Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 of 24 July 2000 laying down certain detailed rules for implementing Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999 on the common organisation of the market in wine and establishing a Community code of oenological practices and processes (repealed)

## Article 1 Purpose

## TITLE I

# REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN GRAPES AND GRAPE MUSTS

Article 2	Use of grapes of certain varieties
Article 3	Use of certain products not possessing the natural alcoholic
	strength by volume for the production of sparkling wine, aerated
	sparkling wine and aerated semi-sparkling wine
Article 4	Use of grape must of certain vine varieties for the preparation of
	quality sparkling wine of the aromatic type and quality sparkling
	wine psr of the aromatic type, and exceptions to such use

## TITLE II

## OENOLOGICAL PRACTICES AND PROCESSES

## CHAPTER I

# RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO THE USE OF CERTAIN SUBSTANCES AUTHORISED FOR OENOLOGICAL PURPOSES

Article 5	Restrictions on the use of certain substances
Article 6	The purity and identification specifications of substances used in
	oenological
Article 7	Calcium tartrate
Article 8	Tartaric acid
Article 9	Aleppo pine resin
Article 10	Beta-glucanase
Article 11	Lactic bacteria
Article 11a	Lysozyme
Article 12	Ion exchange resins
Article 13	Potassium ferrocyanide
Article 14	Calcium phytate
Article 15	DL-tartaric acid
Article 16	Electrodialysis treatment
Article 17	Urease
Article 18	Addition of oxygen
Article 18a	Pouring of wine or grape must to lees or grape marc or pressed aszú pulp

Article 33

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

## CHAPTER II

# SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Article 19 Article 20 Article 21	Sulphur dioxide content Volatile acid content Use of calcium sulphate in certain liqueur wines
	TITLE II
	OENOLOGICAL PRACTICES
	CHAPTER I
	ENRICHMENT
Article 22 Article 23	Authorisation to use sucrose Enrichment in the event of exceptionally unfavourable weather conditions
Article 24 Article 25	Enrichment of the cuvée for sparkling wines Administrative rules applicable to enrichment
	CHAPTER II
	ACIDIFICATION AND DEACIDIFICATION
Article 26	Administrative rules applicable to acidification and deacidification
	CHAPTER III
	COMMON RULES APPLICABLE TO ENRICHMENT, ACIDIFICATION AND DEACIDIFICATION
Article 27 Article 28	Acidification and enrichment of one and the same product General rules applicable to enrichment, acidification and
Article 29	deacidification of products other than wine Derogation from the dates laid down for enrichment, acidification and deacidification
	CHAPTER IV
	SWEETENING
Article 30 Article 31 Article 32	Technical rules applicable to sweetening Administrative rules applicable to sweetening Sweetening of certain imported wines

Specific rules applicable to the sweetening of liqueur wines

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

## CHAPTER V

	COUPAGE
Article 34 Article 35 Article 36	Definition General rules applicable to coupage Specific rules applicable to coupage of white wines and red wines in Spain
	CHAPTER VI
	ADDITION OF OTHER PRODUCTS
Article 37	Addition of distillate to liqueur wines and certain quality liqueur
Article 38 Article 39	wines psr Addition of other products to, and use of grape must in the preparation of, certain quality liqueur wines psr Addition of alcohol to semi-sparkling wine
Article 37	
	CHAPTER VII
	REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO AGEING
Article 40	Ageing of certain liqueur wines
	TITLE III
EXP	PERIMENTAL USE OF NEW OENOLOGICAL PRACTICES
Article 41	General rules
	TITLE IV
	FINAL PROVISIONS
Article 42 Article 43 Article 44 Article 45	Wine produced before 1 August 2000 Requirements for distillation, movement and use of products not complying with Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999 or with this Regulation Repeal This Regulation shall enter into force on the security day.
Article 45	This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day Signature

# ANNEX I

List of vine varieties grapes of which may, notwithstanding Article 42(5) of Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999, be used in the preparation of the products covered by that provision

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEX II

Years when products from wine-growing zones A and B not possessing the minimum natural alcoholic strength by volume laid down by Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999 may be used for the production of sparkling wine, aerated sparkling wine and aerated semi-sparkling wine

(p. m.)

#### ANNEX III

- A. List of vine varieties grapes of which may be used...
- B. Derogations referred to in Annex V(I)(3)(a) and Annex VI(K)(10)(a) to Regulation (EC)...

#### ANNEX IV

Restrictions on the use of certain substances

The maximum limits applying to the use of the substances... These products may also be used in combination, up to...

#### ANNEX V

Requirements and purity criteria for polyvinylpolypyrrolidone

## **CHARACTERISTICS**

#### **TESTS**

1. LOSS ON DRYING

Note:

- 2. ASH
- 3. ARSENIC

Preparation of the product to be tested:

Reagents (AR quality)

- 1. Concentrated arsenic solution (100 mg of arsenic per litre)
- 2. Diluted arsenic solution (1 mg of arsenic per litre)
- 3. Lead acetate cotton
- 4. Absorbent cotton dried in an oven at 100 °C
- 5. Mercuric bromide paper
- 6. Stannous chloride solution
- 7. Potassium iodide solution
- 8. Nitric acid for the determination of arsenic (AR quality)
- 9. Sulphuric acid for the determination of arsenic (AR quality)
- 10. 20 % (v/v) diluted sulphuric acid solution (36 g H2SO4 per...
- 11. Platinized zinc

Description of the apparatus

Procedure

4. HEAVY METALS

Note:

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

5.	TOTAL NITROGEN
	Apparatus
	A. The apparatus is made up of:
	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	B. A 300 ml egg-shaped mineralization flask with a long neck
	Substances required:
	Procedure
6.	SOLUBILITY IN AN AQUEOUS MEDIUM
7.	SOLUBILITY IN AN ACID ALCOHOLIC MEDIUM
8.	EFFECTIVENESS OF PVPP IN RELATION TO THE ADSORPTION OF
	PHENOLIC
	A. Reagents:
	1
	2. 0.1 N salicylic acid solution
	B. Procedure
	1
	2
	3. Add the 0,1 N salicylic acid solution using the following
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	C. Calculation:
	Note:
9.	FREE N-VINYLPYRROLIDONE — NOT MORE THAN 0,1%
-	Method
10.	FREE N,N'-DIVINYLIMIDAZOLE - NOT MORE THAN 2 MG/KG
	Principle
	Internal standard solution
	Preparation of the specimen
	Calibration solution
	Gas chromatography conditions
	Procedure Conditions
	Calculation of the calibration factor
	Calculation of the content of N,N-divinylimidazolidone
	Carealation of the content of 11,11 arting inflated

# ANNEX VI

Requirements for calcium tartrate

AREA OF APPLICATION

REQUIREMENTS

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004. Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

# ANNEX VII

## Requirements for beta-glucanase

- 1. International code for beta-glucanase: E.C. 3-2-1-58
- 2. Beta-glucan hydrolase (breaking down the glucan in Botrytis cinerea)
- 3. Origin: Trichoderma harzianum
- 4. Area of application: breaking down the beta-glucans present in wines,...
- 5. Maximum dose: 3 g of the enzymatic preparation containing 25 %...
- 6. Chemical and microbiological purity specifications

## ANNEX VIII

Lactic bacteria

REQUIREMENTS

**FORM** 

IMMOBILIZED BACTERIA

**CONTROLS** 

Chemical:

Microbiological:

**ADDITIVES** 

DATE OF PRODUCTION

USE

PRESERVATION

METHODS OF ANALYSIS

## ANNEX VIIIa

Requirements for lysozyme

AREA OF APPLICATION

REQUIREMENTS:

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEX IX

## Determination of the loss of organic matter from ion exchange resins

- 1. SCOPE AND AREA OF APPLICATION
- 2. DEFINITION
- 3. PRINCIPLE
- 4. REAGENTS
  - 4.1. Distilled water or de-ionised water of equivalent purity.
  - 4.2. Ethanol, 15 % v/v. Prepare by mixing 15 parts of absolute...
  - 4.3. Acetic acid, 5 % m/m. Prepare by mixing 5 parts of...
- 5. APPARATUS
  - 5.1. Ion exchange chromatography columns.
  - 5.2. Measuring cylinders, capacity 2 l.
  - 5.3. Evaporating dishes capable of withstanding a muffle furnace at 850 °C....
  - 5.4. Drying oven, thermostatically controlled at  $105 \pm 2$  °C.
  - 5.5. Muffle furnace, thermostatically controlled at  $850 \pm 25$  °C.
  - 5.6. Analytical balance, accurate to 0,1 mg.
  - 5.7. Evaporator, hot plate or infra-red evaporator.
- 6. PROCEDURE
  - 6.1. Add to each of three separate ion exchange chromatography columns...
  - 6.2. For the anionic resins, pass the three extracting solvents (4.1,...
  - 6.3. Evaporate the three eluates over a hot plate or with...
  - 6.4. After recording the constant weight (6.3), place the evaporating dish...
  - 6.5. Calculate the organic matter extracted (7.1). If the result is...
- 7. EXPRESSION OF RESULTS
  - 7.1. Formula and calculation of results
  - 7.2. The difference in the results between two parallel determinations carried...

#### ANNEX X

## Requirements for electrodialysis treatment

- 1. MEMBRANE REQUIREMENTS
  - 1.1. The membranes are to be arranged alternately in a 'filter-press'...
  - 1.2. The cation-permeable membranes must be designed to extract cations only,...
  - 1.3. The anion-permeable membranes must be designed to extract anions only,...
  - 1.4. The membranes must not excessively modify the physico-chemical composition and...
- 2. MEMBRANE UTILISATION REQUIREMENTS

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004. Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEX XI

## Requirements for urease

- 1. International code for urease: EC 3-5-1-5, CAS No 9002-13-5.
- 2. Activity: urease activity (active at acidic pH), to break down...
- 3. Origin: Lactobacillus fermentum.
- 4. Area of application: breaking down urea present in wine intended...
- 5. Maximum quantity to be used: 75 mg of enzyme preparation...
- 6. Chemical and microbiological purity specifications

## ANNEX XII

Derogations regarding sulphur dioxide content

In addition to Annex V(A) to Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999, the...

300 mg/l for: the quality white wines psr entitled to... In addition to Annex V(A) to Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999,...

## ANNEX XIIa

#### ANNEX XIII

## Volatile acid content

Notwithstanding Annex V(B)(1) to Regulation (EC) No 1493/1999, the maximum volatile... for German wines: 30 milliequivalents per litre for quality wines...

#### ANNEX XIV

Enrichment where weather conditions have been exceptionally unfavourable

#### ANNEX XV

Cases where acidification and enrichment of one and the same product are authorised

(p. m.)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEXE XVI

Dates before which enrichment, acidification and deacidification operations may be carried out in cases of exceptionally bad weather conditions

(p. m.)

## ANNEX XVII

Characteristics of wine distillate or dried-grape distillate which may be added to liqueur wines and certain quality liqueur wines psr

#### ANNEX XVIII

List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which involves the application of special rules

A. LIST OF QUALITY LIQUEUR WINES PSR THE PRODUCTION OF WHICH...

**GREECE** 

**SPAIN** 

ITALY

B. LIST OF QUALITY LIQUEUR WINES PSR THE PRODUCTION OF WHICH...

1. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

GREECE

SPAIN

**CYPRUS** 

2. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

**GREECE** 

**FRANCE** 

**CYPRUS** 

3. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

GREECE

4. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

SPAÍN

**ITALY** 

**CYPRUS** 

5. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

SPAIN

**ITALY** 

6. List of quality liqueur wines psr the production of which...

SPAIN

**ITALY** 

## Status: Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed). (See end of Document for details)

- (1) OJ L 179, 14.7.1999, p. 1.
- (2) OJ L 175, 8.8.1970, p. 17.
- (**3**) OJ L 226, 17.8.1978, p. 11.
- (4) OJ L 7, 11.1.1980, p. 19.
- (5) OJ L 224, 21.8.1984, p. 19.
- **(6)** OJ L 253, 5.9.1986, p. 11.
- (7) OJ L 38, 13.2.1986, p. 13.
- **(8)** OJ L 163, 13.6.1986, p. 19.
- **(9)** OJ L 209, 21.7.1989, p. 31.
- (10) OJ L 215, 26.7.1989, p. 16.
- (11) OJ L 308, 8.11.1990, p. 22.
- (12) OJ L 171, 7.7.1999, p. 6.
- (13) OJ L 61, 13.3.1993, p. 39.
- (14) OJ L 97, 18.4.1996, p. 17.
- (15) OJ L 278, 11.11.1993, p. 48.
- (**16**) OJ L 96, 28.3.1998, p. 17.
- (17) OJ L 150, 25.6.1996, p. 13.
- (**18**) OJ L 54, 5.3.1979, p. 1.
- (19) OJ L 367, 31.12.1985, p. 39.
- (**20**) OJ L 54, 5.3.1979, p. 130.
- (21) OJ L 272, 3.10.1990, p. 1.

## **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/08/2004.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 1622/2000 (repealed).