

Commission Implementing Decision of 17 December 2014 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N8 in Italy (notified under document C(2014) 10143) (Only the Italian text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance) (2014/936/EU)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION

of 17 December 2014

concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N8 in Italy

*(notified under document C(2014) 10143)*

(Only the Italian text is authentic)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2014/936/EU)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 89/662/EEC of 11 December 1989 concerning veterinary checks in intra-Community trade with a view to the completion of the internal market<sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/425/EEC of 26 June 1990 concerning veterinary and zootechnical checks applicable in intra-Community trade in certain live animals and products with a view to the completion of the internal market<sup>(2)</sup>, and in particular Article 10(4) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Avian influenza is an infectious viral disease in birds, including poultry. Infections with avian influenza viruses in domestic poultry cause two main forms of that disease that are distinguished by their virulence. The low pathogenic form generally only causes mild symptoms, while the highly pathogenic form results in very high mortality rates in most poultry species. That disease may have a severe impact on the profitability of poultry farming.
- (2) Avian influenza is mainly found in birds, but under certain circumstances infections can also occur in humans even though the risk is generally very low.
- (3) In the event of an outbreak of avian influenza, there is a risk that the disease agent might spread to other holdings where poultry or other captive birds are kept. As a result it may spread from one Member State to other Member States or to third countries through trade in live birds or their products.
- (4) Council Directive 2005/94/EC<sup>(3)</sup> sets out certain preventive measures relating to the surveillance and the early detection of avian influenza and the minimum control

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*Status: Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Decision of 17 December 2014 concerning certain protective measures in relation to highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N8 in Italy (notified under document C(2014) 10143) (Only the Italian text is authentic) (Text with EEA relevance) (2014/936/EU). (See end of Document for details)*

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measures to be applied in the event of an outbreak of that disease in poultry or other captive birds. That Directive provides for the establishment of protection and surveillance zones in the event of an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza.

- (5) Italy notified the Commission of an outbreak of highly pathogenic avian influenza of subtype H5N8 in a holding on its territory where poultry or other captive birds are kept and it immediately took the measures required pursuant to Directive 2005/94/EC, including the establishment of protection and surveillance zones, which should be defined in Parts A and B of the Annex to this Decision.
- (6) The Commission has examined those measures in collaboration with Italy, and it is satisfied that the borders of those zones established by the competent authority in that Member State are at a sufficient distance to the actual holding where the outbreak was confirmed.
- (7) In order to prevent any unnecessary disturbance to trade within the Union and to avoid unjustified barriers to trade being imposed by third countries, it is necessary to rapidly define those zones established in Italy at Union level and to provide that no consignments of live poultry, ready-to-lay poultry, day-old chicks and hatching eggs are dispatched from those zones to other Member States or to third countries.
- (8) Accordingly, the protection and surveillance zones in Italy, where the animal health control measures as laid down in Directive 2005/94/EC are applied, should be defined in this Decision and the duration of that regionalisation fixed.
- (9) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

*Article 1*

Italy shall ensure that the protection and surveillance zones established in accordance with Article 16(1) of Directive 2005/94/EC comprise at least the areas listed in Parts A and B of the Annex to this Decision.

*Article 2*

This Decision is addressed to the Italian Republic.

Done at Brussels, 17 December 2014.

*For the Commission*

Vytenis ANDRIUKAITIS

*Member of the Commission*

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## ANNEX

### PART A

Protection zone as referred to in Article 1:

ISO Country Code	Member State	Code(if available)	Name	Date until applicable in accordance with Article 29 of Directive 2005/94/EC
IT	Italy	45014	Area comprising: Porto Viro	9 January 2015

### PART B

Surveillance zone as referred to in Article 1:

ISO Country Code	Member State	Code(if available)	Name	Date until applicable in accordance with Article 31 of Directive 2005/94/EC
IT	Italy		Area comprising:	18 January 2015
		45011	Adria	
		45012	Ariano nel Polesine	
		30015	Chioggia	
		45015	Corbola	
		45017	Loreo	
		45010	Rosolina	
		45019	Taglio di Po	
		45018	Porto Tolle	

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- (1) [OJ L 395, 30.12.1989, p. 13.](#)
- (2) [OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29.](#)
- (3) Council Directive 2005/94/EC of 20 December 2005 on Community measures for the control of avian influenza and repealing Directive 92/40/EEC ([OJ L 10, 14.1.2006, p. 16](#)).

**Status:**

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**Changes to legislation:**

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