Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (repealed)

ANNEX I

PART A

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND SPREAD WITHIN, ALL MEMBER STATES SHALL BE BANNED

Section I

HARMFUL ORGANISMS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN ANY PART OF THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

- (a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development
- 1. *Acleris* spp. (non-European)
- 2. *Amauromyza maculosa* (Malloch)
- 3. *Anomala orientalis* Waterhouse
- 4. *Anoplophora chinensis* (Thomson)
- 4.1. *[FI Anoplophora glabripennis* (Motschulsky)]
- 5. Anoplophora malasiaca (Forster)
- 6. *Arrhenodes minutus* Drury
- 7. *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-European populations) vector of viruses such as:
 - (a) Bean golden mosaic virus
 - (b) Cowpea mild mottle virus
 - (c) Lettuce infectious yellows virus
 - (d) Pepper mild tigré virus
 - (e) Squash leaf curl virus
 - (f) Euphorbia mosaic virus
 - (g) Florida tomato virus
- 8. Cicadellidae (non-European) known to be vector of Pierce's disease (caused by *Xylella fastidiosa*), such as:
 - (a) Carneocephala fulgida Nottingham
 - (b) Draeculacephala minerva Ball
 - (c) Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret)
- 9. *Choristoneura* spp. (non-European)
- 10. *Conotrachelus nenuphar* (Herbst)
- 10.1. Diabrotica barberi Smith and Lawrence

- 10.2. Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi Barber
- 10.3. Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata Mannerheim
- 10.4. *Diabrotica virgifera* Le Conte
- 11. Heliothis zea (Boddie)
- 11.1. Hirschmanniella spp., other than Hirschmanniella gracilis (de Man) Luc and Goodey
- 12. *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard
- 13. Longidorus diadecturus Eveleigh and Allen
- 14. *Monochamus* spp. (non-European)
- 15. *Myndus crudus* Van Duzee
- 16. *Nacobbus aberrans* (Thorne) Thorne and Allen
- 16.1. [F1 Naupactus leucoloma Boheman]
- 17. *Premnotrypes* spp. (non-European)
- 18. *Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus* (Zimmermann)
- 19. Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff)
- 20. Scaphoideus luteolus (Van Duzee)
- 21. *Spodoptera eridania* (Cramer)
- 22. *Spodoptera frugiperda* (Smith)
- 23. *Spodoptera litura* (Fabricus)
- 24. *Thrips palmi* Karny
- 25. Tephritidae (non-European) such as:
 - (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (Wiedemann)
 - (b) *Anastrepha ludens* (Loew)
 - (c) Anastrepha obliqua Macquart
 - (d) Anastrepha suspensa (Loew)
 - (e) Dacus ciliatus Loew
 - (f) Dacus curcurbitae Coquillet
 - (g) Dacus dorsalis Hendel
 - (h) Dacus tryoni (Froggatt)
 - (i) Dacus tsuneonis Miyake
 - (j) Dacus zonatus Saund.
 - (k) Epochra canadensis (Loew)
 - (l) Pardalaspis cyanescens Bezzi

- (m) Pardalaspis quinaria Bezzi
- Pterandrus rosa (Karsch) (n)
- Rhacochlaena japonica Ito (o)
- (p) Rhagoletis cingulata (Loew)
- Rhagoletis completa Cresson (q)
- Rhagoletis fausta (Osten-Sacken) (r)
- Rhagoletis indifferens Curran (s)
- (t) Rhagoletis mendax Curran
- Rhagoletis pomonella Walsh (u)
- (v) Rhagoletis ribicola Doane
- Rhagoletis suavis (Loew) (w)
- 26. Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations)
- 27. Xiphinema californicum Lamberti and Bleve-Zacheo

Textual Amendments

- Inserted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- (b) Bacteria
- 1. Xylella fastidiosa (Well and Raju)
- (c) Fungi
- 1. Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt
- 2. Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli Dietel
- 3. Cronartium spp. (non-European)
- 4. Endocronartium spp. (non-European)
- 5. Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto and Ito
- 6. Gymnosporangium spp. (non-European)
- 7. Inonotus weirii (Murril) Kotlaba and Pouzar
- 8. Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis
- 9. Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey
- 10. Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al.
- 11. Mycosphaerella populorum G. E. Thompson

- 12. *Phoma andina* Turkensteen
- 13. *Phyloosticta solitaria* Ell. and Ev.
- 14. Septoria lycopersici Speg. var. malagutii Ciccarone and Boerema
- 15. *Thecaphora solani* Barrus
- 15.1. *Tilletia indica* Mitra
- 16. Trechispora brinkmannii (Bresad.) Rogers
- (d) Viruses and virus-like organisms
- 1. Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm
- 2. Potato viruses and virus-like organisms such as:
 - (a) Andean potato latent virus
 - (b) Andean potato mottle virus
 - (c) Arracacha virus B, oca strain
 - (d) Potato black ringspot virus
 - (e) Potato spindle tuber viroid
 - (f) Potato virus T
 - (g) non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y^o, Yⁿ and Y^c) and Potato leafroll virus
- 3. Tobacco ringspot virus
- 4. Tomato ringspot virus
- 5. Viruses and virus-like organisms of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L., such as:
 - (a) Blueberry leaf mottle virus
 - (b) Cherry rasp leaf virus (American)
 - (c) Peach mosaic virus (American)
 - (d) Peach phony rickettsia
 - (e) Peach rosette mosaic virus
 - (f) Peach rosette mycoplasm
 - (g) Peach X-disease mycoplasm
 - (h) Peach yellows mycoplasm
 - (i) Plum line pattern virus (American)
 - (j) Raspberry leaf curl virus (American)
 - (k) Strawberry latent 'C' virus

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

- (1) Strawberry vein banding virus
- (m) Strawberry witches' broom mycoplasm
- (n) Non-European viruses and virus-like organisms of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L.
- 6. Viruses transmitted by *Bemisia tabaci* Genn., such as:
 - (a) Bean golden mosaic virus
 - (b) Cowpea mild mottle virus
 - (c) Lettuce infectious yellows virus
 - (d) Pepper mild tigré virus
 - (e) Squash leaf curl virus
 - (f) Euphorbia mosaic virus
 - (g) Florida tomato virus
- (e) Parasitic plants
- 1. *Arceuthobium* spp. (non-European)

Section II

HARMFUL ORGANISMS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

- (a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development
- 1. Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens
- 2. Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens
- 3. *Heliothis armigera* (Hübner)
- 4. $\begin{bmatrix} F^2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$
- 5.
- 6.]
- 6.1. *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* Golden *et al.* (all populations)
- 6.2. *Meloidogyne fallax* Karssen
- 7. *Opogona sacchari* (Bojer)
- 8. *Popilia japonica* Newman
- 8.1. Rhizoecus hibisci Kawai and Takagi
- 9. *Spodoptera littoralis* (Boisduval)

Textual Amendments

- **F2** Deleted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- (b) Bacteria
- 1. *Clavibacter michiganensis* (Smith) Davis *et al.* ssp. *sepedonicus* (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis *et al.*
- 2. Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith
- (c) Fungi
- 1. *Melampsora medusae* Thümen
- 2. Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival
- (d) Viruses and virus-like organisms
- 1. Apple proliferation mycoplasm
- 2. Apricot chlorotic leafroll mycoplasm
- 3. Pear decline mycoplasm

PART B

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN, CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES SHALL BE BANNED

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Protected zone(s)	
1.	Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations)	[F3DK, JIRL, P (Entre Douro e Minho, Trás-os-Montes, Beira Litoral, Beira Interior, Ribatejo e Oeste, Alentejo, Madeira and Azores), UK, S, FI	
[^{F4} 1.1.	Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch)	CYJ	
[^{F5} 2.	Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens	FI, LV, SI, SK	
3.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	E (Ibiza and Menorca), IRL, CY, M, P (Azores and Madeira), UK, S (Malmöhus, Kristianstads, Blekinge, Kalmar, Gotlands Län, Halland), FI (the districts of Åland, Turku, Uusimaa,	

		Kymi, Häme, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta)]
[^{F1} 4.	1	IRL and UK (Northern Ireland)]

Textual Amendments

- **F3** Deleted by Commission Directive 2001/33/EC of 8 May 2001 amending certain annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F4 Inserted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.
- F5 Substituted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.

(b) Viruses and virus-like organisms

Species		Protected zone(s)
[^{F6} 1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	DK, F (Britanny), FI, IRL, LT, P (Azores), UK (Northern Ireland)]
2.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	[F3DK,]S, FI

Textual Amendments

F6 Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/70/EC of 28 April 2004 amending Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (Text with EEA relevance).

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

ANNEX II

PART A

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND SPREAD WITHIN, ALL MEMBER STATES SHALL BE BANNED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

Section I

HARMFUL ORGANISMS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Aculops fuchsiae Keifer	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Aleurocantus spp.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
3.	Anthonomus bisignifer (Schenkling)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
4.	Anthonomus signatus (Say)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Aonidella citrina Coquillet	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Aphelenchoïdes besseyi Christie ^a	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp.
7.	Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries
8.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner and Buhere) Nickle et al.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., Cedrus Trew, Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L., Pseudotsuga Carr. and Tsuga Carr., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of conifers

a Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

		(<i>Coniferales</i>), originating in non-European countries
9.	Carposina niponensis Walsingham	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
10.	Diaphorina citri Kuway	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, and <i>Murraya</i> König, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Enarmonia packardi (Zeller)	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
12.	Enarmonia prunivora Walsh	Plants of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Rosa</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, and fruit of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Prunus</i> L., originating in non-European countries
13.	Eotetranychus lewisi McGregor	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
[^{F7}]	,	
15.	Grapholita inopinata Heinrich	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
16.	Hishomonus phycitis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
17.	Leucaspis japonica Ckll.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
18.	Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel)	Seeds of <i>Cruciferae</i> , <i>Gramineae</i> and <i>Trifolium</i> spp., originating in

		Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay
19.	Margarodes, non-European species, such as: (a) Margarodes vitis (Phillipi) (b) Margarodes vredendalensis de Klerk (c) Margarodes prieskaensis Jakubski	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
20.	Numonia pyrivorella (Matsumura)	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
21.	Oligonychus perditus Pritchard and Baker	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries
22.	Pissodes spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, and isolated bark of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), originating in non-European countries
23.	Radopholus citrophilus Huettel Dickson and Kaplan	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds, and Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp., Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
24.	Saissetia nigra (Nietm.)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
25.	Scirtothrips aurantii Faure	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
26.	Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus

a Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

		Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
27.	Scirtothrips citri (Moultex)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
28.	Scolytidae spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, and isolated bark of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), originating in non-European countries
29.	Tachypterellus quadrigibbus Say	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
30.	Toxoptera citricida Kirk.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
31.	Trioza erytreae Del Guercio	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids and <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., other than fruit and seeds
32.	Unaspis citri Comstock	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds

Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

Textual Amendments

Deleted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.

(b) Bacteria

Species	Subject of contamination
1.	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

		Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
2.	Citrus variegated chlorosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
3.	Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye	Seeds of Zea mais L.
4.	Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
5.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. oryzae (Ishiyama) Dye and pv. oryzicola (Fang. et al.) Dye	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp.

(c) Fungi

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Alternaria alternata (Fr.) Keissler (non-European pathogenic isolates)	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
[^{F1} 1.1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller	Plants of <i>Corylus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in Canada and the United States of America]
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schwein.) v. Arx	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds
3.	Atropellis spp.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, isolated bark and wood of <i>Pinus</i> L.
[F84.	Ceratocystis virescens (Davidson) Moreau	Plants of Acer saccharum Marsh., other than fruit and seeds, originating in the USA and Canada, wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA and Canada]
5.	Cercoseptoria pini- densiflorae (Hori and Nambu) Deighton	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of <i>Pinus</i> L.

6.	Cercospora angolensis Carv. and Mendes	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
7.	Ciborinia camelliae Kohn	Plants of <i>Camelia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
8.	Diaporthe vaccinii Shaer	Plants of <i>Vaccinium</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Elsinoe spp. Bitanc. and Jenk. Mendes	Plants of Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds and plants of Citrus L. and their hybrids, other than seeds and other than fruits, except fruits of Citrus reticulata Blanco and of Citrus sinensis (L.) Osbeck originating in South America
10.	Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kilian and Maire) Gordon	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp., other than fruit and seeds
11.	Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
12.	Guignardia piricola (Nosa) Yamamoto	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
13.	Puccinia pittieriana Hennings	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> , other than fruit and seeds
14.	Scirrhia acicola (Dearn.) Siggers	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
15.	Venturia nashicola Tanaka and Yamamoto	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

Textual Amendments

F8 Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(d) Virus and virus-like organisms

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Beet curly top virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Black raspberry latent virus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
3.	Blight and blight-like	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
4.	Cadang-Cadang viroid	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
5.	Cherry leafroll virus ^a	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
6.	Citrus mosaic virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
7.	Citrus tristeza virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
8.	Leprosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
9.	Little cherry pathogen (non-European isolates)	Plants of Prunus cerasus L., Prunus avium L., Prunus incisa Thunb., Prunus sargentii Rehd., Prunus serrula Franch., Prunus serrulata Lindl., Prunus speciosa (Koidz.) Ingram, Prunus subhirtella Miq., Prunus yedoensis Matsum.,

- a Cherry leaf roll virus is not present in *Rubus* L. in the Community.
- **b** Prunus necrotic ringspot virus is not present in *Rubus* L. in the Community.

		and hybrids and cultivars thereof, intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Naturally spreading psorosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
12.	Prunus necrotic ringspot virus ^b	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
13.	Satsuma dwarf virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
14.	Tatter leaf virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
15.	Witches' broom (MLO)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
a Cherry leaf roll virus is not pre	esent in Rubus L. in the Community.	1
b Prunus necrotic ringspot virus	is not present in Rubus L. in the Community.	

HARMFUL ORGANISMS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

Section II

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch)	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
3.	Ditylenchus destructor Thorne	Flower bulbs and corms of <i>Crocus</i> L., miniature cultivars and their hybrids of the genus <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., such as <i>Gladiolus callianthus</i>

		Marais, Gladiolus colvillei Sweet, Gladiolus nanus hort., Gladiolus ramosus hort., Gladiolus tubergenii hort., Hyacinthus L., Iris L., Trigridia Juss, Tulipa L., intended for planting, and potato tubers (Solanum tuberosum L.), intended for planting
4.	Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev	Seeds and bulbs of Allium ascalonicum L., Allium cepa L. and Allium schoenoprasum L., intended for planting and plants of Allium porrum L., intended for planting, bulbs and corms of Camassia Lindl., Chionodoxa Boiss., Crocus flavus Weston 'Golden Yellow', Galanthus L., Galtonia candicans (Baker) Decne, Hyacinthus L., Ismene Herbert, Muscari Miller, Narcissus L., Ornithogalum L., Puschkinia Adams, Scilla L., Tulipa L., intended for planting, and seeds of Medicago sativa L.
5.	Circulifer haematoceps	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Circulifer tenellus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
[^{F4} 6.1.	Eutetranychus orientalis Klein	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds]
7.	Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne	Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp., Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
[F18.	Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)	Cut flowers, leafy vegetables of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. and plants of herbaceous species,

		intended than: 	bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds
9.	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	of Apium plants of	vers, leafy vegetables of graveolens L. and Sherbaceous species, for planting, other bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds]

(b) Bacteria

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus (McCulloch) Davis et al.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.
2.	Clavibacter michiganensis spp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting
3.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	[F9Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]
4.	Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
6.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier et al.) Young et al.	Plants of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus persica</i> var. <i>nectarina</i> (Ait.) Maxim,

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

		intended for planting, other than seeds
7.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.
8.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. pruni (Smith) Dye	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., intended for planting
10.	Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy and King	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
11.	Xylophilus ampelinus (Panagopoulos) Willems et al.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds

Textual Amendments

F9 Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/116/EC of 4 December 2003 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC as regards the harmful organism Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al..

(c) Fungi

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Ceratocystis fimbriata f. spp. platani Walter	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, and wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface
2.	Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
3.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr	[F8Plants of Castanea Mill and Quercus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]
4.	Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenweber) van Beyma	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
6.	Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus

		Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
7.	Phytophthora fragariae Hickmann var. fragariae	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
8.	Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.
9.	Puccinia horiana Hennings	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Scirrhia pini Funk and Parker	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
11.	Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke and Berthold	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
12.	Verticillium dahliae Klebahn	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds

(d) Viruses and virus-like organisms

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Arabis mosaic virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Beet leaf curl virus	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
3.	Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
4.	Citrus tristeza virus (European isolates)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
5.	Citrus vein enation woody gall	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
7.	Plum pox virus	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds

8.	Potato stolbur mycoplasm	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Raspberry ringspot virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Strawberry crinkle virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
12.	Strawberry latent ringspot virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
13.	Strawberry mild yellow edge virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
14.	Tomato black ring virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
15.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Plants of Apium graveolens L., Capsicum annuum L., Cucumis melo L., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids Impatiens, Lactuca sativa L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. Nicotiana tabacum L., of which there shall be evidence that they are intended for sale to professional tobacco production. Solanum melongena L. and Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting, other than seeds
16.	Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds

PART B

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN, CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES SHALL BE BANNED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

(a) Insect mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.)	Seeds and fruits (bolls) of <i>Gossypium</i> spp. and unginned cotton	EL, E (Andalucia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
2.	Cephalcia lariciphila (Klug)	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
3.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	I ^{F10} EL, IRL, UK (Scotland, Northern Ireland, Jersey, England: the following counties, districts and unitary authorities: Barnsley, Bath and North East Somerset, Bedfordshire, Bournemouth, Bracknell Forest, Bradford, Bristol, Brighton and Hove, Buckinghamshire, Calderdale, Cambridgeshire, Cornwall, Cumbria, Darlington, Devon, Doncaster, Dorset, Durham, East Riding of Yorkshire, East Sussex, Essex, Gateshead, Greater London, Hampshire, Hartlepool, Hertfordshire, Kent, Kingston upon Hull, Kirklees, Leeds, Leicester City, Lincolnshire, Luton, Medway Council, Middlesbrough,
a [^{F3}]			

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

> Milton Keynes, Newbury, Newcastle upon Tyne, Norfolk, Northamptonshire. Northumberland, North Lincolnshire, North East Lincolnshire, North Tyneside, North West Somerset, Nottingham City, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Peterborough, Plymouth, Poole, Portsmouth, Reading, Redcar and Cleveland, Rotherham, Rutland, Sheffield, Slough, Somerset, Southend, Southampton, South Tyneside, Stockton-on-Tees, Suffolk, Sunderland, Surrey, Swindon, Thurrock, Torbay, Wakefield, West Sussex, Windsor and Maidenhead, Wokingham, York, the Isle of Man, the Isle of Wight, the Isles of Scilly, and the following parts of counties, districts and unitary authorities; Derby City: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road together with that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Derbyshire: that part of the county which

> lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road, and that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Gloucestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Leicestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road, together with that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the B4114 road, and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the M1 motorway; North Yorkshire: the whole county, except that part of the county which comprises the district of Craven; South Gloucestershire: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway; Staffordshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A52(T) road and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern

			boundary of the A523 road; Warwickshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Wiltshire: that part of the county which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway, and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road)]
4.	Gilphinia hercyniae (Hartig)	Plants of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., intended for planting, other than seeds	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
5.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Herit., other than fruit and seeds	[F11EL, P (Azores)]
6.	(a) Ips amitinus Eichhof	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK
	(b) Ips cembrae Heer	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
a [^{F3}]	(c) <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit	EL, IRL, UK

		and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	
	[^{F5} (d) <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	IRL, CY, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)]
	(e) Ips typographus Heer	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	IRL, UK
[F12] [F3]	_		
9.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp. originating in third countries	E (Granada and Malaga), P (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
10.	Thaumetopoea pityocampa (Den. and Schiff.)	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than fruit and seeds	E (Ibiza)
a [F3]			

Textual Amendments

- **F10** Substituted by Commission Directive 2002/28/EC of 19 March 2002 amending certain annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F11** Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/47/EC of 4 June 2003 amending Annexes II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F12** Deleted by Commission Directive 2002/28/EC of 19 March 2002 amending certain annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(b) Bacteria

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins and Jones	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> vulgaris L. and Dolichos Jacq.	EL, E, P
[^{F6} 2.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	Parts of plants, other than fruit, seeds and plants intended for planting, but including live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	E, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzi; Apulia; Basilicata; Calabria; Campania; Emilia-Romagna: provinces of Forlí-Cesena, Parma, Piacenza and Rimini; Friuli-Venezia Giulia; Lazio; Liguria; Lombardy; Marche; Molise; Piedmont; Sardinia; Sicily; Trentino-Alto Adige: autonomous province of Trento; Tuscany; Umbria; Valle d'Aosta; Veneto: except in the province of Rovigo the communes Rovigo, Polesella, Villamarzana, Fratta Polesine, San Bellino, Badia Polesine, Trecenta, Ceneselli, Pontecchic Polesine, Costa di Rovigo, Occhiobello Lendinara, Canda, Ficarolo, Guarda Veneta, Frassinelle Polesine, Villanova del Ghebbo, Fiesso Umbertiano, Castelguglielmo, Bagnolo di Po, Giacciano con Baruchella, Bosaro, Canaro, Lusia, Pincara, Stienta, Gaiba, Salara, and in the province of Padova

	the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi, and in the province of Verona the communes Palù, Roverchiara,
	the communes
	Palù, Roverchiara, Legnago, Castagnaro, Ronco all'Adige,
	Villa Bartolomea, Oppeano, Terrazzo,
	Isola Rizza, Angiari), LV, LT,
	A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower
	Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria,
	Vienna), P, SI, SK, FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands)]

(c) Fungi

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)	
[F130.1.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr.	Wood, excluding wood which is bark-free, and isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	CZ, DK, EL, (Crete, Lesvos) IRL, S, UK (except the Isle of Man)]	
1.	Glomerella gossypii Edgerton	Seeds and fruits (bolls) of <i>Gossypium</i> spp.	EL	
2.	Gremmeniella abietina (Lag.) Morelet	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)	
3.	Hypoxylon mammatum (Wahl.) J. Miller	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)	

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

Textual Amendments

F13 Inserted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

[F5(d) Virus and virus-like organisms

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Citrus tristeza virus (European isolates)	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles	EL, F (Corsica), I, M, P]

ANNEX III

PART A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS THE INTRODUCTION OF WHICH SHALL BE PROHIBITED IN ALL MEMBER STATES

Description		Country of origin
1.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach, <i>Juniperus</i> L., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., other than fruit and seeds	Non-European countries
2.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., and <i>Quercus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	Non-European countries
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	North American countries
[^{F14}]		
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Third countries
6.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	North American countries
7.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh.	North American countries
8.	Isolated bark of <i>Populus</i> L.	Countries of the American continent

9.	Plants of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Crateagus</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., and <i>Rosa</i> L., intended for planting, other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruit	Non-European countries
9.1.	Plants of <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., intended for planting, other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruit	USA, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea and Democratic People's Republic of Korea
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., seed potatoes	Third countries other than Switzerland
11.	Plants of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. as specified under Annex III A (10)	Third countries
12.	Tubers of species of Solanum L., and their hybrids, other than those specified in points 10 and 11	Without prejudice to the special requirements applicable to the potato tubers listed in Annex IV, Part A Section I, third countries other than Algeria, IF7Cyprus, JEgypt, Israel, Libya, IF7Malta, JMorocco, Syria, Switzerland, Tunisia and Turkey, and other than European third countries which are either recognised as being free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., IF15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2), or in which provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. in accordance with the procedure referred to in

		Article 18(2)], have been complied with
13.	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> intended for planting, other than seeds and those items covered by Annex III A (10), (11) or (12)	Third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries
14.	Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat	Turkey, Belarus, [F7Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania,]Moldavia, Russia, Ukraine and third countries not belonging to continental Europe, other than the following:[F7 Cyprus,] Egypt, Israel, Libya, [F7Malta,]Morocco, Tunisia
15.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits	[F16Third countries other than Switzerland]
16.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds	Third countries
17.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp. other than fruit and seeds	Algeria, Morocco
18.	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III A (9), where appropriate, non-European countries, other than Mediterranean countries, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, the continental states of the USA
19.	Plants of the family Graminacae, other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae and Panicoideae and of the genera Buchloe, Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries

Textual Amendments

- **F14** Deleted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F15 Substituted by Council Directive 2002/89/EC of 28 November 2002 amending Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F16** Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

[F5PART B

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS THE INTRODUCTION OF WHICH SHALL BE PROHIBITED IN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Description [F61. Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex IIIA(9), (9.1), (18), where appropriate, plants and live pollen for pollination of: Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than Switzerland and other than those recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl, et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2)

Protected zone(s)

E, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzi; Apulia; Basilicata; Calabria; Campania; Emilia-Romagna: provinces of Forlí-Cesena, Parma, Piacenza and Rimini; Friuli-Venezia Giulia; Lazio; Liguria; Lombardy; Marche; Molise; Piedmont; Sardinia; Sicily: Trentino-Alto Adige: autonomous province of Trento; Tuscany; Umbria; Valle d'Aosta; Veneto: except in the province of Rovigo the communes Rovigo, Polesella, Villamarzana, Fratta Polesine, San Bellino, Badia Polesine, Trecenta, Ceneselli, Pontecchio Polesine, Arquà Polesine, Costa di Rovigo, Occhiobello, Lendinara, Canda, Ficarolo, Guarda Veneta, Frassinelle Polesine, Villanova del Ghebbo, Fiesso Umbertiano, Castelguglielmo, Bagnolo di Po, Giacciano con Baruchella, Bosaro, Canaro, Lusia, Pincara, Stienta, Gaiba, Salara, and in the province of Padova the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi, and in the province of Verona the communes Palù, Roverchiara, Legnago, Castagnaro, Ronco all'Adige, Villa Bartolomea, Oppeano, Terrazzo, Isola Rizza, Angiari), LV, LT, A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria, Vienna), P, SI, SK, FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands)

[F62. Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex IIIA(9), (9.1), (18), where appropriate, plants and live pollen for pollination of: Cotoneaster Ehrh. and Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2)

E, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzi; Apulia; Basilicata; Calabria; Campania; Emilia-Romagna: provinces of Forlí-Cesena. Parma, Piacenza and Rimini; Friuli-Venezia Giulia; Lazio; Liguria; Lombardy; Marche; Molise; Piedmont; Sardinia; Sicily; Trentino-Alto Adige: autonomous province of Trento; Tuscany; Umbria; Valle d'Aosta; Veneto: except in the province of Rovigo the communes Rovigo, Polesella, Villamarzana, Fratta Polesine, San Bellino, Badia Polesine, Trecenta, Ceneselli, Pontecchio Polesine, Arquà Polesine, Costa di Rovigo, Occhiobello, Lendinara, Canda, Ficarolo, Guarda Veneta, Frassinelle Polesine, Villanova del Ghebbo, Fiesso Umbertiano, Castelguglielmo, Bagnolo di Po, Giacciano con Baruchella, Bosaro, Canaro, Lusia, Pincara, Stienta, Gaiba, Salara, and in the province of Padova the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi, and in the province of Verona the communes Palù, Roverchiara, Legnago, Castagnaro, Ronco all'Adige, Villa Bartolomea, Oppeano, Terrazzo, Isola Rizza, Angiari), LV, LT, A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria, Vienna), P, SI, SK, FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands)]]

ANNEX IV

PART A

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST BE LAID DOWN BY ALL MEMBER STATES FOR THE INTRODUCTION AND MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS INTO AND WITHIN ALL MEMBER STATES

Section I

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE COMMUNITY

Plants, plant products and other objects		Special requirements
a	OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decis p. 39).	sion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

[F81.1.

Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), except that of *Thuja* L., other than in the form of:

- chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood packaging
- whole or part from these conifers, wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, wood used to wedge or support
- wedge or support non-wood cargo, wood of *Libocedrus decurrens* Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight-day period,

but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where *Bursaphelenchus xylophilus* (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.

Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:

- heat treatment to (a) achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), or
- (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the exposure time (h),
- (c) chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		or kPa) and the concentration (%).
1.2.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), except that of Thuja L., in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate: (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), or (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h).
1.3.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of <i>Thuja</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards,	Official statement that the wood: (a) is bark-free, or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, — wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.

- 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or
- (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),
- (d) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the exposure time (h), or
- (e) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).
1.4.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of Thuja L., in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.	Official wood: (a) (b)	has been produced from debarked round wood, or has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(d)	has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii).
1.5.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, — wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey.	wood: (a)	statement that the originates in areas known to be free from: — Monochamus spp. (non-European) — Pissodes spp. (non-European) — Scolytidae spp. (non-European) The area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), under the rubric 'place of origin,' or is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus Monochamus spp. (non-European), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across, or has undergone kilndrying to below

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D'. or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with the current usage, or

- (d)
- has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),
- (e)
- has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the exposure time (h),

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(f)	has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).
1.6.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, wood used to	Official swood: (a)	is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across, or has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or
	wedge or support non-wood cargo, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in third countries, other than:		'K.D' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Direc	Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, ettive as last amended by Commission Decis	ion 1999/742	in accordance with current usage,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

European countries, Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.

- or (c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the exposure time (h), or
- (d) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%),
- (e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).
1.7.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes listed in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Coniferales), originating in — Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, — non-European countries other than Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.	Official wood: (a) (b) (c)	originates in areas known to be free from:

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or
		(e)	has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii).]
[F132.	Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, and processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, coming from third countries, except Switzerland.	The woo shall: —	be made from debarked round wood, and be subject to one of the approved measures as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade, and display a mark with: (a) the two-letter ISO country code, a code identifying

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

the producer and the code identifying the approved measure applied to the wood packaging material in the mark as specified in Annex II to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material international trade. The letters 'DB' shall be added to the abbreviation of the approved measure included in the said mark. and in the case of wood packaging material manufactured, repaired or recycled

(b)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

		as of 1 March 2005, also the logo as specified in Annex II to the said FAO Standard. However the requirement is not applicable on a temporary basis until 31 December 2007 in the case of wood packaging material manufactured, repaired or recycled before 28 February 2005.]
[F82.1.	Wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of: — wood intended for the production of veneer sheets, chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, originating in the USA and Canada.	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Direction	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets, originating in the USA and Canada. etive as last amended by Commission Decis	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis virescens</i> (Davidson) Moreau and is

		intended for the production of veneer sheets.]
[F83.	Wood of Quercus L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA.	Official statement that the wood: (a) is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface, or (b) is bark-free and the water content is less than 20 % expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or (c) is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot water treatment, or (d) if sawn, with or without residual bark attached, has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[^{F14}]	I	
[F85.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., except that in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, but	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia.	as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark "kiln-dried" or "KD" or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[^{F8} 6.	Wood of <i>Populus</i> L., except that in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent.	Official statement that the wood: — is bark-free or — has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[F87.1.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from: — Acer saccharum Marsh., originating in the USA and Canada, — Platanus L., originating in the USA or Armenia,	Official statement that the wood: (a) has been produced from debarked round wood, or (b) has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate
a OI 125 11 7 1066 m 2220/66 Direct	etive as last amended by Commission Decis	

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	— Populus L., originating in the American continent.	(c)	time/temperature schedule, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii).
7.2.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L. originating in the USA.	Official swood: (a)	has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	sion 1999/742	/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

		(b)	has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in 13.1. (ii).]
[F137.3.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries	isolate (a)	al statement that the d bark: has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with a fumigant approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the

		(b)	rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve the minimum temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).]
[F138.	Wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, including that which has not kept its natural round surface, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less and processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, coming from third countries, except Switzerland.	The woo (a)	d shall: be made from debarked round wood and: — be subject to one of the approved measures as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade, and display a mark with at least the two- letter ISO country code, a code

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

identifying the producer and the code identifying the approved measure applied to the wood packaging material in the mark as specified in Annex II to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade. The letters 'DB' shall be added to the abbreviation of the approved measure included in the said mark. or on a temporary basis until 31 December 2007

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39)

		(b) be made from bark- free wood that is free from pests and signs of live pests.]
8.1.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, originating in non- European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Pissodes</i> spp. (non-European).
8.2.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), and Annex IV(A) (I)(8.1), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).
9.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scirrhia acicola</i> (Dearn.) Siggers or <i>Scirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
10.	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. and Tsuga Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2) or (9), where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

		since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[^{F8} 11.01.	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in the USA	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2), official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Hunt.
11.1.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (2) and IV(A)(I)(11.01.), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp. (non-European) have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.]
11.2.	Plants of Castanea Mill. and Quercus L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2) and IV(A)(I)(11.1), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr; or (b) no symptoms of Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[F111.3.	Plants of <i>Corylus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in Canada and the United States of America	Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and:

- (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration',
- or (b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller on official inspections carried out at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration' and declared free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller.]
12.	[F8Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Armenia.]	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis</i> fimbriata f. sp. platani Walter have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
13.1.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (3), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
13.2.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in countries of the American continent	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(3) and IV(A)(I)(13.1), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Mycosphaerella populorum</i> G. E. Thompson have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
14.	Plants of <i>Ulmus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in North American countries	Official statement that no symptoms of Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
15.	Plants of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (9), (18) and Annex III(B)(1), where appropriate, official statement that: — the plants originate in a country known to be free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey; or the plants originate
		the plants originate in an area recognized as being free from <i>Monilinia fructicola</i> (Winter) Honey, [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and no symptoms of <i>Monilinia fructicola</i> (Winter) Honey have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
16.	From 15 February to 30 September, fruits of <i>Prunus</i> L., originating in non- European countries	Official statement: — the fruits originate in a country known to free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey or — the fruits originate in an area recognised as being
01.125 11.7.10((n. 2220)((Dim	ctive as last amended by Commission Deci	free from <i>Monilinia</i> fructicola (Winter) Honey, [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		the fruits have been subjected to appropriate inspection and treatment procedures prior to harvest and/or export to ensure freedom from Monilinia spp.
16.1.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries	The fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
16.2.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the fruits in Annex IV(A)(I) (16.1), (16.3), (16.4) and (16.5), official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), [F15] in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or (b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), [F15] in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, or
		(c) either,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

in

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

accordance with an official control and examination regime, no symptoms of *Xanthomonas* campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown symptoms of Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), and the fruits have been subjected to treatment such as sodium

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	orthophenylphenate, mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, and the fruits have been packed at premises or dispatching centres registered for this purpose, or — any certification system, recognised as equivalent to the above provisions [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], has been complied with.
Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the fruits in Annex IV(A)(I) (16.1), (16.2), (16.4) and (16.5), official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Cercospora</i>
	Raf. and their hybrids,

		(b)	angolensis Carv. et Mendes [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes, [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, or
		(c)	no symptoms of Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism.
16.4.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits of <i>Citrus aurantium</i> L., originating in third countries	provision fruits in . (16.1), (1 (16.5), o (a)	prejudice to the as applicable to the Annex IV(A)(I) 16.2), (16.3) and fficial statement that: the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis		TLC (OJ L 271, 10.11.1777,

Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), [F15in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], (b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus*), [FI5 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, or (c) no symptoms of Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism, or the fruits originate (d) in a field of production

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

subjected to appropriate treatments aigainst Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism. 16.5. Fruits of Citrus L., Without prejudice to the Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus provisions applicable to the Raf., and their hybrids, fruits in Annex III(B)(2), (3), originating in third countries and Annex IV(A)(I)(16.1), where Tephritidae (non-(16.2) and (16.3), official European) are known to statement that: occur on these fruits the fruits originate (a) in areas known to be free from the relevant organism; or, if this requirement cannot be met (b) no signs of the relevant organism have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(c) (d)	of the relevant organism, or if this requirement can also not be met; the fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from the relevant organism in all stages of their development; or, if this requirement can also not be met; the fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown
			to be efficient against the relevant organism without damaging the fruit, and, where not availaible, chemical treatment as far as it is acceptable by Community legislation.
[F917.	Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds	provision plants lis (9), (9.1) (1) or Ar where ap statemen (a)	that the plants originate in countries recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	топ 1999//42	/EC (UJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

		(b)	accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or that the plants originate in pest free areas
		(c)	which have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or that the plants in the
		(c)	field of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms of <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> , have been removed.]
18.	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds and plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp. and Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associataed	prohibit plants li (16), wl official (a)	t prejudice to the tions applicable to the isted in Annex III(A) here appropriate, statement that: the plants originate in countries known to be free from Radopholus citrophilus Huettel et al. and Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne; or
		(b)	representative samples of soil and

		roots from the place of production have been subjected, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, to official nematological testing for at least <i>Radopholus citrophilus</i> Huettel <i>et al.</i> and <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne and have been found, in these tests, free from those harmful organisms.
19.1.	Plants of <i>Crataegus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(9), and Annex IV(A) (I)(15) and (17), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
19.2.	Plants of Cydonia Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant harmvul organisms are known to occur on the genera concerned The relevant harmful organisms are — on Fragaria L.: — Phytophtor fragariae Hickman, var.	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants where appropriate listed in Annex III(A)(9) and (18), and Annex IV(A)(I)(15) and (17), official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
0.110.11.010.0	fragariae,	. 1000 710 710 (011 207 1011 1011

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

```
Arabis
         mosaic
         virus,
         Raspberry
         ringspot
         virus,
         Strawberry
         crinkle
         virus,
         Strawberry
         latent
         ringspot
         virus,
         Strawberry
         mild
         yellow
         edge
         virus,
         Tomato
         black ring
         virus,
         Xanthomonas
         fragariae
         Kennedy
         et King;
on Malus Mill.:
         Phyllosticta
         solitaria
         Ell. and
         Ev.;
on Prunus L .:
         Apricot
         chlorotic
         leafroll
         mycoplasm,
         Xanthomonas
         campestris
         pv. prunis
         (Smith)
         Dye,
on Prunus persica
(L.) Batsch:
         Pseudomonas
         syringae
         pv.
         persicae
         (Prunier et
         al.) Young
         et al.;
on Pyrus L.:
```

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (9) and (18), and Annex IV(A)(I)(15), (17) and (19.2) official statement that plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasm, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2), official statement that:
֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜

Strawberry vein banding virus, Strawberry witches' broom mycoplasm		either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests,
		or equivalent methods and has been found free, in
		or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those farmful organisms, (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms, (b) no symptoms of served on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Dire	Plants of Fragaria L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2) and (21.1), official statement that: (a) either no symptoms of Aphelenchoides

		besseyi Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation or (b) in the case of plants in tissue culture the plants have been derived from plants which complied with section (a) of this item or have been officially tested by appropriate nematological methods and have been found free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
21.3.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2), (21.1) and (21.2), official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> bisignifer (Schenkling).
22.1.	Plants of <i>Malus</i> Mill. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur on <i>Malus</i> Mill.	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, listed in Annex III(A) (9) and (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I)(15), (17) and (19.2), official statement that:
	The relevant harmful organisms are: — Cherry rasp leaf virus (American), — Tomato ringspot virus,	(a) the plants have been: — either officially certified under a certification

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicatos or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these thest, from those harmful organisms, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last three complete

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms; (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
22.2.	Plants of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where apple proliferation mycoplasm is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, listed in Annex III(A)(9) and (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I) (15), (17), (19.2) and (22.1), official statement that (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from apple proliferation mycoplasm; or	
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).			

	(b)	(aa)	the plants	5,
			other than	n
			those	
			raised	
			from	
			seeds,	
			have been	
			_	either
				officially
				certified
				under
				a
				certification
				scheme
				requiring
				them
				to
				be
				derived
				in
				direct
				line
				from
				material
				which
				has been
				maintained
				under
				appropriate
				conditions
				and
				subjected
				to
				official
				testing
				for
				at
				least
				Apple
				proliferation
				mycoplasm
				using
				appropriate
				indicators
				or
				equivalent
				methods
				and
				has
				been

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		has been found free, in these tests, from the harmful organism, (bb) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasm have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediative vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete three cycles of vegetation.
23.1.	Plants of following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Plum pox virus is known to occur: — <i>Prunus amygdalus</i> Batsch, — <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., — <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre,	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, listed in Annex III(A) (9) and (18), and Annex IV(A)(I)(15) and (19.2), official statement that: (a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: — either officially certified
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	ion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

-	<i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill.,	under a certification
-	Prunus cerasifera	scheme
	Ehrh.,	requiring
	Prunus cistena	them to
	Hansen,	be derived
	Prunus curdica	in direct
	Fenzl and Fritsch.,	line from
	Prunus domestica	material
	ssp. domestica L.,	which
	Prunus domestica	has been
	ssp. <i>insititia</i> (L.)	maintained
	C.K. Schneid.,	under
	Prunus domestica	appropriate
	ssp. italica (Borkh.)	conditions
	Hegi.,	and
	Prunus glandulosa	subjected
	Thunb.,	to official
	Prunus holosericea	testing for,
	Batal.,	at least,
	Prunus hortulana	Plum
	Bailey,	pox virus
	Prunus japonica	using
	Thunb.,	appropriate
	Prunus	indicators
	r runus mandshurica	
		Or equivelent
	(Maxim.) Koehne,	equivalent methods
	Prunus maritima	
	Marsh.,	and has
_	Prunus mume Sieb	been
	and Zucc.,	found
-	Prunus nigra Ait.,	free, in
	Prunus persica (L.)	these tests,
	Batsch,	from that
-	Prunus salicina L.,	harmful
	Prunus sibirica L.,	organism,
	Prunus simonii	or
	Carr.,	— derived
	Prunus spinosa L.,	in direct
	Prunus tomentosa	line from
	Thunb.,	material
	Prunus triloba	which is
	Lindl.,	maintained
	other species	under
	of <i>Prunus</i> L.	appropriate
	susceptible to Plux	conditions
	pox virus.	and has
		been
		subjected,
		within the
		last three

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(b)	complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism; no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out.
23.2.	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting	Without	prejudice to the as applicable to the
	(a) originating in countries where the	plants, w listed in	here appropriate Annex III(A)(9) and
p. 39).			

		relevant l		(18) or Annex IV(
		organism		(19.2) and (23.1),	official
			occur on	statement that	
		Prunus L		(a) the plant	s have
	(b)	other tha		been:	
		originatii		-	either
			where the		officially
		relevant			certified
		organism	is are		under a
		known to			certification
	(c)	other tha	n seeds,		scheme
		originatii	ng in non-		requiring
		European	n countries		them to
			e relevant		be derived
		harmful (organisms		in direct
			n to occur		line from
	The relev	vant harm	ful		material
	organism	is are:			which
	_	for the ca	ise under		has been
		(a):			maintained
			Tomato		under
			ringspot		appropriate
			virus;		conditions
		or the cas			and
		(b):	30 011001		subjected
		-	Cherry		to official
			rasp leaf		testing for
			virus		at least the
			(American)		relevant
		_	Peach		harmful
			mosaic		organisms
			virus		using
			(American)		appropriate
			Peach		indicators
			phony		or
			rickettsia,		equivalent
			Peach		methods
		_			and has
			rosette		been
			mycoplasm Peach	,	
		_			found
			yellows		free, in
			mycoplasm	•	these tests,
		_	Plum line		from those
			pattern		harmful
			virus		organisms,
			(American)	þ	or
		_	Peach X-	_	derived
			disease		in direct
			mycoplasm	•	line from
	_	or the cas	se under		material
		(c):			which is
ec	tive as last a	mended by Co	ommission Decis	sion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 29	7 18 11 1999

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	— Little cherry pathogen.	maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
24.	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting:	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc p. 39).	tive as last amended by Commission Decis	sion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

	,.		Lat 1 a	1: 4 1:		
(a)	originati			s, listed i	n Annex	
	countrie		IV(A)(I)		ta ahall ha	
		organisms	(a)		ts shall be	
		vn to occur			n aphids,	~~
(1-)	on Rubu		(l _r)		g their egg	3 S
(b)	other tha		(b)		statement	
	originati			that:	41 1 4	_
		s where the		(aa)	the plant	
	relevant				have bee	
	organisn					either
The rela	known to					officially certified
	vant harm	iiui				under
organisn		go of (o):				
_	m me ca	se of (a):				a certification
	_	Tomato				
		ringspot				scheme
		virus,				requiring
		Black				them
		raspberry				to be
		latent virus,				derived
		Cherry				in
	_	leafroll				direct
						line
		virus, Prunus				from
	_	necrotic				material
						which
		ringspot virus,				has
	in the ca	se of (b):				been
	the ca	Raspberry				maintained
		leaf curl				under
		virus				appropriate
		(American)				conditions
		Cherry				and
		rasp leaf				subjected
		virus				to
		(American)				official
		(1 morroun)				testing
						for
						at
						least
						the
						relevant
						harmful
						organisms
						using
						appropriate
						indicators
						or
						equivalent
						methods

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least relevant harmful organisms using appropriate

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

	indicators for equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organism (bb) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycles of vegetation.
Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., originating in countries where <i>Synchytrium</i> endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival is known to occur	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the tubers listed in Annex III(A) (10), (11) and (12), official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas known
	tuberosum L., originating in countries where <i>Synchytrium</i> endobioticum (Schilbersky)

		(b)	Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed either at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate periode; or provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Synchytrium
			endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] have been complied with, in the country of origin
a OJ 125, 11, 7, 1966, p. 2320/66, Direc	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	provision (A)(10), Annex IV official s (a)	prejudice to the ns listed in Annex (11) and (12) and V(A)(I)(25.1), tatement that: the tubers originate in countries known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al.;
p. 39).	as tast amenaed by Commission Decis		(00 11 277, 10.11.1777),

		(b)	or provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et al.</i> [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], have been complied with, in the country of origin.
25.3.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than early potatoes, originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	provision tubers lis (10), (11 IV(A)(I)	prejudice to the as applicable to the sted in Annex III(A) and (12) and Annex (25.1) and (25.2), ion of the faculty of tion
25.4.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting	provision tubers lis (10), (11 IV(A)(I) (25.3), o the tuber field know Globode (Wollenw	prejudice to the as applicable to the sted in Annex III(A) and (12) and Annex (25.1), (25.2) and a statement that it is originate from a sown to be free from the province of
		(aa)	either, the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Pseudomanas solanacearum</i> (Smith) Smith is known not to occur; or
a OJ 125, 11,7,1966, p. 2320/66, Direc	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	(bb)	in areas where Pseudomanas solanacearum

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

(Smith) Smith is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith, or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith which shall be determined [F15in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and either the tubers (cc) originate in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known not to occur; (dd) in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known to occur, either the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free from

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations), and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

to induce symptoms, laboratoriy tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropiate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages containers before marketing according to the provisions on closing in Council Directive 66/403/ EEC of 14 June 1996 on the marketing of seed potatoes^a and no symptoms of Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		have been found.
25.5.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Potato stolbur mycoplasm is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to tubers listed in Annex III(A) (10), (11), (12) and (13), and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.1), (25.2), (25.3) and (25.4), official statement that no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
25.6.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other thans tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. and other than seeds of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (11), (13), and Annex IV(A) (I)(25.5), where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
25.7.	Plants of Capsicum annuum L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., Musa L., Nicotiana L. and Solanum melongena L., intended for planting other than seeds, originating in countries where Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (11) and (13), and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.5) and (25.6), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith; or (b) no symptoms of Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
25.8.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than those intended for planting	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to tubers listed in Annex III(A) (12) and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.1), (25.2) and (25.3), official statement that the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Pseudomonas</i> solanacearum (Smith) Smith is not known to occur.
26.	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke and Berthold and <i>Verticillum dahliae</i> Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
27.1.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) no signs of Heliothis armigera Hübner, or Spodoptera littoralis (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation or
		(b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.
27.2.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(27.1), (a) no signs of Spodoptera eridiana Cramer, Spodoptera frugiperda Smith,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(b)	or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation or the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direction	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds	requirem the plant. IV(A)(I) official s (a)	prejudice to the lents applicable to s listed in Annex (27.1) and (27.2), tatement that: the plants are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stund viroid during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering; the plants or cuttings: — have come from premises which have been

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

officially inspected at least monthly, during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known to have observed during that period, and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to export, or have undergone appropriate treatment against Puccinia horiana Hennings; in the case of unrooted cuttings,

(c)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived, or that, in case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed.
29.	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(27.1) and (27.2), official statement that: — the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) Van Beyma on officially approved tests, carried out at least once within the two previous years, no symptoms of the above harmful organisms have

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		been observed on the plants.
30.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. and <i>Narcissus</i> L., other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packaging, or by other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut flower production	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
31.	Plants of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Herit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur:	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(27.1 and) (27.2),
	(a) where Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are not known to occur	official statement that the plants: (a) are directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus; or (b) are of no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an official approved system of virological testing.
	(b) where Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are known to occur	official statement that the plants: (a) are directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus in the soil or plants; or
		(b) are of no more than second generation stock, derived

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing.
[F1732.1.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers, originating in third countries where Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) are known to occur	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section I(27.1), (27.2), (28) and (29), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or
		(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from <i>Liriomyza</i>

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or

(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from *Liriomyza* sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch). Details of the treatment shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive.
32.2.	Cut flowers of Dendranthema (DC) Des. Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L. and Solidago L., and leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L. and Ocimum L.	Official statement that the cut flowers and the leafy vegetables: — originate in a country free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch), or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch).
32.3.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section I(27.1), (27.2), (28), (29) and (32.1), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess), or (b) either no signs of Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out ar least monthly during the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		three months prior to harvesting, or (c) immediately prior to export, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess).]
33.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	Official statement that the place of production is known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sependoniscus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens, Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Direct	[F17] Soil and growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark or consisting in part of any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in: — [F18] Cyprus, Malta, [Turkey, — Belarus, [F7] Estonia, [Georgia, [F7] Latvia, Lithuania,	Official statement that: (a) the growing medium, at the time of planting, was: — either free from soil, and organic matter, or — found free from insects and harmful nematodes and subjected

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

N. 11 . D. 1	ı		
JMoldova, Russia,			to .
Ukraine,			appropriate
— non-European			examination
countries, other			or heat
than Algeria, Egypt,			treatment
Israel, Libya,			or
Morocco, Tunisia]			fumigation
			to ensure
			that it
			was free
			from other
			harmful
			organisms,
			or
		_	subjected
			to .
			appropriate
			heat
			treament
			or
			fumigation
			to ensure freedom
			from
			harmful
			organisms,
			and
	(b)	since pla	
		—	either
			appropriate
			measures
			have been
			taken to
			ensure
			that the
			growing
			medium
			has been
			maintained
			free from
			harmful
			organisms,
			or
		_	within
			two weeks
			prior to
			dispatch,
			the plants were
			shaken
			free
I			-1-0-0

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		from the medium leaving the minimum amount necessary to sustain vitality during transport, and, if replanted, the growing medium used for that purpose meets the requirements laid down in (a).
35.1.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus (non-European isolates) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
35.2.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Beet leaf curl virus is known to occur	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable the plants listed in Annex IV(A) (I)(35.1), official statement that: (a) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production; and (b) no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place or production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

[F1736.1.	Plants, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section I(27.1), (27.2), (28), (29), (31), (32.1) and (32.3), official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration',
		(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

		of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declration', and declared free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny. Details of the treatment shall be mentiond on the certificates referred to in Article 7 or 8 of this Directive.
36.2.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae and fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., originating in third countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and the fruits: — originate in a country free from Thrips palmi Karny, or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Thrips palmi Karny.]
37.	Plants of Palmae intended for planting other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (17), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm

p. 39).

20.1		(b)	lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the organisms have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Myndus crudus</i> Van Duzee; in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements laid down in (a) or (b)
38.1.	Plants of <i>Camellia</i> L. intended for planting, other	Official s (a)	statement that: the plants originate
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc	than seeds, originating in non-European countries tive as last amended by Commission Decis		in areas known to be free from

		Ciborinia camelliae Kohn; or (b) no symptoms of Ciborinia camelliae Kohn have been observed on plants in flower on the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
38.2.	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Brazil	Official statement that no symptoms of Aculops fuchsiae Keifer have been observed at the place of production and that immediately prior to export the plants have been inspected and found free from Aculops fuchsiae Keifer.
39.	Trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(a)(1), (2), (3), (9), (13), (15), (16), (17), (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I) (8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), (11.1), (11.2), (12), (13.1), (13.2), (14), (15), (17), (18), (19.1), (19.2), (20), (22.1), (22.2), (23.1), (23.2), (24), (25.5), (25.6), (26), (27.1), (27.2), (28), (29), (32.1), (36.2), (37), (38.1) and (38.2), where appropriate, official statement that the plants: — are clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from flowers and frutis, have been grown in nurseries, — have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		viruses and virus- like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
40.	Deciduous trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	[F17Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (2), (3), (9), (15), (16), (17) and (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I), (11.1), (11.2), (11.3), (12), (13.1), (13.2), (14), (15), (17), (18), (19.1), (19.2), (20), (22.1), (22.2), (23.1), (23.2), (24), (33), (36.1), (38.1), (38.2), (39) and (45.1) where appropriate, official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves].
41.	Annual and biennial plants. other than Gramineae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex III(A)(11), (13), and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.5), (25.6), (32.1), (32.2), (32.3), (33), (34), (35.1) and (35.2) official statement that the plants: — have been grown in nurseries, — are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, — have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and — found free from symptoms of harmful

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		bacteria, viruses and virus- like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
42.	Plants of the family Gramineae of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae, Panicoideae and of the genera Buchloe, Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(33) and (34), official statement that the plants: — have been grown in nurseries, and — are free from plants debris, flowers and fruits, and — have been inspected and prior to export, and — found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
43.	Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants intended for planting other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (1), (2), (3), (9), (13), (15), (16), (17), (18), Annex III(B) (1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (9), (10), (11.1), (11.2), (12), (13.1), (13.2), (14), (15), (17), (18), (19.1), (19.2), (20), (22.1), (22.2), (23.1), (23.2), (24), (25.5), (25.6), (26), (27.1), (27.2), (28), (32.1), (32.2), (33), (34), (36.1), (36.2), (37), (38.1), (38.2), (39), (40) and (42), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, shall have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch in officially registered nurseries, which

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		are subject to an officially superv	
		control regime,	
	(b)	the plants on the	,
		nurseries referre	d to
		in (a) shall: (aa) at least	+
		during	
		the per	
		referre	d to
		in (a):	•
		_	be
			potted, in
			pots
			which
			are
			placed
			on -11
			shelves at
			least
			50 cm
			above
			ground,
		_	have
			been
			subjected
			to appropriate
			treatments
			to
			ensure
			freedom
			from
			non-
			European rusts:
			the
			active
			ingredient,
			concentration
			and
			date of
			application
			of
			these
			treatments
			shall
0.000			be

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		mentioned
		on the
		phytosanitary
		certificate
		provided
		for
		in
		Article
		7
		of
		this
		Directive
		under
		the
		rubric
		'disinfestation
		and/
		or
		disinfection
		treatment'.
	_	have
		been
		officially
		inspected
		at
		least
		six
		times
		a
		year
		at
		appropriate intervals
		for
		the
		presence of
		harmful
		organisms
		of
		concern,
		which
		are
		those
		in
		the
		Annexes
		to
		the
		Directive.

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

These inspections, which shall also be carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in (a), shall be carried out at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		medium,
		using
		a
		random
		sample
		of
		at
		least
		300
		plants
		from
		a
		given
		genus
		where
		the
		number
		of
		plants
		of
		that
		genus
		is
		not
		more
		than 3
		000
		plants, or
		10
		% %
		of
		the
		plants
		if
		there
		are
		more
		than
		3
		000
		plants
		from
		that
		genus,
	_	have
		been
		found
		free,
		<u>in</u>

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

these inspections, from the relevant harmful organisms of concern as specified in the previous indent. Infested plants shall be removed. The remaining plants, where appropriate, shall be effectively treated, and in addition shall be held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from such harmful organisms of concern,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	_	have
		been
		planted
		in
		either
		an
		unused
		artificial
		growing
		medium
		or
		in
		a
		natural
		growing
		medium,
		which
		has
		been
		treated
		by furnication
		fumigation
		or
		by appropriate
		appropriate heat
		treatment
		and has
		been
		of
		any
		harmful
		organisms,
	_	- have
		been
		kept under
		under
		conditions
		which
		ensure
		that
		the
		growing
		medium
		has
		been
		maintained free
		from harmful
		<u> </u>

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

organisms and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been: shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted, or shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the conditions laid

down in

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

(aa) fifth indent, or subjected appropriate treatments to ensure that the growing medium is free from harmful organisms, the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7 of this Directive under the

rubric 'disinfestatio

and/ or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

disinfection treatment'.

be packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the registered nursery; this number shall also be indicated under the rubric additional declaration on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7 of this Directive, enabling the consignments to be identified.

44.

Herbaceous perennial plants, intended for planting, other than seeds, of the families Caryophyllaceae (except *Dianthus* L.), Compositae (except *Dendranthema* (DC.) Des Moul.), Cruciferae, Leguminosae and Rosaceae (except *Fragaria* L.), originating in third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries

Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex IV(A)(I) (32.1), (32.2), (32.3), (33) and (34) official statement that the plants:

(bb)

— have been grown in

nurseries, and
are free from plant
debris, flowers and
fruits, and

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and — found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and — either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
[^{F17} 45.1.	Plants of herbaceous species and plants of <i>Ficus</i> L. and <i>Hibiscus</i> L., intended for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section I(27.1), (27.2), (28), (29), (32.1), (32.3) and (36.1), official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European

populations) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or

(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) on official inspections carried out at least once each three

weeks during the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

nine weeks prior to export, or (c) in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) has been found at the place of production, are held or produced in this place of production and have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) and subsequenly this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the nine weeks prior to export and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. Details of the treatment shall be mentioned on the

certificates referred

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39)

		to in Article 7 or 8 of this Directive.
45.2.	Cut flowers of Aster spp., Eryngium L., Gypsophila L., Hypericum L., Lisianthus L., Rosa L., Solidago L., Trachelium L., and leafy vegetables of Ocimum L., originating in non-European countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and leafy vegetables: — originate in a country free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations), or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations).]
[^{F17} 45.3.]	Plants of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Tomato yellow leaf curl virus is known to occur	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to plants listed in Annex III(A) (13) and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.5), (25.6) and 25.7 where appropriate
	(a) Where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. is not known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants
	(b) Where Bemisia tabaci Genn. is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants, and (aa) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn., or (bb) the place of production has been

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export; or (b) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the place of production and the place of production has been subjectet to an appropriate treatment and monitoring regime to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn.
46.	Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, tubers, corms, rhizomes, originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur. The relevant harmful organisms are: — Bean golden mosaic virus, — Cowpea mild mottle virus, — Lettuce infectious yellow virus, — Pepper mild tigré virus, — Squash leaf curl virus, — other viruses transmitted by	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(13) and Annex IV(A) (I)(25.5) (25.6), (32.1), (32.2), (32.3), (35.1), (35.2), (44), (45)[^{F17} ,] (45.1)[^{F1} , (45.2) and (45.3)] where appropriate

p. 39).

	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn.	
	(a) Where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are not known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation
	(b) Where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been orbserved on the plants during an adequate period, and (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms; or (b) the place of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms on official inspections carried out at appropriate times; or (c) the plants have been subjected to an appropriate
		treatment aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia</i> tabaci Genn.
47.	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni; or
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	

p. 39).

		(b)	the seeds, other than those seeds that have been producted on varieties resistant to all races of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni present in the area of production, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni.
48.	Seeds of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	seeds ha by mean acid extr equivale IF15 in acr procedur Article 1 and (a)	either the seeds originate in areas where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al., Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye and Potato spindle tuber viroid are not known to occur; or no symptoms of diseases caused by those harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(c)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least those harmful organisms, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from those harmful organisms.
49.1.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Official (a) (b)	statement that: no symptoms Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or fumigation has taken place prior to export.
49.2.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L., originating in countries where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. is known to occur	requirem plants lis	prejudice to the nents applicable to sted in Annex IV(A), official statement Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; either
o OL125 11.7.1966 p. 2220/66 Dirac		. ,	— the crop belongs to

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		a variety
		recognised
		as being
		highly resistant to
		Clavibacter
		michiganensis
		ssp.
		insidiosus
		Davis <i>et</i>
		al.,
		or
	_	it had not
		yet started
		its fourth
		complete
		cycle of
		vegetation
		from
		sowing
		when the
		seed was
		harvested
		and there
		was not
		more
		than one
		preceding
		seed
		harvest
		from the
		crop,
		or
	_	the
		content
		of inert
		matter
		which
		has been
		determined
		in
		accordance
		with the
		rules
		applicable
		for the
		certification
		of seed
		marketed
		in the
		Community,
Decis	ion 1999/742/EC (OLL 29	7 19 11 1000

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

p. 39).

		(c) (d)	does not exceed 0,1% by weight; no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production, or on any Medicago sativa L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; the crop has been grown on land on which no previous Medicago sativa L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing.
50.	Seeds of Oryza sativa L.	Official (a)	statement that: the seeds have been officially tested by appropriate nematological tests and have been found free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie;
		(b)	or the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
51.	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.	Official (a)	statement that: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from

		Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye; or (b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye in these tests.
52.	Seeds of Zea mais L.	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye; or (b) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye in this test.
53.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , Secale and <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India[^{F19} , Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[^{F1} , South Africa and the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur.	Official statement that the seeds originate in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7.
54.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , Secale and <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India[^{F19} , Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa] and the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur.	Official statement that either, (i) the grain originates in an area where Tilletia indica Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area or areas shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7, under the rubric 'place of origin' or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

(ii)

no symptoms of Tilletia indica Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before shipment and have been tested and found free from Tilletia indica Mitra in these tests: the latter shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7, in the rubric 'name of produce' as 'tested and found free from Tilletia indica Mitra'.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Textual Amendments

- F17 Substituted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F18 Deleted by Commission Directive 2003/47/EC of 4 June 2003 amending Annexes II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F19** Inserted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

Section II

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNTIY

Plants, plant products and other objects		Special requirements
a	OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (C	OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	-	
2.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	(a) Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fimbriata</i> f.sp. <i>platani</i> Walter; or
		(b) there shall be evidence by a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that is has undergone kiln-drying to below 20% moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
[F14]		
4.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scrirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
5. a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directiv	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(4), where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production
OJ L 223, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directiv	e as fast afficient by Directive 90/90/EC (C	νο 11 40, 1.4.1777, μ. 41 J.

		or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		
6.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		
7.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr or		
		(b) no symptoms of Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		
8.	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Ceratocystis fimbriata f.sp. platani Walter or		
		(b) no symptoms of Ceratocystis fimbriata f.sp. platani Walter have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		

9.	[F9Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]	Official s	statement: the plants originate in zones recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)]; or
		(b)	that the plants in the field of production and its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms of d' <i>Erwinia</i> amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al., have beend rogued out.
10.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds	Official (a)	statement that: the plants originate in areas known to be free from Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Petri), Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus (European strains);
		(b)	the plants derive from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (European strains) and <i>Citrus</i> vein enation woody gall, using appropriate

indicators or equivalent methods, approved [F15in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and have been growing permanently in an insectproof glasshouse or in an isolated cage on which no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Pandri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and Citrus vein enation woody gall have been observed;

(c) the plants:

have been derived from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least Citrus vein

enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus (European strains), using appropriate indicators equivalent methods, approved [F15in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and has been found in these tests, free from Citrus tristezavirus (European strains), and certified free from at least Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) in official individuals tests carried out according to the methods mentioned in this indent,

a OJ L 225, 12,10,1970, p. 1. Directiv	Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp. and Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (0	(a) (b)	by Rado similis (to Thorne I observed place of since the of the la cycle of or soil and suspecte have bee since the of the la cycle of to of the la	mination pholus Cobb) has been d at the production beginning st complete vegetation; roots from d plants en subjected beginning st complete vegetation al
				and have been inspected and no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Pandri) Kanchaveli et Gikashvili, and of Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus have been observed since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

Plants of Fragaria L., Prunus L. and Rubus L., intended for planting, other than seeds Planting, other than seeds				Radoph (Cobb) have be in these	for at least olus simila Thorne an en found, tests, free at harmful m.	is d
	12.	L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for	(a)	the plan in areas be free to relevant organism or no symp diseases the relevant organism been ob plants a of produthe beging last come of veget The relevant	ts originate known to from the tharmful ms; otoms of seaused by want harming have served on the place action since the place action. Evant organism on Fragaria	y ful tee he le s a Phytophthora fragariae Hickman var. fragariae Arabis mosaic virus Raspberry ringspot virus Strawberry crinkle virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus Strawberry latent ringspot virus Strawberry

			edge
			virus
			Tomato
			black
			ring
			virus
		_	Xanthomonas
			fragariae
			Kennedy
			and
			King
		on Prunu	1S
		L.:	
			Apricot
			chlorotic
			leafroll
			mycoplasm
			Xanthomonas
			campestris
			pv.
			pruni
			(Smith)
			Dye
	_	on Pruni	tS .
		persica	
		(L.)	
		Batsch:	
			Pseudomonas
			syringae
			pv.
			persicae
			(Prunier
			et et
			al.)
			Young
			et
		on Rubus	al.,
			i
		L.:	A 1:
		_	Arabis
			mosaic
			virus
		_	Raspberry
			ringspot
			virus
		_	Strawberry
			latent
			ringspot
			virus
		_	Tomato
			black
			

		ring virus.
13.	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., and <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to plants listed in Annex IV(A) (II)(9), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Pear decline mycoplasm; or (b) the plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasm, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
14.	Plants of Fragaria L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(12) official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie; or (b) no symptoms of Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation: or (c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants have been

		composection item conflicts by approximate method have been dependent on the conflict of the c	ed from plants ying with n (b) of this or have been ally tested propriate ological ds and peen free from enchoides vi Christie.
15.	Plants of Malus Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	in are to be Apple	oplicable to in Annex

appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last six

complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for, at least, Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that harmful organism;

symptoms
of diseases
caused
by Apple
proliferation
mycoplasm
have been
observed
on the
plants
at the

no

(bb)

or on the susceptible plants

place of production,

					immedia vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation	e ng e e f
16.	species of		plants li (II)(12),	ents app sted in A	ce to the blicable to the Annex IV(A statement	
		Prunus amygdalus Batsch, Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb.	that: (a) (b)	in area	nts originates known to from Plumrus; the plant other that those raised from see have been	nts, an
a OLI 225 12 10 1970 n 1 Directiv	_	and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait.,	N. 25. 12.	1000 67		and subjected

- - -	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L.,		to official testing for, at least, plum
	Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl. other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus		pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that harmful
			organism,
			organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected
			within the last three complete cycles of vegetation,
1 .	1.11 8: .:	1	

> at least once, to official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators for equivalent methods and has been found, in these tests, free from that harmful organism;

(bb) symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on the susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity,

> since the beginning of the last three

no

			(cc)	complete cycles of vegetation; plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out.
17.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of Grapevine Flavescence dorée MLO and <i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> (Panagopoulos) Willems <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the mother-stock plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.		
18.1.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting	(a) (b)	endobio (Schilbe Percival complie and either th originate known t from Cla michiga ssp. sepe (Spiecke and Kot Davis et the Com	munity ns to Synchytrium ticum trsky) have been d with; e tubers e in an area o be free avibacter nensis edonicus ermann thoff) fal. or

provisions to combat Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. have been complied with; and (c) the tubers originate from a field known to be free from Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens; and (d) (aa) either, the tubers originate in areas in which Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known not to occur; or (bb) in areas where Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith, or considered

to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith: and (e) either, the tubers originate in areas in which Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known not to occur, or in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known to occur: either, the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free freom Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen based on

an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by

		cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packgages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on closing in Council Directive 66/403/ EEC, and no symptoms of Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen have been found.
18.2.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., intended for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted in one or more Member States pursuant to Council Directive 70/457/EEC of 29 September 1970 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species ^a	Without prejudice to the special requirements applicable to the tubers listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), official statement that the tubers: — belong to advanced selections such a statement being indicated in an appropriate way on the document accompanying the relevant tubers,
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive	as last afficienced by Difective 98/90/EC (C	νι ω ω, 1.4.1777, μ. ω/).

18.3.	Plants of stolon or tuber-	(a)	have been produced within the Community, and have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the Community to official quarantine testing in accordance with appropriate methods and has been found, in these tests, free from harmful organisms.
	forming species of Solanum L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of Solanum tuberosum L. specified in Annex IV(A) (II)(18.1) or (18.2), and other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	(b)	have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free of any harmful organisms in quarantine testing; the quarantine testing referred to in (a) shall: (aa) be supervised by the official plant protection organisation of the Member State concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that organisation

(cc)	or of any officially approved body; be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain harmful organisms and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading harmful organisms; be executed on each unit of the material, — by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having
	having regard

	to		
	the		
	type		
	of		
	materia	al	
	and		
	its		
	stage		
	of develop		
	develo	pmem	
	during the		
	testing		
	prograi		
	for	iiiic,	
	sympto	oms	
	caused	1	
	by		
	any		
	harmfu		
	organis		
	by		
	testing	19	
	in		
	accord	ance	
	with	• .	
	approp	riate	
	method	Js	
	to be		
	be submit	444	
	submit to	tea	
	the		
	Comm	iittee	
	referre		
	to	J	
	in		
	Article	ف	
	18:		
		in	
	ı	the	
	ı	case	
	ı	of	
	ı	all	
	ı	potato	
	ı	material	
	ı	at	
	ı	least	
	ı	for	٨,
	ı		Ai
		ŀ	po

	ı	I
		_
		_
		_
OLI 225 12 10 1970 n 1 Directiv	e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (C	UL 25-1 2 1999 p. 27)

viru Arr viru B. oca stra

> Pot bla

> late

ring virt Pot spii tub

> viro Pot viro T, And pot mo viro com pot viro A, M,

.

_

S, V, X and Y

> Y^o, Yⁿ und Y^c)

(inc

Pot leaf

viru Cla mic

ssp sep (Sp

and Kor Dav

a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

et al., Pse sold (Sn Sm

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

in the case of true seed potato of least for the viruses and viroid listed above; (dd) by appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the harmful organisms having caused such symptoms; (c) any material, which has not been found free, under the testing specified under (b) from harmful organisms as specified under (b) shall be immediately destroyed or subjected to procedures

		which eliminate the harmful organism(s); (d) each organisation or research body holding this material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.	
18.4.	Plants of stolon, or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.	
18.5.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.2), (18.3) or (18.4)	There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the vehicle transporting the potatoes, that the potatoes have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, indicating that the tubers are free from <i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i> (Smith) Smith and that (a) the Community provisions to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilbersky) Percival; and (b) where appropriate, the Community provisions to combat <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis <i>et</i>	

Plants of Solanaceae intended for planting, other than seeds and other than plants mentioned in Annex IV(A) (II)(18.4) or (18.5)	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants, listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.2) and (18.3), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate	
	in areas known to be free from Potato stolbur mycoplasm; or	
	(b) no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
Plants of Capsicum annuum L., Lycopersicum lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., Musa L., Nicotiana L., and Solanum melongena L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex V(A)(II)(18.6) where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i> (Smith) Smith; or (b) no symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i> (Smith) Smith have been observed on the plants at place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke and Berthold and of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Klebahn have been observed on hops at the	

		place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		
20.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit, ex Ait. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) no signs of Heliothis armgera Hübner or Spodoptera littoralis (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or		
		(b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.		
21.1.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC) Des Moul. intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(20), official statement that: (a) the plants are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10% has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during an official inspection carried		

out at the time of flowering; (b) the plants or cuttings have come from premises: which have been officially inspected at least monthly, during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been observed during that period, and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to marketing, or consignment has undergone appropriate treatment

		against Puccinia horiana Hennings; (c) in the case of unrooted cuttings no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived, or that, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed.
a OJ L 225, 12,10,1970, p. 1, Directive	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(20), official statement that: — the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) van Beyma on officially approved tests carried out at least

		once within the two previous years, no symptoms of the above harmful organisms have been observed on the plants.
22.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. and <i>Narcissus</i> L., other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packaging, or by other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut-flower production	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[^{F17} 23.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section II(20), (21.1) or (21.2), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess), or
		(b) either no signs of Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, or
	a as last amended by Directive 08/06/EC (C	(c) immediately prior to marketing, the plants have been officially inspected and found free

		from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess).]
24.	Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	There shall be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens, Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
25.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Beet leaf curl virus; or (b) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production and no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
26.	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Plasmopara

a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(b)	Berl. and or the seed those se have been on varied resistant of <i>Plasm halstedi</i> . Berl. and present to an aptreatment <i>Plasmophalstedi</i> .	en produced ties t to all races nopara i (Farlow) d de Toni in the area nection, have ojected propriate nt against
26.1.	Plants of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds	requirenthe plantlisted in	prejudice to the nents applicable to ts, where appropriate, Annex IV(a)(II) and (23) official and that: the plants originate in areas known to be free from Tomato yellow leaf curl virus; or	
		(b)		yellow leaf is have been

		(c)	found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export; or no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the place of production and the place of production has been subjected to an appropriate treatment and monitoring regime to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1, Directive	Seeds of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	seeds have by means acid extraction equivalent [F15 in accordant Article 1 and (a)	either the seeds originate in areas where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. or Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye are not known to occur; or

		(b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by those harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation; or the seeds have
			been subjected to official testing for at least those harmful organisms, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, to be free from those harmful organisms.
28.1.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Officia (a)	no symptoms of Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or
		(b)	that fumigation has taken place prior to marketing.
28.2.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	require the pla IV(A)(at prejudice to the ements applicable to nts listed in Annex (II)(28.1), official ent that:

(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensts spp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet started				
in areas known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidious Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidious Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidious Davis et al., or — it had not yet	(a)	the seed	a originat	0
to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet	(a)	seed	s originau	C
Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiouss Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as s being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet		to be fre	e from	
michiganensis spp. insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet		Claviba	cter	
insidiosus Davis et al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				•
al.; or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet		micniga	nensis spp).
or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			<i>ıs</i> Davıs <i>e</i>	et
or (b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet		al.;		
(b) — Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
michiganensis ssp. instidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. instidiosus Davis et et al., or — it had not yet	(b)	O1	Claviba	atau
ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet	(0)	_		
insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			michiga	nensis
insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			ssp.	
Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and ———————————————————————————————————			insidiosi	us
al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and ———————————————————————————————————				
known to occur on the farm or in the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			known t	0
the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
since the beginning of the past 10 years, and ———————————————————————————————————			immedia	ate
since the beginning of the past 10 years, and ———————————————————————————————————			vicinity	
beginning of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			since the	<u>م</u>
of the past 10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
10 years, and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			beginnin	ig
and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			of the pa	ast
and — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet			10 years	5,
— the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				the
belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or it had not yet				
to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				Стор
to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				belongs
variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				to
variety recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
recognised as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
as being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				variety
being highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
highly resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				being
resistant to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or it had not yet				
to Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or it had not yet				
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or it had not yet				
michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				to
michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				Clavibacter
ssp. insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
insidiosus Davis et al., or — it had not yet				
Davis et al., or it had not yet				ingi di azzez
et al., or it had not yet				
al., or it had not yet				
al., or it had not yet				et
or — it had not yet				
— it had not yet				
had not yet				
not yet			_	
not yet				had
yet				
started				
started				gtarted
				<u>started</u>

its fourth complete cycle of vegetation from sowing when the seed was harvested, and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop, or the content of inert matter which has been determined accordance with the rules applicable for certification of seed was marketed in the Community,

does

	not exceed 0,1 % by weight, no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production or on any Medicago sativa L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate,
	 place of production or on any <i>Medicago sativa</i> L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where
	has been grown on land on which no previous Medicago sativa L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing.

	(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye; or (b) a representative sample of the seed has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomona. campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye in these tests.
Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncie</i> Raf., and their hybrids	The packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
	Fortunella Swingle, Ponci

PART B

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH SHALL BE LAID DOWN BY ALL MEMBER STATES FOR THE INTORDUCTION AND MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS INTO AND WITHIN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Plants, plant products and other objects		Special requirements		Protected zone(s)
1.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	to the reapplical wood li IV(A)(I (1.3), (1	t prejudice equirements ble to the sted in Annex ()(1.1), (1.2), (1.4), (1.5), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7), (7), ()(1.5), (7),	I ^{F10} EL, IRL, UK (Scotland, Northern Ireland, Jersey, England: the following counties, districts and unitary authorities: Barnsley, Bath and North East Somerset, Bedfordshire, Bournemouth, Bracknell Forest, Bradford, Bristol, Brighton and Hove,

- a [F3]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- $c \qquad \text{OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27). } \\$
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(c)

that the	Buckinghamshire,
wood	Calderdale,
originates	Cambridgeshire,
in areas	Cornwall, Cumbria,
known to	Darlington, Devon,
be free from	
	Doncaster, Dorset,
	Durham, East Riding
micans	of Yorkshire, East
Kugelan;	Sussex, Essex,
or	Gateshead, Greater
there shall	London, Hampshire,
be evidence	Hartlepool,
by a mark	Hertfordshire, Kent,
'Kiln-	Kingston upon Hull,
dried', 'KD'	Kirklees, Leeds,
or another	Leicester City,
	Lincolnshire, Luton,
recognised	Medway Council,
mark, put	Middlesbrough,
on the wood	Milton Keynes,
or on its	Newbury, Newcastle
packaging	upon Tyne, Norfolk,
ın ,	Northamptonshire,
accordance	Northumberland,
with current	North Lincolnshire,
commercial	North East
usage,	Lincolnshire, North
that it has	Tyneside, North
undergone	West Somerset,
kiln-drying	Nottingham City,
to below 20	Nottinghamshire,
% moisture	Oxfordshire,
content,	Peterborough,
expressed as	Plymouth, Poole,
a percentage	Portsmouth,
of dry	Reading, Redcar
matter, at	and Cleveland,
time of	Rotherham, Rutland,
manufacture,	Sheffield, Slough,
achieved	Somerset, Southend,
through an	Southampton,
appropriate	South Tyneside,
time/	Stockton-on-Tees,
temperature	Suffolk, Sunderland,
schedule.	Surrey, Swindon,
	Thurrock, Torbay,
	Wakefield, West
	Sussex, Windsor

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

and Maidenhead, Wokingham, York, the Isle of Man, the Isle of Wight, the Isles of Scilly, and the following parts of counties, districts and unitary authorities; Derby City: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road together with that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Derbyshire: that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road, and that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Gloucestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Leicestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road, together with that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the B4114 road, and that part of the

a [F3

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

				county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the M1 motorway; North Yorkshire: the whole county, except that part of the county which comprises the district of Craven; South Gloucestershire: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway; Staffordshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A52(T) road and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A523 road; Warwickshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Wiltshire: that part of the south of the southern boundary of the Southern boundary of the M4 motorway, and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road)
2.		Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(1.1), (1.2),	EL, IRL, UK
a b	[F3] OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3	3.		
	. 71			

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (7),where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1), (a) the wood shall be stripped of its bark; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips duplicatus Sahlbergh; or there shall (c) be evidence by a mark 'Kilndried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture,

- a $\begin{bmatrix} F3 \end{bmatrix}$
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
3.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	to the recapplicable wood list IV(A)(I) (1.3), (1. where ap	prejudice quirements le to the ted in Annex (1.1), (1.2), 4), (1.5), (7), propriate, ex IV(B)(1) the wood shall be stripped of its bark; or official statement that the	IRL, UK
			wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> Heer; or	
		(c)	there shall be evidence by a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internationall recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial	y

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			usage, that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
4.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	applicable wood list IV(A)(I)((1.3), (1.4) where ap	uirements	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

		'Kiln-	l
		dried', 'KD'	
		or another	
		internationall	y
		recognised	
		mark, put	
		on the wood	
		or on its	
		packaging	
		ln	
		accordance with current	
		commercial	
		usage,	
		that it has	
		undergone	
		kiln-drying	
		to below 20	
		% moisture	
		content,	
		expressed as	
		a percentage	
		of dry	
		matter, at time of	
		manufacture,	
		achieved	
		through an	
		appropriate	
		time/	
		temperature	
		schedule.	
5.	Wood of conifers	Without prejudice	EL, IRL, UK
	(Coniferales)	to the requirements	(Northern Ireland,
		applicable to the	Isle of Man)
		wood listed in Annex	
		IV(A,)(I)(1.1), (1.2),	
		(1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (7),	
		where appropriate,	
		and Annex IV(B)(1),	
		(2), (3), (4): (a) the wood	
		shall be	
		stripped of	
		its bark;	
		or	
a [F3]	1		
	_		

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

1.01.)	cc · 1
(b)	official
	statement
	that the
	wood
	originates in
	areas known
	to be free
	from <i>Ips</i>
	cembrae
	Heer:
	or
(0)	there shall
(c)	
	be evidence
	by a mark
	'Kiln-
	dried', 'KD'
	or another
	internationally
	recognised
	mark, put
	on the wood
	or on its
	packaging
	in
	accordance
	with current
	commercial
	usage, that it has
	undergone
	kiln-drying
	to below 20
	% moisture
	content,
	expressed as
	a percentage
	of dry
	matter, at
	time of
	manufacture,
	achieved
	through an
	appropriate
	time/
	temperature
	schedule.
	schedule.

- a [F3]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

6.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements		IRL,[F4CY,] UK (Northern Ireland,
		applicab	ole to the	Isle of Man)
			sted in Annex	
		IV(A)(I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (7), where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5): (a) the wood		
				stripped of
			its bark;	
		(b)	or official	
			statement	
			that the	
			wood	
			originates in	
			areas known to be free	
			from <i>Ips</i>	
			sexdentatus	
			Börner;	
			or	
		(c)	there shall be evidence	
			by a mark	
			'Kiln-	
			dried', 'KD'	
			or another	
			international	У
			recognised mark, put	
			on the wood	
			or on its	
			packaging	
			ın	
			accordance with current	
			commercial	
			usage,	
			that it has	
			undergone	
			kiln-drying	
			to below 20	
			% moisture	

a [^{F3}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

			content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
[F3]				
[^{F12}]				
[^{F13} 6.3.	Wood of Castanea Mill.	(a)	The wood shall be bark-free or	CZ, DK, EL, (Crete, Lesvos) IRL, S, UK (except the Isle of Man)]
		(b)	Official statement that the wood:	/1
				ginates
			area	
			kno to	wn
			be free	
			froi	n
				phonectria asitica
			M	urrill.)
			Bar or	T.
			(ii) has	
			unc kilr	lergone 1-
			dry to	ing
			bel	
			20 mo	% isture
			con	tent,
a [F3]			exp	ressed

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			as					
			a					
			per	entage				
			of					
			dry					
			mat					
			I .	ieved				
			thro	ugh				
			an					
				ropriate				
			tim					
				perature				
				edule.				
			The					
			sha be					
			I .	lence				
				eof				
			by	.001				
			a					
			mai	l k				
			'Ki					
			drie					
			or					
			'KI) ,				
			or					
			ano	ther				
			inte	rnationally				
			rece	gnised				
			mai	k,				
			put					
			on					
			the					
			Woo)d				
			or					
			on					
			any					
			in wra	pping				
			I .	ordance				
			witi					
			current					
			usa					
		D14						
7.		Plants of Abies Mill.,	Without prejudice	EL, IRL, UK				
		Larix Mill., Picea A.	to the provisions	(Scotland, Northern				
		Dietr., Pinus L. and	applicable to the	Ireland, Jersey,				
	rF31	Pseudotsuga Carr.,	plants listed in Annex	England: the				
a 	[^{F3}]							
b	OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.							
<u>c</u>	OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).							
d	OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).							

over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10) and Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from *Dendroctonus micans* Kugelan.

following counties, districts and unitary authorities: Barnsley, Bath and North East Somerset. Bedfordshire, Bournemouth, Bracknell Forest, Bradford, Bristol, Brighton and Hove, Buckinghamshire, Calderdale, Cambridgeshire, Cornwall, Cumbria, Darlington, Devon, Doncaster, Dorset, Durham, East Riding of Yorkshire, East Sussex, Essex, Gateshead, Greater London, Hampshire, Hartlepool, Hertfordshire, Kent, Kingston upon Hull, Kirklees, Leeds, Leicester City, Lincolnshire, Luton, Medway Council, Middlesbrough, Milton Keynes, Newbury, Newcastle upon Tyne, Norfolk, Northamptonshire, Northumberland, North Lincolnshire, North East Lincolnshire, North Tyneside, North West Somerset, Nottingham City, Nottinghamshire, Oxfordshire, Peterborough, Plymouth, Poole, Portsmouth, Reading, Redcar and Cleveland, Rotherham, Rutland,

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Sheffield, Slough, Somerset, Southend, Southampton, South Tyneside, Stockton-on-Tees, Suffolk, Sunderland, Surrey, Swindon, Thurrock, Torbay, Wakefield, West Sussex, Windsor and Maidenhead, Wokingham, York, the Isle of Man, the Isle of Wight, the Isles of Scilly, and the following parts of counties, districts and unitary authorities; Derby City: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road together with that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Derbyshire: that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road, and that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Gloucestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Leicestershire: that part of the county

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road, together with that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the B4114 road, and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the M1 motorway; North Yorkshire: the whole county, except that part of the county which comprises the district of Craven; South Gloucestershire: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway; Staffordshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A52(T) road and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A523 road; Warwickshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Wiltshire: that part of the county which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway, and that part of the

a [F3

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road)
8.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B)(7), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	EL, IRL, UK
9.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A., Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5) and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer.	IRL, UK
a [F3]	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), where appropriate, official statement that the	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> amitinus Eichhof.	
11.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), (10), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer.	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
12.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner.	IRL,[F4CY,] UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
[F3]			
14.1.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	[F14Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the bark listed in Annex III(A)(4),][F8Official] statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to	EL, IRL, UK (Scotland, Northern Ireland, Jersey, England: the following counties, districts and unitary authorities: Barnsley, Bath and North East Somerset,
a [F3]	1	, ,	
b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p.		d by Directive 09/04/EC (OLL 2	95 1 2 1000 m 27)
c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 22	290/66. Directive as last amende	u by Directive 98/90/EC (OJ L 2	, 1.4.1999, p. 41).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(b)

fumigation	Bedfordshire,
or other	Bournemouth,
appropriate	Bracknell Forest,
treatments	Bradford, Bristol,
against bark	Brighton and Hove,
beetles;	Buckinghamshire,
or	Calderdale,
originates	Cambridgeshire,
in areas	Cornwall, Cumbria,
known to	Darlington, Devon,
be free from	Doncaster, Dorset,
	Durham, East Riding
micans	of Yorkshire, East
Kugelan.	Sussex, Essex,
Rugelan.	Gateshead, Greater
	London, Hampshire,
	Hartlepool,
	Hertfordshire, Kent,
	Kingston upon Hull,
	Kirklees, Leeds,
	Leicester City,
	Lincolnshire, Luton,
	Medway Council,
	Middlesbrough,
	Milton Keynes,
	Newbury, Newcastle
	upon Tyne, Norfolk,
	Northamptonshire,
	Northumberland,
	North Lincolnshire,
	North East
	Lincolnshire, North
	Tyneside, North
	West Somerset,
	Nottingham City,
	Nottingham City, Nottinghamshire,
	Oxfordshire,
	Peterborough,
	Plymouth, Poole,
	Portsmouth,
	Reading, Redcar
	and Cleveland,
	Rotherham, Rutland,
	Sheffield, Slough,
	Somerset, Southend,
	South Typogida
	South Tyneside,

Stockton-on-Tees,

a $\begin{bmatrix} F3 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Suffolk, Sunderland, Surrey, Swindon, Thurrock, Torbay, Wakefield, West Sussex, Windsor and Maidenhead, Wokingham, York, the Isle of Man, the Isle of Wight, the Isles of Scilly, and the following parts of counties, districts and unitary authorities; Derby City: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road together with that part of the unitary authority which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Derbyshire: that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A52(T) road, and that part of the county which lies to the north of the northern boundary of the A6(T) road; Gloucestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Leicestershire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road, together with that part

a [F3

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the B4114 road. and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the M1 motorway; North Yorkshire: the whole county, except that part of the county which comprises the district of Craven: South Gloucestershire: that part of the unitary authority which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway; Staffordshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A52(T) road and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the A523 road; Warwickshire: that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road; Wiltshire: that part of the county which lies to the south of the southern boundary of the M4 motorway, and that part of the county which lies to the east of the eastern boundary of the Fosse Way Roman road)

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

14.2.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F14Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK
		(b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	
14.3.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F14Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
a [^{F3}]		areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> cembrae Heer.	

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

14.4.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bar listed in I ^{F14} Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bar beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from Ips duplicatus Sahlberg.	n e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
14.5.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bar listed in [F14 Annex III(A)(4), [Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), (14.4), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected the fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bar beetles; or (b) originates in areas know to be free from Ips	n e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

a [^{F3}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

		sexdentatus Börner.	
14.6.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F14 Annex III(A)(4),] Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), (14.4), (14.5), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from Ips typographus Heer.	IRL, UK
[^{F12}]	_		
[F3]			
[F1314.9.	Isolated bark of Castanea Mill.	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) originates in areas known to be free from Cryphonectri parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. or (b) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatment	CZ, DK, EL, (Crete, Lesvos) IRL, S, UK (except the Isle of Man).]

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		against Cryphonectri parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/ m³) and the exposure time (h)	a
15.	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (10), Annex IV(A) (II)(5) and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
a [^{F3}]	ı		
b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p.	3.		

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		place of production is free from <i>Cephalcia</i> <i>lariciphila</i> (Klug.)	
16.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Abies</i> Mill. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), Annex IV(A)(II) (4) and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (15), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gremmeniella abiedina</i> (Lag.) Morelet.	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)
17.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), Annex IV(A)(II) (4) and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (16), official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production and its immediate vicinity is free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> (Den. and Schiff.).	E (Ibiza)
18.	Plants of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (10), Annex IV(A) (II)(5) and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (16), official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from Gilpinia hercyniae (Hartig).	
19.	Plants of Eucalyptus l'Herit, other than fruit and seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants are free from soil, and have been subjected to a treatment against Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.; or (b) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	[FIIEL, P (Azores)]
a [F3]	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(10), (11), Annex IV(A)(I) (25.1), (25.2), (25.3), (25.4), (25.5), (25.6), Annex IV(A)(II) (18.1), (18.2), (18.3),	[F6DK, F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), LT, UK (Northern Ireland)]

a [^{F3}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

			were grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus (BNYVV) is known not to occur;	
		(b) (c)	or were grown on land, or in growing media consisting of soil that is known to be free from BNYVV, or officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV; or have been washed free	
[^{F17} 20.2.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(B)(20.1)	(a) (b)	from soil. The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or the tubers are intended for processing	[F6DK, F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), LT, UK (Northern Ireland)]]
a [F3]	I		Freezenig	l

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV.	
20.3.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Without prejudice to the requirements listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.2), (18.5), official statement that provisions are complied with in respect of Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens and Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens which are in accordance with tho1se laid down in Council Directive 69/465/EEC of 8 December 1969 on control of Potatoe Cyst Eelworm ^b .	[F6LV, SI, SK, FI]
[^{F6} 21.	Plants and live pollen for pollination of: Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.)	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex IIIA(9), (9.1), (18) and IIIB(1), where appropriate, official statement that: a) the plants originate in third	E, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzi; Apulia; Basilicata; Calabria; Campania; Emilia-Romagna: provinces of Forlí-Cesena, Parma, Piacenza and Rimini; Friuli-Venezia Giulia; Lazio; Liguria; Lombardy; Marche;

a [^{F3}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

18(2), Oppeano, Terrazzo,	
or Isola Rizza,	

a $\begin{bmatrix} F3 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

c)	the plants originate in one of the following Cantons of Switzerland: Berne (with the exceptions of the districts of Signau and Trachselwald Fribourg, Grisons, Ticino, Vaud, Valais,	Angiari), LV, LT, A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria, Vienna), P, SI, SK, FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands)]
d)	or the plants originate in the protected zones listed in the right-hand column, or	
e)	the plants have been produced, or, if moved into a 'buffer zone', kept and maintained for a period of at least 7 months including the period 1 April to 31 October of the last complete cycle of	

 $a \qquad [^{F3}]$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

 $c \qquad \text{OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27). } \\$

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

```
vegetation,
on a field:
         located
aa)
          at
         least
          1 km
          inside
          the
          border
          of
          an
          officially
          designated
          'buffer
          zone'
          of
          at
          least
          50 \text{ km}^2
          where
         host
         plants
          are
          subject
          to
          an
          officially
          approved
          and
          supervised
          control
          regime
          established
          at
          the
          latest
          before
          the
          beginning
          of
          the
          complete
          cycle
          of
          vegetation
          preceding
          the
```

```
a [F3]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

last complete cycle of vegetation, with the object of minimising the risk of Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. being spread from the plants grown there. Details of the description of this 'buffer zone' shall be kept available to the Commission and to other Member States. Once the

```
a [F3]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

'h	uffer
	ne'
is	
	tablished,
	ficial
	spections
sh	au
be	
	rried
ou	t
in	
the	e
ZO	ne
no	t
co	mprising
the	
fie	
an	
its	4
	rrounding
ZO	
of	
-	0 m
	dth,
at	
lea	
on	
	nce
the	
	ginning
of	
the	e
las	st
co	mplete
cy	cle
of	
ve	getation
at	
the	e
	ost
	propriate
	ne,
an	
all	
ho	
	ants
	owing
sy	mptoms

```
a [F3]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	of
	Erwinia
	amylovora
	(Burr.)
	Winsl.
	et
	al.
	should
	be
	removed
	immediately.
	The
	results
	of
	these
	inspections
	shall
	be
	supplied
	by
	1
	May
	each
	year
	to the
	Commission
	and
	to
	other
	Member
	States,
	and
bb)	which
	has
	been
	officially
	approved,
	as
	well
	as
	the
	'buffer
	zone',
	before
	the
	beginning
	of

```
a [F3]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		the
		complete
		cycle
		of
		vegetation
		preceding
		the
		last
		complete
		cycle
		of
		vegetation,
		for
		the
		cultivation
		of
		plants
		under
		the
		requirements
		laid
		down
		in
		this
		point,
		and
	cc)	which,
		as
		well
		as
		the
		surrounding
		zone
		of
		a
		width
		of
		at
		least
		500 m,
		has
		been
		found
		free
		from
		Erwinia
		amylovora
		(Burr.)

```
a \qquad [^{F3}]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	Wir	hel
		131.
	et	
	al.	
	sinc	le
	the	
		· ·
	beg	inning
	of	
	the	
	last	
	I .	I .
		plete
	cyc	le
	of	
	veg	etation,
	at	
		L:-1
		cial
	inst	ection
	cari	ied
	out	I .
	I .	
	at	
	leas	
		twice
		in
		the
		field
		at
		the
		most
		appropriate
		time,
		i.e.
		once
		during
		June
		to
		August
		and
		once
		during
		August
		to
		November;
		and
		I .
	_	once
		in
		the
		said
		surrounding
		_
		zone

```
a [F3]
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

```
at
                            the
                            most
                            appropriate
                            time,
                            i.e.
                            during
                            August
                            November,
                            and
         dd)
                   from
                   which
                  plants
                   were
                   officially
                   tested
                   for
                   latent
                  infections
                   accordance
                   with
                   an
                   appropriate
                   laboratory
                  method
                   on
                   samples
                   officially
                   drawn
                   at
                   the
                  most
                   appropriate
                   period.
Between 1 April
2004 and 1 April
2005, these
provisions shall
not apply to plants
moved into and
within the protected
zones listed in the
right-hand column
which have been
produced and
maintained on
```

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

Fruits of Vitis L. The fruits shall be free from leaves and official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area known to be free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch); or (b) have been grown at a place of production which has been found free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch) on official inspections carried out during the last two complete cycles of vegetation; or (c) have been subject to fumigation or other appropriate treatment			fields located in officially designated 'buffer zones', according to the relevant requirements applicable before 1 April 2004.	
free from leaves and official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area known to be free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch); or (b) have been grown at a place of production which has been found free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch) on official inspections carried out during the last two complete cycles of vegetation; or (c) have been subject to fumigation or other appropriate	[F20]			
	[^{F4} 21.2.	Fruits of Vitis L.	free from leaves and official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area known to be free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch); or (b) have been grown at a place of production which has been found free from Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch) on official inspections carried out during the last two complete cycles of vegetation; or (c) have been subject to fumigation or other appropriate	

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			against Daktulosphai vitifoliae (Fitch).	ra
[F621.3	From 15 March to 30 June, beehives	that the ba	nted evidence beehives: originate in third countries recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or originate in one of the following Cantons of Switzerland: Berne (with the exceptions of the districts of Signau and Trachselwald Fribourg, Grisons, Ticino, Vaud, Valais, or	E, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzi; Apulia; Basilicata; Calabria; Campania; Emilia-Romagna: provinces of Forlí-Cesena, Parma, Piacenza and Rimini; Friuli-Venezia Giulia; Lazio; Liguria; Lombardy; Marche; Molise; Piedmont; Sardinia; Sicily; Tuscany; Umbria; Valle d'Aosta; Veneto: except in the province of Rovigo the communes Rovigo, Polesella, Villamarzana, Fratta Polesine, San Bellino, Badia Polesine, Trecenta, Ceneselli, Pontecchio Polesine, Arquà Polesine, Costa di Rovigo, Occhiobello, Lendinara, Canda, Ficarolo, Guarda Veneta, Frassinelle Polesine, Villanova del Ghebbo, Fiesso Umbertiano, Castelguglielmo, Bagnolo di Po, Giacciano con Baruchella, Bosaro, Canaro, Lusia, Pincara,
a (F3)		c)	originate in the protected zones	Stienta, Gaiba, Salara, and in the province of Padova the communes

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		d)	listed in the right-hand column, or have undergone an appropriate quarantine measure before being moved.	Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi, and in the province of Verona the communes Palù, Roverchiara, Legnago, Castagnaro, Ronco all'Adige, Villa Bartolomea, Oppeano, Terrazzo, Isola Rizza, Angiari), LV, LT, A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria, Vienna), P, SI, SK, FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands)]
[F1722.	Plants of Allium porrum L., Apium L., Beta L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(B)(25) and those intended for animal fodder, Brassica napus L., Brassica rapa L., Daucus L., other than plants intended for planting	(a) (b)	The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or the plants are intended for processing at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of	[F6DK, F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), LT, UK (Northern Ireland)]]

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			spreading BNYVV.	
23.	Plants of Beta vulgaris L., intended for planting, other than seeds	(a)	indi test and four free fror Bee nec yell vein viru (BN or (bb) hav bee gro fror seec con with	e n cially vidually ed nd t rotic ow n s IYVV); e n wn n dis nplying

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	liste	hd
	in	,
	Anr	NOW.
	IV(
	(27.	
	and	
	(27.	2).
	and	,,
	una	
		grown
		in
		areas
		where
		BNYVV
		is
		known
		not
		to
		occur,
		or
	_	grown
		on
		land,
		or
		in
		growing
		modia
		media,
		officially
		tested
		by
		appropriate
		methods
		and
		found
		free
		from
		BNYVV,
		and
	-	sampled,
		and
		the
		sample
		tested
		and
		found
		free
		from
		BNYVV;

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(b) the organisation or research body holding the material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.	
[F1724.1.	Unrooted cuttings of Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(45.1), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the unrooted cuttings originate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), or (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings	IRL, P (Alentejo, Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste and Trás-os- Montes), FI, S, UK

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(c)

and held or produced at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants on this place of production, or in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced in this place of production have undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from

are derived

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Bemisia

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said

- a [F3]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement.	
a [F3]	Plants of Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting, other than: — seeds, — those for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, — those specified in 24.1	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(45.1), where appropriate official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), or (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) habe been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks	IRL, P (Alentejo, Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste and Trás-os- Montes), FI, S, UK

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

during the

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

nine weeks prior to marketing, or (c) in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a

consequence

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement, and evidence is available that the plants have been produced

a $\begin{bmatrix} F^3 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

(d)

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

```
from
cuttings
which:
(da)
         originate
         in
         an
         area
         known
         to
         be
         free
         from
         Bemisia
         tabaci
         Genn.
         (European
         populations),
         or
(db)
         have
         been
         grown
         at
         a
         place
         of
         production
         where
         no
         signs
         of
         Bemisia
         tabaci
         Genn.
         (European
         populations)
         have
         been
         observed
         on
         official
         inspections
         carried
         out
         at
         least
         once
         each
         three
```

```
a \begin{bmatrix} F^3 \end{bmatrix}
```

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

	weeks during the whole production period of these plants, or	
	in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced in this place of production having undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found	

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to

- a [^{F3}]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			the above movement.	
24.3.	Plants of <i>Begonia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants of <i>Ficus</i> L. and <i>Hibiscus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower development or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production	to the recapplicable plants list IV(A)(I)	sted in Annex (45.1), where ate, official	IRL, P (Alentejo, Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste and Trás-os- Montes), FI, S, UK]
			Bemisia tabaci Genn.	

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced in this place of production have undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn.

- a [F3]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	1		(European	
			populations),	
			in both official	
			inspections	
			carried out	
			weekly	
			during the	
			three weeks	
			prior to the movement	
			from this	
			place of	
			production	
			and in monitoring	
			procedures	
			throughout	
			the said	
			period. The last	
			inspection	
			of the above	
			weekly	
			inspections	
			shall be carried out	
			immediately	
			prior to	
			the above	
			movement.	
[F2]				
$[^{\text{F17}}25.$	Plants of Beta		statement	[F6DK, F (Britanny),
	vulgaris L., intended	that:	41	FI, IRL, P (Azores),
	for industrial processing	(a)	the plants are	LT, UK (Northern Ireland)]]
	processing		transported	
			in such a	
			manner as	
			to ensure that there is	
			no risk of	
			spreading	
			BNYVV,	
			and are intended	
a [^{F3}]			intended	
b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p.	3.			
	2290/66. Directive as last amende	ed by Directive	e 98/96/EC (OJ L 2	25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
-,, p		,	(ν νετ τητ

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(b)	to be delivered to a processing plant with officially approved waste disposal facilities, which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV, or the plants have been grown in an area where BNYVV is	
			known not to occur.	
[^{F17} 26.	Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.)		statement or waste: has been treated to eliminate contaminatio with BNYVV, or	[F6DK, F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), LT, UK (Northern Ireland)]]
		(b)	is intended to be transported for disposal in an officially approved manner, or	
a [^{F3}]		(c)	comes from Beta vulgaris plants grown in an area where	

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		BNYVV is known not to occur.	
27.1.	Seeds and fodder beet seed of the species Beta vulgaris L.	to the provisions of Council Directive 66/400/EEC of 14 June 1966 on the marketing of beet seed', where applicable, official statement that: (a) the seed of the categories 'basic seed' and 'certified seed' satisfies the conditions laid down in Annex I(B)(3) to Directive 66/400/EEC; or (b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified', the seed: — sati the con laid down in Art (15) (2) of Directive	vn icle) ective 400/

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		is	s
		ir	ntended
			or
			rocessing
			nat
			rill .
			atisfy
			ne
		C	onditions
		la	aid
		d	own
		ir	1
			nnex
			(B)
		to	
			Directive
			6/400/
		E	΢
			nd
		d	elivered
		to	1
		a	
			rocessing
			nterprise
		C.	rith
		O	fficially
		\mathbf{a}	pproved
			ontrolled
		W	/aste
		d	isposal,
		to	
			revent
			ne
			pread
		0	f
			Beet
			ecrotic
			ellow
		V	ein
			irus
		(1	BNYVV);
	(c)	the seed	
		has been	
		produced	
		from a crop	
		grown in a	n
		area where	
		BNYVV is	8

a $\begin{bmatrix} F3 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			known not to occur.	
27.2.	Vegetable seed of the species Beta vulgaris L.	Council I 70/458/E September on the mass of vegeta where appofficial state: (a)	ovisions of Directive EC of 29 er 1970 arketing ble seed ^d , plicable, tatement the processed seed contains no more than 0,5% by weight of inert matter, in the case of pelleted seed this standard shall be met prior to pelleting; or in the case of non- processed seed, the seed: — shall be offi paci in sucla a	cially ked n nner ure

 $a \qquad [^{F3}]$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			risk
			of
			spread
			of
			BNYVV,
			and
		_	is
			intended
			for
			processing
			that
			will
			satisfy
			the
			conditions
			laid
			down
			in
			(a)
			and
			delivered
			to
			a
			processing
			enterprise
			with
			officially
			approved
			controlled
			waste
			disposal,
			to
			prevent
			the
			spread
			of
			Beet
			necrotic
			yellow
			vein
			virus
			(BNYVV);
			or
	(c)	the seed	
	` ^	has been	
		produced	<u> </u>
		from a cr	
		grown in	
		0. C ., III III	

a $\begin{bmatrix} F3 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			area where BNYVV is known not to occur.	
28.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	that: (a) (b)	the seed has been acid-delinted, and no symptoms of Glomerella gossypii Edgerton have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and that a representative sample has been tested and has been found free from Glomerella gossypii Edgerton in those tests.	
28.1.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.		statement seed has been nted.	EL, E (Andalucia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
29.	Seeds of Mangifera spp.	Official s that the s originate known to	in areas	E (Granada and Malaga), P (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		from <i>Sternochetus</i> mangiferae Fabrici	us.
30.	Used agricultural machinery	(a) [F17The machiner shall be cleaned and free from soil and plant debris who brought in on places production where becare grown or (b) the machiner shall comfrom an area when BNYVV known not o occur]	LT, UK (Northern Ireland)] nen of on ets n, y ue re is
[F631.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids originating in E, F (except Corsica) and CY	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the fr in Annex IV(A)(II) (30.1): (a) the fruits shall be free from leaves and peduncles or (b) in the case of fruits with leaves or peduncles official statement that the fruits are packed in closed	uit) d ss;

a [F3]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

- a [F3]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ L 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Textual Amendments

F20 Deleted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

ANNEX V

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS WHICH MUST BE SUBJECT TO A PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION (AT THE PLACE OF PRODUCTION IF ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNITY, BEFORE BEING MOVED WITHIN THE COMMUNITY — IN THE COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

OR THE CONSIGNOR COUNTRY, IF ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE COMMUNITY) BEFORE BEING PERMITTED TO ENTER THE COMMUNITY

PART A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNITY

- I. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for the entire Community and which must be accompanied by a plant passport
- 1. Plants and plant products
- 1.1. [F9Plants, intended for planting, other than seeds, of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Prunus L., other than Prunus laurocerasus L. and Prunus lusitanica L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.]
- 1.2. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L. and *Humulus lupulus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds
- 1.3. Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of *Solanum* L. or their hybrids, intended for planting.
- 1.4. Plants of *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids and *Vitis* L., other than fruit and seeds.
- 1.5. Without prejudice to point 1.6, plants of *Citrus* L. and their hybrids other than fruit and seeds.
- 1.6. Fruits of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf. and their hybrids with leaves and peduncles.
- 1.7. [F8 Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30 90	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms

4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404 20 00	Non-coniferous split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of non- coniferous wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm.]

1.8. $\begin{bmatrix} F^{14} & \dots \end{bmatrix}$

- Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products
- 2.1. Plants intended for planting other than seeds of the genera *Abies* Mill., *Apium graveolens* L., *Argyranthemum* spp., *Aster* spp., *Brassica* spp., *Castanea* Mill., *Cucumis* spp., *Dendranthema* (DC) Des Moul., *Dianthus* L. and hybrids *Exacum* spp., *Fragaria* L., *Gerbera* Cass., *Gypsophila* L., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids of *Impatiens* L., *Lactuca* spp., *Larix* Mill., *Leucanthemum* L., *Lupinus* L., *Pelargonium* l'Hérit. ex Ait., *Picea* A. Dietr., *Pinus* L., *Platanus* L., *Populus* L., *Prunus laurocerasus* L., *Prunus lusitanica* L., *Pseudotsuga* Carr., *Quercus* L., *Rubus* L., *Spinacia* L., *Tanacetum* L., *Tsuga* Carr. [F¹⁷,] *Verbena* L.[F¹ and other plants of herbaceous species, other than plants of the family Gramineae, intended for planting, and other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers]
- 2.2. Plants of *Solanaceae*, other than those referred to in point 1.3 intended for planting, other than seeds.

- 2.3. Plants of *Araceae*, *Marantaceae*, *Musaceae*, *Persea* spp. and *Strelitziaceae*, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
- 2.4. Seeds and bulbs of *Allium ascalonicum* L., *Allium cepa* L. and *Allium schoenoprasum* L. intended for planting and plants of *Allium porrum* L. intended for planting.
- 3. Bulbs and corms intended for planting, produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products of *Camassia* Lindl., *Chionodoxa* Boiss., *Crocus flavus* Weston 'Golden Yellow', *Galanthus* L., *Galtonia candicans* (Baker) Decne., miniature cultivars and their hybrids of the genus *Gladiolus* Tourn. ex L., such as *Gladiolus callianthus* Marais, *Gladiolus colvillei* Sweet, *Gladiolus nanus* hort., *Gladiolus ramosus* hort. and *Gladiolus tubergenii* hort., *Hyacinthus* L., *Iris* L., *Ismene* Herbert, *Muscari* Miller, *Narcissus* L., *Orinthogalum* L., *Puschkinia* Adams, *Scilla* L. *Tigridia* Juss. and *Tulipa* I.
- II. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for certain protected zones, and which must be accompanied by a plant passport valid for the appropriate zone when introduced into or moved within that zone

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in Part I.

- 1. Plants, plant products and other objects
- 1.1. Plants of *Albies Mill.*, *Larix Mill.*, *Picea A. Dietr.*, *Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr.*
- 1.2. Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, of *Populus* L. and *Beta vulgaris* L.
- 1.3. [F9Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Eucalyptus L'Herit., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.;
- 1.4. Live pollen for pollination of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dene.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.]
- 1.5. Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting.
- 1.6. [F17Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for industrial processing]
- 1.7. [F17Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.)]
- 1.8. Seeds of *Beta vulgaris* L., *Dolichos* Jacq., *Gossypium* spp. and *Phaseolus vulgaris* L.
- 1.9. Fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton[^{F4}, fruits of *Vitis* L.]
- 1.10. I^{F8}Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from
 - conifers (Coniferales), excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - Castanea Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
ex 4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles: piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed, but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter

44 or other tropical wood, oak (*Quercus* spp.) or beech (*Fagus* spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm.]

- 1.11. [F8 Isolated bark of *Castanea* Mill, and conifers (Coniferales)]
- 2. Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products
- 2.1. [F17Plants of *Begonia* L., intended for planting, other than corms, seeds, tubers, and plants of *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd., *Ficus* L. and *Hibiscus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds]

PART B

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN TERRITORIES, OTHER THAN THOSE TERRITORIES REFERRED TO IN PART A

- I. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for the entire Community
- 1. Plants, intended for planting, other than seeds but including seeds of *Cruciferae Gramineae*, *Trifolium* spp., originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay, *genera Triticum*, *Secale* and *X Triticosecale* from Afghanistan, India[^{F19}, Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[^{F21}, South Africa] and the USA. *Capsicum* spp. *Helianthus annuus* L., *Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw., *Medicago sativa* L., *Prunus* L., *Rubus* L., *Oryza* spp., *Zea mais* L., *Allium ascalonicum* L., *Allium cepa* L., *Allium porrum* L., *Allium schoenoprasum* L. and *Phaseolus* L.
- 2. Parts of plants, other than fruits and seeds of:
 - [FII Castanea Mill., Dendranthema (DC) Des. Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L., Pelargonium l'Herit. ex Ait, Phoenix spp., Populus L., Quercus L., Solidago L. and cut flowers of Orchidaceae,
 - conifers (Coniferales),
 - f^{F8}Acer saccharum Marsh., originating in the USA and Canada.]
 - *Prunus* L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Cut flowers of *Aster* spp., *Eryngium* L., *Hypericum* L., *Lisianthus* L., *Rosa* L. and *Trachelium* L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L. and Ocimum L.]
- 3. Fruits of:
 - Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids[F1, Momordica L. and Solanum melongena L.],

- Annona L., Cydonia Mill., Diospyros L., Malus Mill., Mangifera L., Passiflora L., Prunus L., Psidium L., Pyrus L., Ribes L. Syzygium Gaertn., and Vaccinium L., originating in non-European countries.
- 4. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L.
- 5. Isolated bark of:
 - [F8 conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries.]
 - Acer saccharum Marsh, Populus L., and Quercus L. other than Quercus suber L.
- 6. [F8 Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:
 - has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material defined in Annex IV, Part A, Section I, Point 2:
 - Quercus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA, except wood which meets the description referred to in (b) of CN code 4416 00 00 and where there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes,
 - *Platanus*, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia,
 - Populus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent,
 - Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA and Canada,
 - Conifers (Coniferales), including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in non-European countries, Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 30 10	Sawdust
ex 4401 30 90	Other wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other

	preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark of sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4407 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood
4416 00 00	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves
9406 00 20	Prefabricated buildings of wood.]

- 7. (a) Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat.
 - (b) Soil and growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of material specified in (a) or consisting in part of any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in:
 - [F17]F18Cyprus, Malta, [Turkey,
 - Belarus, [F⁷Estonia,]Georgia, [F⁷Latvia, Lithuania,]Moldova, Russia, Ukraine,
 - non-European countries, other than Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia.]
- 8. Grain of the genera *Triticum, Secale* and *X Triticosecale* originating in Afghanistan, India[F19, Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[F21, South Africa] and the USA.

Textual Amendments

- **F21** Inserted by Commission Directive 2003/22/EC of 24 March 2003 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- II. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for certain protected zones

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in I.

[F17Plants of Beta vulgaris L., intended for industrial processing.]

[F17]Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.).]

[F9Live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.;

Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds, of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.]

Seeds of *Dolichos* Jacq., *Magnifera* spp., *Beta vulgaris* L. and *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. Seeds and fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton.

[F4Fruits of Vitis L.]

[F8Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:

(a) has been obtained in whole or part from conifers (Coniferales), excluding wood which is bark-free originating in European third countries, and *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
ex 4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

Status: EU Directives are published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. Since IP completion day (31 December 2020 11.00 p.m.) no amendments have been applied to this version.

	or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood
9406 00 20	Prefabricated buildings of wood.]

Parts of plants of Eucalyptus l'Hérit.

[F13]Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales) originating in European third countries.]

ANNEX VI

PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS TO WHICH SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS MAY BE APPLIED

- 1. Cereals and their derivatives.
- 2. Dried leguminous plants.
- 3. Manioc tubers and their derivatives.
- 4. Residues from the production of vegetable oils.

ANNEX VII

MODEL CERTIFICATES

The following model certificates are determined with regard to:

- the text,
- the format,
- the layout and the dimensions of the boxes,
- the colour of the paper and the colour of the printing.
- A. Model phytosanitary certificate

a sigmo and address of eventor	2	,
1 Name and address of exporter		
	PHYTOSANITARY	CERTIFICATE
	No EC / /	
*	l	
<u> </u>	·	
3 Declared name and address of consignee	4 Plant protection organisation of	*.
	to plant protection organisation(s) of	
	F. Place of calcia	
	5 Place of origin	
	*	
6 Declared means of conveyance		
beclared friedris of conveyance		
	-	
	1	
7 Declared point of entry	, ,	
8 Distinguishing marks: number and description of packages; name of produce;		9 Quantity declared
botanical name of plants		
* 1		
		1
	•	
O This is to certify that the plants or plant products described above: — have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and — are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in Additional declaration	porting country	
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT		
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT	porting country	
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 12 Treatment	pporting country Place of issue	Stamp of organisation
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 12 Treatment	porting country Place of issue Date	Stamp of organisation
are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 12 Treatment 13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature	Place of issue Date Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 2 Treatment 3 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature	Place of issue Date Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 2 Treatment 3 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature 5 Concentration 16 Date	Place of issue Date Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 12 Treatment 13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature	Place of issue Date Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 1 Additional declaration DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT 12 Treatment 13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature	Place of issue Date Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation

[F15B. Model phytosanitary certificate for re-export]

			* *
1 Name and address of exporter	•,	2	
		▶ ⁽¹⁾ PHYTOSANITARY	
		CERTIFICATE FOR RE-EXPORT∢	
. *		No E	
29	•		
3 Declared name and address of consignee		A Plant protection organization of	
S Decidied fidine and address of consignee		4 Plant protection organisation of	
*		to plant protection organisation(s) of	
NAME OF THE PARTY			
		5 Place of origin	
,			
*	~		
6 Declared means of conveyance			
* 2		_	
		,	
7 Declared point of entry			
,			
, ,		,	*
8 Distinguishing marks; number and description of pa	ckages; name of produce;		9 Quantity declared
botanical riame of plants			
			*
4			
,			
*			
•			
*			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10 This is to certify	an array for a select find a	faculty of an an	
that the plants or plant products described abort from			
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(*) original certified true copy of wh	ich is attached to this certificat	е,	
— that they are			
(*) packed repacked in origina	i i new containers		
— that based on the			
 (*) original phytosanitary certificate and country, and 	additional inspection, the	are considered to conform with the current	nt phytosanitary regulation of the importing
— that during storage in	(country of re-export)	the consignment has not been subjected to	the risk of infestation or infection.
(*) Insert tick in appropriate boxes			
() insert tick in appropriate boxes			* '
11 Additional declaration		en e	,
		-	
		,	,
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION	ON TREATMENT	Place of issue	
12 Treatment		01 10000	
		Date	
		Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14	Duration and temperature	authorised officer	
15 Concentration	16 Data		
15 Concentration	16 Date	,	
17 Additional information			
Traditional Illiotification	¥		

C. Explanatory notes

1. Box 2

The reference number on the certificates is composed of:

- 'EC',
- Member State initial(s)
- identification mark for the individual certificate, consisting of numbers or a combination of letters and numbers, the letters representing the province, district, etc. of the Member State concerned, where the certificate is issued.
- 2. Unnumbered box

This Box is reserved for official use only.

- 3. Box 8
- 'Description of packages' means indication of the type of packages.
- 4. Box 9

The quantity shall be expressed either by number or weight.

5. Box 11

If there is insufficient space for the whole of the additional declaration, the text is to be continued on the back of the form.

ANNEX VIII

PART A

REPEALED DIRECTIVE AND ITS SUCCESSIVE AMENDMENTS

(as referred to in Article 27)

Council Directive 77/93/EEC (OJ L 26, 31.1.1977, p. 20)	with the exception of Article 19
Council Directive 80/392/EEC (OJ L 100, 17.4.1980, p. 32)	
Council Directive 80/393/EEC (OJ L 100, 17.4.1980, p. 35)	
Council Directive 81/7/EEC (OJ L 14, 16.1.1981, p. 23)	
Council Directive 84/378/EEC (OJ L 207, 2.8.1984, p. 1)	
Council Directive 85/173/EEC (OJ L 65, 6.3.1985, p. 23)	
Council Directive 85/574/EEC (OJ L 372, 31.12.1985, p. 25)	
Commission Directive 86/545/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 14)	

Commission Directive 86/546/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 16)	
Commission Directive 86/547/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 21)	
Council Directive 86/651/EEC (OJ L 382, 31.12.1986, p. 13)	
Council Directive 87/298/EEC (OJ L 151, 11.6.1987, p. 1)	
Commission Directive 88/271/EEC (OJ L 116, 4.5.1988, p. 13)	
Commission Directive 88/272/EEC (OJ L 116, 4.5.1988, p. 19)	
Commission Directive 88/430/EEC (OJ L 208, 2.8.1988, p. 36)	
Council Directive 88/572/EEC (OJ L 313, 19.11.1988, p. 39)	
Council Directive 89/359/EEC (OJ L 153, 16.6.1989, p. 28)	
Council Directive 89/439/EEC (OJ L 212, 22.7.1989, p. 106)	
Council Directive 90/168/EEC (OJ L 92, 7.4.1990, p. 49)	
Commission Directive 90/490/EEC (OJ L 271, 3.10.1990, p. 28)	
Commission Directive 90/506/EEC (OJ L 282, 13.10.1990, p. 67)	
Council Directive 90/654/EEC (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 48)	only concerns Annex I, point 2
Commission Directive 91/27/EEC (OJ L 16, 22.1.1991, p. 29)	
Council Directive 91/683/EEC (OJ L 376, 31.12.1991, p. 29)	
Commission Directive 92/10/EEC (OJ L 70, 17.3.1992, p. 27)	
Council Directive 92/98/EEC (OJ L 352, 2.12.1992, p. 1)	
Council Directive 92/103/EEC (OJ L 363, 11.12.1992, p. 1)	
Council Directive 93/19/EEC (OJ L 96, 22.4.1993, p. 33)	

Commission Directive 93/110/EC (OJ L 303, 10.12.1993, p. 19)	
Council Directive 94/13/EC (OJ L 92, 9.4.1994, p. 27)	
Commission Directive 95/4/EC (OJ L 44, 28.2.1995, p. 56)	
Commission Directive 95/41/EC (OJ L 182, 2.8.1995, p. 17)	
Commission Directive 95/66/EC (OJ L 308, 21.12.1995, p. 77)	
Commission Directive 96/14/EC (OJ L 68, 19.3.1996, p. 24)	
Commission Directive 96/78/EC (OJ L 321, 12.12.1996, p. 20)	
Council Directive 97/3/EC (OJ L 27, 30.1.1997, p. 30)	
Commission Directive 97/14/EC (OJ L 87, 2.4.1997, p. 17)	
Commission Directive 98/1/EC (OJ L 15, 21.1.1998, p. 26)	
Commission Directive 98/2/EC (OJ L 15, 21.1.1998, p. 34)	
Commission Directive 1999/53/EC (OJ L 142, 5.6.1999, p. 29)	

PART B **DEADLINES FOR TRANSPOSITION AND/OR IMPLEMENTATION**

Directive	Deadline for transposition	Deadline for implementation
77/93/EEC	23.12.1980 (Article 11(3)) ^{abcd} 1.5.1980 (other provisions) ^{abcd}	
80/392/EEC	1.5.1980	
80/393/EEC	1.1.1983 (Article 4(11)) 1.5.1980 (other provisions)	
81/7/EEC	1.1.1981 (Article 1(1)) 1.1.1983 (Article 1(2a), (3a), (3b), (4a), (4b)) 1.1.1983 (other provisions)	
84/378/EEC	1.7.1985	

Document Generated: 2024-10-05

85/173/EEC		1.1.1983
85/574/EEC	1.1.1987	
86/545/EEC	1.1.1987	
86/546/EEC		
86/547/EEC		applicable until 31.12.1989
86/651/EEC	1.3.1987	
87/298/EEC	1.7.1987	
88/271/EEC	1.1.1989 ^f	
88/272/EEC		applicable until 31.12.1989
88/430/EEC	1.1.1989	
88/572/EEC	1.1.1989	
89/359/EEC		
89/439/EEC	1.1.1990	
90/168/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/490/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/506/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/654/EEC		
91/27/EEC	1.4.1991	
91/683/EEC	1.6.1993	
92/10/EEC	30.6.1992	
92/98/EEC	16.5.1993	
92/103/EEC	16.5.1993	
93/19/EEC	1.6.1993	
93/110/EC	15.12.1993	
94/13/EC	1.1.1995	
95/4/EC	1.4.1995	
95/41/EC	1.7.1995	
95/66/EC	1.1.1996	
96/14/EC	1.4.1996	
96/78/EC	1.1.1997	
97/3/EC	1.4.1998	
97/14/EC	1.5.1997	
98/1/EC	1.5.1998	
98/2/EC	1.5.1998	

1999/53/EC	15.7.1999	

- a In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 19, Member States may be authorised, on request, to comply with certain of the provisions of this Directive by a date later than 1 May 1980, but not later than 1 January 1981.
- **b** For Greece: 1 January 1985 (Article 11(3)) and 1 March 1985 (other provisions).
- c For Spain and Portugal: 1 March 1987.
- d Within the limits of the traditional trade flows and in response to the production needs of undertakings in the former German Democratic Republic, German was authorised, at its own request and [F15 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], to comply with Article 4(1), Article 5(1) and the relevant provisions of Article 13 in respect of the territory of the former German Democratic Republic at a date later than 1 May 1980, but not later than 31 December 1992.
- e At the request of the protected Member States.
- f 31 March 1989 with regard to the obligations of Article 1(3) (a) (plants of *Juniperus*), in accordance with Directive 89/83/ EEC, amending Directive 88/271/EEC.

[F22ANNEX VIIIa

Textual Amendments

F22 Inserted by Council Directive 2002/89/EC of 28 November 2002 amending Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

The standard fee referred to in Article 13d(2) shall be set at the following levels:

(in EUR)

Item		Quantity	Price
(a)	for documentary checks	Per consignment	7
(b)	for identity checks	Per consignment	
(0)	ior identity enecks	 up to a size of a truck load, a railway wagon load or the load of a container of comparable size 	7
		bigger than the above size	14
(c)	for plant health checks, in accordance with the following specifications:		

outtings sandlings	Per consignment	
 cuttings,seedlings (except forestry reproductive material), 	— up to 10 000 in number	17,5
young plants of strawberries or of vegetables	— for each additional 1 000 units	0,7
	— maximum price	140
shrubs, trees (other	Per consignment	
than cut Christmas trees), other woody nursery plants	— up to 1 000 in number	17,5
including forest reproductive material (other than	— for each additional 100 units	0,44
seed)	— maximum price	140
bulbs, corms,	Per consignment	
rhizomes, tubers, intended for planting (other than	— up to 200 kg of weight	17,5
tubers of potatoes)	— for each additional 10 kg	0,16
	— maximum price	140
seeds, tissue	Per consignment	
cultures	— up to 100 kg of weight	7,5
	— for each additional 10 kg	0,175
	— maximum price	140
— other plants	Per consignment	
intended for planting, not specified elsewhere	— up to 5 000 in number	17,5
in this table	— for each additional 100 units	0,18
	— maximum price	140
— cut flowers	Per consignment	

		_	up to 20 000 in number	17,5
		_	for each additional 1 000 units	0,14
		_	maximum price	140
	branches with	Per cons	signment	
	foliage, parts of conifers (other than cut Christmas trees)		up to 100 kg of weight	17,5
	,	_	for each additional 100 kg	1,75
		_	maximum price	140
	cut Christmas trees	Per cons	signment	
	cut Christinas trees	_	up to 1 000 in number	17,5
			for each additional 100 units	1,75
		_	maximum price	140
	leaves of plants,	Per cons	signment	
	such as herbs, spices and leafy vegetables		up to 100 kg of weight	17,5
			for each additional 10 kg	1,75
			maximum price	140
	fruits, vegetables	Per cons	signment	
	(other than leafy vegetables)	_	up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
		_	for each additional 1 000 kg	0,7
	tubers of potatoes	Per lot		
_	tuocis of potatoes	_	up to 25 000 kg of weight	52,5

			for each additional 25 000 kg	52,5
	wood (other than	Per cons	ignment	
_	bark)	_	up to 100 m ³ of volume	17,5
			for each additional m ³	0,175
	soil and growing	Per cons	ignment	
	medium, bark		up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
			for each additional 1 000 kg	0,7
		_	maximum price	140
	grain	Per cons	ignment	
	gram		up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
			for each additional1 000 kg	0,7
		_	maximum price	700
_	other plants or plant products not specified elsewhere in this table	Per cons	ignment	17,5

Where a consignment does not consist exclusively of products coming under the description of the relevant indent, those parts thereof consisting of products coming under the description of the relevant indent (lot or lots) shall be treated as separate consignment.]

ANNEX IX

CORRELATION TABLE

D	irective 77/93/EEC	This Directive
a	Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	
b	Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 1(1)	Article 1(1), 1st subparagraph
Article 1(2)	Article 1(3)
Article 1(3)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (b)
Article 1(3a)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (c)
Article 1(4)	Article 1(2)
Article 1(5)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (a)
Article 1(6)	Article 1(4)
Article 1(7)	Article 1(5)
Article 1(8)	Article 1(6)
Article 2(1)(a)	Article 2(1)(a)
Article 2(1)(b)	Article 2(1)(b)
Article 2(1)(c)	Article 2(1)(c)
Article 2(1)(d)	Article 2(1)(d)
Article 2(1)(e)	Article 2(1)(e)
Article 2(1)(f)	Article 2(1)(f)
Article 2(1)(g)(a)	Article 2(1)(g)(i)
Article 2(1)(g)(b)	Article 2(1)(g)(ii)
Article 2(1)(h)	Article 2(1)(h)
Article 2(1)(i)	Article 2(1)(i)
Article 2(2)	Article 2(2)
Article 3 (1) to (6)	Article 3 (1) to (6)
Article 3(7)(a)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph
Article 3(7)(a)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (a)
Article 3(7)(b)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (b)
Article 3(7)(c)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (c)
Article 3(7)(d)	Article 3(7), 2nd subparagraph
Article 3(7)(e)	Article 3(7), 3rd subparagraph
Article 3(7)(f)	Article 3(7), 4th subparagraph
Article 4(1)	Article 4(1)
Article 4(2)(a)	Article 4(2)
Article 4(2)(b)	_
Article 4 (3), (4) and (5)	Article 4 (3), (4) and (5)
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 4(6)(a)	Article 4(6), 1st subparagraph
Article 4(6)(b)	Article 4(6), 2nd subparagraph
Article 4(6)(c)	Article 4(6), 3rd subparagraph
Article 5 (1) to (5)	Article 5 (1) to (5)
Article 5(6)(a)	Article 5(6), 1st subparagraph
Article 5(6)(b)	Article 5(6), 2nd subparagraph
Article 5(6)(c)	Article 5(6), 3rd subparagraph
Article 6(1)	Article 6(1)
Article 6(1)a	Article 6(2)
Article 6(2)	Article 6(3)
Article 6(3)	Article 6(4)
Article 6(4)	Article 6(5)
Article 6(5)	Article 6(6)
Article 6(6)	Article 6(7)
Article 6(7)	Article 6(8)
Article 6(8)	Article 6(9)
Article 6(9)	_
Article 7(1), 1st subparagraph	Article 7(1), 1st subparagraph
Article 7(1), 2nd subparagraph	Article 7(1), 2nd subparagraph
Article 7(1), 3rd subparagraph	_
Article 7(2)	Article 7(2)
Article 7(3)	Article 7(3)
Article 8(1)	Article 8(1)
Article 8(2), 1st subparagraph	Article 8(2), 1st subparagraph
Article 8(2), 2nd subparagraph	Article 8(2), 2nd subparagraph
Article 8(2), 3rd subparagraph	_
Article 8(3)	Article 8(3)
Article 9	Article 9
Article 10(1)	Article 10(1)
Article 10(2)(a)	Article 10(1), 1st subparagraph
Article 10(2)(b)	Article 10(1), 2nd subparagraph
Article 10(2)(c)	Article 10(1), 3rd subparagraph
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	
b Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 10(3)	Article 10(3)
Article 10(4)	Article 10(4)
Article 10(5)	_
Article 10a	Article 11
Article 11(1)	_
Article 11(2)	Article 12(1)
Article 11(3)	_
Article 11(3a)	_
Article 11(4)	Article 12(2)
Article 11(5)	Article 12(3)
Article 11(6)	Article 12(4)
Article 11(7)	Article 12(5)
Article 11(8)	Article 12(6)
Article 11(9)	Article 12(7)
Article 11(10)	Article 12(8)
Article 12(1)	Article 13(1)
Article 12(2)	Article 13(2)
Article 12(3)	_
Article 12(3a)	Article 13(3)
Article 12(3b)	Article 13(4)
Article 12(3c)	Article 13(5)
Article 12(3)(d)(i)	Article 13(6), 1st subparagraph
Article 12(3)(d)(ii)	Article 13(6), 2nd subparagraph
Article 12(3)(d)(iii)	Article 13(6), 3rd subparagraph
Article 12(4)	_
Article 12(5)	Article 13(7)
Article 12(6)	Article 13(8)
Article 12(6a)	Article 13(9)
Article 12(7)	Article 13(10)
Article 12(8)	Article 13(11)
Article 13, 1st paragraph	Article 14, 1st paragraph
Article 13, 2nd paragraph	Article 14, 2nd paragraph
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 1st indent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (a)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 1st indent, 1st subindent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (a)(i)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 1st indent, 2nd subindent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (a)(ii)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 1st indent, 3rd subindent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (a)(iii)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 2nd indent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (b)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 2nd indent, 1st subindent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (b)(i)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 2nd indent, 2nd subindent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (b)(ii)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 3rd indent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (c)
Article 13, 2nd paragraph, 4th indent	Article 14, 2nd paragraph, (d)
Article 14	Article 15
Article 15(1)	Article 16(1)
Article 15(2)(a)	Article 16(2), 1st subparagraph
Article 15(2)(b)	Article 16(2), 2nd subparagraph
Article 15(2)(c)	Article 16(1), 2nd subparagraph
Article 15(3)	Article 16(3)
Article 15(4)	Article 16(4)
Article 16	Article 17
Article 16a	Article 18
Article 17	Article 19
Article 18	Article 20
Article 19	_
Article 19a(1)	Article 21(1)
Article 19a(2)	Article 21(2)
Article 19a(3)	Article 21(3)
Article 19a(4)	Article 21(4)
Article 19a(5)(a)	Article 21(5), 1st subparagraph
Article 19a(5)(b)	Article 21(5), 2nd subparagraph
Article 19a(5)(c)	Article 21(5), 3rd subparagraph
Article 19a(5)(d)	Article 21(5), 4th subparagraph
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	
b Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 19a(6)	Article 21(6)
Article 19a(7)	Article 21(7)
Article 19a(8)	Article 21(8)
Article 19b	Article 22
Article 19c(1)	Article 23(1)
Article 19c(2), 1st indent	Article 23(2)(a)
Article 19c(2), 1st indent, 1st subindent	Article 23(2)(a)(i)
Article 19c(2), 1st indent, 2nd subindent	Article 23(2)(a)(ii)
Article 19c(2), 1st indent, 3rd subindent	Article 23(2)(a)(iii)
Article 19c(2), 1st indent, 4th subindent	Article 23(2)(a)(iv)
Article 19c(2), 2nd indent	Article 23(2)(b)
Article 19c(2), 3rd indent	Article 23(2)(c)
Article 19c(3)	Article 23(3)
Article 19c(4)	Article 23(4)
Article 19c(5)	Article 23(5)
Article 19c(6)	Article 23(6)
Article 19c(7)	Article 23(7)
Article 19c(8)	Article 23(8)
Article 19c(9)	Article 23(9)
Article 19c(10), 1st subparagraph, 1st indent	Article 23(10), 1st subparagraph (a)
Article 19c(10), 1st subparagraph, 1st subindent	Article 23(10), 1st subparagraph (a)(i)
Article 19c(10), 1st subparagraph, 2nd subindent	Article 23(10), 1st subparagraph (a)(ii)
Article 19c(10), 2nd subparagraph	Article 23(10), 2nd subparagraph
Article 19c(10), 3rd subparagraph	Article 23(10), 3rd subparagraph
Article 19d	Article 24
_	Article 25 ^a
_	Article 26 ^b
Article 20	-
	Article 27
	Article 28
	Article 29

Annex I, Part A	Annex I, Part A
Annex I, Part B(a)(1)	Annex I, Part B(a)(1)
Annex I, Part B(a)(1a)	Annex I, Part B(a)(2)
Annex I, Part B(a)(2)	Annex I, Part B(a)(3)
Annex I, Part B(d)	Annex I, Part B(b)
Annex II, Part A, Section I	Annex II, Part A, Section I
Annex II, Part A, Section II(a)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(a)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(1)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(1)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(2)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(2)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(3)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(3)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(4)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(4)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(5)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(5)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(7)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(6)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(8)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(7)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(9)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(8)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(10)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(9)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(11)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(10)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(12)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(b)(11)
Annex II, Part A, Section II(c)	Annex II, Part A, Section II(c)
Annex II, Part A, Section I(d)	Annex II, Part A, Section I(d)
Annex II, Part B	Annex II, Part B
Annex III	Annex III
Annex IV, Part A, Section I, points 1.1 to 16.3	Annex IV, Part A, Section I, points 1.1 to 16.3
Annex IV, Part A, Section I, point 16.3a	Annex IV, Part A, Section I, point 16.4
Annex IV, Part A, Section I, point 16.4	Annex IV, Part A, Section I, point 16.5
Annex IV, Part A, Section I, points 17 to 54	Annex IV, Part A, Section I, points 17 to 54
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, points 1 to 16	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, points 1 to 16
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 17
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.1	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.1
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.2	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.2
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.3	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.3
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.4	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.4
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.

b Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.

Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.5	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.5
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.6	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.6
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19.7	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 18.7
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 20	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 19
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 21	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 20
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 22.1	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 21.1
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 22.2	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 21.2
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 23	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 22
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 24	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 23
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 25	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 24
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 26	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 25
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 27	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 26
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 27.1	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 26.1
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 28	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 27
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 29.1	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 28.1
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 29.2	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 28.2
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 30	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 29
Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 31.1	Annex IV, Part A, Section II, point 30.1
Annex IV, Part B	Annex IV, Part B
Annex V	Annex V
Annex VII	Annex VI
Annex VIII	Annex VII
_	Annex VIII
_	Annex IX
a Artiala 2 of Directive 07/2/EC	•

a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.

b Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.

(1) [F8 OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1558/2004 (OJ L 283, 2.9.2004, p. 7).]

Textual Amendments

F8 Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.