Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (repealed)

ANNEX I

PART A

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND SPREAD WITHIN, ALL MEMBER STATES SHALL BE BANNED

Section I

HARMFUL ORGANISMS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN ANY PART OF THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

- Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development (a)
- 1. Acleris spp. (non-European)
- 2. Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch)
- 3. Anomala orientalis Waterhouse
- 4. Anoplophora chinensis (Thomson)
- 4.1. [F1 Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky)]
- 5. Anoplophora malasiaca (Forster)
- 6. *Arrhenodes minutus* Drury
- 7. Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) vector of viruses such as:
 - Bean golden mosaic virus (a)
 - (b) Cowpea mild mottle virus
 - (c) Lettuce infectious yellows virus
 - Pepper mild tigré virus (d)
 - (e) Squash leaf curl virus
 - (f) Euphorbia mosaic virus
 - Florida tomato virus (g)
- 8. Cicadellidae (non-European) known to be vector of Pierce's disease (caused by Xylella fastidiosa), such as:
 - Carneocephala fulgida Nottingham (a)
 - (b) Draeculacephala minerva Ball
 - *Graphocephala atropunctata* (Signoret)
- 9. Choristoneura spp. (non-European)
- Conotrachelus nenuphar (Herbst) 10.
- 10.0. f^{F2}Dendrolimus sibiricus Tschetverikov

- 10.1. *Diabrotica barberi* Smith and Lawrence
- 10.2. Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi Barber
- 10.3. Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata Mannerheim
- 10.4. [F3 Diabrotica virgifera zeae Krysan & Smith]
- 11. *Heliothis zea* (Boddie)
- 11.1. Hirschmanniella spp., other than Hirschmanniella gracilis (de Man) Luc and Goodey
- 12. *Liriomyza sativae* Blanchard
- 13. Longidorus diadecturus Eveleigh and Allen
- 14. *Monochamus* spp. (non-European)
- 15. *Myndus crudus* Van Duzee
- 16. Nacobbus aberrans (Thorne) Thorne and Allen
- 16.1. *[FI Naupactus leucoloma* Boheman]
- 17. *Premnotrypes* spp. (non-European)
- 18. *Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus* (Zimmermann)
- 19. Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff)
- 19.1. $f^{F2}Rhynchophorus\ palmarum\ (L.)$
- 20. Scaphoideus luteolus (Van Duzee)
- 21. *Spodoptera eridania* (Cramer)
- 22. *Spodoptera frugiperda* (Smith)
- 23. *Spodoptera litura* (Fabricus)
- 24. *Thrips palmi* Karny
- 25. Tephritidae (non-European) such as:
 - (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (Wiedemann)
 - (b) Anastrepha ludens (Loew)
 - (c) Anastrepha obliqua Macquart
 - (d) Anastrepha suspensa (Loew)
 - (e) Dacus ciliatus Loew
 - (f) Dacus curcurbitae Coquillet
 - (g) Dacus dorsalis Hendel
 - (h) Dacus tryoni (Froggatt)
 - (i) Dacus tsuneonis Miyake
 - (j) Dacus zonatus Saund.

- (k) Epochra canadensis (Loew)
- (1) Pardalaspis cyanescens Bezzi
- (m) Pardalaspis quinaria Bezzi
- (n) Pterandrus rosa (Karsch)
- (o) Rhacochlaena japonica Ito
- (p) Rhagoletis cingulata (Loew)
- (q) Rhagoletis completa Cresson
- (r) Rhagoletis fausta (Osten-Sacken)
- (s) Rhagoletis indifferens Curran
- (t) Rhagoletis mendax Curran
- (u) Rhagoletis pomonella Walsh
- (v) Rhagoletis ribicola Doane
- (w) Rhagoletis suavis (Loew)
- 26. Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations)
- 27. Xiphinema californicum Lamberti and Bleve-Zacheo

Textual Amendments

- F1 Inserted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F2** Inserted by Commission Directive 2009/7/EC of 10 February 2009 amending Annexes I, II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F3** Substituted by Commission Directive 2009/7/EC of 10 February 2009 amending Annexes I, II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- (b) Bacteria
- 1. *Xylella fastidiosa* (Well and Raju)
- (c) Fungi
- 1. Ceratocystis fagacearum (Bretz) Hunt
- 2. *Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli* Dietel
- 3. *Cronartium* spp. (non-European)
- 4. *Endocronartium* spp. (non-European)
- 5. Guignardia laricina (Saw.) Yamamoto and Ito
- 6. *Gymnosporangium* spp. (non-European)

- 7. Inonotus weirii (Murril) Kotlaba and Pouzar
- 8. *Melampsora farlowii* (Arthur) Davis
- 9. *Monilinia fructicola* (Winter) Honey
- 10. Mycosphaerella larici-leptolepis Ito et al.
- 11. *Mycosphaerella populorum* G. E. Thompson
- 12. *Phoma andina* Turkensteen
- 13. *Phyloosticta solitaria* Ell. and Ev.
- 14. Septoria lycopersici Speg. var. malagutii Ciccarone and Boerema
- 15. Thecaphora solani Barrus
- 15.1. *Tilletia indica* Mitra
- 16. Trechispora brinkmannii (Bresad.) Rogers
- (d) Viruses and virus-like organisms
- 1. Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm
- 2. Potato viruses and virus-like organisms such as:
 - (a) Andean potato latent virus
 - (b) Andean potato mottle virus
 - (c) Arracacha virus B, oca strain
 - (d) Potato black ringspot virus
 - (e) Potato spindle tuber viroid
 - (f) Potato virus T
 - (g) non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y°, Y° and Y°) and Potato leafroll virus
- 3. Tobacco ringspot virus
- 4. Tomato ringspot virus
- 5. Viruses and virus-like organisms of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L., such as:
 - (a) Blueberry leaf mottle virus
 - (b) Cherry rasp leaf virus (American)
 - (c) Peach mosaic virus (American)
 - (d) Peach phony rickettsia
 - (e) Peach rosette mosaic virus
 - (f) Peach rosette mycoplasm

- (g) Peach X-disease mycoplasm
- (h) Peach yellows mycoplasm
- (i) Plum line pattern virus (American)
- (j) Raspberry leaf curl virus (American)
- (k) Strawberry latent 'C' virus
- (1) Strawberry vein banding virus
- (m) Strawberry witches' broom mycoplasm
- (n) Non-European viruses and virus-like organisms of *Cydonia* Mill., *Fragaria* L., *Malus* Mill., *Prunus* L., *Pyrus* L., *Ribes* L., *Rubus* L. and *Vitis* L.
- 6. Viruses transmitted by *Bemisia tabaci* Genn., such as:
 - (a) Bean golden mosaic virus
 - (b) Cowpea mild mottle virus
 - (c) Lettuce infectious yellows virus
 - (d) Pepper mild tigré virus
 - (e) Squash leaf curl virus
 - (f) Euphorbia mosaic virus
 - (g) Florida tomato virus
- (e) Parasitic plants
- 1. *Arceuthobium* spp. (non-European)

Section II

HARMFUL ORGANISMS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their devel	lopment
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- 0.1. \[\int_F^2 Diabrotica virgifera virgifera Le Conte \]
- 1. Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens
- 2. Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens
- 3. $\begin{bmatrix} F4 \\ \cdots \end{bmatrix}$
- 4. [F5.....
- 5.
- 6.]
- 6.1. *Meloidogyne chitwoodi* Golden *et al.* (all populations)

- 6.2. *Meloidogyne fallax* Karssen
- 7. *Opogona sacchari* (Bojer)
- 8. *Popilia japonica* Newman
- 8.1. Rhizoecus hibisci Kawai and Takagi
- 9. *Spodoptera littoralis* (Boisduval)

Textual Amendments

- **F4** Deleted by Commission Directive 2008/64/EC of 27 June 2008 amending Annexes I to IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F5 Deleted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- (b) Bacteria
- 1. Clavibacter michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al.
- 2. Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith
- (c) Fungi
- 1. *Melampsora medusae* Thümen
- 2. *Synchytrium endobioticum* (Schilbersky) Percival
- (d) Viruses and virus-like organisms
- 1. Apple proliferation mycoplasm
- 2. Apricot chlorotic leafroll mycoplasm
- 3. Pear decline mycoplasm

PART B

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN, CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES SHALL BE BANNED

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Protected zone(s)
1.	Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations)	[F6DK, JIRL, P ([F7Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste (communes of Alcobaça, Alenquer, Bombarral, Cadaval, Caldas da Rainha,

		Lourinhã, Nazaré, Obidos, Peniche and Torres Vedras) and Trás-os-Montes]), UK, S, FI
[^{F8} 1.1.	Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch)	CYJ
[^{F9} 2.	Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens	FI, LV, SI, SK
3.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	[F10E (Ibiza and Menorca), IRL, CY, M, P (Azores and Madeira), UK, S (Malmöhus, Kristianstads, Blekinge, Kalmar, Gotlands Län, Halland), FI (the districts of Åland, Turku, Uusimaa, Kymi, Häme, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta)]]
[^{F1} 4.	Liriomyza bryoniae (Kaltenbach)	IRL and UK (Northern Ireland)]

Textual Amendments

- **F6** Deleted by Commission Directive 2001/33/EC of 8 May 2001 amending certain annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F7 Substituted by Commission Directive 2006/35/EC of 24 March 2006 amending Annexes I to IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F8** Inserted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.
- F9 Substituted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.
- **F10** Substituted by Commission Directive 2005/16/EC of 2 March 2005 amending Annexes I to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(b) Viruses and virus-like organisms

Species		Protected zone(s)
[^{F11} 1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	[F12DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, [F13LT,]P (Azores), UK (Northern Ireland)]
2.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	[F6DK,]S, FI

Textual Amendments

- **F11** Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/70/EC of 28 April 2004 amending Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (Text with EEA relevance).
- F12 Deleted by Commission Directive 2005/16/EC of 2 March 2005 amending Annexes I to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- F13 Deleted by Commission Directive 2006/35/EC of 24 March 2006 amending Annexes I to IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

ANNEX II

PART A

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND SPREAD WITHIN, ALL MEMBER STATES SHALL BE BANNED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

Section I

HARMFUL ORGANISMS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Aculops fuchsiae Keifer	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
[F21.1.	Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire	Plants intended for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, wood and bark of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA]

Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

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2.	Aleurocantus spp.	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus
		Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
3.	Anthonomus bisignifer (Schenkling)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
4.	Anthonomus signatus (Say)	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Aonidella citrina Coquillet	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Aphelenchoïdes besseyi Christie ^a	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp.
7.	Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries
8.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner and Buhere) Nickle et al.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., Cedrus Trew, Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L., Pseudotsuga Carr. and Tsuga Carr., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries
9.	Carposina niponensis Walsingham	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
10.	Diaphorina citri Kuway	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, and <i>Murraya</i> König, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Enarmonia packardi (Zeller)	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
12.	Enarmonia prunivora Walsh	Plants of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Rosa</i> L.,

Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

		intended for planting, other than seeds, and fruit of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Prunus</i> L., originating in non-European countries
13.	Eotetranychus lewisi McGregor	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
[^{F14}]		
15.	Grapholita inopinata Heinrich	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
16.	Hishomonus phycitis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
17.	Leucaspis japonica Ckll.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
18.	Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel)	Seeds of <i>Cruciferae</i> , <i>Gramineae</i> and <i>Trifolium</i> spp., originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay
19.	Margarodes, non-European species, such as: (a) Margarodes vitis (Phillipi) (b) Margarodes vredendalensis de Klerk (c) Margarodes prieskaensis Jakubski	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
20.	Numonia pyrivorella (Matsumura)	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
21.	Oligonychus perditus Pritchard and Baker	Plants of <i>Juniperus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries

		T
22.	Pissodes spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, and isolated bark of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), originating in non-European countries
23.	Radopholus citrophilus Huettel Dickson and Kaplan	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds, and Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp., Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
[^{F15}]		,
25.	Scirtothrips aurantii Faure	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
26.	Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
27.	Scirtothrips citri (Moultex)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
28.	Scolytidae spp. (non-European)	Plants of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, and isolated bark of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>), originating in non-European countries
[^{F2} 28.1.	Scrobipalpopsis solanivora Povolny	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.]
29.	Tachypterellus quadrigibbus Say	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries

a Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

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30.	Toxoptera citricida Kirk.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
31.	Trioza erytreae Del Guercio	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids and Clausena Burm. f., other than fruit and seeds
32.	Unaspis citri Comstock	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds

a Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie is not present on Oryza spp. in the Community

Textual Amendments

- F14 Deleted by Act concerning the conditions of accession of the Czech Republic, the Republic of Estonia, the Republic of Cyprus, the Republic of Latvia, the Republic of Lithuania, the Republic of Hungary, the Republic of Malta, the Republic of Poland, the Republic of Slovenia and the Slovak Republic and the adjustments to the Treaties on which the European Union is founded.
- **F15** Deleted by Commission Directive 2009/7/EC of 10 February 2009 amending Annexes I, II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(b) Bacteria

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Citrus greening bacterium	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
2.	Citrus variegated chlorosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
3.	Erwinia stewartii (Smith) Dye	Seeds of Zea mais L.
4.	Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
5.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. oryzae (Ishiyama) Dye and pv. oryzicola (Fang. et al.) Dye	Seeds of <i>Oryza</i> spp.

Fungi (c)

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Alternaria alternata (Fr.) Keissler (non-European pathogenic isolates)	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
[^{F1} 1.1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller	Plants of <i>Corylus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in Canada and the United States of America]
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schwein.) v. Arx	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds
3.	Atropellis spp.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, isolated bark and wood of <i>Pinus</i> L.
[^{F16} 4.	Ceratocystis virescens (Davidson) Moreau	Plants of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., other than fruit and seeds, originating in the USA and Canada, wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA and Canada]
5.	Cercoseptoria pini- densiflorae (Hori and Nambu) Deighton	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, and wood of <i>Pinus</i> L.
6.	Cercospora angolensis Carv. and Mendes	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
7.	Ciborinia camelliae Kohn	Plants of <i>Camelia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
8.	Diaporthe vaccinii Shaer	Plants of <i>Vaccinium</i> spp., intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Elsinoe spp. Bitanc. and Jenk. Mendes	Plants of Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds and plants of Citrus L. and their hybrids, other than seeds and other than fruits, except fruits of Citrus

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		reticulata Blanco and of Citrus sinensis (L.) Osbeck originating in South America
10.	Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kilian and Maire) Gordon	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp., other than fruit and seeds
11.	Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
12.	Guignardia piricola (Nosa) Yamamoto	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
13.	Puccinia pittieriana Hennings	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> , other than fruit and seeds
14.	Scirrhia acicola (Dearn.) Siggers	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
[^{F2} 14.1.	Stegophora ulmea (Schweinitz: Fries) Sydow & Sydow	Plants of <i>Ulmus</i> L. and <i>Zelkova</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds]
15.	Venturia nashicola Tanaka and Yamamoto	Plants of <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries

Textual Amendments

F16 Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(d) Virus and virus-like organisms

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Beet curly top virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Black raspberry latent virus	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
3.	Blight and blight-like	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus

a Cherry leaf roll virus is not present in *Rubus* L. in the Community.

b Prunus necrotic ringspot virus is not present in *Rubus* L. in the Community.

		Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
4.	Cadang-Cadang viroid	Plants of <i>Palmae</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries
5.	Cherry leafroll virus ^a	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
[^{F2} 5.1.	Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul. and <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds]
6.	Citrus mosaic virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
7.	Citrus tristeza virus (non- European isolates)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
8.	Leprosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
9.	Little cherry pathogen (non-European isolates)	Plants of Prunus cerasus L., Prunus avium L., Prunus incisa Thunb., Prunus sargentii Rehd., Prunus serrula Franch., Prunus serrulata Lindl., Prunus speciosa (Koidz.) Ingram, Prunus subhirtella Miq., Prunus yedoensis Matsum., and hybrids and cultivars thereof, intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Naturally spreading psorosis	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, other than seeds,

Prunus necrotic ringspot virus is not present in Rubus L. in the Community.

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		originating in non-European countries
12.	Prunus necrotic ringspot virus ^b	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting
13.	Satsuma dwarf virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
14.	Tatter leaf virus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
15.	Witches' broom (MLO)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
a Cherry leaf roll virus is not present	in Rubus L. in the Community.	1

Section II

HARMFUL ORGANISMS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE COMMUNITY AND RELEVANT FOR THE ENTIRE COMMUNITY

(a) Insects, mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Daktulosphaira vitifoliae (Fitch)	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
3.	Ditylenchus destructor Thorne	Flower bulbs and corms of Crocus L., miniature cultivars and their hybrids of the genus Gladiolus Tourn. ex L., such as Gladiolus callianthus Marais, Gladiolus colvillei Sweet, Gladiolus nanus hort., Gladiolus ramosus hort., Gladiolus tubergenii hort., Hyacinthus L., Iris L., Trigridia Juss, Tulipa L., intended for planting, and potato tubers (Solanum tuberosum L.), intended for planting

Prunus necrotic ringspot virus is not present in Rubus L. in the Community.

4.	Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev	Seeds and bulbs of Allium ascalonicum L., Allium cepa L. and Allium schoenoprasum L., intended for planting and plants of Allium porrum L., intended for planting, bulbs and corms of Camassia Lindl., Chionodoxa Boiss., Crocus flavus Weston 'Golden Yellow', Galanthus L., Galtonia candicans (Baker) Decne, Hyacinthus L., Ismene Herbert, Muscari Miller, Narcissus L., Ornithogalum L., Puschkinia Adams, Scilla L., Tulipa L., intended for planting, and seeds of Medicago sativa L.
5.	Circulifer haematoceps	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Circulifer tenellus	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
[^{F8} 6.1.	Eutetranychus orientalis Klein	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Raf. and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds]
[^{F17} 6.2.	Helicoverpa armigera (Hübner)	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul, <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait. and of the family <i>Solanaceae</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds]
[^{F2} 6.3.	Parasaissetia nigra (Nietner)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds]
7.	Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne	Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp., Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated
[^{F1} 8.	Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)	Cut flowers, leafy vegetables of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. and plants of herbaceous species,

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		intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds
9.	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	Cut flowers, leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L. and plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds]
[F210.	Paysandisia archon (Burmeister)	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: Brahea Mart., Butia Becc., Chamaerops L., Jubaea Kunth, Livistona R. Br., Phoenix L., Sabal Adans., Syagrus Mart., Trachycarpus H. Wendl., Trithrinax Mart., Washingtonia Raf.]

Textual Amendments

F17 Inserted by Commission Directive 2008/64/EC of 27 June 2008 amending Annexes I to IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(b) Bacteria

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Clavibacter michiganensis spp. insidiosus (McCulloch) Davis et al.	Seeds of <i>Medicago sativa</i> L.
2.	Clavibacter michiganensis spp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting

3.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	[F18Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]
4.	Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
6.	Pseudomonas syringae pv. persicae (Prunier et al.) Young et al.	Plants of <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Prunus persica</i> var. <i>nectarina</i> (Ait.) Maxim, intended for planting, other than seeds
7.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.
8.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. pruni (Smith) Dye	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw. and <i>Capsicum</i> spp., intended for planting
10.	Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy and King	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
11.	Xylophilus ampelinus (Panagopoulos) Willems et al.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds

Textual Amendments

F18 Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/116/EC of 4 December 2003 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC as regards the harmful organism Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al..

(c) Fungi

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Ceratocystis fimbriata f. spp. platani Walter	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other

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		than seeds, and wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface
[^{F4}]		
3.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr	[F16Plants of Castanea Mill and Quercus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]
4.	Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
5.	Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenweber) van Beyma	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
6.	Phoma tracheiphila (Petri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than seeds
7.	Phytophthora fragariae Hickmann var. fragariae	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
8.	Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.
9.	Puccinia horiana Hennings	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Scirrhia pini Funk and Parker	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
11.	Verticillium albo-atrum Reinke and Berthold	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
12.	Verticillium dahliae Klebahn	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds

(d) Viruses and virus-like organisms

Species		Subject of contamination
1.	Arabis mosaic virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
2.	Beet leaf curl virus	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds

3.	Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds
4.	Citrus tristeza virus (European isolates)	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
5.	Citrus vein enation woody gall	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
6.	Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds
7.	Plum pox virus	Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
8.	Potato stolbur mycoplasm	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds
9.	Raspberry ringspot virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
10.	Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds
11.	Strawberry crinkle virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
12.	Strawberry latent ringspot virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
13.	Strawberry mild yellow edge virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
14.	Tomato black ring virus	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds
15.	Tomato spotted wilt virus	Plants of Apium graveolens L., Capsicum annuum L., Cucumis melo L., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids Impatiens, Lactuca sativa L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw.

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		Nicotiana tabacum L., of which there shall be evidence that they are intended for sale to professional tobacco production. Solanum melongena L. and Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting, other than seeds
16.	Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds

PART B

HARMFUL ORGANISMS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO, AND WHOSE SPREAD WITHIN, CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES SHALL BE BANNED IF THEY ARE PRESENT ON CERTAIN PLANTS OR PLANT PRODUCTS

(a) Insect mites and nematodes, at all stages of their development

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.)	Seeds and fruits (bolls) of <i>Gossypium</i> spp. and unginned cotton	EL, E (Andalucia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
2.	Cephalcia lariciphila (Klug)	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
3.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	[F10 EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)]
4.	Gilphinia hercyniae (Hartig)	Plants of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., intended for planting, other than seeds	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
5.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Herit., other than fruit and seeds	[F19EL, P (Azores)]

6.	(a) Ips amitinus Eichhof	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr. and Pinus L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK
	(b) Ips cembrae Heer	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
	(c) Ips duplicatus Sahlberg	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr. and Pinus L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	EL, IRL, UK
	[F9(d) Ips sexdentatus Börner	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (<i>Coniferales</i>) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	IRL, CY, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)]
a 1 ^F 61	(e) Ips typographus Heer	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds, wood of conifers (Coniferales) with bark, isolated bark of conifers	IRL, UK

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[F20]	-		
[^{F6}]	-		
9.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp. originating in third countries	E (Granada and Malaga), P (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
[^{F4}]			
a [^{F6}]			

Textual Amendments

- **F19** Substituted by Commission Directive 2003/47/EC of 4 June 2003 amending Annexes II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F20** Deleted by Commission Directive 2002/28/EC of 19 March 2002 amending certain annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(b) Bacteria

Species		Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens (Hedges) Collins and Jones	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> vulgaris L. and Dolichos Jacq.	EL, E, P
[F112.	Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al.	Parts of plants, other than fruit, seeds and plants intended for planting, but including live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	[F21]E, EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia- Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza); Friuli- Venezia Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the province of Mantua), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the province of Rovigo, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige,

Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, [F22] A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria and Vienna), JP, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Notranjska and Maribor), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).]]

Textual Amendments

- **F21** Substituted by Commission Directive 2008/64/EC of 27 June 2008 amending Annexes I to IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F22** Deleted by Commission Directive 2009/118/EC of 9 September 2009 amending Annexes II to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

(c) Fungi

Species	Subject of	Protected zone(s)
	contamination	

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[F230.1.	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr.	Wood, excluding wood which is bark-free, and isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	CZ, [F24DK,][F22EL, (Crete, Lesvos) JIRL, S, UK (except the Isle of Man)]
1.	Glomerella gossypii Edgerton	Seeds and fruits (bolls) of <i>Gossypium</i> spp.	EL
2.	Gremmeniella abietina (Lag.) Morelet	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)
3.	Hypoxylon mammatum (Wahl.) J. Miller	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)

Textual Amendments

- **F23** Inserted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F24** Deleted by Commission Directive 2007/41/EC of 28 June 2007 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

[^{F9}(d) Virus and virus-like organisms

Specie	S	Subject of contamination	Protected zone(s)
1.	Citrus tristeza virus (European isolates)	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles	[F21EL, F (Corsica), M, P (except Madeira)]
[^{F25} 2.	Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds.	CZ, FR (Champagne-Ardenne, Lorraine and Alsace), IT (Basilicata)]]

Textual Amendments

F25 Inserted by Commission Directive 2007/41/EC of 28 June 2007 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

ANNEX III

PART A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS THE INTRODUCTION OF WHICH SHALL BE PROHIBITED IN ALL MEMBER STATES

Description		Country of origin
1.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach, <i>Juniperus</i> L., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., other than fruit and seeds	Non-European countries
2.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., and <i>Quercus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	Non-European countries
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	North American countries
[F26]		
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	Third countries
6.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	North American countries
7.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh.	North American countries
8.	Isolated bark of <i>Populus</i> L.	Countries of the American continent
9.	Plants of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Crateagus</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., and <i>Rosa</i> L., intended for planting, other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruit	Non-European countries
9.1.	Plants of <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., intended for planting, other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruit	USA, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea and Democratic People's Republic of Korea
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., seed potatoes	Third countries other than Switzerland
11.	Plants of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i>	Third countries

	L. or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. as specified under Annex III A (10)	
12.	Tubers of species of Solanum L., and their hybrids, other than those specified in points 10 and 11	Without prejudice to the special requirements applicable to the potato tubers listed in Annex IV, Part A Section I, third countries other than Algeria, IF14Cyprus, IEgypt, Israel, Libya, IF14Malta, IMorocco, Syria, Switzerland, Tunisia and Turkey, and other than European third countries which are either recognised as being free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., IF27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2), or in which provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al.in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], have been complied with
13.	Plants of <i>Solanaceae</i> intended for planting, other than seeds and those items covered by Annex III A (10), (11) or (12)	Third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries
14.	Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat	Turkey, Belarus, [F14Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania,]Moldavia, Russia, Ukraine and third countries not belonging to continental Europe, other than the following: [F14 Cyprus,] Egypt, Israel, Libya, [F14Malta,]Morocco, Tunisia

15.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits	[F28Third countries other than Switzerland]
16.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds	Third countries
17.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp. other than fruit and seeds	Algeria, Morocco
18.	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III A (9), where appropriate, non-European countries, other than Mediterranean countries, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, the continental states of the USA
19.	Plants of the family Graminacae, other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae and Panicoideae and of the genera Buchloe, Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries

Textual Amendments

- **F26** Deleted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F27** Substituted by Council Directive 2002/89/EC of 28 November 2002 amending Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F28** Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

[F9PART B

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS THE INTRODUCTION OF WHICH SHALL BE PROHIBITED IN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Description

$[^{F11}1.$ Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex IIIA(9), (9.1), (18), where appropriate, plants and live pollen for pollination of: Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than Switzerland and other than those recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2)

Protected zone(s)

[F21]E, EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the province of Mantua), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the province of Rovigo, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, [F22A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria and Vienna), JP, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Notranjska and Maribor), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).

[F112. Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex IIIA(9), (9.1), (18), where appropriate, plants and live pollen for pollination of: Cotoneaster Ehrh. and Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl, et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard

[F21E, EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the province of Mantua), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the province of Rovigo, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, [F22A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria and Vienna), IP, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Notranjska and Maribor), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč (Dunajská

for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2)

Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).]]]

ANNEX IV

PART A

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH MUST BE LAID DOWN BY ALL MEMBER STATES FOR THE INTRODUCTION AND MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS INTO AND WITHIN ALL MEMBER STATES

Section I

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE COMMUNITY

Plants, plant products and other objects		Special requirements
[^{F16} 1.1.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:
	(Coniferales), except that of Thuja L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds,	(a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), or (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

1.2.	decurrens Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight-day period, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur. Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers	to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or (c) chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%). Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc	(Coniferales), except that of Thuja L., in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.	(a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), or (b) fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999 p. 39).

			by indicating on the
			certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h).
1.3.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of Thuja L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.	Official wood: (a) (b)	is bark-free, or has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(d)	or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).
1.4.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of <i>Thuja</i> L., in the form of: — chips, particles,	Official wood: (a)	has been produced from debarked round wood,
	sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, originating in Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan	(b)	or has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	sion 1999/742	/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

	and the USA, where <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.		an approtime/tem	l through opriate operature			
		or (c) has unan app fumigate a special approvance accord the production of the prod		opriate on to cation d in nee with edure laid Article ere shall nee thereof ating on the tes referred icle 13.1. active nt, the n wood ture, the n³) and the e time (h), ergone opriate thment to a minimum aperature for at minutes,			
1.5.	Whether or not listed among	Official statement that the					
	the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers (Coniferales), other than in the form of:	wood: (a)		es in areas o be free			
	 chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in 		_	Monochamus spp. (non- European) Pissodes			
	whole or part from these conifers,			spp. (non- European)			
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).							

wood packaging Scolytidae material in the spp. (nonform of packing European) cases, boxes, crates, The area shall be drums and similar mentioned on the packings, pallets, certificates referred box pallets and to in Article 13.1. other load boards, (ii), under the rubric pallet collars, 'place of origin,' actually in use in or (b) is bark-free and free the transport of from grub holes. objects of all kinds, wood used to caused by the genus wedge or support Monochamus spp. non-wood cargo, (non-European). but including that which has defined for this not kept its natural round purpose as those surface, originating in Russia, which are larger Kazakhstan and Turkey. than 3 mm across, (c) has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D'. or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with the current usage, (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put

on the wood or on

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),
		(e)	or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h),
		(f)	has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%).
1.6.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of conifers	Official s wood: (a)	is bark-free and free
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc	(Coniferales), other than in the form of: tive as last amended by Commission Decis	vion 1000/742	from grub holes, caused by the genus

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

 chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in third countries, other than: Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, European countries, Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur. 	(b)	Monochamus spp. (non-European), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across, or has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the
	(1)	exposure time (h), or
	(d)	has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(e)	impregnation with a product approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii), the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).
1.7.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes listed in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and	Official wood: (a)	originates in areas known to be free from:
	scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Coniferales), originating in — Russia, Kazakhstan and Turkey, — non-European		 Monochamus spp. (non- European) Pissodes spp. (non- European)
	countries other than Canada, China, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the USA, where Bursaphelenchus		— Scolytidae spp. (non- European) The area shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.

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xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is known to occur.		(ii), under the rubric 'place of origin,'
	(b)	has been produced from debarked round wood, or
	(c)	has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or
	(d)	has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or
	(e)	has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes,

the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		to in Article 13.1. (ii).]
[F ²⁹ 2.	Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, and processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, coming from third countries, except Switzerland.	The wood packaging material shall: — be free from bark with the exception of any number of individual pieces of bark if they are either less than 3 cm in width (regardless of the length) or, if greater than 3 cm in width, of not more than 50 cm² in area, and be subject to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade, and display a mark as specified in Annex II to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade, indicating that the wood packaging material in international trade, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment. The first indent shall only apply from 1 July 2009.]

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

[F162.1.	Wood of Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of: — wood intended for the production of veneer sheets, chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, originating in the USA and Canada.	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]	
[F162.2.	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets, originating in the USA and Canada.	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis virescens</i> (Davidson) Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.]	
[F22.3.	Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., other than in the form of — chips, obtained in whole or part from these trees, wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo,	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) is squared so as to remove entirely the round surface.	

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA	
2.4.	Whether or not listed among CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc. originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width.
2.5.	Isolated bark of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc. originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) has been processed into pieces of not

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		cm thickness and width.]
[F163.	Wood of Quercus L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA.	Official statement that the wood: (a) is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface, or (b) is bark-free and the water content is less than 20 % expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or (c) is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot water treatment, or (d) if sawn, with or without residual bark attached, has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[F26]	Wood of Distance I	Official statem - "t il-t
[^{F16} 5.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., except that in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, but	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia.	as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[F166.	Wood of <i>Populus</i> L., except that in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent.	Official statement that the wood: — is bark-free or — has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.]
[^{F16} 7.1.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and	Official statement that the wood: (a) has been produced from debarked round wood,
	scrap and obtained in whole or in part from: — Acer saccharum Marsh., originating in the USA and Canada, — Platanus L., originating in the USA or Armenia,	(b) has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	— Populus L., originating in the American continent.	(c) (d)	time/temperature schedule, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii).
7.2.	Whether or not listed among the CN codes in Annex V, Part B, wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L. originating in the USA.	wood: (a)	has undergone kilndrying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	1011 1999/ /42	/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

		(c)	has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum core temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in 13.1. (ii).]
[F237.3.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries	isolated (a)	has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with a fumigant approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence thereof by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1. (ii), the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the

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		(b)	rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h), or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve the minimum temperature of 56 °C for at least 30 minutes, the latter to be indicated on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii).]
[F298.	Wood used to wedge or support non-wood cargo, including that which has not kept its natural round surface, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less and processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, coming from third countries, except Switzerland.	The woo	d shall: be free from bark with the exception of any number of individual pieces of bark if they are either less than 3 cm in width (regardless of the length) or, if greater than 3 cm in width, of not more than 50 cm² in area, and be subject to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood packaging material in international trade, and display a mark as specified in Annex II to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Guidelines for regulating wood

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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		packaging material in international trade, indicating that the wood has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment. The first indent shall only apply from 1 July 2009.]
8.1.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, originating in non- European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Pissodes</i> spp. (non-European).
8.2.	Plants of conifers (Coniferales), other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), and Annex IV(A) (I)(8.1), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).
9.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scirrhia acicola</i> (Dearn.) Siggers or <i>Scirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Direc	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. Pseudotsuga Carr. and Tsuga Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2) or (9),

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		where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
[F1611.01.	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in the USA	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2), official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Hunt.	
11.1.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (2) and IV(A)(I)(11.01.), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp. (non-European) have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.]	
11.2.	Plants of Castanea Mill. and Quercus L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(2) and IV(A)(I)(11.1), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr; or (b) no symptoms of Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last	

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		complete cycle of vegetation.
[F111.3.	Plants of <i>Corylus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in Canada and the United States of America	Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or
		(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller on official inspections carried out at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in accordance

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration' and declared free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller.]
[F211.4.	Plants of Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA	Official splants: (a) (b)	have been grown throughout their life in an area free from Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or have, for a period of at least two years prior to export, been grown in a place of production where no signs of Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire have been observed during two official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to export.]

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

12.	[F16Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Armenia.]	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis fimbriata</i> f. sp. <i>platani</i> Walter have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
13.1.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (3), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
13.2.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds, originating in countries of the American continent	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(3) and IV(A)(I)(13.1), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Mycosphaerella populorum</i> G. E. Thompson have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
14.	Plants of <i>Ulmus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in North American countries	[F3Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants in Annex IV (A)(I) (11.4), official statement that no symptoms of Elm phlöem necrosis mycoplasm have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.]
15.	Plants of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (9), (18) and Annex III(B)(1),

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	where appropriate, official statement that: — the plants originate in a country known to be free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey; or — the plants originate in an area recognized as being free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey, [F27] in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and no symptoms of Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Direction	From 15 February to 30 September, fruits of <i>Prunus</i> L., originating in non- European countries	Official statement: — the fruits originate in a country known to free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey or — the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Monilinia fructicola (Winter) Honey, [F27] in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or — the fruits have been subjected to appropriate inspection and treatment procedures prior to harvest and/or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		export to ensure freedom from <i>Monilinia</i> spp.
16.1.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries	The fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
16.2.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the fruits in Annex IV(A)(I) (16.1), (16.3), (16.4) and (16.5), official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or (b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive,
		or (c) either,
		— in accordance with an official control and examination

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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regime, no symptoms of Xanthomonas campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus) have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown symptoms of *Xanthomonas* campestris (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), and the fruits have been subjected to treatment such as sodium orthophenylphenate, mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

16.3.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L.,	Directive, and the fruits have been packed at premises or dispatching centres registered for this purpose, or — any certification system, recognised as equivalent to the above provisions [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], has been complied with. Without prejudice to the
	Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf. and their hybrids, originating in third countries	provisions applicable to the fruits in Annex IV(A)(I) (16.1), (16.2), (16.4) and (16.5), official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes [F27] in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] or

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		(b)	the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Cercospora angolensis</i> Carv. et Mendes, [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, or
		(c)	no symptoms of Cercospora angolensis Carv. et Mendes have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits of Citrus aurantium L., originating in third countries	provision fruits in (16.1), (1 (16.5), or (a)	prejudice to the as applicable to the Annex IV(A)(I) (6.2), (16.3) and fficial statement that: the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Guignardia citricarpa</i> Kiely (all strains pathogenic to <i>Citrus</i>), [F27 in accordance with the JEC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], (b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to *Citrus*), [F27in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive, or (c) no symptoms of Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all strains pathogenic to Citrus), have been observed in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism, or (d) the fruits originate in a field of production subjected to appropriate treatments aigainst Guignardia citricarpa Kiely (all

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		strains pathogenic to <i>Citrus</i>), and none of the fruits harvested in the field of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this organism.
16.5.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, originating in third countries where Tephritidae (non- European) are known to occur on these fruits	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the fruits in [F22 Annex III(B) (2), (3), and JAnnex IV(A) (I)(16.1), (16.2) and (16.3), official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in areas known to be free from the relevant organism; or, if this requirement cannot be met; (b) no signs of the relevant organism have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant organism, or if this requirement can also not be met;

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(d)	the fruits have shown, in appropriate official examination on representative samples, to be free from the relevant organism in all stages of their development; or, if this requirement can also not be met; the fruits have been subjected to an appropriate treatment, any acceptable vapour heat treatment, or quick freeze treatment, which has been shown to be efficient against the relevant organism without damaging the fruit, and, where not availaible, chemical treatment as far as it is acceptable by Community legislation.
[F1817.	Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds	provisi plants (9), (9. (1) or A	at prejudice to the sons applicable to the listed in Annex III(A) 1), (18), Annex III(B) Annex IV(A)(I)(15), appropriate, official ent: that the plants originate in countries recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2),

		(b)	or that the plants originate in pest free areas which have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or that the plants in the field of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms of Erwinia amylovora
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66, Dire	Plants of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds and plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp. and Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associataed	prohibit plants li (16), wh official (a)	(Burr.) Winsl. et al., have been removed.] apprejudice to the ions applicable to the sted in Annex III(A) here appropriate, statement that: the plants originate in countries known to be free from Radopholus citrophilus Huettel et al. and Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne; or representative samples of soil and roots from the place of production have been subjected, since the beginning

		of the last complete cycle of vegetation, to official nematological testing for at least <i>Radopholus citrophilus</i> Huettel <i>et al.</i> and <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne and have been found, in these tests, free from those harmful organisms.
19.1.	Plants of <i>Crataegus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(9), and Annex IV(A) (I)(15) and (17), official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
19.2.	Plants of Cydonia Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant harmvul organisms are known to occur on the genera concerned The relevant harmful organisms are — on Fragaria L.: — Phytophtore fragariae Hickman, var. fragariae, — Arabis mosaic virus, Raspberry ringspot virus,	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants where appropriate listed in Annex III(A)(9) and (18), and Annex IV(A)(I)(15) and (17), official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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Strawberry
         crinkle
         virus,
         Strawberry
         latent
         ringspot
         virus,
         Strawberry
         mild
         yellow
         edge
         virus,
         Tomato
         black ring
         virus,
         Xanthomonas
         fragariae
         Kennedy
         et King;
on Malus Mill.:
         Phyllosticta
         solitaria
         Ell. and
         Ev.;
on Prunus L.:
         Apricot
         chlorotic
         leafroll
         mycoplasm,
         Xanthomonas
         campestris
         pv. prunis
         (Smith)
         Dye;
on Prunus persica
(L.) Batsch:
         Pseudomonas
         syringae
         pv.
         persicae
         (Prunier et
         al.) Young
         et al.;
on Pyrus L.:
         Phyllosticta
         solitaria
         Ell. and
         Ev.;
on Rubus L.:
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a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	 Arabis mosaic virus, Raspberry ringspot virus, Strawberry latent ringspot virus, Tomato black ring virus, on all species: non- European viruses and viruslike 	
	organisms.	
20.	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Pear decline mycoplasm is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (9) and (18), and Annex IV(A)(I)(15), (17) and (19.2) official statement that plants at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by Pear decline mycoplasm, have been rogued out at that place within the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
21.1.	Plants of Fragaria L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur The relevant harmful organisms are: — Strawberry latent 'C' virus, — Strawberry vein banding virus, Strawberry witches' broom mycoplasm	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2), official statement that: (a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: — either officially certified under a certification scheme
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct	tive as last amended by Commission Decis	ion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those farmful organisms, (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.		
21.2.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where <i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2) and (21.1), official statement that:		
		(a) either no symptoms of <i>Aphelenchoides</i> besseyi Christie have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning		

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		(b)	cycle of or in the cas plants in culture the	tissue ne plants n derived nts which l with n) of this ave been tested priate ogical and n ee from
21.3.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (18), and Annex IV(A)(I) (19.2), (21.1) and (21.2), official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> bisignifer (Schenkling).		
22.1.	Plants of <i>Malus</i> Mill. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur on <i>Malus</i> Mill.	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, listed in Annex III(A) (9) and (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I)(15), (17) and (19.2), official statement that:		
01.125 11.7.1066 p. 2220/66 Direct	The relevant harmful organisms are: — Cherry rasp leaf virus (American), — Tomato ringspot virus,	(a)	the plants been:	either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicatos or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these thest, from those harmful organisms, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(b)		testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms; ptoms of
			the release organis been old plants a of production its in vicinity beginn:	es caused by evant harmful oms have conserved on at the place fuction, or on tible plants inmediate of, since the ting of the last ete cycle of ion.
22.2.	Plants of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where apple proliferation mycoplasm is known to occur	provision the plan III(A)(9 III(B)(1 (15), (17)) and (18) and An 7), (19.2) statemen the plan in areas to be fr	cable to in Annex B), Annex nex IV(A)(I) and (22.1), t that ints originate is known we from proliferation
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Dire	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	(b)	(aa)	the plants, other than those raised from

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999 p. 39).

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seeds,
have been:
         either
         officially
         certified
         under
         certification
         scheme
         requiring
         them
         to
         be
         derived
         in
         direct
         line
         from
         material
         which
         has
         been
         maintained
         under
         appropriate
         conditions
         and
         subjected
         official
         testing
         for
         at
         least
         Apple
         proliferation
         mycoplasm
         using
         appropriate
         indicators
         equivalent
         methods
         and
         has
         been
         found
         free,
         in
         these
         tests,
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a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last sixcomplete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators equivalent methods and has been found free, in

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		of cau by promy have observed at the plant in the plant i	ace of oduction, on sceptible ants its mediative sinity, ace the ginning the last mplete
23.1.	Plants of following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Plum pox virus is	Without prejudice to t provisions applicable plants, listed in Annex (9) and (18), and Anno IV(A)(I)(15) and (19.2)	to the c III(A) ex 2),
	known to occur:	official statement that	
	— Prunus amygdalus Batsch,	(a) the plants, or than those ra	
	— Prunus armeniaca	from seed, h	
	L.,	been:	
	— Prunus blireiana	— eitl	
	Andre,		icially tified
	— Prunus brigantina Vill.,		der a
	— Prunus cerasifera		tification
	Ehrh.,		neme
	— Prunus cistena		luiring
	Hansen,		em to
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis		

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid., Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus spirica L., Prunus spirica L., Prunus spirica L., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., Prunus triloba Lindl., Prunus trire of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. line from material indierct line from material indierct indierct line from material which subjected to official testing for, at least, Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or or equivalent methods and has been fround free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., which is maintained under appropriate in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to	1	D 1.	I	1 1
— Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. institita (L.) — C.K. Schneid., maintained under ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., conditions and Thunb., subjected to official testing for, at least, Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., using appropriate indicators (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., methods and Zucc., Prunus migra Ait., Prunus sibrica L., Prunus sibrica L., Prunus sibrica L., Prunus sibrica L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. □ Prunus tomentosa Thunb., prunus tomentosa Th				
ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid., Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus mare Sieb and Zucc., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus triloba Lindl., Prunus L suseeptible to Plux pox virus. material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and and and and and testing for, at least, pox virus using appropriate indicators or or equivalent methods and has been from that hermful organism, or or ganism, or or Prunus riioba Lindl., which is maintained under which has been maintained under appropriate ito official testing for, at least to official testing for, at least to official testing for, at least testing for, at least testing for, at least testing for, and testing for, and testing for, at least				
— Prunus domestica ssp. instititia (L.) — C.K. Schneid., — Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., — Prunus plandulosa Thunb., — Prunus holosericea Batal., — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus maritima mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus migra Ait., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. which has been maintained under subjected under subjected. which has been maintained under subjected under subjected. maintained under maintained under subjected within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_			
ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid., Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus hortulana Batal., Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus timentosa Thunb., Prunus tomentosa Thunb. Batsch, Prunus spinosa L., Prunus timentosa Thunb., Prunus tomentosa Thunb. Batsch, Prunus spinosa L., Prunus timentosa Thunb.,				
C.K. Schneid., Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus sibirica L., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., Prunus L susceptible to Plux pox virus. maintained under appropriate conditions and testing for, at least, Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_			
— Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., — Prunus glandulosa Thunb., — Prunus holosericea Batal., — Prunus hortulana Bailey, — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus nigra Ait., — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — Other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. under appropriate conditions and at least, plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been fround free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct indirect in direct i				
ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus triloba Lindl., Details and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
Hegi., Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus migra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus conditions and subjected to official testing for, at least, Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under susceptible to Plux pox virus.	_			under
Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. and subjected to official testing for, at least, pox virus appropriate organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained of Prunus t. susceptible to Plux pox virus.		ssp. <i>italica</i> (Borkh.)		
Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus Thunb., Prunus Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus migra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus sibirica L., prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. subjected to official testing for, at least, equivalent indicators or equivalent fee, in ffee, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct in direct in direct in direct under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		Hegi.,		conditions
 — Prunus holosericea Batal., — Prunus hortulana Bailey, — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus migra Ait., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus tiloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. to official testing for, at least, pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct in direct in direct in direct under species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. 	_	Prunus glandulosa		and
Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus migra Ait., Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sib		Thunb.,		subjected
 — Prunus hortulana Bailey, — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — Other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. at least, Plum pox virus appropriate and least, pox virus at least, Plum pox virus appropriate appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 		Prunus holosericea		
 — Prunus hortulana Bailey, — Prunus japonica Thunb., — Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — Other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. at least, Plum pox virus appropriate and least, pox virus at least, Plum pox virus appropriate appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 		Batal.,		testing for,
Bailey, Prunus japonica Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., Other species of Prunus L susceptible to Plux pox virus. Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica		Bailey,		
Thunb., Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., Other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_	•		
 — Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus nigra Ait., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — Other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				* .
mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. midicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or — derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		-		_
(Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus maritima Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus sibirica L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
 — Prunus maritima Marsh., — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus nigra Ait., — Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				
Marsh., Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				-
 — Prunus mume Sieb and Zucc., — Prunus nigra Ait., — Prunus persica (L.) — Batsch, — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii — Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus triloba — Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				
and Zucc., Prunus nigra Ait., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		,		
 — Prunus nigra Ait., — Prunus persica (L.) — Batsch, — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or Herived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				
- Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, - Prunus salicina L., - Prunus sibirica L., - Prunus simonii Carr., - Prunus tomentosa Thunb., - Prunus triloba Lindl., - other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. - Prunus persica (L.) free, in these tests, from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
Batsch, Prunus salicina L., Prunus sibirica L., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus tomentosa Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. Batsch, Frunus salicina L., harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		_		
 — Prunus salicina L., — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. from that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 		- , ,		
 — Prunus sibirica L., — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. harmful or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				
 — Prunus simonii Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — susceptible to Plux pox virus. — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — other species of vegetation, at least 				
Carr., — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — Or derived in direct in direct in direct under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_	· ·		
 — Prunus spinosa L., — Prunus tomentosa — Thunb., — Prunus triloba — Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. — appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 	_			-
 — Prunus tomentosa Thunb., — Prunus triloba Lindl., — other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least 				-
Thunb., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. Iine from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least	_	_		
 — Prunus triloba Lindl.,				
Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
— other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
of Prunus L. susceptible to Plux pox virus. under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		,		
susceptible to Plux pox virus. appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
pox virus. conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least		pox virus.		
subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
complete cycles of vegetation, at least				
cycles of vegetation, at least				
vegetation, at least				
at least				
				vegetation,
once, to				at least
				once, to

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	official testing for at least Plum pox virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from that harmful organism; (b) no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; (c) plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been rogued out.
Plants of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended	Without prejudice to the
for planting (a) originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur on Prunus L.	provisions applicable to the plants, where appropriate listed in Annex III(A)(9) and (18) or Annex IV(A)(I)(15), (19.2) and (23.1), official statement that
	(a) originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur on

	(b)	other that		(a)	the plants been:	s have
			where the		_	either
		relevant l				officially
		organism				certified
		known to				under a
	(a)					certification
	(c)	other tha				
			ng in non-			scheme
			o countries			requiring
			e relevant			them to
			organisms			be derived
	TT 1		n to occur			in direct
		vant harm	rui			line from
	organism		1			material
		for the ca	ise under			which
		(a):	TD .			has been
			Tomato			maintained
			ringspot			under
			virus;			appropriate
		or the cas	se under			conditions
		(b):				and
		_	Cherry			subjected
			rasp leaf			to official
			virus			testing for
			(American)	,		at least the
		_	Peach			relevant
			mosaic			harmful
			virus			organisms
			(American)	,		using
			Peach			appropriate
			phony			indicators
			rickettsia,			or
			Peach			equivalent
			rosette			methods
			mycoplasm	,		and has
		_	Peach			been
			yellows			found
			mycoplasm	,		free, in
			Plum line			these tests,
			pattern			from those
			virus			harmful
			(American)	,		organisms,
		_	Peach X-			or
			disease			derived
			mycoplasm			in direct
		or the cas				line from
		(c):				material
			Little			which is
			cherry			maintained
			pathogen.			under
			. 3- /			appropriate
ec	tive ac lact ar	mended by Co	ommission Decis	ion 1999/7/2	/EC (OLL 20	

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least the relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organisms, (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.
24.	Plants of <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting: (a) originating in countries where harmful organisms	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants, listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(19.2),

	are kno	own to occur	(a)	the plants shall	
	on Rub	bus L.		free from aphid	S,
(b)	other t	han seeds,		including their	eggs
		ating in	(b)	official stateme	
		ies where the	(-)	that:	
		nt harmful		(aa) the pla	ants
		sms are		have b	
		to occur		nave	either
The rel	evant har			_	
		IIIIui			officially
organis		C ()			certified
_	in the	case of (a):			under
	_	Tomato			a
		ringspot			certification
		virus,			scheme
	—	Black			requiring
		raspberry			them
		latent			to
		virus,			be
		Cherry			derived
		leafroll			in
		virus,			direct
		Prunus			line
		necrotic			from
		ringspot			material
		virus,			which
_	in the	case of (b):			has
		Raspberry			been
		leaf curl			maintained
		virus			under
		(American)			appropriate
		Cherry			conditions
		rasp leaf			and
		virus			subjected
		(American)			to
		,			official
					testing
					for
					at
					least
					the
					relevant
					harmful
					organisms
					using .
					appropriate
					indicators
					or
					equivalent
					methods
					and
					has

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least relevant harmful organisms using appropriate indicators for

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those harmful organism
		(bb)	no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycles of vegetation.
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/6	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., originating in countries where Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival is known to occur	in areas to be fr Synchy endobio	licable to the annex III(A) 2), official ers originate s known the from trium toticum

	(Schilbersky) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival have been observed either at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of an adequate periode; or (b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] have been complied
	with, in the country of origin
Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Without prejudice to the provisions listed in Annex (A)(10), (11) and (12) and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.1), official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in countries known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al.;

			provisions recognised as equivalent to the Community provisions on combating Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], have been complied with, in the country of origin.
25.3.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than early potatoes, originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	provisions tubers list (10), (11) IV(A)(I)(2	rejudice to the sapplicable to the ed in Annex III(A) and (12) and Annex 25.1) and (25.2), on of the faculty of on
25.4.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting	provisions tubers list (10), (11) IV(A)(I)(2 (25.3), off the tubers field know Globodera (Wollenw Globodera Behrens and (aa)	rejudice to the sapplicable to the ed in Annex III(A) and (12) and Annex 25.1), (25.2) and ficial statement that originate from a wn to be free from a rostochiensis eber) Behrens and a pallida (Stone) either, the tubers originate in areas in which Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known not to occur; or in areas where
			Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith, or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating Pseudomanas solanacearum (Smith) Smith which shall be determined $[^{F27}$ in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)] and either the tubers originate in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known not to occur; or in areas where Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known to occur, either the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free from Meloidogyne

(cc)

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a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations), and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

symptoms, or laboratoriy tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropiate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on closing in Council Directive 66/403/ EEC of 14 June 1996 on the marketing of seed potatoes^a and no symptoms of Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		have been found.
[^{F2} 25.4.1.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than those intended for planting	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to tubers listed in Annex III(A) (12) and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.1), (25.2) and (25.3), official statement that the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Pseudomonas</i> solanacearum (Smith) Smith is not known to occur.
25.4.2.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to tubers listed in Annex III(A) (10), (11) and (12) and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.1), (25.2), (25.3), (25.4) and (25.4.1), official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in a country where Scrobipalpopsis solanivora Povolny is not known to occur; or (b) the tubers originate in an area free from Scrobipalpopsis solanivora Povolny, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.]
25.5.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Potato stolbur mycoplasm is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to tubers listed in Annex III(A) (10), (11), (12) and (13), and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.1), (25.2), (25.3) and (25.4), official statement that no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
25.6.	Plants of Solanaceae, intended for planting, other thans tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. and other than seeds of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., originating in countries where Potato spindle tuber viroid is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (11), (13), and Annex IV(A) (I)(25.5), where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
25.7.	Plants of Capsicum annuum L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., Musa L., Nicotiana L. and Solanum melongena L., intended for planting other than seeds, originating in countries where Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known to occur	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (11) and (13), and Annex IV(A)(I)(25.5) and (25.6), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Pseudomonas solanacearum</i> (Smith) Smith; or
		(b) no symptoms of Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[F15]	L	1
26.	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke and Berthold and <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Klebahn have been observed on hops at the place of production since

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
27.1.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) no signs of [F21 Helicoverpa armigera (Hübner)], or Spodoptera littoralis (Boisd.) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation or (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said
27.2.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., other than seeds	organisms. Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(27.1), (a) no signs of Spodoptera eridiana Cramer, Spodoptera frugiperda Smith, or Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation or (b) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.
28.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

IV(A)(I)(27.1) and (27.2), official statement that:

- the plants are no (a) more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10 % has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stund viroid during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering;
- (b) the plants or cuttings:

have come from premises which have been officially inspected at least monthly, during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

to have observed during that period. and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to export, or have undergone appropriate treatment against Puccinia horiana Hennings; in the case of unrooted cuttings, no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived, or that, in case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on

(c)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		the cuttings or on the rooting bed.
[^{F2} 28.1.	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul. and <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(13), Annex IV(A)(I) (25.5), (25.6), (25.7), (27.1), (27.2) and (28), official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in a country free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus;
		or the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of export as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (c) the plants have been grown throughout their life in a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.]
29.	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		IV(A)(I)(27.1) and (27.2), official statement that: — the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) Van Beyma on officially approved tests, carried out at least once within the two previous years, no symptoms of the above harmful organisms have been observed on the plants.
30.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. and <i>Narcissus</i> L., other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packaging, or by other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut flower production	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
31.	Plants of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Herit. ex Ait., intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur:	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(27.1 and) (27.2),
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct	(a) where Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are not known to occur	official statement that the plants: (a) are directly derived from places of production known to be free from sion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(b)	Tomato ringspot virus; or are of no more than fourth generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an official approved system of virological testing.
	(b) where Xiphinema americanum Cobb sensu lato (non-European populations) or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are known to occur	official splants: (a)	are directly derived from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus in the soil or plants; or are of no more than second generation stock, derived from mother plants found to be free from Tomato ringspot virus under an officially approved system of virological testing.
[F3032.1.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers, originating in third countries where Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) are known to occur	requirent to the pl Part A, S (27.2), (appropri that the	prejudice to the nents applicable ants in Annex IV, Section I(27.1), 28) and (29), where late, official statement plants have been nurseries and: originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration',

(b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national

plant protection service in that country, as being free from *Liriomyza* sativae (Blanchard) and *Amauromyza*

maculosa (Malloch) in accordance

with relevant International

Standards for

Phytosanitary Measures, and

which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in

Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric

'Additional declaration', and declared free from *Liriomyza sativae*

(Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch)

on official inspections carried out at least monthly

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch). Details of the treatment shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive.
32.2.	Cut flowers of Dendranthema (DC) Des. Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L. and Solidago L., and leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L. and Ocimum L.	Official statement that the cut flowers and the leafy vegetables: — originate in a country free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch), or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch).
32.3.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than:	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	ion 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,

	— — — — originati	bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, ng in third countries		on I(27.1), (27.2), and (32.1), official at that: the plants originate in an area known to be free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess), or
			(b)	either no signs of Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out ar least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, or
			(c)	immediately prior to export, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess).]
33.	intended in the op		the place is known Clavibae ssp. sepe (Spiecke	statement that e of production n to be free from eter michiganensis endoniscus ermann and Kotthoff)
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	cuve as iast al	mended by Commission Deci		(O) L 271, 10.11.1777,

		Davis et al., Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens, Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
34.	[F30] Soil and growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark or consisting in part of any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in: — [F31] Cyprus, Malta, JTurkey, — Belarus, [F14] Estonia, JGeorgia, [F14] Latvia, Lithuania, JMoldova, Russia, Ukraine, — non-European countries, other than Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia]	Official statement that: (a) the growing medium, at the time of planting, was: — either free from soil, and organic matter, or found free from insects and harmful nematodes and subjected to appropriate examination or heat treatment or fumigation to ensure that it was free from other harmful organisms, or — subjected to appropriate examination to ensure that it was free from other harmful organisms, or — subjected to appropriate heat treament or fumigation to ensure freedom from harmful

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	organisms,
	and
(b)	since planting:
	— either
	appropriate
	measures
	have been
	taken to
	ensure
	that the
	growing
	medium
	has been maintained
	free from
	harmful
	organisms, or
	— within
	two weeks
	prior to
	dispatch,
	the plants
	were
	shaken
	free
	from the
	medium
	leaving
	the
	minimum
	amount
	necessary
	to sustain
	vitality
	during
	transport, and, if
	replanted,
	the
	growing
	medium
	used
	for that
	purpose
	meets the
	requirements
	laid down
	in (a).

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

35.1.	Plants of Beta vulgaris L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus (non-European isolates) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
35.2.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Beet leaf curl virus is known to occur	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable the plants listed in Annex IV(A) (I)(35.1), official statement that: (a) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production; and (b) no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place or production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
[F30]36.1.	Plants, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers, originating in third countries		

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or originate in a place

(b) of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional

(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against *Thrips palmi* Karny and have been officially inspected and found free from *Thrips palmi* Karny. Details of

export,

declarion', and declared free from *Thrips palmi* Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	I	1
		the treatment shall be mentiond on the certificates referred to in Article 7 or 8 of this Directive.
36.2.	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae and fruits of <i>Momordica</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., originating in third countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and the fruits: — originate in a country free from Thrips palmi Karny, or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Thrips palmi Karny.]
37.	Plants of Palmae intended for planting other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (17), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b) no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing mycoplasm and Cadang-Cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the organisms have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Myndus crudus</i> Van Duzee; (c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements laid down in (a) or (b)
[F ² 37.1.	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: Brahea Mart., Butia Becc., Chamaerops L., Jubaea Kunth, Livistona R. Br., Phoenix L., Sabal Adans., Syagrus Mart., Trachycarpus H. Wendl., Trithrinax Mart., Washingtonia Raf.	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (17) and the requirements listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(37) official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown throughout their life in a country where Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) is not known to occur; or (b) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from Paysandisia archon (Burmeister), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999 p. 39).

(c)	period two ye to expo	which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) or with application
	_	origin, and where
		were
		a site with complete
		protection against the
		of
		(Burmeister)
		application of
		appropriate preventive treatments,
	_	and where, during
		three official
		inspections per year carried
		out at appropriate times,
		including

immediately

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			prior to export, no signs of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) have been observed.]
38.1.	Plants of <i>Camellia</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	in areas to be fre Ciborini Kohn; or (b) no symp Ciborini Kohn ha observed in flowe place of since the of the la:	toms of a camelliae ve been d on plants
38.2.	Plants of <i>Fuchsia</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in the USA or Brazil	Official statement no symptoms of A fuchsiae Keifer ha observed at the pla of production and immediately prior export the plants has inspected and four from Aculops fuch	culops ave been ace that to nave been and free
39.	Trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	Without prejudice provisions applicathe plants listed in III(a)(1), (2), (3), (15), (16), (17), (1 III(B)(1) and Ann (8.1), (8.2), (9), (1 (11.2), (12), (13.1), (14), (15), (17), (1 (19.2), (20), (22.1), (23.1), (23.2), (24 (25.6), (26), (27.1), (28), (29), (32.1), (33), (34), (36.1), (37), (38.1) and (3	ble to Annex (9), (13), 8), Annex ex IV(A)(I) 0), (11.1),), (13.2), 8), (19.1),), (22.2),), (25.5),), (27.2), (32.2), (36.2),

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		appropriate, official statement that the plants: — are clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from flowers and frutis, — have been grown in nurseries, — have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.				
40.	Deciduous trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture, originating in third countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	I ^{F30} Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (2), (3), (9), (15), (16), (17) and (18), Annex III(B)(1) and Annex IV(A)(I), (11.1), (11.2), (11.3), (12), (13.1), (13.2), (14), (15), (17), (18), (19.1), (19.2), (20), (22.1), (22.2), (23.1), (23.2), (24), (33), (36.1), (38.1), (38.2), (39) and (45.1) where appropriate, official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves].				
41.	Annual and biennial plants. other than Gramineae, intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex III(A)(11), (13), and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.5), (25.6), (32.1), (32.2), (32.3), (33), (34), (35.1) and				
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).						

		(35.2) of the plant — —	have been grown in nurseries, are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and — found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and — either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to	
			eliminate such organisms.	
42.	Plants of the family Gramineae of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae, Panicoideae and of the genera Buchloe, Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia,	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(33) and (34), official statement that the plants: — have been grown in nurseries, and		
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	ion 1999/742	//EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999,	

	Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries other than European and Mediterranean countries	debris, fi fruits, and — have bee	from plants lowers and en inspected r to export, found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and	
			fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.	
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct	Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants intended for planting other than seeds, originating in non-European countries	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A) (1), (2), (3), (9), (13), (15), (16), (17), (18), Annex III(B) (1), and Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (9), (10), (11.1), (11.2), (12), (13.1), (13.2), (14), (15), (17), (18), (19.1), (19.2), (20), (22.1), (22.2), (23.1), (23.2), (24), (25.5), (25.6), (26), (27.1), (27.2), (28), (32.1), (32.2), (33), (34), (36.1), (36.2), (37), (38.1), (36.1), (36.2), (37), (38.1), (36.1), (39.2), (39.1), (39.2), (39.1), (39.2), (39.		
p. 39).				

	the plant those coldirectly in natural hishall have grown, histrained for two considerations years pri- dispatch officially nurseries are subjective.	s, including lected from abitats, e been eld and or at least ecutive or to in registered, which	d
(b)	control re the plant	egime, s on the referred all: at least during the perior	to d
		in (a):	be
			potted, in pots which
			are placed on shelves
			at least 50 cm
		_	above ground, have been subjected
			to appropriate treatments
			to ensure freedom from

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

	non-
	European
	rusts:
	the
	active
	ingredient,
	concentration
	and
	date
	of
	application
	of
	these
	treatments
	shall
	be
	mentioned
	on
	the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	provided
	for
	in
	Article
	7
	of
	this
	Directive
	under
	the
	rubric
	'disinfestation
	and/
	or
	disinfection
	treatment'.
	have
	been
	officially
	inspected
	at
	least
	six
	times
	a
	year
	at
	appropriate
	intervals
	<u>fo</u> r
1990)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

the

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presence of harmful organisms of concern, which are those in the Annexes to the Directive. These inspections, which shall also be carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in (a), shall be carried out at least by visual examination of each row in the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using random sample of at least 300 plants from given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 000 plants, or 10 % of the plants

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

if there are more than 3 000 plants from that genus, have been found free, in these inspections, from the relevant harmful organisms of concern as specified in the previous indent. Infested plants shall be removed. The remaining plants, where appropriate, shall be effectively treated, and in addition shall be held

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		for
		an
		appropriate
		period
		and
		inspected
		to
		ensure
		freedom
		from
		such
		harmful
		organisms
		of
		concern,
	_	have
		been
		planted
		in
		either
		an
		unused artificial
		growing medium
		or
		in
		a
		natural
		growing
		medium,
		which
		has
		been
		treated
		by
		fumigation
		or
		by appropriate
		appropriate heat
		treatment
		and
		has
		been
		of
		any
		harmful
		organisms,
		have
		been

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

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> kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from harmful organisms and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been: shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted, or shaken and washed with clean water to remove the

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

original growing medium and replanted growing medium which meets the conditions laid down in (aa) fifth indent, or subjected appropriate treatments to ensure that the growing medium is free from harmful organisms, the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments shall be mentioned on

the

phytosanitary

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

certificate provided for in Article 7 of this Directive under the rubric 'disinfestatio

and/

disinfection treatment'.

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(bb) be packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the registered nursery; this number shall also be indicated under the rubric additional declaration on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7 of this Directive, enabling

the

consignments

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

- OL135 11.7.10(/ = 22/	Hibiscus L., intended for	the plants in Annex IV, Part
[^{F30} 45.1.	Plants of herbaceous species and plants of <i>Ficus</i> L. and	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to
[F3045.1.	and plants of Ficus L. and	requirements applicable to
	intended for planting, other than seeds, of the families Caryophyllaceae (except <i>Dianthus</i> L.), Compositae (except <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC.) Des Moul.), Cruciferae, Leguminosae and Rosaceae (except <i>Fragaria</i> L.), originating in third countries, other than European and Mediterranean countries	requirements applicable to plants, where appropriate, listed in Annex IV(A)(I) (32.1), (32.2), (32.3), (33) and (34) official statement that the plants: — have been grown in nurseries, and — are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, and — have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, and — found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and
44.	Herbaceous perennial plants,	to be identified. Without prejudice to the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers, originating in non-European countries A, Section I(27.1), (27.2), (28), (29), (32.1), (32.3) and (36.1), official statement that the plants:

- (a) originate in an area, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration',
- (b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of export by the national plant protection service in that country, as being free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the certificates referred to in

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Articles 7 or 8 of this Directive under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to export, or

(c) in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) has been found at the place of production, are held or produced in this place of production and have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) and subsequenty this place of production shall

consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating *Bemisia tabaci* Genn. (non-

have been found free from *Bemisia* tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) as a

European 42/EC (OLL 297, 18.11)

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the nine weeks prior to export and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. Details of the treatment shall be mentioned on the certificates referred to in Article 7 or 8 of this Directive.
45.2.	Cut flowers of Aster spp., Eryngium L., Gypsophila L., Hypericum L., Lisianthus L., Rosa L., Solidago L., Trachelium L., and leafy vegetables of Ocimum L., originating in non-European countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and leafy vegetables: — originate in a country free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations), or — immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations).]
[F3045.3.]	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw. intended for planting, other than seeds, originating in countries where Tomato yellow leaf curl virus is known to occur	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to plants listed in Annex III(A) (13) and Annex IV(A)(I) (25.5), (25.6) and 25.7 where appropriate
	(a) Where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. is not known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants
	(b) Where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants, and

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(b)	curl virus observed place of and the p producti been sub an appro- treatmer monitori	yellow leaf s have been d on the production place of on has pjectet to opriate at and ling regime
				e freedom misia tabaci
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direct p. 39).	Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, bulbs, tubers, corms and rhizomes, originating in countries where the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur.]	requirem the plant III(A)(1: (I)(25.5) (32.2), (: (44), [^{F22}	(25.6), (3 32.3), (35 (45),](45	icable to i Annex nex IV(A) 32.1), .1), (35.2), 5.1)[^{F1} ,

The relevant harmful organisms are: — Bean golden mosaic virus, — Cowpea mild mottle virus, — Lettuce infectious yellow virus, — Pepper mild tigré virus, — Squash leaf curl virus, — other viruses transmitted by Bemisia tabaci Genn.	(45.2) and (45.3)] where appropriate
(a) Where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are not known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation
(b) Where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non-European populations) or other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms are known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of the relevant harmful organisms have been orbserved on the plants during an adequate period, and (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms; or (b) the place of production has been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. and other vectors of the relevant harmful organisms on official inspections carried out at appropriate times; or

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		(c)	the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment aimed at eradicating <i>Bemisia</i> tabaci Genn.
47.	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	Official (a)	statement that: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni;
		(b)	the seeds, other than those seeds that have been producted on varieties resistant to all races of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni present in the area of production, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni.
48.	Seeds of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	seeds had by mear acid extequivale	statement that the ave been obtained as of an appropriate raction method or an ent method approved cordance with the re referred to in [18(2)], either the seeds originate in areas where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al., Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye and

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			Potato spindle
		(b)	tuber viroid are not known to occur; or no symptoms of diseases caused by those harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least those harmful organisms, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from those harmful organisms.
49.1.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Official s (a)	statement that: no symptoms Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or fumigation has taken place prior to
49.2.	Seeds of <i>Medicago</i>	Without	export. prejudice to the
	sativa L., originating in countries where Clavibacter	requirem	ents applicable to ted in Annex IV(A)
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Direc	etive as last amended by Commission Decis	_	· · · · · ·

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Davis et al. is known to occur that: (a) Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to
michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
insidiosus Davis et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
et al. has not been known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
known to occur on the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
the farm or in the immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
immediate vicinity since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
since the beginning of the past 10 years; (b) either — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
of the past 10 years; (b) either — the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
(b) either the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
— the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
belongs to a variety recognised as being highly
a variety recognised as being highly
recognised as being highly
as being highly
highly
Clavibacter
michiganensis
ssp.
insidiosus
Davis et
al.,
or
— it had not
yet started
its fourth
complete
cycle of
vegetation
from
sowing
when the
seed was
harvested and there
was not
more
than one
preceding
seed
harvest
from the
crop,
or
— the
content
of inert
matter

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

			which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for the certification of seed marketed in the Community, does not exceed 0,1 % by weight;
		(c) (d)	no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus Davis et al. have been observed at the place of production, or on any Medicago sativa L. crop adjacent to it, during the last complete cycle of vegetation or, where appropriate, the last two cycles of vegetation; the crop has been grown on land on which no previous Medicago sativa L. crop has been present during the
			last three years prior to sowing.
50.	Seeds of Oryza sativa L.	(a)	statement that: the seeds have been officially tested by appropriate nematological tests and have been found free from
a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Dire p. 39).	ctive as last amended by Commission Decis	sion 1999/74	2/EC (OJ L 29/, 18.11.1999,

		(b)	Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie; or the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie.
51.	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.	Official (a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Dye; or a representative sample of the seeds
			has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye in these tests.
52.	Seeds of Zea mais L.	Official (a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> (Smith) Dye; or
		(b)	a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Erwinia stewartii</i> (Smith) Dye in this test.
53.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , Secale and <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India[^{F32} , Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[^{F1} , South Africa and the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur.	the seeds area who Mitra is occur. The	statement that s originate in an ere <i>Tilletia indica</i> known not to he name of the area mentioned on the

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

		phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7.
54.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> , Secale and <i>X Triticosecale</i> from Afghanistan, India[F32, Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa] and the USA where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur.	Official statement that either, (i) the grain originates in an area where Tilletia indica Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area or areas shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7, under the rubric 'place of origin' or no symptoms of Tilletia indica Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before shipment and have been tested and found free from Tilletia indica Mitra in these tests; the latter shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate provided for in Article 7, in the rubric 'name of produce' as 'tested and found free from Tilletia indica Mitra'.

a OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2320/66. Directive as last amended by Commission Decision 1999/742/EC (OJ L 297, 18.11.1999, p. 39).

Editorial Information

X1 Substituted by Corrigendum to Council Directive 2000/29/EC of 8 May 2000 on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community (Official Journal of the European Union L 169 of 10 July 2000).

Textual Amendments

- **F29** Substituted by Commission Directive 2008/109/EC of 28 November 2008 amending Annex IV to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F30** Substituted by Commission Directive 2002/36/EC of 29 April 2002 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F31** Deleted by Commission Directive 2003/47/EC of 4 June 2003 amending Annexes II, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F32** Inserted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

Section II

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNTIY

Plants, plant products and other objects		Spec	ial requirements
[F26]			
2.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	(a)	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fimbriata</i> f.sp. <i>platani</i> Walter; or
		(b)	there shall be evidence by a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that is has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through

		an appropriate time/temperature schedule.
[F26]		
4.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Scrirrhia pini</i> Funk and Parker have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
5.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(4), where appropriate, official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
6.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora medusae</i> Thümen have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
7.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr or (b) no symptoms of
OLI 225 12 10 1070 ** 1 D. **	e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (C	Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last

			complete cycle of vegetation.
8.	Plants of <i>Platanus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official (a)	the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis fimbriata</i> f.sp. <i>platani</i> Walter or
		(b)	no symptoms of Ceratocystis fimbriata f.sp. platani Walter have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
9.	[F18Plants of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., intended for planting, other than seeds]	Official (a)	the plants originate in zones recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al</i> .[F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)]; or
		(b)	that the plants in the field of production and its immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms of d' <i>Erwinia</i> amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al., have beend rogued out.
10.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruit and seeds	Official (a)	statement that: the plants originate in areas known to be free from Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Petri), Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus

vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus (European strains); or (b) the plants derive from a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and Citrus vein enation woody gall, using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods, approved [F27in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and have been growing permanently in an insectproof glasshouse or in an isolated cage on which no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Pandri) Kanchaveli and Gikashvili, Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) and Citrus vein enation woody gall have been observed; or (c) the plants:

> have been derived from a certification

scheme

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requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected to official individual testing for, at least Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus (European strains), using appropriate indicators equivalent methods, approved [F27in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], and has been found in these tests, free from Citrus tristeza

virus (European strains), and certified free from at least Citrus tristeza virus (European strains) in official individuals tests carried out according to the methods mentioned in this indent, and have been inspected and no symptoms of Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al., Phoma tracheiphila (Pandri) Kanchaveli Gikashvili, and of Citrus vein enation woody gall and Citrus tristeza virus have been observed since the beginning of the last complete

			cycle of vegetation.
11.	Plants of Araceae, Marantaceae, Musaceae, Persea spp. and Strelitziaceae, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated	Official (a)	statement that: no contamination by Radopholus similis (Cobb) Thorne has been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(b)	soil and roots from suspected plants have been subjected since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation to official nematological testing for at least <i>Radopholus similis</i> (Cobb) Thorne and have been found, in these tests, free from that harmful organism.
12.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official (a)	statement that: the plants originate in areas known to be free from the relevant harmful organisms; or
		(b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant harmful organisms have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation. The relevant harmful organisms are:

1	1			
		_	on	
			Fragaria	t .
			L.:	
			_	Phytophthora
				fragariae
				Hickman
				var.
				fragariae
				Arabis
				mosaic
				virus
			_	Raspberry
				ringspot
				virus
			_	Strawberry
				crinkle
				virus
				Strawberry
				latent
				ringspot
				virus
			_	Strawberry
				mild
				yellow
				edge
				virus
			_	Tomato
				black
				ring
				virus
				Xanthomonas
				
				fragariae V annodu
				Kennedy
				and
			D	King
		_	on Pruni	iS
			L.:	
				Apricot
				chlorotic
				leafroll
				mycoplasm
			_	Xanthomonas
				campestris
				pv.
				pruni
				(Smith)
				Dye
		_	on Pruni	ıs
			persica	
			(L.)	
			Batsch:	
			Datiocii.	<u></u>

			Pseudomond syringae pv. persicae (Prunier et al.) Young et al., on Rubus L.: — Arabis mosaic virus — Raspberry ringspot virus — Strawberry latent ringspot virus — Tomato black
			ring virus.
13.	Plants of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., and <i>Pyrus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	in areas k be free fr decline m or (b) the plants place of p and in its vicinity, v shown sy giving ris the suspic contamin by Pear d mycoplas been rog that place the last th	cable to nex IV(A) tement that: s originate known to rom Pear nycoplasm; s at the production s immediate which have rmptoms se to cion of nation decline sm, have ued out at e within hree c cycles of

14.	Plants of <i>Fragaria</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	requirent the plant	the plan in areas to be free Aphelen	licable to n Annex icial ts originate known ee from
		(b)	Aphelen besseyi have be on the p place of since the of the la	
		(c)	in the ca in tissue plants h derived complyi section item or officiall by appro- nematol methods have be- found fr Aphelen	(b) of this have been y tested opriate ogical s and en ree from
15.	Plants of <i>Malus</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	requirent the plant	ts listed in (1)(9), office that: the plant in areas to be free	licable to n Annex cial ts originate known ee from roliferation
		(b)	(aa)	the plants, other than those raised

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from seed,
have been:
         either
         officially
         certified
         under
         certification
         scheme
         requiring
         them
         to
         be
         derived
         in
         direct
         line
         from
         material
         which
         has
         been
         maintained
         under
         appropriate
         conditions
         and
         subjected
         official
         testing
         for
         at
         least
         Apple
         proliferation
         mycoplasm
         using
         appropriate
         indicators
         equivalent
         methods
         and
         has
         been
         found,
         in
         these
         tests,
         free
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from

that harmful organism, or derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last six complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for, at least, Apple proliferation mycoplasm using appropriate indicators equivalent methods and has been found, in these

		tests, free from that harmful organism; (bb) no symptoms of diseases caused by Apple proliferation mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production, or on the susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of
16.	Plants of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds:	wegetation. Without prejudice to the requrements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A) (II)(12), official statement
	 Prunus amygdalus Batsch, Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., 	that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus; or (b) (aa) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: — either officially

or

	Prunus domestica	certified
	ssp. domestica L.,	under
	Prunus domestica	a
	ssp. insititia (L.)	certification
	C.K. Schneid,	scheme
	Prunus domestica	requiring
	ssp. italica (Borkh.)	them
	Hegi.,	to
	Prunus glandulosa	be
	Thunb.,	derived
—	Prunus holosericea	in
	Batal.,	direct
_	Prunus hortulana	line
	Bailey,	from
_	Prunus japonica	material
	Thunb.,	which
—	Prunus	has
	mandshurica	been
	(Maxim.) Koehne,	maintained
	Prunus maritima	under
	Marsh.,	appropriate
—	Prunus mume Sieb.	conditions
	and Zucc.,	and
—	Prunus nigra Ait.,	subjected
—	Prunus persica (L.)	to
	Batsch,	official
_	Prunus salicina L.,	testing
_	Prunus sibirica L.,	for,
_	Prunus simonii	at
	Carr.,	least,
—	Prunus spinosa L.,	plum
—	Prunus tomentosa	pox
	Thunb.,	virus
—	Prunus triloba	using .
	Lindl. other species	appropriate
	of Prunus L.	indicators
	susceptible to Plum	or
	pox virus	equivalent
		methods
		and
		has
		been
		found,
		in those
		these
		tests,
		free from
		that
		harmful
		organism,

_	derived in
	direct
	line
	from
	material
	which
	is
	maintained
	under
	appropriate conditions
	and
	has
	been
	subjected
	within
	the
	last
	three
	complete
	cycles
	of
	vegetation,
	at
	least
	once,
	to
	official
	testing for
	at
	least
	Plum
	pox
	virus
	using
	appropriate
	indicators
	for
	equivalent
	methods
	and
	has
	been
	found, in
	these
	tests,
	free
	from
	that

			harmful organism:
		(cc)	organism; no symptoms of disease caused by Plum pox virus have been observed on plants at the place of production or on the susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation; plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms of disease caused by other viruses or virus-like pathogens, have been
			rogued out.
17.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	Official statements symptoms of Graung Flavescence doré and <i>Xylophilus an</i> (Panagopoulos) Wet al. have been on the mother-sto	pevine e MLO <i>npelinus</i> Villems bserved
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive	e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (C	OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).	

		at the place of production since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation.
18.1.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., intended for planting	Official statement that: (a) the Community provisions to combat Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival have been complied with; and
		(b) either the tubers originate in an area known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. or the Community provisions to combat Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al. have been complied with; and
		(c) the tubers originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera</i> rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens; and
		(d) (aa) either, the tubers originate in areas in which Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is

known not to occur; or (bb) in areas where Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith, or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating Pseudomonas solanacearum (Smith) Smith;

and
either, the tubers
originate in areas in
which Meloidogyne
chitwoodi Golden et
al. (all populations)
and Meloidogyne
fallax Karssen
are known not to
occur, or in areas
where Meloidogyne
chitwoodi Golden et
al. (all populations)

and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen are known to occur: either. the tubers originate from a place of production which has been found free freom Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers after

harvest

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have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packgages or containers before marketing according to the provisions on closing in Council Directive 66/403/ EEC, and no symptoms of Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. (all

		populations) and Meloidogyne fallax Karssen have been found.
18.2.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., intended for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted in one or more Member States pursuant to Council Directive 70/457/EEC of 29 September 1970 on the common catalogue of varieties of agricultural plant species ^a	Without prejudice to the special requirements applicable to the tubers listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), official statement that the tubers: — belong to advanced selections such a statement being indicated in an appropriate way on the document accompanying the relevant tubers, — have been produced within the Community, and — have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected within the Community to official quarantine testing in accordance with appropriate methods and has been found, in these tests, free from harmful organisms.
18.3.	Plants of stolon or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in Annex IV(A) (II)(18.1) or (18.2), and other than culture maintenance	(a) The plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free of any harmful organisms in quarantine testing;

organisms;

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material being stored in (b) the quarantine gene banks or genetic stock testing referred to in collections (a) shall: (aa) be supervised by the official plant protection organisation of the Member State concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that organisation or of any officially approved body; (bb) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain harmful organisms and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading harmful

executed on each unit of the material, — by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any harmful organisms, — by testing, in accordance with appropriate methods	(cc)	be
on each unit of the material, — by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any harmful organisms, by testing, in accordance with appropriate methods		
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in the case of true seed potato of least for the viruses and viroid listed above; (dd) by appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		in order to identify the harmful organisms having caused such symptoms; (c) any material, which has not been found free, under the testing specified under (b) from harmful organisms as specified under (b) shall be immediately destroyed or subjected to procedures which eliminate the harmful organism(s); (d) each organisation or research body holding this material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.
18.4.	Plants of stolon, or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, intended for planting, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.
18.5.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.2), (18.3) or (18.4)	There shall be evidence by a registration number put on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded potatoes transported in bulk, on the vehicle transporting the potatoes, that the potatoes have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located

		indicatin are free f	ea of production, ag that the tubers from <i>Pseudomonas</i> from <i>Pseudomo</i>
18.6.	Plants of Solanaceae intended for planting, other than seeds and other than plants mentioned in Annex IV(A) (II)(18.4) or (18.5)	requirem the plant IV(A)(II (18.3), w	prejudice to the nents applicable to s, listed in Annex (18.1), (18.2) and where appropriate, statement that: the plants originate in areas known to be free from Potato stolbur mycoplasm; or
		(b)	no symptoms of Potato stolbur mycoplasm have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directiv	Plants of <i>Capsicum</i> annuum L., <i>Lycopersicum</i> lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (Co	requirem the plant V(A)(II) appropria that: (a)	prejudice to the nents applicable to is listed in Annex (18.6) where ate, official statement the plants originate in areas which have

		(b)	been found free from <i>Pseudomonas</i> solanacearum (Smith) Smith; or no symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas</i> solanacearum (Smith) Smith have been observed on the plants at place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
19.	Plants of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	symptom albo-atri Berthold dahliae I observed place of the begin	statement that no as of <i>Verticillium</i> was Reinke and and of <i>Verticillium</i> Klebahn have been on hops at the production since aning of the last e cycle of vegetation.
[F219.1.	Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: Brahea Mart., Butia Becc., Chamaerops L., Jubaea Kunth, Livistona R. Br., Phoenix L., Sabal Adans., Syagrus Mart., Trachycarpus H. Wendl., Trithrinax Mart., Washingtonia Raf.	Official splants: (a) (b)	have been grown throughout their life in an area free from Paysandisia archon (Burmeister), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or have, during a period of at least two years prior to movement, been grown in a place of production: which is registered and supervised

			by the responsible official body in the Member State of origin, and where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) or with application of appropriate preventive treatments, and where,
			during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, no signs of Paysandisia archon (Burmeister) have been observed.]
20. a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive	Plants of <i>Dendranthema</i> (DC) Des Moul., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit, ex Ait. intended for planting, other than seeds	or Spodo _l littoralis	that: of overpa (Hübner)] otera

		(b)	have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the said organisms.
21.1.	Plants of Dendranthema (DC) Des Moul. intended for planting, other than seeds	requirement the plant	prejudice to the lents applicable to s listed in Annex (20), official at that: the plants are no more than third generation stock derived from material which has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during virological tests, or are directly derived from material of which a representative sample of at least 10 % has been found to be free from Chrysanthemum stunt viroid during an official inspection carried out at the time of flowering; the plants or cuttings have come from premises: — which have been officially inspected at least monthly,

during the three months prior to dispatch and on which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been observed during that period, and in the immediate vicinity of which no symptoms of Puccinia horiana Hennings have been known to have occurred during the three months prior to marketing, or the consignment has undergone appropriate treatment against Puccinia horiana Hennings; in the case of unrooted cuttings no symptoms of Didymella ligulicola (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were

(c)

		observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings were derived, or that, in the case of rooted cuttings, no symptoms of <i>Didymella ligulicola</i> (Baker, Dimock and Davis) v. Arx were observed either on the cuttings or on the rooting bed.
21.2.	Plants of <i>Dianthus</i> L. intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(20), official statement that: — the plants have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have been found free from Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola (Hellmers) Dickey, Pseudomonas caryophylli (Burkholder) Starr and Burkholder and Phialophora cinerescens (Wollenw.) van Beyma on officially approved tests carried out at least once within the two previous years, no symptoms of the above harmful organisms have been observed on the plants.
22.	Bulbs of <i>Tulipa</i> L. and <i>Narcissus</i> L., other than those for which there shall be	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kühn) Filipjev have
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive	e as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (C	been observed on the plants J L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	or by other means, that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional cut-flower production	since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
[F3023.	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than: — bulbs, — corms, — plants of the family Gramineae, — rhizomes, — seeds, — tubers	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants in Annex IV, Part A, Section II(20), (21.1) or (21.2), official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess), or (b) either no signs of Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting,
		(c) immediately prior to marketing, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard) and

	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess).]
Plants with roots, planted or intended for planting, grown in the open air	There shall be evidence that the place of production is known to be free from Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Davis et al., Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens, Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens and Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilbersky) Percival.
Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from Beet leaf curl virus; or (b) Beet leaf curl virus has not been known to occur in the area of production and no symptoms of Beet leaf curl virus have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
Seeds of Helianthus annuus L.	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni; or (b) the seeds, other than those seeds that have been produced on varieties resistant to all races of Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berl. and de Toni
	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i>

			been sub to an app treatmer Plasmop halstedia	oropriate at against
26.1.	Plants of <i>Lycopersicon lycopersicum</i> (L.) Karsten ex Farw., intended for planting, other than seeds	requirements the plant listed in	Annex IV ad (23) of at that: the plant in areas to be fre	icable to appropriate, Y(a)(II) ficial as originate known e from yellow leaf
		(b)		yellow leaf s have been
			(aa)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn; or
			(bb)	the place of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. on official inspections carried out at least monthly during

		(c)	months prior to export; or no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the place of production and the place of production has been subjected to an appropriate treatment and monitoring regime to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn.
27.	Seeds of Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw.	seeds ha by mean acid extr equivale [F27 in acc	statement that the ve been obtained s of an appropriate raction method or an int method approved cordance with the re referred to in 8(2)]; either the seeds originate in areas where Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al. or Xanthomonas campestris pv. vesicatoria (Doidge) Dye are not known to occur; or
		(b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by those harmful organisms have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation; or

		(c)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for at least those harmful organisms, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, to be free from those harmful organisms.
28.1.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	Official: (a)	statement that: no symptoms of Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that no Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kühn) Filipjev has been revealed by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or that fumigation has
			taken place prior to marketing.
28.2.	Seeds of Medicago sativa L.	requirement the plant IV(A)(II statement (a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> spp. <i>insidiosus</i> Davis <i>et al.</i> ; or
		(b)	— Clavibacter michiganensis ssp.

	insidiosu	S
	Davis et	
	al. has	
	not been	
	known to	
	occur on	
	the farm	
	or in the	
	immedia	te
	vicinity	
	since the	
	beginnin	g
	of the pa	st
	10 years,	
	and	
	_	the
		crop
		belongs
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		a
		variety
		recognised
		as
		being
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		resistant
		to
		Clavibacter
		michiganensis
		ssp.
		insidiosus
		Davis
		et
		al.,
		or
		it
		had
		not
		yet
		started
		its
		fourth
		complete
		cycle
		of
		vegetation
		from
		sowing
		when
		the
		seed
		was

harvested, and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop, or the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for certification of seed was marketed in the Community, does not exceed 0,1 % by weight, — no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis ssp.				
and there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the crop, or — the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for certification of seed was marketed in the Community, does not exceed 0.1 0.1 % by weight, — no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis	1		ŀ	narvested
there was not more than one preceding seed harvest from the content of inert matter which has been determined in accordance with the rules applicable for certification of seed was marketed in the Community, does not exceed 0,1 % by weight, — no symptoms of Clavibacter michiganensis				
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29.	Seeds of <i>Phaseolus</i> L.	(a)	the seeds origin in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith Dye; or	
		(b)	a representative sample of the so has been tested	
a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).				

		and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> campestris pv. phaseoli (Smith) Dye in these tests.
30.1.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	The packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.

a OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

PART B

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH SHALL BE LAID DOWN BY ALL MEMBER STATES FOR THE INTORDUCTION AND MOVEMENT OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS INTO AND WITHIN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

Plants, plant	products and other objects	Special requirements	Protected zone(s)
1.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in [F33Annex IV(A) (I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), (1.7)], where appropriate: (a) the wood shall be stripped of its bark; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Dendroctor micans Kugelan; or	

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(Coniferales) to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in [F33 Annex IV(A) (I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), (1.7)], where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1), (a) the wood shall be a [F6]			(c) there shall be evidence by a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationall recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
a [^{F6}]	2.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in [F33 Annex IV(A) (I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), (1.7)], where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1), (a) the wood	EL, IRL, UK
b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.	a [F6]		Shan oc	
	b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3	3.		

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

c

	stripped of
	its bark;
	or
(1.)	
(b)	official
	statement
	that the
	wood
	originates in
	areas known
	to be free
	from <i>Ips</i>
	duplicatus
	G 1 11 1
	Sahlbergh;
	or
(c)	there shall
(-)	be evidence
	by a mark
	'Kiln-
	dried', 'KD'
	or another
	internationally
	recognised
	mark, put
	on the wood
	or on its
	packaging
	in
	accordance
	with current
	commercial
	usage,
	that it has
	undergone
	kiln-drying
	to below 20
	% moisture
	content,
	expressed as
	a percentage
	of dry
	matter, at
	time of
	manufacture,
	achieved
	through an
	appropriate
	time/
	tiffic/

 $a \qquad [^{F6}]$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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		temperature schedule.
3.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in [F33 Annex IV(A) (I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), (1.7)], where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1) and (2): (a) the wood shall be stripped of its bark; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips typographus Heer; or
		(c) there shall be evidence by a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that it has

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
4.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the wood listed in [F33Annex IV(A) (I)(1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), (1.7)], where appropriate, and Annex IV(B)(1), (2), (3): (a) the wood shall be stripped of its bark; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips amitinus Eichhof; or	
a [^{F6}]		(c) there shall be evidence by a mark	

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		'Kiln-	
		dried', 'KD'	
		or another	
		internationall	V
		recognised	
		mark, put	
		on the wood	
		or on its	
		packaging	
		in	
		accordance	
		with current	
		commercial	
		usage,	
		that it has	
		undergone	
		kiln-drying	
		to below 20	
		% moisture	
		content,	
		expressed as	
		a percentage	
		of dry matter, at	
		time of	
		manufacture,	
		achieved	
		through an	
		appropriate	
		time/	
		temperature	
		schedule.	
5.	Wood of conifers	Without prajudice	EI IDI IIV
J.	(Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the requirements	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland,
	(Coniferates)	applicable to the	Isle of Man)
		wood listed in	isic of ividity
		[F33Annex IV(A)	
		(I)(1.1), (1.2),	
		(1.3), (1.4), (1.5),	
		(1.6), (1.7), (1.6), (1.6), (1.7)], where	
		appropriate, and	
		Annex IV(B)(1), (2),	
		(3), (4):	
		(a) the wood	
		shall be	
		stripped of	
		its bark;	
a [F6]			

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27). c

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from *Ips* cembrae Heer; there shall (c) be evidence by a mark 'Kilndried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage, that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

6.	Wood of conifers (Coniferales)	to the red	prejudice quirements	[F8CY,]IRL, UK (Northern Ireland,
		applicable wood list		Isle of Man)
		[F33Anne		
		(I)(1.1),		
			4), (1.5),	
			7)], where	
		appropri		
		(3), (4), (4)	V(B)(1), (2), (5):	
		(a)	the wood	
			shall be	
			stripped of its bark;	
			or	
		(b)	official	
			statement	
			that the wood	
			originates in	
			areas known	
			to be free	
			from <i>Ips</i> sexdentatus	
			Börner;	
			or	
		(c)	there shall	
			be evidence by a mark	
			'Kiln-	
			dried', 'KD'	
			or another	
			internationall recognised	У
			mark, put	
			on the wood	
			or on its	
			packaging in	
			accordance	
			with current	
			commercial	
			usage, that it has	
			undergone	
- F6			kiln-drying	

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c

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Schedule.				to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature	
P236.3. Wood of Castanea Mill. Mill.	rF61			schedule.	
Wood of Castanea Mill. Wood of Castanea Mill. (a) The wood shall be bark-free or (Cz, [F24DK,][F22EL, (Crete, Lesvos)]RL, S, UK (except the Isle of Man)] (b) Official statement that the wood: (i) originates in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. or (ii) has undergone kiln-drying to bellow 20 %		-			
(b) Official statement that the wood: (i) originates in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. or (ii) has undergone killndarying to below 20 %			(a)	shall be	(Crete, Lesvos) JIRL,
%			(b)	Official statement that the wood: (i) originare knows to be free from Crypar (M Ban or (ii) has unce killed dry to below to below to below to below to the statement of the sta	of Man)] ginates as wn phonectria asitica urrill.) r. dergone
	a [F6]			%	

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

moisture content, expressed as percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'Kilndried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

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a \begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

7.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill.,	Without prejudice	[F10EL, IRL, UK
	Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10) and Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan.	(Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)]
8.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B)(7), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	EL, IRL, UK
9.	Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A., Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5) and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer.	IRL, UK
10.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A.	Without prejudice to the provisions	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK
T/			
a [^{F6}]			

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	Dietr., and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	
11.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), (10), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer.	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
12.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), (10), Annex IV(A)(II)(4), (5), and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), where appropriate, official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner.	IRL, [F8CY,] UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)

[F6]

- a [^{F6}]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

14.1.	Isolated bark of	[F26Without prejudice	[F10EL, IRL, UK
	conifers (Coniferales)	to the prohibitions	(Northern Ireland,
		applicable to the bark	Isle of Man and
		listed in Annex III(A)	Jersey)]
		(4),][^{F16} Official]	
		statement that the	
		consignment: (a) has been	
		(a) has been subjected to	
		fumigation	
		or other	
		appropriate	
		treatments	
		against bark	
		beetles;	
		or	
		(b) originates	
		in areas	
		known to be free from	
		Dendroctonu	C C
		micans	
		Kugelan.	
14.2	Isolated bark of	Without praindice	FI F (Corgica) IRI
14.2.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice	EL, F (Corsica), IRL,
14.2.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	to the provisions	EL, F (Corsica), IRL, UK
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment:	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to	, , , , ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in I ^{F26} Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation	, , , , ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in I ^{F26} Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other	, , , , ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate	, , , , ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in I ^{F26} Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in IF26Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26] Annex III(A)(4), [Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26] Annex III(A)(4), [Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i>	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in I ^{F26} Annex III(A)(4), JAnnex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from Ips amitinus	, ,
14.2.		to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26] Annex III(A)(4), [Annex IV(B)(14.1), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i>	, ,

a $\begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

14.3.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26 Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
		(b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> cembrae Heer.	
14.4.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26] Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;	EL, IRL, UK
		(b) or originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i>	

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		duplicatus Sahlberg.	
14.5.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26 Annex III(A)(4),] Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), (14.4), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from Ips sexdentatus Börner.	IRL,[F8CY,] UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man)
14.6.	Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales)	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the bark listed in [F26Annex III(A)(4),]Annex IV(B)(14.1), (14.2), (14.3), (14.4), (14.5), official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known	IRL, UK

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		to be free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> Heer.
[F20]		
[^{F6}]		
a [F6]	Isolated bark of Castanea Mill.	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) originates in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. or (b) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatment against Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr. to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18.2. There shall be evidence of the fumigation by indicating on the certificates referred to in Article 13.1.(ii),

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h)	
15.	Plants of <i>Larix</i> Mill., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (10), Annex IV(A) (II)(5) and Annex IV(B)(7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> (Klug.)	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
16.	Plants of <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Abies</i> Mill. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., intended for planting, other than seeds	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Annex III(A)(1), Annex IV(A)(I)(8.1), (8.2), (9), Annex IV(A)(II) (4) and Annex IV(B) (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (15), where appropriate, official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gremmeniella abiedina</i> (Lag.) Morelet.	IRL, UK (Northern Ireland)

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Die	nts of <i>Picea</i> A. tr., intended for nting, other than ds	to the pro applicabl plants lis III(A)(1) IV(A)(I)((10), And (II)(5) an IV(B)(7)	le to the ted in Annex , Annex (8.1), (8.2), nex IV(A) and Annex	EL, IRL, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
		statement plants had produced and that to of produce free from), (12),), official t that the eve been I in nurseries the place	
l'He	nts of Eucalyptus erit, other than t and seeds	Official s that: (a)	the plants are free from soil, and have been subjected to a treatment against Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.; or the plants originate in areas known to be free from Gonipterus scutellatus Gyll.	[F19EL, P (Azores)]
tube	pers of <i>Solanum</i> erosum L., nded for planting	to the pro		[F11[F12DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), [F13 LT,]UK (Northern Ireland)]
a [^{F6}]		I		/-

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(25.4), (2 Annex IV (18.1), (1 (18.4), (1	V(A)(I) 25.2), (25.3), 25.5), (25.6),	
[^{F30} 20.2.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> tuberosum L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(B)(20.1)	(a)	The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1 % by	[F11 [F12 DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores),[F13 LT,] UK (Northern Ireland)]]
a [F6] b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p.	3.		J	

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		weight of soil, or (b) the tubers are intended for processing at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV.	
20.3.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	Without prejudice to the requirements listed in Annex IV(A)(II)(18.1), (18.2), (18.5), official statement that provisions are complied with in respect of Globodera pallida (Stone) Behrens and Globodera rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens which are in accordance with tho1se laid down in Council Directive 69/465/EEC of 8 December 1969 on control of Potatoe Cyst Eelworm ^b .	[FIILV, SI, SK, FI]
[^{F11} 21.	Plants and live pollen for pollination of: Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles	Without prejudice to the prohibitions applicable to the plants listed in Annex	[F21]E, EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria,
a [^{F6}]	I	<u> - </u>	1, 2,

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., other than fruit and seeds	and IIIB(the plants originate in third countries recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or the plants originate in pest free areas in third countries which have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance	Campania, Emilia-Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the province of Mantua), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the province of Rovigo, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi in the province of Padova and the area situated to the south of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, IF22A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria and Vienna), IP, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška, Notranjska and Maribor), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč
		amylovora (Burr.)	Gorenjska, Koroška, Notranjska and Maribor), SK (except
		accordance with the	Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč (Dunajská Streda
		relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary	County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Veľké Ripňany
		Measures and recognised as such in	(Topol'čany County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov

a $\begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

c)	accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or [F21the plants originate in one of the following Cantons of Switzerland: Fribourg,	(Rožňava County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).]]
d)	Vaud, Valais, or] the plants originate in the protected zones listed in the right-hand	
e)	column, or the plants have been produced, or, if moved into a 'buffer zone', kept and maintained for a period of at least 7 months including the period 1 April to 31 October of the last complete cycle of vegetation,	

a [^{F6}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	located at least least linside the border of an officially designated 'buffer zone' of at least 50 km² where host plants are subject to an officially
	and supervised control regime established
	at the latest before the beginning
	of the complete cycle
	vegetation preceding the

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a [F6]
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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last complete cycle of vegetation, with the object of minimising the risk of Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. being spread from the plants grown there. Details of the description of this 'buffer zone' shall be kept available to the Commission and to other Member States. Once the

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a \begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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a \begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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a [F6]
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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surrounding
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Between 1 April
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2005, these
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within the protected
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a [F6]
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c

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		produced and maintained on fields located in officially designated 'buffer zones', according to the relevant requirements applicable before 1 April 2004.	
[^{F34}]			
[F8[F3521.1.	Plants of Vitis L., other than fruit and seeds	Without prejudice to the prohibition in Annex III Part A point 15, on introducing plants of Vitis L. other than fruits from third countries (except Switzerland) into the Community, official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area known to be free from Daktulosphai vitifoliae (Fitch); or (b) have been grown at a place of production which has been found free from Daktulosphai vitifoliae (Fitch) on official inspections carried out during the last two complete	
a [^{F6}]		complete	

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(c)	cycles of vegetation; or have been subject to fumigation or other appropriate treatment against Daktulosphai vitifoliae (Fitch).	ira
21.2.	Fruits of Vitis L.	free from	tatement that	
a [^{F6}]			subject to	

 $a \qquad [^{F6}]$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			fumigation or other appropriate treatment against Daktulosphai vitifoliae (Fitch).	ra
[F1121.3	From 15 March to 30 June, beehives	There sh document that the ba) b)	atted evidence beehives: originate in third countries recognised as being free from Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 18(2), or [F21 originate in one of the following Cantons of Switzerland: Fribourg, Vaud, Valais, or] originate in the protected zones listed in the right-hand column, or have	[F21]E, EE, F (Corsica), IRL, I (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Emilia- Romagna (the provinces of Parma and Piacenza), Friuli- Venezia Giulia, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the province of Mantua), Marche, Molise, Piedmont, Sardinia, Sicily, Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the province of Rovigo, the communes Castelbaldo, Barbona, Piacenza d'Adige, Vescovana, S. Urbano, Boara Pisani, Masi in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of highway A4 in the province of Verona)), LV, LT, [F22]A (Burgenland, Carinthia, Lower Austria, Tirol (administrative district Lienz), Styria and Vienna), JP, SI (except the regions Gorenjska, Koroška,
			undergone	Notranjska and

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			an appropriate quarantine measure before being moved.	Maribor), SK (except the communes of Blahová, Horné Mýto and Okoč (Dunajská Streda County), Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)), FI, UK (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Channel Islands).]]
[F3022.	Plants of Allium porrum L., Apium L., Beta L., other than those mentioned in Annex IV(B)(25) and those intended for animal fodder, Brassica napus L., Brassica rapa L., Daucus L., other than plants intended for planting	(a) (b)	The consignment or lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or the plants are intended for processing at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV.	[FII FI2 DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), [FI3 LT,]UK (Northern Ireland)]]

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

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23.	Plants of <i>Beta</i> vulgaris L., intended for planting, other than seeds	(a)	Without prejudice to the requirement applicable to the plan listed in	(Frenchi Frenchia)
			Annex IV(A)(I) (35.1), (35.2), Annex IV(A)(II) (25) and Annex	
			b	ave een fficially
			ii te a f fi fi	ndividually ested nd ound ree rom Beet
			y v v (ecrotic rellow ein irus BNYVV); r ave
			b g fi s c v tl	een rown rom eeds omplying vith
a ^{F6}				equirements isted n

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Annex IV(B) (27:1) and (27:2), and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV;					
IV(B) (27.11) and (27.2), and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the samplet tested and found free from BNYVV, and samplet tested and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV;			Aı	nnex	
(27.1) and (27.2), and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV, and smpled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV;					
and (27, 2), and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV, and found free from BNYVV, and sample tested and found free from BNYVV;			(2)	7 1	
(27,2), and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV; (b) the organisation					
and — grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free free from BNYVV;					
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in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free free from BNYVV;				-	grown
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and found free from BNYVV, and sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV;					methods
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			or research		

a $\begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		body holding the material shall inform their official Member State plant protection service of the material held.	
[F3024.1.	Unrooted cuttings of Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(45.1), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the unrooted cuttings originate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), or (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced at	IRL, P ([F7Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste (communes of Alcobaça, Alenquer, Bombarral, Cadaval, Caldas da Rainha, Lourinhã, Nazaré, Obidos, Peniche and Torres Vedras) and Trás-os-Montes), FI, S, UK

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(c)

the place of production on official inspections carried out at least each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants on this place of production, or in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced in this place of production have undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci

Genn.

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement.	
a [F6]	Plants of Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., intended for planting, other than: — seeds, — those for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, those specified in 24.1	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(45.1), where appropriate official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), or (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) habe been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks	IRL, P (Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste (communes of Alcobaça, Alenquer, Bombarral, Cadaval, Caldas da Rainha, Lourinhã, Nazaré, Obidos, Peniche and Torres Vedras) and Trás-os-Montes), FI, S, UK

a [^{F6}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

prior to marketing, or (c) in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced in this place of production have undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the

implementation

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement, and evidence is available that the plants have been produced from

a [^{F6}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(d)

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

cuttings	
which:	
(da)	originate
	in
	an
	area
	known
	to be
	free
	from
	Bemisia
	tabaci
	Genn.
	(European
	populations),
	or
(db)	have
	been
	grown
	at
	a
	place
	of
	production
	where
	no signs
	of
	Bemisia
	tabaci
	Genn.
	(European
	populations)
	have
	been
	observed
	on
	official
	inspections
	carried out
	at
	least
	once
	each
	three
	weeks

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a [F6]
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

	during the whole production period of these plants, or
(de)	in cases where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced in this place of production having undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to

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a [F6]
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		the above movement.	
24.3.	Plants of <i>Begonia</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants of <i>Ficus</i> L. and <i>Hibiscus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds, other than those for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower development or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production	Without prejudice to the requirements applicable to the plants listed in Annex IV(A)(I)(45.1), where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants orginate in an area known to be free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) or (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed on plants at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing, or (c) in cases where Bemisia	IRL, P (Azores, Beira Interior, Beira Litoral, Entre Douro e Minho, Madeira, Ribatejo e Oeste (communes of Alcobaça, Alenquer, Bombarral, Cadaval, Caldas da Rainha, Lourinhã, Nazaré, Obidos, Peniche and Torres Vedras) and Trás-os-Montes]), FI, S, UK]
		tabaci Genn.	

a $\begin{bmatrix} F^6 \end{bmatrix}$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

(European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced in this place of production have undergone appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn.

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(European			
		populations), in both official			
		inspections			
		carried out weekly			
		during the			
		three weeks			
		prior to the			
		movement from this			
		place of			
		production			
		and in			
		monitoring			
		procedures throughout			
		the said			
		period.			
		The last			
		inspection of the above			
		weekly			
		inspections			
		shall be			
		carried out immediately			
		prior to			
		the above			
		movement.			
[^{F5}]					
[F3025.	Plants of Beta	Official statement	[^{F11} [^{F12} DK,]F		
	vulgaris L., intended for industrial	that:	(Britanny), FI, IRL, P		
	processing	(a) the plants are	(Azores), [F13 LT,]UK		
	processing	transported	(Northern Ireland)]]		
		in such a			
		manner as to ensure			
		that there is			
		no risk of			
		spreading			
		BNYVV, and are			
		intended			
a [^{F6}]					
b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.					
c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 229	00/66. Directive as last amended	by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25,	1.2.1999, p. 27).		

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		(b)	to be delivered to a processing plant with officially approved waste disposal facilities, which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV, or the plants have been grown in an area where BNYVV is	
			known not to occur.	
[^{F30} 26.	Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.)		statement or waste: has been treated to eliminate contaminatio with BNYVV, or	[F ¹¹ [F ¹² DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), [F ¹³ LT,]UK (Northern Ireland)]]
		(b)	is intended to be transported for disposal in an officially approved manner, or	
a [^{F6}]		(c)	comes from Beta vulgaris plants grown in an area where	

a [16]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		BNYVV is known not to occur.	
27.1.	Seeds and fodder beet seed of the species Beta vulgaris L.	the con laid dow in Art (15) (2) of Directors	vn icle) ective 400/ C,

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			is
			intended
			for
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			to
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			Beet
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			(BNYVV);
	(c)	the seed	
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		area whe	re
		BNYVV	
		אאזאים	15

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- **d** OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

			own not occur.	
27.2.	Vegetable seed of the species Beta vulgaris L.	see con mo 0,5 wei iner in t of p see star sha mer pel (b) in t of r pro	ions of ective of 29 970 eting seed ^d , table, ment occased dontains no ore than % by ight of rt matter, the case pelleted do this indard all be to prior to leting; or the case non-occased do the discontain such a second a secon	cially ked n nner ure

 $a \qquad [^{F6}]$

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

[F6]

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

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approved
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spread
of
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(BNYVV);
or
(c) the seed
has been
produced
from a crop
grown in an
 <i>O</i> - · · · · ·

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		area where BNYVV is known not to occur.	
28.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	Official statement that: (a) the seed has been aciddelinted, and (b) no symptoms of Glomerella gossypii Edgerton have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and that a representativ sample has been found free from Glomerella gossypii Edgerton in those tests.	
28.1.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	Official statement that the seed has been acid-delinted.	EL, E (Andalucia, Catalonia, Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
29.	Seeds of Mangifera spp.	Official statement that the seeds originate in areas known to be free	E (Granada and Malaga), P (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)

a [F6]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		from <i>Sternochetus</i> mangiferae Fabricius.	
30.	Used agricultural machinery	(a) [F30The machinery shall be cleaned and free from soil and plant debris when brought in on places of production where beets are grown, or (b) the machinery shall come from an area where BNYVV is known not to occur]	[F11] F12DK,]F (Britanny), FI, IRL, P (Azores), [F13 LT,]UK (Northern Ireland)]
[F1031.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids originating in E, F (except Corsica), CY and I	Without prejudice to the requirement in Annex IV Part A Section II point 30.1 that packaging should bear an origin mark: (a) the fruits shall be free from leaves and peduncles; or (b) in the case of fruits with leaves or peduncles, official statement that the fruits are packed	[F21EL, F (Corsica), M, P (except Madeira)]]

a [^{F6}]

b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

 $c \qquad \text{OJ } 125,\,11.7.1966,\,p.\,\,2290/66.\,\, \text{Directive as last amended by Directive } 98/96/EC\,\,(\text{OJ L }25,\,1.2.1999,\,p.\,\,27).$

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

		in closed containers which have been officially sealed and shall rema sealed during the transport through a protected zone, recognised for these fruits, and shall bear distinguish mark to be reported on the passport.	in ir l a aning
[F2532.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds.	Without prejudice to the provisions applicable to the plants listed in Anna III(A)(15), IVA(II)1 and IVB21.1, official statement that: (a) the plants originate and have been grown in a place of production in a country where Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO is not known to occur; or (b) the plants originate and have been grown been grown the plants originate and have been grown	n of a sy ee ot

OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

MLO have been observed on the mother- stock plants since the beginning of the last two complete cycles of vegetation; and (bb) either (i) no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO
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a \begin{bmatrix} F6 \end{bmatrix}
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b OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.

c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

ANNEX III PART B
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	of at least 50 °C for 45 minutes in order to eliminate the presence of Grapevine flavescence
	Grapevine flavescence dorée MLO.

- a [F6]
- **b** OJ L 323, 24.12.1969, p. 3.
- c OJ 125, 11.7.1966, p. 2290/66. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).
- d OJ L 225, 12.10.1970, p. 7. Directive as last amended by Directive 98/96/EC (OJ L 25, 1.2.1999, p. 27).

Textual Amendments

- **F33** Substituted by Commission Directive 2009/118/EC of 9 September 2009 amending Annexes II to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F34** Deleted by Commission Directive 2004/31/EC of 17 March 2004 amending Annexes I, II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- **F35** Inserted by Commission Directive 2005/16/EC of 2 March 2005 amending Annexes I to V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

ANNEX V

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS WHICH MUST BE SUBJECT TO A PLANT HEALTH INSPECTION (AT THE PLACE OF PRODUCTION IF ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNITY, BEFORE BEING MOVED WITHIN THE COMMUNITY — IN THE COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

OR THE CONSIGNOR COUNTRY, IF ORIGINATING OUTSIDE THE COMMUNITY) BEFORE BEING PERMITTED TO ENTER THE COMMUNITY

PART A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN THE COMMUNITY

- I. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for the entire Community and which must be accompanied by a plant passport
- 1. Plants and plant products
- 1.1. [F18Plants, intended for planting, other than seeds, of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Prunus L., other than Prunus laurocerasus L. and Prunus lusitanica L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.]
- 1.2. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L. and *Humulus lupulus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds
- 1.3. Plants of stolon- or tuber-forming species of *Solanum* L. or their hybrids, intended for planting.
- 1.4. Plants of *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids and *Vitis* L., other than fruit and seeds.
- 1.5. Without prejudice to point 1.6, plants of *Citrus* L. and their hybrids other than fruit and seeds.
- 1.6. Fruits of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf. and their hybrids with leaves and peduncles.
- 1.7. [F16Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87 of 23 July 1987 on the tariff and statistical nomenclature and on the Common Customs Tariff⁽¹⁾:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
[F33ex 4401 30 80]	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms

4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404 20 00	Non-coniferous split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of non- coniferous wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm.]

1.8. $\begin{bmatrix} F26 \\ \dots \end{bmatrix}$

- 2. Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products.
- 2.1. Plants intended for planting other than seeds of the genera Abies Mill., Apium graveolens L., Argyranthemum spp., Aster spp., Brassica spp., Castanea Mill., Cucumis spp., Dendranthema (DC) Des Moul., Dianthus L. and hybrids Exacum spp., Fragaria L., Gerbera Cass., Gypsophila L., all varieties of New Guinea hybrids of Impatiens L., Lactuca spp., Larix Mill., Leucanthemum L., Lupinus L., Pelargonium l'Hérit. ex Ait., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L., Platanus L., Populus L., Prunus laurocerasus L., Prunus lusitanica L., Pseudotsuga Carr., Quercus L., Rubus L., Spinacia L., Tanacetum L., Tsuga Carr. [F30,] Verbena L. [F1 and other plants of herbaceous species, other than plants of the family Gramineae, intended for planting, and other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds and tubers]
- 2.2. Plants of *Solanaceae*, other than those referred to in point 1.3 intended for planting, other than seeds.

- 2.3. Plants of *Araceae*, *Marantaceae*, *Musaceae*, *Persea* spp. and *Strelitziaceae*, rooted or with growing medium attached or associated.
- 2.3.1. [F2Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: *Brahea* Mart., *Butia* Becc., *Chamaerops* L., *Jubaea* Kunth, *Livistona* R. Br., *Phoenix* L., *Sabal* Adans., *Syagrus* Mart., *Trachycarpus* H. Wendl., *Trithrinax* Mart., *Washingtonia* Raf.]
- 2.4. [F10]Seeds and bulbs of *Allium ascalonicum* L., *Allium cepa* L. and *Allium schoenoprasum* L. intended for planting and plants of *Allium porrum* L. intended for planting,
 - Seeds of *Medicago sativa* L.,
 - [F36Seeds of Helianthus annuus L., Lycopersicon lycopersicum (L.) Karsten ex Farw. and Phaseolus L.]]
- 3. Bulbs and corms intended for planting, produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products of *Camassia* Lindl., *Chionodoxa* Boiss., *Crocus flavus* Weston 'Golden Yellow', *Galanthus* L., *Galtonia candicans* (Baker) Decne., miniature cultivars and their hybrids of the genus *Gladiolus* Tourn. ex L., such as *Gladiolus callianthus* Marais, *Gladiolus colvillei* Sweet, *Gladiolus nanus* hort., *Gladiolus ramosus* hort. and *Gladiolus tubergenii* hort., *Hyacinthus* L., *Iris* L., *Ismene* Herbert, *Muscari* Miller, *Narcissus* L., *Orinthogalum* L., *Puschkinia* Adams, *Scilla* L. *Tigridia* Juss. and *Tulipa* L.

Textual Amendments

- F36 Substituted by Commission Directive 2005/77/EC of 11 November 2005 amending Annex V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.
- II. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for certain protected zones, and which must be accompanied by a plant passport valid for the appropriate zone when introduced into or moved within that zone

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in Part I.

- 1. Plants, plant products and other objects.
- 1.1. Plants of *Albies Mill.*, *Larix Mill.*, *Picea A. Dietr.*, *Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr.*
- 1.2. Plants intended for planting, other than seeds, of *Populus* L. and *Beta vulgaris* L.
- 1.3. [F18]F37Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Eucalyptus L'Herit., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L. and Vitis L.]

- 1.4. Live pollen for pollination of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.]
- 1.5. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L., intended for planting.
- 1.6. [F30Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for industrial processing.]
- 1.7. [F30 Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.)]
- 1.8. Seeds of *Beta vulgaris* L., *Dolichos* Jacq., *Gossypium* spp. and *Phaseolus vulgaris* L.
- 1.9. Fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton[^{F8}, fruits of *Vitis* L.]
- 1.10. [F16Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from
 - conifers (Coniferales), excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
ex 4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood,

	or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles: piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed, but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm.]

- 1.11. [F16Isolated bark of *Castanea* Mill, and conifers (Coniferales).]
- 2. Plants, plant products and other objects produced by producers whose production and sale is authorised to persons professionally engaged in plant production, other than those plants, plant products and other objects which are prepared and ready for sale to the final consumer, and for which it is ensured by the responsible official bodies of the Member States, that the production thereof is clearly separate from that of other products.
- 2.1. [F30Plants of *Begonia* L., intended for planting, other than corms, seeds, tubers, and plants of *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd., *Ficus* L. and *Hibiscus* L., intended for planting, other than seeds.]

Textual Amendments

F37 Substituted by Commission Directive 2007/41/EC of 28 June 2007 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

PART B

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS ORIGINATING IN TERRITORIES, OTHER THAN THOSE TERRITORIES REFERRED TO IN PART A

I. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for the entire Community

- 1. Plants, intended for planting, other than seeds but including seeds of *Cruciferae Gramineae*, *Trifolium* spp., originating in Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay, *genera Triticum*, *Secale* and *X Triticosecale* from Afghanistan, India[F32, Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[F38, South Africa] and the USA. *Capsicum* spp. *Helianthus annuus* L., *Lycopersicon lycopersicum* (L.) Karsten ex Farw., *Medicago sativa* L., *Prunus* L., *Rubus* L., *Oryza* spp., *Zea mais* L., *Allium ascalonicum* L., *Allium cepa* L., *Allium porrum* L., *Allium schoenoprasum* L. and *Phaseolus* L.
- 2. Parts of plants, other than fruits and seeds of:
 - I^{F19}Castanea Mill., Dendranthema (DC) Des. Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L., Pelargonium l'Herit. ex Ait, Phoenix spp., Populus L., Quercus L., Solidago L. and cut flowers of Orchidaceae,
 - conifers (*Coniferales*),
 - f^{F16}Acer saccharum Marsh., originating in the USA and Canada,]
 - Prunus L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Cut flowers of Aster spp., Eryngium L., Hypericum L., Lisianthus L., Rosa
 L. and Trachelium L., originating in non-European countries,
 - Leafy vegetables of *Apium graveolens* L. and *Ocimum* L.]
- 3. Fruits of:
 - Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., and their hybrids[FI, Momordica L. and Solanum melongena L.],
 - Annona L., Cydonia Mill., Diospyros L., Malus Mill., Mangifera L., Passiflora L., Prunus L., Psidium L., Pyrus L., Ribes L. Syzygium Gaertn., and Vaccinium L., originating in non-European countries.
- 4. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L.
- 5. Isolated bark of:
 - [F16conifers (Coniferales), originating in non-European countries.]
 - Acer saccharum Marsh, Populus L., and Quercus L. other than Quercus suber L.
 - [F2Fraxinus L., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch., Ulmus parvifolia Jacq. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA.]
- 6. [F16Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:
 - (a) has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material defined in Annex IV, Part A, Section I, Point 2:
 - Quercus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA, except wood which meets the description referred to in (b) of CN code 4416 00 00 and where there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes,
 - *Platanus*, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA or Armenia,

- *Populus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in countries of the American continent,
- Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in the USA and Canada,
- Conifers (Coniferales), including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in non-European countries, Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey[F3,]
- *J^{F2}Fraxinus* L., *Juglans mandshurica* Maxim., *Ulmus davidiana* Planch., *Ulmus parvifolia* Jacq. and *Pterocarya rhoifolia* Siebold & Zucc., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, originating in Canada, China, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and USA;

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
[^{F33} ex 4401 30 40	Sawdust, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms]
[F33ex 4401 30 80]	Other wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4403 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, whether or not stripped of bark of sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter

	44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4407 91	Oak wood (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
[^{F3} ex 4407 93	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4407 95	Wood of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.) sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.) or ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm]
4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood

	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves
9406 00 20	Prefabricated buildings of wood.]

- 7. (a) Soil and growing medium as such, which consists in whole or in part of soil or solid organic substances such as parts of plants, humus including peat or bark, other than that composed entirely of peat.
 - (b) Soil and growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, consisting in whole or in part of material specified in (a) or consisting in part of any solid inorganic substance, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, originating in:
 - [F30]F31Cyprus, Malta, [Turkey,
 - Belarus, [F14Estonia,]Georgia, [F14Latvia, Lithuania,]Moldova, Russia, Ukraine,
 - non-European countries, other than Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Tunisia.]
- 8. Grain of the genera *Triticum, Secale* and *X Triticosecale* originating in Afghanistan, India[F32, Iran], Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan[F38, South Africa] and the USA.

Textual Amendments

F38 Inserted by Commission Directive 2003/22/EC of 24 March 2003 amending certain Annexes to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

II. Plants, plant products and other objects which are potential carriers of harmful organisms of relevance for certain protected zones

Without prejudice to the plants, plant products and other objects listed in I.

[F30Plants of Beta vulgaris L., intended for industrial processing.]

[F30]Soil from beet and unsterilised waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.).]

[F18Live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.

Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds, of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.]

Seeds of *Dolichos* Jacq., *Magnifera* spp., *Beta vulgaris* L. and *Phaseolus vulgaris* L. Seeds and fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton.

[F8Fruits of Vitis L.]

[F16Wood within the meaning of the first subparagraph of Article 2(2), where it:

(a) has been obtained in whole or part from conifers (Coniferales), excluding wood which is bark-free originating in European third countries, and *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free

and

(b) meets one of the following descriptions laid down in Annex I, Part two to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 10 00	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 30	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms
ex 4403 10 00	Wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 20	Coniferous wood in the rough, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood or roughly squared
ex 4403 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, not treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407 10	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter

	44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
4415	Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood
9406 00 20	Prefabricated buildings of wood.]

Parts of plants of Eucalyptus l'Hérit.

[F23] Isolated bark of conifers (Coniferales) originating in European third countries.]

ANNEX VI

PLANTS AND PLANT PRODUCTS TO WHICH SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS MAY BE APPLIED

- 1. Cereals and their derivatives.
- 2. Dried leguminous plants.
- 3. Manioc tubers and their derivatives.
- 4. Residues from the production of vegetable oils.

ANNEX VII

MODEL CERTIFICATES

The following model certificates are determined with regard to:

- the text,
- the format,
- the layout and the dimensions of the boxes,
- the colour of the paper and the colour of the printing⁽²⁾.
- A. Model phytosanitary certificate

1 Name and address of exporter	2	
L	PHYTOSANITARY	CERTIFICATE
, .		CENTIFICATE
	No EC / /	
4		
	<u> </u>	
3 Declared name and address of consignee	4 Plant protection organisation of	
	to plant protection organisation(s) of	
	5 Place of origin	
<u> </u>	*.	
6 Declared means of conveyance		
	-	
	-	* .
, , ,]	
7 Declared point of entry		
8 Distinguishing marks: number and description of packages; name of produce;		9 Quantity declared
botanical name of plants		,
		4
* * *		
· ·		
		
10 This is to certify that the plants or plant products described above:		
 have been inspected according to appropriate procedures, and 		
 are considered to be free from quarantine pests, and practically free from oth 		
 are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the in 	porting country	
11 Additional declaration		
	to the second se	
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREATMENT	T	·
	Place of issue	
12 Treatment	1	
	Date	
40 Chambel (asker benedles)	Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 Duration and temperature	authorised officer	
45.0	l	
15 Concentration 16 Date		
47 Additional information		
17 Additional information	1	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

[F27B. Model phytosanitary certificate for re-export]

1 Name and address of exporter		2	,
		PHYTOSANITARY	CERTIFICATE
, ,			CERTIFICATE
		No EC / /	
3 Declared name and address of consignee		4 Plant protection organisation of	
because name and address of consigner		Trant protection organisation of	
*	,	-	
		to plant protection organisation(s) of	
		5 Place of origin	
•		3 Flace of origin	
		*.	
6 Declared means of conveyance		,	
* ,			*
7 Declared point of entry		*,	
Equipment and I		,	
	9		,
8 Distinguishing marks: number and description	of packages; name of produce;		9 Quantity declared
botanical name of plants	,		
			*
*			
			* .
		*	
		•	
10 This is to certify that the plants or plant produc	cts described above:)
 have been inspected according to appropri 			
 are considered to be free from quarantine 			
 are considered to conform with the current 	t phytosanitary regulations of the im	porting country	
11 Additional declaration			, ,
. Podiadrial decidiation			
		94	
DISINFESTATION AND/OR DISINFECTION TREAT	TMENT	Diago of ignue	5.9
12 Treatment		Place of issue	
i		Date	
		Name and signature of	Stamp of organisation
13 Chemical (active ingredient) 14 D	Duration and temperature	authorised officer	
15 Concentration	16 Date		
17 Additional information		* ,	

C. Explanatory notes

1. Box 2

The reference number on the certificates is composed of:

- 'EC',
- Member State initial(s),
- identification mark for the individual certificate, consisting of numbers or a combination of letters and numbers, the letters representing the province, district, etc. of the Member State concerned, where the certificate is issued.
- 2. Unnumbered box

This Box is reserved for official use only.

- 3 Box 8
- 'Description of packages' means indication of the type of packages.
- 4. Box 9

The quantity shall be expressed either by number or weight.

5. Box 11

If there is insufficient space for the whole of the additional declaration, the text is to be continued on the back of the form.

ANNEX VIII

PART A

REPEALED DIRECTIVE AND ITS SUCCESSIVE AMENDMENTS

(as referred to in Article 27)

Council Directive 77/93/EEC (OJ L 26, 31.1.1977, p. 20)	with the exception of Article 19
Council Directive 80/392/EEC (OJ L 100, 17.4.1980, p. 32)	
Council Directive 80/393/EEC (OJ L 100, 17.4.1980, p. 35)	
Council Directive 81/7/EEC (OJ L 14, 16.1.1981, p. 23)	
Council Directive 84/378/EEC (OJ L 207, 2.8.1984, p. 1)	
Council Directive 85/173/EEC (OJ L 65, 6.3.1985, p. 23)	
Council Directive 85/574/EEC (OJ L 372, 31.12.1985, p. 25)	
Commission Directive 86/545/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 14)	

Commission Directive 86/546/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 16)	
Commission Directive 86/547/EEC (OJ L 323, 18.11.1986, p. 21)	
Council Directive 86/651/EEC (OJ L 382, 31.12.1986, p. 13)	
Council Directive 87/298/EEC (OJ L 151, 11.6.1987, p. 1)	
Commission Directive 88/271/EEC (OJ L 116, 4.5.1988, p. 13)	
Commission Directive 88/272/EEC (OJ L 116, 4.5.1988, p. 19)	
Commission Directive 88/430/EEC (OJ L 208, 2.8.1988, p. 36)	
Council Directive 88/572/EEC (OJ L 313, 19.11.1988, p. 39)	
Council Directive 89/359/EEC (OJ L 153, 16.6.1989, p. 28)	
Council Directive 89/439/EEC (OJ L 212, 22.7.1989, p. 106)	
Council Directive 90/168/EEC (OJ L 92, 7.4.1990, p. 49)	
Commission Directive 90/490/EEC (OJ L 271, 3.10.1990, p. 28)	
Commission Directive 90/506/EEC (OJ L 282, 13.10.1990, p. 67)	
Council Directive 90/654/EEC (OJ L 353, 17.12.1990, p. 48)	only concerns Annex I, point 2
Commission Directive 91/27/EEC (OJ L 16, 22.1.1991, p. 29)	
Council Directive 91/683/EEC (OJ L 376, 31.12.1991, p. 29)	
Commission Directive 92/10/EEC (OJ L 70, 17.3.1992, p. 27)	
Council Directive 92/98/EEC (OJ L 352, 2.12.1992, p. 1)	
Council Directive 92/103/EEC (OJ L 363, 11.12.1992, p. 1)	
Council Directive 93/19/EEC (OJ L 96, 22.4.1993, p. 33)	

Commission Directive 93/110/EC (OJ L 303, 10.12.1993, p. 19)	
Council Directive 94/13/EC (OJ L 92, 9.4.1994, p. 27)	
Commission Directive 95/4/EC (OJ L 44, 28.2.1995, p. 56)	
Commission Directive 95/41/EC (OJ L 182, 2.8.1995, p. 17)	
Commission Directive 95/66/EC (OJ L 308, 21.12.1995, p. 77)	
Commission Directive 96/14/EC (OJ L 68, 19.3.1996, p. 24)	
Commission Directive 96/78/EC (OJ L 321, 12.12.1996, p. 20)	
Council Directive 97/3/EC (OJ L 27, 30.1.1997, p. 30)	
Commission Directive 97/14/EC (OJ L 87, 2.4.1997, p. 17)	
Commission Directive 98/1/EC (OJ L 15, 21.1.1998, p. 26)	
Commission Directive 98/2/EC (OJ L 15, 21.1.1998, p. 34)	
Commission Directive 1999/53/EC (OJ L 142, 5.6.1999, p. 29)	

PART B **DEADLINES FOR TRANSPOSITION AND/OR IMPLEMENTATION**

Directive	Deadline for transposition	Deadline for implementation
77/93/EEC	23.12.1980 (Article 11(3)) ^{abcd} 1.5.1980 (other provisions) ^{abcd}	
80/392/EEC	1.5.1980	
80/393/EEC	1.1.1983 (Article 4(11)) 1.5.1980 (other provisions)	
81/7/EEC	1.1.1981 (Article 1(1)) 1.1.1983 (Article 1(2a), (3a), (3b), (4a), (4b)) 1.1.1983 ^e (other provisions)	
84/378/EEC	1.7.1985	

85/173/EEC		1.1.1983
85/574/EEC	1.1.1987	
86/545/EEC	1.1.1987	
86/546/EEC		
86/547/EEC		applicable until 31.12.1989
86/651/EEC	1.3.1987	
87/298/EEC	1.7.1987	
88/271/EEC	1.1.1989 ^f	
88/272/EEC		applicable until 31.12.1989
88/430/EEC	1.1.1989	
88/572/EEC	1.1.1989	
89/359/EEC		
89/439/EEC	1.1.1990	
90/168/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/490/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/506/EEC	1.1.1991	
90/654/EEC		
91/27/EEC	1.4.1991	
91/683/EEC	1.6.1993	
92/10/EEC	30.6.1992	
92/98/EEC	16.5.1993	
92/103/EEC	16.5.1993	
93/19/EEC	1.6.1993	
93/110/EC	15.12.1993	
94/13/EC	1.1.1995	
95/4/EC	1.4.1995	
95/41/EC	1.7.1995	
95/66/EC	1.1.1996	
96/14/EC	1.4.1996	
96/78/EC	1.1.1997	
97/3/EC	1.4.1998	
97/14/EC	1.5.1997	
98/1/EC	1.5.1998	
98/2/EC	1.5.1998	

Status: EU Directives are being published on this site to aid cross referencing from UK legislation. After IP completion day (31 December 2020 11pm) no further amendments will be applied to this version.

1999/53/EC	15.7.1999	

- a In accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 19, Member States may be authorised, on request, to comply with certain of the provisions of this Directive by a date later than 1 May 1980, but not later than 1 January 1981.
- **b** For Greece: 1 January 1985 (Article 11(3)) and 1 March 1985 (other provisions).
- c For Spain and Portugal: 1 March 1987.
- **d** Within the limits of the traditional trade flows and in response to the production needs of undertakings in the former German Democratic Republic, German was authorised, at its own request and [F27 in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 18(2)], to comply with Article 4(1), Article 5(1) and the relevant provisions of Article 13 in respect of the territory of the former German Democratic Republic at a date later than 1 May 1980, but not later than 31 December 1992.
- e At the request of the protected Member States.
- f 31 March 1989 with regard to the obligations of Article 1(3) (a) (plants of *Juniperus*), in accordance with Directive 89/83/ EEC, amending Directive 88/271/EEC.

[F39ANNEX VIIIa

Textual Amendments

F39 Inserted by Council Directive 2002/89/EC of 28 November 2002 amending Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.

The standard fee referred to in Article 13d(2) shall be set at the following levels:

(in EUR)

Item		Quantity	Price
(a)	for documentary checks	Per consignment	7
(b)	for identity checks	Per consignment	
(0)	for identity enecks	 up to a size of a truck load, a railway wagon load or the load of a container of comparable size 	7
		bigger than the above size	14
(c)	for plant health checks, in accordance with the following specifications:		

	Per consignment	
 cuttings, seedlings (except forestry reproductive material), young plants of strawberries or of vegetables 	— up to 10 000 in number	17,5
	— for each additional 1 000 units	0,7
	— maximum price	140
shrubs, trees (other	Per consignment	
than cut Christmas trees), other woody nursery plants	— up to 1 000 in number	17,5
including forest reproductive material (other than	— for each additional 100 units	0,44
seed)	— maximum price	140
bulbs, corms,	Per consignment	
rhizomes, tubers, intended for planting (other than tubers of potatoes)	— up to 200 kg of weight	17,5
	— for each additional 10 kg	0,16
	— maximum price	140
seeds tissue	Per consignment	
seeds, tissue cultures	— up to 100 kg of weight	7,5
	— for each additional 10 kg	0,175
	— maximum price	140
other plants	Per consignment	
intended for planting, not specified elsewhere in this table	— up to 5 000 in number	17,5
	— for each additional 100 units	0,18
	— maximum price	140
— cut flowers	Per consignment	

	17.5
— up to 20 000 in number	17,5
— for each additional 1 000 units	0,14
— maximum price	140
Per consignment	
— up to 100 kg of weight	17,5
— for each additional 100 kg	1,75
— maximum price	140
Per consignment	
— up to 1 000 in number	17,5
— for each additional 100 units	1,75
— maximum price	140
Per consignment	
— up to 100 kg of weight	17,5
— for each additional 10 kg	1,75
— maximum price	140
Per consignment	
— up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
— for each additional 1 000 kg	0,7
Per lot	
— up to 25 000 kg of weight	52,5
	maximum price Per consignment up to 100 kg of weight for each additional 100 kg maximum price Per consignment up to 1 000 in number up to 1 000 in number for each additional 100 units maximum price Per consignment up to 100 kg of weight up to 100 kg of weight for each additional 100 kg maximum price Per consignment up to 100 kg of weight maximum price Per consignment up to 25 000 kg of weight for each additional 1 000 kg Per lot up to 25 000 kg of

			for each additional 25 000 kg	52,5
wood (other than		Per consignment		
_	wood (other than bark)	_	up to 100 m ³ of volume	17,5
		_	for each additional m ³	0,175
	soil and growing	Per cons	signment	
	medium, bark	_	up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
			for each additional 1 000 kg	0,7
		_	maximum price	140
	grain	Per cons	signment	
	gram	_	up to 25 000 kg of weight	17,5
		_	for each additional1 000 kg	0,7
			maximum price	700
_	other plants or plant products not specified elsewhere in this table	Per cons	signment	17,5

Where a consignment does not consist exclusively of products coming under the description of the relevant indent, those parts thereof consisting of products coming under the description of the relevant indent (lot or lots) shall be treated as separate consignment.]

ANNEX IX

CORRELATION TABLE

D	irective 77/93/EEC	This Directive
a	Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.	
b	Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.	

Article 1(1)	Article 1(1), 1st subparagraph	
Article 1(2)	Article 1(3)	
Article 1(3)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (b)	
Article 1(3a)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (c)	
Article 1(4)	Article 1(2)	
Article 1(5)	Article 1(1), 2nd subparagraph, (a)	
Article 1(6)	Article 1(4)	
Article 1(7)	Article 1(5)	
Article 1(8)	Article 1(6)	
Article 2(1)(a)	Article 2(1)(a)	
Article 2(1)(b)	Article 2(1)(b)	
Article 2(1)(c)	Article 2(1)(c)	
Article 2(1)(d)	Article 2(1)(d)	
Article 2(1)(e)	Article 2(1)(e)	
Article 2(1)(f)	Article 2(1)(f)	
Article 2(1)(g)(a)	Article 2(1)(g)(i)	
Article 2(1)(g)(b)	Article 2(1)(g)(ii)	
Article 2(1)(h)	Article 2(1)(h)	
Article 2(1)(i)	Article 2(1)(i)	
Article 2(2)	Article 2(2)	
Article 3 (1) to (6)	Article 3 (1) to (6)	
Article 3(7)(a)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph	
Article 3(7)(a)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (a)	
Article 3(7)(b)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (b)	
Article 3(7)(c)	Article 3(7), 1st subparagraph, (c)	
Article 3(7)(d)	Article 3(7), 2nd subparagraph	
Article 3(7)(e)	Article 3(7), 3rd subparagraph	
Article 3(7)(f)	Article 3(7), 4th subparagraph	
Article 4(1)	Article 4(1)	
Article 4(2)(a)	Article 4(2)	
Article 4(2)(b)	_	
Article 4 (3), (4) and (5)	Article 4 (3), (4) and (5)	
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.		
b Article 3 of Directive 97/3/EC.		

1st subparagraph		
2nd subparagraph		
3rd subparagraph		
to (5)		
1st subparagraph		
2nd subparagraph		
3rd subparagraph		
- Sta suoparagraph		
1st subnavagraph		
1st subparagraph		
2nd subparagraph		
1st subparagraph		
2nd subparagraph		
), 1st subparagraph		
), 2nd subparagraph		
), 3rd subparagraph		
a Article 2 of Directive 97/3/EC.		

Article 10(3)	Article 10(3)	
Article 10(4)	Article 10(4)	
Article 10(5)	_	
Article 10a	Article 11	
Article 11(1)	_	
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- (1) [F16 OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1558/2004 (OJ L 283, 2.9.2004, p. 7).]
- (2) [The colour of the paper shall be white. The colour of the printing shall be green for phytosanitary certificates and brown for reforwarding phytosanitary certificates.]

Textual Amendments

F16 Substituted by Commission Directive 2004/102/EC of 5 October 2004 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Council Directive 2000/29/EC on protective measures against the introduction into the Community of organisms harmful to plants or plant products and against their spread within the Community.