Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Decision of 9 February 2010 establishing the classes of reaction-to-fire performance for certain construction products as regards cementitious screeds, calcium sulphate screeds and synthetic resin floor screeds (notified under document C(2010) 772) (Text with EEA relevance) (2010/85/EU), ANNEX. (See end of Document for details)

ANNEX

The tables set out in this Annex list construction products and/or materials which satisfy all of the requirements for the performance characteristic 'reaction-to-fire' without need for testing.

TABLE 1

Classes of reaction-to-fire performance for cementitious screeds and calcium sulphate screeds

Product ^a	Maximum layer thickness(mm)	Organic content(% in weight)	Class ^b		
Cementitious screeds according to EN 13813	30	< 20	E		
Calcium sulphate screeds according to EN 13813					

a Mounted on a substrate of at least class D-s2,d0 with minimum thickness 12 mm and with minimum density 680 kg/m³.

b Class E as provided for in Table 1 of the Annex to Commission Decision 2000/147/EC when the screed is used as underlying layer.

TABLE 2

Classes of reaction-to-fire performance for synthetic resin floor screeds

Product ^a	Maximum layer thickness(mm)	Organic content(% in weight)	Class ^b
Unfilled synthetic resin floor screeds with binder made of epoxy resin or polyurethane resin or polymethylmethacrylat resin or vinylester resin in accordance with EN 13813	4 tes	100	E or E _{fl}
Filled synthetic resin floor screeds with binder made of epoxy resin or polyurethane resin or polymethylmethacrylat resin or vinylester resin and filled with mineral aggregates in	10 tes	< 75	

a Mounted on a substrate of at least class A2-s1,d0 with minimum thickness 6 mm and with minimum density 1 800 kg/m³.

b Class E as provided for in Table 1 of the Annex to Commission Decision 2000/147/EC when the screed is used as underlying layer, or Class E_{fl} as provided for in Table 2 of the Annex to Commission Decision 2000/147/EC when the screed is used as wearing layer.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Decision of 9 February 2010 establishing the classes of reaction-to-fire performance for certain construction products as regards cementitious screeds, calcium sulphate screeds and synthetic resin floor screeds (notified under document C(2010) 772) (Text with EEA relevance) (2010/85/EU), ANNEX. (See end of Document for details)

accordance with EN 13813		
Filled synthetic resin floor screeds scattered with silica sand with binder made of epoxy resin or polyurethane resin or polyurethane resin or polymethylmethacrylat resin or vinylester resin and filled with mineral aggregates in accordance with EN 13813	10 es	< 75

a Mounted on a substrate of at least class A2-s1,d0 with minimum thickness 6 mm and with minimum density 1 800 kg/m³.

b Class E as provided for in Table 1 of the Annex to Commission Decision 2000/147/EC when the screed is used as underlying layer, or Class $E_{\rm fl}$ as provided for in Table 2 of the Annex to Commission Decision 2000/147/EC when the screed is used as wearing layer.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Decision of 9 February 2010 establishing the classes of reaction-to-fire performance for certain construction products as regards cementitious screeds, calcium sulphate screeds and synthetic resin floor screeds (notified under document C(2010) 772) (Text with EEA relevance) (2010/85/EU), ANNEX.