COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 2451/96

of 20 December 1996

on the supply of milk products as food aid

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES.

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EC) No 1292/96 of 27 June 1996 on food-aid policy and food-aid management and special operations in support of food security (1), and in particular Article 24 (1) (b) thereof,

Whereas the abovementioned Regulation lays down the list of countries and organizations eligible for food-aid operations and specifies the general criteria on the transport of food aid beyond the fob stage;

Whereas, following the taking of a number of decisions on the allocation of food aid, the Commission has allocated milk powder to certain beneficiaries;

Whereas it is necessary to make these supplies in accordance with the rules laid down by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2200/87 of 8 July 1987 laying down general rules for the mobilization in the Community of products to be supplied as Community food aid (2), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 790/91 (3); whereas it is necessary to specify the time limits and conditions of supply and the procedure to be followed to determine the resultant costs,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Milk products shall be mobilized in the Community, as Community food aid for supply to the recipient listed in the Annex, in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2200/87 and under the conditions set out in the Annex. Supplies shall be awarded by the tendering procedure.

The successful tenderer is deemed to have noted and accepted all the general and specific conditions applicable. Any other condition or reservation included in his tender is deemed unwritten.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1996.

For the Commission Franz FISCHLER Member of the Commission

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ No L 166, 5. 7. 1996, p. 1. (²) OJ No L 204, 25. 7. 1987, p. 1. (³) OJ No L 81, 28. 3. 1991, p. 108.

ANNEX

LOTS A, B, C, D, E

- 1. Operation No (1): 48/96 (A); 49/96 (B); 50/96 (C); 51/96 (D); 52/96 (E)
- 2. Programme: 1996
- 3. Recipient (²): UNRWA, Supply division, Amman Office, PO Box 140157, Amman Jordan [telex: 21170 UNRWA JC; fax: (962-6) 86 41 27]
- 4. Representative of the recipient: UNRWA Field Supply and Transport Officer

— A + E:	Ashdod:	Israel, PO Box 19149, Jerusalem [tel.: (972-2) – 589 05 55; telex: 26194 UNRWA IL; telefax: 581 65 64]
— B:	Beirut:	Lebanon, PO Box 947, Beirut [tel.: (961-1) 212 478 4291; telex: 00581 150 2564 ULFO; telefax: 212 478 1055]
— C:	Lattakia:	Syria, PO BOX 4313, Damascus, [tel.: (963-11) 613 30 35; telex: 412006 UNRWA SY; telefax: 613 30 47]
D:	Amman:	Jordan, PO Box 484, Amman [tel.: (962-6) 74 19 14/77 22 26; telex: 23402 UNRWAJFO JO: telefax: 74 63 61]

- 5. Place or country of destination (5): A + E: Israel; B: Lebanon; C: Syria; D: Jordan
- 6. Product to be mobilized: whole milk powder
- 7. Characteristics and quality of the goods (3) (6) (9): see OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 1, (I.C.(1))
- 8. Total quantity (tonnes): 508
- 9. Number of lots: 5 (lot A: 170 tonnes; lot B: 130 tonnes; lot C: 52 tonnes; lot D: 78 tonnes; lot E: 78 tonnes)
- Packaging and marking (7) (8): see OJ No C 267, 13. 9. 1996, p. 1, (6.1 A, B and C.2) see OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 1, (I.C. (3))

Language to be used for the marking: English

Supplementary markings: 'NOT FOR SALE' + D; 'Expiry date ...' (date of manufacture plus 9 months)

11. Method of mobilization: the Community market

The whole milk powder must be manufactured after the award of the tender

12. Stage of supply: A, C, E: free at port of landing - landed

B, D: free at destination

- 13. Port of shipment: ---
- 14. Port of landing specified by the recipient: ---
- 15. Port of landing: A, E: Ashdod; C: Lattakia
- 16. Address of the warehouse and, if appropriate, port of landing:
 - B: UNRWA warehouse in Beirut, Lebanon;
 - D: UNRWA warehouse in Amman, Jordan
- 17. Period for making the goods available at the port of shipment where the supply is awarded at the port of shipment stage: 17. 2 to 2. 3. 1997
- 18. Deadline for the supply: A, C, E: 16. 3. 1997; B, D: 23. 3. 1997
- 19. Procedure for determining the costs of supply: invitation to tender
- 20. Date of expiry of the period allowed for submission of tenders: 6. 1. 1997 [12 noon (Brussels time)]

- 21. In the case of a second invitation to tender:
 - (a) deadline for the submission of tenders: 20. 1. 1997 [12 noon (Brussels time)]
 - (b) period for making the goods available at the port of shipment where the supply is awarded at the port of shipment stage: 3 to 16. 3. 1997
 - (c) deadline for the supply: A, C, E: 30. 3. 1997; B, D: 6. 4. 1997
- 22. Amount of tendering security: ECU 20 per tonne
- 23. Amount of delivery security: 10 % of the amount of the tender in ecus
- 24. Address for submission of tenders and tendering securities (¹): Bureau de l'aide alimentaire, Attn. Mr T. Vestergaard, Bâtiment Loi 130, bureau 7/46, Rue de la Loi/Wetstraat 200, B-1049 Bruxelles/ Brussel (telex: 25670 AGREC B; fax: (32-2) 296 70 03 / 296 70 04)
- 25. Refund payable on application by the successful tenderer (*): refund applicable on 16. 12. 1996, fixed by Commission Regulation (EC) No 2371/96 (OJ No L 323, 13. 12. 1996, p. 14)

EN

Notes:

- (1) The operation number should be mentioned in all correspondence.
- (2) The successful tenderer shall contact the recipient as soon as possible to establish which consignment documents are required.
- (3) The successful tenderer shall deliver to the beneficiary a certificate from an official entity certifying that for the product to be delivered the standards applicable, relative to nuclear radiation, in the Member State concerned, have not been exceeded. The radioactivity certificate must indicate the caesium-134 and -137 and iodine-131 levels.
- (*) Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2330/87 (OJ No L 210, 1. 8. 1987, p. 56), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2226/89 (OJ No L 214, 25. 7. 1989, p. 10), is applicable as regards the export refund. The date referred to in Article 2 of the said Regulation is that referred to in point 25 of this Annex.

The amount of the refund shall be converted into national currency by applying the agricultural conversion rate applicable on the day of completion of the customs export formalities. The provisions of Articles 13 to 17 of Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1068/93 (OJ No L 108, 1. 5. 1993, p. 106), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1482/96 (OJ No L 188, 27. 7. 1996, p. 22), shall not apply to this amount.

- (5) Commission delegation to be contacted by the successful tenderer: OJ No C 114, 29. 4. 1991, p. 33.
- (*) The successful tenderer shall supply to the beneficiary or its representative, on delivery, the following documents:

- health certificate.

- (7) Notwithstanding OJ No C 114, point I.C.3 c) is replaced by the following: 'the words "European Community".
- (*) Shipment to take place in 20-foot containers: Lots A, C and E: The contracted shipping terms shall be considered full liner terms (liner in/liner out) free port of landing container yard and is understood to cover 15 days Saturdays, Sundays and official public and religious holidays excluded free of container detention charges at the port of discharge taken from the day/time of the arrival of the vessel. The 15 day period should be clearly marked on the bill of lading. Bona fide detention charges levied in respect of container detention(s) in excess of the said 15 days as detailed above will be born by UNRWA. UNRWA shall not pay/not be charged any container deposit fees.

After take-over of the goods at the delivery stage, the recipient will beat all costs of shifting the containers for destuffing outside the port area and of returning them to the container yard.

Ashdod: consignment to be stowed in 20-foot containers containing not more than 17 tonnes each, net.

(*) Lot C: The health certificate and the certificate of origin must be signed and stamped by a Syrian Consulate, including the statement that consular fees and charges have been paid.