

## COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 1637/2001

of 23 July 2001

### **amending Council Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in the North-East Atlantic**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 of 17 December 1991 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in the North-East Atlantic (<sup>1</sup>), and in particular Article 2(3) and Article 4 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) The Ninth Meeting of the Conference of Parties of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) in 1994 requested the monitoring of catch and trade data on elasmobranch fish species (sharks, skates and rays) be undertaken by the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) and by regional fishery agencies.
- (2) At its 87th Statutory Meeting in 1999 the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) resolved to adopt the species groupings for elasmobranch fishes as described in the report of the Study Group on Elasmobranch Species and to request FAO to include these species on its Statlant 27A questionnaire on catch statistics for the North-East Atlantic.
- (3) The ICES has extended its list of species for which catches in the North-East Atlantic are recorded in its database and thus Member States should be encouraged to submit available catch statistics for these additional species.
- (4) Article 4(2) of Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 provides that Member States, with the prior approval of Eurostat,

may submit data in a different form or on a different medium from that laid down in Annex IV to the Regulation.

- (5) Several Member States have requested submission of data in a different form or through a different medium from that specified in Annex IV to Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 (the equivalent of the abovementioned Statlant questionnaires).
- (6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee for Agricultural Statistics set up by Council Decision 72/279/EEC (<sup>2</sup>).

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### *Article 1*

Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 3880/91 shall be replaced by Annex I to this Regulation.

#### *Article 2*

Member States may submit data following that in the format detailed in Annex II to this Regulation.

#### *Article 3*

This Regulation shall enter into force on the 20th day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 2001.

*For the Commission*

Pedro SOLBES MIRA

*Member of the Commission*

(<sup>1</sup>) OJ L 365, 31.12.1991, p. 1.

(<sup>2</sup>) OJ L 179, 7.8.1972, p. 1.

## ANNEX I

**LIST OF SPECIES WHICH HAVE BEEN REPORTED IN THE COMMERCIAL CATCH STATISTICS FOR THE NORTH-EAST ATLANTIC**

Member States must report the nominal catches of those species marked with an asterisk (\*). The reporting of nominal catches of the remaining species is optional as concerns the identification of the individual species. However, where data for individual species are not submitted the data shall be included in aggregate categories. Member States may submit data for species not in the list provided that the species are clearly identified.

Note: 'n.e.i.' is the abbreviation for 'not elsewhere identified'.

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Freshwater breams n.e.i.	FBR	<i>Abramis</i> spp.
Ide (Orfe)	FID	<i>Leuciscus</i> (= <i>Idus</i> ) <i>idus</i>
Roach	FRO	<i>Rutilus rutilus</i>
Common carp	FCP	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>
Crucian carp	FCC	<i>Carassius carassius</i>
Tench	FTE	<i>Tinca tinca</i>
Cyprinids n.e.i.	FCY	<i>Cyprinidae</i>
Northern pike	FPI	<i>Esox lucius</i>
Pikeperch	FPP	<i>Stizostedion lucioperca</i>
European perch	FPE	<i>Perca fluviatilis</i>
Burbot	FBU	<i>Lota lota</i>
Freshwater fishes n.e.i.	FRF	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Sturgeons n.e.i.	STU	<i>Acipenseridae</i>
European eel	ELE (*)	<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>
Vendace	FVE	<i>Coregonus albula</i>
Whitefishes n.e.i.	WHF	<i>Coregonus</i> spp.
Atlantic salmon	SAL (*)	<i>Salmo salar</i>
Sea trout	TRS	<i>Salmo trutta</i>
Trouts n.e.i.	TRO	<i>Salmo</i> spp.
Chars n.e.i.	CHR	<i>Salvelinus</i> spp.
European smelt	SME	<i>Osmerus eperlanus</i>
Salmonids n.e.i.	SLX	<i>Salmoidei</i>
European whitefish	PLN	<i>Coregonus lavaretus</i>
Houting	HOU	<i>Coregonus oxyrinchus</i>
Lampreys	LAM	<i>Petromyzon</i> spp.
Shads n.e.i.	SHD	<i>Alosa alosa</i> , <i>A. fallax</i>
Diadromous clupeoids n.e.i.	DCX	<i>Clupeoidei</i>
Diadromous fishes n.e.i.	DIA	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Megrim n.e.i.	MEG (*)	<i>Lepidorhombus whiffagonis</i>
Fourspot megrim	LDB	<i>Lepidorhombus boscii</i>
Megrims n.e.i.	LEZ (*)	<i>Lepidorhombus</i> spp.
Turbot	TUR (*)	<i>Psetta maxima</i>
Brill	BLL (*)	<i>Scophthalmus rhombus</i>
Atlantic halibut	HAL (*)	<i>Hippoglossus hippoglossus</i>
European plaice	PLE (*)	<i>Pleuronectes platessa</i>
Greenland halibut	GHL (*)	<i>Reinhardtius hippoglossoides</i>
Witch flounder	WIT (*)	<i>Glyptocephalus cynoglossus</i>
Long-rough dab	PLA (*)	<i>Hippoglossoides platessoides</i>
Common dab	DAB (*)	<i>Limanda limanda</i>
Lemon sole	LEM (*)	<i>Microstomus kitt</i>
European flounder	FLE (*)	<i>Platichthys flesus</i>
Common sole	SOL (*)	<i>Solea vulgaris</i>

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Sand sole	SOS	<i>Solea lascaris</i>
Senegalese sole	OAL	<i>Solea senegalensis</i>
Soles n.e.i.	SOO (*)	<i>Solea</i> spp.
Flatfishes n.e.i.	FLX	<i>Pleuronectiformes</i>
Tusk (= cusk)	USK (*)	<i>Brosme brosme</i>
Atlantic cod	COD (*)	<i>Gadus morhua</i>
European hake	HKE (*)	<i>Merluccius merluccius</i>
Ling	LIN (*)	<i>Molva molva</i>
Blue ling	BLI (*)	<i>Molva dypterygia</i> (= byrkelange)
Greater forkbeard	GFB	<i>Phycis blennoides</i>
Haddock	HAD (*)	<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>
Wachna cod (= navaga)	COW	<i>Eleginops navaga</i>
Saithe (= pollock = coalfish)	POK (*)	<i>Pollachius virens</i>
Pollack	POL (*)	<i>Pollachius pollachius</i>
Polar cod	POC	<i>Boreogadus saida</i>
Norway pout	NOP (*)	<i>Trisopterus esmarki</i>
Pouting (= bib)	BIB	<i>Trisopterus luscus</i>
Blue whiting (= poutassou)	WHB (*)	<i>Micromesistius poutassou</i>
Whiting	WHG (*)	<i>Merlangius merlangus</i>
Roundnose grenadier	RNG	<i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>
Morid cods	MOR	<i>Moridae</i>
Poor cod	POD	<i>Trisopterus minutus</i>
Greenland cod	GRC	<i>Gadus ogac</i>
Arctic cod	ATG	<i>Arctogadus glacialis</i>
Gadiformes n.e.i.	GAD	<i>Gadiformes</i>
Greater argentine	ARU	<i>Argentina silus</i>
Argentine	ARY	<i>Argentina sphyraenia</i>
Argentines	ARG	<i>Argentina</i> spp.
European conger	COE	<i>Conger conger</i>
Atlantic John Dory	JOD	<i>Zeus faber</i>
Sea bass	BSS	<i>Dicentrarchus labrax</i>
Dusky grouper	GPD	<i>Epinephelus guaza</i>
Wreckfish	WRF	<i>Polyprion americanus</i>
Sea basses, sea perches	BSX	<i>Serranidae</i>
Grunts n.e.i.	GRX	<i>Haemulidae</i> (= Pomadasyidae)
Meagre	MGR	<i>Argyrosomus regius</i>
Red (= common) sea bream	SBR	<i>Pagellus bogaraveo</i>
Common pandora	PAC	<i>Pagellus erythrinus</i>
Large-eye dentex	DEL	<i>Dentex macrophthalmus</i>
Dentex n.e.i.	DEX	<i>Dentex</i> spp.
Red porgy	RPG	<i>Sparus pagrus</i> (= <i>sedicum</i> )
Gilthead sea bream	SBG	<i>Sparus aurata</i>
Bogue	BOG	<i>Boops boops</i>
Porgies, sea breams n.e.i.	SBX	<i>Sparidae</i>
Red mullet	MUR	<i>Mullus surmuletus</i>
Greater weaver	WEG	<i>Trachinus draco</i>
Atlantic wolf-fish (= catfish)	CAA (*)	<i>Anarhichas lupus</i>
Spotted wolf-fish	CAS (*)	<i>Anarhichas minor</i>
Eel-pout	ELP	<i>Zoarces viviparus</i>
Sand eels (= sand lances)	SAN (*)	<i>Ammodytes</i> spp.
Atlantic gobies	GOB	<i>Gobius</i> spp.

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Atlantic redfishes	RED (*)	<i>Sebastes</i> spp.
Scorpion fishes n.e.i.	SCO	<i>Scorpaenidae</i>
Gurnards n.e.i.	GUX (*)	<i>Triglidae</i>
Lumpfish (= lumpsucker)	LUM	<i>Cyclopterus lumpus</i>
Monk (= anglerfish)	MON (*)	<i>Lophius piscatorius</i>
Blackbellied angler	ANK	<i>Lophius budegassa</i>
Monkfishes n.e.i.	MNZ (*)	<i>Lophius</i> spp.
Sticklebacks	SKB	<i>Gasterosteus</i> spp.
Axillary (= Spanish) seabream	SBA	<i>Pagellus acarne</i>
Common dentex	DEC	<i>Dentex dentex</i>
Snipe fishes	SNI	<i>Macrorhamphosidae</i>
Striped bass	STB	<i>Morone saxatilis</i>
Wolf-fishes (= catfishes) n.e.i.	CAT (*)	<i>Anarhichas</i> spp.
Beaked redfish	REB (*)	<i>Sebastes mentella</i>
Golden redfish	REG (*)	<i>Sebastes marinus</i>
Red gurnard	GUR (*)	<i>Aspitrigla</i> (= <i>Trigla</i> ) <i>cuculus</i>
Grey gurnard	GUG (*)	<i>Eutrigla</i> (= <i>Trigla</i> ) <i>gurnardus</i>
Long-finned gurnard	GUM	<i>Chelidonichthys obscura</i>
Streaked gurnard	CTZ	<i>Chelidonichthys lastiviza</i>
Red bandfish	CBC	<i>Cepola rubescens</i>
St Paul's fingerfin	TLD	<i>Acantholatris monodactylus</i>
...	IYL	<i>Sicyopterus lagocephalus</i>
Black cardinal fish	EPI	<i>Epigonus telescopus</i>
Mediterranean slimehead	HPR	<i>Hoplostethus mediterraneus</i>
Atlantic thornyhead	TJX	<i>Trachyscorpia cristulata</i>
Ballan wrasse	USB	<i>Labrus bergylta</i>
Brown wrasse	WRM	<i>Labrus merula</i>
Splendid alfonsino	BYS	<i>Beryx splendens</i>
Demersal percomorphs n.e.i.	DPX	<i>Perciformes</i>
Capelin	CAP (*)	<i>Mallotus villosus</i>
Garfish	GAR	<i>Belone belone</i>
Atlantic saury	SAU	<i>Scomberesox saurus</i>
Mullets n.e.i.	MUL	<i>Mugilidae</i>
Bluefish	BLU	<i>Pomatomus saltatrix</i>
Atlantic horse mackerel	HOM (*)	<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>
Blue jack mackerel	JAA	<i>Trachurus picturatus</i>
Mediterranean horse mackerel	HMM	<i>Trachurus mediterraneus</i>
Jack and horse mackerels n.e.i.	JAX (*)	<i>Trachurus</i> spp.
Leerfish	LEE	<i>Lichia amia</i>
Atlantic pomfret	POA	<i>Brama brama</i>
Silversides (= sandsmelt)	SIL	<i>Atherinidae</i>
Pelagic percomorphs n.e.i.	PPX	<i>Perciformes</i>
Atlantic herring	HER (*)	<i>Clupea harengus</i>
Sardinellas n.e.i.	SIX	<i>Sardinella</i> spp.
European sardine (= pilchard)	PIL (*)	<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>
Sprat	SPR (*)	<i>Sprattus sprattus</i>
European anchovy	ANE (*)	<i>Engraulis encrasicholus</i>
Clupeoids n.e.i.	CLU	<i>Clupeoidei</i>
Atlantic bonito	BON	<i>Sarda sarda</i>
Swordfish	SWO	<i>Xiphias gladius</i>
Frigate tuna	FRI	<i>Auxis thazard</i>

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Northern bluefin tuna	BFT	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>
Albacore	ALB	<i>Thunnus alalunga</i>
Yellowfin tuna	YFT	<i>Thunnus albacares</i>
Skipjack tuna	SKJ	<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>
Bigeye tuna	BET	<i>Thunnus obesus</i>
Tuna-like fishes n.e.i.	TUX	<i>Scombroidei</i>
Chub mackerel	MAS (*)	<i>Scomber japonicus</i>
Atlantic mackerel	MAC (*)	<i>Scomber scombrus</i>
Mackerels n.e.i.	MAX	<i>Scombridae</i>
Silver scabbardfish	SFS	<i>Lepidopus caudatus</i>
Black scabbardfish	BSF	<i>Aphanopus carbo</i>
Mackerel-like fishes n.e.i.	MKX	<i>Scombroidei</i>
Porbeagle	POR (*)	<i>Lamna nasus</i>
Basking shark	BSK	<i>Cetorrhinus maximus</i>
Picked (= spiny) dogfish	DGS (*)	<i>Squalus acanthias</i>
Greenland shark	GSK	<i>Somniosus microcephalus</i>
Dogfish sharks n.e.i.	DGX (*)	<i>Squalidae</i>
Skates n.e.i.	SKA (*)	<i>Raja</i> spp.
Dogfishes and hounds	DGH (*)	<i>Squalidae, Scyliorhinidae</i>
Various sharks n.e.i.	SKH	<i>Selachimorpha (Pleurotremata)</i>
Crest-tail catsharks n.e.i.	GAU	<i>Galeus</i> spp.
Blackmouth catshark	SHO	<i>Galeus melastomus</i>
Small-spotted catshark	SYC	<i>Scyliorhinus canicula</i>
Deep-water catsharks	API	<i>Apristurus</i> spp.
False catshark	PTM	<i>Pseudotriakis microdon</i>
Little sleeper shark	SOR	<i>Somniosus rostratus</i>
Gulper shark	GUP	<i>Centrophorus granulosus</i>
Little gulper shark	CPU	<i>Centrophorus uyato</i>
Leafscale gulper shark	GUQ	<i>Centrophorus squamosus</i>
Lowfin gulper shark	CPL	<i>Centrophorus lusitanicus</i>
Velvet belly	ETX	<i>Etomopterus spinax</i>
Great lanternshark	ETR	<i>Etomopterus princeps</i>
Smooth lanternshark	ETP	<i>Etomopterus pusillus</i>
Lantern sharks n.e.i.	SHL	<i>Etomopterus</i> spp.
Deania dogfishes n.e.i.	DNA	<i>Deania</i> spp.
Birdbeak dogfish	DCA	<i>Deania calcea</i>
Portuguese dogfish	CYO	<i>Centroscymnus coelolepis</i>
Longnose velvet dogfish	CYP	<i>Centroscymnus crepidater</i>
Shortnose velvet dogfish	CYY	<i>Centroscymnus cryptacanthus</i>
Smallmouth knifetooth dogfish	SYO	<i>Scymnodon obscurus</i>
Knifetooth dogfish	SYR	<i>Scymnodon ringens</i>
Kitefin shark	SCK	<i>Dalatias licha</i>
Black dogfish	CFB	<i>Centroscyllium fabricii</i>
Angular roughshark	OXY	<i>Oxynotus centrina</i>
Sailfin roughshark	OXN	<i>Oxynotus paradoxus</i>
Bramble shark	SHB	<i>Echinorhinus brucus</i>
Rays and skates n.e.i.	RAJ	<i>Rajidae</i>
Starry ray	RJR	<i>Amblyraja radiata</i>
Blonde ray	RJH	<i>Raja brachyura</i>

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Sandy ray	RJI	<i>Raja circularis</i>
Small-eyed ray	RJE	<i>Raja microocellata</i>
Undulate ray	RJU	<i>Raja undulata</i>
White skate	RJA	<i>Raja alba</i>
Round ray	RJY	<i>Raja fyllae</i>
Rabbit fish	CMO	<i>Chimaera monstrosa</i>
Ratfishes n.e.i.	HYD	<i>Hydrolagus</i> spp.
Knife-nosed chimaeras	RHC	<i>Rhinochimaera</i> spp.
Longnose chimaeras	HAR	<i>Harriotta</i> spp.
Cartilaginous fishes n.e.i.	CAR	<i>Chondrichthyes</i>
Groundfishes n.e.i.	GRO	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Pelagic fishes n.e.i.	PEL	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Marine fishes n.e.i.	MZZ	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Finfishes n.e.i.	FIN	ex <i>Osteichthyes</i>
Edible crab	CRE (*)	<i>Cancer pagurus</i>
Green crab	CRG	<i>Carcinus maenas</i>
Spinous spider crab	SCR	<i>Maja squinado</i>
Marine crabs n.e.i.	CRA	<i>Reptantia</i>
Swimcrabs n.e.i.	CRS	<i>Portunus</i> spp.
Palinurid spiny lobsters n.e.i.	CRW (*)	<i>Palinurus</i> spp.
European lobster	LBE (*)	<i>Homarus gammarus</i>
Norway lobster	NEP (*)	<i>Nephrops norvegicus</i>
Common prawn	CPR (*)	<i>Palaemon serratus</i>
Northern prawn	PRA (*)	<i>Pandalus borealis</i>
Common shrimp	CSH (*)	<i>Crangon crangon</i>
Penaeus shrimps n.e.i.	PEN (*)	<i>Penaeus</i> spp.
Palaemonid shrimps	PAL (*)	<i>Palaemonidae</i>
Pink (= pandalid) shrimps	PAN (*)	<i>Pandalus</i> spp.
Crangonid shrimps	CRN (*)	<i>Crangonidae</i>
Natantian decapods n.e.i.	DCP	<i>Natantia</i>
Goose barnacles	GOO	<i>Lepas</i> spp.
Rockpool prawn	PNQ	<i>Palaemon elegans</i>
Delta prawn	PIQ	<i>Palaemon longirostris</i>
St Paul rock lobster	JSP	<i>Jasus paulensis</i>
Lobsters n.e.i.	LOX	<i>Reptantia</i>
Craylets, squat lobsters n.e.i.	LOQ	<i>Galatheidae</i>
Marine crustaceans n.e.i.	CRU	ex <i>Crustacea</i>
Whelk	WHE	<i>Buccinum undatum</i>
Periwinkle	PEE	<i>Littorina littorea</i>
Periwinkles n.e.i.	PER	<i>Littorina</i> spp.
European flat oyster	OYF (*)	<i>Ostrea edulis</i>
Pacific cupped oyster	OYG	<i>Crassostrea gigas</i>
Cupped oyster n.e.i.	OYC (*)	<i>Crassostrea</i> spp.
Blue mussel	MUS (*)	<i>Mytilus edulis</i>
Sea mussels n.e.i.	MSX	<i>Mytilidae</i>
Common scallop	SCE (*)	<i>Pecten maximus</i>
Queen scallop	QSC (*)	<i>Chlamys opercularis</i>
Scallops n.e.i.	SCX (*)	<i>Pectinidae</i>
Common cockle	COC	<i>Cardium edule</i>
Grooved carpet shell	CTG	<i>Tapes decussatus</i>

English name	3-alpha identifier	Scientific name
Ocean quahog	CLQ	<i>Arctica islandica</i>
Clams n.e.i.	CLX	<i>Bivalvia</i>
Razor clams	RAZ	<i>Solen</i> spp.
Carpet shell	CTS	<i>Tapes pullastra</i>
Striped venus	SVE	<i>Venus gallina</i>
Venus clams n.e.i.	CLV	<i>Veneridae</i>
Mactra surf clams n.e.i.	MAT	<i>Mactridae</i>
Chamber venus	KFA	<i>Circomphalus casinus</i>
Common European bittersweet	GKL	<i>Glycymeris glycymeris</i>
Donax clams	DON	<i>Donax</i> spp.
Cockles n.e.i.	COZ	<i>Cardiidae</i>
Norwegian egg cockle	LVC	<i>Laevicardium crassum</i>
Limpets n.e.i.	LPZ	<i>Patella</i> spp.
Abalones n.e.i.	ABX	<i>Haliotis</i> spp.
Gastropods n.e.i.	GAS	<i>Gastropoda</i>
Oval surf clam	ULV	<i>Spisula ovalis</i>
Tellins n.e.i.	TWL	<i>Tellina</i> spp.
Common cuttlefish	CTC (*)	<i>Sepia officinalis</i>
Common squids	SQC (*)	<i>Loligo</i> spp.
Short-finned squid	SQI (*)	<i>Illex illecebrosus</i>
Octopuses n.e.i.	OCT	<i>Octopodidae</i>
Squids n.e.i.	SQU (*)	<i>Loliginidae, Ommastrephidae</i>
Cuttlefishes n.e.i.	CTL (*)	<i>Sepiidae, Sepiolidae</i>
European flying squid	SQE (*)	<i>Todarodes sag. Sagittatus</i>
Cephalopods n.e.i.	CEP	<i>Cephalopoda</i>
Marine molluscs n.e.i.	MOL	ex <i>Mollusca</i>
Starfish	STH	<i>Asterias rubens</i>
Starfishes n.e.i.	STF	<i>Asteroidea</i>
Sea urchin	URS	<i>Echinus esculentus</i>
Stony sea urchin	URM	<i>Paracentrotus lividus</i>
Sea urchins n.e.i.	URX	<i>Echinoidea</i>
Sea cucumbers n.e.i.	CUX	<i>Holothurioidea</i>
Echinoderms n.e.i.	ECH	<i>Echinodermata</i>
Grooved sea squirt	SSG	<i>Microcosmus sulcatus</i>
Sea squirts n.e.i.	SSX	<i>Asciidae</i>
Horseshoe crab	HSC	<i>Limulus polyphemus</i>
Aquatic invertebrates n.e.i.	INV	ex <i>Invertebrata</i>
Brown seaweeds	SWB	<i>Phaeophyceae</i>
Carragheen	IMS	<i>Chondrus crispus</i>
Gelidium spp.	GEL	<i>Gelidium</i> spp.
Gigartina spp.	GIG	<i>Gigartina</i> spp.
Lithothamnion spp.	LIT	<i>Lithothamnion</i> spp.
Red seaweeds	SWR	<i>Rhodophyceae</i>
Wracks n.e.i.	UCU	<i>Fucus</i> spp.
North Atlantic rockweed	ASN	<i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i>
Toothed wrack	FUU	<i>Fucus serratus</i>
Sea lettuce	UVU	<i>Ulva lactuca</i>
Seaweeds n.e.i.	SWX	ex <i>Algae</i>

## ANNEX II

**FORMAT FOR THE SUBMISSION OF CATCH DATA FOR THE NORTH-EAST ATLANTIC ON MAGNETIC MEDIA****A. CODING FORMAT**

The data should be submitted as variable length records with a colon (:) between the fields of the record. The following fields should be included in each record:

Field	Remarks
Country	3-alpha code (e.g. FRA = France)
Year	e.g. 2001 or 01
FAO major fishing area	27 = North-East Atlantic
Division	e.g. IVa = ICES subdivision 4a
Species	3-alpha identifier
Catch	Tonnes

(a) The catch is to be recorded in the live weight equivalent of the landings, to the nearest metric tonne.

(b) Quantities of less than half a unit should be recorded as '1'.

(c) Country codes:

Austria	AUT
Belgium	BEL
Denmark	DNK
Finland	FIN
France	FRA
Germany	DEU
Greece	GRC
Ireland	IRL
Italy	ITA
Luxembourg	LUX
Netherlands	NLD
Portugal	PRT
Spain	ESP
Sweden	SWE
United Kingdom	GBR
England and Wales	GBRA
Scotland	GBRB
Northern Ireland	GBRC
Iceland	ISL
Norway	NOR
Bulgaria	BGR
Cyprus	CYP
Czech Republic	CZE
Estonia	EST

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Hungary	HUN
Latvia	LVA
Lithuania	LTU
Malta	MLT
Poland	POL
Romania	ROM
Slovak Republic	SVK
Slovenia	SVN
Turkey	TUR

**B. METHOD OF TRANSMISSION OF THE DATA TO THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION**

As far as is possible, the data should be transmitted in an electronic format (for example, as an e-mail attachment). Failing this, the submission of a file on a 3.5" HD floppy disk will be accepted.

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