Council Directive of 27 July 1976 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (76/768/EEC) (repealed)

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE

of 27 July 1976

on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products

(76/768/EEC) (repealed)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 100 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament⁽¹⁾,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee⁽²⁾,

Whereas the provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in force in the Member States define the composition characteristics to which cosmetic products must conform and prescribe rules for their labelling and for their packaging; whereas these provisions differ from one Member State to another;

Whereas the differences between these laws oblige Community cosmetic producers to vary their production according to the Member State for which the products are intended; whereas, consequently, they hinder trade in these products and, as a result, have a direct effect on the establishment and functioning of the common market;

Whereas the main objective of these laws is the safeguarding of public health and whereas, as a result, the pursuit of the same objective must inspire Community legislation in this sector; whereas, however, this objective must be attained by means which also take account of economic and technological requirements;

Whereas it is necessary to determine at Community level the regulations which must be observed as regards the composition, labelling and packaging of cosmetic products;

Whereas this Directive relates only to cosmetic products and not to pharmaceutical specialities and medicinal products; whereas for this purpose it is necessary to define the scope of the Directive by delimiting the field of cosmetics from that of pharmaceuticals; whereas this delimitation follows in particular from the detailed definition of cosmetic products, which refers both to their areas of application and to the purposes of their use; whereas this Directive is not applicable to the products that fall under the definition of cosmetic product but are exclusively intended to protect from disease; whereas, moreover, it is advisable to specify that certain products come under this definition, whilst products containing substances or preparations

intended to be ingested, inhaled, injected or implanted in the human body do not come under the field of cosmetics;

Whereas in the present state of research, it is advisable to exclude cosmetic products containing one of the substances listed in Annex V from the scope of this Directive;

Whereas cosmetic products must not be harmful under normal or foreseeable conditions of use; whereas in particular it is necessary to take into account the possibility of danger to zones of the body that are contiguous to the area of application;

Whereas, in particular, the determination of the methods of analysis together with possible modifications or additions which may have to be made to them on the basis of the results of scientific and technical research, are implementing measures of a technical nature; whereas it is advisable to entrust their adoption to the Commission, subject to certain conditions specified in this Directive, for the purpose of simplifying and accelerating the procedure;

Whereas technical progress necessitates rapid adaptation of the technical provisions defined in this Directive and in subsequent Directives in this field; whereas it is advisable, in order to facilitate implementation of the measures necessary for this purpose, to provide for a procedure establishing close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission within the Committee for adaptation to technical progress of Directives aimed at the removal of technical obstacles to trade in the cosmetic products sector;

Whereas it is necessary, on the basis of scientific and technical research, to draw up proposals for lists of authorized substances which could include antioxidants, hair dyes, preservatives and ultraviolet filters, taking into account in particular the problem of sensitization;

Whereas it could happen that although conforming to the provisions of this Directive and its Annexes, cosmetic products placed on the market might endanger public health; whereas it is therefore advisable to provide for a procedure intended to remove this danger,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DIRECTIVE:

Article 1 U.K.

- [F1] A 'cosmetic product' shall mean any substance or preparation intended to be placed in contact with the various external parts of the human body (epidermis, hair system, nails, lips and external genital organs) or with the teeth and the mucous membranes of the oral cavity with a view exclusively or mainly to cleaning them, perfuming them, changing their appearance and/or correcting body odours and/or protecting them or keeping them in good condition.]
- 2 The products to be considered as cosmetic products within the meaning of this definition are listed in Annex I.
- [F23 Cosmetic products containing one of the substances listed in Annex V shall be excluded from the scope of this Directive. Member States may take such measures as they deem necessary with regard to those products.]

Textual Amendments

F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).

F2 Inserted by Council Directive of 21 December 1988 (88/667/EEC).

I^{F1}Article 2 U.K.

A cosmetic product put on the market within the Community must not cause damage to human health when applied under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use, taking account, in particular, of the product's presentation, its labelling, any instructions for its use and disposal as well as any other indication or information provided by the manufacturer or his authorized agent or by any other person responsible for placing the product on the Community market.

The provision of such warnings shall not, in any event, exempt any person from compliance with the other requirements laid down in this Directive.]

Textual Amendments

F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).

Article 3 U.K.

Member States shall take all necessary measures to ensure that only cosmetic products which conform to the provisions of this Directive and its Annexes may be put on the market.

^{F3}Article 4 U.K.

- 1 Without prejudice to their general obligations deriving from Article 2, Member States shall prohibit the marketing of cosmetic products containing:
 - a substances listed in Annex II;
 - b substances listed in the first part of Annex III, beyond the limits and outside the conditions laid down:
 - [F2c colouring agents other than those listed in Annex IV, Part 1, with the exception of cosmetic products containing colouring agents intended solely to colour hair;
 - d colouring agents listed in Annex IV, Part 1, used outside the conditions laid down, with the exception of cosmetic products containing colouring agents intended solely to colour hair;]
 - [F3e preservatives other than those listed in Annex VI, Part 1;
 - f preservatives listed in Annex VI, Part 1, beyond the limits and outside the conditions laid down, unless other concentrations are used for specific purposes apparent from the presentation of the product;]
 - [F4g UV filters other than those listed in Part 1 of Annex VII;
 - h UV filters listed in Part 1 of Annex VII, beyond the limits and outside the conditions laid down therein[F5.]]

 $[^{F6}[^{F1}(i)]]$ F6

[F32] The presence of traces of the substances listed in Annex II shall be allowed provided that such presence is technically unavoidable in good manufacturing practice and that it conforms with Article 2.]

Textual Amendments

F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).

- **F2** Inserted by Council Directive of 21 December 1988 (88/667/EEC).
- F3 Inserted by Council Directive of 17 May 1982 (82/368/EEC).
- **F4** Inserted by Council Directive of 26 October 1983 (83/574/EEC).
- F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F6** Deleted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

F⁷Article 4a U.K.

- 1 Without prejudice to the general obligations deriving from Article 2, Member States shall prohibit:
 - a the marketing of cosmetic products where the final formulation, in order to meet the requirements of this Directive, has been the subject of animal testing using a method other than an alternative method after such alternative method has been validated and adopted at Community level with due regard to the development of validation within the OECD;
 - b the marketing of cosmetic products containing ingredients or combinations of ingredients which, in order to meet the requirements of this Directive, have been the subject of animal testing using a method other than an alternative method after such alternative method has been validated and adopted at Community level with due regard to the development of validation within the OECD;
 - c the performance on their territory of animal testing of finished cosmetic products in order to meet the requirements of this Directive;
 - d the performance on their territory of animal testing of ingredients or combinations of ingredients in order to meet the requirements of this Directive, no later than the date on which such tests are required to be replaced by one or more validated alternative methods listed in Annex V to Council Directive 67/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances⁽³⁾or in Annex IX to this Directive.

No later than 11 September 2004 the Commission shall, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 10(2) and after consultation of the Scientific Committee on Cosmetic Products and Non-Food Products intended for consumers (SCCNFP) establish the contents of Annex IX.

- The Commission, after consultation of the SCCNFP and of the European Centre for the Validation of Alternative Methods (ECVAM) and with due regard to the development of validation within the OECD, shall establish timetables for the implementation of the provisions under paragraph 1(a), (b) and (d), including deadlines for the phasing-out of the various tests. The timetables shall be made available to the public not later than 11 September 2004 and be sent to the European Parliament and the Council. The period for implementation shall be limited to a maximum of six years after the entry into force of Directive 2003/15/EC in relation to paragraph 1(a), (b) and (d).
- 2.1 In relation to the tests concerning repeated-dose toxicity, reproductive toxicity and toxicokinetics, for which there are no alternatives yet under consideration, the period for implementation of paragraph 1(a) and (b) shall be limited to a maximum of 10 years after the entry into force of Directive 2003/15/EC.

2.2 The Commission shall study possible technical difficulties in complying with the ban in relation to tests, in particular those concerning repeated-dose toxicity, reproductive toxicity and toxicokinetics, for which there are no alternatives yet under consideration. Information about the provisional and final results of these studies should form part of the yearly reports presented pursuant to Article 9.

On the basis of these annual reports, the timetables established in accordance with paragraph 2 may be adapted within a maximum time limit of six years as referred to in paragraph 2 or 10 years as referred to in paragraph 2.1 and after consultation of the entities referred to in paragraph 2.

- 2.3 The Commission shall study progress and compliance with the deadlines as well as possible technical difficulties in complying with the ban. Information about the provisional and final results of the Commission studies should form part of the yearly reports presented pursuant to Article 9. If these studies conclude, at the latest two years prior to the end of the maximum period referred to in paragraph 2.1, that for technical reasons one or more tests referred to in paragraph 2.1 will not be developed and validated before the expiry of the period referred to in paragraph 2.1 it shall inform the European Parliament and the Council and shall put forward a legislative proposal in accordance with Article 251 of the Treaty.
- 2.4 In exceptional circumstances where serious concerns arise as regards the safety of an existing cosmetic ingredient a Member State may request the Commission to grant a derogation from paragraph 1. The request shall contain an evaluation of the situation and indicate the measures necessary. On this basis, the Commission may, after consultation of the SCCNFP and by means of a reasoned decision, authorise the derogation in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 10(2). This authorisation shall lay down the conditions associated with this derogation in terms of specific objectives, duration and reporting of the results.

A derogation shall only be granted if:

- a the ingredient is in wide use and cannot be replaced by another ingredient able to perform a similar function;
- b the specific human health problem is substantiated and the need to conduct animal tests is justified and is supported by a detailed research Protocol proposed as the basis for the evaluation.

The decision on the authorisation, the conditions associated with it and the final result achieved shall be part of the annual report to be presented by the Commission in accordance with Article 9.

- For the purposes of this Article:
 - a 'finished cosmetic product' means the cosmetic product in its final formulation, as placed on the market and made available to the final consumer, or its prototype.
 - b 'prototype' means a first model or design that has not been produced in batches, and from which the finished cosmetic product is copied or finally developed.

Textual Amendments

F7 Inserted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 4b U.K.

The use in cosmetic products of substances classified as carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction, of category 1, 2 and 3, under Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC shall be prohibited. To that end the Commission shall adopt the necessary measures in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 10(2). A substance classified in category 3 may be used in cosmetics if the substance has been evaluated by the SCCNFP and found acceptable for use in cosmetic products.]

Textual Amendments

F7 Inserted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

I^{F2}Article 5 U.K.

Member States shall allow the marketing of cosmetic products containing:

- (a) the substances listed in Annex III, Part 2, within the limits and under the conditions laid down, up to the dates in column (g) of that Annex;
- (b) the colouring agents listed in Annex IV, Part 2, within the limits and under the conditions laid down, until the admission dates given in that Annex;
- (c) the preservatives listed in Annex VI, Part 2, within the limits and under the condition laid down, until the dates given in column (f) of that Annex. However, some of these substances may be used in other concentrations for specific purposes apparent from the presentation of the product;
- (d) the UV filters listed in Part 2 of Annex VII, within the limits and under the conditions laid down, until the dates given in column (f) of that Annex.

At these dates, these substances, colouring agents, preservatives and UV filters shall be:

- definitively allowed, or
- definitively prohibited (Annex II), or
- maintained for a given period specified in Part 2 of Annexes III, IV, VI and VII, or
- deleted from all the Annexes, on the basis of available scientific information or because they are no longer used.]

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Council Directive of 21 December 1988 (88/667/EEC).

[F1 Article 5a U.K.

1 No later than 14 December 1994 the Commission shall, under the procedure laid down in Article 10, compile an inventory of ingredients employed in cosmetic products, on the basis in particular of information supplied by the industry concerned.

For the purposes of this Article, 'cosmetic ingredient' shall mean any chemical substance or preparation of synthetic or natural origin, except for perfume and aromatic compositions, used in the composition of cosmetic products.

The inventory shall be divided into two sections: one concerning perfume and aromatic raw materials and the second concerning other substances.

- 2 The inventory shall contain informtion on:
- the identity of each ingredient, in particular its chemical name, the CTFA name, the European Pharmacopoeia name, the international non-proprietary names recommended by the World Health Organization, the Einecs, Iupac, CAS and colour index numbers, and the common name referred to in Article 7 (2),
- the usual function(s) of the ingredient in the final product,
- where appropriate, restrictions and conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label by reference to the Annexes.
- The Commission shall publish the inventory and shall update it periodically under the procedure provided for in Article 10. The inventory shall be indicative and shall not constitute a list of the substances authorized for use in cosmetic products.

Textual Amendments

F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).

I^{F2}Article 6 U.K.

Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that cosmetic products may be marketed only if the container and packaging bear the following information in indelible, easily legible and visible lettering; the information mentioned in point (g) may, however, be indicated on the packaging alone:]

- a the name or style and the address or registered office of the manufacturer or the person responsible for marketing the cosmetic product who is established within the Community. Such information may be abbreviated in so far as the abbreviation makes it generally possible to identify the undertaking. Member States may require that the country of origin be specified for goods manufactured outside the Community;
- b) the nominal content at the time of packaging, given by weight or by volume, except in the case of packaging containing less than five grams or five millilitres, free samples and single-application packs; for pre-packages normally sold as a number of items, for which details of weight or volume are not significant, the content need not be given provided the number of items appears on the packaging. This information need not be given if the number of items is easy to see from the outside or if the product is normally only sold individually;
- [F5c the date of minimum durability shall be indicated by the words: 'best used before the end of' followed by either:
 - the date itself, or
 - details of where it appears on the packaging.

The date shall be clearly expressed and shall consist of either the month and year or the day, month and year in that order. If necessary, this information shall be supplemented by an indication of the conditions which must be satisfied to guarantee the stated durability.

Indication of the date of durability shall not be mandatory for cosmetic products with a minimum durability of more than 30 months. For such products, there shall be an indication of the period of time after opening for which the product can be used without any harm to the consumer. This information shall be indicated by the symbol given in Annex VIIIa followed by the period (in months and/or years);]]

- [FId particular precautions to be observed in use, especially those listed in the column 'Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label' in Annexes III, IV, VI and VII, which must appear on the container and packaging, as well as any special precautionary information on cosmetic products for professional use, in particular in hairdressing. Where this is impossible for practical reasons, an enclosed leaflet, label, tape or card must contain that information to which the consumer is referred either by abbreviated information or the symbol given in Annex VIII, which must appear on the container and the packaging;]
- [F2e the batch number of manufacture or the reference for identifying the goods. Where this is impossible for practical reasons because the cosmetic products are too small, such information need appear only on the packaging;]
- [F1] the function of the product, unless it is clear from the presentation of the product;
- [F5g a list of ingredients in descending order of weight at the time they are added. That list shall be preceded by the word 'ingredients'. Where that is impossible for practical reasons, an enclosed leaflet, label, tape or card must contain the ingredients to which the consumer is referred either by abbreviated information or the symbol given in Annex VIII, which must appear on the packaging.

The following shall not, however, be regarded as ingredients:

- impurities in the raw materials used,
- subsidiary technical materials used in the preparation but not present in the final product,
- materials used in strictly necessary quantities as solvents or as carriers for perfume and aromatic compositions.

Perfume and aromatic compositions and their raw materials shall be referred to by the word 'perfume' or 'aroma'. However, the presence of substances, the mention of which is required under the column 'other limitations and requirements' in Annex III, shall be indicated in the list irrespective of their function in the product.

Ingredients in concentrations of less than 1 % may be listed in any order after those in concentrations of more than 1 %.

Colouring agents may be listed in any order after the other ingredients, in accordance with the colour index number or denomination adopted in Annex IV. For decorative cosmetic products marketed in several colour shades, all colouring agents used in the range may be listed, provided that the words 'may contain' or the symbol '+/-' are added.

An ingredient must be identified by the common name referred to in Article 7(2) or, failing that, by one of the names referred to in Article 5a(2), first indent.

In accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 10(2), the Commission may adapt the criteria and conditions set out in Commission Directive 95/17/EC of 19 June 1995 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Directive 76/768/EEC as regards the non-inclusion of one or more ingredients on the list used for the labelling of cosmetic products⁽⁴⁾ under which a manufacturer may, for reasons of trade secrecy, apply not to include one or more ingredients on the abovementioned list.]

Where it is impracticable, for reasons of size or shape, for the particulars referred to in points (d) and (g) to appear in an enclosed leaflet, those particulars shall appear on a label, tape or card which is enclosed or attached to the cosmetic product.

In the case of soap, bath balls and other small products where it is impraticable, for reasons of size or shape, for the particulars referred to in point (g) to appear on a label, tag, tape or card or in an enclosed leaflet, those particulars shall appear on a notice in immediate proximity to the container in which the cosmetic product is exposed for sale.]

- [F22] For cosmetic products that are not pre-packaged, are packaged at the point of sale at the purchaser's request, or are pre-packaged for immediate sale, Member States shall adopt detailed rules for indication of the particulars referred to in paragraph 1.
- Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that, in the labelling, putting up for sale and advertising of cosmetic products, text, names, trade marks, pictures and figurative or other signs are not used to imply that these products have characteristics which they do not have. [F6] F1 Furthermore, any reference to testing on animals must state clearly whether the tests carried out involved the finished product and/or its ingredients.]]

[F7Furthermore, the manufacturer or the person responsible for placing the product on the Community market may take advantage, on the product packaging or in any document, notice, label, ring or collar accompanying or referring to the product, of the fact that no animal tests have been carried out only if the manufacturer and his suppliers have not carried out or commissioned any animal tests on the finished product, or its prototype, or any of the ingredients contained in it, or used any ingredients that have been tested on animals by others for the purpose of developing new cosmetic products. Guidelines shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 10(2) and published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*. The European Parliament shall receive copies of the draft measures submitted to the Committee.]]

Textual Amendments

- F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).
- **F2** Inserted by Council Directive of 21 December 1988 (88/667/EEC).
- F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F6** Deleted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F7 Inserted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 7 U.K.

- 1 Member States may not, for reasons related to the requirements laid down in this Directive and the Annexes thereto, refuse, prohibit or restrict the marketing of any cosmetic products which comply with the requirements of this Directive and the Annexes thereto.
- [F12] They may, however, require that the particulars provided for in Article 6 (1) (b), (c), (d) and (f) be expressed at least in their own national or official language or languages; they may also require that the particulars provided for in Article 6 (1) (g) be expressed in a language easily understood by the consumer. To that end, the Commission shall adopt a common ingredients nomenclature in accordance with the Article 10 procedure.
- Furthermore, a Member State may, for purposes of prompt and appropriate medical treatment in the event of difficulties, require that appropriate and adequate information on

substances used in cosmetic products be made available to the competent authority, which shall ensure that that information is used only for the purposes of such treatment.

Each Member State shall designate a competent authority and send details thereof to the Commission, which shall publish that information in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Textual Amendments

F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).

Article 7a U.K.

- The manufacturer or his agent or the person to whose order a cosmetic product is manufactured or the person responsible for placing an imported cosmetic product on the Community market shall for control purposes keep the following information readily accessible to the competent authorities of the Member State concerned at the address specified on the label in accordance with Article 6 (1) (a):
 - a the qualitative and quantitative composition of the product; in the case of perfume compositions and perfumes, the name and code number of the composition and the identity of the supplier;
 - b the physico-chemical and microbiological specifications of the raw materials and the finished product and the purity and microbiological control criteria of the cosmetic product;
 - c the method of manufacture complying with the good manufacturing practice laid down by Community law or, failing that, laid down by the law of the Member State concerned; the person responsible for manufacture or first importation into the Community must possess an appropriate level of professional qualification or experience in accordance with the legislation and practice of the Member State which is the place of manufacture or first importation;
 - [F5d] assessment of the safety for human health of the finished product. To that end the manufacturer shall take into consideration the general toxicological profile of the ingredients, their chemical structure and their level of exposure. It shall take particular account of the specific exposure characteristics of the areas on which the product will be applied or of the population for which it is intended. There shall be *inter alia* a specific assessment for cosmetic products intended for use on children under the age of three and for cosmetic products intended exclusively for use in external intimate hygiene.
 - Should the same product be manufactured at several places within Community territory, the manufacturer may choose a single place of manufacture where that information will be available. In this connection, and when so requested for monitoring purposes, it shall be obliged to indicate the place so chosen to the monitoring authority or authorities concerned. In this case this information shall be easily accessible;]
 - e the name and address of the qualified person or persons responsible for the assessment referred to in (d). That person must hold a diploma as defined in Article 1 of Directive 89/48/EEC in the field of pharmacy, toxicology, dermatology, medicine or a similar discipline;
 - f existing data on undesirable effects on human health resulting from use of the cosmetic product;
 - g proof of the effect claimed for the cosmetic product, where justified by the nature of the effect or product[F5;]

data on any animal testing performed by the manufacturer, his agents or suppliers, relating to the development or safety evaluation of the product or its ingredients, including any animal testing performed to meet the legislative or regulatory requirements of non-member countries.

Without prejudice to the protection, in particular, of commercial secrecy and of intellectual property rights, Member States shall ensure that the information required under (a) and (f) shall be made easily accessible to the public by any appropriate means, including electronic means. The quantitative information required under (a) to be made publicly accessible shall be limited to dangerous substances covered by Directive 67/548/EEC.]

- The assessment of the safety for human health referred to in paragraph 1 (d) shall be carried out in accordance with the principle of good laboratory practice laid down in Council Directive 87/18/EEC of 18 December 1986 on the harmonization of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the application of the principles of good laboratory practice and the verification of their application for tests on chemical substances⁽⁵⁾.
- 3 The information referred to in paragraph 1 must be available in the national language or languages of the Member State concerned, or in a language readily understood by the competent authorities.
- The manufacturer or his agent, or the person to whose order a cosmetic product is manufactured, or the person responsible for placing imported cosmetic products on the Community market, shall notify the competent authority of the Member State of the place of manufacture or of the initial importation of the address of the place of manufacture or of initial importation into the Community of the cosmetic products before the latter are placed on the Community market.
- Member States shall designate the competent authorities referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 and shall send details thereof to the Commission, which shall publish that information in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

The Member States shall ensure that the abovementioned authorities continue to cooperate in areas where such cooperation is necessary to the smooth application of this Directive.]

Textual Amendments

- F1 Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).
- **F5** Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F7** Inserted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

[F3 Article 8 U.K.

- 1 In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 10 the following shall be determined:
- the methods of analysis necessary for checking the composition of cosmetic products,
- the criteria of microbiological and chemical purity for cosmetic products and methods for checking compliance with those criteria.]

[F12] The common nomenclature of ingredients used in cosmetic products and, after consultation of the [F5Scientific Committee for Cosmetic Products and Non-Food Products intended for Consumers], the amendments necessary for the adaptation to technical progress of the Annexes shall be adopted in accordance with the same procedure, as appropriate.]

Textual Amendments

- **F1** Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).
- F3 Inserted by Council Directive of 17 May 1982 (82/368/EEC).
- F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

I^{F3}Article 8a U.K.

- Notwithstanding Article 4 and without prejudice to Article 8 (2), a Member State may authorize the use within its territory of other substances not contained in the lists of substances allowed, for certain cosmetic products specified in its national authorization, subject to the following conditions:
 - a the authorization must be limited to a maximum period of three years;
 - b the Member State must carry out an official check on cosmetic products manufactured from the substance or preparation use of which it has authorized;
 - c cosmetic products thus manufactured must bear a distinctive indication which will be defined in the authorization.
- The Member Stats shall forward to the Commission and to the other Member States the next of any authorization decision taken pursuant to paragraph 1 within two months of the date on which it came into effect.
- Before expiry of the three-year period provided for in paragraph 1, the Member State may submit to the Commission a request for the inclusion in a list of permitted substances of the substance given national authorization in accordance with paragraph 1. At the same time, it shall supply supporting documents setting out the grounds on which it deems such inclusion justified and shall indicate the uses for which the substance or preparation is intended. Within 18 months of submission of the request, a decision shall be taken on the basis of the latest scientific and technical knowledge, after consultation, at the initiative of the Commission or of a Member State, of the [F5Scientific Committee for Cosmetic Products and Non-Food Products intended for Consumers] and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 10 as to whether the substance in question may be included in a list of permitted substances or whether the national authorization should be revoked. Notwithstanding paragraph 1 (a), the national authorization shall remain in force until a decision is taken on the request for inclusion in the list.]

Textual Amendments

- F3 Inserted by Council Directive of 17 May 1982 (82/368/EEC).
- F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

I^{F5}Article 9 U.K.

Every year the Commission shall present a report to the European Parliament and the Council on:

- (a) progress made in the development, validation and legal acceptance of alternative methods. The report shall contain precise data on the number and type of experiments relating to cosmetic products carried out on animals. The Member States shall be obliged to collect that information in addition to collecting statistics as laid down by Council Directive 86/609/EEC of 24 November 1986 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States regarding the protection of animals used for experimental and other scientific purposes⁽⁶⁾. The Commission shall in particular ensure the development, validation and legal acceptance of alternative test methods which do not use live animals;
- (b) progress made by the Commission in its efforts to obtain acceptance by the OECD of alternative methods validated at Community level and recognition by non-member countries of the results of the safety tests carried out in the Community using alternative methods, in particular within the framework of cooperation agreements between the Community and these countries;
- (c) the manner in which the specific needs of small and medium-sized enterprises have been taken into account.

Textual Amendments

F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 10 U.K.

- 1 The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee on Cosmetic Products.
- Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 5 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, having regard to the provisions of Article 8 thereof.

The period laid down in Article 5(6) of Decision 1999/468/EC shall be set at three months.

The Committee shall adopt its rules of procedure.

Textual Amendments

F5 Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 11 U.K.

Without prejudice to Article 5 and not later than one year after expiry of the period laid down in Article 14 (1) for implementation of this Directive by the Member States, the Commission shall, on the basis of the results of the latest scientific and technical research, submit to the Council appropriate proposals establishing lists of permitted substances

Article 12 U.K.

1 If a Member State notes, on the basis of a substantiated justification, that a cosmetic product, although complying with the requirements of the Directive, represents a hazard to

health, it may provisionally prohibit the marketing of that product in its territory or subject it to special conditions. It shall immediately inform the other Member States and the Commission thereof, stating the grounds for its decision.

- [F22] The Commission shall as soon as possible consult the Member States concerned, following which it shall deliver its opinion without delay and take the appropriate steps.]
- 3 If the Commission is of the opinion that technical adaptations to the Directive are necessary, such adaptations shall be adopted by either the Commission or the Council in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 10. In that event, the Member State which has adopted safeguard measures may maintain them until entry into force of the adaptations.

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Council Directive of 21 December 1988 (88/667/EEC).

Article 13 U.K.

Precise reasons shall be stated for any individual measures placing a restriction or ban on the marketing of cosmetic products taken pursuant to this Directive. It shall be notified to the party concerned together with particulars of the remedies available to him under the laws in force in the Member States and of the time limits allowed for the exercise of such remedies.

Article 14 U.K.

- 1 Member States shall bring into force the provisions needed in order to comply with this Directive within 18 months of its notification and shall forthwith inform the Commission thereof
- 2 Member States may, however, for a period of 36 months from notification of this Directive, authorize the marketing in their territory of cosmetic products which do not conform to the requirements of the Directive.
- Member States shall ensure that the texts of such provisions of national law as they adopt in the field governed by this Directive are communicated to the Commission.

Article 15 U.K.

This Directive is addressed to the Member States.

ANNEX I U.K.

ILLUSTRATIVE LIST BY CATEGORY OF COSMETIC PRODUCTS Creams, emulsions, lotions, gels and oils for the skin (hands, face, feet, etc.). Face masks (with the exception of peeling products). Tinted bases (liquids, pastes, powders). Make-up powders, after-bath powders, hygienic powders, etc. Toilet soaps, deodorant soaps, etc. Perfumes, toilet waters and eau de Cologne.

- - Bath and shower preparations (salts, foams, oils, gels, etc.).
- Depilatories.
- Deodorants and anti-perspirants.
- Hair care products:
 - hair tints and bleaches,
 - products for waving, straightening and fixing,
 - setting products,
 - cleansing products (lotions, powders, shampoos),
 - conditioning products (lotions, creams, oils),
 - hairdressing products (lotions, lacquers, brilliantines).
- Shaving products (creams, foams, lotions, etc.).
- Products for making up and removing make-up from the face and the eyes.
- Products intended for application to the lips.
- Products for care of the teeth and the mouth.
- Products for nail care and make-up.
- Products for external intimate hygiene.
- Sunbathing products.
- Products for tanning without sun.
- Skin-whitening products.
- Anti-wrinkle products.

ANNEX II U.K.

[F3LIST OF SUBSTANCES WHICH MUST NOT FORM PART OF THE COMPOSITION OF COSMETIC PRODUCTS

- N-5-Chlorobenzoxazol-2-ylacetamide 1.
- 2. [F32-Acetoxyethyltrimethylammonium hydroxide (acetylcholine) and its salts]
- 3. Deanol aceglumate⁽⁷⁾
- Spironolactone* 4.
- 5. [F3 [4-(4-Hydroxy-3-iodophenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenyl]acetic acid and its salts]
- Methotrexate* 6.
- 7. Aminocaproic acid* and its salts

- 8. Cinchophen*, its salts, derivatives and salts of these derivatives
- 9. Thyropropic acid* and its salts
- 10. Trichloroacetic acid
- 11. *Aconitum napellus L.* (leaves, roots and galenical preparations)
- 12. Aconitine (principal alkaloid of *Aconitum napellus L.*) and its salts
- 13. *Adonis vernalis L.* and its preparations
- 14. Epinephrine*
- 15. Rauwolfia serpentina alkaloids and their salts
- 16. Alkyne alcohols, their esters, ethers and salts
- 17. Isoprenaline*
- 18. Allyl isothiocyanate
- 19. Alloclamide* and its salts
- 20. Nalorphine*, its salts and ethers
- 21. Sympathicomimetic amines acting on the central nervous system: any substance contained in the first list of medicaments which are subject to medical prescription and are referred to in resolution AP (69) 2 of the Council of Europe
- 22. Aniline, its salts and its halogenated and sulphonated derivatives
- 23. Betoxycaine* and its salts
- 24. Zoxazolamine*
- 25. Procainamide*, its salts and derivatives
- 26. Benzidine
- 27. Tuaminoheptane*, its isomers and salts
- 28. Octodrine* and its salts
- 29. [F32-Amino-1,2-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanol and its salts]
- 30. 1,3-dimethylpentylamine and its salts
- 31. 4-Aminosalicylic acid and its salts
- 32. Toluidines, their isomers, salts and halogenated and sulphonated derivatives
- 33. Xylidines, their isomers, salts and halogenated and sulphonated derivatives
- 34. [F3Imperatorin (9-(3-methoxylbut-2-enyloxy)furo[3,2-g]chromen-7-one)]
- 35. *Ammi majus* and its galenical preparations
- 36. 2,3-Dichloro-2-methylbutane
- 37. Substances with androgenic effect
- 38. Anthracene oil

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- 39. Antibiotics [F8]
- 40. Antimony and its compounds
- 41. Apocynum cannabinum L. and its preparations
- 42. [F3 Apomorphine (R 5,6,6a, 7-tetrahydro-6-methyl-4H-dibenzo [de,g]quinoline-10,11diol) and its salts]
- 43. Arsenic and its compounds
- 44. Atropa belladonna L. and its preparations
- 45. Atropine, its salts and derivatives
- 46. [F9Barium salts, with the exception of barium sulphate, barium sulphide under the conditions laid down in Annex III, Part 1, and lakes, salts and pigments prepared from the colouring agents listed with the reference (5) in Annex III, Part 2 and Annex IV, Part 2.]
- 47. Benzene
- 48. [F3Benzimidazol-2(3*H*)-one]
- 49. [F3Benzazepines and benzodiazepines]
- 50. [F31-Dimethylaminomethyl-1-methylpropyl benzoate (amylocaine) and its salts]
- 51. [F32,2,6-Trimethyl-4-piperidyl benzoate (benzamine) and its salts]
- 52. [F3 Isocarboxazid*]
- 53. Bendroflumethiazide* and its derivatives
- 54. Beryllium and its compounds
- 55. Bromine, elemental
- 56. Bretylium tosilate*
- 57. Carbromal*
- 58. Bromisoval*
- 59. Brompheniramine* and its salts
- 60. Benzilonium bromide*
- 61. Tetrylammonium bromide*
- 62. Brucine
- 63. Tetracaine* and its salts
- 64. Mofebutazone*
- 65. Tolbutamide*
- Carbutamide* 66.
- 67. Phenylbutazone*

- 68. Cadmium and its compounds
- 69. Cantharides, Cantharis vesicatoria
- 70. (1R,2S)-Hexahydro-1,2-dimethyl-3,6-epoxyphthalic anhydride (cantharidin)
- 71. Phenprobamate*
- 72. [F3Nitroderivatives of carbazole]
- 73. Carbon disulphide
- 74. Catalase
- 75. Cephaeline and its salts
- 76. *Chenopodium ambrosioides* (essential oil)
- 77. 2,2,2-Trichloroethane-1,1-diol
- 78. Chlorine
- 79. Chlorpropamide*
- 80. [F3Diphenoxylate* hydrochloride]
- 81. 4-Phenylazophenylene-1,3-diamine citrate hydrochloride (chrysoidine citrate hydrochloride)
- 82. Chlorzoxazone*
- 83. 2-Chloro-6-methylpyrimidin-4-yldimethylamine (crimidine-ISO)
- 84. Chlorprothixene* and its salts
- 85. Clofenamide*
- 86. $\int_{-\infty}^{F_3} N_1 N_2 \cdot \text{bis}(2-\text{chloroethyl}) \text{methylamine } N$ -oxide and its salts]
- 87. Chlormethine* and its salts
- 88. Cyclophosphamide* and its salts
- 89. Mannomustine* and its salts
- 90. Butanilicaine* and its salts
- 91. [F3Chlormezanone*]
- 92. Triparanol*
- 93. 2-[2(4-Chiorophenyl)-2-phenylacetyl] indane-1,3-dione (chlorophacinone-ISO)
- 94. Chlorphenoxamine*
- 95. [F32-[2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-phenylacetyl]indan 1,3-dione (chlorophacinone ISO)]
- 96. Chloroethane
- 97. Chromium; chromic acid and its salts
- 98. Claviceps purpurea Tul., its alkaloids and galenical preparations

- 99. Conium maculatum L. (fruit, powder, galenical preparations)
- 100. Glycyclamide*
- 101. Cobalt benzenesulphonate
- 102. Colchicine, its salts and derivatives
- 103. Colchicoside and its derivatives
- 104. Golchicum autumnale L. and its galenical preparations
- 105. Convallatoxin
- 106. Anamirta cocculus L. (fruit)
- 107. Croton tiglium (oil)
- 108. 1-Butyl-3-(*N*-crotonoylsulphanilyl)urea
- 109. Curare and curarine
- 110. Synthetic curarizants
- 111. Hydrogen cyanide and its salts
- 112. $[^{\text{F3}}2-\alpha\text{-Cyclohexylbenzyl}(N,N,N',N',-\text{tetraethyl})\text{trimethylenediamine (phenetamine)}]$
- 113. Cyclomenol* and its salts
- Sodium hexacyclonate* 114.
- 115. Hexapropymate*
- 116. Dextropropoxyphene*
- 117. *I*^{F3}O,O'-Diacetyl-N-allyl-N-normorphine
- 118. Pipazetate* and its salts
- 119. $f^{F3}5$ -($\alpha\beta$ -Dibromophenethyl)-5-methylhydantoin
- 120. f^{F3}N,N'-Pentamethylenebis (trimethylammonium salts), e.g. pentamethonium bromide*1
- 121. *I*^{F3}*N*,*N'*-[(Methylimino)diethylene]bis(ethyldimethylammonium) salts, e.g. azamethonium bromide*]
- 122. Cyclarbamate*
- 123. Clofenotane*; DDT (ISO)
- 124. *f*^{F3}*N,N'*-Hexamethylenebis(trimethylammonium) salts, hexamethonium e.g. bromide*1
- 125. Dichloroethanes (ethylene chlorides)
- 126. Dichloroethylenes (acetylene chlorides)
- 127. Lysergide* and its salts
- 128. [F32-Diethylaminoethyl-3-hydroxy-4-phenylbenzoate and its salts]

157.

158.

Benactyzine*

Benzatropine* and its salts

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129. Cinchocaine* and its salts 130. 3-Diethylaminopropyl cinnamate 131. [F³O,O'-Diethyl O-4-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate (parathion-ISO)] 132. [F3 [Oxalylbisiminoethylene)]bis[(o-chlorobenzyl)diethylammonium salts], e.g. ambenomium cloride*] 133. Methyprylon* and its salts 134. Digitaline and all heterosides of *Digitalis purpurea L*. 135. 7-[2-Hydroxy-3-(2-hydroxyethyl-*N*-methylamino)propyl]theophylline (xanthinol) 136. Dioxethedrin* and its salts Piprocurarium* 137. 138. Propyphenazone* 139. Tetrabenazine* and its salts 140. Captodiame* 141. Mefeclorazine* and its salts 142. Dimethylamine 143. [F31,1-Bis(dimethylaminomethyl)propyl benzoate (amydricaine, alypine) and its salts] Methapyrilene* and its salts 144. 145. Metamfepramone* and its salts Amitriptyline* and its salts 146. Metformin* and its salts 147. 148. Isosorbide dinitrate* 149. Malononitrile 150. Succinonitrile 151. Dinitrophenol isomers 152. Inproquone* 153. Dimevamide* and its salts 154. Diphenylpyraline* and its salts 155. Sulfinpyrazone* 156. *I*^{F3}*N*-(3-Carbamoyl-3,3-diphenylpropyl)-*N*,*N*-diisopropylmethyl-ammonium salts, e.g. isopropamide iodide*]

- 159. Cyclizine* and its salts
- 160. [F35,5-Diphenyl-4-imidazolidone]
- 161. Probenecid*
- Disulfiram*; thiram (ISO) 162.
- 163. Emetine, its salts and derivatives
- 164. Ephedrine and its salts
- 165. Oxanamide* and its derivatives
- 166. Eserine or physostigmine and its salts
- 167. Esters of 4-aminobenzoic acid, with the free amino group, with the exception of that given in [F10 Annex VII, Part 2]
- 168. Choline salts and their esters, e.g. choline chloride
- 169. Caramiphen* and its salts
- 170. Diethyl 4-nitrophenyl phosphate
- 171. Metethoheptazine* and its salts
- 172. Oxpheneridine* and its salts
- 173. Ethoheptazine* and its salts
- 174. Metheptazine* and its salts
- Methylphenidate* and its salts 175.
- 176. Doxylamine* and its salts
- 177. Tolboxane*
- 178. [F11]X14-Benzyloxyphenol and 4-ethoxyphenol]]
- 179. Parethoxycaine* and its salts
- Fenozolone* 180.
- 181. Glutethimide* and its salts
- 182. Ethylene oxide
- 183. Bemegride* and its salts
- 184. Valnoctamide*
- 185. Haloperidol*
- 186. Paramethasone*
- 187. Fluanisone*
- 188. Trifluperidol*
- 189. Fluoresone*

- 190. Fluorouracil*
- 191. [F3Hydrofluoric acid, its normal salts, its complexes and hydrofluorides with the exception of those given in Annex III, Part 1]
- 192. Furfuryltrimethylammonium salts, e.g. furtrethonium iodide*
- 193. Galantamine*
- 194. Progestogens [F8]
- 195. 1,2,3,4,5,6-Hexachlorocyclohexane (BHC-ISO)
- 196. [F3(1*R*,4*S*,5*R*,8*S*)-1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-6,7-epoxy-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethano-naphthalene (endrin-ISO)]
- 197. Hexachloroethane
- 198. (1*R*,4*S*,5*R*,8*S*)-1,2,3,4,10,10-Hexachloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimethano-naphthalene (isodrin-ISO)
- 199. Hydrastine, hydrastinine and their salts
- 200. Hydrazides and their salts
- 201. Hydrazine, its derivatives and their salts
- 202. Octamoxin* and its salts
- 203. Warfarin* and its salts
- 204. [F3Ethyl bis(4-hydroxy-2-oxo-1-benzopyran-3-yl) acetate and salts of the acid]
- 205. Methocarbamol*
- 206. Propatylnitrate*
- 207. [F34,4'-Dihydroxy-3,3'-(3-methylthiopropylidene) dicoumarin]
- 208. Fenadiazole*
- 209. Nitroxoline* and its salts
- 210. Hyoscyamine, its salts and derivatives
- 211. *Hyoscyamus niger L.* (leaves, seeds, powder and galenical preparations)
- 212. Pemoline* and its salts
- 213. Iodine
- 214. [F3Decamethylenebis(trimethylammonium) salts, e.g. decamethonium bromide]
- 215. Ipecacuanha (*Cephaelis ipecacuanha Brot.* and related species) (roots, powder and galenical preparations)
- 216. (2-Isopropylpent.4-enoyl)urea (apronalide)
- 217. [$^{\text{F3}}\alpha$ -Santonin [(3S,5a*R*,9b*S*)-3,3a,4,5,5a,9b-hexahydro-3,5a,9-trimethylnaphto [1,2-b] furan-2,8-dione]]

247.

Amyl nitrites

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218. Lobelia inflata L. and its galenical preparations 219. Lobeline* and its salts 220. **Barbiturates** 221. [F12Mercury and its compounds, except those special cases included [F13in Annex VI, Part 1]] 3,4,5-Trimethoxyphenethylamine and its salts 222. 223. Metaldehyde 224. 2-(4-Allyl-2-methoxyphenoxy)-N,N-diethylacetamide and its salts 225. Coumetarol* 226. Dextromethorphan* and its salts 227. 2-Methylheptylamine and its salts 228. Isometheptene* and its salts 229. Mecamylamine* 230. Guaifenesin* 231. Dicoumarol* 232. Phenmetrazine*, its derivatives and salts 233. Thiamazole* 234. [F33,4-Dihydro-2-methoxy-2-methyl-4-phenyl-2H,5*H*-pyrano [3,2-c]-[1]benzopyran-5-one (cyclocoumarol)] 235. Carisoprodol* 236. Meprobamate* 237. Tefazoline* and its salts 238. Arecoline 239. Poldine metilsulfate* 240. Hydroxyzine* 241. 2-Naphthol 242. 1-and 2-Naphthylamines and their salts 243. [F33-(1-Naphthyl)-4-hydroxycoumarin] 244. Naphazoline* and its salts 245. Neostigmine and its salts (e.g. neostigmine bromide*) 246. Nicotine and its salts

279.

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248.	Inorganic nitrites, with the exception of sodium nitrite
249.	Nitrobenzene
250.	Nitrocresols and their alkali metal salts
251.	Nitrofurantoin*
252.	Furazolidone*
253.	Propane-1,2,3-triyl trinitrate
254.	Acenocoumarol*
255.	Alkali pentacyanonitrosylferrate (2-)
256.	Nitrostilbenes, their homologues and their derivatives
257.	Noradrenaline and its salts
258.	Noscapine* and its salts
159.	Guanethidine* and its salts
260.	Oestrogens [F14]
261.	Oleandrin
262.	Chlortalidone*
263.	Pelletierine and its salts
264.	Pentachloroethane
265.	Pentaerithrityl tetranitrate*
266.	Petrichloral*
267.	Octamylamine* and its salts
268.	[F3Picric acid]
269.	Phenacemide*
270.	Difendoxazine*
271.	[F32-Phenylindan-1,3-dione (phenindione)]
272.	Ethylphenacemide*
273.	Phenprocoumon*
274.	Fenyramidol*
275.	Triamterene* and its salts
276.	[F3Tetraethyl pyrophosphate; TEPP (ISO)]
277.	Tritolyl phosphate
278.	Psilocybine*

Phosphorus and metal phosphides

- 280. Thalidomide* and its salts
- 281. Physostigma venenosum Balf.
- 282. Picrotoxin
- 283. Pilocarpine and its salts
- 284. [F3α-Piperidin-2-ylbenzyl acette (SIC! acetate) laevorotatory threoform (levophacetoperane) and its salts]
- 285. Pipradrol* and its salts
- 286. Azacyclonol* and its salts
- 287. Bietamiverine*
- 288. Butopiprine* and its salts
- Lead and its [F15compounds, with the exception of that mentioned in Annex III, No 55 under the conditions stated]
- 290. Coniine
- 291. *Prunus laurocerasus L.* ('cherry laurel water')
- 292. Metyrapone*
- ^{F16}Radioactive substances, as defined by Directive 96/29/Euratom⁽⁸⁾ laying down basic safety standards for the protection of the health of workers and the general public against the dangers arising from ionising radiation.]
- 294. *Juniperus sabina L.* (leaves, essential oil and galenical preparations)
- 295. Hyoscine, its salts and derivatives
- 296. Gold salts
- [F10]Selenium and its compounds with the exception of selenium disulphiele under the conditions set out under reference No 49 in Annex III, Part 1]
- 298. *Solanum nigrum L.* and its galenical preparations
- 299. Sparteine and its salts
- 300. Glucocorticoids
- 301. Datura stramonium L. and its galenical preparations
- 302. Strophantines, their aglucones and their respective derivatives
- 303. Strophantus species and their galenical preparations
- 304. Strychnine and its salts
- 305. *Strychnos* species and their galenical preparations
- Narcotics, natural and synthetic: All substances listed in Tables I and II of the single Convention on narcotic drugs signed in New York on 30 March 1961

- ^{F3}Sulphonamides (sulphanilamide and its derivatives...) and their salts obtained by substitution of one or more H-atoms of the -NH₂ groups) and their salts
- 308. Sultiame*
- 309. Neodymium and its salts
- 310. Thiotepa*
- 311. Pilocarpus jaborandi Holmes and its galenical preparations
- 312. Tellurium and its compounds
- 313. [F3Xylometazoline* and its salts]
- 314. Tetrachloroethylene
- 315. Carbon tetrachloride
- 316. Hexaethyl tetraphosphate
- 317. Thallium and its compounds
- 318. Thevetia neriifolia Juss., glycoside extract
- 319. Ethionamide*
- 320. Phenothiazine* and its compounds
- 321. [F3Thiourea and its derivatives, with the exception of the one listed in Annex III, Part 1]
- 322. Mephenesin* and its esters
- Vaccines, toxins or serums listed in the Annex to the second Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action relating to proprietary medicinal products (OJ No L 147, 9. 6. 1975, p. 13)
- 324. Tranyleypromine* and its salts
- 325. Trichloronitromethane (chloropicrine)
- 326. 2,2,2-Tribromoethanol (tribromoethyl alcohol)
- 327. Trichiormethine* and its salts
- 328. Tretamine*
- 329. Gallamine triethiodide*
- 330. *Urginea scilla Stern*. and its galenical preparations
- 331. Veratrine, its salts and galenical preparations
- 332. *Schoenocaulon olficinale Lind.* (seeds and galenical preparations)
- 333. [F17 Veratrum Spp. and their preparations]
- 334. Vinyl chloride monomer
- 335. Ergocalciferol* and cholecalciferol (vitamins D₂ and D₃)

 $[^{F20}.\dots.]$

362.

336.	Salts of <i>O</i> -alkyldithiocarbonic acids
337.	Yobimbine and its salts
338.	Dimethyl sulfoxide*
339.	Diphenhydramine* and its salts
340.	4-tert-Butylphenol
341.	4-tert-Butylpyrocatechol
342.	Dihydrotachysterol
343.	Dioxane
344.	Morpholine and its salts
345.	Pyretbrum album L. and its galenical preparations
346.	[F32-[4-Methoxybenzyl-N-(2-pyridyl)amino]ethyldimethylamine maleate]
347.	Tripelennamine*
348.	Tetrachlorosalicylanilides
349.	Dichlorosalicylanilides
350.	[F3Tetrabromosalicylanilides [F18]
351.	Dibromosalicylanilides [[F18]]
352.	Bithionol*
353.	Thiuram monosulphides
354.	Thiuram disulphides
355.	Dimethylformamide
356.	4-Phenylbut-3-en-2-one
357.	Benzoates of 4-hydroxy-3-methoxycinnamyl alcohol except for normal content in natural essences used
358.	[F19]Furocoumarines (e.g. trioxysalan*, 8-methoxypsoralen, 5-methoxypsoralen) except for normal content in natural essences used.
	In sun protection and in bronzing products, furocoumarines shall be below 1 mg/kg.]
359.	Oil from the seeds of <i>Laurus nobilis L</i> .
360.	[F3Safrole except for normal content in the natural essences used and provided the concentration does not exceed: 100 ppm in the finished product, 50 ppm in products for dental and oral hygiene, and provided that Safrole is not present in toothpastes intended specifically for children]
361.	5,5'-Di-isopropyl-2,2'-dimethylbiphenyl-4,4'-diyl dihypoiodite

384.

2-Amino-5-nitrophenol]

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362.
          [F213'-Ethyl-5',6',7',8'-tetrahydro-5',5',8',8'-tetramethyl-2'-acetonaphthone
                                                                                                7-
          acetyl-6-ethyl-1,1,4,4-tetramethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphtalen]
363.
         f^{F22}O-phenylenediamine and its salts
          4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine and its salts.]
364.
365.
          \begin{bmatrix} F20 & \dots \end{bmatrix}
365.
          [F21] Aristolochic acid and its salts; Aristolochia spp. and their preparations]
366.
          [F23Chloroform
         [^{F20}_{\phantom{0}},\ldots]
367.
367.
          [F212,3,7,8-Tetra chlorodibenzo-p-dioxin]
368.
          2,6-Dimethyl-1,3-dioxan-4-yl acetate (Dimethoxane)
369.
          Pyrithione sodium (INNM)]
370.
          I<sup>F24</sup>N-(Trichloromethylthio)-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide (captan)
          2,2'-Dihydroxy-3,3',5,5',6,6'-hexachlorodiphenylmethane (hexachlorophene)]
371.
         [F^{20}, \ldots]
372.
          [F20 . . . . .
373.
374.
          . . . . .]
372.
          [F25]F216-(Piperidinyl)-2.4-pyrimidinediamine 3-oxide (minoxidil) and its salts
373.
          3,4',5-Tribromosalicylanilide
374.
          Phytolacca spp. and their preparations
375.
          Tretinoin (retinoic acid and its salts)
          1-Methoxy-2,4-diaminobenzene (2,4-diaminoanisole - CI 76050) [F15 and their salts]
376.
377.
          1-Methoxy-2,5-diaminobenzene (2,5-diaminoanisole) [F15 and their salts]
378.
          Colouring agent CI 12140
379.
          Colouring agent CI 26105
         Colouring agent CI 42555
380.
          Colouring agent CI 42555-1
          Colouring agent CI 42555-2]
381.
          [F26] Amyl 4-dimethylaminobenzoate, mixed isomers (Padimate A (INN))
382.
          [F27....]
383.
          2-Amino.4-nitrophenol
```

- 385. $[^{\text{F15}}$ 11 α-Hydroxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione and its esters 385. [F2111α-Hydroxypregn-4-ene-3, 20-dione) and its esters] $\begin{bmatrix} F20 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$ 386. 386. [F21Colouring agent C.I. 42 640] 387. Colouring agent CI 13 065 388. Colouring agent CI 42 535 389. Colouring agent CI 61 554] $\int_{0}^{F_{20}} \dots$ 390. 391 392. 393. 394.] 390. [F21Anti-androgens of steroidal structure 391. Zirconium and its compounds, with the exception of the substances listed under reference number 50 in Annex III, Part One, and the zirconium lakes, pigments or salts of the colouring agents listed in Annex IV, Part One, with reference number 3 393. Acetonitrile 394. Tetrahydrozoline and its salts] 395. [F13Hydroxy-8-quinoline and its sulphate, except for the uses provided for in No 51 in Annex III, Part 1 396. Dithio-2,2-bispyridine-dioxide 1,1' (additive with trihydrated magnesium sulphate) -(pyrithione disulphide + magnesium sulphate) 397. Colouring agent CI 12075 and its lakes, pigments and salts 398. Colouring agent CI 45170 and CI 45170:1 399. Lidocaine] 400. [F281,2-epoxybutane 401. Colouring agent CI 15585
- 406. 4-ethoxy-m-phenylenediamine and its salts

Strontium polycarboxylate

Strontium lactate

Strontium nitrate

Pramocaine

402.

403.

404.

405.

407. 2,4-diaminophenylethanol and its salts

- 408. Catechol
- 409. Pyrogallol
- 410. Nitrosamines
- 411. [F11Secondary alkyl- and alkanolamines and their salts]]
- 412. [F294-Amino-2-nitrophenol]
- 413. [F302-Methyl-m-phenylenediamine]
- 414. [F194-tert-Butyl-3-methoxy-2,6-dinitrotoluene (Musk Ambrette)]
- 427 $[^{F31}....]$
- 416. [F19Cells, tissues or products of human origin
- 417. 3,3-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)phthalide (Phenolphthalein*)]
- 418. [F323-Imidazol-4-ylacrylic acid and its ethyl ester (urocanic acid)]
- [F33] F34 From the date referred to in Article 22(1) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council (9), the specified risk materials as designated in Annex V to that Regulation, and ingredients derived therefrom.

Until that date, the specified risk materials as designated in Annex XI Part A to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, and ingredients derived therefrom.]

However, tallow derivatives may be used provided that the following methods have been used and strictly certified by the producer:

- [F35] Transesterification or hydrolysis at at least 200 °C and at an appropriate corresponding pressure, for 20 minutes (glycerol, fatty acids and fatty acid esters).]
 - Saponification with NaOH 12M (glycerol and soap):
 - Batch process: at 95 °C for three hours
 - 01
 - Continuous process: at 140 °C, two bars (2 000 hPa) for eight minutes or equivalent conditions.]
- 420. [F36Crude and refined coal tars]
- 421. [F371,1,3,3,5,-Pentamethyl-4,6-dinitroindane (moskene)
- 422. 5-*tert*-Butyl-1,2,3-trimethyl-4,6-dinitrobenzene (musk tibetene).]
- 423. [F38 Alanroot oil (*Inula helenium*) (CAS No 97676-35-2), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 424. Benzyl cyanide (CAS No 140-29-4), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 425. Cyclamen alcohol (CAS No 4756-19-8), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 426. Diethyl maleate (CAS No 141-05-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- Dihydrocoumarine (CAS No 119-84-6), when used as a fragrance ingredient.

- 428. 2,4-Dihydroxy-3-methylbenzaldehyde (CAS No 6248-20-0), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 429. 3,7-Dimethyl-2-octen-1-ol (6,7-Dihydrogeraniol) (CAS No 40607-48-5), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 430. 4,6-Dimethyl-8-*tert*-butylcoumarin (CAS No 17874-34-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- Dimethyl citraconate (CAS No 617-54-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 432. 7,11-Dimethyl-4,6,10-dodecatrien-3-one (CAS No 26651-96-7), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 433. 6,10-Dimethyl-3,5,9-undecatrien-2-one (CAS No 141-10-6), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 434. Diphenylamine (CAS No 122-39-4), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 435. Ethyl acrylate (CAS No 140-88-5), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 436. Fig leaf absolute (*Ficus carica*) (CAS No 68916-52-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 437. *trans*-2-Heptenal (CAS No 18829-55-5), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 438. *trans-2-*Hexenal diethyl acetal (CAS No 67746-30-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 439. *trans-*2-Hexenal dimethyl acetal (CAS No 18318-83-7), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 440. Hydroabietyl alcohol (CAS No 13393-93-6), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 441. 6-Isopropyl-2-decahydronaphthalenol (CAS No 34131-99-2), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 442. 7-Methoxycoumarin (CAS No 531-59-9), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 443. 4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-3-butene-2-one (CAS No 943-88-4), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-penten-3-one (CAS No 104-27-8), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 445. Methyl *trans*-2-butenoate (CAS No 623-43-8), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 7-Methylcoumarin (CAS No 2445-83-2), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 5-Methyl-2,3-hexanedione (CAS No 13706-86-0), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 448. 2-Pentylidenecyclohexanone (CAS No 25677-40-1), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 3,6,10-Trimethyl-3,5,9-undecatrien-2-one (CAS No 1117-41-5), when used as a fragrance ingredient.
- 450. Verbena oil (*Lippia citriodora* Kunth.) (CAS No 8024-12-2), when used as a fragrance ingredient.

- 451. [X2]Methyleugenol (CAS No 93-15-2)] except for normal content in the natural essences used and provided that the concentration does not exceed:
 - (a) 0,01 % in fine fragrance
 - (b) 0,004 % in eau de toilette
 - (c) 0,002 % in fragrance cream
 - (d) 0,001 % in rinse-off products
 - (e) 0,0002 % in other leave-on products and oral hygiene products.]

Editorial Information

- X1 Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Directive 2003/83/EC of 24 September 2003 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of Member States relating to cosmetic products (Official Journal of the European Union L 238 of 25 September 2003).
- **X2** Substituted by Corrigendum to the twenty-sixth Commission Directive 2002/34/EC of 15 April 2002 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Official Journal of the European Communities L 102 of 18 April 2002).

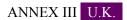
Textual Amendments

- **F8** Deleted by Commission Directive of 20 February 1990 (90/121/EEC).
- F9 Inserted by Commission Directive of 30 March 1983 (83/191/EEC).
- F10 Inserted by Commission Directive of 16 July 1985 (85/391/EEC).
- **F11** Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/83/EC of 24 September 2003 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F12 Inserted by Commission Directive of 26 March 1986 (86/199/EEC).
- **F13** Inserted by Commission Directive of 12 March 1991 (91/184/EEC).
- F14 Deleted by Commission Directive of 21 February 1989 (89/174/EEC).
- F15 Inserted by Commission Directive of 20 February 1990 (90/121/EEC).
- **F16** Substituted by Commission Directive 2002/34/EC of 15 April 2002 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F17 Inserted by Commission Directive of 18 July 1984 (84/415/EEC).
- **F18** Deleted by Commission Directive of 2 March 1988 (88/233/EEC).
- F19 Inserted by Commission Directive of 10 July 1995 (95/34/EC).
- **F20** Deleted by Commission Directive 2000/11/EC of 10 March 2000 adapting to technical progress Annex II to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F21** Inserted by Commission Directive 2000/11/EC of 10 March 2000 adapting to technical progress Annex II to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F22 Inserted by Commission Directive of 29 June 1983 (83/341/EEC).
- F23 Inserted by Commission Directive of 28 February 1986 (86/179/EEC).
- **F24** Inserted by Commission Directive of 2 February 1987 (87/137/EEC).
- F25 Inserted by Commission Directive of 2 March 1988 (88/233/EEC).
- **F26** Inserted by Commission Directive of 21 February 1989 (89/174/EEC).

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- **F27** Deleted by Commission Directive 2003/83/EC of 24 September 2003 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F28 Inserted by Commission Directive of 21 October 1992 (92/86/EEC).
- **F29** Inserted by Commission Directive of 22 June 1993 (93/47/EEC).
- **F30** Inserted by Commission Directive of 29 June 1994 (94/32/EC).
- **F31** Deleted by Commission Directive of 14 July 1997 (97/45/EC).
- **F32** Inserted by Commission Directive of 25 June 1996 (96/41/EC).
- F33 Inserted by Commission Directive of 5 March 1998 (98/16/EC).
- **F34** Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/1/EC of 6 January 2003 adapting to technical progress Annex II to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F35** Substituted by Commission Directive 2000/6/EC of 29 February 2000 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III, VI and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F36 Inserted by Commission Directive of 14 July 1997 (97/45/EC).
- **F37** Inserted by Commission Directive of 3 September 1998 (98/62/EC).
- **F38** Inserted by Commission Directive 2002/34/EC of 15 April 2002 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).



[F3PART 1 U.K.

LIST OF SUBSTANCES WHICH COSMETIC PRODUCTS MUST NOT CONTAIN EXCEPT SUBJECT TO THE RESTRICTIONS AND CONDITIONS LAID DOWN

[F3Reference	Substance	Restrictions	Conditions		
number		Field of application and/or use	Maximum authorized concentration in the finished cosmetic product	Other limitations and requirements	of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	c	d	e	f
[^{F35} 1a	Boric acid, borates and tetraborates	(a) Tale	(a) 5 % (by mass, mass as boric acid)	be used	under ren 3

Council Directive of 27 July 1976 on the approximation of the laws of...

ANNEX III PART 1

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	3		of
	years		age
	of	2.	Not
	age		to
2.	Not		be
	to		used
	be		on
	used		peeling
	on		or
	peelin	ıg	irritated
	or		skin
	irritat	eld	Not
	skin		to
	if		be
	the		used
		ntration	for
	of		children
	free		under
	solub		3
	borate		years
	excee	ds	of
	1,5 %	2	age
	(by	2.	Not
	mass/		to
	mass		be used
	as boric		
	acid)		on paoling
1.	Not		peeling or
1.	to		irritated
	be		skin
	used		SKIII
	in		
	produ	cts	
	for		
	childr	en	
	under		
	3		
	years		
	of		
	age		
2.	Not		
	to		
	be		
	used		
	on		
	peelin	ıg	
	or .	1	
	irritat	ed	
	skin		
	if		
	the		
	conce	ntration	

			of free soluble borates exceeds 1,5 % (by mass/ mass as boric acid)	
(b)	Produ (bs) for all hygiène	0,1 % (b) (by 1. mass/mass as boric acid)	Not 1. to be used in 2. products for children under 3 years of age Not to be 1. used in products for 2. children under 3 years of age	Not to be swallowed Not to be used for children under 3 years of age Not to be swallowed Not to be used for children under 3 years of age syears of age not to be used for children under 3 years of age
(c)	Other (c) products (excluding bath products and hair	3 % (c) (by 1. mass/mass as boric acid)	(c) Not 1. to be used in products	Not to be used for children

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waving		for	under
products)		children	3
		under	years
		3	of
		years	age
		of 2.	Not
		age	to
	2.	Not	be
		to	used
		be	on maaling
		used on	peeling
		peeling	or irritated
		or	skin
		irritateld	Not
		skin	to
		if	be
		the	used
		concentration	
		of	children
		free	under
		soluble	3
		borates	years
		exceeds	of
		1,5 %	age
		(by 2.	Not
		mass/ mass	to be
		as	used
		boric	on
		acid)	peeling
	1.	Not	or
		to	irritated
		be	skin
		used	
		in	
		products	
		for	
		children under	
		3	
		years	
		of	
		age	
	2.	Not	
		to	
		be	
		used	
		on	
		peeling	
		or irritated	
		skin	
I I	I	SKIII	

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							if the conce of free solub borat excee 1,5 % (by mass, mass as boric acid)	es eds	
16	Tetraborates	(a)	Bath produ		18 % (by mass/mass as boric acid)	(a)	Not to be used in produ for child under 3 years of age	ren	Not to be used of bathing children under 3 years of age
		(b)	Hair wavii produ		8 % (by mass/mass as boric acid)	,		(b)	Rinse well]]
[^{F25} 2a	Thioglycollic acid and its salts	(a)	Hair wavii or straig produ	htening		(a) (b) (c):	The direct for use draw	_	Contains thioglycolate Follow the instructions
		_	gener	al	8 % ready for use pH 7 to 9,5		must	al age(s)	Keep out of reach of children For professional

		— prof	essional	ready for use pH 7 to 9,5	the	đ	use only (c): Contains thioglycolate Follow the instructions
		(b) Dep	vilatories	5 % ready for use pH 7 to 12,7	In		Keep out of reach of children
		whi are rem afte	- e ducts ch ov ed e	ages ed as	with plent of water and seek	cal e ole	
2b	Thioglycollic acid esters	use	era l	8 % ready for use pH 6 to 9,5	must obligatorily incorporate the following sentences: May	_	Contains thioglycolate Follow the instructions Keep out of reach of children
		— prof use	es sio nal	11 % ready for use pH	congi	tization	For professional use only

			6 to 9,5 The abovementione percentages are calculated as thioglycollic acid]	eyes In the event of conta with eyes, rinse	ct cdiately y
[F33	Oxalic acid, its esters and alcaline salts	Hair care products	5 %		For professional use only
4	Ammonia		6 % calculated as NH ₃		Above 2 %: contains ammonia
5	Tosylchloramic sodium (*)	le	0.2 %		
6	Chlorates of alkali metals	(a) Tooth (b) Other uses	1/(a) te 5 % (b) 3 %		
7	Dichlorometha	ne	35 % (when mixed with 1,1,1-trichloroethane total concentration must not exceed 35 %)	0·2 % as maximum impurity ,content	
8	[F16m- and p- Phenylenediam	Oxidizing golouring	6 % calculated as free base		

	their N- substituted derivatives and their salts; N- substituted derivatives of o- Phenylenedian with the exception of those derivatives listed elsewhere in this Annex]	agents for hair dyeing (a) gener use	ral	(a)	Can cause an allergic reaction. [F39] Contains phenylenediamines. Do not use to dye eyelashes or eyebrows
		(b) profe use	ssional	(b)	For professional use only. Contains phenylenediamines. Can cause an allergic reaction. [F39][F29Wear suitable gloves.]
9	[F22Methylpher their N-substituted derivatives and their salts with the exception of substance No 364 in Annex II]	Quiditing ines, colouring agents for hair dyeing (a) gener use	free base	(a)	Can cause an allergic reaction. [F39]Contains phenylenediamines. Do not use to dye eyelashes

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					or eyebrows
		(b) profe use	ssional	(b)	For professional use only. Contains phenylenediamines. Can cause en allergic reaction. [F ³⁹][F ²⁹ Wear suitable gloves.]
10	Diaminopheno	Sxidizing colouring agents for hair dyeing	10 % calculated as free base		
		(a) gener use	al	(a)	Can cause an allergic reaction. [F39] Contains diaminophenols. Do not use to dye eyelashes or eyebrows
		(b) profe use	ssional	(b)	For professional use only. Contains diaminophenols. Can cause allergic reaction. [F39]

					[^{F29} Wear suitable gloves.]]		
[F2411	Dichlorophen (*)		0,5 %		Contains dichloroph	en]	
[F2812	peroxide, and other compounds	(a) Hair- caire prepa	12 % of H ₂ O ₂ (40 volumes), present or rations released		sl	Wear suitable gloves]	
	or mixtures that release hydrogen peroxide, including	(b) Skin- care prepa	4 % of H ₂ O ₂ , present or released rations		(a) (b) Contains (c): hydrogen peroxide.		1
	carbamide peroxide and zinc peroxide	(c) Nail harde prepa	2 % of H ₂ O ₂ , present or released rations		Avoid cont with eyes. Rinse immediatel if product comes into contact wit them	ly	
		(d) Oral hygic produ	0,1 % of H ₂ O ₂ , present or released		I		
[^{F3} 13	Formaldehyde	Nail hardeners	5 % calculated as formaldehyde	1	Protect cuticles wit grease or oil. Contain formaldehy	ns	
[^{F11} 14	Hydroquinone	(a) Oxid color agent for hair-dying	ring		(a) 1. —	_	Do not use to dye eyelashes or eyebrows
		1. Gene	ral	-	th ey ir if th pr	yes nmediat	tely

		2.	use	ssional		2.	contact with them Contains hydroqui	
		(b)	Artifi nail system	0,02 % (after chirxing for use) ms	Professional use only	(b)	_	For professional use only Avoid skin contact Read directions for use carefully]
[^{F32} 15a	Potassium or sodium hydroxide	(a)	Nail cuticl solve	le by	nt ^d	(a)	Contains alkali. Avoid contact with eyes. Can cause blindness Keep out of reach	

							of children
	(b)	Hair straig	(b) htener			(b)	
	1.	Gene use	rál	2 % by weigh	nt ^d	1.	Contains alkali. Avoid contact with eyes. Can cause blindness. Keep out of reach of children
	2.	Profe use	s 3 ional	4,5 % by weigh		2.	For professional use only. Avoid contact with eyes. Can cause blindness.
	(c) _	pH adjus depil	(c) ter atories	Up to pH 12,7		(c)	Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes
	(d)	Other uses as pH adjus		Up to pH 11			

[^{F16} 15b	Lithium hydroxide	(a) Hai	(a) righteners				(a)	
		1. Geruse	ner á l	2 % ^f weigh			Avoid co with eyes Can caus blindness Keep out of reach of children	e e s
		2. Pro use	fes 3 ional	4,5 % weigl			Avoid co with eyes Can caus blindness	e e
		for	ster — ilatories		(b)	pH value not to excee pH 12,7	Keep out of reach children Avoid co with eyes	of ntact
		(for rins off	uster se- ducts		(c)	pH value not to excee pH 11		
15c	Calcium hydroxide	Hair straighteners containing two components: calcium hydroxide and a guanidine sa		7 % by weigh of calcius hydro	ım		Avoid co with eyes Keep out of reach of children Can caus blindness	s of e

	1		I		
		(b) pH ajusto for depile	er — atories	(b) pH value not to excee pH 12,7	(b) Contains alkali Keep out of reach of ethildren Avoid contact with eyes
		(c) Other uses (e.g. pH adjus proce aid)		(c) pH value not to excee pH 11	
[^{F3} [^{F16} 16	1-Naphthol (CAS No 90-15-3) and its salts	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyening	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	Can cause allergie reaction]
17	Sodium nitrite	Rust inhibitor	0,2 %	Do not use with secondary and/or tertiary amines or other substances forming nitrosamines	
18	Nitromethane	Rust inhibitor	0,3 %		
19	Phenol and its alkali salts	Soaps and shampoos	1 % calculated as phenol		Contains phenol
[F39]					
21	Quinine and its salts	(a) Sham	n(a)s 0,5 % calcu as quini base	lated	
		(b) Hair lotion		lated	

22	Resorcinol ^c	(a)	Oxidiza colourir agent for hair dyeing	n)g	as quinii base 5 %	ne	(a)	
		1.	general use				Rinse ey immedia if production comes in contact withem	ately et nto
		2.	professi use	ional			Rinse ey immedia if productomes in contact withem	ntely et nto
		(b)	Hair (blotions and shampo		0,5 %		(b)	Contains resorcinol

23	(a) Alkali(a) Depi sulphides	lataries 2 % calculated as sulphur pH ≤ 12,7	(a) Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes
	(b) Alkali(te) Depression of the control of the con	la(to)ries 6 % calculated as sulphur pH ≤ 12,7	(b) Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes
24	Water-soluble zinc salts with the exception of zinc 4- hydroxy- benzenesulphonate and zinc pyrithione	1 % calculated as zinc	
25	Zinc 4- hydroxybenzen antiperspirants sulphonate and astringent lotions		Avoid contact with eyes
26	Sodium Oral hygiene monofluoropho sphatects	0,15 % calculated as F. When mixed with other fluorine compounds permitted under this Annex, total F concentration must not exceed 0,15 %	Contains ammonium monofluorophosphate

27	Sodium Ditto monofluorophosphate	0,15 % Ditto	Contains sodium monofluorophosphate
28	Potassium Ditto monofluorophosphate	0,15 % Ditto	Contains potassium monofluorophosphate
29	Calcium Ditto monofluorophosphate	0,15 % Ditto	Contains calcium monofluorophosphate
30	Calcium Ditto fluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains calcium fluoride
31	Sodium fluoride Ditto	0,15 % Ditto	Contains sodium fluoride
32	Potassium Ditto fluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains potassium fluoride
33	Ammonium fluoride Ditto	0,15 % Ditto	Contains ammonium fluoride
34	Aluminium Ditto fluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains aluminium fluoride
35	Stannous Ditto fluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains stannous fluoride
36	Hexadecyl ammonium fluoride Ditto	0,15 % Ditto	Contains hexadecyl ammonium fluoride
37	3-(<i>N</i> - Ditto Hexadecyl- <i>N</i> -2- hydroxyethylammonio) propylbis (2- hydroxyethyl) ammonium difluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains 3-(N- Hexadecyl-N-2- hydroxyethylammonio) propylbis (2- hydroxyethyl) ammonium difluoride
38	NN'N'- Ditto Tris(polyoxyethylene)-N- hexadecylpropylenediamine dihydrofluoride	0,15 % Ditto	Contains NN'N'- tris(polyoxyethylene)-N- hexadecylpropylenediam dihydrofluoride

39	Octadecenyl- ammonium fluoride	Ditto	0,15 % Ditto		Contains octadecenyl- ammonium fluoride
40	Sodium fluorosilicate	Ditto	0,15 % Ditto		Contains sodium fluorosilicate
41	Potassium fluorosilicate	Ditto	0,15 % Ditto		Contains potassium fluorosilicate
42	Ammonium fluorosilicate	Ditto	0,15 % Ditto		Contains ammonium fluorosilicate
43	Magnesium fluorosilicate	Ditto	0,15 % Ditto		Containes (SIC! Contains) magnesium fluorosilicate]
[F2344	1,3-Bis (hydroxymethy thione	(b) Nail-care	rations 2 %	in aeros	act
[F345	Benzyl alcohol	Solvents, perfumes and flavourings			1
[^{F9} 46	6- methylcoumar	Oral hygiene iproducts	0,003 %		l
[^{F17} 47	Nicomethanol hydrofluoride	Oral hygiene products	0,15 % calculated as F When mixed with other fluorine compounds		Contains nicomethanol hydrofluoride

			permitted under this Annex, total F concentration must not exceed 0,15 %			
48	Silver nitrate	Solely for products intended for colouring eyelashes and eyebrows	4 %		_	Contains silver nitrate Rinse the eyes immediately if product comes into contact with them]
[^{F10} 49	Selenium disulphide	Antidandruff shampoos	1 %		_	Contains selenium disulphide Avoid contact with eyes or damaged skin
50	Aluminium zirconium chloride hydroxyde complexes Al _x Zr(OH) _y Cl _z and the aluminium zirconium chloride sydroxide glycine complexes	Antiperspirants	anhydrous aluminium zirconium chloride hydroxide 5,4 % as zirconium	The ratio of the numb of alumi atoms to that of zircor atoms be between two an 10	nium S nium	ed

				3.	The ratio of the number of (Al + Zr) atoms to that of chlorine atoms must be between 0,9 and 2,1 Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)
[F2551	Quinolin-8- ol and bis (8-hydroxy- quinolium) sulphate	Stabilizer for hydrogen peroxide in rinse-off hair-care preparations	0,3 % calculated as base		
		Stabilizer for hydrogen peroxide in non-rinse- off hair-care preparations	0,03 % calculated as base]
[^{F24} 52	Methanol	Denaturant for ethanol and isopropyl alcohol	5 % calculated as a % ethanol and isopropyl acohol]
[F2553	Etidronic acid and its salts (1-hydroxyethylid diphosphonic acid and its salts)	(a) Haircare ene- (b) Soap	1,5 % expressed as etidronic acid 0,2 % expressed as etidronic acid		[^{F14}]

54	1-Phenoxy- propan-2-ol	 Rinse off production only Prohi in oral hygic production 	bited	As a preservative, see Annex VI, Part 1, No 43]
[^{F15} 55	Lead acetate	Only for hair-dyeing	0,6 % calculated in lead		Keep away from children. Avoid all contact with the eyes. Wash hands after use. Contains lead acetate. Do not use to dye eyelashes, eyebrows or moustasches. If irritation develops, discountinue use.]
[^{F13} 56	Magnesium fluoride	Dental hygiene products	0,15 % calculated as F. When mixed with other fluorine compounds permitted under this Annex, total F concentration must not exceed 0,15 %		Contains magnesium fluoride]
[^{F37} 57	Strontium chloride hexahydrate	(a) Tooth	3,5 %, Pasteulated as strontium. When mixed with other permitted strontium products the total		Contains strontium chloride. Frequent use by children is not advisable

		face care	strontium content must not exceed 3,5 % 2,1 %, Calculated as strontium. When mixed with other permitted strontium products the total strontium content must not exceed 2,1 %]
[^{F28} 58	Strontium acetate hemihydrate	Toothpaste	3,5 %, calculated as strontium. When mixed with other permitted strontium products the total strontium content must not exceed 3,5 %		Contains strontium acetate. Frequent use by children is not advisable]
[^{F30} 59	Talc: Hydrated magnesium silicate	(a) Power production to be used for child under three years of age (b) other productions.	icts ded ren		[x3(a) Keep powder away from children's nose and mouth]]
[^{F11} 60	Fatty acid dialkylamides and dialkanolamide		Maximum secondary amine	— Do not use with	

			content: 0,5 %	_	nitrosating systems Maximum secondary amine content: 5 % (applies to raw materials) Maximum nitrosamine content:
				_	50 μg/ kg Keep in nitrite- free containers
61	Monoalkylamines, monoalkanolamines and their salts		Maximum secondary amine content: 0,5 %		Do not use with nitrosating systems Minimum purity: 99 % Maximum secondary amine content: 0,5 % (applies to raw materials) Maximum nitrosamine content: 50 µg/kg Keep in nitrite-free containers
62	Trialkylamines, trialkanolamines and their salts	Non-rinse-	(a) 2,5 %	(a) (b)	Do not

		off produ (b) Other produ		syste Minimpurity 99 % Maxi secon amino conte 0,5 % (appl to raw mater Maxi	mum y: mum dary e nt: h ies mum amine nt:	
[^{F30} 63	Strontium hydroxide	pH-regulator in depilatory products	3,5 % calculated as strontium, max. pH of 12,7		_	Keep out of reach of children Avoid contact with the eyes
64	Strontium peroxide	Rinse-off hair care preparations professional use	4,5 % calculated as strontium in the readyfor-use preparation	All products must meet the hydrogen peroxide release requirements	_	Avoid contact with eyes Rinse eyes immediately if product comes into contact with them

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								_	For professional use only Wear suitable gloves
[F4065	Benzalkonium Chloride, bromide and saccharinate	(a)	Rinse- off hair (head care produ)	3 % (as benza chlori	(a) alkonium ide)	of benza chlor brom and sacch with an alkyl chain of C ₁₄ , or less must not excee 0,1 % (as	entrations alkonium ide, ide arinate	Avoid contact with the eyes
		(b)	Other produ		0,1 % (as benza chlori	ılkonium		(b)	Avoid contact with the eyes]
[^{F38} 66	Polyacrylamide	es (a)	Body- care leave- on produ			(a)	Maxi residu acryla conte 0,1 m	aal amide nt	
		(b)	Other cosme produ			(b)	Maxi residu acryla		

			conte 0,5 m kg	
[^{F7} 67	Amyl cinnamal (CAS No 122-40-7)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on production off production off production of the substance of the su	- octs %
68	Benzyl alcohol (CAS No 100-51-6)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on production of the production of	- octs %
69	Cinnamyl alcohol (CAS No 104-54-1)		The presence of the substance must be	

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			indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on production off production off production of the prod	- acts //o
70	Citral (CAS No 5392-40-5)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on produ — 0,010 in rinse-off produ	- acts //o
71	Eugenol (CAS No 97-53-0)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	

			— 0,001 % in leave- on products — 0,01 % in
			rinse- off products
72	Hydroxy-citronellal (CAS No 107-75-5)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 % in rinse-off products
73	Isoeugenol (CAS No 97-54-1)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 % in rinse-

	T.	
		off products
74	Amylcin namyl alcohol (CAS No 101-85-9)	The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 % in rinse-off products
75	Benzyl salicylate (CAS No 118-58-1)	The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 % in rinse-off products
76	Cinnamal (CAS No 104-55-2)	The presence of the substance must be indicated in

			the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	ects
			in rinse- off produ	•
77	Coumarin (CAS No 91-64-5)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on produ — 0,01 of in rinse-off produ	- octs %
78	Geraniol (CAS No 106-24-1)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	

	I	1		0.001.07
				0,001 % in leave-
				on products
				- 0,01 % in
				rinse-
				off products
79	Hydroxy- methylpentylcy (CAS No 31906-04-4)	yclohexenecarbo	oxaldehyde	The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-
				on products 0,01 % in rinse- off products
80	Anisyl alcohol (CAS No 105-13-5)			The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 % in rinse-

81 Benzyl The presence of the (CAS No 103-41-3) substance must be	
81 Benzyl The presence of the (CAS No substance	
cinnamate of the substance	
cinnamate of the substance	
103-41-3) must be	
indicated in	
the list of	
ingredients	
referred to in	
Article 6(1)	
(g) when its	
concentration	
exceeds:	
— 0,001 %	
leave-	
on products	
products	
— 0,01 %	
in in	
rinse-	
off	
products	
82 Farnesol The presence	
(CAS No of the	
4602-84-0) substance	
must be	
indicated in	
the list of	
ingredients	
referred to in	
Article 6(1)	
(g) when its	
concentration	
exceeds:	
0,001 %	
in	
leave-	
on	
products	
— 0,01 %	
in	
rinse-	
off	
products	
83 2-(4-tert- The presence	
Destrolla ou mest)	
Butylbenzyl) of the	
propionaldehyde substance	
propionaldehyde (CAS No must be 80-54-6) of the substance must be indicated in	

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			the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on produ — 0,01 in rinse-off produ	- acts %
84	Linalool (CAS No 78-70-6)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 in leave on production production off production of the produc	% - acts %
85	Benzyl benzoate (CAS No 120-51-4)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	

			— 0,001 % in leave-
			on products 0,01 % in rinse-
			off products
86	Citronellol (CAS No 106-22-9)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 %
			in rinse- off products
87	Hexyl cinnam- aldehyde (CAS No 101-86-0)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds: — 0,001 % in leave-on products — 0,01 %
			in rinse-

		off
	1.7.	products
88	d-Limonene (CAS No 5989-27-5)	The presence of the substance must be
		indicated in the list of
		ingredients referred to in Article 6(1)
		(g) when its concentration
		exceeds: 0,001 %
		in leave-
		on products
		— 0,01 %
		in rinse-
		off
		products
89	Methyl heptin carbonate	The presence of the
	(CAS No	substance
	111-12-6)	must be
		indicated in
		the list of ingredients
		referred to in
		Article 6(1)
		(g) when its
		concentration exceeds:
		— 0,001 %
		in
		leave- on
		products
		0,01 %
		in rinse-
		off
		products
90	3-Methyl-4- (2,6,6-tri-	The presence of the
	(2,0,0-tf1- methyl-2-	substance
	cyclohexen-1-	must be
		indicated in

	yl)-3-buten-2- one (CAS No 127-51-5)		the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	- octs %
91	Oak moss extract (CAS No 90028-68-5)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	- octs %
92	Treemoss extract (CAS No 90028-67-4)		The presence of the substance must be indicated in the list of ingredients referred to in Article 6(1) (g) when its concentration exceeds:	

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				- 0,001 in leave on produ - 0,01 in rinse off produ	ucts %	
[^{F41} 93	2,4-Diamino- pyrimidine-3- oxide (CAS No 74638-76-9)	Hair care formulations	1,5 %			
94	Benzoyl peroxide	Artificial nail systems	0,7 % (after mixing)	Professional use only	_	For professional use only Avoid skin contact Read directions for use carefully
95	Hydroquinone methylether	Artificial nail systems	0,02 % (after mixing for use)	Professional use only	_	For professional use only Avoid skin contact Read directions for use carefully]

a These substances may be used singly or in combination provided that the sum of the ratios of the levels of each of them in the cosmetic product expressed with reference to the maximum level authorized for each of them does not exceed 1.

b Only if the concentration exceeds 0,05 %.

c These substances may be used singly or in combination provided that the sum of the ratios of the levels of each of them in the cosmetic product expressed with reference to the maximum level authorized for each of them does not exceed 2.

d [F32The quantity of sodium, potassium or lithium hydroxide is expressed as weight of sodium hydroxide. In cases of mixtures, the sum should not exceed the limits given in column d.]

e [F38These substances may be used singly or in combination provided that the sum of the ratios of the levels of each of them in the cosmetic product expressed with reference to the maximum level authorised for each of them does not exceed 1.1

f [F38The concentration of sodium, potassium or lithium hydroxide is expressed as weight of sodium hydroxide. In case of mixtures, the sum should not exceed the limits given in column d.]]

Editorial Information

X3 Inserted by Corrigendum, OJ No L 273, 25. 10. 1994, p. 38 (94/32/EC).

Textual Amendments

- **F39** Deleted by Commission Directive of 21 October 1992 (92/86/EEC).
- **F40** Inserted by Commission Directive 2000/6/EC of 29 February 2000 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III, VI and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F41** Inserted by Commission Directive 2003/83/EC of 24 September 2003 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VI to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).

[F12 F2 Part 2] U.K.

LIST OF SUBSTANCES PROVISIONALLY ALLOWED

Reference	Substance	Restriction	S	Conditions	Allowed	
number		Field of application and/or use	Maximum authorized concentrati in the finished cosmetic product		of use and warnings itsvhich must be printed on the label	until
a	b	c	d	e	f	g
[^{F38} 1	Basic Blue 7 (CAS No 2390-60-5)	Non- oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	0,2 %		Can cause allergic reaction	30.9.2004
2	2-Amino-3- nitrophenol (CAS No 603-85-0) and its salts	col age for hai dye	r eing n(b) 3,0	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use	cau alle rea	
		col	dising ouring ents	upon application is 1,5 %		

		hai dye	r eing			
3	4-Amino-3- nitrophenol (CAS No 610-81-1) and its salts	col age for hai	ouring ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	cau alle	
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	wse concentration upon application is 1,5 %	ı	
4	2,7- Naphthalene (CAS no 582-17-2) and its salts	Oxidising diolouring agents for hair dyeing	1,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 0,5 %	n	30.9.2004
5	m- Aminopheno (CAS no 591-27-5) and its salts	Oxidising lcolouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	reaction	30.9.2004
6	2,6- Dihydroxy-3 dimethylpyri (CAS No 84540-47-6) and its salts	digents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon	reaction	30.9.2004

						application is 1,0 %			
7	4- Hydroxyprop nitrophenol (CAS No 92952-81-3) and its salts	a f h	Oxida colou igent for nair lyein	ırıng ts	5,2	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	(a) (b)		
		6 6 6 1 1		b) 2 sing aring ts	2,6	wse concentration upon application is 2,6 %	n		
8	6- Nitro-2,5- pyridinedian (CAS No 69825-83-8) and its salts	Non- oxidising indouring agent for hair dyeing		,0 %			Can caus allergic reaction	e	30.9.2004
9	HC Blue No 11 (CAS No 23920-15-2) and its salts	c a f h		ts	3,0	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum			
		o c a f h	Non(toxidisto) colou agent cor nair dyein	sing uring ts		wse concentration upon application is 1,5 %	1		
10	Hydroxyethy nitro-p- toluidine (CAS No 100418-33-5 and its salts	(a) (c) c a f) f		iring ts	2,0	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	(a) (b)		
		c a	Non(toxidisto) colou gent	sing ıring	0,	use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	n		

		hai dye	r eing			
11	2- Hydroxyethy acid (CAS No 99610-72-7) and its salts	age for hai	ouring ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use	cau alle	
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	%ncentration upon application is 1,5 %	n	
12	p- Methylamine (CAS No 150-75-4) and its salts	Oxidising ophknoting agent for hair dyeing	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	reaction	30.9.2004
13	2,4- Diamino-5- methylpheno (CAS No 141614-05-3 and its salts	hair dyeing	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	reaction	30.9.2004
14	HC Violet No 2 CAS No 104226-19-9 and its salts	Non- oxidising colouring agent for hair dyeing	2,0 %			30.9.2004
15	Hydroxyethy dinitro-p- anisidine (CAS No	(N2)6- oxidising colouring	3,0 %		Can cause allergic reaction	30.9.2004

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	122252-11-3 and its salts)agent for hair dyeing				
16	HC Blue No 12 (CAS No 104516-93-0 and its salts	col age for hai	ouring ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use	alle	
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	concentration upon application is 0,75 %	h	
17	[X42,4- Diamino-5 methyphene (CAS No 113715-25-6 and its salts]	hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	reaction	30.9.2004
18	1,3-Bis- (2,4- diaminopher (CAS No 81892-72-0) and its salts	Oxidising colouring colouring colouring colouring color colo	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	reaction	30.9.2004
19	[X43- Amino-2,4- dichloropher (CAS No 61693-43-4) and its salts]	hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon	reaction	30.9.2004

				application is 1,0 %		
20	Phenyl methyl pyrazolone (CAS No 89-25-8) and its salts	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	0,5 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 0,25 %		30.9.2004
21	2- Methyl-5- hydroxyethy (CAS No 55302-96-0) and its salts	Oxidising colouring lagintsploenol hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	reaction	30.9.2004
22	Hydroxyben (CAS No 26021-57-8) and its salts	Consistiphogine colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	reaction	30.9.2004
23	1,7- Naphthalene (CAS No 575-38-2) and its salts	Oxidising diolouring agents for hair dyeing	1,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 0,5 %	reaction	30.9.2004

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24	HC Yellow No 10 (CAS No 109023-83-8 and its salts	Non- oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	0,2 %			30.9.2004
25	2,6- Dimethoxy-; pyridinedian (CAS No 85679-78-3) and its salts	ningents for hair dyeing	0,5 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 0,25 %	reaction	30.9.2004
26	HC Orange No 2 (CAS No 85765-48-6) and its salts	Non- oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	1,0 %			30.9.2004
27	HC Violet No 1 (CAS No 82576-75-8) and its salts	col age for hai	ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum		30.9.2004
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	wse concentration upon application is 0,25 %	1	
28	3- Methylamine nitro- phenoxyetha (CAS No 59820-63-2) and its salts	colouring mylents for hair dyeing	1,0 %			30.9.2004
29	2-Hydroxy- ethylamino-: nitro- anisole (CAS No		1,0 %			30.9.2004

	66095-81-6) and its salts					
30	2-Chloro-5- nitro-N- hydroxyethy p- phenylenedia (CAS No 50610-28-1) and its salts	l- col age amine for hai	ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use		30.9.2004
	und its suits	oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	% mcentration upon application is 1,0 %	n	
31	[X4HC Red No 13 (CAS No 94158-13-1) and its salts]	col age for hai		with hydrogen peroxide the maximum		30.9.2004
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	use % ncentration upon application is 1,25 %	1	
32	1,5- Naphthalene (CAS No 83-56-7) and its salts	Oxidising diolouring agents for hair dyeing	1,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 0,5 %	1	30.9.2004
33	Hydroxyproposis (N-hydroxyethy p-phenylenedia (CAS No	colouring lagents for hair dyeing	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	Can cause allergic reaction	30.9.2004

Council Directive of 27 July 1976 on the approximation of the laws of...

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	128729-30-6 and its salts)		use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	
34	o- Aminopheno (CAS No 95-55-6) and its salts	Oxidising skolouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	30.9.2004
35	4-Amino-2- hydroxytoluc (CAS No 2835-95-2) and its salts		3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
36	[x42,4-Diaminophe (CAS No 66422-95-5) and its salts]	agents for	4,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 2,0 %	30.9.2004
37	2- Methylresor (CAS No 608-25-3) and its salts	Oxidising cindburing agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon	30.9.2004

				application is 1,0 %	
38	4-Amino- m-cresol (CAS No 2835-99-6) and its salts	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
39	2-Amino-4- hydroxyethy (CAS No 83763-47-7) and its salts	l ævlingang sole agents for	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
40	3,4- Diamino- benzoicacid (CAS No 619-05-6) and its salts	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	30.9.2004
41	6-Amino- o-cresol (CAS No 17672-22-9) and its salts	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	3,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004

42	2- Oxidisir Aminomethy colouring agents f aminophenol hair dye (CAS No 79352-72-0) and its salts	or	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
43	Hydroxyethy axiidisii colourin aminophenol agents f (CAS No 110952-46-0) and its salts	or	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
44	Hydroxyethy Coxidisin methylenedioxyknitin (CAS No agents f 81329-90-0) and its salts	or	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	30.9.2004
45	[X4Acid Black 52 (CAS No 3618-58-4) and its salts] Oxidisin colouring agents f hair dye	or	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	30.9.2004
46	2-Nitro-p- phenylenedianime	Oxida)ing colouring	0,3 In Combination	30.9.2004

	(CAS No 5307-14-2) and its salts	(b)	agents for hair dyeing Non(b) oxidising colouring agents for hair	0,3	with hydrogen peroxide the maximum wse concentration upon application is 0,15 %	
47	HC Blue No 2 (CAS No 33229-34-4) and its salts		dyeing 2,8 %			30.9.2004
48	3-Nitro-p- hydroxyethy (CAS No 65235-31-6) and its salts	landinophe (In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon application is 3,0 %	30.9.2004
49	4- Nitrophenyl aminoethylu (CAS No 27080-42-8) and its salts	(a) (rea	Oxidaying colouring agents for hair dyeing	0,5	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use	30.9.2004
		:	Non(b) oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing		% oncentration upon application is 0,25 %	
50	HC Red No 10 + HC Red No 11 (CAS No		Oxidaying colouring agents	2,0	In combination with hydrogen	30.9.2004

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	95576-89-9 and its salts	+ 95576-9 264 hai dye	ſ	peroxide the maximum use	
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents r eing	concentration upon application is 1,0 %	
51	Yellow No 6 (CAS No 104333-00-8 and its salts) col age for hai	ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	30.9.2004
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents r eing	use % oncentration upon application is 1,0 %	
52	HC Yellow No 12 (CAS No 59320-13-7) and its salts	col age for hai	ents	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	30.9.2004
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	wse %oncentration upon application is 0,5 %	
53	[X4HC Blue No 10 (CAS No 102767-27-1 and its salts]	Oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum use concentration upon	30.9.2004

					application is 1,0 %	
54	HC Blue No 9 (CAS No 114087-47-1 and its salts	(a))	Oxidaying colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	30.9.2004
		(b)	Non(b) oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	1,0	use concentration upon application is 1,0 %	
55	2-Chloro-6- ethylamino-4 nitrophenol (CAS No 131657-78-8 and its salts		Oxidasing colouring agents for hair dyeing	3,0	In Combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	30.9.2004
		(b)	Non(b) oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	3,0	use concentration upon application is 1,5 %	
56	2-Amino-6- chloro-4- nitrophenol (CAS No 6358-09-4) and its salts	(a)	Oxidaying colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0	with hydrogen peroxide the maximum	30.9.2004
		(b)	Non(b) oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0	wse %ncentration upon application is 1,0 %	
57	Basic Blue 26 (CAS No 2580-56-5)	(a)	Oxidaying colouring agents	0,5	In combination with hydrogen	30.9.2004

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	(CI 44045) and its salts	for hai dye			peroxide the maximum use		
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	0,5	concentration upon application is 0,25 %	n	
58	Acid Red 33 (CAS No 3567-66-6) (CI 17200) and its salts	Non- oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %				30.9.2004
59	Ponceau SX (CAS No 4548-53-2) (CI 14700) and its salts	Non- oxidising colouring agents for hair dyeing	2,0 %				30.9.2004
60	Basic Violet 14 (CAS No 632-99-5) (CI 42510) and its salts	col age for hai	ents	0,3	In combination with hydrogen peroxide the maximum		30.9.2004
		oxi col age for hai	dising ouring ents	0,3	use concentration upon application is 0,15 %	n	
61	Musk xylene (CAS no 81-15-2)	All cosmetic products, with the exception		1,0 in fine			[^{F42} 30.9.2004]
		of oral care products		0,4 in eau de toil			

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			(c)	0,03 % in other products		
62	Musk ketone (CAS No 81-14-1)	All cosmetic products, with the exception	(a)	1,4 % in fine fragrance		[F4230.9.2004]
		of oral care products	(b)	0,56 % in eau de toilette		
			(c)	0,042 % in other products	11	

Editorial Information

X4 Substituted by Corrigendum to the Twenty-sixth Commission Directive 2002/34/EC of 15 April 2002 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VII to Council Directive 76/748/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Official Journal of the European Communities L 102 of 18 April 2002).

Textual Amendments

F42 Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/16/EC of 19 February 2003 adapting to technical progress Annex III to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products.

ANNEX IV U.K.

[F23[F2PART 1] U.K.

LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a

Field of application

Colour	Colour	Field of ap	Other			
index number or denominati	on	1	2	3	4	limitations and requirements ^b
10006	Green				X	

maximum

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LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a Field of application 10020 Green X Yellow X 10316° 11680 Yellow X 11710 X Yellow 11725 X Orange 11920 Orange X 12010 Red X [F43] X 3 % Red 12085° maximum concentration in the finished product 12120 Red X 12150 Red X 12370 Red X 12420 Red X X 12480 Brown 12490 Red X 12700 Yellow \mathbf{X} [F14] 13015 X E 105 Yellow [F18] 14270 X E 103 Orange X 14700 Red 14720 X Red E 122 X 14815 Red E 125 Orange X 15510° 15525 X Red X 15580 Red [F43] 15620 Red X 15630° Red X 3 %

dimethylbenzidine

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LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a

					concentration in the finished product
15800	Red		X		[^{F14}]
15850°	Red	X			
15865°	Red	X			
15880	Red	X			
15980	Orange	X			E 111
15985°	Yellow	X			E 110
16035	Red	X			
16185	Red	X			E 123
16230	Orange		X		
16255°	Red	X			E 124
16290	Red	X			E 126
17200°	Red	X			
18050	Red		X		
18130	Red			X	
18690	Yellow			X	
18736	Red			X	
18820	Yellow			X	
18965	Yellow	X			
19140°	Yellow	X			E 102
20040	Yellow			X	maximum 3,3'- dimethylbenzidin concentration in the colouring agent: 5 ppm
20170	Orange		X		
20470	Black			X	[^{F14}]
21100	Yellow			X	maximum 3.3'-

LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a

Field of application concentration in the colouring agent: 5 ppm 21108 Yellow X ditto X 21230 Yellow 24790 Red X [F2826100 Red X Purity criteria: aniline \leq 0,2 % 2naphtol $\leq \bar{0},2\%$ aminoazobenzene $\leq 0.1 \%$ (phenylazo)-2naphtol $\leq \bar{3} \%$ 1-[2-(phenylazo)phenylazo]napthalenol $\leq 2\%$ X [F2327290° Red 27755 Black X E 152 X 28440 Black E 151 40215 X Orange 40800 X Orange 40820 X E 160 e Orange X 40825 E 160 f Orange X 40850 Orange E 161 g 42045 [F8] Blue [F15X] Blue X E 131 42051° 42053 X Green 42080 X Blue 42090 X Blue

Violet

Blue

Blue

Green

Violet

Yellow

Orange

Red

Red

Red

X

X

X

X

42520

[F8]

42735

44045

44090

45100

[F43]

[F43] 45190

45220

45350

45370°

45380°

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LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a Field of application 42100 Green X [F14] 42510 Violet X

X

[F15X]

X

X

X

X

5 ppm maximum concentration

in the finished product

E 142

[F14]

6 %

in the finished product

maximum concentration

not more

than 1 % 2-(6-hdroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-y1) benzoic acid and 2 % 2-(bromo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-y1) benzoic acid

ditto

LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a

Field of a	pplication				
45396	Orange	X			when used in lipstick, the colouring agent is allowed only in free acid form and in a maximum concentration of 1 %
45405	Red		X		not more than 1 % 2-(6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid and 2 % 2- (bromo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid
45410°	Red	X			ditto
45425	Red	X			not more than 1 % 2-(6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid and 3 % 2-(iodo-6-hydroxy-3-oxo-3H-xanthen-9-yl) benzoic acid
45430°	Red	X			E 127 ditto
47000	Yellow			X	[^{F14}]

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LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS $^{\rm a}$

	pplication					
47005	Yellow	X				E 104
50325	Violet				X	
50420	Black			X		
51319	Violet				X	
58000	Red	X				
59040	Green			X		
60724	Violet				X	
60725	Violet	X				
60730	Violet			X		
61565	Green	X				
61570	Green	X				
61585	Blue				X	
62045	Blue				X	
69800	Blue	X				E 130
69825	Blue	X				
71105	Orange			X		
73000	Blue	X				
73015	Blue	X				E 132
73360	Red	X				
73385	Violet	X				
73900	Violet				X	[F39]
73915	Red				X	
74100	Blue				X	
74160	Blue	X				
74180	Blue				X	[F39]
74260	Green		X			
75100	Yellow	X				
75120	Orange	X				E 160 b
75125	Yellow	X				E 160 d
75130	Orange	X				E 160 a
75135	Yellow	X				E 161 d
75170	White	X				

Field of app	plication		
75300	Yellow	X	E 100
75470	Red	X	E 120
75810	Green	X	E 140 and E 141
77000	White	X	E 173
77002	White	X	
77004	White	X	
77007	Blue	X	
77015	Red	X	
77120	White	X	
77163	White	X	
77220	White	X	E 170
77231	White	X	
77266	Black	X	
77267	Black	X	
77268:1	Black	X	E 153]
[^{F24} 77288	Green	X	free from chromate ion
77289	Green	X	free from chromate ion]
[F2377346	Green	X	
77400	Brown	X	
77480	Brown	X	E 175
77489	Orange	X	E 172
77491	Red	X	E 172
77492	Yellow	X	E 172
77499	Black	X	E 172
77510	Blue	X	free from cyanide ions
77713	White	X	
77742	Violet	X	

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LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS^a

Eigi of ec	Loomin	TIGETTE	EEEO WED IO	TO COL III	CODMILITE	INODUCIO
Field of appl	lication					
77745	Red	X				
77820	White	X				E 174
77891	White	X				E 171
77947	White	X				
Lactoflavin	Yellow	X				E 101
Caramel	Brown	X				E 150
Capsanthin, capsorubin	Orange	X				Е 160 с
Beetroot red	Red	X				E 162
Anthocyanin	ısRed	X				E 163
Aluminium, zinc, magnesium and calcium stearates	White	X				
Bromothymo	Blue				X	
Bromocresol green	Green				X	1
[F25]Acid red 195	Red			X		1

a Lakes or salts of these colouring agents using substances not prohibited under Annex II or not excluded under Annex V from the scope of this Directive are equally allowed.

c The insoluble barium, strontium and zirconium lakes, salts and pigments of these colouring agents shall also be permitted. They must pass the test for insolubility which will be determined by the procedure laid down in Article 8.

Column 1	= Colouring agents allowed in all cosmetic products.
Column 2	= Colouring agents allowed in all cosmetic products except those
	intended to be applied in the vicinity of the eyes, in particular eye
	make-up and eye make-up remover.
Column 3	= Colouring agents allowed exclusively in cosmetic products intended
	not to come into contact with the mucous membranes.
Column 4	= Colouring agents allowed exclusively in cosmetic products intended
	to come into contact only briefly with the skin.]

Textual Amendments

F43 Deleted by Commission Directive of 12 March 1991 (91/184/EEC).

b Colouring agents whose number is preceded by the letter 'E' in accordance whith the EEC Directive of 1962 concerning foodstuffs and colouring matters must fulfil the purity requirements laid down in those Directives. They continue to be subject to the general criteria set out in Annex III to the 1962 Directive concerning colouring matters where the letter 'E' has been deleted therefrom.

[F23PART 2 U.K.

LIST OF COLOURING AGENTS PROVISIONALLY ALLOWED FOR USE IN COSMETIC PRODUCTS*

Field of application

Colour	Colour	Field of application				Other Authorization	
index number or		1	2	3	4	limitation and requirem	until
denomina	tion						
[F18]							
[F8]							
[F39]							
[^{F14}]							
[F8]							
[^{F14}]							
[F39]							
[F8]							
[F14]							
[F8]							
[F18]							
[F8]							
[F14]							
[F8]							
[F18]							
[F39]							
[^{F14}]							
[F39]							
[^{F14}]							
[^{F44}]							
[^{F18}]							
[F39]							

a Lakes or salts of these colouring agents using substances not prohibited under Annex II or not excluded under Annex V from the scope of this Directive are equally allowed.

b Colouring agents whose number is preceded by the letter 'E' in accordance with the EEC Directive of 1962 concerning foodstuffs and colouring matters must fulfil the purity requirements laid down in those Directives. They continue to be

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subject to the general criteria set out in Annex III to the 1962 Directive concerning colouring matters where the letter 'E' has been deleted therefrom.

Column 1	= Colouring agents allowed in all cosmetic products.
Column 2	= Colouring agents allowed in all cosmetic products except those
	intended to be applied in the vicinity of the eyes, in particular eye
	make-up and eye make-up remover
Column 3	= Colouring agents allowed exclusively in cosmetic products intended
	not to come into contact with the mucous membranes.
Column 4	= Colouring agents allowed exclusively in cosmetic products intended
	to come into contact only briefly with the skin.]

Textual Amendments

F44 Deleted by Commission Directive of 2 February 1987 (87/137/EEC).

ANNEX V U.K.

LIST OF SUBSTANCES EXCLUDED FROM THE SCOPE OF THE DIRECTIVE

- 1 $[^{F8}...]$
- 2 $\begin{bmatrix} F44 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$
- $3 \qquad [^{F8}...]$
- 4 [F45.....]
- 5. [F30]Strontium and its compounds, with the exception of strontium lactate, strontium nitrate and strontium polycarboxylate listed in Annex II, strontium sulphide, strontium chloride, strontium acetate, strontium hydroxide, strontium peroxide, under the conditions laid down in Annex III, Part 1 and of strontium lakes, pigments and salts of the colouring agents listed with the reference (3) in Annex IV, Part 1.]
- 6 $\begin{bmatrix} F8 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$
- 7 [F43.....]
- 8 [F8.....]
- 9 [^{F46}....]
- 10 [F47....]

Textual Amendments

- **F45** Deleted by Commission Directive of 29 June 1983 (83/341/EEC).
- **F46** Deleted by Commission Directive of 28 February 1986 (86/179/EEC).
- **F47** Deleted by Commission Directive of 18 July 1984 (84/415/EEC).

F12ANNEX VI U.K.

LIST OF PRESERVATIVES WHICH COSMETIC PRODUCTS MAY CONTAIN PREAMBLE

- 1. Preservatives are substances which may be added to cosmetic products for the primary purpose of inhibiting the development of micro-organisms in such products.
- 2. The substances marked with the symbol (*) may also be added to cosmetic products in concentration other than those laid down in this Annex for other specific purposes apparent from the presentation of the products, e.g. as deodorants in soaps or as anti-dandruff agents in shampoos.
- 3. Other substances used in the formulation of cosmetic products may also have antimicrobial properties and thus help in the preservation of the products, as, for instance, many essential oils and some alcohols. These substances are not included in this Annex.
- 4. For the purposes of this list:
 - "Salts' is taken to mean: salts of the cations sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium and ethanolamines; salts of the anions chloride, bromide, sulphate, acetate.
 - 'Esters' is taken to mean: esters of methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, phenyl.
- 5. All finished products containing formaldehyde or substances in this Annex and which release formaldehyde must be labelled with the warning 'contains formaldehyde' where the concentration of formaldehyde in the finished product exceeds 0,05 %.

PART 1 U.K.

LIST OF PRESERVATIVES ALLOWED

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	С	d	e
1	Benzoic acid, its salts and esters (*)	0,5 % (acid)		
2	Propionic acid and its salts (*)	2 % (acid)		
3	Salicylic acid and its salts (*)	0,5 % (acid)	Not to be used in preparations for children under three years of	Not to be used for children under three years of age ^a

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

			age, except for shampoos	
4	Sorbic acid (hexa-2,4- dienoic acid) and its salts (*)	0,6 % (acid)		
5	Formaldehyde paraformaldehyde	0,2 % (except for products for oral hygiene) 0,1 % (products for oral hygiene) expressed as free formaldehyde	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	
[^{F44}]				
7	Biphenyl-2-ol (o-phenylphenol) and its salts (*)	0,2 % expressed as the phenol		
8	Pyrithione zinc (INN) (*)	0,5 %	Authorized in products rinsed off Forbidden in products for oral hygiene	
9	Inorganic sulphites and hydrogen- sulphites (*)	0,2 % expressed as free SO ₂		
10	Sodium iodate	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only	
11	Chlorobutanol (INN)	0,5 %	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	Contains chlorobutanol
12	4- Hydroxybenzoic acid and its salts and esters (*)	4 % (acid) for 1 ester, 0,8 % (acid) for mixtures of esters		
13	3-Acetyl-6- methylpyran-2,4 (3H)-dione (Dehydracetic acid) and its salts	0,6 % (acid)	Prohibited in aerosol dispensers (sprays)	

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

	T			
[^{F30} 14	Formic acid and its sodium salt (+)	0,5 % (expressed as acid)]
[F1215	3,3'- Dibromo-4,4'- hexamethylenedic benzamidine (Dibromohexamic and its salts (including isethionate)			
16	Thiomersal (INN)	0,007 % (of Hg) If mixed with other mercurial compounds authorized by this Directive, the maximum concentration of Hg remains fixed at 0,007 %	For eye make-up and eye make-up remover only	Contains thiomersal
17	Phenylmercuric salts (including borate)	Ditto	Ditto	Contains phenylmercuric compounds
18	Undec-10-enoic acid and salts (*)	0,2 % (acid)	See Annex VI, Part 2, No 8	
19	Hexetidine (INN) (*)	0,1 %	[^{F18}]	
20	5-Bromo-5- nitro-1,3- dioxane	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only Avoid formation of nitrosamines [F ¹⁴]	
21	Bronopol (INN) (*)	0,1 %	Avoid formation of nitrosamines	
22	2,4- Dichlorobenzyl alcohol (*)	0,15 %		
23	Triclocarban (INN) (*)	0,2 %	<1 ppm 3,3',4,4'-	oroazobenzene

Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

24	4-Chloro-m-cresol (*)	0,2 %	Prohibited in the products intended to come into contact with mucous membranes	
25	Tricolosan (INN) (*)	0,3 %		
26	4-Chloro-3,5- xylenol (*)	0,5 %		
27	3,3'-Bis (1- hydroxymethyl-2, dioxoimidazolidin yl)-1,1'- methylenediurea ('Imidazolidinyl urea') (*)			
28	Poly (1- hexamethylenebig hydrochloride (*)	0,3 % uanide		
29	2- Phenoxyethanol (*)	1,0 %		
30	Hexamethylenetet (*) (methenamine) (INN)	ւ⊕րհնո&₀		
31	Methenamine 3- chloroallylochlori (INNM)	0,2 % de		
32	1-(4- Chlorophenoxy)-1 (imidazol-1- yl)-3,3- dimethylbutan-2- one (*)	0,5 %		
33	1,3-Bis (hydroxymethyl)-; dimethylimidazoli dione (*)			
34	Benzyl alchohol (*)	1,0 %		
35	1-Hydroxy-4- methyl-6(2,4,4-	1,0 % 0,5 %	Products rinsed off	

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

	trimethylpentyl) 2-pyridon and its monoethanolamin salt (*)	e	For other products	
[^{F11} 36	1,2- Dibromo-2,4- dicyanobutane (methyldibromo glutaronitrile)	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only]
37	6,6- Dibromo-4,4- dichloro2,2'- methylene- diphenol (Bromochloropher (*)	0,1 % n)		
38	4-Isopropyl-m- cresol	0,1 %		
39	Mixture of 5-Chloro-2- methyl- isothiazol-3(2H)- one and 2- methylisothiazol-3 one with magnesium chloride and magnesium nitrate	[F260,0015 %](of a mixture in the ratio 3:1 of 5-chloro-2-methylisothiazol 经知)-one and 2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	3	1
[^{F24} 40	2-Benzyl-4- chlorophenol (clorophene)	0.2 %]
[F2541	2- Chloroacetamide	0,3 %		Contains chloroacetamide
42	Chlorhexidine (INN) and its digluconate, diacetate and dihydrochloride (+)	0,3 % expressed as clorhexidine		
43	1- Phenoxypropan-2- ol	1,0 %	Only for rinse- off products]
[^{F13} 44	Alkyl (C12-C22) trimethyl ammonium,	0,1 %		

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

	bromide and chloride (*)			
45	4,4- dimethyl-1,3- oxizalidine	0,1 %	The pH of the finished product must not be lower than 6	
46	N- (Hydroxymethyl)- N- (dihydroxymethyl dioxo-2,5- imidazolidinyl-4)- N'- (hydroxymethyl) urea	-1,3-		
[F2847	1,6-Di (4- amidinophenoxy)- n-hexane (Hexamidine) and its salts (including isethionate and p- hydroxybenzoate) (+)			
[F3048	Glutaraldehyde (Pentane-1,5- dial)	0,1 %	Prohibited in aerosols (sprays)	Contains glutaraldehyde (where glutaraldehyde concentration in the finished product exceeds 0,05 %)
49	5-Ethyl-3,7-dioxa-1-azabicyclo [3.3.0] octane	0,3 %	Prohibited in oral hygiene products and in products intended to come into contact with mucous membranes	
[F3250	3-(p- chlorophenoxy)- propane-1,2 diol (chlorphenesin)	0,3 %		
51	Sodium hydroxymethylam	0,5 % ino		

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

	acetate (Sodium Hydroxymethylgl	ycinate)		
52	Silver chloride deposited on titanium dioxide	0,004 % calculated as AgCl	20 % AgCl (W/W) on TiO ₂ . Prohibited in products for children under three years of age, in oral hygiene products and in products intended for application around the eyes and on the lips	
[^{F36} 53	Benzethonium chloride	0,1 %	Rinse-off products only]
[^{F37} 54	Belzalkonium chloride, bromide and saccharinate (+)	0,1% calculated as benzalkonium chloride		Avoid contact with eyes]
[^{F40} 55	Benzylhemiforma	10,15 %	Only for products to be removed by rinsing	
56	3-Iodo-2- propynylbutylcarb	0,05 % amate	1. Not to be used for oral hygiene and lipcare products 2. If the concentr in products intended to remain on the skin exceeds 0,02 % add the phrase:	Contains iodine] ation

a Solely for products which might be used for children under three years of age and which remain in prolonged contact with the skin.]

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				Contains iodine	\
a	Solely for products the skin.]	which might be used for c	children under three years	of age and which remain i	n prolonged contact with

[F12PART 2 U.K.

LIST OF PRESERVATIVES PROVISIONALLY ALLOWED

Reference number	Substance	Maximum authorized concentration	Limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label	Allowed until
a	b	c	d	e	f
[^{F14}]					
[F48]					
[^{F14}]					
[F43]					
[^{F14}]					
[^{F43}]					
[^{F18}]					
[^{F44}]					
[^{F18}]					
[^{F44}]					
[F18]					
[^{F49}]					
[F50]					
[F43]					
[F18]					
[^{F14}]					
[^{F39}]					
[F51]					
[F18]					
[^{F14}]					

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[F52]]
[F51]			
[^{F48}]	•		

Textual Amendments

- **F48** Deleted by Commission Directive of 25 June 1996 (96/41/EC).
- **F49** Deleted by Commission Directive of 10 July 1995 (95/34/EC).
- **F50** Deleted by Commission Directive of 3 September 1998 (98/62/EC).
- **F51** Deleted by Commission Directive 2000/6/EC of 29 February 2000 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III, VI and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F52** Deleted by Commission Directive of 29 June 1994 (94/32/EC).

[F4ANNEX VII] U.K.

List of UV filters which cosmetic products may contain

For the purposes of this Directive, UV filters are substances which, contained in cosmetic sunscreen products, are specifically intended to filter certain UV rays in order to protect the skin from certain harmful effects of these rays.

These UV filters may be added to other cosmetic products within the limits and under the conditions laid down in this Annex.

Other UV filters used in cosmetic products solely for the purpose of protecting the product against UV rays are not included in this list.

PART 1 U.K.

List of permitted UV filters which cosmetic products may contain

Reference No	Substances	Maximum authorized concentration	Other limitations and requirements	Conditions of use and warnings which must be printed on the label
a	b	c	d	e
1	4-Aminobenzoic acid	5 %		
2	N,N,N- Trimethyl-4- (2-oxoborn-3- ylidenemethyl)	6 %		

a Not requiered if concentration is 0,5 % or less and when it is used only for product protection purposes.]

	anilinium methyl sulphate		
3	Homosalate (INN)	10 %	
4	Oxybenzone (INN)	10 %	Contains oxybenzone ^a
[F53]			
6	phenylbenzimidaz sulphonic acid and its potassium, sodium and triethanolamine salts	8 % (kx βressed as acid)	
[F307	3,3'-(1,4- Phenylenedimethy bis (7, 7- dimethyl-2- oxobicyclo- [2,2,1]hept-1-yl- methanesulfonic acid) and its salts	10 % ((enxp)ressed as acid)]
[F298	1-(4-tert-butylphenyl)-3- (4-methoxyphenyl)pridione	5 % ropane-1,3-	1
[F309	alpha-(2- Oxoborn-3- ylidene)- toluene-4- sulphonic acid and its salts	6 % (expressed as acid)	1
[^{F19} 10	2-cyano-3,3- diphenyl acrylic acid, 2- ethylhexyl ester (Octocrylene)	10 % (expressed as acid)]
[F3211	Polymer of N- {(2 and 4)-[(2- oxoborn-3- ylidene)methyl]be	6 % nzyl}acrylamide]
[F3612	Octyl methoxycinnamat	10 % e]

a Not requiered if concentration is 0,5 % or less and when it is used only for product protection purposes.]

[^{F37} 13	Ethoxylated Ethyl-4- Aminobenzoate (PEG-25 PABA)	10 %		
14	Isopentyl-4- methoxycinnamat (Isoamyl p- Methoxycinnamat			
15	2,4,6-Trianilino- (p-Carbo-2'- Ethylhexyl-1'Oxy Triazine (Octyl Triazone)	5 %)-1,3,5-		
16	Phenol,2-(2H-Benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-Methyl-6-(2-Methyl-3-(1,3,3,3-Tetramethyl-I-(Trimethylsilyl)OzDisiloxanyl)Propy (Drometrizole Trisiloxane)			
17	Benzoic acid, 4,4-((6-(((1,1- dimethylethyl)ami 1,3,5- triazine-2,4- diyl)diimino)bis-,l (2- ethylhexyl)ester)	10 % no)carbonyl)pheny pis-	/l)amino)	
18	3-(4'- Methylbenxyliden d-1 camphor (4- Methylbenzyliden Camphor)			
19	3-Benzylidene camphor (3- Benzylidene Camphor)	2 %		
20	2-Ethylhexyl salicylate (Octyl- salicylate)	5 %]
[^{F40} 21	4-Dimethyl- amino-benzoate of ethyl-2-hexyl	8 %		

a Not requiered if concentration is 0,5 % or less and when it is used only for product protection purposes.]

	(octyl dimethyl PABA)		
22	2-Hydroxy-4- methoxybenzophe sulfonic acid (Benzophenone-5) and its sodium salt		
23	2,2'-Methylene- bis-6-(2H- benzotriazol-2yl)- (tetramethyl- butyl)-1,1,3,3- phenol	10 % 4-	
24	Monosodium salt of 2-2'- bis-(1,4- phenylene)1H- benzimidazole-4,6 disulphonic acid)	10 % (of acid)	
25	(1,3,5)- Triazine-2,4- bis((4-(2-ethyl- hexyloxy)-2- hydroxy)- phenyl)-6-(4- methoxyphenyl)	10 %]
[^{F38} 26	Dimethicodiethyll (CAS No 207574-74-1)	od f0z2d malonate	
27	Titanium dioxide	25 %]

a Not requiered if concentration is 0,5 % or less and when it is used only for product protection purposes.]

Textual Amendments

F53 Deleted by Commission Directive of 22 June 1993 (93/47/EEC).

[F26PART 2 U.K.

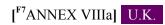
LIST OF UV FILTERS WHICH COSMETIC PRODUCTS MAY PROVISIONALLY CONTAIN

Reference	Substances	Maximum	Other	Conditions	Allowed
number		authorized	limitations	of use and	until
		concentration	and	warnings	
			requirements	which must	

				be printed on the label				
a	b	c	d	е	f			
[^{F39}]								
[F50]								
[F39]								
[F51]								
[F50]								
[F50]								
[F31]								
[F39]								
[^{F51}]								
[F52]								
[F50]								
[F50]								
[F52]								
[^{F51}]								
[F53]								
[F50]								
[F48]]			

[F1ANNEX VIII] U.K.







- (1) OJ No C 40, 8. 4. 1974, p. 71.
- (2) OJ No C 60, 26. 7. 1973, p. 16.
- (3) [FOJ 196, 16.8.1967, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Commission Directive 2001/59/EC (OJ L 225, 21.8.2001, p. 1).]
- (4) [F1[F5OJ L 140, 23.6.1995, p. 26.]]
- (5) [F1OJ No L 15, 17. 1. 1987, p. 29.]
- (6) [F5OJ L 358, 18.12.1986, p. 1.]
- (7) In this Directive, names followed by an asterisk are those published in 'Computer print-out 1975, International Non-proprietary Names (INN) for pharmaceutical products, Lists 1-33 of proposed INN', WHO, Geneva, August 1975.
- (8) [F16OJ L 159, 29.6.1996, p. 1.]
- (9) [F33[F34OJ L 147, 31.5.2001, p. 1.]]

Textual Amendments

- **F1** Inserted by Council Directive of 14 June 1993 (93/35/EEC).
- **F5** Substituted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F7** Inserted by Directive 2003/15/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 February 2003 amending Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F16** Substituted by Commission Directive 2002/34/EC of 15 April 2002 adapting to technical progress Annexes II, III and VII to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).
- F33 Inserted by Commission Directive of 5 March 1998 (98/16/EC).
- **F34** Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/1/EC of 6 January 2003 adapting to technical progress Annex II to Council Directive 76/768/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to cosmetic products (Text with EEA relevance).