Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# SCHEDULES

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

Sections 2, 18, 23.

#### PROCEDURE FOR ATTESTATION

- The recruiting officer shall warn the person to be enlisted that if he makes any false answer to thequestions to be read out to him he will be liable to be punished as provided by this Act.
- He shall then read, or cause to be read, to that person the questions set out in the attestation paperand satisfy himself that he understands each of those questions and that his answers thereto have been dulyrecorded in the attestation paper.
- He shall then ask that person to make and sign the declaration set out in the attestation paper as tothe truth of the answers and shall administer to him the oath of allegiance as set out in the attestation paper.
- 4 Upon signing the declaration and taking the oath the said person shall become a soldier of the regularforces.
- The recruiting officer shall by signature attest, in the manner required by the attestation paper, that the requirements of this Act as to the attestation of the recruit have been carried out and shall deliver the attestation paper duly dated to such person as may be prescribed by regulations of [FI] the Defence Council].

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I
- When in accordance with such regulations the recruit is finally approved for service, the officer bywhom he is approved shall at his request furnish him with a certified copy of the attestation paper.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

. F2

#### **Textual Amendments**

F2 Sch. 2 repealed by Statute Law (Repeals) Act 1977 (c. 18), Sch. 1 Pt. I

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# THIRD SCHEDULE

ALTERNATIVE OFFENCES OF WHICH ACCUSED MAY BE CONVICTED BY COURT-MARTIAL

Offence charged	Alternative offence
1. Communicating with or giving intelligence to the enemy, $_{\rm F3}$	1. Disclosing information without authority.
1A, 2	$_{\text{F4}}^{1}$ A, 2
3. Using violence to his superior officer F5	3. Offering violence to his superior officer.
4. Using threatening language to his superior officer.	4. Using insubordinate language to his superior officer.
4A	4A F6
5 F7	5 <sub>F7</sub>
6. Desertion.	6. Absence without leave.
7. Attempting to desert.	7. Absence without leave.
7A. Using threatening, abusive, insulting or provocative words likely to cause adisturbance.	7A. Using threatening, abusive, insulting or provocative behaviour likely to cause a disturbance.
7B. Using threatening, abusive, insulting or provocative behaviour likely to cause a disturbance.	7B. Using threatening, abusive, insulting or provocative words likely to cause a disturbance].
[F97C. Wilfully damaging public or service property or property belonging to another person subject to military law.	7C. By wilful neglect causing damage to public or service property or property belonging to another person subject to military law].
8 F7	8 <sub>F7</sub>
9 F10	9 F10
[ FII	9A. Wastefully expending public or service property.
9A. Misapplying public or service property.	
9B. Wastefully expending public or service property.	9B. Misapplying public or service property].

FOURTH SCHEDULE – Supplementary Provisions as to Payment for Requisitioned Vehicles Document Generated: 2024-07-06

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

10. Any offence against subsection (1) of section fifty-four of this Act.

11. . . . . F6

12. Any offence against section fifty-five of this Act involving the use of violence . . . F12

13. 14. . . . F13

10. Any offence against subsection (2) of section fifty-four of this Act.

11. . . . F6

12. The corresponding offence involving the offering of violence.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F3 Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), s. 78(4), Sch. 4 Pt. I
- **F4** Sch. 3 paras. 1A, 2 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(2), **Sch.2**
- F5 Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(2), Sch. 2
- **F6** Sch. 3 paras. 4A, 11 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(2), **Sch.2**
- F7 Sch. 3 paras. 5 and 8 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), s. 78(4), Sch. 4 Pt.I
- F8 Paras. 7A, 7B inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), s. 78(4), Sch. 1 para. 1(14)
- F9 Sch. 3 para. 7C inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 13(1); S.I. 1991/2719, art.2 (with art. 3(1))
- F10 Sch. 3 para. 9 repealed by Army and Air Force Act 1961 (c. 52), Sch. 2
- F11 Paras. 9A, 9B inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), s. 78(4), Sch. 1 para. 1(15)
- **F12** Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(2), Sch. 2
- F13 Sch. 3 paras. 13, 14 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(2), Sch.2

#### FOURTH SCHEDULE

Sections 168, 172.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS AS TO PAYMENT FOR REQUISITIONED VEHICLES

- 1 (1) Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, any payment under subsection (1) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act shall (without prejudice to any agreement as to payment on account) become due on the expiration of the period for which possession of the vehicle in question is retained.
  - (2) Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, any payment under subsection (2) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act shall become due on the furnishing of the vehicle.
  - (3) Any payment under paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of the said section one hundred and sixty-eight shallbecome due on the furnishing of the vehicle.
- 2 (1) As soon as may be after the furnishing of a vehicle there shall be given or sent to the person by whomit was furnished, by such person and in such form and manner as may be specified by instructions of [F14the Defence Council], a receipt for the vehicle specifying what payment, at what rate or of what amount, is offered inrespect of the furnishing thereof under paragraph (a) of subsection (1), or as the case may be undersubsection (2), of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act.

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(2) As soon as may be after the end of the period for which possession of a vehicle is retained, there shallbe given or sent to the person by whom the vehicle was furnished, by such person and in such form and manneras aforesaid, a notice stating whether any, and if so what, damage to the vehicle has occurred during the period for which possession of the vehicle was retained, other than damage which has been made good by aperson acting on behalf of Her Majesty, or that the total loss of the vehicle has occurred, and specifyingwhat payment is offered in respect of the damage or loss under paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection (1) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F14 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

- 3 (1) A person to whom a receipt or notice under the last foregoing paragraph has been given or sent(hereinafter referred to as "the claimant") shall be deemed to have accepted the offer contained therein unless withinthree weeks from the time at which he received the receipt or notice he gives notice to the person by whomthe receipt or notice was given or sent that he claims some specified greater amount or rate.
  - (2) Where a notice under the last foregoing paragraph has been given or sent stating that no damage hasoccurred to a vehicle during the period for which possession of the vehicle is retained, the claimant shallbe deemed to have agreed that no damage has so occurred unless within three weeks from the time at whichhe received the notice he gives notice to the person by whom the notice was given or sent claiming that damage has so occurred and stating what payment he claims under subsection (1) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act in respect of the damage.
  - (3) On the making of a claim under either of the two last foregoing sub-paragraphs [F15the Defence Council may notify the claimant either that they do not propose to make any further offer or that they make specified further offer.

# **Textual Amendments**

F15 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

- (1) Subject to the provisions of the last foregoing paragraph and to the following provisions of thisparagraph, a county court shall have jurisdiction to determine any dispute
  - as to the amount of any payment due under subsection (1) or (2) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act, or whether any payment is due under any provision of the said subsection (1), or
  - as to the amount of any payment due under paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of that section,

irrespective of the amount in dispute.

(2) An application to the county court for the determination of any such dispute as is mentioned in head(a) of the last foregoing sub-paragraph shall not be made before the expiration of three weeks from themaking of the claim under sub-paragraph (1) or (2) of the last foregoing paragraph unless a notification has been given to the applicant under sub-paragraph (3) of the last foregoing paragraph; and where such anotification contains a further offer by [F16the Defence Council], the person to whom it is given Document Generated: 2024-07-06

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

shall be deemed to have accepted the offer unless he makes such anapplication within three weeks from receipt of the notification.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F16 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

The instructions of [F17the Defence Council] referred to in paragraph 2 of this Schedule shall secure that any receipt or notice under that paragraph, or any notification under sub-paragraph (2) of the last foregoing paragraph, contains a statement of the effect of paragraph 3 of this Schedule or, as the case may be, of sub-paragraph (2) of the last foregoing paragraph.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F17 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

- In the foregoing provisions of this Schedule the expression "damage" does not include damage resulting in a total loss, or damage attributable to fairwear and tear.
- Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Schedule shall apply to a case falling within subsection(4) of section one hundred and sixty-eight or the proviso to subsection (2) of section one hundred andseventy-two of this Act, and any sum payable by virtue of that subsection or proviso shall become due onthe making, by the person by whom the vehicle is required to be furnished, of a claim therefor to suchauthority as may have been specified in that behalf in the direction requiring the furnishing of the vehicle(or if no such authority was specified, to [F18] the Defence Council]):

Provided that before making any such payment the said authority or [F18the Defence Council] as the case may be, may require reasonable particulars of the damage in question and of the circumstances in which it occurred and may require a reasonable opportunity to be afforded to a personauthorised by them to inspect the vehicle in question.

# **Textual Amendments**

F18 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

A county court shall have jurisdiction to deal with any claim arising under subsection (4) or subsection(5) of section one hundred and sixty-eight of this Act, or under the proviso to subsection (2) of sectionone hundred and seventy-two thereof, irrespective of the amount of the claim.

#### FIFTH SCHEDULE

Sections 204, 209.

# CIVILIANS OUTSIDE THE UNITED KINGDOM SUBJECT TO PART II WHEN NOT ON ACTIVE SERVICE

Persons serving Her Majesty, or otherwise employed, in such capacities connected with Her Majesty's naval, military or air forces as may be specified for the purposes

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of this Schedule by regulations of [F19the Defence Council], being persons serving or employed under Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F19** Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, **Sch. 1 Pt. I** 

- Persons who are employed by, or in the service of, any naval, military or airforce organisation sospecified to which Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom is a party and are employed by or in theservice of that organisation by reason of that Government being a party thereto.
- Persons belonging to or employed by any other organisation so specified which operates in connection with Her Majesty's naval, military or air forces.
- Persons who, for the purposes of their profession or employment, are attached to or accompany any ofHer Majesty's naval, military or air forces in pursuance of an authorisation granted by or on behalf of . . . <sup>F20</sup>, [F21] the Defence Council] . . . <sup>F20</sup>.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F20** Words repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I
- F21 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I
- Persons forming part of the family of members of any of Her Majesty's naval, military or air forcesand residing with them or about to reside or departing after residing with them.
- Persons forming part of the family of persons falling within paragraphs 1 to 4 of this Schedule andresiding with them or about to reside or departing after residing with them.
- Persons employed by members of any of Her Majesty's naval, military or air forces.
- 8 Persons employed by persons falling within paragraphs 1 to 6 of this Schedule.
- Persons forming part of the family of persons falling within either of the last two foregoing paragraphs and residing with them or about to reside or departing after residing with them.

# [F22SCHEDULE 5A]

# POWERS OF COURT ON TRIAL OF CIVILIAN

#### **Textual Amendments**

F22 Sch. 5A inserted by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), Sch. 4 para. 1

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### General

- The powers conferred by this Schedule shall be exercisable on the trial of a person (in this Schedulereferred to as a "civilian") to whom Part II of this Act is applied by section 209 above.
- 2 (1) In this Schedule—

"community supervision order" has the meaning assigned to it by paragraph 4(2) below;

"compensation order" has the meaning assigned to it by paragraph 11(1) below;

"the court" means a court-martial or a Standing Civilian Court;

"custodial order" has the meaning assigned to it by paragraph 10(1) below;

"local authority in England or Wales" means the council of a nonmetropolitan county, ametropolitan district or a London borough or the Common Council of the City of London;

"local authority in Scotland" means a [F23 council constituted under section 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994];

"order for absolute discharge" means an order under paragraph 3 below discharging a personabsolutely;

"order for conditional discharge" means an order under that paragraph discharging a personsubject to a condition;

"period of conditional discharge" means the period specified in an order for conditional discharge;

"prescribed" means prescribed by regulations under paragraph 17 below; F24

"the Services Acts" means this Act, the M1Air Force Act 1955 and the M2Naval Discipline Act 1957; and

"supervision period" and "supervisor" have the meanings assigned to themby paragraph 4(2) below.

- (2) A parent or guardian is a service parent or guardian for the purposes of this Schedule if—
  - (a) he is subject to service law, or
  - (b) Part II of this Act is applied to him by section 209 above, or
  - (c) Part II of the M3Air Force Act 1955 is applied to him by section 209 of that Act, or
  - (d) Parts I and II of the M4Naval Discipline Act 1957 are applied to him by section 118 of that Act.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F23 Sch. 5A para. 2: words in definition of "local authority in Scotland" substituted (S.)(1.4.1996 subject to art. 4(2) of the commencing S.I.) by 1994 c. 39, s. 180(1), Sch. 13 para. 44(3) (with s. 128(8)); S.I. 1996/323, art. 4(1)(c)
- **F24** Definition in Sch. 5A, para. 2 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(a), 26(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3(1))

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# Marginal Citations M1 1955 c. 19. M2 1957 c. 53. M3 1955 c. 19. M4 1957 c. 53.

# [F25 Deferment of award of sentence]

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Textual Amendments
F25 Sch. 5A para. 2A inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 9(1)
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- 2A (1) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph, where a civilian is found guilty of an offence by aStanding Civilian Court, the Standing Civilian Court may defer the award of sentence against him for thepurpose of enabling the Standing Civilian Court, or any other court to which it falls to deal with him, tohave regard, in dealing with him, to his conduct after conviction (including, where appropriatate, themaking by him of reparation for his offence) or to any change in his circumstances.
  - (2) Any deferment under this paragraph shall be until such date as may be specified by the Standing CivilianCourt being a date not more than six months after the date on which the Standing Civilian Court announcesthe deferment; and where the award of sentence against an offender has been deferred on one occasion, itshall not be further deferred.
  - (3) The power conferred by this paragraph shall be exercisable only if the offender consents and the Standing Civilian Court is satisfied, having regard to the nature of the offence and the character and circumstances of the offender, that it would be in the interests of justice to exercise the power.
  - (4) A Standing Civilian Court which has deferred the award of sentence against an offender may deal withhim at a time when the period of deferment has not expired if—
    - (a) he is during that period found guilty of an offence by a court-martial under any of the Services Actsor by a Standing Civilian Court; or
    - (b) such conditions as may be specified for the purposes of this paragraph in an order under paragraph 12of Schedule 3 to the Armed Forces Act M5 1976 (proceedings in StandingCivilian Courts) are satisfied in relation to him.
  - (5) Without prejudice to sub-paragraph (4) above, where a Standing Civilian Court has deferred the awardof sentence against an offender in respect of one or more offences and the offender is, during the periodof the deferment, found guilty of an offence ("the subsequent offence") by a court-martialunder any of the Services Acts or by a Standing Civilian Court, then, subject to subsection (6) below, the court which (whether during that period or not) deals with the offender for the subsequent offence may also, if this has not already been done, deal with him for the offence or offences in respect of which the awardof sentence was deferred.
  - (6) Subject to sub-paragraph (7) below, the power of a court under this paragraph to deal with an offenderfor an offence in respect of which the award of sentence has

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been deferred shall be a power to deal withhim in any way in which the Standing Civilian Court which deferred the award of sentence could have dealtwith him for that offence.

- (7) In a case falling within sub-paragraph (5) above a court-martial which awards a sentence of imprisonmentor a sentence under a custodial order for the subsequent offence may (subject to the application to theaggregate of the sentences of any limit imposed by, or by any provision corresponding to, section 85 of thisAct or paragraph 10(1A) below) order that the sentence shall begin to run from the expiry of any sentencewhich, being a sentence of imprisonment or a sentence under a custodial order, is awarded for the offenceor offences in respect of which the award of sentence was deferred.
- (8) Where a Standing Civilian Court has deferred the award of sentence against an offender, the Court orthe directing officer may order the offender's arrest either—
  - (a) in order to secure the offender's appearance on the day specified by the Standing Civilian Courtas the day on which it proposes to deal with him (including a day before the end of the period ofdeferment); or
  - (b) where the offender has failed to appear on a day so specified.
- (9) Where the arrest of an offender has been ordered under sub-paragraph (8) above, then, whether or notthe offender continues to be subject to service law—
  - (a) he may be arrested—
    - (i) by a provost officer; or
    - (ii) by any warrant officer or non-commissioned officer legally exercising authority under or on behalf of a provost officer; or
    - (iii) by order of any officer of the regular forces or of the regular air force (within the meaning of the Air Force Act M6 1955); and
  - (b) a warrant for the offender's arrest may be issued to any officer or officers of police by the directing officer or by any superior officer or authority.
- (10) A warrant under sub-paragraph (9)(b) above shall specify the name of the person for whosearrest it is issued and shall refer to the order of the Standing Civilian Court or directing officer that that person be arrested.
- (11) A person arrested under this paragraph shall be delivered into military or air force custody and maybe kept in such custody until his appearance before the Standing Civilian Court which deferred the awardof sentence against him.
- (12) Where under this section an officer of police delivers a person into military or air force custody,there shall be handed over with him a certificate which shall—
  - (a) be in such form as may be specified by order under paragraph 12 of Schedule 3 to the Armed Forces Act M71976;
  - (b) be signed by that officer of police; and
  - (c) state the fact, date, time and place of arrest;

and such a certificate shall for the purposes of this Act be evidence of the matters stated therein.

(13) In this paragraph "the directing officer", in relation to an offender, means the higherauthority by whom the offender was sent for trial for the offence in respect of which the award of sentencewas deferred, or any officer for the time being discharging the functions of that authority.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

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Marginal Citations
M5 1976 c.52 (7:1).
M6 1955 c.19 (7:1).
M7 1976 c.52 (7:1).
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# Absolute and conditional discharge

- 3 (1) The court by which a civilian is found guilty of an offence (not being an offence the sentence for whichis fixed by law [F26] or falls to be imposed under section 70(3A) above)]) may make an order discharging him absolutely, or, if the court thinks fit, discharging himsubject to the condition that, during such period, not exceeding 3 years from the date of the order, as maybe specified in the order, he commits no offence that may be tried by court-martial under any of theServices Acts or by a Standing Civilian Court.
  - (2) If a court-martial under any of the Services Acts finds a person in whose case an order for conditional discharge has been made guilty of an offence committed during the period of conditional discharge, the court-martial may deal with him for the offence for which the order was made in any manner in which the court which made the order could deal with him if it had just found him guilty of that offence.
  - (3) If a Standing Civilian Court finds such a person guilty of an offence committed during the period of conditional discharge, the Standing Civilian Court may deal with him for the offence for which the orderwas made in any manner in which such a court could deal with him if it had just found him guilty of that offence.
  - (4) Before making an order for conditional discharge the court shall explain to the offender in ordinarylanguage that if he commits another offence during the period of conditional discharge he will be liableto be sentenced for the original offence.

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Textual Amendments

F26 Words in Sch. 5A inserted (1.10.1997 subject to art. 5 of the commencing S.I.) by 1997 c. 43, s. 55(2), Sch. 4 para. 1(4); S.I. 1997/2200, art. 2(1)(with transitional provisions in art. 5)
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# Community supervision orders

- 4 (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, where a civilian . . . F27 is found guilty of an offence and the court is of opinion that, having regard to the circumstances, including the nature of the offence and the character of the offender, it is expedient that he should undergo a period of supervision, the court may make an order directing him to comply during a specified period not exceeding [F28 three years] with the reasonable requirements of a specified person nominated in the prescribed manner.
  - (2) In this Schedule—

"community supervision order" means an order under this paragraph;

"supervision period" means the period specified in a community supervision order; and

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"supervisor" means a person with whose requirements a community supervision order for thetime being requires compliance on the part of the person subject to it.

- (3) The court making a community supervision order may include in it directions to the person who is to besubject to it to comply during the whole or any specified part of the supervision period with suchrequirements of any prescribed description as the court, having regard to the circumstances, considers will be beneficial for him.
- (4) Before making a community supervision order the court—
  - (a) shall explain in ordinary language to the person who is to be subject to it the effect of such an orderand the consequences under sub-paragraphs (6) to (10) below of breach of any requirement imposed by virtueof sub-paragraph (1) or (3) above, and
  - (b) shall obtain his consent and, if he is under 17 years of age, the consent of his parent or guardian, to the making of the order and to the inclusion in it of any requirement by virtue of sub-paragraph (3) above.
- (5) If the court makes a community supervision order against any person on finding him guilty of an offence, it may not make any other order except a compensation order in respect of his conviction for that offence.
- (6) If a person subject to a community supervision order fails without reasonable excuse to comply with anyrequirement reasonably imposed by his supervisor or with any requirement included in the order by virtueof sub-paragraph (3) above, he shall be guilty of an offence triable by court-martial.
- (7) Any such offence shall be treated as if it were an offence against a provision of Part II of this Act.
- [F29(7A)] Without prejudice to any other power of arrest, a person found committing an offence under sub-paragraph (6) above or alleged to have committed or reasonably suspected of having committed any such offence, may be arrested by a provost officer, by a warrant officer or non-commissioned officer legally exercising authority under a provost officer or on his behalf, or by order of any officer of the regular forces.
  - (7B) The power of arrest given to any person by sub-paragraph (7A) above may be exercised either personally or by ordering into arrest the person to be arrested or by giving orders for that person's arrest.
  - (7C) A person shall not be arrested by virtue of sub-paragraph (7A) above after the end of a period of 6 months beginning with the end of the supervision period.
  - (7D) No proceedings shall be taken against a person for an offence under subparagraph (6) above unless the trial is begun within 6 months after the end of the supervision period.]
    - (8) If a court-martial under any of the Services Acts finds a person guilty of any offence (including anoffence under sub-paragraph (6) above) committed during a supervision period, the court-martial may dealwith him for the offence for which the community supervision order was made in any manner in which the courtwhich made the order could deal with him if it had just found him guilty of that offence.
    - (9) If a Standing Civilian Court finds a person guilty of any offence (including an offence undersub-paragraph (6) above) committed during a supervision period, the Standing Civilian Court may deal withhim for the offence for which the community

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- supervision order was made in any manner in which such a courtcould deal with him if it had just found him guilty of it.
- (10) If the court finds a person guilty of an offence under sub-paragraph (6) above, it may, instead ofdealing with him for the offence for which the community supervision order was made, impose a fine notexceeding [F30£1,000] upon him.
- (11) An officer authorised by the Defence Council—
  - (a) may discharge a community supervision order or modify such an order in any way which in his opiniondoes not increase its severity, and
  - (b) may replace a supervisor by specifying a new supervisor nominated in the prescribed manner.
- (12) The powers conferred by sub-paragraph (11)(a) above are without prejudice to any of the powers of a <sup>F31</sup>... reviewing authority.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F27 Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), ss. 10(1), 16(2), Sch. 2
- **F28** Words in Sch. 5A para. 4(1) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 10, **Sch. 3 para. 1(1)(2)**; S.I. 1997/304, **arts. 2**, 3 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- **F29** Words in Sch. 5A para. 4(7A)-(7D) inserted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 10, Sch. 3 para. 1(1)(3); S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- F30 Figure in Sch. 5A para. 4(10) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 10, Sch. 3 para. 1(1)(4); S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- **F31** Words in Sch. 5A para. 4(12) repealed (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), **Sch. 7 Pt. II**; S.I. 1997/304, **art. 2** (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C1 Sch. 5A para. 4: power to exclude conferred by Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33, SIF39:1), s. 50(4)(a)

Absolute and conditional discharge and community supervision orders—supplementary

- 5 (1) If upon finding a person guilty of an offence the court makes in respect of that offence—
  - (a) an order for his absolute discharge, or
  - (b) an order for his conditional discharge, or
  - (c) a community supervision order,

he shall be deemed not to have been convicted of the offence except—

- (i) where the order was an order for conditional discharge or a community supervision order, for thepurposes of paragraph 3(2) or (3) or 4(8) or (9) above, as the case may be, and
- (ii) in all cases, for the purposes specified in sub-paragraph (2) below.
- (2) The purposes mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(ii) above are the purposes—
  - (a) of the proceedings in which the order is made.
  - (b) of any F32... review of those proceedings.
  - (c) of any appeal against conviction in those proceedings, and
  - (d) of the M8Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 [F33 or the M9Rehabilitation of Offenders (Northern Ireland)Order 1978].

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (3) Sub-paragraph (1) above shall not affect—
  - (a) any right of a person in respect of whom an order for absolute or conditional discharge or a community supervision order was made to rely on his conviction in bar of any subsequent proceedings for the same offence; or
  - (b) the restoration of any property in consequence of the conviction.
- (4) No appeal shall lie against any such order.
- (5) If a person is dealt with for an offence for which an order for conditional discharge or a communitysupervision order was made, the original order shall cease to have effect.
- (6) The powers conferred by paragraphs 3(2) and (3) and 4(8) and (9) above to deal with an offence for whichan order for conditional discharge or a community supervision order has been made are without prejudice to any power of the court to deal with an offence, whenever committed, other than the offence for which theorder in question was made.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F32** Words in Sch. 5A para. 5(2)(b) repealed (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), **Sch. 7 Pt. II**; S.I. 1997/304, **art. 2** (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- **F33** Words added by S.I. 1978/1908 (N.I.27), art. 4(5)

#### **Marginal Citations**

M8 1974 c. 53.

**M9** 1978/1908 (N.I. 27).

F34 . . .

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F34** Sch. 5A, para. 6 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), **Sch.** 3; S.I. 1991/2719, **art.** 2,Sch. (with art. 3(1))

F356 .....

#### **Textual Amendments**

F35 Sch. 5A para. 6 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3(1))

F36 . . .

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F36** Sch. 5A para. 7 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), **Sch. 3**; S.I. 1991/2719, **art. 2**,Sch. (with art. 3(1))

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

F377	
Textua	al Amendments
F37	Sch. 5A para. 7 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), Sch.3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2,Sch. (with art. 3(1))
	$^{F38}$
Textu	al Amendments
	Sch. 5A, para. 8 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2,Sch. (with art. 3(1))
F398	
Textu	al Amendments
F39	Sch. 5A para. 8 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2,Sch. (with art. 3(1))
	F40
Textu	al Amendments
F40	Sch. 5A, para. 9 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), <b>Sch.</b>
	3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2, <b>Sch.</b> (with art. 3(1))
F419	

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F41** Sch. 5A, para. 9 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(b), 26(2), **Sch.** 3; S.I. 1991/2719, **art. 2**,Sch. (with art. 3(1))

# Custodial orders

- 10 (1) Where a civilian who has attained [F42the minimum age] but is under 21 years of age is found guilty of an offence punishable under this Act with imprisonment, the court shall have power, [F43subject to [F44sub-paragraphs (1A) and (1AA) below]], to make an order (in this Schedule referred to as a "custodial order") committing him to be [F45detained for a period, to be specified in the order, which—
  - (a) shall not be less than the appropriate minimum period, that is to say—
    - (i) in the case of an offender who has attained the age of 18, the period of 21 days; or
    - (ii) in the case of an offender who is under 18 years of age, the period of two months;

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (b) shall not exceed the maximum period for which he could have been sentenced to imprisonment if he had attained the age of 21; and
- (c) if the order is made by a Standing Civilian Court, shall not exceed six months.

and in this sub-paragraph][ $^{F46}$ "the minimum age", in relation to a male offender, means 15 years of age and, in relation to a female offender, means 17 years of age.]

- [F47(1A)] F48 . . . [F49F48] . . . the court shall not make a custodial order committing an offender under [F5018 years]] of age to be detained for a period which exceeds twelve months or for a period such that the continuous period for which he is committed to be detained under that order and any one or more other custodial orders exceeds twelve months.]
- [F51(1AA) The court may not make a custodial order unless it is satisfied—
  - (a) that the circumstances, including the nature and the gravity of the offence, are such that if the offender were aged 21 or over the court would pass a sentence of imprisonment; and
  - (b) that he qualifies for a custodial sentence.
  - (1AB) An offender qualifies for a custodial sentence if—
    - (a) he has a history of failure to respond to non-custodial sentences and is unable or unwilling to respond to them; or
    - (b) only a custodial sentence would be adequate to protect the public from serious harm from him; or
    - (c) the offence of which he has been convicted or found guilty was so serious that a non-custodial sentence for it cannot be justified.]
  - F47(1B) For the purposes of determining whether [F52 it is satisfied as mentioned in paragraphs (a) and (b) of sub-paragraph (1AA) above with respect to an offender] the court shall obtain and consider information about the circumstances, and shall take into account any information before the court which is relevant to his character and his mental and physical condition.
    - (2) Before making a custodial order, the court shall consider any report made in respect of the offender by or on behalf of the Secretary of State.
    - (3) The court shall give a copy of any such report to the offender or any person representing him.
  - [F53(3A)] Where the court makes a custodial order it shall be its duty—
    - (a) to state in open court and to record in the proceedings that it is satisfied that the offender qualifies for a custodial sentence under one or more of the paragraphs of sub-paragraph (1AB) above, the paragraph or paragraphs in question, and why it is so satisfied; and
    - (b) to explain to the offender in open court and in ordinary language why it is passing a custodial sentence on him.
    - (3B) Where the court makes a custodial order and, in accordance with its duty under sub-paragraph (3A) above, makes the statement required by paragraph (a) of that sub-paragraph, the matters stated shall be specified in the order (made under Imprisonment and Detention Rules) pursuant to which the offender is committed into custody.]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- [F54(4)] If a person is outside the United Kingdom at the time a custodial order is made in respect of him, he shall as soon as practicable be removed to the United Kingdom.
  - (4A) A person in respect of whom a custodial order has been made shall be detained in such appropriate institution as the Secretary of State may direct, and any enactment applying to persons detained in any such institution shall apply to a person so detained under this paragraph.]
    - (5) A custodial order shall be sufficient authority for the detention of the person subject to it in service custody until he is received into the institution specified in the Secretary of State's direction.
- [F55(5A) The following provisions shall apply in the case of a sentence under a custodial order as they apply in the case of a sentence of imprisonment by the same court, that is to say—
  - (a) where the court is a court-martial, sections 118(1) and 118A(1) and (3) of this Act; and
  - (b) where the court is a Standing Civilian Court, section 8(2) of the M10 Armed Forces Act 1976;

and, accordingly, references in those provisions to a sentence of imprisonment shall include for the purposes of this sub-paragraph references to a sentence under a custodial order.]

- [F56(5B)] For the period before a person sentenced under a custodial order is received into the institution where he is to be detained (or for the currency of the sentence if its term ends before he is so received), sections 119(2), (4) and (5), 122, 123, 129,142 and 190B of this Act shall apply in the case of the sentence as they apply in the case of a sentence of I<sup>F57</sup>imprisonment].]
  - (6) In this paragraph "appropriate institution" means—
    - [F58(a)] where the offender is [F59in or] removed to England or Wales, any institution in which a person sentenced to detention in a young offender institution could be detained, [F60] section 98 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000] having effect in relation to the offender as it has effect in relation to an offender sentenced to detention in a young offender institution;]
    - [F61(b)] where the offender is [F59in or] removed to Scotland, a young offenders institution;]
    - [F62(c)] where the offender is [F59in or] removed to Northern Ireland,
      - [ if the offender is a male person who is under the age of 17 years, a <sup>F63</sup>(i) remand home; and
        - (ii) in any other case, a young offenders centre;];]

and in sub-paragraph (4) above "enactment", in relation to an offender who is removed to Northern Ireland, includes an enactment of the Parliament of Northern Ireland and a Measure of the Northern Ireland Assembly.

[F64(6A) [F65Section 65 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991] (release of young offenders) shall apply to persons released from a term of detention under a custodial order as it applies to persons released from a term of detention under a detention centre order or a term of youth custody.]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

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#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F42** Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 11(1)(a)(6)
- F43 Words substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 7(a)(i)
- **F44** Words in Sch. 5A para. 10(1) substituted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF:1), s. 5(2) (a); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- **F45** Words in Sch. 5A para. 10(1) substituted (1.10.1992) by Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53, SIF 39:1), s. 71, Sch. 9 para. 4(a); S.I. 1992/333, art. 2(2), Sch. 2
- **F46** Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 11(1)(b)(6)
- F47 Sch. 5A para. 10(1A)(1B) inserted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 7(b)
- **F48** Words in Sch. 5A, para. 10(1A) repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 5(3), 26(2), Sch. 3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2, Sch. (with art. 3(1))
- **F49** Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 11(2)(6)
- **F50** Words in Sch. 5A para. 10(1A) substituted (1.10.1992) by Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53, SIF 39:1), s. 71, **Sch. 9**, para. 4(b); S.I. 1992/333, art. 2(2), **Sch. 2**
- F51 Sch. 5A, para. 10(1AA)(1AB) inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 5(4); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- **F52** Words in Sch. 5A, para. 10(1B) substituted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 5(5); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- F53 Sch. 5A para. 10(3A)(3B) substituted (1.1.1992) for sub-paras. (3A)(3B) (which were inserted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 7(c)) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 5(6); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- F54 Sch. 5A, para. 10(4)(4A) substituted (1.1.1992) for sub-para. (4) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 5(7); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- F55 Sch. 5A para. 10(5A) (which was inserted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), Sch. 1 para. 3(3)) substituted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(1), Sch. 1 para. 5(3)
- **F56** Para. 10(5B) inserted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), **Sch. 1 para. 3(3)**
- F57 Word substituted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(1), Sch. 1 para. 5(4)
- F58 Sch. 5A para. 10(6)(a) substituted (E.W.) by Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33, SIF 39:1),s. 123(6), Sch. 8 para. 5(a)
- **F59** Words in Sch. 5A, para. 10(6)(a)(b)(c) inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 5(8); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))
- **F60** Words in Sch. 5A para. 10(6)(a) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 12**
- **F61** Sch. 5A para. 10(6)(b) substituted (S.) by Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c. 33, SIF 39:1),s. 124(4), Sch. 9 para. 3(a)
- **F62** Para. 10(6)(c) substituted by S.I. 1980/1088, art. 3
- F63 Sch. 5A para. 10(6)(c)(i)(ii) substituted for words by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF7:1), s. 11(4)(6)
- **F64** Sch. 5A para. 10(6A) inserted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, **Sch.8 para. 7**(e)
- **F65** Words in Sch. 5A para. 10(6A) substituted (1.10.1992) by Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53, SIF 39:1), s. 71, **Sch. 9 para. 4(c)**; S.I. 1992/333, art. 2(2), **Sch. 2**
- F66 Sch. 5A para. 10(6B) repealed (1.10.1993) by 1993 c. 9, s. 47(3), Sch. 7 Pt. I; S.I. 1993/2050, art. 3(4)

#### **Marginal Citations**

M10 1976 c.52(7:1).

#### Compensation orders

11 (1) The court, on finding a civilian guilty of an offence, may, on application or otherwise (and whether or not it makes any other order), make an order (in this Schedule

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

referred to as a "compensation order") requiring him to pay such sum as appears to the court to be just as or towards compensation for any [F67 personal injury, loss or damage], resulting from the offence or any other offence taking into consideration in determining sentence.

- [F68(1A)] Unless the Secretary of State by order provides that this sub-paragraph shall no longer apply, the sum specified in a compensation order made by a court-martial for any personal injury shall not exceed such sum as is for the time being specified in sub-paragraph (2) below or such larger sum as may for the time being be specified by an order made by the Secretary of State; and the power to make an order under this sub-paragraph shall be exercisable by statutory instrument subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.]
  - (2) The sum specified in a compensation order made by a Standing Civilian Court shall not exceed [F69£5,000].
  - (3) In the case of an offence of unlawfully obtaining any property (whether by stealing it, handling it or otherwise), where the property in question is recovered, any damage to the property occurring while it was out of the owner's possession shall be treated for the purposes of this paragraph as having resulted from the offence, however and by whomsoever the damage was caused.
  - (4) No compensation order shall be made in respect of loss suffered by the dependants of a person in consequence of his death, <sup>F70</sup> . . . .
- [F71(4A) A compensation order may only be made in respect of injury, loss or damage which was due to an accident arising out of the presence of a motor vehicle on a road if—
  - (a) it is in respect of damage which is treated by sub-paragraph (3) above as resulting from an offence of unlawfully obtaining any property; or
  - (b) it is in respect of injury, loss or damage as respects which—
    - (i) the offender is uninsured in relation to the use of the vehicle; and
    - (ii) compensation is not payable under any arrangements specified by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this paragraph;

and, where a compensation order is made in respect of injury, loss or damage due to such an accident, the amount to be paid may include an amount representing the whole or part of any loss of or reduction in preferential rates of insurance attributable to the accident.

- (4B) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4A) above, a person is not uninsured in relation to the use of a vehicle if—
  - (a) the vehicle is in the public service of the Crown; or
  - (b) the use of the vehicle is exempted from insurance by section 144 of the Road Traffic Act 1988 or paragraph (2) or paragraph (3) of Article 90 of the Road Traffic (Northern Ireland) Order 1981.]
- (5) In determining whether to make a compensation order against any person, and in determining the amount to be paid by any person under such an order, the court shall have regard to his means so far as they appear or are known to the court.
- [F72(6) Where the court considers—
  - (a) that it would be appropriate both to impose a fine and to make a compensation order, but

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

(b) that the person concerned has insufficient means to pay both an appropriate fine and appropriate compensation,

the court shall give preference to compensation (though it may impose a fine as well).]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F67** Words in Sch. 5A para. 11(1) substituted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 9(2); S.I. 1991/2719, art.2 (with art. 3(1))
- **F68** Sch. 5A, para. 11(1A) inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), **s. 9(3)**; S.I. 1991/2719, **art. 2** (with art. 3(1))
- **F69** Figure in Sch. 5A para. 11(2) substituted (1.10.1992) by virtue of Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53, SIF 39:1), ss. 17(3), 102(2), Sch. 4, Pt. I (with s. 28); S.I. 1992/333, art. 2(2), Sch. 2
- F70 Words in Sch. 5A, para. 11(4) repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 9(4), 26(2), Sch.3; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2,Sch (with art. 3(1)
- F71 Sch. 5A, para. 11(4A)(4B) inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 9(4); S.I. 1991/2719, art.2 (with art. 3(1))
- F72 Sch. 5A, para. 11(6) inserted (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (C. 62, SIF 7:1), s. 9(5); S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2 (with art. 3(1))

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

- C2 Sch. 5A para. 11(2): power to amend conferred by Magistrates Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), s. 143(1) (2)(g) as substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 48(1)(a)(b)(iii)
- 12 (1) The operation of a compensation order made by a court-martial shall be suspended
  - in any case until the end of the period specified under Part II of the MII Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 as the period within which an application for leave to appeal mustbe lodged; and
  - (b) if such an application is duly lodged, until either the application is finally refused or it is withdrawn or the appeal is determined or abandoned.
  - (2) The operation of a compensation order made by a Standing Civilian Court shall be suspended\*M
    - (a) in any case until the end of the period within which notice of appeal may be given; and
    - (b) if such notice is given, until the appeal is determined or abandoned.
  - (3) Where a compensation order has been made against any person in respect of an offence taken intoconsideration in determining his sentence—
    - (a) the order shall cease to have effect if he successfully petitions or appeals against his conviction of the offence or all the offences of which he was convicted in the proceedings in which the order was made; and
    - (b) he may petition or appeal against the order as if it were part of the sentence imposed for the offencein respect of which it was made.

#### **Marginal Citations**

M11 1968 c.20.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

Imposition of fines on and making of compensation orders against parents and guardians

# 13 [F73(1) Where—

- [ a civilian under 17 years of age is found guilty of an offence; and  $^{\rm F74}(a)$ 
  - (b) the court is of the opinion that the case would best be met (whether or not in conjunction with anyother punishment) by the exercise of any power of the court to impose a fine in respect of the offence orto make a compensation order in respect of the offence or of any other offence taken into consideration indetermining sentence,]

it shall be the duty of the court to order that the fine or compensation awarded be paid by any parentor guardian of his who is a service parent or guardian, instead of by the person himself, unless the courtis satisfied—

- (i) that the parent or guardian cannot be found; or
- (ii) that it would be unreasonable to make an order for payment, having regard to the circumstances of thecase.
- (2) An order under this paragraph may be made against the parent or guardian if—
  - (a) he has been required to attend in the manner prescribed by [F75 rules] under section 103 aboveor, as the case may be, by an order under paragraph 12 of Schedule 3 to the Armed Forces Act M12 1976 to attend the court, and
  - (b) he has failed to do so,

but, save as aforesaid, no such order shall be made without giving the parent or guardian anopportunity of being heard.]

- [F<sup>76</sup>(3) A parent or guardian on or against whom a fine has been imposed or compensation order made under thisparagraph may petition or appeal against the sentence as follows, that is to say—
  - (a) if the court which imposed the fine or made the order was a court-martial, the parent or guardian maypresent a petition in accordance with [F77] section 113] of this Act against sentence or may appeal against sentence in accordance with section 8 of the M13 Courts-Martial (Appeals) Act 1968 as ifhe had been convicted of and sentenced for the offence by the court-martial; or
  - (b) if the court which imposed the fine or made the order was a Standing Civilian Court, the parent orguardian may present a petition in accordance with [F77] section 113] of this Act against sentence or may appealagainst sentence under paragraph 18 of Schedule 3 to the M14 Armed Forces Act 1976 as ifhe had been convicted of and sentenced for the offence by the Court.]
  - (4) If a parent or guardian against whom a fine is so imposed or an order so made—
    - (a) is a member of the regular forces, or
    - (b) is a member of the regular air force, as defined by section 223(1) of the MIS Air ForceAct 1955, or
    - (c) is subject to the M16Naval Discipline Act 1957,

any sum which he is liable to pay, in so far as not otherwise paid by him, may be deducted from hispay.

#### **Textual Amendments**

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

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F74 Sch. 5A para. 13(1)(a)(b) substituted (retrospectively) by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(1), Sch. 1 para. 11
F75 Words in Sch. 5A para. 13(2)(a) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 5, Sch. 1 Pt. IV para. 75; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
F76 Para. 13(3) substituted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), Sch. 1 para. 3(6)
F77 Words in Sch. 5A para. 13(3) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(1), Sch. 6 para. 7; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
Marginal Citations
M12 1976 c.52(7:1).
M13 1968 c. 20.
M14 1976 c. 52.
M15 1955 c. 19.
M16 1957 c. 53.
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# Orders requiring parents or guardians to enter into recognisance

- (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) below, where a civilian under 17 years of age is found guilty of anyoffence, the court may make an order requiring any parent or guardian of his who is a service parent orguardian to enter into a recognisance for an amount not exceeding [F78£1000] for a period not exceeding one year to exercise proper control over him
  - (2) The power conferred by sub-paragraph (1) above shall not be exercisable unless the parent or guardian consents.
  - (3) Before making an order in the exercise of that power the court shall explain to the parent or guardianin ordinary language that if the offender is found guilty by court-martial under any of the Services Actsor by a Standing Civilian Court of another offence committed during the period specified in the order, hisrecognisance may be forfeited under sub-paragraph (4) below.
  - (4) If a person whose parent or guardian has entered into a recognisance under this paragraph is foundguilty by court-martial under any of the Services Acts or by a Standing Civilian Court of any offencecommitted within the period specified in the order, the recognisance or any part of it may in the prescribedmanner be declared to be forfeited (without prejudice to any power of the court to punish the offender orto make any other order against him or an order against his parent or guardian under this paragraph orparagraph 13 above) and the person bound by it adjudged, subject to sub-paragraphs B (5) and (6) below, topay the sum in which he is bound or any lesser sum.
  - (5) No declaration may be made except against a person who is a service parent or guardian when it is made.
  - (6) No declaration may be made against any person without giving him an opportunity of being heardunless—
    - (a) he has been required in the manner prescribed by [F79 rules] under section 103 above or, as the case may be, by an order under paragraph 12 of Schedule 3 to the M17 Armed Forces Act 1976 to attend the court, and
    - (b) he has failed to do so.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (7) Payment of any sum adjudged to be paid under this paragraph shall be enforceable as if it were a fineimposed for an offence against section 70 above.
- (8) No appeal shall lie from an order or declaration under this paragraph.
- [F80(9) In this paragraph "guardian", in relation to an offender, includes any individual who,in the court's opinion, has control of the offender.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F78 Figure substituted by virtue of Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch.8 para. 10(1)(2) and S.I. 1984/447, art. 2(1), Sch. 1
- F79 Words in Sch. 5A para. 14(6)(a) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 5, Sch. 1 Pt. IV para. 75; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- F80 Para. 14(9) inserted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), Sch. 1 para. 3(9)

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C3 Sch. 5A para. 14(1): power to amend conferred by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c.43, SIF 82), s. 143(1) (2)(h) (as substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s.48(1)(a)(b)(iii))

#### **Marginal Citations**

M17 1976 c. 52.

#### Scale of punishments and orders

- 15 (1) In their application to civilians, references in this Act to any punishment provided by this Act are, subject to sub-paragraphs (4) to (7) below and to the limitation imposed in any particular case by the addition of the word "less", references to any one or more of the punishments that may be awarded to civilians under this Act or of the orders that may be made against them under it.
  - (2) For the purposes of Part II of this Act—
    - (a) a punishment or order specified in any paragraph of one of the columns in the Table below shall be treated as less than any punishments or orders specified in the paragraphs preceding that paragraph and greater than those specified in the paragraphs following it; and
    - (b) a fine on or compensation order against an offender's parent or guardian shall be treated as involving the same degree of punishment as a fine of the same amount on the offender or, as the case may be, a compensation order of the same amount against him.
  - (3) In the Table—
    - (a) the first column applies in the case of a person who at the date of his conviction had attained 21 years of age;
    - (b) the second column applies in the case of a person who at the date of his conviction had attained 17 years of age but was under 21 years of age; and
    - (c) the third column applies in the case of a person who at the date of his conviction was under 17 years of age.

Table

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# Grading of Punishments and Orders

Offender 21 or over	Offender 17 or over but under 21	Offender under 17
1. Death.	1. Death.	1. Detention as the Secretary of State may direct.
		[F81] 1A. Custodial Order.]
2. Imprisonment.	2. [F82 custody for life].	F83
3. Fine.	3. Custodial order.	3. Fine.
[ <sup>F84</sup> 3A. Community supervision order.]		
4. Compensation order.	4. Fine.	4. Community supervision order.
5. Order for conditional discharge.	5. Community supervision order.	5. Compensation order.
6. Order for absolute discharge.	6. Compensation order.	6. Order binding over parent.
	7. Order for conditional discharge.	7. Order for conditional discharge.
	8. Order for absolute discharge.	8. Order for absolute discharge.

Note. In the application of the above Table—

- (a) to a person convicted of murder [F85 or any other offence the sentence for which is fixed by law as life imprisonment] who was under 18 years of age when the offence was committed, or
- (b) to a person convicted of any offence who was under 18 years of age when the offence was committed and would be sentenced to death but for section 71A(3) above,

the references to death shall be omitted from the first and second columns, and a reference to detention during Her Majesty's pleasure shall be substituted—

- (i) for the reference to [F86 custody for life] in the second column, and
- (ii) for the reference to detention as the Secretary of State may direct in the third column.
- (4) No order requiring the giving of a consent of the making of an explanation may be made on any <sup>F87</sup>..., review <sup>F87</sup>... of a sentence or any appeal against a sentence without the consent being given or the explanation made.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (5) If a community supervision order is made on any such <sup>F88</sup>..., review, <sup>F88</sup>... or appeal, no other order may be made except a compensation order.
- (6) Where an order under paragraph 13 or 14 above was made at the trial, no other order under either of those paragraphs may be substituted for it on any such <sup>F88</sup>..., review <sup>F88</sup>... or appeal.
- (7) Where—
- (a) on the trial of any person an order might have been made against his parent or guardian under paragraph 13 or 14 above, and
- (b) there is power, on <sup>F88</sup>..., review, <sup>F88</sup>... or appeal, to substitute a fine or compensation order for the order made on the trial,

that power shall include—

- (i) power to substitute a fine or compensation order of an equal or smaller amount under paragraph 13 above, and
- (ii) power to make an order under paragraph 14 above which is not of greater severity, in the opinion of the person to whom it falls to exercise the power, than the order made on the trial.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F81** Entry inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 11(5)(6)
- F82 Words substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 11(a)
- **F83** Sch. 5A para. 15(3) Table column 3 para. 2 repealed (1.1.1992) by Armed Forces Act 1991 (c. 62, SIF 7:1), ss. 6(c), 26(2), **Sch. 3**; S.I. 1991/2719, art. 2, **Sch.**
- **F84** Entry inserted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 10(2)
- **F85** Words in Sch. 5A para. 15 Note para.(a) inserted (30.11.2000 with effect as mentioned in Sch. 7 para. 18(4) of the amending Act) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, Sch. 7 para. 18(3)(c)(i)
- F86 Words substituted by Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c. 48, SIF 39:1), s. 58, Sch. 8 para. 11(b)
- **F87** Words in Sch. 5A para. 15(4) repealed (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), **Sch. 7 Pt. II**; S.I. 1997/304, **art. 2** (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)
- **F88** Words in Sch. 5A para. 15(5)-(7) repealed (1.4.1997 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), Sch. 7 Pt. II; S.I. 1997/304, art. 2 (with transitional provisions in Sch. 2)

# Indemnity for persons carrying out orders under Schedule

No action shall lie in respect of anything done by any person in pursuance of an order under this Schedule if the doing thereof would have been lawful but for a defect in any instrument made for the purposes of that order.

#### Regulations

- 17 (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision supplementary or incidental to the provisions of this Schedule.
  - (2) The power to make regulations conferred by this paragraph includes power to make provision for specifiedcases or classes of cases, and for the purpose of any such

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

orders classes of cases may be defined by reference to any circumstances specified in the regulations.

(3) The power to make such regulations shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

#### SIXTH SCHEDULE

Section 208.

AP	PLICATION OF MILITARY LAW TO ATTACHED MEMBERS OF NAVAL AND AIR FORCES
1	(1) As respects the punishment of a person subject to military law by virtue of section two hundred and eight of this Act, the following adaptations shall have effect.
	(2)
	(3) In relation to members of any of Her Majesty's naval forces <sup>F90</sup> , references to reduction to the ranks or any less reduction in rank shall beconstrued as references to disrating to an extent not greater than that which would have been authorised on conviction by a court-martial under [F90] the M18 Naval Discipline Act 1957], F90
Textu F89 F90	
,	ginal Citations 3 1957 c. 53.
2	For the purposes of the provisions of this Act relating to the constitution of courts-martial an officersubject to military law as aforesaid shall be treated as an officer belonging to Her Majesty's militaryforces of corresponding rank.
3, 4	F91

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F91** Sch. 6 paras. 3 and 4 repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

- In proceedings under this Act against a person subject to military law as aforesaid any document whichwould have been evidence in the like proceedings under his own service law shall be evidence in like manner, subject to the like conditions and for the like purposes as in the first-mentioned proceedings.
- In the application of this Act to a person subject to military law as aforesaid references to theregular forces shall include references to his own service, and references to any rank shall includereferences to the corresponding rank of his own service.
- In relation to a person subject to military law as aforesaid subsection (3) of section one hundred andthirty-two of this Act shall have effect with the [F92] substitution for references to military law of references to service law.]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F92** Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1986 (c. 21, SIF 7:1), s. 16(1), Sch. 1 para. 6(1)

In the application of sections one hundred and forty-four and one hundred and forty-nine of this Actto a person subject to military law as aforesaid references to a Royal Warrant shall include references to an Order in Council (if he is a member of any of Her Majesty's naval forces) or to an order under section two of the M19 Air Force (Constitution) Act 1917 (if he is a member of any of Her Majesty's air forces).

#### **Marginal Citations**

M19 1917 c. 51.

- 9 Sections one hundred and fifty to one hundred and fifty-two and one hundred and eighty of this Act shallnot apply to a person subject to military law as aforesaid.
- 10 In this Schedule—
  - (a) references to a person's own service shall be construed as references to the naval or air force to whichhe belongs,
  - (b) references to a person's own service law shall be construed as references to [F93 the M20 Naval Discipline Act 1957] or to air-force law, and
  - (c) ...... F94

according as he is a member of Her Majesty's naval forces or Her Majesty's air forces.

# **Textual Amendments**

**F93** Words substituted by virtue of Naval Discipline Act 1957 (c. 53), s. 137(2)

**F94** Para. 10(c) repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

# **Marginal Citations**

M20 1957 c. 53

#### SEVENTH SCHEDULE

#### PROVISIONS AS TO ROYAL MARINES

#### PART I

# ENLISTMENT, SERVICE AND DISCHARGE

[F95] The provisions of the six following paragraphs shall have effect in substitution for sections 4 to . . . F96 13].

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

Textu	al Amendments
	Para. 1 substituted by Armed Forces Act 1966 (c. 45), s. 13(1), Sch. 3 para. 3 Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), Sch. 10
2.2	words repeated by Armed Forces Act 1770 (c. 32), Sen. 10

2, 3. F9'

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F97** Sch. 7 paras. 2, 3, 4(2)(3) repealed with saving by S.I. 1988/1395, reg. 13

[F984] (1) The provisions of this and the two next following paragraphs shall have effect as to the prolongation of service of a marine.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F98 Paras. 4—4B substituted for para. 4 by Armed Forces Act 1966 (c. 45), ss. 13,37(3), Sch. 3 para. 1

**F99** Sch. 7 paras. 2, 3, 4(2)(3) repealed with saving by S.I. 1988/1395, reg. 13

4A[F100(1)] This paragraph applies to a marine serving in the Royal Marines if, on the relevant date, a call-out order under section 52, 54 or 56 of the Reserve Forces Act 1996 is in force authorising the call out for permanent service of members of the Royal Fleet Reserve.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "the relevant date", in relation to a marine, means the date on which he would, apart from this paragraph, fall to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve or he would be entitled to be discharged, as the case may be.

- F100(1A) A marine to whom this paragraph applies may be retained in service in the Royal Marines after the relevant date in accordance with this paragraph for such period as the competent authority may order, and his service may be prolonged accordingly.
- F100(1B) The period for which a marine may be retained in service after the relevant date by virtue of this paragraph shall be limited as follows, that is to say—
  - (a) a marine who would otherwise have fallen to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve may not be retained for longer than the period for which, if the assumptions mentioned in sub-paragraph (1C) below are made in relation to him, he could have been required to serve on being called out under Part VI of the Reserve Forces Act 1996; or
  - (b) a marine who would otherwise have been discharged may not be retained for longer than twelve months;

and a marine who is retained in service is (if not transferred or discharged sooner) entitled to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve or discharged, as the case may require, at the end of whichever of the above periods applies to him.

- F100(1C) The assumptions to be made in relation to a marine for the purposes of sub-paragraph (1B)(a) above are that—
  - (a) he was transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve in time to be called out for permanent service starting on the relevant date; and

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (b) he was so called out on the authority of the call-out order which justified his retention in service.]
- (5) If while a person is being retained in service in the Royal Marines by virtue of this paragraph itappears to the competent authority that his service can be dispensed with, he shall be entitled to be discharged or transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve as the case may require.
- (6) Where, at the time at which under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph a person is entitled tobe discharged or transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve, a state of war exists between Her Majesty and any foreign power, he may, by a declaration made before his commanding officer in a form prescribed byregulations of the Defence Council, agree to continue in service in the Royal Marines while such a stateof war exists; and, if the competent authority approve, he may continue accordingly as if the period forwhich his term of service could be prolonged under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph were a periodcontinuing so long as a state of war exists:

Provided that, if it is so specified in the declaration, he shall be entitled to be discharged ortransferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve, as the case may require, at the expiration of three months' notice given by him to his commanding officer.

- [F101(6A)] Where a marine is retained in service by virtue of this paragraph but would otherwise have fallen to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve—
  - (a) any period for which he is liable to serve in the Royal Fleet Reserve after the completion of his service in the Royal Marines shall be reduced by the period for which he is so retained; and
  - (b) the period for which he is so retained shall be treated as a period of relevant service for the purposes of any provision of Part IV, V, VI or VII of the Reserve Forces Act 1996.]
  - (7) In relation to marines serving outside the United Kingdom, references in this paragraph to beingentitled to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve shall be construed as references to being entitled to be sent to the United Kingdom with all convenient speed for the purpose of being transferred to that Reserve.
  - [F102(8)] References in this paragraph to men of the Royal Fleet Reserve being called into actual service arereferences to their being called into actual or permanent service under the authority of an order of HerMajesty made on its appearing to Her that national danger is imminent or a great emergency has arisen, orinto actual service under [F103 section 16(1) of the M21 Reserve Forces Act 1980].]

# **Textual Amendments**

**F100** Sch. 7 para. 4A(1)(1A)-(1C) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to saving in para. 4 of amending Sch.) for Sch. 7 para. 4A(1)-(4) by 1996 c. 14, s. 126, Sch. 7 paras. 3(1)(2), 4 (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, art. 2(1)

**F101** Sch. 7 para. 4A(6A) inserted (1.4.1997 subject to saving in para. 4 of amending Sch.) by 1996 c. 14, s. 126, Sch. 7 paras. 3(1)(3), 4 (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, art. 2(1)

**F102** Sch. 7 para. 4A(8) ceased to have effect (1.4.1997 subject to saving in para. 4 of amending Sch.) by 1996 c. 14, s. 126, Sch. 7 paras. 3(1)(4), 4 (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, art. 2(1)

F103 Words substituted by Reserve Forces Act 1980 (c. 9), s. 157(1), Sch. 9 para. 4

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C4 Sch. 7 para. 4A modified (1.1.1999) by S.I. 1998/3086, reg. 11, Sch. para. 4

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# **Marginal Citations**

**M21** 1980 c. 9.

- 4B (1) If it appears to Her Majesty that national danger is imminent or that a great emergency has arisen, Shemay by order, signified under the hand of the Secretary of State, provide that marines serving in the Royal Marines who would otherwise fall to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve shall continue in service inthe Royal Marines; and thereupon the last foregoing paragraph shall apply to such persons as it applieswhile [F104] a call-out order under section 52 of the Reserve Forces Act 1996 authorising the call out of members of the Royal Fleet Reserve is in force].
  - (2) Where an order is made under sub-paragraph (1) above, the occasion thereof shall forthwith becommunicated to Parliament.
  - (3) An order in force under sub-paragraph (1) above may be revoked by an order of Her Majesty signified astherein mentioned.

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F104** Words in Sch. 7 para. 4B(1) substituted (1.4.1997 subject to saving in para. 4 of amending Sch.) by 1996 c. 14, s. 126, Sch. 7 paras. 3(1)(5), 4 (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, art. 2(1)

#### **Modifications etc. (not altering text)**

C5 Sch. 7 para. 4B modified (1.1.1999) by S.I. 1998/3086, reg. 11, Sch. para. 4

- 5 (1) The following provisions shall have effect as to the discharge and transfer to the Royal Fleet Reserveof marines serving in the Royal Marines.
  - (2) Save as hereinafter provided, a marine, upon becoming entitled to be discharged or transferred, shallbe discharged or transferred with all convenient speed, but until discharged or transferred shall be treated if his period of service in the Royal Marines had not come to an end.
- [F105(2A)] Where a marine enlisted in the United Kingdom is, when entitled to be discharged, serving out of the United Kingdom, then—
  - (a) if he requires to be discharged in the United Kingdom, he shall be sent there free of cost with all convenient speed and shall be discharged on his arrival there or, if he consents to his discharge being delayed, within six months from his arrival; but
  - (b) if at his request he is discharged at the place where he is serving he shall have no claim to be sentto the United Kingdom or elsewhere.
  - (2B) A marine who is discharged in the United Kingdom shall be entitled to be conveyed free of cost from theplace where he is discharged to the place stated in his attestation paper to be the place where he wasattested or to any place at which he intends to reside and to which he can be conveyed with no greater cost.
  - (2C) Where a marine, when falling to be transferred to the Royal Fleet Reserve, is serving out of the UnitedKingdom, he shall be sent to the United Kingdom free of cost with all convenient speed and shall betransferred to the Reserve on his arrival there, or if he consents to his transfer being delayed, withinsix months from his arrival:
    - Provided that if he so requests he may be transferred to the Reserve without being required to return to the United Kingdom.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

(2D) A marine who is transferred to the Reserve in the United Kingdom shall be entitled
to be conveyed freeof cost from the place where he is transferred to the place stated
in his attestation paper to be the placewhere he was attested or to any place at which
he intends to reside and to which he can be conveyed withno greater cost:

Provided that he shall not be entitled to be conveyed to any place outside the United Kingdom.]

1	(3)	)																F10	)6
۸		,																	

- (5) Where a marine who has, or is reasonably suspected of having, committed an offence under [F107] the M22 Naval Discipline Act 1957] is entitled to be discharged or transferred at a time before he has been tried and punished for theoffence, section one hundred and thirty-one shall with the necessary modifications apply in relation to theoffence as if references therein to a court-martial and to military law included references to a navalcourt-martial and to [F107] the Naval Discipline Act 1957].
- (7) Every marine shall on his discharge be given a certificate of discharge containing [F109] the following particulars, namely—
  - (a) his name, rank and service number;
  - (b) his reserve liability (if applicable); and
  - (c) the reason for his discharge and the date of discharge,

together with any other particulars which are required to be included in the certificate by directions of the Defence Council or an officer authorised by them.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F105 Paras. 5 (2A)—(2D) inserted by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), s. 3(2), Sch. 1 Pt.II para. 3

**F106** Sch. 7 para. 5(3)(4) repealed by Armed Forces Act 1966 (c. 45), ss. 13(1), 37(3), Sch.5

F107 Words substituted by virtue of Naval Discipline Act 1957 (c. 53), s. 137(2)

F108 Sch. 7 para. 5(6) repealed by Army and Air Force Act 1961 (c. 52), Sch. 1 para. 5(2)

**F109** Words in Sch. 7 para. 5(7) and Sch. 7 para. 5(7)(a)(b)(c) substituted (1.5.2001) for words in Sch. 7 para. 5(7) by 1996 c. 46, s. 3(1); S.I. 2001/1519, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M22** 1957 c. 53

5A F11

#### **Textual Amendments**

F110 Sch. 7 para. 5A repealed by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), Sch. 10

6 Subsections (1) and (2) of section three, ... Fill, shall not apply to marines.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### **Textual Amendments**

F111 Words repealed by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), Sch. 10 and Armed Forces Act 1981 (c.55), Sch. 5 Pt. II

Section eighteen shall have effect, in relation to men of the Royal Marines, as if references toenlistment included references to re-engagement, and in relation to re-engagement references to the declaration mentioned in that section and to attestation or an attestation paper included references to the declaration required by sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 3 of this Schedule.

F<sup>112</sup>8 .....

#### **Textual Amendments**

F112 Sch. 7 para. 8 repealed (1.10.1996 subject to art. 3 of the commencing S.I.) by 1996 c. 46, s. 35(2), Sch. 7 Pt. III; S.I. 1996/2474, arts. 2, 3, Sch.

9 F113

#### **Textual Amendments**

F113 Sch. 7 para. 9 repealed by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), Sch. 4 Pt. II

In this Part of this Schedule references to a marine include references to [F114] warrant officer and] a non-commissioned officer [F115] and the expression "competent authority" means the Defence Council or an officer authorised by regulations of the Defence Council to act for the purposes of this Part of this Schedule].

#### **Textual Amendments**

F114 Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), Sch. 3 para. 4(2)(a)

F115 Words added by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

[F116] Subsection (2) of section 22 applies to the powers to make regulations conferred by this Part of this Schedule as it applies to other powers under Part I of this Act.]

# **Textual Amendments**

F116 Sch. 7 Pt. I para. 10A inserted (1.5.2001) by 1996 c. 46, s. 4(2) (with s. 4(4)); S.I. 2001/1519, art. 2

#### PART II

#### MISCELLANEOUS ADAPTATIONS

11 F11

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# Textual Amendments F117 Sch. 7 para. 11 repealed by S.I. 1964/488. Sch. 1 Pt. I 12, 12A. F118 Textual Amendments F118 Sch. 7 paras. 12 and 12A repealed by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), s. 78(4), Sch. 4 Pt.I 13—15. F119 Textual Amendments F119 Sch. 7 paras. 13–15, 17, 20 and 21 repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I 16 In the provisions of this Act relating to confessions of desertion, to forfeitures of and deductions from pay, to evidence, and to the execution of orders and instruments, references . . F120 to a military authority shall include . . F120 references . . F120

#### **Textual Amendments**

F120 Words repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

to a naval authority.

17 F121

# **Textual Amendments**

F121 Sch. 7 paras. 13–15, 17, 20 and 21 repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

In the provisions of this Act relating to forfeitures of and deductions from pay references to a RoyalWarrant shall include references to an Order in Council; . . . F122

#### **Textual Amendments**

F122 Words repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

[F12319 Except to the extent that they are applied by paragraph 22 below, sections 150 and 151 shall not applyto officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and marines of the Royal Marines, the [F124Royal Marines Reserve] or the Royal Fleet Reserve.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F123 Para. 19 substituted by Armed Forces Act 1976 (c. 52), s. 3(1), Sch. 1 Pt. I para. 2

F124 Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), Sch. 4 para. 1(2)

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

20, 21. F125

#### **Textual Amendments**

F125 Sch. 7 paras. 13–15, 17, 20 and 21 repealed by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

- In this Act the expression "the regular forces" does not include officers, [F126] warrant officers] non-commissioned officers, or marines of the [F127]Royal Marines Reserve [F128] or marine officers, marine warrant officers or non-commissioned officers or marines of [], the Royal Fleet Reserve . . . F129; but the provisions of section two hundred and eleven shall apply—
  - (a) to such officers as they apply to officers of [F130] the army reserve],
  - (b) to such [F126warrant officers] non-commissioned officers and marines as they apply to [F126warrant officers] non-commissioned officers and men of the army reserve.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F126 Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), Sch. 3 para. 4(2)(b)(c)
- F127 Words substituted by Armed Forces Act 1981 (c. 55), Sch. 4 para. 1(2)
- **F128** Words in Sch. 7 para. 22 inserted (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 14, s. 131(1), **Sch. 10 para. 8(a)** (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, **art. 2(1)**
- F129 Words repealed by Navy, Army and Air Force Reserves Act 1959 (c. 10), Sch.
- **F130** Words in Sch. 7 para. 22(a) substituted (1.4.1997) by 1996 c. 14, s. 131(1), **Sch. 10 para. 8(b)** (with s. 72(5)); S.I. 1997/305, **art. 2(1)**

#### PART III

# **TRANSFERS**

A [F131] warrant officer] non-commissioned officer or marine of the Royal Marines may, with his consent, at any time betransferred by [F132] order of the Defence Council] to another corps of the regular forces; and a warrant officer, non-commissioned officer or soldierserving in a corps of the regular forces other than the Royal Marines may, with his consent, at any timebe transferred by such an order to the Royal Marines.

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F131 Words inserted by Armed Forces Act 1971 (c. 33), Sch. 3 para. 4(2)(b)(c)
- F132 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I
- Where a person is in pursuance of the last foregoing paragraph transferred to the Royal Marines, [F133] or to another corps, the Defence Council], may by order vary the conditions of his service so as to conform to such conditions of service inthe corps to which he is transferred as correspond, as nearly as may be, with the conditions of his serviceimmediately before the transfer.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/05/2001.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# **Textual Amendments**

F133 Words substituted by S.I. 1964/488, Sch. 1 Pt. I

# **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/05/2001.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Army Act 1955 (repealed).