This text is meant purely as a documentation tool and has no legal effect. The Union's institutions do not assume any liability for its contents. The authentic versions of the relevant acts, including their preambles, are those published in the Official Journal of the European Union and available in EUR-Lex. Those official texts are directly accessible through the links embedded in this document

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1801/2006

of 30 November 2006

on the conclusion of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania

(OJ L 343, 8.12.2006, p. 1)

Corrected by:

<u>B</u>

►<u>C1</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 145, 8.6.2017, p. 26 (1801/2006)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 1801/2006

of 30 November 2006

on the conclusion of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania

Article 1

The Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Partnership Agreement is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The fishing opportunities set out in the Protocol setting out the fishing opportunities and financial contribution provided for in the Fisheries Partnership Agreement (hereafter referred to as the Protocol), shall be allocated among the Member States as follows:

Fishing category	GT or maximum number of licences per licence period	Member State	GT, licences or annual catch ceiling by Member State
Category 1: Fishing vessels specialising in crustaceans other than crawfish and crab	9 440 GT	Spain	7 183 GT
		Italy	1 371 GT
		Portugal	886 GT
Category 2: Black hake trawlers and bottom longliners	3 600 GT	Spain	3 600 GT
Category 3: Vessels fishing for demersal species other than black hake with gear other than trawls	2 324 GT	Spain	1 500 GT
		United Kingdom	800 GT
		Malta	24 GT
Category 4: Pelagic freezer trawlers fishing for demersal species	750 GT	Greece	750 GT
Category 5: Cephalopods	18 600 GT 43 licences	Spain	39 licences
		Italy	4 licences
Category 6: Crawfish	300 GT	Portugal	300 GT
Category 7: Freezer tuna seiners	36 licences	Spain	15 licences
		France	20 licences
		Malta	1 licence

Fishing category	GT or maximum number of licences per licence period	Member State	GT, licences or annual catch ceiling by Member State
Category 8: Pole-and-line tuna vessels and surface longliners	31 licences	Spain	23 licences
		France	5 licences
		Portugal	3 licences
Category 9: Pelagic freezer trawlers	22 licences for a maximum ceiling of 440 000 tonnes	Netherlands	190 000 tonnes
		Lithuania	120 500 tonnes
		Latvia	73 500 tonnes
		Germany	20 000 tonnes
		United Kingdom	10 000 tonnes
		Portugal	6 000 tonnes
		France	10 000 tonnes
		Poland	10 000 tonnes
Category 10: Crab fishing	300 GT	Spain	300 GT
Category 11: Non-freezer pelagic vessels	15 000 GT per month, averaged over the year		

- 2. Under the Protocol, unused category 11 fishing opportunities (non-freezer pelagic vessels) may be used by category 9 (pelagic freezer trawlers) at a rate of a maximum 25 licences per month.
- 3. If licence applications for category 9 (pelagic freezer trawlers) exceed the maximum permitted number per reference period, the Commission shall give priority to forwarding applications from vessels which made most use of licences in the ten months preceding that licence application.
- 4. For category 11 (non-freezer pelagic vessels), the Commission shall forward licence applications once it has received an annual fishing plan detailing applications by vessel (specifying the number of GT planned for each month of activity, for every month of the year) and sent to the Commission not later than 1 March of the year during which the fishing plan applies.

In the event of applications for more than 15 000 GT per month averaged over the year, the award shall be carried out on the basis of the table of applications and of the fishing plans referred to in the first subparagraph.

5. The management of fishing opportunities shall be conducted in full accordance with Article 20 of Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 of 20 December 2002 on the conservation and sustainable exploitation of fisheries resources under the Common Fisheries Policy (1).

If licence applications from these Member States do not cover all the fishing opportunities laid down by the Protocol, the Commission may take into consideration licence applications from any other Member State.

Article 3

The Member States whose vessels fish under the Partnership Agreement shall notify the Commission of the quantities of each stock caught within the Mauritanian fishing zone in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 500/2001 of 14 March 2001 laying down detailed rules for the application of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2847/93 on the monitoring of catches taken by Community fishing vessels in third country waters and on the high seas (1).

Article 4

The President of the Council is hereby authorised to designate the person(s) empowered to sign the Partnership Agreement in order to bind the Community (2).

Article 5

This Regulation shall enter into force on the seventh day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

⁽¹) OJ L 73, 15.3.2001, p. 8. (²) ►C1 The date of entry into force of the Agreement will be published in the Official Journal of the European Union by the General Secretariat of the Council. ◀