

This document is meant purely as a documentation tool and the institutions do not assume any liability for its contents

► B

**Council Regulation (EEC) No 2455/92  
of 23 July 1992  
concerning the export and import of certain dangerous chemicals**

(OJ L 251, 29.8.1992, p. 13)

Amended by:

	Official Journal		
	No	page	date
► <u>M1</u> Commission Regulation (EC) No 41/94 of 11 January 1994	L 8	1	12.1.1994
► <u>M2</u> Council Regulation (EC) No 3135/94 of 15 December 1994	L 332	1	22.12.1994
► <u>M3</u> Commission Regulation (EC) No 1492/96 of 26 July 1996	L 189	19	30.7.1996
► <u>M4</u> Commission Regulation (EC) No 1237/97 of 27 June 1997	L 173	37	1.7.1997
► <u>M5</u> Commission Regulation (EC) No 2247/98 of 13 October 1998	L 282	12	20.10.1998



**Council Regulation (EEC) No 2455/92  
of 23 July 1992**

**concerning the export and import of certain dangerous chemicals**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 130s thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission<sup>(1)</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament<sup>(2)</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee<sup>(3)</sup>,

Whereas Regulation (EEC) No 1734/88<sup>(4)</sup> concerns exports and imports of certain dangerous chemicals;

Whereas an amendment to Regulation (EEC) No 1734/88 is necessary to implement the 'prior informed consent' (PIC) procedure;

Whereas, on the occasion of this amendment, Regulation (EEC) No 1734/88 is to be replaced by this Regulation;

Whereas certain provisions of Community legislation, and in particular Directives 76/769/EEC<sup>(5)</sup> and 79/117/EEC<sup>(6)</sup> restrict the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances and preparations and prohibit the placing on the market and use of plant protection products containing certain active substances in the Member States; whereas these provisions do not apply to such products when intended for export to third countries;

Whereas Directive 67/548/EEC<sup>(7)</sup> specifies the requirements for packaging and labelling of dangerous chemicals when they are intended for export to third countries; whereas it is necessary to ensure that the rules applicable within the Community for the packaging and labelling of dangerous chemicals should apply to such chemicals when intended for export;

Whereas international trade in certain chemicals which are banned or severely restricted in countries of export has caused international concern on the grounds of the protection of man and the environment;

Whereas measures are necessary for the protection of man and the environment, in both the Community and third countries;

Whereas schemes for notification, information and PIC concerning international trade in such substances have been set up within the framework of international organizations, namely the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO);

Whereas the Community and its Member States have actively participated in the work of these and of other international organizations relating to banned and severely restricted substances; whereas it is appropriate that the Community acts upon the results of this work through uniform Community procedures;

Whereas the exports of chemicals to which this Regulation applies should be made subject to a common notification procedure which

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No C 17, 25. 1. 1991, p. 16.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No C 305, 25. 11. 1991, p. 112.

<sup>(3)</sup> OJ No C 191, 22. 7. 1991, p. 17.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 155, 22. 6. 1988, p. 2.

<sup>(5)</sup> OJ No L 262, 27. 9. 1976, p. 201. Directive as last amended by Directive 91/339/EEC (OJ No L 186, 12. 7. 1991, p. 64).

<sup>(6)</sup> OJ No L 33, 8. 2. 1979, p. 36. Directive as last amended by Directive 91/188/EEC (OJ No L 92, 13. 4. 1991, p. 42).

<sup>(7)</sup> OJ No L 196, 16. 8. 1967, p. 1. Directive as last amended by Directive 79/831/EEC (OJ No L 259, 15. 10. 1979, p. 10).

**▼B**

would permit the Community to notify third countries with regard to such exports;

Whereas it is necessary to inform all the Member States of notifications received from third countries with regard to imports of substances banned or severely restricted under the legislation of those countries;

Whereas the common notification procedures should also provide a basis for an appropriate exchange of information within the Community, including information on the implementation of the international notification scheme;

Whereas, to this end, the Commission will report to the European Parliament and the Council and at regular intervals, in particular on any possible reaction from the country of destination;

Whereas Resolution 88/C 170/1<sup>(1)</sup> invited the Commission to submit proposals for adapting Regulation No 1734/88 with a view to introducing a PIC scheme similar to that established by the UNEP and the FAO;

Whereas it is right that citizens of the Member States should receive no less protection than that afforded to the citizens of other importing countries participating in the international PIC scheme;

Whereas a single contact point for Community interaction with the international PIC scheme is desirable in order to coordinate and disseminate information;

Whereas it is desirable to establish common conditions for the import and export of substances covered by the PIC scheme;

Whereas Annex 1 lists the chemicals banned or severely restricted in the Community and whereas this list should be subject to review at intervals, and amendment, as necessary; whereas any such amendment to Annex I should be made on the basis of proposals from the Commission and should be the subject of a decision by the Council by a qualified majority,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

*Article 1*

**Objectives**

1. The purpose of this Regulation is to establish a common system of notification and information for imports from and exports to third countries of certain chemicals which are banned or severely restricted on account of their effects on human health and the environment and to apply the international notification and 'prior informed consent' (PIC) procedure established by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)<sup>(2)</sup>.
2. The purpose of this Regulation is also to ensure that the provisions of Directive 67/548/EEC on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances dangerous to man or the environment when they are placed on the market in the Member States shall also apply to such substances when they are exported from the Member States to third countries.
3. This Regulation does not apply to substances or preparations imported or exported for the purposes of analysis or scientific research and development as defined in Article 2, where the quantities involved are sufficiently small that they are unlikely to affect human health or the environment adversely.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No C 170, 29. 6. 1988, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> London Guidelines for the Exchange of Information on Chemicals in International Trade, Decision 14/27 of the Governing Council of UNEP of 17 June 1987 as amended in May 1989; FAO International Code of Conduct on the Distribution and Use of Pesticides, Rome 1986, as amended in November 1989.

▼B*Article 2***Definitions**

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

1. '*chemical subject to notification*' means any of the chemical substances listed in Annex I and preparations containing any of these chemicals if the preparation has a labelling obligation under Community legislation as a result of the presence of the Annex I chemical;
2. '*chemical subject to the PIC procedure*' means each chemical listed in Annex II, whether by itself or in preparations, whether manufactured or obtained from nature, unless its concentration in a preparation is insufficient for a labelling requirement under Community legislation.
3. '*banned chemical*' means a chemical which has, for health or environmental reasons, been prohibited for all uses by final governmental regulatory action;
4. '*severely restricted chemical*' means a chemical for which, for health or environmental reasons, virtually all uses have been prohibited by final governmental regulatory action but for which certain specific uses remain authorized;
5. '*export*' means
  - (a) the permanent or temporary export of products meeting the conditions of Article 9 (2) of the Treaty,
  - (b) the re-export of products not meeting the conditions referred to in (a) which are placed under a customs procedure other than transit procedure;
6. '*import*' means the physical introduction into the customs territory of the Community of products which are placed under a customs procedure other than transit procedure;
7. '*prior informed consent*' (*PIC*) means the principle that international shipment of a chemical which is banned or severely restricted in order to protect human health or the environment should not proceed without the agreement, where such agreement exists, or contrary to the decision of the designated national authority of the importing country;
8. '*reference number*' means the number assigned by the Commission to each chemical subject to notification when it is exported for the first time to a third country. This number remains unchanged for every subsequent export of the same chemical from the Community to the same third country;
9. '*labelling*' means the provision on a label of information related to the potential hazard to health, safety or the environment from use of the chemical. It does not refer to labelling requirements for the transport of dangerous goods.
10. '*scientific research and development*' means scientific experimentation, analysis or chemical research carried out under controlled conditions; it includes the determination of intrinsic properties, performance and efficacy as well as scientific investigation related to product development.

*Article 3***Designation of authorities**

1. Each Member State shall designate the authority or authorities, hereinafter referred to as the 'designated authority' or 'designated authorities', competent for the notification and information procedures laid down by this Regulation. It shall inform the Commission of such designation.
2. As far as the participation of the Community in the international PIC procedure is concerned, the Commission shall act as common designated authority with regard to receiving information from the

▼B

competent bodies dealing with the international PIC procedure and for providing information to these bodies on common decisions which have been taken in close cooperation and consultation with the Member States in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.

*Article 4***Exports to third countries**

1. When a chemical subject to notification is due to be exported from the Community to a third country for the first time following the date as of which it becomes subject to the provisions of this Regulation, the exporter shall provide the designated authority of the Member State in which he is established, no later than 30 days before the export is due to take place, with the information contained in Annex III necessary to enable the designated authority to effect a notification. The designated authority shall take the necessary measures to ensure that the appropriate authorities of the country of destination receive notification of the intended export. Such notification, which shall as far as possible be made at least 15 days before export, must comply with the requirements set out in Annex III.

Where the export of a chemical relates to an emergency situation in which any delay may endanger public health or the environment in the importing country, the provisions referred to above may be waived wholly or partly at the discretion of the designated authority of the exporting Member State.

The designated authority shall send a copy of the notification to the Commission, which shall forward it to the designated authorities of the other Member States and to the International Register of Potentially Toxic Chemicals (IRPTC).

The Commission shall assign a reference number to each notification received and communicate it immediately to the designated authorities of the Member States. It shall periodically publish a list of these reference numbers in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, stating the chemical concerned and the third country of destination. Until a relevant reference number is published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, the exporter shall assume that such an export has not previously taken place unless he can obtain from the designated authority of the Member State in which he is established the relevant reference number previously assigned by the Commission.

2. The designated authority of the relevant Member State shall inform the Commission as soon as possible of any significant reaction from the country of destination. The Commission shall ensure that the other Member States are informed as soon as possible of that country's reaction.

3. For every subsequent export of the chemical concerned from the Community to the same third country, the exporter shall ensure that the export is accompanied by reference to the number of the notification either published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* or obtained by it from the designated authority of the Member State in which he is established pursuant to the fourth subparagraph of paragraph 1.

4. New notification according to paragraph 1 must be given for exports which take place subsequent to major changes to Community legislation concerning the marketing and use or labelling of the substances in question or whenever the composition of the preparation in question changes to such an extent that the labelling of such preparation is altered. The new notification must comply with the requirements set out in Annex III and must indicate that it is a revision of a previous notification. Information to the effect that a new notification is needed shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

The Commission shall send new notifications to the designated national authorities of countries which have received notification of the export

**▼B**

from the Community of the substance or preparation in question in the six months prior to the relevant changes to Community legislation.

5. As regards the transmission of information within the meaning of paragraph 1, the Member States and the Commission shall take account of the need to protect the confidentiality of data and ownership in both the Member States and the countries of destination.

The following shall not be regarded as confidential:

- the names of the substance;
- the names of the preparation;
- the names of substances in Annex I contained in the preparation and their percentage in the preparation;
- the names of the main impurities in the substances in Annex I;
- the name of the manufacturer or exporter;
- information on the precautions to be taken, including the category of danger, the nature of the risk and the relevant warnings;
- physico-chemical data concerning the substances;
- the summary results of the toxicological and ecotoxicological tests;
- the possible ways of rendering the substance harmless;
- the information contained in the safety data sheet;
- the country of destination.

*Article 5*

**Participation in the international notification and ‘prior informed consent’ (PIC) procedure**

1. The Commission shall notify the competent bodies dealing with the international PIC procedure of the chemicals which are banned or severely restricted in the Community (Annex I). It shall provide all relevant information, especially on the identity of the chemicals, their dangerous properties, Community labelling requirements and necessary precautionary measures. It shall also identify the relevant control actions and the reasons for them.

2. The Commission shall forward forthwith to the Member States information which it receives regarding chemicals subject to the PIC procedure and the decisions of third countries regarding the imposition of bans or import conditions on these chemicals. The Commission shall evaluate in close cooperation with the Member States the risks posed by the chemicals. The Commission shall take its decision, including interim decisions, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 21 of Directive 67/548/EEC. It shall then inform the IRPTC whether import into the Community of each of the chemicals is allowed, prohibited or restricted.

When such a decision is taken, the following principles shall be observed:

- (a) in the case of a substance or preparation banned by Community legislation: import consent for the banned use shall be refused;
- (b) in the case of a substance or preparation severely restricted by Community legislation: import consent shall be subject to conditions; the appropriate conditions shall be decided on a case by case basis;
- (c) in the case of a substance or preparation not banned or severely restricted by Community legislation: import consent shall not normally be refused; however, if the Commission, in consultation with Member States, considers that a proposal should be made to the Council to ban or severely restrict a substance or preparation not produced in the Community, interim import conditions, set on a case by case basis, may be imposed until the Council has taken a decision on the proposed severe restriction or permanent ban.

In the case of a substance or preparation banned or severely restricted by legislation of one or more Member State, the Commission shall, at the written request of the Member State concerned, prepare its decision on

**▼B**

the reply to be made to the IRPTC, taking into consideration that Member State's bans or severe restrictions.

The Commission shall, whenever practicable, make use of existing Community procedures and shall ensure that the response does not conflict with existing Community legislation.

3. Annex II shall comprise the following:

- (a) the international list of banned and severely restricted chemicals subject to the PIC procedure established by the UNEP and FAO;
- (b) a list of the countries participating in the PIC scheme;
- and
- (c) the decisions of these countries (including the Community Member States) regarding the import of the chemicals listed in (a) above.

The Commission shall immediately notify the Member States of information which it receives regarding changes to the above. It shall periodically publish these changes in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

4. The exporter shall be required to comply with the decision of the country of destination participating in the PIC procedure.

5. If a participating importing country does not make a response or responds with an interim decision which does not address importation, the status quo with respect to imports of the chemical should continue. This means that the chemical should not be exported without the explicit consent of the importing country, unless it is a pesticide which is registered in the importing country or is a chemical the use or importation of which has been allowed by other action of the importing country.

#### *Article 6*

#### **Infringements**

Member States shall take appropriate legal or administrative action in the event of infringement of the provisions of this Regulation.

#### *Article 7*

#### **Packaging and labelling**

1. Dangerous chemicals which are intended for export shall be subject to the measures on packaging and labelling established pursuant to Directive 67/548/EEC or, as appropriate, of other Directives covering dangerous preparations<sup>(1)</sup> as are applicable in the Member State from which the goods are to be exported or in which they have been produced. This obligation shall be without prejudice to any specific requirements of the importing third country. The label need comply with the requirements of the importing third country only if such requirements ensure that the label has all the health, safety and environment-related information which Community use would require.

2. The information on the label shall as far as practicable be given in the language(s), or in one or more of the principal languages, of the country of destination or of the area of intended use.

#### *Article 8*

#### **Notification from third countries**

1. Where the designated authority of a Member State receives a notification from the competent authority of a third country concerning the export to the Community of a chemical the manufacture, use,

<sup>(1)</sup> Directive 78/631/EEC (OJ No L 206, 29. 7. 1978, p. 13), as last amended by Directive 84/299/EEC (OJ No L 144, 30. 5. 1984, p. 1).  
Directive 88/379/EEC (OJ No L 187, 16. 7. 1988, p. 14), as last amended by Directive 90/492/EEC (OJ No L 275, 5. 10. 1990, p. 35).

**▼B**

handling, consumption, transport and/or sale of which is subject to prohibition or substantial legal restriction under that country's legislation, it shall send forthwith to the Commission a copy of that notification, together with all relevant information.

2. The Commission shall forward forthwith to the Member States any notification received either directly or indirectly, together with all available information.

3. The Commission shall periodically evaluate the information received via the Member States or directly from third countries and, if necessary, submit appropriate proposals to the Council.

*Article 9***Exchange of information and monitoring**

1. Member States shall regularly forward to the Commission information on the operation of the notification system provided for in this Regulation.

2. The Commission shall regularly compile a report on the basis of the information provided by the Member States and forward it to the European Parliament and the Council. This report shall consist of, *inter alia*, information on participation in international notification and PIC systems on the cover provided by such systems and on how they are complied with by third countries.

3. As regards the information supplied pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2, the Member States and the Commission shall take account of the need to protect the confidentiality of data and ownership.

*Article 10*

If a Member State applies, with respect to substances other than those in Annex I, a national system using similar information procedures in respect of third countries to those laid down in this Regulation, it shall inform the Commission thereof, specifying the substances concerned.

The Commission shall forward this information to the Member States.

*Article 11***Updating of Annexes**

1. The list of chemicals in Annex I shall be reviewed by the Commission at regular intervals, particularly in the light of experience gained in implementing this Regulation, with special regard to information received pursuant to Article 10, and on the basis of developments in Community legislation concerning marketing and use and of developments within the framework of the OECD, the UNEP and the FAO. The list shall be amended as necessary by decisions taken by the Council by qualified majority on a proposal from the Commission.

In determining whether regulatory action qualifies as a ban or severe restriction, the effect of the action on any one of three major use categories must be considered. These categories are:

- (a) plant protection products;
- (b) industrial chemicals;
- (c) consumer product chemicals

If, for health or environmental reasons, the control action bans or severely restricts the use of a chemical in any one of these categories of use, it will be included in Annex I.

2. Amendments initiated by the UNEP and the FAO to the list of chemicals subject to the international PIC procedure and to the PIC decisions of importing countries (Annex II) shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 21 of Directive 67/548/EEC.



**▼B**

3. The amendments required for adapting Annex III to scientific and technical progress shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 21 of Directive 67/548/EEC.

*Article 12*

1. Regulation (EEC) No 1734/88 is hereby repealed.
2. References to Regulation (EEC) No 1734/88 shall be construed as references to this Regulation.

*Article 13*

This Regulation shall enter into force three months from the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

## ▼M2

## ANNEX I

Chemical	CAS No (°)	EINECS No (°)	Use category (°)	Use limitation (°)
1. Mercuric oxide	21908-53-2	244-654-7	p	b
2. Mercurous chloride (calomel)	10112-91-1	233-307-5	p	b
3. Other inorganic mercury compounds			p	b
4. Alkyl mercury compounds			p	b
5. Alkoxyalkyl and aryl mercury compounds			p	b
6. Aldrin	309-00-2	206-215-8	p	b
7. Chlordane	57-74-9	200-349-0	p	b
8. Dieldrin	60-57-1	200-484-5	p	b
9. DDT	50-29-3	200-024-3	p	b
10. Endrin	72-20-8	200-775-7	p	b
11. HCH containing less than 99,0 % of the gamma isomer	608-73-1	210-168-9	p	b
12. Heptachlor	76-44-8	200-962-3	p	b
13. Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	204-273-9	p	b
14. Camphechlor (toxaphene)	8001-35-2	232-283-3	p	b
15. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), except mono- and dichlorinated biphenyls	1336-36-3	215-648-1	i	b
16. Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)	61788-33-8	262-968-2	i	b
17. Preparations with a PCB or PCT content higher than 0,005 % by weight			i	b
18. Tris (2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	204-799-9	i	sr
19. Tris-aziridinyl-phosphin oxide	545-55-1	208-892-5	i	sr
20. Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)			i	sr
21. Asbestos fibres:				
Crocidolite	12001-28-4		i	b
Amosite	12172-73-5		i	b
Anthophyllite	77536-67-5		i	b
Actinolite	77536-66-4		i	b
Tremolite	77536-68-6		i	b
22. Nitrofen	1836-75-5	217-406-0	p	b
23. 1,2 Dibromoethane	106-93-4	203-444-5	p	b
24. 1,2 Dichloroethane	107-06-2	203-458-1	p	b
25. Pentachlorophenol and its salts and esters	87-86-5	201-778-6	i	sr
26. Ugilec 121			i	b
27. Ugilec 141	76253-60-6	278-404-3	i	sr
28. DBBT	99688-47-8		i	b
29. Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	200-849-9	p	b
30. Dinoseb, its acetate and salts	88-85-7	201-861-7	p	b
31. Binapacryl	485-31-4	207-612-9	p	b
32. Capadafol	2425-06-1	219-363-3	p	b
33. Dicofol containing < 78 %, p,p'-dicofol or >1 g/kg of DDT and DDT related compounds	115-32-2	204-082-0	p	b
34. (a) Maleic hydrazide, and its salts, other than its choline, potassium and sodium salts;	123-33-1	204-619-9	p	b
(b) Choline, potassium and sodium salts of maleic hydrazide containing more than 1 mg/Kg of free hydrazine expressed on the basis of the acid equivalent				

▼ **M2**

Chemical	CAS No <sup>(a)</sup>	EINECS No <sup>(b)</sup>	Use category <sup>(c)</sup>	Use limitation <sup>(d)</sup>
35. Quintozene containing more than 1 g/Kg of hexachlorobenzene or > 10 g/Kg of pentachlorobenzene	82-68-8	201-435-0	p	b
36. 2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	202-080-4	i	sr
37. Benzidine	92-87-5	202-199-1	i	sr
38. 4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	202-204-7	i	sr
39. 4-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	202-177-1	i	sr

<sup>(a)</sup> CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service.

<sup>(b)</sup> EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

<sup>(c)</sup> Use category:

p: plant protection product

i: industrial chemical

<sup>(d)</sup> Use limitation:

sr: severe restriction

b: ban

## ▼M5

## ANNEX II

**The information contained in this Annex is based on the PIC Circular VI, July 1997 and on the update of PIC Circular VI, January 1998**

1. *List of chemicals subject to the international PIC procedure*

The following chemicals have been introduced in the PIC procedure following control actions reported by participating countries.

For Group I reported control actions refer to pesticide use (as defined by the FAO/UNEP). For Group II, reported control actions refer to industrial use.

Decisions Guidance Documents (DGDs) have been prepared by UNEP/FAO (IRPTC) to help countries to make import decisions concerning those chemicals. Nevertheless, DGD is not the only information taken into account by countries when they take their import decision.

Therefore, the import decision does not necessarily refer to the uses mentioned in the DGD.

Since the update of PIC Circular VI and PIC Circular VII were distributed, the following new substances were introduced to the PIC procedure: Captafol, Chlorobenzilate, Hexachlorobenzene, Lindane, Methamidophos, Methyl Parathion, Monocrotophos, Parathion, Phosphamidon, Pentachlorophenol and 2,4,5-T.

GROUP I		
Aldrin	CAS No 309-00-2	EC No 206-215-8
Captafol	CAS No 2425-06-1	EC No 219-363-3
Chlordane	CAS No 57-74-9	EC No 200-349-0
Chlordimeform	CAS No 6164-98-3	EC No 228-200-5
Chlorobenzilate	CAS No 510-15-6	EC No 208-110-2
DDT	CAS No 50-29-3	EC No 200-024-3
Dieldrin	CAS No 60-57-1	EC No 200-484-5
Dinoseb and dinoseb salts	CAS No 88-85-7	EC No 201-861-7
EDB (1,2-dibromoethane)	CAS No 106-93-4	EC No 203-444-5
Fluoroacetamide	CAS No 640-19-7	EC No 211-363-1
HCH (mixed isomers)	CAS No 608-73-1	EC No 210-168-9
Heptachlor	CAS No 76-44-8	EC No 200-962-3
Hexachlorobenzene	CAS No 118-74-1	EC No 204-273-9
Lindane	CAS No 58-89-9	EC No 200-401-2
Mercury compounds such as:		
— Mercuric oxide	CAS No 21908-53-2	EC No 244-654-7
— Mercurous chloride (Calomel)	CAS No 10112-91-1	EC No 233-307-5
— Other inorganic mercury compounds		
— Alkyl-mercury compounds		
— Alkoxy-alkyl and aryl-mercury compounds		
Methamidophos	CAS No 10265-92-6	EC No 233-606-0
Methyl Parathion	CAS No 298-00-0	EC No 206-050-1
Monocrotophos	CAS No 6923-22-4	EC No 230-042-7
Parathion	CAS No 56-38-2	EC No 200-271-7
Phosphamidon	CAS No 13171-21-6/ 23783-98-4/297-99-4	EC No 236-116-5
Pentachlorophenol	CAS No 87-86-5	EC No 201-778-6
2,4,5-T	CAS No 93-76-5	EC No 202-273-3

▼ **M5**

GROUP II		
Crocidolite	CAS No 12001-28-4	EC No 310-127-6
Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBBs)	CAS No 36355-01-8, 27858-07-7, 13654- 09-6	EC No 252-994-2, 248-696-7, 237-137-2
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) except mono and dichlorinated biphenyls	CAS No 1336-36-3	EC No 215-648-1
Polychlorinated Terphenyls (PCTs)	CAS No 61788-33-8	EC No 262-968-2
Tris(2,3 dibromopropyl)phosphate	CAS No 126-72-7	EC No 204-799-9

2. *List of the countries participating in the PIC scheme*

Afghanistan (\*)  
 Albania  
 Algeria  
 Andorra (\*)  
 Angola  
 Antigua and Barbuda  
 Argentina  
 Armenia (\*)  
 Australia  
 Azerbaijan (\*)  
 Bahamas  
 Bahrain  
 Bangladesh  
 Barbados  
 Belarus (\*)  
 Belize  
 Benin  
 Bhutan  
 Bolivia  
 Bosnia and Herzegovina  
 Botswana  
 Brazil  
 Brunei Darussalam (\*)  
 Bulgaria  
 Burkina Faso  
 Burundi  
 Cambodia (\*)  
 Cameroun  
 Canada  
 Cape Verde  
 Central African Republic  
 Chad  
 Chile  
 China  
 Colombia  
 Comoros  
 Congo, Democratic Republic of  
 Congo, Republic of  
 Cook Islands

(\*) These countries have not yet nominated a DNA.

▼ M5

Costa Rica  
 Côte-d'Ivoire  
 Croatia (\*)  
 Cuba  
 Cyprus  
 Czech Republic <sup>(1)</sup>  
 Democratic People's Republic of Korea (\*)  
 Djibouti (\*)  
 Dominica  
 Dominican Republic  
 Ecuador  
 Egypt  
 El Salvador  
 Equatorial Guinea (\*)  
 Eritrea (\*)  
 Estonia  
 Ethiopia  
 European Union (its Member States and Members of the EEA Agreement) <sup>(2)</sup>  
 Federated States of Micronesia (\*)  
 Fiji  
 Gabon (\*)  
 Gambia  
 Georgia  
 Ghana  
 Grenada  
 Guatemala  
 Guina  
 Guinea-Bissau (\*)  
 Guyana (\*)  
 Haiti  
 Holy See (\*)  
 Honduras  
 Hungary  
 India  
 Indonesia  
 Iran  
 Iraq  
 Israel  
 Jamaica  
 Japan  
 Jordan  
 Kazakhstan  
 Kenya  
 Kiribati (\*)  
 Kuwait  
 Kyrgyzstan (\*)  
 Lao People's Democratic Republic (\*)

(\*) These countries have not yet nominated a DNA.

<sup>(1)</sup> Focal point only.

<sup>(2)</sup> Member States of the European Union: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.  
 Members of the EEA Agreement: European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway.

▼ M5

Latvia  
Lebanon  
Lesotho  
Liberia  
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya  
Lithuania  
Macedonia (\*)  
Madagascar  
Malawi  
Malaysia  
Maldives (\*)  
Mali  
Malta  
Marshall Islands (\*)  
Mauritania  
Mauritius  
Mexico  
Moldova  
Monaco (\*)  
Mongolia  
Morocco  
Mozambique  
Myanmar  
Namibia (\*)  
Nauru (\*)  
Nepal  
New Zealand  
Nicaragua  
Niger  
Nigeria  
Oman, Sultanate of  
Pakistan  
Panama  
Papua New Guinea  
Paraguay  
Peru  
Philippines  
Poland (\*)  
Qatar  
Republic of Korea  
Romania  
Russian Federation  
Rwanda  
St Kitts and Nevis  
St Lucia  
St Vincent and the Grenadines  
Samoa  
San Marino (\*)

---

(\*) These countries have not yet nominated a DNA.

▼ M5

São Tomé and Príncipe  
Saudi Arabia  
Senegal  
Seychelles (\*)  
Sierra Leone  
Singapore (\*)  
Slovakia  
Slovenia (\*)  
Solomon Islands  
Somalia (\*)  
South Africa (\*)  
Sri Lanka  
Sudan  
Suriname  
Swaziland (\*)  
Switzerland  
Syrian Arab Republic  
Tajikistan  
Thailand  
Togo  
Tonga  
Trinidad and Tobago  
Tunisia  
Turkey  
Turkmenistan (\*)  
Tuvalu (\*)  
Uganda  
Ukraine (\*)  
United Arab Emirates  
United Republic of Tanzania  
United States of America  
Uruguay  
Uzbekistan  
Vanuatu  
Venezuela  
Vietnam  
Yemen (\*)  
Yugoslavia (\*)  
Zambia  
Zimbabwe

---

(\*) These countries have not yet nominated a DNA.



## ▼M5

3. *Decisions of participating countries*

The decisions reported are final decisions, unless indicated as interim.

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Aldrin (EC No 206-215-8) (CAS No 309-00-2)	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	No consent
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Benin	No consent
	Bhutan	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (permitted only when the product is registered with IBAMA exclusively for treatment of wood. Not permitted for public and domestic health campaigns. All agricultural uses banned)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	Interim: Consent
	Cook Islands	No consent
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Dominican Republic	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (consent from Ministry of Agriculture. Use as termiticide only)
	European Union	
— Member States:		
Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use. (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)	
Sweden	No consent	
— Members of the EEA Agreement:		
Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Kenya	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	No consent
	Malaysia	Interim: Consent (used as termiticide)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Nepal	Interim: Consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	Interim: No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	Consent (written approval by Registrar required. Agricultural use restricted to control in coconut nurseries)
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	Consent (for control of termites)
	Suriname	No consent
	Switzerland	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Captafol (EC No 219-363-3) (CAS No 2425-06-1)	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Consent (for emergency cases in limited amounts)
	Thailand	Consent (for structural termite control and household use only)
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (permission from Ministry of Health or Agriculture required. Vector control in public health)
	Vietnam	No consent
	Zimbabwe	Consent (use as termiticide only. Importation not permitted for agricultural purposes)
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Interim: No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Estonia	No consent
	Gabon	Interim: No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Honduras	Response did not address importation
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Iraq	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Latvia	No consent
Madagascar	Interim: No consent	
Malaysia	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)	
Mauritius	No consent	
Mexico	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)	
New Zealand	No consent	
Nigeria	Interim: Consent (to be used only in seed dressing. Permit required from FEPA and NAFDAC pending phase-out)	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Chlordane (EC No 200-349-0) (CAS No 57-74-9)	Norway	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	Interim: No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	Interim: Consent (for scientific experiments)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Interim: Consent (restricted use on sugar cane)
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns not permitted. No chlordane-based formulation for agricultural use has ever been registered)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
Congo, Republic of	No consent	
Cook Islands	No consent	
Costa Rica	No consent	
Cuba	Consent (small quantities less than one tonne per year of wettable powder of 75 % or other technical material for formulating in the country substances for control of ants with less than 0,75 % active ingredient)	
Cyprus	No consent	
Dominica	No consent	
Dominican Republic	No consent	
Ecuador	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture required; use as termiticide only)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)
	Finland, Sweden	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	No consent
	Malaysia	Interim: Consent
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	Interim: Consent (use as termiticide only)
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	Interim: Consent (use as termiticide only)
	Pakistan	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Philippines	Interim: No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Chlordimeform (EC No 228-200-5) (CAS No 6164-98-3)	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Response did not address importation
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	Consent (approval letter for import from registrar is required; restricted uses as termiticide in soil, timber protectant)
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	Consent (use as termiticide only)
	Suriname	Interim: No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Interim: Consent
	Thailand	Consent (use only for termite control in the production of sugar cane, pineapple, para rubber and oil palm)
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Turkey	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Vietnam	No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Consent
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	Interim: No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns not permitted. No chlordimeform-based formulation for agricultural use has ever been registered)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	No consent
Cook Islands	No consent	
Costa Rica	No consent	
Cuba	No consent	
Cyprus	No consent	
Dominica	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Dominican Republic	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: No consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Belgium	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Denmark	Response did not address importation
	Finland	Consent (advance approval required)
	France	Consent (for plant protection use, written authorisation required)
	Germany	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Greece	No consent
	Ireland	Consent (prior authorisation required)
	Italy	No consent
	Luxembourg	Response did not address importation
	Netherlands	No consent
	Portugal	Consent (for plant protection use, written authorisation required)
	Spain	Consent
	Sweden	Consent (advance approval required)
	United Kingdom	Consent (written authorisation required)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent (except for small quantities for research uses through import permit)
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Interim: No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Chlorobenzilate (EC No 208-110-2) (CAS No 510-15-6)	Malaysia	No consent (except for small quantities for research/educational uses through import permit)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: No consent
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Paraguay	Response dit not address importation
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	Interim: No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Interim: No consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	Interim: Consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: No consent
	Turkey	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Vietnam	Interim: No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Interim: No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	Interim: No consent
Chile	No consent	
Cina	No consent	
Colombia	No consent	
Cyprus	No consent	
Estonia	No consent	



## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
DDT (EC No 200-24-3) (CAS No 50-29-3)	Gabon	Interim: No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Iraq	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Latvia	No consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	Interim: No consent
	Philippines	Interim: Consent (only in cases of emergency as determined by FPA)
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (requires import and production registration and also import licence)
	Togo	Interim: Consent (For scientific experiments)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	No consent
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
Benin	No consent	
Bhutan	Interim: Consent	
Bolivia	Consent (only when certified by Ministry of Health for public health use. Vector control in malaria; prohibited for agricultural use)	
Brazil	Consent (agricultural use prohibited)	
Bulgaria	No consent	
Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent	
Burundi	Interim: No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	No consent
	Cook Islands	No consent
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture required; emergency malaria control only)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Belgium, Denmark, France, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)
	Austria, Finland, Germany, Sweden	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: Consent (for public health use only)
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: Consent (permitted in public health programme)
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Kenya	Interim: Consent (imported only by the Ministry of Health for public health use)
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent

## ▼ M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Consent (only for control of vectors of malaria under the supervision of services of the Ministry of Health)
	Malaysia	Interim: Consent (use against malaria vectors)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	Consent (restricted use by public health service only)
	Mexico	Interim: Consent (direct import by Secretariat of Health for public health campaigns)
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: No consent
	Nepal	Interim: Consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	Interim: No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent (all use in agriculture prohibited)
	Philippines	Consent (special permit required for malaria vector control through Department of Health)
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	Consent (for public health use only)
	Suriname	No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Consent (for emergency cases in limited amounts)
	Thailand	Consent (by Ministry of Public Health for use against malaria only)
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: No consent
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (by Ministry of Public Health for use against malaria only)
	Vietnam	Consent (imported by Ministry of

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Dieldrin (EC No 200-484-5) (CAS No 60-57-1)	Zimbabwe	Health for public health use) Consent (limited amount only for use against malaria. Importation not permitted for agricultural purposes)
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Interim: Consent
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Benin	No consent
	Bhutan	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns, and for treatment of wood, not permitted. All agricultural uses banned)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	No consent
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	Interim: Consent
	Cook Islands	No consent
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Dominican Republic	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture. Use as termiticide only)
European Union		
— Member States:		
Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)	
Sweden	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Consent (for locust control only)
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Kenya	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	No consent
	Malaysia	Interim: Consent (used as termiticide)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Nepal	Interim: Consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	Interim: No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	Consent (written approval by registrar required. Non-crop uses only. Termiticide and timber protectant)
	St Lucia	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Dinoseb and Dinoseb salts (EC No 201-861-7) (CAS No 88-85-7)	Sudan	Consent (for control of termites)
	Suriname	No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Consent (for emergency cases in limited amounts)
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (permission from Ministry of Health or Agriculture required; vector control in public health)
	Vietnam	No consent
	Zimbabwe	Consent
	Angola	Interim: Consent
	Australia	No consent (imported periodically into Australia for use as an inhibitor in styrene production; authorisation required)
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Response did not address importation
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Benin	No consent
	Bhutan	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns, and for treatment of wood, not permitted. All agricultural uses banned)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	Interim: No consent
	Chad	No consent
	China	No consent
Colombia	No consent	
Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent	
Congo, Republic of	Interim: Consent	
Cook Islands	No consent	
Costa Rica	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: No consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use. For uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, Italy, Netherlands, Spain.
	Finland, Sweden	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	Prohibit for plant protection use (written authorisation is required for other uses)
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	Interim: Consent (stipulated condition)
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Kenya	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	Interim: No consent
	Madagascar	Interim: No consent
	Malaysia	No consent (except for research through permit)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	Consent (use on weeds in legumes; limited quantity 500 to 1 000 kg/year)
	Mozambique	No consent
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	Interim: No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
EDB (1,2-dibromoethane) (EC No 203-444-5) (CAS No 106-93-4)	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Interim: No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	No consent
	Switzerland	Consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	Interim: Consent (with advance approval and/or agreement of plant protection service)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (properties, toxicological data, quality control certificate must be available)
	Vietnam	No consent
	Zimbabwe	No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	Consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Response did not address importation
	Barbados	Interim: Consent (restricted use as a fumigant for certain crafts; non-agricultural uses only)
	Belize	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns, and for treatment of wood, not permitted. No EDB-based formulation for agricultural use has ever been registered)	
Bulgaria	No consent	
Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent	
Burundi	Interim: No consent	
Canada	No consent	
Chad	No consent	
Chile	No consent	
China	No consent	



## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	No consent
	Cook Islands	Interim: Consent (only by authorisation and for application by Ministry of Agriculture for produce treatment against fruit flies)
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: No consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)
	Sweden	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	Consent (approval from poison and pharmacy board required. To be used only by trained professionals. For fumigation by quarantine officials for fruit fly treatment of export fruits only)
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Consent (use restricted to fumigation of food grains by Government organisations and pest control operators whose expertise is approved by plant protection advisor to the Government of India)
	Indonesia	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Interim: No consent
	Malaysia	No consent (except for small quantities for research/educational use through import permit)

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Fluoroacetamide (EC No 211-363-1) (CAS No 640-19-7)	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: No consent
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	Consent (for fumigation by quarantine officials)
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	No consent
	Samoa	Consent (restricted use by the Ministry of Agriculture, Forests, Fisheries and Meteorology's Quarantine Division for fumigation of produce for export)
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	Interim: No consent
	Switzerland	Consent (if not intended for use as pesticide)
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: No consent
	Turkey	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Vietnam	No consent
	Angola	No consent
Australia	No consent	
Bahrain	No consent	
Bangladesh	Response did not address importation	
Belize	No consent	
Benin	No consent	
Bhutan	No consent	
Bolivia	No consent	
Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
		and domestic health campaigns, and for treatment of wood, not permitted. No fluoroacetamide-based formulation for agricultural use has ever been registered)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burundi	No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	Interim: No consent
	Chad	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	Interim: Consent
	Cook Islands	No consent
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture required)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria	Prohibit plant protection use. For other uses written authorisation required
	Belgium	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Denmark	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Finland	Consent (advance approval required)
	France	Consent (for plant protection use, written authorisation required)
	Germany	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Greece	Consent (as ingredient of rodenticides, written authorisation is required)
	Ireland	Consent (prior authorisation required)
	Italy	Prohibit for plant protection use. For other uses written authorisation required
	Luxembourg	Response did not address importation
	Netherlands	No consent
	Portugal	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Spain	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Sweden	Consent (advance approval required)

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	United Kingdom	Consent (prior authorisation required)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Consent (written authorisation required)
	Liechtenstein	Response did not address importation
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kenya	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Interim: No consent
	Malaysia	No consent (except for research through permit)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Response did not address importation
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
HCH (mixed isomers) (EC No 210-168-9) (CAS No 608-73-1)	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	Interim: Consent (with approval from plant protection service)
	Trinidad and Tobago	Response did not address importation
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (properties, toxicological data, quality control certificate must be available)
	Vietnam	No consent
	Zimbabwe	No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Response did not address importation
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	Interim: Consent (only formulations of less than 1 % a.i. for veterinary and medical use)
	Benin	No consent
	Bhutan	Interim: Consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (importation is only permitted when the product is registered with IBAMA exclusively for treatment of wood)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Cape Verde	No consent
	Central African Republic	Interim: No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent	
Congo, Republic of	Interim: Consent	
Cook Islands	No consent	
Costa Rica	No consent	
Cuba	No consent	
Cyprus	No consent	
Dominica	No consent	
Ecuador	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (requires permit from Ministry of Agriculture)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)
	Austria, Finland, Sweden	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: Consent (certain uses banned)
	Indonesia	No consent
	Japan	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Kenya	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	No consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent
	Nepal	Interim: Consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	Interim: No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	Interim: No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Peru	No consent
	Philippines	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Heptachlor (EC No 200-962-3) (CAS No 76-44-8)	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	Response did not address importation
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Consent
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	No consent
	Turkey	No consent
	Uganda	Interim: Consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Venezuela	Consent (permission from Ministry of Health or Agriculture)
	Vietnam	No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Interim: No consent
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (importation is only permitted when the product is registered with IBAMA exclusively for treatment of wood. It is not permitted for public and domestic health campaigns. Agricultural use of heptachlor formulations banned, both those produced in the country and imports)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Burkina Faso	Interim: Consent
	Cameroon	No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
Colombia	No consent	
Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent	
Congo, Republic of	No consent	
Cook Islands	No consent	
Costa Rica	Consent (restricted to professional use on ornamentals and pine trees)	
Cuba	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	No consent
	Dominican Republic	No consent
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture; termiticide use only)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	Prohibit for plant protection use (for uses other than plant protection, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Italy, Netherlands, Spain)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland	Prohibit for plant protection use
	Liechtenstein	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Fiji	No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	Interim: No consent
	Indonesia	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Consent (general conditions apply. Used only for seed treatment)
	Malaysia	No consent (except for small quantities for research/educational use through import permit)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nicaragua	Consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent



## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Hexachlorobenzene (EC No 204-273-9) (CAS No 118-74-1)	Pakistan	Consent (only for use against soil and wood termites)
	Paraguay	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Response did not address importation
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	Consent (termiticide use only)
	Suriname	Interim: No consent
	Switzerland	No consent
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Interim: Consent
	Thailand	Consent (structural termite control and household use only)
	Togo	Interim: Consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: Consent (termiticide use only)
	Turkey	No consent
	United Arab Emirates	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: Consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Vietnam	No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	No consent
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Interim: No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Estonia	No consent
	Gabon	Interim: No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	India	No consent
	Iraq	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Latvia	No consent
Malaysia	No consent	
Mauritius	No consent	
Mexico	No consent	
New Zealand	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Lindane (EC No 200-401-2) (CAS No 58-89-9)	Nigeria	Interim: Consent (for research purposes and by approval of FEPA/NAFDAC/Ministry of Agriculture only)
	Norway	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	Interim: No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (requires import and production registration and also import licence)
	Togo	Interim: Consent (for scientific experiments)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Angola	No consent
	Australia	Consent (specific approval of importation required for each shipment. Export notification of each shipment from the exporting country DNA required)
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Interim: No consent
	Canada	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	Chile	Consent (general conditions apply)
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
	Colombia	No consent
	Cyprus	Consent
	Estonia	No consent
	Gabon	Interim: No consent
	Gambia	No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	India	Consent (only after registration of import)
	Iraq	No consent
Kazakhstan	No consent	
Korea, Republic of	No consent	
Kuwait	No consent	
Latvia	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Methamidophos (EC No 233-606-0) (CAS No 10265-92-6)	Madagascar	Consent (general conditions apply. Use only for seed treatment)
	Malaysia	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nigeria	Interim: Consent (for cocoa use only. Only by permit from FEPA and NAFDAC pending phase-out)
	Norway	No consent
	Pakistan	Interim: No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Philippines	Interim: Consent (restricted use on pineapple plantations)
	Samoa	Consent (only for the treatment of scabies and pediculosis (lice) of humans)
	Slovakia	No consent
	Sudan	Interim: Consent (only 99,5 % technical grade material)
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (requires import and production registration and also import licence)
	Togo	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Australia	Interim: Consent
	Canada	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Chad	No consent
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
	Gambia	No consent
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Iraq	No consent
	Mauritius	Consent (restricted use to be used by authorised persons only)
	New Zealand	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Philippines	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Suriname	Consent (approval from Ministry of Agriculture required)
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (registration certificate/import permit)
Vanuatu	No consent	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Mercury compounds such as — Mercuric oxide CAS No 21908-53-2 EC No 244-654-7 — Mercurous chloride (Calomel) CAS No 10112-91-1 EC No 233-307-5 — Other inorganic mercury compounds — Alkyl-mercury-compounds — Alkoxy-alkyl and — Aryl-mercury compounds	Australia	Consent (from 31 December 1994 uses limited to establishing sugar cane)
	Bahrain	No consent
	Bangladesh	Response did not address importation
	Barbados	No consent
	Belize	No consent
	Bolivia	No consent
	Brazil	Interim: Consent (use for public and domestic health campaigns, and for treatment of wood, not permitted. Agricultural use of mercury compound formulations banned, both those produced in the country and imports)
	Bulgaria	No consent
	Burkina Faso	No consent
	Burundi	Interim: No consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	Chile	No consent
	China	No consent
	Colombia	No consent
	Congo, Democratic Republic of	No consent
	Congo, Republic of	No consent
	Cook Islands	No consent
	Costa Rica	No consent
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	No consent
	Dominica	Interim: Consent (import permit only for official laboratories and pharmacies)
	Ecuador	No consent
	El Salvador	No consent
	Ethiopia	Interim: Consent (permit from Ministry of Agriculture: 1. ethylmercury chloride; 2. phenylmercury acetate. Use of pesticides containing mercury is discouraged)
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	No consent. Prohibit for use as plant protection products, antifoulants, wood preservatives, textile preservatives and slimicides. (For other uses, written authorisation is required for import into Belgium and the Netherlands)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	No consent. Prohibit for plant protection products, antifoulants, wood preservatives, textile preservatives and slimicides
	Fiji	No consent (refers only to use as pesticide)

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
	Gambia	No consent
	Guatemala	No consent (refers to methoxy ethylmercury chloride only)
	Guinea	Interim: No consent
	Honduras	No consent
	Hungary	No consent (refers to agricultural use only)
	India	No consent (phenylmercury acetate) Consent (methoxyethyl mercury chloride) Interim: Consent (ethylmercury chloride)
	Indonesia	No consent
	Jordan	No consent
	Kazakhstan	No consent (refers to ethylmercury)
	Korea, Republic of	No consent
	Kuwait	No consent
	Lebanon	No consent
	Madagascar	Interim: No consent
	Malaysia	No consent (except for small quantities for research/educational use through import permit)
	Malta	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	Mongolia	No consent
	Morocco	No consent
	Mozambique	No consent (import, production and use banned)
	Namibia	Interim: Consent (restricted use)
	Nepal	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent (refers only for use as a pesticide)
	Nicaragua	No consent
	Niger	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	No consent
	Pakistan	No consent
	Paraguay	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Qatar	No consent
	Rwanda	Response did not address importation
	Samoa	No consent
	Sri Lanka	No consent (mercuric oxide) No consent (phenylmercury acetate) Consent (phenylmercury dodecanyl succinate used as paint biocide — approval letter from Registrar is required)
	St Lucia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Suriname	Interim: No consent (refers to methoxyethyl mercury acetate)
	Switzerland	Consent (banned as pesticide and

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Methyl Parathion (EC No 206-050-1) (CAS No 298-00-0)		for most other uses)
	Syrian Arab Republic	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent (refers only to pesticide uses)
	Thailand	No consent (refers to 2-methoxy ethyl mercury chloride)
	Togo	No consent
	Trinidad and Tobago	Interim: Consent (restricted use)
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Vietnam	No consent
	Australia	Interim: Consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
	Gambia	No consent
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)
	Iraq	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	New Zealand	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Philippines	No consent
Slovakia	No consent	
Suriname	Consent (approval from Ministry of Agriculture required)	
Thailand	Interim: Consent (registration certificate/import permit)	
Vanuatu	No consent	
Monocrotophos (EC No 230-042-7) (CAS No 6923-22-4)	Australia	Interim: Consent
	Canada	No consent
	Chad	No consent
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
	Gambia	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	Iraq	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Mauritius	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Philippines	Consent (for bean fly control on legumes only)
	Slovakia	No consent
	Suriname	Consent (approval from Ministry of Agriculture required)
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (registration certificate/import permit)
	Vanuatu	Consent (general conditions apply. Restricted to use by CIRAD Research Station only)

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Parathion (EC No 200-271-7) (CAS No 56-38-2)	Australia	Interim: Consent
	Canada	Consent (general conditions apply)
	Chad	No consent
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
	Gambia	No consent
	Hungary	No consent
	Iraq	No consent
	Mauritius	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent
	Suriname	Consent (approval from Ministry of Agriculture required)
	Thailand	No consent
	Vanuatu	No consent
	Pentachlorophenol (EC No 201-778-6) (CAS No 87-86-5)	Angola
Australia		Consent (general conditions apply)
Bosnia and Herzegovina		Interim: No consent
Canada		Consent (general conditions apply)
Chad		Interim: No consent
Chile		Consent (general conditions apply)
China		Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)
Colombia		No consent
Cyprus		No consent
Estonia		No consent
Gabon		Interim: No consent
Gambia		No consent
Hungary		No consent
India		No consent
Iraq		No consent
Kazakhstan		No consent
Korea, Republic of		No consent
Kuwait		No consent
Latvia		No consent
Madagascar		No consent
Malaysia		Interim: Consent (general condi- tions apply)
Mauritius		No consent
Mexico		Interim: Consent (general condi- tions apply)
New Zealand		No consent
Nigeria		No consent
Norway		No consent
Pakistan		Interim: No consent
Panama		No consent
Paraguay		No consent
Philippines		Interim: Consent (only in wood treatment by FPA-accredited wood

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision	
		treatment plants and institutions)	
	Samoa	No consent	
	Slovakia	No consent	
	Sudan	No consent	
	Tanzania, United Republic of	No consent	
	Thailand	No consent	
	Togo	Interim: Consent (for scientific experiments)	
	Turkey	No consent	
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent	
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent	
Phosphamidon (EC No 236-116-5) (CAS No 13171-21-6/ 23783-98-4/297-99-4)	Australia	No consent	
	Canada	No consent	
	Chad	No consent	
	China	Consent (special permit documents. Import restricted to certain bodies)	
	Gambia	No consent	
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (general conditions apply)	
	Iraq	No consent	
	Mauritius	No consent	
	New Zealand	No consent	
	Philippines	No consent	
	Suriname	Consent (approval from Ministry of Agriculture required)	
	Thailand	Interim: Consent (registration certificate/import permit)	
	Vanuatu	No consent	
	2,4,5-T (EC No 202-273-3) (CAS No 93-76-5)	Angola	No consent
		Australia	No consent
		Bosnia and Herzegovina	Interim: No consent
		Canada	No consent
Chad		Interim: No consent	
Chile		No consent	
China		No consent	
Colombia		No consent	
Cyprus		No consent	
Estonia		No consent	
Gabon		Interim: No consent	
Gambia		No consent	
Honduras		No consent	
Hungary		No consent	
India		No consent	
Iraq		No consent	
Kazakhstan		No consent	
Korea, Republic of		No consent	
Kuwait		No consent	
Latvia		No consent	
Madagascar		Interim: No consent	
Malaysia		No consent	



## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Crocidolite (EC No 310-127-6) (CAS No 12001-28-4)	Mauritius	No consent
	Mexico	No consent
	New Zealand	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Norway	No consent
	Pakistan	Interim: No consent
	Panama	No consent
	Paraguay	Interim: No consent
	Philippines	No consent
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent
	Sudan	No consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Interim: Consent (for total weed clearance on roads only)
	Thailand	No consent
	Togo	Interim: No consent
	Turkey	No consent
	Uruguay	Interim: No consent
	Vanuatu	Interim: No consent
	Albania	No consent
	Algeria	Interim: Consent (banned for use in production of consumer goods)
	Australia	Response did not address importation
	Bahrain	No consent
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	China	No consent
	Cuba	Consent
	Cyprus	Consent (permission by Ministry of Labour and Social Insurance, in exceptional cases for special uses)
	Ecuador	Interim: Consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	No consent
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	No consent
	Gambia	Interim: Consent (severely restricted to construction work)
Guinea	Interim: Consent (for industrial uses on the basis of a prior authorisation of the National Department of Environment)	
Hungary	No consent (all uses banned)	
India	Consent (licence on the recommendation of the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals)	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs) (EC Nos 252-994-2, 248-696-7, 237-137-2) (CAS Nos 36355-01-8, 27858-07-7, 13654-09-6)	Japan	Interim: Consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	Response did not address importation
	Papua New Guinea	Response did not address importation
	Philippines	Interim: Consent (an interim importation clearance has to be obtained from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (under Republic Act 6969). The issuance of such an interim importation clearance may be denied based on the evaluation of data required)
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	Consent (conditions specified in Ordinance No 8, 11b, of Ministry of Health of Slovakia, 1990)
	St Lucia	Interim: Consent
	Switzerland	Consent (if the intended use is still permitted according to the provisions of Annex 3.3 of the ordinance relating to environmentally hazardous substances)
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	No consent
	Uruguay	Response did not address importation
	Albania	No consent
	Australia	Response did not address importation
	Bahrain	Response did not address importation
	Chad	Interim: No consent (applies only to hexabromobiphenyl)
	China	Consent (permission must be obtained from the National Environmental Protection Agency of China)
	Cuba	Consent (can only be imported with permission of the DNA. Import is not permitted if the substance is intended to be used in textile production)
	Cyprus	Interim: No consent
	Ecuador	Interim: Consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	Consent (except for use in textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, e.g. garment, undergarment, linen)	
— Members of the EEA Agreement:		
Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	Consent (except for use in textile articles intended to come into	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (EC No 215-648-1) (CAS No 1336-36-3) except mono and dichlorinated biphenyls		contact with the skin, e.g. garment, undergarment, linen)
	Gambia	Interim: No consent
	Guinea	Interim: Consent (for industrial uses on the basis of a prior authorisation of the National Department of Environment)
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (requires permission from National Public Health and Medical Officer Service. PBBs may not be used in textile articles (garments, linen, etc.) intended to come in contact with the skin)
	India	Consent (licence on the recommendation of the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals)
	Japan	Interim: Consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Nigeria	Interim: Consent (requires approval from Federal Environmental Protection Agency)
	Oman	Response did not address importation
	Papua New Guinea	Response did not address importation
	Philippines	Interim: Consent. An interim importation clearance has to be obtained from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (under Republic Act No 6969). The issuance of such an interim importation clearance may be denied based on the evaluation of data required
	Samoa	No consent
	St Lucia	Interim: Consent
	Switzerland	No consent (manufacture, supply, import and use of the substance and of products which contain the substance are prohibited)
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	Response did not address importation
	Uruguay	Response did not address importation
	Albania	No consent
	Algeria	No consent
	Australia	Consent (permission of the Ministry for Trade must be obtained. Such permission would include conditions specified in the customs regulation)
	Bahrain	No consent
	Chad	Interim: Consent
China	Consent (permission must be obtained from the National Environmental Protection Agency of China; including for import of electrical equipment containing PCBs)	
Cuba	No consent (the substance itself and	

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
		electrical equipment with a PCB content greater than 50 ppm are banned for import)
	Cyprus	Interim: No consent
	Ecuador	Interim: Consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	No consent (exceptionally, derogation may be granted for primary and intermediate products on a case-by-case basis. Further to general prohibition of PCB, the import of any preparation with a PCB content of more than 0,005 % is prohibited)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	No consent (exceptionally, derogation may be granted for primary and intermediate products on a case by case basis. Further to general prohibition of PCB, the import of any preparation with a PCB content of more than 0,005 % is prohibited)
	Gambia	Interim: Consent (PCBs are supposedly imported in closed systems)
	Guinea	Interim: Consent (for industrial uses on the basis of a prior authorisation of the National Department of Environment)
	Honduras	Response did not address importation
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (requires permission from National Public Health and Medical Officer Service. PCBs may not be used in formulations with a PCB content greater than 0,01 % by weight)
	India	Consent (licence on the recommendation of the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals)
	Japan	Consent (permission from the Minister of International Trade and Industry is required)
	Malaysia	No consent
	Nigeria	Interim: Consent (requires approval from Federal Environmental Protection Agency)
	Oman	Response did not address importation
	Papua New Guinea	Response did not address importation
	Philippines	Interim: Consent. An interim importation clearance has to be obtained from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (under Republic Act No 6969). The issuance of such an interim importation clearance may be denied based on the evaluation of data required
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	No consent

## ▼M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
Polychlorinated Terphenyls (PCTs) (EC No 262-968-2) (CAS No 61788-33-8)	St Lucia	Interim: Consent
	Switzerland	No consent (manufacture, supply, import and use of the substance and of products which contain the substance are prohibited)
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	No consent
	Uruguay	Response did not address importation
	Albania	No consent
	Australia	Consent (permission by the Ministry for Trade must be obtained. Such a permission would include conditions specified in the Customs Regulation)
	Bahrain	Response did not address importation
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	China	Consent (permission must be obtained from the National Environmental Protection Agency of China)
	Cuba	No consent
	Cyprus	Interim: No consent
	Ecuador	Interim: No consent
	European Union	
	— Member States:	
	Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	No consent (exceptionally, derogation may be granted for primary and intermediate products on a case-by-case basis. Further to general prohibition of PCT, the import of any preparation with a PCT content of more than 0,005 % is prohibited)
	— Members of the EEA Agreement:	
	Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	No consent (exceptionally, derogation may be granted for primary and intermediate products on a case-by-case basis. Further to general prohibition of PCT, the import of any preparation with a PCT content of more than 0,005 % prohibited)
	Gambia	Interim: Consent (PCTs are supposedly imported in closed systems)
	Guinea	Interim: Consent (for industrial uses on the basis of a prior authorisation of the National Department of the Environment)
Honduras	Response did not address importation	
Hungary	Interim: Consent (requires permission from the National Public Health and Medical Officer Service. PCTs may not be used in preparations with a PCT content greater than 0,01 % by weight)	

## ▼ M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
tris(2,3 dibromopropyl)phosphate (EC No 204-799-9) (CAS No 126-72-7)	India	Consent (licence on the recommendation of the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals)
	Japan	Interim: Consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Nigeria	Interim: Consent (requires approval from Federal Environmental Protection Agency)
	Oman	Response did not address importation
	Papua New Guinea	Response did not address importation
	Philippines	Interim: Consent. An interim importation clearance has to be obtained from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, under Republic Act No 6969. The issuance of such an interim importation clearance may be denied on the evaluation of data required
	Samoa	No consent
	Switzerland	No consent (manufacture, supply, import and use of the substance and of products which contain the substance are prohibited)
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	Response did not address importation
	Uruguay	Response did not address importation
	Albania	No consent
	Australia	Response did not address importation
	Bahrain	Response did not address importation
	Chad	Interim: No consent
	China	Consent (permission must be obtained from the National Environmental Protection Agency of China)
	Cuba	Consent (can be imported only with permission of the DNA. Import is permitted if the substance is intended to be used in textile production)
	Cyprus	Interim: No consent
	Ecuador	Interim: Consent
European Union		
— Member States:		
Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom	Consent (except for use in textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin, e.g. garment, undergarment, linen)	
— Members of the EEA Agreement:		
Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway	Consent (except for use in textile articles intended to come into	

## ▼ M5

Chemical	Country	Import decision
		contact with the skin, e.g. garment, undergarment, linen)
	Gambia	Interim: No consent (the DNA requests information on sources, uses and forms of Tris)
	Guinea	Interim: Consent (for industrial uses on the basis of an authorisation of the National Department of the Environment)
	Honduras	Response did not address importation
	Hungary	Interim: Consent (requires permission from the National Public Health and Medical Officer Service. Tris may not be used in textile articles intended to come in contact with the skin)
	India	Consent (licence on the recommendation of the Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals)
	Japan	Interim: Consent
	Malaysia	No consent
	Nigeria	No consent
	Oman	Response did not address importation
	Papua New Guinea	Response did not address importation
	Philippines	Interim: Consent. An interim importation clearance has to be obtained from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (under Republic Act No 6969). The issuance of such an interim importation clearance may be denied based on the evaluation of data required.
	Samoa	No consent
	Slovakia	Interim: No consent
	St Lucia	Response did not address importation
	Switzerland	Interim: Consent
	Tanzania, United Republic of	Response did not address importation
	Thailand	Response did not address importation
	Uruguay	Response did not address importation

▼ **M3***ANNEX III***Information required pursuant to Article 4****Reference No**

1. Identity of the substance to be exported
  - name in nomenclature of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry,
  - other names (usual name, trade name, abbreviation),
  - EC number and CAS number,
  - CUS number and combined nomenclature code,
  - main impurities of the substance, when particularly relevant.
2. Identity of the preparation to be exported
  - trade name or designation of the preparation,
  - for each substance listed in Annex I, percentage and details as specified under 1.
3. Information on the export
  - country of destination,
  - country of origin,
  - expected date of first export,
  - estimated amount of the chemical to be exported to the destination country in the year following the first export,
  - intended use in the country of destination, if known,
  - name, address and other relevant particulars of the importer or importing company.
4. Designated national authorities

The name, address, telephone and telex or fax numbers or e-mail of the designated authority in the European Union from which further information may be obtained.

The name, address, telephone and telex or fax numbers or e-mail of the designated authority in the importing country.
5. Information on precautions to be taken, including category of danger and risk and safety advice
6. Use of the chemical in the European Union
  - use category(ies) subject to control measure (ban or severe restriction),
  - use category(ies) for which the chemical is not severely restricted or banned,

(Use categories, as defined in Annex I to the Regulation).
7. Summary of regulatory restrictions and reasons for them
8. Additional information
9. Acknowledgement of receipt

The above information should be provided on an export notification form as shown hereafter.

(Exporters are required to provide information on items 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 and (if any) 8.)



▼M3

## EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Regulation (EEC) No 2455/92

## Export notification form for a banned or severely restricted chemical

(Chemical No in Annex I to the Regulation:..... var.....)

EXPORT NOTIFICATION REFERENCE No .....

## 1. IDENTITY OF THE CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE TO BE EXPORTED (1)

Name(s) of chemical: .....

Relevant impurities .....

EC No ..... CAS No ..... CUS No ..... CN code .....

## 2. IDENTITY OF THE PREPARATION TO BE EXPORTED (1)

Name(s) of preparation: .....

Name(s) of constituent chemical(s) banned or severely restricted: (all relevant chemicals must be listed)

(i) % in preparation: ..... EC No ..... CAS No ..... CUS No ..... CN code .....

(ii) % in preparation: ..... EC No ..... CAS No ..... CUS No ..... CN code .....

## 3. INFORMATION ON THE EXPORT (1)

Origin ..... Destination .....

Expected date of first export .....

Estimated amount of the chemical to be exported to the destination country in the year following the first export .....

Intended use in the country of destination, if known .....

Name, address and other relevant particulars of the importer or importing company .....

.....

## 4. DESIGNATED NATIONAL AUTHORITIES

in the European Union

in the importing country

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Representative of exporting country

.....

Signature .....

Official stamp

Date .....

(1) Please complete either item 1 or 2.

▼ M3**Data Sheet for a banned or severely restricted chemical**

*(If a preparation contains more than one chemical which is banned or severely restricted in the European Union, data sheets on the additional chemicals must be attached hereto.)*

CHEMICAL NAME(S)

EC No ..... CAS No ..... CUS No ..... CN Code .....

**5. LABELLING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CHEMICAL**

Classification .....

Labelling .....

Symbols .....

Risk phrases .....

Safety phrases .....

**LABELLING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PREPARATION**

Classification .....

Labelling .....

Symbols .....

Risk phrases .....

Safety phrases .....

**6. USE OF THE CHEMICAL IN THE EUROPEAN UNION**

Use category(ies) subject to the control measure (ban or severe restriction) .....

Use category(ies) for which the chemical is not severely restricted or banned .....

(use categories as defined in Annex I to the Regulation)

**7. SUMMARY OF REGULATORY RESTRICTIONS AND REASONS FOR THEM**

.....

Reference to Community legislation

.....

Reasons supporting the control action/reasons for banning the use in the European Union

.....

**8. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION****9. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT**

▼ M3

**EUROPEAN COMMISSION**

Regulation (EEC) No 2455/92

**Confirmation of receipt of an export notification**

Please add the date and signature, and return to the following address:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

Fax: .....

I confirm that we have received the export notification form bearing the export reference No (ERN):

.....

Signature ..... Date .....

Official stamp:

Note: If the address on the export notification form is incorrect, or if the form should be sent to a different authority, please give details below: