



Naval Discipline Act 1957 (repealed)

1957 CHAPTER 53 5 and 6 Eliz 2

PART III

PROVISIONS RELATING TO CIVILIANS AND CIVIL AUTHORITIES

Powers of civil courts and authorities as to deserters and absentees

108 Deserters and absentees surrendering to police.

- (1) Where a person surrenders himself to a constable as being a person who is illegally absent from any of Her Majesty's naval forces, the constable shall, unless that person surrenders himself at a police station, bring him to a police station.
- (2) The officer of police in charge of a police station at which a person has surrendered himself as aforesaid, or to which a person who has so surrendered himself is brought, shall forthwith inquire into the case; and if it appears to that officer that the said person is illegally absent as aforesaid he may cause him to be delivered into naval custody without bringing him before a court of summary jurisdiction or may bring him before such a court.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 [S. 108](#) as read with s. 126 extended by [Guyana Independence Act 1966 \(c. 14\)](#), [s. 5\(2\)](#)

Textual Amendments applied to the whole legislation

F1 Act repealed (prosp.) by [Armed Forces Act 2006 \(c. 52\)](#), ss. 378, 383, [Sch. 17](#) and the repeal being partly in force, as to which see individual provisions

Status:

Point in time view as at 03/02/2006. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation:

Naval Discipline Act 1957 (repealed), Section 108 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 July 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.