

Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96 of 14 February 1996 amending Annexes I, II and III to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 282/96

of 14 February 1996

amending Annexes I, II and III to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 of 26 June 1990 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 281/96⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 6, 7 and 8 thereof,

Whereas, in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90, maximum residue limits must be established progressively for all pharmacologically active substances which are used within the Community in veterinary medicinal products intended for administration to food-producing animals;

Whereas maximum residue limits should be established only after the examination within the Committee for Veterinary Medicinal Products of all the relevant information concerning the safety of residues of the substance concerned for the consumer of foodstuffs of animal origin and the impact of residues on the industrial processing of foodstuffs;

Whereas, in establishing maximum residue limits for residues of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin, it is necessary to specify the animal species in which residues may be present, the levels which may be present in each of the relevant meat tissues obtained from the treated animal (target tissue) and the nature of the residue which is relevant for the monitoring of residues (marker residue);

Whereas, for the control of residues, as provided for in appropriate Community legislation, maximum residue limits should usually be established for the target tissues of liver or kidney; whereas, however, the liver and kidney are frequently removed from carcasses moving in international trade, and maximum residue limits should therefore also always be established for muscle or fat tissues;

Whereas, in the case of veterinary medicinal products intended for use in laying birds, lactating animals or honey bees, maximum residue limits must also be established for eggs, milk or honey;

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96. (See end of Document for details)

Whereas cefquinome should be inserted into Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90;

Whereas busserelin, ketoprofen, caffeine, theophylline and theobromine should be inserted into Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90;

Whereas, in order to allow for the completion of scientific studies, josamycin, decoquinat and colistin should be inserted into Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90;

Whereas a period of 60 days should be allowed before the entry into force of this Regulation in order to allow Member States to make any adjustment which may be necessary to the authorizations to place the veterinary medicinal products concerned on the market which have been granted in accordance with Council Directive 81/851/EEC⁽³⁾, as last amended by Directive 93/40/EEC⁽⁴⁾, to take account of the provisions of this Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Veterinary Medicinal Products,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Annexes I, II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 are hereby amended as set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 60th day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 February 1996.

For the Commission

Martin BANGEMANN

Member of the Commission

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96. (See end of Document for details)

ANNEX

A. Annex I is amended as follows:

1. Anti-infectious agents

1.2. Antibiotics

1.2.2. Cephalosporins

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Magically residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'1.2.2.1.	Cefquinome Cefquinome	Bovine	20 µg/kg	Milk'	

B. Annex II (2. 'Organic compounds') is amended as follows:

2. Organic chemicals

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Animal species	Other provisions
'2.29. Buserelin	All food producing species	
2.30. Ketoprofen	Bovine, equidae	
2.31. Caffeine	All food producing species	
2.32. Theophylline	All food producing species	
2.33. Theobromine	All food producing species'	

C. Annex III is amended as follows:

1. Anti-infectious agents

1.2. Antibiotics

1.2.2. Macrolides

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Magically residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'1.2.2.4.	Josamycin Josamycin	Chicken	400 µg/kg	Kidney	Provisional MRLs expire on 1 July 2000'
			200 µg/kg	Liver, muscle, fat	
			200 µg/kg	Eggs	

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96. (See end of Document for details)

1.2.6. Quinolones

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Magically residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'1.2.6.2.	Decoquinolone Decoquinolone	Bovine, ovine	500 µg/ kg	Muscle, liver, kidney, fat	Provisional MRLs expire on 1 July 2000'

1.2.8. Polymyxins

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Magically residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'1.2.8.1.	Colistin Colistin	Bovine, ovine,	200 µg/ kg	Kidney	Provisional MRLs expire on 1 July 2000'
		porcine, chicken, rabbits	150 µg/ kg	Liver, muscle, fat	
		Bovine, ovine	50 µg/ kg	Milk	
		Chicken	300 µg/ kg	Eggs	

Changes to legislation: *There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96. (See end of Document for details)*

- (1) [OJ No L 224, 18. 8. 1990, p. 1.](#)
- (2) See page 9 of this Official Journal.
- (3) [OJ No L 317, 6. 11. 1981, p. 1.](#)
- (4) [OJ No L 214, 24. 8. 1993, p. 31.](#)

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 282/96.