) In section 4A (restriction on deprivation of liberty) for subsection (5) substitute—
  - "(5) D may deprive P of liberty if, by doing so, D is carrying out arrangements authorised under Schedule AA1 (arrangements enabling the care and treatment of persons who lack capacity)."
- (3) After section 4B insert—

### "4C Carrying out of authorised arrangements giving rise to deprivation of liberty

- (1) This section applies to an act that a person ("D") does in carrying out arrangements authorised under Schedule AA1.
- (2) D does not incur any liability in relation to the act that would not have been incurred if the cared-for person—
  - (a) had had capacity to consent in relation to D doing the act, and
  - (b) had consented to D doing the act.
- (3) Nothing in this section excludes a person's civil liability for loss or damage, or a person's criminal liability, resulting from that person's negligence in doing the act.
- (4) Paragraph 31 of Schedule AA1 applies if an authorisation ceases to have effect in certain cases.
- (5) "Cared-for person" has the meaning given by paragraph 2(1) of that Schedule."

(4) Before Schedule 1 insert the Schedule AA1 set out in Schedule 1 to this Act.

## 2 Deprivation of liberty: authorisation of steps necessary for life-sustaining treatment or vital act

For section 4B of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 substitute—

### "4B Deprivation of liberty necessary for life-sustaining treatment or vital act

- (1) If Conditions 1 to 4 are met, D is authorised to take steps which deprive P of liberty.
- (2) Condition 1 is that the steps—
  - (a) are wholly or partly for the purpose of giving P life-sustaining treatment or doing any vital act, or
  - (b) consist wholly or partly of giving P life-sustaining treatment or doing any vital act.
- (3) A vital act is any act which the person doing it reasonably believes to be necessary to prevent a serious deterioration in P's condition.
- (4) Condition 2 is that the steps are necessary in order to give the life-sustaining treatment or do the vital act.
- (5) Condition 3 is that D reasonably believes that P lacks capacity to consent to D taking the steps.
- (6) Condition 4 is that—
  - (a) subsection (7) applies, or
  - (b) there is an emergency.
- (7) This subsection applies if—
  - (a) a decision relevant to whether D is authorised to deprive P of liberty is being sought from the court, or
  - (b) a responsible body is carrying out functions under Schedule AA1 with a view to determining whether to authorise arrangements that give rise to a deprivation of P's liberty.
- (8) In subsection (7) it does not matter—
  - (a) whether the decision mentioned in paragraph (a) relates to the steps mentioned in subsection (1);
  - (b) whether the arrangements mentioned in paragraph (b) include those steps.
- (9) There is an emergency if D reasonably believes that—
  - (a) there is an urgent need to take the steps mentioned in subsection (1) in order to give the life-sustaining treatment or do the vital act, and
  - (b) it is not reasonably practicable before taking those steps—
    - (i) to make an application for P to be detained under Part 2 of the Mental Health Act,
    - (ii) to make an application within subsection (7)(a), or

(iii) to secure that action within subsection (7)(b) is taken."

### 3 Powers of the court to determine questions

After section 21 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 insert—

"Powers of the court in relation to Schedule AAI

#### 21ZA Powers of court in relation to Schedule AA1

- (1) This section applies where an authorisation under Schedule AA1—
  - (a) has effect, or
  - (b) is to have effect from a date specified under paragraph 28 of that Schedule.
- (2) The court may determine any question relating to—
  - (a) whether Schedule AA1 applies to the arrangements, or whether the authorisation conditions are met;
  - (b) what period the authorisation has effect for;
  - (c) what the authorisation relates to.
- (3) If the court determines a question under subsection (2), the court may make an order—
  - (a) varying or terminating the authorisation;
  - (b) directing the responsible body to vary the authorisation.
- (4) Where the court makes an order under subsection (3) the court may make an order about a person's liability for anything done in carrying out the arrangements before the variation or termination.
- (5) An order under subsection (4) may, in particular, exclude a person from liability.
- (6) "Authorisation conditions" has the meaning given by paragraph 13 of Schedule AA1."

#### Code of practice etc

#### 4 Deprivation of liberty: code of practice

- (1) Section 42 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (codes of practice) is amended as follows.
- (2) After subsection (1) insert—
  - "(1A) Guidance about what kinds of arrangements for enabling the care or treatment of a person fall within paragraph 2(1)(b) of Schedule AA1 must be included in the code, or one of the codes, issued under subsection (1)."
- (3) After subsection (2) insert—
  - "(2A) Before the end of each review period the Lord Chancellor must—
    - (a) review each code for the guidance of persons exercising functions under Schedule AA1, and
    - (b) lay a report of the review before Parliament.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

But this does not affect the Lord Chancellor's functions under subsection (2).

#### (2B) A review period is—

- (a) in relation to the first review, the period of 3 years beginning with the day on which this subsection comes into force, and
- (b) in relation to subsequent reviews, each period of 5 years beginning with the day on which the report of the previous review was laid before Parliament."
- (4) In subsection (3) after "preparation" insert ", review".

#### General

### 5 Consequential provision etc

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision that is consequential on any provision made by this Act.
- (2) Regulations under this section—
  - (a) may make different provision for different purposes or areas;
  - (b) may amend, repeal or revoke any provision made by or under an Act passed before this Act or in the same Session.
- (3) The power to make regulations under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (4) Regulations under this section that repeal or amend a provision of an Act may not be made unless a draft of the statutory instrument containing them has been laid before Parliament and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.
- (5) Any other regulations under this section are subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (6) Schedule 2 makes minor and consequential amendments.

#### 6 Extent, commencement and short title

- (1) This Act extends to England and Wales only.
- (2) This section, and section 5 except subsection (6), come into force on the day this Act is passed.
- (3) The other provisions of this Act come into force—
  - (a) for the purpose only of enabling the exercise of any power to make regulations, on the day this Act is passed;
  - (b) for all other purposes, on whatever day the Secretary of State appoints by regulations.
- (4) Different days may be appointed for different purposes or different areas.
- (5) The Secretary of State may by regulations make transitional or saving provision in connection with the coming into force of any provision of this Act.

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally enacted).

- (6) Regulations under subsection (5) may make different provision for different purposes or different areas.
- (7) The power to make regulations under this section is exercisable by statutory instrument.
- (8) This Act may be cited as the Mental Capacity (Amendment) Act 2019.