Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

#### ANNEX VIII

## PLACING ON THE MARKET AND EXPORT

# [<sup>F1</sup>CHAPTER A

# Conditions for <sup>F2</sup>... trade in live animals, semen and embryos

#### SECTION A

## Conditions which apply to ovine and caprine animals and semen and embryos thereof

- [<sup>F3</sup>1. Holdings with a negligible risk of classical scrapie and a controlled risk of classical scrapie:
- 1.1. For the purpose of <sup>F4</sup>... trade, [<sup>F5</sup>the appropriate authority] shall, where applicable, establish and supervise an official scheme for the recognition of holdings with a negligible risk of classical scrapie and holdings with a controlled risk of classical scrapie. Based on that official scheme, they shall, where applicable, establish and maintain lists of holdings of ovine and caprine animals with a negligible risk and holdings with a controlled risk of classical scrapie.
- 1.2. A holding of ovine animals having the TSE-resistance level I status, as laid down in Annex VII, Chapter C, Part 4, point 1.(a), and where no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed for a period of at least the preceding seven years, may be recognised as having a negligible risk of classical scrapie.

A holding of ovine animals, caprine animals, or ovine and caprine animals may also be recognised as having a negligible risk of classical scrapie provided that it has complied with the following conditions for a period of at least the preceding seven years:

- (a) ovine and caprine animals are permanently identified and records are maintained, to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth;
- (b) records of movements of ovine and caprine animals in and out of the holding are maintained;
- (c) only the following ovine and caprine animals are introduced into the holding:
  - (i) ovine and caprine animals from holdings with a negligible risk of classical scrapie;
  - (ii) ovine and caprine animals from holdings which have met the conditions set out in points (a) to (i) for a minimum period of the preceding seven years or for at least the same period of time as the period of time during which the holding, where they are to be introduced, has met the conditions set out in those points;
  - (iii) ovine animals of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype;
  - (iv) ovine or caprine animals that comply with the conditions set out in point (i) or (ii) except during the period when they were kept at a

semen collection centre, provided that the semen collection centre complies with the following conditions:

- the semen collection centre is approved [<sup>F6</sup>and supervised],
- for a period of the preceding seven years, only those ovine or caprine animals from holdings which have fulfilled during that period the conditions set out in points (a), (b) and (e), and which were subject to regular checks by an official veterinarian or a veterinarian authorised by the competent authority, were introduced into the semen collection centre,
- no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed at the semen collection centre for a period of the preceding seven years,
- biosecurity measures are in place at the semen collection centre to ensure that ovine and caprine animals kept at that centre and coming from holdings with a negligible or a controlled risk status for classical scrapie have no direct or indirect contact with ovine and caprine animals coming from holdings of a lower classical scrapie status;
- (d) the holding is subject to regular checks to verify compliance with the conditions set out in points (a) to (i) by an official veterinarian or a veterinarian authorised for that purpose by the competent authority, to be conducted at least on an annual basis <sup>F7</sup>...;
- (e) no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed;
- (f) <sup>F8</sup>...

<sup>F9</sup>... All ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age that have died or have been killed for reasons other than slaughter for human consumption are tested in a laboratory for classical scrapie in accordance with the laboratory methods and protocols set out in Annex X, Chapter C, point 3.2.

By way of derogation from the conditions set out in the [<sup>F10</sup>second paragraph of point (f), nothing in this Regulation prevents the appropriate authority from deciding] that all ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age with no commercial value, culled at the end of their productive life instead of being slaughtered for human consumption, are inspected by an official veterinarian, and all those exhibiting wasting signs or neurological signs are tested in a laboratory for classical scrapie in accordance with the laboratory methods and protocols set out in Annex X, Chapter C, point 3.2.

In addition to the conditions set out in points (a) to (f), the following conditions shall be complied with <sup>F11</sup>...:

- (g) only the following ova and embryos of animals of the ovine and caprine species are introduced into the holding:
  - (i) ova and embryos from donor animals which have been kept since birth in a [<sup>F12</sup>country or region] with a negligible risk of classical scrapie, or in a holding with a negligible or a controlled

risk of classical scrapie, or which comply with the following requirements:

- they are permanently identified to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth,
- they have been kept since birth in holdings in which no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed during their residency,
- they showed no clinical sign of classical scrapie at the time of collection of the ova or embryos;
- (ii) ova and embryos of animals of the ovine species carrying at least one ARR allele;
- (h) only the following semen of animals of the ovine and caprine species are introduced into the holding:
  - semen from donor animals which have been kept since birth in a
    [<sup>F13</sup>country or region] with a negligible risk of classical scrapie, or in a holding with a negligible risk or a controlled risk of classical scrapie, or which comply with the following requirements:
    - they are permanently identified to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth,
    - they showed no clinical sign of classical scrapie at the time of semen collection;
  - (ii) semen from rams of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype;
- (i) ovine and caprine animals on the holding have no direct or indirect contact, including shared grazing, with ovine and caprine animals from holdings of a lower classical scrapie status.
- 1.3. A holding of ovine animals, caprine animals or ovine and caprine animals may be recognised as having a controlled risk of classical scrapie provided that it has complied with the following conditions for a period of at least the preceding three years:
  - (a) ovine and caprine animals are permanently identified and records are maintained, to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth;
  - (b) records of movements of ovine and caprine animals in and out of the holding are maintained;
  - (c) only the following ovine and caprine animals are introduced into the holding:
    - (i) ovine and caprine animals from holdings with a negligible or a controlled risk of classical scrapie;
    - (ii) ovine and caprine animals from holdings which have met the conditions set out in points (a) to (i) for a minimum period of the preceding three years or for at least the same period of time as the period of time during which the holding, where they are to be introduced, has met the conditions set out in those points;
    - (iii) ovine animals of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype;

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- (iv) ovine or caprine animals that comply with the conditions set out in point (i) or (ii) except during the period when they were kept at a semen collection centre, provided that the semen collection centre complies with the following conditions:
  - the semen collection centre is approved [<sup>F14</sup>and supervised],
  - for a period of the preceding three years, only those ovine or caprine animals from holdings which have fulfilled during that period the conditions set out in points (a), (b) and (e), and which were subject to regular checks by an official veterinarian or a veterinarian authorised by the competent authority, were introduced into the semen collection centre,
  - no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed at the semen collection centre during the period of the preceding three years,
    - biosecurity measures are in place at the semen collection centre to ensure that ovine and caprine animals kept at that centre and coming from holdings with a negligible or a controlled risk status for classical scrapie have no direct or indirect contact with ovine and caprine animals coming from holdings of a lower classical scrapie status;
- (d) the holding is subject to regular checks to verify compliance with the conditions set out in points (a) to (i) by an official veterinarian or a veterinarian authorised for that purpose by the competent authority, to be conducted at least on an annual basis <sup>F15</sup>...;
- (e) no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed;
- (f) <sup>F16</sup>...

<sup>F17</sup>... All ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age that have died or have been killed for reasons other than slaughter for human consumption are tested in a laboratory for classical scrapie in accordance with the laboratory methods and protocols set out in Annex X, Chapter C, point 3.2.

By way of derogation from the conditions set out in the [<sup>F18</sup>second paragraph of point (f), nothing in this Regulation prevents the appropriate authority from deciding] that all the ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age with no commercial value culled at the end of their productive life instead of being slaughtered for human consumption, are inspected by an official veterinarian, and all those exhibiting wasting signs or neurological signs are tested in a laboratory for classical scrapie in accordance with the laboratory methods and protocols set out in Annex X, Chapter C, point 3.2.

In addition to the conditions set out in points (a) to (f), the following conditions shall be complied with <sup>F19</sup>...:

(g) only the following ova and embryos of animals of the ovine and caprine species are introduced into the holding:

999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

- (i) ova and embryos from donor animals which have been kept since birth in a [<sup>F20</sup>country or region] with a negligible risk of classical scrapie, or in a holding with a negligible or a controlled risk of classical scrapie, or which comply with the following requirements:
  - they are permanently identified to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth,
  - they have been kept since birth in holdings in which no case of classical scrapie has been confirmed during their residency,
  - they showed no clinical sign of classical scrapie at the time of collection of the ova or embryos,
- (ii) ova and embryos of animals of the ovine species carrying at least one ARR allele;
- (h) only the following semen of animals of the ovine and caprine species are introduced into the holding:
  - (i) semen from donor animals which have been kept since birth in a  $[^{F21}$ country or region] with a negligible risk of classical scrapie, or in a holding with a negligible risk or with a controlled risk of classical scrapie, or which comply with the following requirements:
    - they are permanently identified to enable them to be traced back to their holding of birth,
    - they showed no clinical sign of classical scrapie at the time of semen collection;
  - (ii) semen from rams of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype;
- (i) ovine and caprine animals of the holding have no direct or indirect contact, including shared grazing, with ovine and caprine animals from holdings of a lower classical scrapie status.
- 1.4. If a case of classical scrapie is confirmed in a holding with a negligible risk or a controlled risk of classical scrapie, or in a holding found to have an epidemiological link to a holding with a negligible risk or a controlled risk of classical scrapie as a result of an inquiry referred to in Part 1 of Chapter B of Annex VII, the holding with a negligible risk or a controlled risk of classical scrapie shall be immediately deleted from the list referred to in point 1.1 of this Section.

The [<sup>F22</sup>appropriate authority] shall immediately inform [<sup>F23</sup>other countries] which have introduced ovine and caprine animals originating from, or semen or embryos collected from ovine and caprine animals kept in the infected holding during a period of the preceding seven years in the case of a holding with a negligible risk of classical scrapie or during the period of the preceding three years in the case of a holding with a controlled risk of classical scrapie.]

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F4 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.1 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(a)(i); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F5 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.1 substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(a)(ii); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F6** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(c)(iv) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(59)(b)(i)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F7 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(d) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(b)(ii); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F8** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(f) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(59)(b)(iii)(aa)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F9** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(f) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(59)(b)(iii)(bb)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F10 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(f) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(b)(iii)(cc); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F11 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2 substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(b)(iv); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F12 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(g)(i) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(b)(v); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F13 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.2(h)(i) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(b)(v); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F14** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(c)(iv) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(59)(c)(i)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F15** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(d) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(ii); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F16 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(f) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(iii)(aa); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F17 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(f) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(iii)(bb); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F18 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(f) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(iii)(cc); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F19 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(iv); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

- F20 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(g)(i) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(v); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F21 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.3(h)(i) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(c)(v); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F22** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.4 substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(59)(d)(i)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F23 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 1.4 substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(59)(d)(ii); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

## **Textual Amendments**

- **F3** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/1396 of 18 August 2016 amending certain Annexes to Regulation (No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (Text with EEA relevance).
- 2. [<sup>F24</sup>A constituent nation of an appropriate authority or a zone within a constituent nation] with a negligible risk of classical scrapie
- 2.1. Where [<sup>F25</sup>an appropriate authority] considers that its territory or part of its territory poses a negligible risk of classical scrapie, it [<sup>F26</sup>must have clear and presentable evidence] that:
- (a) a risk assessment has been conducted, and it has demonstrated that appropriate measures are currently in place and have been taken for the relevant period of time to manage any risk identified. This risk assessment shall identify all potential factors for classical scrapie occurrence and their historic perspective, in particular the:
  - (i) importation or introduction of ovine and caprine animals or their semen and embryos potentially infected with classical scrapie;
  - (ii) extent of knowledge of the population structure and husbandry practices of ovine and caprine animals;
  - (iii) feeding practices, including consumption of meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants;
  - (iv) importation of milk and milk products of ovine and caprine animals origin intended for use in feeding of ovine and caprine animals;
- (b) [<sup>F3</sup>for a period of at least the preceding seven years, ovine and caprine animals displaying clinical signs compatible with classical scrapie have been tested;
- (c) for a period of at least the preceding seven years, a sufficient number of ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age, representative of ovine and caprine animals slaughtered, that have died or have been killed for reasons other than slaughter for human consumption, have been tested annually, to provide a 95 per cent level of confidence of detecting classical scrapie if it is present in that population at a prevalence rate exceeding 0,1 per cent and no case of classical scrapie has been reported during that period;]

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- (d) the feeding to ovine and caprine animals of meat-and-bone meal or greaves of ruminant origin has been banned and effectively enforced in the whole Member State for a period of at least seven years;
- (e) introductions from other [<sup>F27</sup>countries] of ovine and caprine animals and semen and embryos thereof are carried out in accordance with point 4.1.(b) or point 4.2.;
- (f) introductions from third countries of ovine and caprine animals and semen and embryos thereof are carried out in accordance with Chapter E or Chapter H of Annex IX.

#### **Textual Amendments**

F27 Word in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2.1(e) substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(b)(ii) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F25 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2.1 substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(b)(i)(aa) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))
- F26 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2.1 substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(b)(i)(bb) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))
- 2.2. F28...

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F28** Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2.2 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(c) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F29** Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2.3 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(d) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), **20(2)(s)**)

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F24** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 2 substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(a) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))

<sup>2.3.</sup> F<sup>29</sup>...

**Status:** Point in time view as at 31/12/2020. **Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

- 3. National control programme for classical scrapie:
- 3.1. [<sup>F30</sup>each constituent nation must have] a national control programme for classical scrapie covering all of its territory:
- (a) [<sup>F31</sup>which outlines] in particular:
  - the distribution of classical scrapie in the [<sup>F32</sup>constituent nation],
  - the reasons for national control programme, taking into consideration the importance of the disease and the cost/benefit ratio,
  - the status categories defined for holdings and the standards which must be attained in each such category,
  - the test procedures to be used,
  - the national control programme monitoring procedures,
  - the action to be taken if, for any reason, a holding loses its status,
  - the measures to be taken if the results of checks carried out in accordance with the national control programme programme are positive,
- (b) <sup>F33</sup>...

## **Textual Amendments**

- **F31** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 3.1(a) substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(e)(ii) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))
- **F32** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 3.1(a) substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(e)(iii) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))
- **F33** Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 3.1(b) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(e)(iv) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F30** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 3.1 substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(e)(i) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))
- [<sup>F34</sup>3.2. [<sup>F35</sup>Within the European Union the national scrapie control programmes for the following Member States have been approved by the European Commission:]
  Denmark,
- Slovenia.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F34** Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/736 of 26 April 2017 amending Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the approval of Slovenia's national control programme for classical scrapie (Text with EEA relevance).

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

**F35** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 3.2 substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(f) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), **20(2)(s)**)

4. F36

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F36** Annex 8 Ch. A s. A point 4 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of S.I. 2019/170, reg. 2(60)(g) (as substituted by The Animals, Aquatic Animal Health, Invasive Alien Species, Plant Propagating Material and Seeds (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1388), regs. 1(2)(a), 20(2)(s))

#### SECTION B

#### Conditions which apply to bovine animals

The [<sup>F37</sup>appropriate authority] shall ensure that bovine animals born or reared on its territory before 1 August 1996 are not dispatched from its territory to <sup>F38</sup>... Member States or third countries.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F37** Words in Annex 8 Ch. A s. B substituted (31.12.2020) by The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(61)(a); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- **F38** Word in Annex 8 Ch. A s. B omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(61)(b); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F1** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 630/2013 of 28 June 2013 amending the Annexes to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (Text with EEA relevance).
- F2 Words in Annex 8 Ch. A heading omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(57); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

## CHAPTER B

Conditions relating to progeny of TSE suspect or confirmed animals referred to in Article 15(2)

It shall be prohibited to place on the market the last-born progeny to which female bovine animals infected with a TSE or BSE-confirmed ovine or caprine animals gave birth during the preceding two-year period or during the period that followed the appearance of the first clinical signs of the onset of the disease.

Status: Point in time view as at 31/12/2020. Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

# [<sup>F39</sup>CHAPTER C

# Conditions for <sup>F40</sup>... trade in certain products of animal origin

#### SECTION A

#### Products

The following products of animal origin are exempt from the prohibition referred to in Article 16(3), provided that they are derived from bovine, ovine and caprine animals that satisfy the requirements of Section B:

- fresh meat,
- minced meat,
- meat preparations,
- meat products.

#### SECTION B

#### Requirements

The products referred to in Section A must satisfy the following requirements:

- (a) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants and passed ante-mortem and post-mortem inspections;
- (b) the animals from which the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin were derived have not been slaughtered after stunning by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity;
- (c) the products of bovine, ovine and caprine animal origin are not derived from:
  - (i) specified risk material as defined in Annex V;
  - (ii) nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process; and
  - (iii) mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine or caprine animals.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F39** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 722/2007 of 25 June 2007 amending Annexes II, V, VI, VIII, IX and XI to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F40** Words in Annex 8 Ch. C heading omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, **2(62)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII. (See end of Document for details)

# F41 CHAPTER D

Conditions applicable to exports

## **Textual Amendments**

**F41** Annex 8 Ch. D omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies and Animal By-Products (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/170), regs. 1, 2(63); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

# Status:

Point in time view as at 31/12/2020.

## Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX VIII.