# [<sup>F1</sup>ANNEX I

# Microbiological criteria for foodstuffs

# **Textual Amendments**

**F1** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1441/2007 of 5 December 2007 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs (Text with EEA relevance).

# Chapter 2.

# Process hygiene criteria

# 2.1 *Meat and products thereof*

Food	Micro-	Samplin	g plan <sup>a</sup>	Limits <sup>b</sup>		Analytic		Action
category	organisn	nşn	c	m	M	referenc method <sup>c</sup>	the	in case of unsatisfactory results
	Aerobic Carranses ofount cattle, sheep, goats and horses <sup>d</sup>			3,5 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	5,0 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 4833-1]	Carcases after dressing but before chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene and review of process controls
	Enterobac	teriaceae		1,5 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	2,5 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC	Qars28e2] after dressing but before chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene and review of process controls
2.1.2	Aerobic Carcases of count pigs			4,0 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	5,0 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup> daily mean log	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 4833-1]	Carcases after dressing but before chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene and review of process controls
	Enterobac	teriaceae		2,0 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup>	3,0 log cfu/cm <sup>2</sup>	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC	)@41 <b>328e2]</b> after	Improvements in

				daily mean log	daily mean log		dressing but before chilling	slaughter hygiene and review of process controls
2.1.3	Salmonell Carcases of cattle, sheep, goats and horses	¢€0°	2 <sup>f</sup>	[ <sup>F4</sup> Not det the area to carcase		[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 6579-1]	Carcases after dressing but before chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene, review of process controls and of origin of animals
[ <sup>F5</sup> 2.1.4	Salmonell Carcases of pigs	¢€0°	3 <sup>f</sup>	[ <sup>F4</sup> Not det the area to carcase		[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 6579-1]	Carcases after dressing but before chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene and review of process controls, origin of animals and of the biosecurity measures in the farms of origin]
[ <sup>F6</sup> 2.1.5	Salmonell Poultry carcases of broilers and turkeys	4 <b>5</b> 0 ( <sup>5</sup> )	7 ( <sup>6</sup> ) From 1.1.2012 c = 5 for broilers From 1.1.2013 c = 5 for turkeys	[ <sup>F4</sup> Not det 25 g of a sample of skin		[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 6579-1]	Carcases after chilling	Improvement in slaughter hygiene and review of process controls, origin of animals and biosecurity measures in the

								farms of origin]
2.1.6	Aerobic Wilffig meat count <sup>g</sup>	5	2	$5 \times 10^5$ cfu/g	$5 \times 10^6$ cfu/g	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 4833-1]	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene and improvements in selection and/or origin of raw materials
	E. coli <sup>h</sup>	5	2	50 cfu/g	500 cfu/ g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	End of the manufacto process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene and improvements in selection and/or origin of raw materials
2.1.7	Aerobic Mechanica separated meat (MSM) <sup>i</sup>	5 illy	2	5 × 10 <sup>5</sup> cfu/g	5 × 10 <sup>6</sup> cfu/g	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 4833-1]	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene and improvements in selection and/or origin of raw materials
	E. coli <sup>h</sup>	5	2	50 cfu/g	500 cfu/ g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene and improvements in selection and/or origin of raw materials

2.1.	8	<i>E. coli</i> <sup>h</sup> Meat preparatior	5 15	2	500 cfu/ g or cm <sup>2</sup>	5 000 cfu/g or cm <sup>2</sup>	ISO 16649-1 or 2	End of the manufact process	Improvements in upirogluction hygiene and improvements in selection and/or origin of raw materials
[ <sup>F7</sup> 2	.1.9	Campylob Carcases of broilers	<b>AGO</b> fer	c = 20 From 1.1.2020 c = 15; From 1.1.2025 c = 10	1 000 cfu	/g	EN ISO 10272-2	Carcases after chilling	Improvements in slaughter hygiene, review of process controls, of animals' origin and of the biosecurity measures in the farms of origin]
a		mber of units co		-	mber of sampl	e units giving	values between	n m and M.	
b		points 2.1.3-2.1		_	1				
c d		ost recent editio				atruativa mat-	ad The deiler -	noon log shell	ha aalaulatad
u		nits (m and M) s t taking a log va							
e		) samples shall b ncies laid down			ve sampling se	essions in acco	ordance with th	e sampling rul	es and
f	into ac	umber of sample count the progre ence may use lo	ess made in re	ducing the salr	nonella preval				
g	This cı hours.	riterion shall not	apply to mine	ced meat produ	iced at retail le	evel when the	shelf-life of the	product is less	s then 24
h	E. coli	is used here as	an indicator o	f faecal contan	nination.				
i		criteria apply to er III of Section							
j		Where Salmonell							

### **Textual Amendments**

- **F2** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1495 of 23 August 2017 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 as regards Campylobacter in broiler carcases (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F3** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 1086/2011 of 27 October 2011 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 as regards salmonella in fresh poultry meat (Text with EEA relevance).
- F4 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/229 of 7 February 2019 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs as regards certain methods, the food safety criterion for Listeria monocytogenes in sprouted seeds, and the process hygiene criterion and food safety criterion for unpasteurised fruit and vegetable juices (ready-to-eat) (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F5** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 217/2014 of 7 March 2014 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 as regards Salmonella in pig carcases (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F6** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 1086/2011 of 27 October 2011 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 2160/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 as regards salmonella in fresh poultry meat (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F7** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/1495 of 23 August 2017 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 as regards Campylobacter in broiler carcases (Text with EEA relevance).

## Interpretation of the test results

The limits given refer to each sample unit tested, excluding testing of carcases where the limits refer to pooled samples.

The test results demonstrate the microbiological quality of the process tested.

Enterobacteriaceae and aerobic colony count in carcases of cattle, sheep, goats, horses and pigs:

- satisfactory, if the daily mean log is  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if the daily mean log is between m and M,
- unsatisfactory, if the daily mean log is > M.

# Salmonella in carcases:

- satisfactory, if the presence of *Salmonella* is detected in a maximum of c/n samples,
  - unsatisfactory, if the presence of *Salmonella* is detected in more than c/n samples.

After each sampling session, the results of the last ten sampling sessions shall be assessed in order to obtain the n number of samples.

*E. coli* and aerobic colony count in minced meat, meat preparations and mechanically separated meat (MSM):

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

*I<sup>F7</sup>Campylobacter* spp. in poultry carcases of broilers:

- satisfactory, if a maximum of c/n values are > m,
- unsatisfactory, if more than c/n values are > m.]
- 2.2 Milk and dairy products

Food	Micro-	Samplin	g plan <sup>a</sup>	Limits <sup>b</sup>		Analytic		Action
category	y organisn	nşn	c	m	Μ	referenc method <sup>c</sup>	the	in case of unsatisfactory results
[ <sup>F8</sup> 2.2.1	Entero- Pasteurised milk and other pasteurised liquid dairy products <sup>d</sup>		0	10 cfu/ml		[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC 21528-2]	of the	Check on the <b>reiffig</b> iency of heat- treatment and prevention of recontamination as well as the quality of raw materials]
2.2.2	<i>E. coli</i> <sup>e</sup> Cheeses made from milk or whey that has undergone heat treatment	5	2	100 cfu/ g	1 000 cfu/g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	At the time during the manufactu process when the <i>E.</i> <i>coli</i> count is expected to be highest <sup>f</sup>	Improvements in production hygiene and selection of raw materials
2.2.3	Coagulase Chesifise Madehyloc from raw milk		2	10 <sup>4</sup> cfu/ g	10 <sup>5</sup> cfu/ g	EN/ISO 6888-2	At the time during the manufactu process	selection
2.2.4	Coagulase Positive Stabhyloc from milk that has undergone a lower heat treatment than		2	100 cfu/ g	1 000 cfu/g	EN/ISO 6888-1 or 2	when the number of staphyloc is expected to be highest	of raw materials. If values $> 10^5$ cfu/ Stre detected, the cheese batch has to be tested for

	pasteurisat and ripened cheeses made from milk or whey that has undergone pasteurisat or a stronger heat treatment <sup>g</sup>	tion						staphylococcal enterotoxins.
2.2.5	Coagulas Joshi Phyloc cheeses (fresh cheeses) made from milk or whey that has undergone pasteurisat or a stronger heat treatment <sup>g</sup>	occi	2	10 cfu/g	100 cfu/ g	EN/ISO 6888-1 or 2	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in pirogluction hygiene. If values $> 10^5$ cfu/g are detected, the cheese batch has to be tested for staphylococcal enterotoxins.
2.2.6	<i>E. coli</i> <sup>e</sup> Butter and cream made from raw milk or milk that has undergone a	5	2	10 cfu/g	100 cfu/ g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	End of the manufacto process	Improvements in apirogluction hygiene and selection of raw materials

2.2.7	lower heat treatment than pasteurisation Enterobacts Milk powder and whey powder <sup>d</sup>		0	10 cfu/g		[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC	DI21(\$28-2] of the manufactu process	Check on the <b>defifig</b> ciency of heat treatment and prevention of recontamination
	Coagulase5 positive staphylococ		2	10 cfu/g	100 cfu/ g	EN/ISO 6888-1 or 2	process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene. If values > $10^5$ cfu/g are detected, the batch has to be tested for staphylococcal enterotoxins.
2.2.8	Enterobacts Ice cream <sup>h</sup> and frozen dairy desserts		2	10 cfu/g	100 cfu/ g	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC	of the	Improvements in pingluction hygiene
2.2.9	Enterobacte Dried infant formulae and dried dietary foods for special medical purposes intended for infants	fiaceae	0	[ <sup>F4</sup> Not det 10 g	ected] in	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 21528-1]	End of the manufacto process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene to minimise contamination <sup>1</sup>

		below six months of age							
2.2.	10	Enterobac Dried follow- on formulae	tériaceae	0	[ <sup>F4</sup> Not der 10 g	tected] in	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISO 21528-1]	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upirogluction hygiene to minimise contamination
2.2.	11	Presumpti Diffectillus intentus formulae and dried dietary foods for special medical purposes intended for infants below six months of age	vé	1	50 cfu/g	500 cfu/ g	EN/ISO 7932 <sup>j</sup>	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene. Prevention of recontamination. Selection of raw material.
a	n = nu	mber of units co	omprising the s	sample; c = nu	mber of sampl	e units giving	values between	m and M.	
b	[ <sup>F8</sup> For	points 2.2.1, 2.2	2.7, 2.2.9 and 2	2.2.10 m=M.J					
c	The m	ost recent editio	on of the standa	ard shall be use	ed.				
d	The cr	iterion shall not	apply to produ	ucts intended f	or further proc	essing in the f	ood industry.		
e		is used here as							
f	For cheeses which are not able to support the growth of E. coli, the E. coli count is usually the highest at the beginning of the ripening period, and for cheeses which are able to support the growth of E. coli, it is normally at the end of the ripening period.								
g	Excluding cheeses where the manufacturer can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the competent authorities, that the product does not pose a risk of staphylococcal enterotoxins.								
h	Only ice creams containing milk ingredients.								
i	micro- producthe ma	el testing for Ent organisms has b et samples testec nufacturer to de bacteriaceae and	been establishe in such a plai emonstrate to t	d at an individ nt, the batch ha he satisfaction	lual plant level is to be tested	. If Enterobact for <i>Cronobacte</i>	teriaceae are de er spp. It shall l	tected in any o be the responsi	of the bility of
j	1 ml o	f inoculum is pl	ated on a Petri	dish of 140 m	m diameter or	on three Petri	dishes of 90 m	m diameter.	

#### **Textual Amendments**

**F8** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 365/2010 of 28 April 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs as regards Enterobacteriaceae in pasteurised milk and other pasteurised liquid dairy products and Listeria monocytogenes in food grade salt (Text with EEA relevance).

Interpretation of the test results

The limits given refer to each sample unit tested.

The test results demonstrate the microbiological quality of the process tested.

Enterobacteriaceae in dried infant formulae, dried dietary foods for special medical purposes intended for infants below six months of age and dried follow-on formulae:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed indicate the absence of the bacterium,
- unsatisfactory, if the presence of the bacterium is detected in any of the sample units.

E. coli, Enterobacteriaceae (other food categories) and coagulase-positive staphylococci:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

Presumptive *Bacillus cereus* in dried infant formulae and dried dietary foods for special medical purposes intended for infants below six months of age:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

Food	Micro-	Samplin	g plan <sup>a</sup>	Limits		Analytic		Action
category	organisn	ns <sub>h</sub>	C	m	М	referenc method <sup>b</sup>		in case of unsatisfactory results_
	Enterobac Egg products	teriaceae	2	10 cfu/g or ml	100 cfu/ g or ml	[ <sup>F4</sup> EN ISC	) [21] (\$28-2] of the manufacto process	Checks on the <b>netific</b> iency of the heat treatment and prevention of recontaminatior

## 2.3 Egg products

Interpretation of the test results

The limits given refer to each sample unit tested.

The test results demonstrate the microbiological quality of the process tested.

Enterobacteriaceae in egg products:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

[ <sup>X1</sup> Food	Micro-	Samplir	ng plan <sup>a</sup>	Limits		Analytic		Action
category	organisn	nşn	c	m	М	reference where method <sup>b</sup> the criterion applies	in case of unsatisfactory results	
	E. coli Shelled and shucked products	5	2	1 MPN/ g	10 MPN/g	ISO TS 16649-3	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in upingluction hygiene
	foctucts o∉oagulase cpostititye cstaphydaa and molluscan shellfish		2	100 cfu/ g	1 000 cfu/g	EN/ISO 6888-1 or 2	End of the manufactu process	Improvements in pingluction hygiene

### 2.4 *Fishery products*

**a** n = number of units comprising the sample; c = number of sample units giving values between m and M.

**b** The most recent edition of the standard shall be used.]

#### **Editorial Information**

X1 Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1441/2007 of 5 December 2007 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs (Official Journal of the European Union L 322 of 7 December 2007).

Interpretation of the test results

The limits given refer to each sample unit tested.

The test results demonstrate the microbiological quality of the process tested.

E. coli in shelled and shucked products of cooked crustaceans and molluscan shellfish:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

Status: Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.	
<b>Changes to legislation:</b> There are currently no known outstanding effects for the	
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005, Chapter 2 (See end of Document for details)	

Coagulase-positive staphylococci in shelled and cooked crustaceans and molluscan shellfish:

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.

Food	Micro-	Samplin	g plan <sup>ª</sup>	Limits		Analytic		Action
category	organisn	n <sub>\$h</sub>	C	m	М	referenc method <sup>b</sup>	the	in case of unsatisfactory results
	<i>E. coli</i> Precut fruit and vegetables (ready- to- eat)	5	2	100 cfu/ g	1 000 cfu/g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	Manufact process	uningrovements in production hygiene, selection of raw materials
	<i>E. coli</i> [ <sup>F4</sup> Unpaste fruit and vegetable juices (ready- to- eat)]	5 urised <sup>e</sup>	2	100 cfu/ g	1 000 cfu/g	ISO 16649-1 or 2	Manufact process	uningrovements in production hygiene, selection of raw materials

2.5 *Vegetables, fruits and products thereof* 

**a** n = number of units comprising the sample; c = number of sample units giving values between m and M.

**b** The most recent edition of the standard shall be used.

**c** [<sup>F9</sup>The term unpasteurised means that the juice has not been subjected to pasteurisation obtained by time-temperature combinations or to other processes validated to achieve an equivalent bactericidal effect to pasteurisation as regards its effect on *E.coli*.]

#### **Textual Amendments**

F9 Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/229 of 7 February 2019 amending Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs as regards certain methods, the food safety criterion for Listeria monocytogenes in sprouted seeds, and the process hygiene criterion and food safety criterion for unpasteurised fruit and vegetable juices (ready-to-eat) (Text with EEA relevance).

Interpretation of the test results

The limits given refer to each sample unit tested.

The test results demonstrate the microbiological quality of the process tested.

*E. coli* in precut fruit and vegetables (ready-to-eat) and in unpasteurised fruit and vegetable juices (ready-to-eat):

<i>Status: Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.</i>	
Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the	
Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005, Chapter 2 (See end of Document for details)	

- satisfactory, if all the values observed are  $\leq m$ ,
- acceptable, if a maximum of c/n values are between m and M, and the rest of the values observed are  $\leq$  m,
- unsatisfactory, if one or more of the values observed are > M or more than c/n values are between m and M.]

# Status:

Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.

# Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005, Chapter 2..