# COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 3691/93

### of 21 December 1993

# laying down for 1994 certain measures for the conservation and management of fishery resources applicable to vessels flying the flag of Norway

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3760/92 of 20 December 1992 establishing a Community system for fisheries and aquaculture (1), and in particular Article 8 (4) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, in accordance with the procedure provided for in Articles 2 and 7 of the Fisheries Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Norway (<sup>2</sup>), the Community and Norway have held consultations concerning mutual fishing rights in 1994 and the management of common biological resources;

Whereas, in the course of these consultations, the delegations agreed to recommend to their respective authorities that certain catch quotas for 1994 should be fixed for the vessels of the other party;

Whereas the Agreement of 19 December 1966 between Denmark, Norway and Sweden on reciprocal access to fishing in the Skagerrak and Kattegat provides that each party shall grant vessels of the other parties access to its fishing zone in the Skagerrak and part of the Kattegat up to four nautical miles from the baselines;

Whereas the necessary measures should be taken to implement, for 1994, the results of the consultations held between the delegations of the Community and Norway and thus prevent any interruption of mutual fisheries relations as at 31 December 1993;

Whereas it is for the Council to lay down the specific conditions under which such catches must be taken;

Whereas the fishing activities covered by this Regulation are subject to the relevant control measures provided for in Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 of 12 October 1993 establishing a control system applicable to the common fisheries policy  $(^3)$ ;

Whereas Article 3 (2) of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1381/87 of 20 May 1987 establishing detailed rules concerning the marking and documentation of fishing vessels (4) provides that all vessels with chilled or refrigerated sea-water tanks are to keep on board a document certified by a competent authority and specifying the calibration of the tanks in cubic metres at 10-centimetre intervals,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

### \_Article 1

1. Vessels flying the flag of Norway are hereby authorized until 31 December 1994 to fish for the species listed in Annex I, within the geographical and quantitative limits laid down therein and in accordance with this Regulation, in the 200-nautical-mile fishing zone of the Member States in the North Sea, Skagerrak, Kattegat, Baltic Sea and Atlantic Ocean north of 43°00'N.

2. Fishing authorized pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be limited to those parts of the 200-nautical-mile fishing zone lying seawards of 12 nautical miles from the baselines from which the fishing zones of Member States are measured; however, fishing in the Skagerrak will be allowed seawards of four nautical miles from the Danish baselines.

3. Fishing in the parts of ICES division III a bounded in the west by a line drawn from the Hanstholm lighthouse to the Lindesnes lighthouse and in the south by a line drawn from the Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from there to the nearest point on the Swedish coast shall not be subject to quantitative limitations, with the exception of fishing for mackerel and saithe.

(<sup>3</sup>) OJ No L 261, 20. 10. 1993, p. 1.

<sup>(1)</sup> OJ No L 389, 31. 12. 1992, p. 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> OJ No L 226, 29. 8. 1990, p. 48.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ No L 132, 21. 5. 1987, p. 9.

4. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, unavoidable by-catches of species for which no quota has been fixed in a given zone shall be permitted within the limits laid down by the conservation measures in force in the zone concerned.

5. By-catches, in a given zone, of a species for which a quota is established in that zone shall be counted against the quota concerned.

# Article 2

1. Vessels fishing within the quotas fixed in Article 1 shall comply with the conservation and control measures and all other provisions governing fishing in the zones referred to in that Article.

2. The vessels referred to in paragraph 1 shall keep a log-book in which the information set out in Annex II shall be entered.

3. The vessels referred to in paragraph 1, except for those fishing in ICES division III a, shall transmit to the Commission, in accordance with the rules laid down in Annex III, the information set out in that Annex.

4. Those vessels referred to in paragraph 1 which have chilled or refrigerated seà-water tanks shall keep on board a document certified by a competent authority and specifying the calibration of the tanks in cubic metres at 10 cm intervals.

5. The registration letters and numbers of the vessels referred to in paragraph 1 must be clearly marked on the bow of each vessel on both sides.

# Article 3

1. When fishing in any ICES division under the quotas fixed in Article 1, vessels exceeding 200 GRT must hold a licence issued by the Commission on behalf of the Community and must observe the conditions as established by that licence.

Norway shall notify to the Commission the name and characteristics of the vessels for which licences may be issued

2. The Commission shall issue the fishing licences referred to in paragraph 1 to all vessels for which a licence is required by the Norwegian authorities.

Request for amendments to the list of vessels licensed may be made at any time and shall be processed expeditiously.

3. Each licence shall be valid for one vessel only. Where two or more vessels are taking part in the same fishing operation, each vessel must be in-possession of a licence.

4. Licences may be cancelled with a view to the issue of new licences. Such cancellations shall take effect on the day before the date of issue of the new licences by the Commission. New licences shall take effect from their date of issue.

5. Licences shall be wholly or partially withdrawn before the date of expiry if the respective quotas fixed in Article 1 have been exhausted.

6. Licences shall be withdrawn in the event of any failure to meet the obligations laid down in this Regulation.

7. For a period not exceeding 12 months, no licence shall be issued for any vessel in respect of which the obligations laid down in this Regulation have not been met.

8. Vessels authorized to fish on 31 December may continue their fishing activities as from the beginning of the following year, on the basis of this authorization, until the new lists of vessels for the year in question have been approved.

### Article 4

When an application for a licence is submitted to the Commission, the following information must be supplied:

- (a) name of the vessel;
- (b) registration number;
- (c) external identification letters and numbers;
- (d) port of registration;
- (e) name and address of the owner or charterer;
- (f) gross tonnage and overall length;
- (g) engine power;
- (h) call sign and radio frequency;
- (i) intended method of fishing;
- (j) intended area of fishing;

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(k) species for which it is intended to fish;

(l) period for which a licence is required.

# Article 5

Fishing within the quotas fixed in Article 1 for blue ling, ling and tusk, shall be permitted provided that use is made of the method commonly known as 'long-lining' in ICES division V b and sub-areas VI and VII.

# Article 6

The use of trawls and purse seines for the capture of pelagic species shall be prohibited in the Skagerrak from Saturday midnight to Sunday midnight.

# Article 7

Where an infringement is duly established, Member States shall without delay inform the Commission of the name of the vessel involved and of any action they have taken.

The Commission shall submit on behalf of the Community, to Norway, the name and the characteristics of the Norwegian vessels which will not be authorized to fish in the Community's fishing zone the next month(s), as a consequence of an infringement of Community rules.

# Article 8

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1994.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 December 1993.

For the Council The President A. BOURGEOIS

#### ANNEX I

Norwegian catch quotas for 1994

	(tonnes — fresh round weight)	
Species	Area within which fishing is authorized	Quantity (tonnes)
Mackerel	ICES VI a (1) + VII d, e, f, h + II a	19 000 (14)
Herring	ICES VI a (1)	6 200
Sprat	ICES IV	20 000
Cod	ICES IV	8 800
Haddock	ICES IV	20 000
Saithe	ICES IV and Skagerrak ( <sup>2</sup> )	40 000
Whiting	ICES IV	10 000
Plaice	ICES IV	6 000
Mackerel	ICES IV, III a	63 790 (10)
Sand-eel, Norway pout, blue whiting	ICES IV	50 000 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Blue whiting	ICES II, IV a, VI a (1), VI b, VII (4)	205 000 (5) (11)
Blue ling	ICES IV, V b, VI, VII, II a	1 000
Ling and tusk	ICES IV, V b, VI, VII, II a	15 000 (6) (7)
Dogfish	ICES IV, VI, VII	500 (12)
Basking shark (8)	ICES IV, VI, VII	100
Porbeagle	ICES IV, VI, VII	200
Shrimp	ICES IV	.100
Other species	ICES IV, II a	5 000 (13)
Herring	ICES IV a, b	50 000 (%)
Horse mackerel	ICES IV	5 000
Grenadier	ICES V b, VI, VII	. 2 000 (15)
Greenland halibut	ICES II a, VI	1 700 (16)

(1) North of 56°30' N.

(2) Limited in the west by a line drawn from the Hanstholm lighthouse to the Lindesnes lighthouse and in the south by a line drawn from Skagen lighthouse to the Tistlarna lighthouse and from there to the nearest coast of Sweden.

(3) Of which sand-eel alone not more than 50 000 tonnes or Norway pout and blue whiting together not more than 50 000 tonnes. Up to 10 000 tonnes of the Norway pout quota may be fished in ICES VI a north of 56°30' N. However, this quantity should be deducted from the quota of sand-eel, Norway pout and blue whiting in ICES IV. West of 12°00' W.

(5) Of which no more than 40 000 tonnes may be fished in ICES division IV a.

(6) Of which an incidental catch of other species of 20 % per ship, at any moment, is authorized in ICES sub-areas VI and VII. However, this percentage may be exceeded in the first 24 hours following the beginning of the fishing on a specific ground. The total incidental catch of other species in VI and VII should not exceed 3 000 tonnes.

Of which ling may be a maximum of 12 000 tonnes, tusk a maximum of 7 000 tonnes, and blue ling a maximum of (7) 3 000 tonnes.

(8) Basking shark liver.

(9) An additional 10 000 tonnes will be granted if such an increase is called for.

 $\binom{10}{11}$  May be fished in IV a only, except for 3 000 tonnes which may be fished in III a.  $\binom{11}{11}$  Of which up to 8 000 tonnes of argentine may be fished.

(12) Including catches taken with long lines of grey shark and black shark, bird beak dogfish, leafscale gulper shark, greater lantern shark, smooth lantern shark, Portuguese dogfish.

(13) Including fisheries not specifically mentioned; exceptions may be introduced after consultations, as appropriate; no directed fishery for sole is foreseen for 1994.

(14) Of which 19 000 tonnes may be fished from 1 October to 31 December 1994 in Community waters in division IV a.

(15) Taken with long lines only; including rat tails, mora mora, greater fork bears.

(16) Taken with long lines only.

#### ANNEX II

When fishing within the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries, the following details are to be entered in the log-book immediately after the following events:

1. after each haul

1.1. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught;

1.2. the date and the time of the haul;

- 1.3. the geographical position in which the catches were made;
- 1.4. the fishing method used;
- 2. after each transhipment to or from another vessel
  - 2.1. the indication 'received from' or 'transferred to';
  - 2.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transhipped;
  - 2.3. the name, external identification letters and numbers of the vessel to or from which the transhipment occurred;
- 3. after each landing in a port of the Community
  - 3.1. name of the port;
  - 3.2. the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed;

4. after each transmission of information to the Commission of the European Communities

4.1. date and time of the transmission;

- 4.2. type of message: IN, OUT, ICES, WKL or 2 WKL;
- 4.3. in the case of radio transmission: name of the radio station.

### ANNEX III

- 1. The information to be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities and the timetable for its transmission are as follows:
- 1.1. On each occasion the vessel enters the 200-nautical-mile zone off the coasts of the Member States of the Community which is covered by Community rules on fisheries:
  - (a) the information specified under 1.5;
  - (b) the quantity (in kilograms) of each species of fish in the hold;
  - (c) the date and ICES division within which the master intends to commence fishing.

Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zones referred to under 1.1 on a given day, one communication shall suffice on first entry.

- 1.2. On each occasion the vessel leaves the zone referred to under 1.1:
  - (a) the information specified under 1.5;
  - (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold;
  - (c) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
  - (d) the ICES division in which the catches were taken;
  - (e) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the vessel entered the zone and the identification of the vessel to which the transfer was made;
  - (f) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the vessel entered the zone.

Where the fishing operations necessitate more than one entry into the zones referred to under 1.1 on a given day, one single communication on the last exit will be sufficient.

- 1.3. At three-day intervals, commencing on the third day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for herring and mackerel, and at weekly intervals, commencing on the seventh day after the vessel first enters the zones referred to under 1.1 when fishing for all species other than herring and mackerel:
  - (a) the information specified under 1.5;
  - (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
  - (c) the ICES division in which the catches were made.
- 1.4. On each occasion the vessel moves from one ICES division to another:

(a) the information specified under 1.5;

- (b) the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species caught since the previous transmission;
- (c) the ICES division in which the catches have been taken.
- 1.5. (a) The name, call sign, external identification letters and numbers of the vessel and the name of its master;
  - (b) the licence number if the vessel is under licence;
  - (c) the serial number of the message for the voyage concerned;
  - (d) identification of the type of message;
  - (e) the date, the time and the geographical position of the vessel.
- 2.1. The information specified under point 1 shall be transmitted to the Commission of the European Communities in Brussels (telex 24 189 FISEU-B) via one of the radio stations listed under point 3 below and in the form specified under point 4.
- 2.2. If it is impossible for reasons of *force majeure* for the message to be transmitted by the vessel, it may be transmitted on the vessel's behalf by another vessel.

3.	Name of radio station	Call sign of radio station
	Skagen	OXP
	Blåvand	OXB
	Rønne	OYE

Norddeich	DAF DAK DAH DAL DAI DAM DAJ DAN
Scheveningen	PCH
Oostende	OST
North Foreland	GNF
Humber	GKZ
Cullercoats	GCC
Wick	GKR
Portpatrick	GPK
Anglesey	GLV
Ilfracombe	GIL
Niton	GNI
Stonehaven	GND
Portishead	GKA
	GKB
	GKC
Land's End	GLD
Valentia	EJK
Malin Head	EJM
Boulogne	FFB
Brest	FFU
Saint-Nazaire	FFO
Bordeaux-Arcachon	FFC
Thorshavn	OXJ
Bergen	LGN
Farsund	LGZ
Florø	LGL
Rogaland	LGQ
Tjøme	LGT
Ålesund	LGA

4.

### Form of the communications

The information specified under point 1 shall contain the following particulars, which shall be given in the following order:

name of vessel,

— call sign,

- external identification letters and numbers,
- serial number of the message for the voyage in question,
- indication of the type of message according to the following code:
  - message when entering one of the zones referred to under 1.1: 'IN',
  - message when leaving one of the zones referred to under 1.1: 'OUT',
  - message when moving from one ICES division to another: 'ICES',
  - weekly message: 'WKL',
  - three-day message: '2 WKL',
- the date, the time and the geographical position,
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which fishing is expected to commence,
- the date on which fishing is expected to commence,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish in the hold using the code mentioned in point 5,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species of fish caught since the previous transmission using the code mentioned in point 5,
- the ICES divisions/sub-areas in which the catches were made,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species transferred to and/or from other vessels since the previous transmission,
- the name and call sign of the vessel to and/or from which the transfer was made,
- the quantity (in kilograms live-weight) of each species landed in a port of the Community since the previous transmission,
- the name of the master.

5. The code to be used to indicate the species on board as mentioned in 4 above:

PRA — Northern deep-water prawn (Pandalus borealis),

- HKE Hake (Merluccius merluccius),
- GHL Greenland halibut (Reinhardtius hippoglossoides),
- COD Cod (Gadus morhua),
- HAD Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus),
- HAL Halibut (Hippoglossus hippoglossus),
- MAC Mackerel (Scomber scombrus),
- HOM Horse-mackerel (Trachurus trachurus),
- RNG Round-nose grenadier (Coryphaenoides rupestris),
- POK Saithe (Pollachius virens),
- WHG Whiting (Merlangus merlangus),
- HER Herring (Clupea harengus),
- SAN Sand-eel (Ammodytes spp.),
- SPR Sprat (Sprattus sprattus),
- PLE Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa),
- NOP Norway pout (Trisopterus esmarkii),
- LIN Ling (Molva molva),
- PEZ Shrimp (Panaeidae),
- ANE Anchovy (Engraulis encrasicholus),
- RED Redfish (Sebastes spp.),
- PLA American plaice (Hypoglossoides platessoides),
- SQX Squid (Illex spp.),
- YEL Yellowtail flounder (Limanda ferruginea),
- WHB Blue whiting (Micromesistius poutassou),
- TUN Tuna (Thunnidae),
- BLI Blue ling (Molva dypterygia),
- USK Tusk (Brosme brosme),
- DGS Dogfish (Squalus acanthias),
- BSK Basking shark (Cetorinhus maximus),
- POR Porbeagle (Lamma nasus),
- SQC Common squid (Loligo spp.),
- POA Atlantic pomfret (Brama brama),
- PIL Sardine (Sardina pilchardus),
- CSH Common shrimp (Crangon crangon),
- LEZ Megrim (Lepidorhombus spp.),
- MNZ Angler/Monk (Lophius spp.),
- NEP Norway lobster (Nephrops norvegicus),
- POL Pollack (Pollachius pollachius),
- ARG Argentine (Argentina sphyraena),
- OTH Other.