

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2019 No. 148

**EXITING THE EUROPEAN UNION
CUSTOMS**

**The Customs (Contravention of a Relevant
Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019**

*Made - - - - 29th January 2019
Laid before the House of
Commons - - - - 31st January 2019
Coming into force in accordance with regulation 1(2)
and (3)*

The Treasury make these Regulations in exercise of their powers in section 26(1)(a) and (b) and (5A) of the Finance Act 2003 ^{M1}.

The Treasury consider it appropriate in consequence of, or otherwise in connection with, the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union, that regulation 2 of these Regulations come into force on such day as the Treasury may appoint under section 52(2) of the Taxation (Cross-border Trade) Act 2018 ^{M2}.

Marginal Citations

- M1** 2003 c. 14. Section 26 was amended by paragraph 150 of Schedule 7 to the [Taxation \(Cross-border Trade\) Act 2018 \(c. 22\)](#) (“TCBA”).
- M2** 2018 c. 22.

Citation and commencement

1.—(1) These Regulations may be cited as the Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.

(2) Regulations 1 and 3 come into force 21 days after the day on which these Regulations are made.

(3) Regulation 2 comes into force on such day as the Treasury may appoint.

Commencement Information

- I1** Reg. 1 in force at 19.2.2019, see [reg. 1\(2\)](#)

Regulation 38(1) The authorised EIDR export £2,500.
Requirement to allow access declarant.

to EIDR electronic system or provide information.

An authorised EIDR export declarant must, when required to do so by an HMRC officer:

- (a) allow an officer access to the EIDR electronic system operated by the declarant; or
- (b) provide to the officer, from that system, information which the officer reasonably requires in order to verify EIDR records, or other records showing whether or not any goods have been exported which are subject to a prohibition or restriction on export imposed under an enactment.

Regulation 40(1), (3), (4) and A or (where applicable) B. £2,500.
(5)

Save where regulation 40(1) is disapplied by regulation 40(2), goods, in respect of which an export declaration has been made, must be made available, by the person specified in regulation 40(3) (“A”) or (where applicable) the person required to do so in regulation 40(4) (“B”), for examination at an appropriate place within a period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the declaration was made and A or (where applicable) B, must give HMRC a notification setting out when and where the goods are to be made so available.

Regulation 41(3) The person required by an £1,000.
To comply immediately or HMRC officer to comply with
at a specified time with the the requirement.
requirements to:

- (a) provide information (and documents) to the officer as specified by the officer;
- (b) handle goods, or otherwise deal with them, in accordance with instructions given by the

officer (whether given orally or in any other way), or
(c) keep the goods in any place specified by the officer.

[^{F1}Discharge from a common export procedure

Regulation 50(3) and (4) The person who exported the £2,500.]
A person who exported goods goods or (where applicable) P.
that have been presented to Customs on export is required to inform HMRC that the goods have been exported except if they secure that another person (“P”) is to do it on their behalf.

Presentation of goods on export

The Customs (Export) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

Regulation 51(1), (2) and (3) A person mentioned in £2,500.
A person mentioned in regulation 51(2) who is required to give the notification.
must give a notification of export of goods to HMRC, except where another person mentioned in regulation 51(2) has given it, or is deemed to have given it, prior to the export of the goods and in compliance with regulation 51(4) to (6).

Goods exported from RoRo listed locations

The Customs (Export) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

Regulation 54(2) The person who made the £2,500.
Where goods are carried by export declaration (E) or (where RoRo vehicles to, and are applicable) a person who has exported on RoRo vehicles been secured by E to make the from, RoRo listed locations goods available for examination goods must be made available on E's behalf.
for examination—
(a) in cases specified in a notice which may be given by HMRC;
or
(b) if an HMRC officer requires that the goods are available for examination ^{F2}....

[^{F3}Unaccompanied goods

The Customs (Export) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

Regulation 54B(1) The person who made the £2,500.]
 Where goods are exported export declaration (E) or (where applicable) a person who has been secured by E to make the goods available for examination on E's behalf.
 on a through train from St Pancras International goods must be made available for examination—
 (a) in cases specified in a notice which may be given by HMRC;
 or
 (b) if an HMRC officer requires that the goods are available for examination.

Customs agents

The Customs (Export) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

Regulation 57(1) A. £2,500.
 Save where regulation 57(1) is disapplied by regulation 57(2), where a person (“P”) appoints another person (“A”) to act on P's behalf as a Customs agent ^{M9}, A must disclose that agency in each export declaration which is made by A as agent for P.

Regulation 58(2) The principal who was required £1,000.
 Where a person's appointment as a Customs agent is required to be disclosed in an export declaration by regulation 57(1) and the appointment is withdrawn, the principal must disclose the withdrawal by amending each export declaration in which disclosure of the appointment was required to be given.
 to disclose the withdrawal of the appointment.

Regulation 58(4) C £1,000.
 Where an appointment in respect of an export declaration is withdrawn and the principal appoints another person (“C”) as a Customs agent in respect of the export declaration, C must comply with regulation 58(2) instead of the principal and disclose with the amendment

to the export declaration that C is acting as a Customs agent in respect of the export declaration.

Regulation 58(6) The customs agent to whom £1,000.”.
Where a Customs agent regulation 58(6) applies.
originally acting in the capacity of—

(a) a direct agent becomes an agent acting in the capacity of an indirect agent, or

(b) an indirect agent becomes an agent acting in the capacity of a direct agent,

the Customs agent must comply with regulation 58(2) instead of the principal and disclose with the amendment to the export declaration the agent's new capacity.

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in reg. 2(4) inserted (29.3.2019) by [The Taxation \(Cross-border Trade\) \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/486\)](#), regs. 1(2), **12(2)**
- F2** Words in reg. 2(4) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Taxation \(Cross-border Trade\) \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) \(EU Exit\) \(No. 2\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/1346\)](#), regs. 1(2), **8(2)(a)**; [S.I. 2020/1643](#), reg. 2, Sch.
- F3** Words in reg. 2(4) inserted (31.12.2020) by [The Taxation \(Cross-border Trade\) \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) \(EU Exit\) \(No. 2\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/1346\)](#), regs. 1(2), **8(2)(b)**; [S.I. 2020/1643](#), reg. 2, Sch.

Commencement Information

- I2** Reg. 2 not in force at made date, see reg. 1(3)
- I3** Reg. 2 in force at 31.12.2020 by [S.I. 2020/1643](#), reg. 2, **Sch.**

Marginal Citations

- M3** [S.I. 2003/3113](#) amended by [S.I. 2009/3164](#), [2011/2534](#), [2015/636](#), [2018/483](#) and [2018/1260](#).
- M4** As amended by regulation 5(20) of [S.I. 2018/1260](#).
- M5** [S.I. 2019/113](#).
- M6** The entries under “CTC, TIR and UK Transit” were inserted by [S.I. 2018/1260](#).
- M7** [S.I. 2019/108](#).
- M8** “Simplified export declaration process” is defined in regulation 31(1) of [S.I. 2019/XXXX](#) [[Export Regs](#)].
- M9** “Customs agent” is defined in section 21 of the TCBA.

Amendment of the Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018

3.—(1) The Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations ^{M10} are amended as follows.

- (2) Renumber regulation 2(1) as regulation 2.
- (3) In regulation 5—
 - (a) in paragraph (10)(b) omit “rail”,
 - (b) in paragraph (16)(a) for “Implementing” substitute “ Importation ”,
 - (c) in paragraph (16)(c)—
 - (i) omit “ “Articles 48 and 49 and 59 of the Code and Regulation 5 of the Importation Regulation ^{M11}”, ” and
 - (ii) for “Articles 149” substitute “ Article 149 ”, and
 - (d) in paragraph (22) after “56(2)(d)” insert “ and (e) ”.
- (4) In paragraph (24), in the inserted table—
 - (a) under the heading “CTC, TIR and UK Transit” for “The Customs (Transit Procedures) (EU Exit) Regulations” substitute “ The Customs Transit Procedures (EU Exit) Regulations ”,
 - (b) under the entry “Paragraphs 6(1) and 18(1) of Schedule 2” for “Where are goods moved” substitute, “Where goods are moved”, and
 - (c) in the entry “Paragraph 61(6) of Schedule 1” omit “and any notice published under paragraph 63”.

Commencement Information

I4 Reg. 3 in force at 19.2.2019, see [reg. 1\(2\)](#)

Marginal Citations

M10 [S.I. 2018/1260](#).

M11 These entries were previously omitted by [S.I. 2018/483](#).

Mike Freer
Jeremy Quin
Two of the Lords Commissioners for Her
Majesty's Treasury

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations are made by the Treasury in connection with the withdrawal of the United Kingdom (“UK”) from the European Union (“EU”). They make amendments to the secondary legislation imposing civil penalties on those who contravene Customs rules relating to the import and export of goods into the UK in order to ensure that there is a functioning penalty regime following exit day in the event that the UK leaves the EU with no deal.

Regulation 1 provides for citation and commencement. Paragraph (2) provides that regulations 1 and 3 come into force 21 days after the instrument is made. Paragraph (3) provides that regulation 2 comes into force on a day to be appointed by Treasury Regulations pursuant to the power to make such provision contained in section 52(2) of the Taxation (Cross-border Trade) Act 2018 (c.22).

Regulation 2 makes further amendments to the Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) Regulations 2003 (S.I. 2003/3113) (“the 2003 Regulations”). The 2003 Regulations were previously amended by the Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1260) (“the 2018 Regulations”). Provision is made for the imposition of civil penalties relating to—

- breaches of export rules which are contained in the Customs (Export) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/108);
- breaches of record keeping rules which are contained in the Customs (Records) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/113).

Regulation 3 contains amendments to the 2018 Regulations. The amendments correct errors which have been identified in that instrument.

This instrument will be covered by an overarching HMRC impact assessment (second edition) which will be published and available on the website at <https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/customs-vat-and-excise-regulations-leaving-the-eu-with-no-deal>.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the The Customs (Contravention of a Relevant Rule) (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019.