Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

ANNEX V

DEFINITIONS

An active electrical energy meter is a device which measures the active electrical energy consumed in a circuit.

Ι	=	the electrical current flowing through the meter;
In	=	the specified reference current for which the transformer operated meter has been designed;
I _{st}	=	the lowest declared value of I at which the meter registers active electrical energy at unity power factor (polyphase meters with balanced load);
I _{min}	=	the value of I above which the error lies within maximum permissible errors (MPEs) (polyphase meters with balanced load);
I _{tr}	=	the value of I above which the error lies within the smallest MPE corresponding to the class index of the meter;
I _{max}	=	the maximum value of I for which the error lies within the MPEs;
U	=	the voltage of the electricity supplied to the meter;
Un	=	the specified reference voltage;
f	=	the frequency of the voltage supplied to the meter;
f _n	=	the specified reference frequency;
PF	=	power factor = $\cos \varphi$ = the cosine of the phase difference φ between I and U.