### COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 2162/2001

#### of 7 November 2001

amending Annexes I, II and III to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 of 26 June 1990 laying down a Community procedure for the establishment of maximum residue limits of veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin (1), as last amended by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1879/2001 (2), and in particular Articles 7 and 8 thereof;

Whereas:

- In accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90, (1)maximum residue limits must be established progressively for all pharmacologically active substances which are used within the Community in veterinary medicinal products intended for administration to food-producing animals.
- Maximum residue limits should be established only after (2)the examination within the Committee for Veterinary Medicinal Products of all the relevant information concerning the safety of residues of the substance concerned for the consumer of foodstuffs of animal origin and the impact of residues on the industrial processing of foodstuffs.
- In establishing maximum residue limits for residues of (3) veterinary medicinal products in foodstuffs of animal origin, it is necessary to specify the animal species in which residues may be present, the levels which may be present in each of the relevant meat tissues obtained from the treated animal (target tissue) and the nature of the residue which is relevant for the monitoring of residues (marker residue).
- For the control of residues, as provided for in appro-(4) priate Community legislation, maximum residue limits should usually be established for the target tissues of liver or kidney. However, the liver and kidney are frequently removed from carcasses moving in international trade, and maximum residue limits should therefore also always be established for muscle or fat tissues.

- In the case of veterinary medicinal products intended for (5) use in laying birds, lactating animals or honey bees, maximum residue limits must also be established for eggs, milk or honey.
- Cefacetrile, deltamethrin and imidocarb should be (6) inserted into Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90.
- (7) Ammonium lauryl sulphate, bronopol, calcium pantothenate and menthae arvensis aetheroleum should be inserted into Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90.
- In order to allow for the completion of scientific studies, (8) the duration of the validity of the provisional maximum residue limits previously defined in Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 should be extended for kanamycin.
- An adequate period should be allowed before the entry (9) into force of this Regulation in order to allow Member States to make any adjustment which may be necessary to the authorisations to place the veterinary medicinal products concerned on the market which have been granted in accordance with Council Directive 81/ 851/EEC (3), as last amended by Commission Directive 2000/37/EC (<sup>4</sup>), to take account of the provisions of this Regulation.
- (10)The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Veterinary Medicinal Products,

HAS ADOPTED THE FOLLOWING REGULATION:

#### Article 1

Annex I, II and III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 are hereby amended as set out in the Annex hereto.

#### Article 2

This Regulations shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply from the 60th day following its publication.

OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 1.

<sup>(&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ L 224, 18.8.1720, p. 1. (<sup>2</sup>) OJ L 258, 27.9.2001, p. 11.

OJ L 317, 6.11.1981, p. 1.

<sup>(4)</sup> OJ L 139, 10.6.2000, p. 25.

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This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 November 2001.

For the Commission Erkki LIIKANEN Member of the Commission

## ANNEX

A. Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 is amended as follows:

- 1. Anti-infectious agents
- 1.2. Antibiotics
- 1.2.2. Cephalosporins

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'Cefacetrile	Cefacetrile	Bovine	125 μg/kg	Milk	For intramammary use only'

2. Antiparasitic agents

- 2.2. Agents acting against ectoparasites
- 2.2.3. Pyrethroids

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'Deltamethrin	Deltamethrin	Fin fish	10 μg/kg	Muscle and skin in natural proportions'	

2.4. Agents acting against protozoa

2.4.3. Carbanilides

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions
'Imidocarb	Imidocarb	Bovine	300 μg/kg 50 μg/kg 2 000 μg/kg 1 500 μg/kg 50 μg/kg	Muscle Fat Liver Kidney Milk'	

B. Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 is amended as follows:

2. Organic compounds

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Animal species	Other provisions			
'Ammonium lauryl sulphate	All food-producing species				
Bronopol	Fin fish				
Calcium pantothenate	All food-producing species'				

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# 6. Substances of vegetable origin

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Animal species	Other provisions
'Menthae arvensis aetheroleum	All food-producing species'	

C. Annex III to Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 is amended as follows:

- 1. Anti-infectious agents
- 1.2. Antibiotics
- 1.2.5. Aminoglycosides

Pharmacologically active substance(s)	Marker residue	Animal species	MRLs	Target tissues	Other provisions					
'Kanamycin	Kanamycin	Rabbits Bovine, ovine	100 μg/kg 100 μg/kg 600 μg/kg 2 500 μg/kg 100 μg/kg 100 μg/kg	Muscle Fat Liver Kidney Muscle Fat	Provisional	MRLs	expire	on	1.1.2004'	
		Porcine, chicken	<ul> <li>100 μg/kg</li> <li>600 μg/kg</li> <li>2 500 μg/kg</li> <li>150 μg/kg</li> <li>100 μg/kg</li> <li>100 μg/kg</li> <li>600 μg/kg</li> <li>2 500 μg/kg</li> </ul>	Liver Kidney Milk Muscle Skin and Fat Liver Kidney						

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