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Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (Text with EEA relevance)

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## [<sup>X1</sup>ANNEX XVII

### [<sup>F1</sup>RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, PLACING ON THE MARKET AND USE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES AND ARTICLES]

#### Editorial Information

**X1** Substituted by Corrigendum to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (Official Journal of the European Union L 396 of 30 December 2006).

#### Textual Amendments

**F1** Substituted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 552/2009 of 22 June 2009 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as regards Annex XVII (Text with EEA relevance).

[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

Column 1 Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Column 2 Conditions of restriction
1. Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs)	Shall not be placed on the market, or used: — as substances, — in mixtures, including waste oils, or in equipment, in concentrations greater than 50 mg/kg (0,005 % by weight).
a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.	
l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.	
m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]	

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<p>2. Chloroethene (vinyl chloride) CAS No 75-01-4 EC No 200-831-0</p>	<p>Shall not be used as propellant in aerosols for any use. Aerosols dispensers containing the substance as propellant shall not be placed on the market.</p>
<p>[<sup>F2</sup>3. Liquid substances or mixtures which are regarded as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</p> <p>(a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F;</p> <p>(b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10;</p> <p>(c) hazard class 4.1;</p> <p>(d) hazard class 5.1.]</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,</li> <li>— tricks and jokes,</li> <li>— games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,</li> </ul> <p>2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,</li> <li>— present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,</li> </ul>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p>i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p>j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.</p>	
<p>l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.</p>	
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	4.	Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
	5.	Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
	(a)	lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: ‘Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children’; and, by 1 December 2010, ‘Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life-threatening lung damage’;
	(b)	grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and
a		OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b		OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c		OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d		OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e		OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f		OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g		OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h		OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i		OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j		OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<p>(c) indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: ‘Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage’;</p> <p>lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.</p> <p>6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.</p> <p>7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
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		in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.
4. Tris (2,3 dibromopropyl) phosphate CAS No 126-72-7	1.  2.	Shall not be used in textile articles, such as garments, undergarments and linen, intended to come into contact with the skin.  Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
5. Benzene CAS No 71-43-2 EC No 200-753-7	1.  2.  3. — —	Shall not be used in toys or parts of toys where the concentration of benzene in the free state is greater than 5 mg/kg (0,0005 %) of the weight of the toy or part of toy.  Toys and parts of toys not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.  Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance, as a constituent of other substances, or in mixtures, in concentrations equal to, or greater than 0,1 % by weight.
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
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	<p>4. However, paragraph 3 shall not apply to:</p> <p>(a) motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC;</p> <p>(b) substances and mixtures for use in industrial processes not allowing for the emission of benzene in quantities in excess of those laid down in existing legislation.</p>
<p>6. Asbestos fibres</p> <p>(a) Crocidolite CAS No 12001-28-4</p> <p>(b) Amosite CAS No 12172-73-5</p> <p>(c) Anthophyllite CAS No 77536-67-5</p> <p>(d) Actinolite CAS No 77536-66-4</p> <p>(e) Tremolite CAS No 77536-68-6</p> <p>(f) Chrysotile CAS No 12001-29-5 CAS No 132207-32-0</p>	<p>1. The manufacture, placing on the market and use of these fibres and of articles containing these fibres added intentionally is prohibited.</p> <p>However, Member States may exempt the placing on the market and use of diaphragms containing chrysotile (point (f)) for existing electrolysis installations until they reach the end of their service life, or until suitable asbestos-free substitutes become available, whichever is the sooner.</p> <p>By 1 June 2011 Member States making use of this exemption shall provide a report to the Commission on the availability of asbestos free substitutes for electrolysis installations and the efforts undertaken to develop such alternatives, on the protection of the health of workers in the installations, on the source and quantities of chrysotile, on the source</p>
<p><b>a</b> OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p><b>b</b> OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p><b>c</b> OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p><b>d</b> OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p><b>e</b> OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p><b>f</b> OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p><b>g</b> OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p><b>h</b> OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p><b>i</b> OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p><b>j</b> OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
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	<p>and quantities of diaphragms containing chrysotile, and the envisaged date of the end of the exemption. The Commission shall make this information publicly available. Following receipt of those reports, the Commission shall request the Agency to prepare a dossier in accordance with Article 69 with a view to prohibit the placing on the market and use of diaphragms containing chrysotile.</p> <p>2. The use of articles containing asbestos fibres referred to in paragraph 1 which were already installed and/or in service before 1 January 2005 shall continue to be permitted until they are disposed of or reach the end of their service life. However, Member States may, for reasons of protection of human health, restrict, prohibit or make subject to specific conditions, the use of such articles before they are disposed of or reach the end of their service life.</p> <p>Member States may allow placing on the market of articles in their entirety containing asbestos fibres referred to in paragraph 1 which were already installed and/or in service before 1 January 2005, under specific conditions ensuring a high level of</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
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	<p>protection of human health. Member States shall communicate these national measures to the Commission by 1 June 2011. The Commission shall make this information publicly available.</p> <p>3. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, the placing on the market and use of articles containing these fibres, as permitted according to the preceding derogations, shall be permitted only if suppliers ensure before the placing on the market that articles bear a label in accordance with Appendix 7 to this Annex.</p>
<p>7. Tris(aziridinyl)phosphin oxide CAS No 545-55-1 EC No 208-892-5</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used in textile articles, such as garments, undergarments and linen, intended to come into contact with the skin.</p> <p>2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</p>
<p>8. Polybromobiphenyls; Polybrominatedbiphenyls (PBB)</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used in textile articles, such as garments, undergarments</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
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h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
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CAS No 59536-65-1	and linen, intended to come into contact with the skin.
	2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
9.	1. Shall not be used, in jokes and hoaxes or in mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, for instance as a constituent of sneezing powder and stink bombs.
(a) Soap bark powder ( <i>Quillaja saponaria</i> ) and its derivatives containing saponines CAS No 68990-67-0 EC 273-620-4	2. Jokes and hoaxes, or mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
(b) Powder of the roots of <i>Helleborus viridis</i> and <i>Helleborus niger</i>	3. However, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to stink bombs containing not more than 1,5 ml of liquid.
(c) Powder of the roots of <i>Veratrum album</i> and <i>Veratrum nigrum</i>	
(d) Benzidine and/or its derivatives CAS No 92-87-5 EC No 202-199-1	
(e) o-Nitrobenzaldehyde CAS No 552-89-6 EC No 209-025-3	
(f) Wood powder	
10.	1. Shall not be used, in jokes and hoaxes or in mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, for instance as a constituent of sneezing powder and stink bombs.
(a) Ammonium sulphide CAS No 12135-76-1 EC No 235-223-4	
(b) Ammonium hydrogen sulphide	
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
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<p>(c) CAS No 12124-99-1 EC No 235-184-3 Ammonium polysulphide CAS No 9080-17-5 EC No 232-989-1</p>	<p>2. Jokes and hoaxes, or mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>3. However, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to stink bombs containing not more than 1,5 ml of liquid.</p>
<p>11. Volatile esters of bromoacetic acids: (a) Methyl bromoacetate CAS No 96-32-2 EC No 202-499-2 (b) Ethyl bromoacetate CAS No 105-36-2 EC No 203-290-9 (c) Propyl bromoacetate CAS No 35223-80-4 (d) Butyl bromoacetate CAS No 18991-98-5 EC No 242-729-9</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used, in jokes and hoaxes or in mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, for instance as a constituent of sneezing powder and stink bombs.</p> <p>2. Jokes and hoaxes, or mixtures or articles intended to be used as such, not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>3. However, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to stink bombs containing not more than 1,5 ml of liquid.</p>
<p>12. 2-Naphthylamine CAS No 91-59-8 EC No 202-080-4 and its salts</p> <p>13. Benzidine CAS No 92-87-5 EC No 202-199-1 and its salts</p>	<p>The following shall apply to entries 12 to 15: Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight.</p>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
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14. 4-Nitrobiphenyl CAS No 92-93-3 Einesc EC No 202-204-7	
15. 4-Aminobiphenyl xenylamine CAS No 92-67-1 Einesc EC No 202-177-1 and its salts	
16. Lead carbonates: (a) Neutral anhydrous carbonate (PbCO <sub>3</sub> ) CAS No 598-63-0 EC No 209-943-4 (b) Trilead-bis(carbonate)-dihydroxide 2Pb CO <sub>3</sub> -Pb(OH) <sub>2</sub> CAS No 1319-46-6 EC No 215-290-6	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures, where the substance or mixture is intended for use as paint. However, Member States may, in accordance with the provisions of International Labour Organisation (ILO) Convention 13 on the use of white lead and sulphates of lead in paint, permit the use on their territory of the substance or mixture for the restoration and maintenance of works of art and historic buildings and their interiors.
17. Lead sulphates: (a) PbSO <sub>4</sub> CAS No 7446-14-2 EC No 231-198-9 (b) Pb <sub>x</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> CAS No 15739-80-7 EC No 239-831-0	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures, where the substance or mixture is intended for use as paint. However, Member States may, in accordance with the provisions of ILO Convention 13 on the use of white lead and sulphates of lead in paint, permit the use on their territory of the substance or mixture for the restoration
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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	and maintenance of works of art and historic buildings and their interiors.
18. Mercury compounds	<p>Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use:</p> <p>(a) to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— the hulls of boats,</li> <li>— cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming,</li> <li>— any totally or partly submerged appliances or equipment;</li> </ul> <p>(b) in the preservation of wood;</p> <p>(c) in the impregnation of heavy-duty industrial textiles and yarn intended for their manufacture;</p> <p>(d) in the treatment of industrial waters, irrespective of their use.</p>
18a. Mercury CAS No 7439-97-6 EC No 231-106-7	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market:</p> <p>(a) in fever thermometers;</p> <p>(b) in other measuring devices intended for sale to the general public (such as manometers, barometers, sphygmomanometers, thermometers other than fever thermometers).</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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	<p>2. The restriction in paragraph 1 shall not apply to measuring devices that were in use in the Community before 3 April 2009. However Member States may restrict or prohibit the placing on the market of such measuring devices.</p> <p>3. The restriction in paragraph 1(b) shall not apply to:</p> <p>(a) measuring devices more than 50 years old on 3 October 2007;</p> <p>(b) barometers (except barometers within point (a)) until 3 October 2009.</p> <p>4. By 3 October 2009 the Commission shall carry out a review of the availability of reliable safer alternatives that are technically and economically feasible for mercury containing sphygmomanometers and other measuring devices in healthcare and in other professional and industrial uses. On the basis of this review or as soon as new information on reliable safer alternatives for sphygmomanometers and other measuring devices containing</p>
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**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

**l** OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

**m** OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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		mercury becomes available, the Commission shall, if appropriate, present a legislative proposal to extend the restrictions in paragraph 1 to sphygmomanometers and other measuring devices in healthcare and in other professional and industrial uses, so that mercury in measuring devices is phased out whenever technically and economically feasible.
19.	Arsenic compounds	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— the hulls of boats,</li> <li>— cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming,</li> <li>— any totally or partly submerged appliances or equipment.</li> </ul> <p>2. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.	
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.	
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]	

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	<p>treatment of industrial waters, irrespective of their use.</p> <p>3. Shall not be used in the preservation of wood. Furthermore, wood so treated shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>4. By way of derogation from paragraph 3:</p> <p>(a) Relating to the substances and mixtures for the preservation of wood: these may only be used in industrial installations using vacuum or pressure to impregnate wood if they are solutions of inorganic compounds of the copper, chromium, arsenic (CCA) type C and if they are authorised in accordance with Article 5(1) of Directive 98/8/EC. Wood so treated shall not be placed on the market before fixation of the preservative is completed.</p> <p>(b) Wood treated with CCA solution in accordance with point (a) may be placed on the market for professional and industrial use provided that the structural integrity of the wood is required for human or livestock safety and skin contact</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<p>by the general public during its service life is unlikely:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— as structural timber in public and agricultural buildings, office buildings, and industrial premises,</li> <li>— in bridges and bridgework,</li> <li>— as constructional timber in freshwater areas and brackish waters, for example jetties and bridges,</li> <li>— as noise barriers,</li> <li>— in avalanche control,</li> <li>— in highway safety fencing and barriers,</li> <li>— as debarked round conifer livestock fence posts,</li> <li>— in earth retaining structures,</li> <li>— as electric power transmission and telecommunications poles,</li> <li>— as underground railway sleepers.</li> </ul> <p>(c) Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging</p>
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**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

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	<p>and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that all treated wood placed on the market is individually labelled 'For professional and industrial installation and use only, contains arsenic'. In addition, all wood placed on the market in packs shall also bear a label stating 'Wear gloves when handling this wood. Wear a dust mask and eye protection when cutting or otherwise crafting this wood. Waste from this wood shall be treated as hazardous by an authorised undertaking'.</p> <p>(d) Treated wood referred to under point (a) shall not be used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— in residential or domestic constructions, whatever the purpose,</li> <li>— in any application where there is a risk of repeated skin contact,</li> <li>— in marine waters,</li> <li>— for agricultural purposes other than for livestock fence posts and structural</li> </ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
<b>m</b>	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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	<p>— uses in accordance with point (b), in any application where the treated wood may come into contact with intermediate or finished products intended for human and/or animal consumption.</p> <p>5. Wood treated with arsenic compounds that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007, or that was placed on the market in accordance with paragraph 4 may remain in place and continue to be used until it reaches the end of its service life.</p> <p>6. Wood treated with CCA type C that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007, or that was placed on the market in accordance with paragraph 4:</p> <p>— may be used or reused subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4(b), (c) and (d),</p> <p>— may be placed on the market subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4(b), (c) and (d).</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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	7.	Member States may allow wood treated with other types of CCA solutions that was in use in the Community before 30 September 2007:
	—	to be used or reused subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4 (b), (c) and (d),
	—	to be placed on the market subject to the conditions pertaining to its use listed under points 4(b), (c) and (d).
20.	Organostannic compounds	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is acting as biocide in free association paint.</p> <p>2. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture acts as biocide to prevent the fouling by micro-organisms, plants or animals of:</p> <p>(a) all craft irrespective of their length intended for use in marine, coastal, estuarine and inland waterways and lakes;</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
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	(b)	cages, floats, nets and any other appliances or equipment used for fish or shellfish farming;
	(c)	any totally or partly submerged appliance or equipment.
	3.	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for use in the treatment of industrial waters.
	[ <sup>F3</sup> 4.	Tri-substituted organostannic compounds:
	(a)	Tri-substituted organostannic compounds such as tributyltin (TBT) compounds and triphenyltin (TPT) compounds shall not be used after 1 July 2010 in articles where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin.
	(b)	Articles not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 July 2010, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.
	5.	Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds:
a		OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b		OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c		OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d		OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e		OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f		OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g		OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h		OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i		OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j		OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	(a)	Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in mixtures and articles for supply to the general public where the concentration in the mixture or the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin.
	(b)	Articles and mixtures not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.
	(c)	By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply until 1 January 2015 to the following articles and mixtures for supply to the general public: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— one-component and two-component room temperature vulcanisation sealants (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealants) and adhesives,</li> <li>— paints and coatings containing DBT compounds as catalysts when applied on articles,</li> </ul>
<b>a</b>		OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>		OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>		OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>		OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>		OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>		OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>		OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>		OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>		OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>		OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC) profiles whether by themselves or coextruded with hard PVC,</li> <li>— fabrics coated with PVC containing DBT compounds as stabilisers when intended for outdoor applications,</li> <li>— outdoor rainwater pipes, gutters and fittings, as well as covering material for roofing and façades,</li> </ul>
(d)	By way of derogation, points (a) and (b) shall not apply to materials and articles regulated under Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004.
6. (a)	<p>Diocetyl tin (DOT) compound:          Diocetyl tin (DOT) compounds shall not be used after 1 January 2012 in the following articles for supply to, or use by, the general public, where the concentration in the article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0,1 % by weight of tin:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— textile articles intended to come into contact with the skin,</li> <li>— gloves,</li> </ul>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— footwear or part of footwear intended to come into contact with the skin,</li> <li>— wall and floor coverings, childcare articles,</li> <li>— female hygiene products, nappies,</li> <li>— two-component room temperature vulcanisation moulding kits (RTV-2 moulding kits).</li> </ul> <p>(b) Articles not complying with point (a) shall not be placed on the market after 1 January 2012, except for articles that were already in use in the Community before that date.]</p>
21.	<p>Di-<math>\mu</math>-oxo-di-n-butylstanniohydroxyborane/ Dibutyltin hydrogen borate <math>C_8H_{19}BO_3Sn</math> (DBB) CAS No 75113-37-0 EC No 401-040-5</p>	<p>Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance, or in mixtures in a concentration equal to, or greater than 0,1 % by weight. However, the first paragraph shall not apply to this substance (DBB) or mixtures containing it if these are intended solely for conversion into articles, among which this substance will no longer feature in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %.</p>
22.	<p>Pentachlorophenol CAS No 87-86-5 EC No 201-778-6 and its salts and esters</p>	<p>Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as a substance,</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.	
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.	
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]	



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	— as a constituent in other substances, or in mixtures, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.
23. Cadmium CAS No 7440-43-9 EC No 231-152-8 and its compounds	<p>For the purpose of this entry, the codes and chapters indicated in square brackets are the codes and chapters of the tariff and statistical nomenclature of Common Customs Tariff as established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87<sup>a</sup>.</p> <p>[<sup>F4</sup>1. Shall not be used in mixtures and articles produced from synthetic organic polymers (hereafter referred to as plastic material) such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— polymers or copolymers of vinyl chloride (PVC) [3904 10] [3904 21]</li> <li>— polyurethane (PUR) [3909 50]</li> <li>— low-density polyethylene (LDPE), with the exception of low-density polyethylene used for the production of coloured masterbatch [3901 10]</li> <li>— cellulose acetate (CA) [3912 11]</li> <li>— cellulose acetate butyrate (CAB) [3912 11]</li> <li>— epoxy resins [3907 30]</li> <li>— melamine-formaldehyde (MF) resins [3909 20]</li> </ul>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— urea-formaldehyde (UF) resins [3909 10]</li> <li>— unsaturated polyesters (UP) [3907 91]</li> <li>— polyethylene terephthalate (PET) [3907 60]</li> <li>— polybutylene terephthalate (PBT)</li> <li>— transparent/general-purpose polystyrene [3903 11]</li> <li>— acrylonitrile methacrylate (AMMA)</li> <li>— cross-linked polyethylene (VPE)</li> <li>— high-impact polystyrene</li> <li>— polypropylene (PP) [3902 10]</li> <li>— high-density polyethylene (HDPE) [3901 20]</li> <li>— acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) [3903 30]</li> <li>— poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA) [3906 10].</li> </ul> <p>Mixtures and articles produced from plastic material shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the plastic material.</p> <p>[<sup>X2</sup>By way of derogation, the second subparagraph shall not apply to articles placed on the market before 10 December 2011.]</p>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
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	<p>The first and second subparagraphs apply without prejudice to Council Directive 94/62/EC<sup>m</sup> and acts adopted on its basis.</p> <p>2. Shall not be used in paints [3208] [3209]. For paints with a zinc content exceeding 10 % by weight of the paint, the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) shall not be equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight. Painted articles shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of the paint on the painted article.</p> <p>3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to articles coloured with mixtures containing cadmium for safety reasons.</p> <p>4. By way of derogation, paragraph 1, second subparagraph shall not apply to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— mixtures produced from PVC waste, hereinafter referred to as ‘recovered PVC’,</li><li>— mixtures and articles containing recovered PVC if their concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) does not</li></ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
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exceed 0,1 % by weight of the plastic material in the following rigid PVC applications:

- (a) profiles and rigid sheets for building applications;
- (b) doors, windows, shutters, walls, blinds, fences, and roof gutters;
- (c) decks and terraces;
- (d) cable ducts;
- (e) pipes for non-drinking water if the recovered PVC is used in the middle layer of a multilayer pipe and is entirely covered with a layer of newly produced PVC in compliance with paragraph 1 above.

Suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market of mixtures and articles containing recovered PVC for the first time, that these are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Contains recovered PVC' or with the following pictogram:

**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

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In accordance with Article 69 of this Regulation, the derogation granted in paragraph 4 will be reviewed, in particular with a view to reducing the limit value for cadmium and to reassess the derogation for the applications listed in points (a) to (e), by 31 December 2017.]

5. For the purpose of this entry, 'cadmium plating' means any deposit or coating of metallic cadmium on a metallic surface.

Shall not be used for cadmium plating metallic articles or components of the articles used in the following sectors/applications:

- (a) equipment and machinery for:  
 — food production [8210]  
 [8417 20] [8419 81] [8421  
 11] [8421 22] [8422]  
 [8435] [8437] [8438]  
 [8476 11]

a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

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f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— agriculture [8419 31] [8424 81] [8432] [8433] [8434] [8436]</li> <li>— cooling and freezing [8418]</li> <li>— printing and book-binding [8440] [8442] [8443]</li> </ul> <p>(b) equipment and machinery for the production of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— household goods [7321] [8421 12] [8450] [8509] [8516]</li> <li>— furniture [8465] [8466] [9401] [9402] [9403] [9404]</li> <li>— sanitary ware [7324]</li> <li>— central heating and air conditioning plant [7322] [8403] [8404] [8415]</li> </ul> <p>In any case, whatever their use or intended final purpose, the placing on the market of cadmium-plated articles or components of such articles used in the sectors/applications listed in points (a) and (b) above and of articles manufactured in the sectors listed in point (b) above is prohibited.</p> <p>6. The provisions referred to in paragraph 5 shall also be applicable to cadmium-plated articles or components of such articles when</p>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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	<p>used in the sectors/applications listed in points (a) and (b) below and to articles manufactured in the sectors listed in (b) below:</p> <p>(a) equipment and machinery for the production of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— paper and board [8419 32] [8439] [8441] textiles and clothing [8444] [8445] [8447] [8448] [8449] [8451] [8452]</li> </ul> <p>(b) equipment and machinery for the production of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— industrial handling equipment and machinery [8425] [8426] [8427] [8428] [8429] [8430] [8431]</li> <li>— road and agricultural vehicles [chapter 87]</li> <li>— rolling stock [chapter 86]</li> <li>— vessels [chapter 89]</li> </ul> <p>7. However, the restrictions in paragraphs 5 and 6 shall not apply to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— articles and components of the articles used in the aeronautical, aerospace, mining, offshore and nuclear sectors whose applications require high safety standards and in safety devices in road and</li> </ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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	<p>agricultural vehicles, rolling stock and vessels,</p> <p>— electrical contacts in any sector of use, where that is necessary to ensure the reliability required of the apparatus on which they are installed.</p> <p>[<sup>F58</sup> Shall not be used in brazing fillers in concentration equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight. Brazing fillers shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight. For the purpose of this paragraph brazing shall mean a joining technique using alloys and undertaken at temperatures above 450 °C.</p> <p>9. By way of derogation, paragraph 8 shall not apply to brazing fillers used in defence and aerospace applications and to brazing fillers used for safety reasons.</p> <p>10. Shall not be used or placed on the market if the concentration is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the metal in:</p>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) metal beads and other metal components for jewellery making;</li> <li>(ii) metal parts of jewellery and imitation jewellery articles and hair accessories, including:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— bracelets, necklaces and rings,</li> <li>— piercing jewellery,</li> <li>— wrist-watches and wrist-wear,</li> <li>— brooches and cufflinks.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>[<sup>X2</sup>11. By way of derogation, paragraph 10 shall not apply to articles placed on the market before 10 December 2011 and jewellery more than 50 years old on 10 December 2011.]]</p>
<p>24. Monomethyl — tetrachlorodiphenyl methane          Trade name: Ugilec 141          CAS No 76253-60-6</p>	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures. Articles containing the substance shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) in the case of plant and machinery already in service on 18 June 1994, until such plant and machinery is disposed of;</li> <li>(b) in the case of the maintenance of plant and machinery already in</li> </ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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		service within a Member State on 18 June 1994. For the purposes of point (a) Member States may, on grounds of human health protection and environmental protection, prohibit within their territory the use of such plant or machinery before it is disposed of.
25.	Monomethyl-dichloro-diphenyl methane Trade name: Ugilec 121 Ugilec 21	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures. Articles containing the substance shall not be placed on the market.
26.	Monomethyl-dibromo-diphenyl methane bromobenzylbromotoluene, mixture of isomers Trade name: DBBT CAS No 99688-47-8	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures. Articles containing the substance shall not be placed on the market.
27.	Nickel CAS No 7440-02-0 EC No 231-111-4 and its compounds	1. (a) Shall not be used: in any post assemblies which are inserted into pierced ears and other pierced parts of the human body unless the rate of nickel release from such post assemblies is less than 0,2 µg/cm <sup>2</sup> /week (migration limit);
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
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i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
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	(b) in articles intended to come into direct and prolonged contact with the skin such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— earrings,</li><li>— necklaces, bracelets and chains, anklets, finger rings,</li><li>— wrist-watch cases, watch straps and tighteners,</li><li>— rivet buttons, tighteners, rivets, zippers and metal marks, when these are used in garments,</li></ul> if the rate of nickel release from the parts of these articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin is greater than 0,5 µg/cm <sup>2</sup> /week.
	(c) in articles referred to in point (b) where these have a non-nickel coating unless such coating is sufficient to ensure that the rate of nickel release from those parts of such articles coming into direct and prolonged contact with the skin will not exceed 0,5 µg/cm <sup>2</sup> /week for a period of at least two years of normal use of the article.
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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	2.	Articles which are the subject of paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements set out in that paragraph.
	3.	The standards adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) shall be used as the test methods for demonstrating the conformity of articles to paragraphs 1 and 2.
28.	Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as carcinogen category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or carcinogen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows:	Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: 1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as substances, — as constituents of other substances, or, — in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: — either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of
—	Carcinogen category 1A (Table 3.1)/carcinogen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 1	
—	Carcinogen category 1B (Table 3.1)/carcinogen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 2	
29.	Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B (Table	
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— 3.1) or mutagen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: Mutagen category 1A (Table 3.1)/ mutagen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 3</li> <li>— Mutagen category 1B (Table 3.1)/ mutagen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 4</li> </ul>	<p data-bbox="1029 526 1340 683">Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or, the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC.</p> <p data-bbox="917 683 1340 1041">Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows:</p>
<p data-bbox="239 795 790 1019">30. Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as toxic to reproduction category 1A or 1B (Table 3.1) or toxic to reproduction category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Reproductive toxicant category 1A adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development (Table 3.1) or reproductive toxicant category 1 with R60 (May impair fertility) or R61 (May cause harm to the unborn child) (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 5</li> <li>— Reproductive toxicant category 1B adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development (Table 3.1) or reproductive toxicant category 2 with R60 (May impair</li> </ul>	<p data-bbox="798 1064 1340 1131">2. Restricted to professional users. By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC;</li> <li>(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;</li> <li>(c) the following fuels and oil products: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— motor fuels which are</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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<p>fertility) or R61 (May cause harm to the unborn child) (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 6</p>	<p>covered by Directive 98/70/EC, mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);</p> <p>(d) artists' paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC.</p>
<p>31. (a) Creosote; wash oil CAS No 8001-58-9 EC No 232-287-5 (b) Creosote oil; wash oil CAS No 61789-28-4 EC No 263-047-8 (c) Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils; naphthalene oil CAS No 84650-04-4 EC No 283-484-8 (d) Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction; wash oil</p>	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for the treatment of wood. Furthermore, wood so treated shall not be placed on the market.</p> <p>2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1: (a) The substances and mixtures may be used for wood treatment in industrial installations or</p>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p>i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p>j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.</p>	
<p>l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]</p>	

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<p>(e) CAS No 90640-84-9 EC No 283-484-8EC No 292-605-3 Distillates (coal tar), upper; heavy anthracene oil</p> <p>(f) CAS No 65996-91-0 EC No 266-026-1 Anthracene oil</p> <p>(g) CAS No 90640-80-5 EC No 292-602-7 Tar acids, coal, crude; crude phenols</p> <p>(h) CAS No 65996-85-2 EC No 266-019-3 Creosote, wood</p> <p>(i) CAS No 8021-39-4 EC No 232-419-1 Low temperature tar oil, alkaline; extract residues (coal), low temperature coal tar alkaline</p> <p>CAS No 122384-78-5 EC No 310-191-5</p>	<p>by professionals covered by Community legislation on the protection of workers for in situ retreatment only if they contain:</p> <p>(i) benzo[a]pyrene at a concentration of less than 50 mg/kg (0,005 % by weight), and</p> <p>(ii) water extractable phenols at a concentration of less than 3 % by weight.</p> <p>Such substances and mixtures for use in wood treatment in industrial installations or by professionals:</p> <p>— may be placed on the market only in packaging of a capacity equal to or greater than 20 litres,</p> <p>— shall not be sold to consumers.</p> <p>Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows:</p>
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**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

**l** OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

**m** OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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	<p>For use in industrial installations or professional treatment only.</p> <p>(b) Wood treated in industrial installations or by professionals according to subparagraph (a) which is placed on the market for the first time or retreated in situ may be used for professional and industrial use only, for example on railways, in electric power transmission and telecommunications, for fencing, for agricultural purposes (for example stakes for tree support) and in harbours and waterways.</p> <p>(c) The prohibition in paragraph 1 on the placing on the market shall not apply to wood which has been treated with substances listed in entry 31 (a) to (i) before 31 December 2002 and is placed on the second-hand market for re-use.</p> <p>3. Treated wood referred to under paragraph 2(b) and (c) shall not be used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— inside buildings, whatever their purpose,</li> <li>— in toys,</li> <li>— in playgrounds,</li> </ul>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— in parks, gardens, and outdoor recreational and leisure facilities where there is a risk of frequent skin contact,</li> <li>— in the manufacture of garden furniture such as picnic tables,</li> <li>— for the manufacture and use and any re-treatment of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— containers intended for growing purposes,</li> <li>— packaging that may come into contact with raw materials, intermediate or finished products destined for human and/or animal consumption,</li> <li>— other materials which may contaminate the articles mentioned above.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p>32. Chloroform CAS No 67-66-3 EC No 200-663-8</p> <p>34. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane CAS No 79-00-5 EC No 201-166-9</p> <p>35. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane CAS No 79-34-5 EC No 201-197-8</p>	<p>Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex, the following shall apply to entries 32 to 38.</p> <p>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— as substances,</li> <li>— as constituents of other substances, or in mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight,</li> </ul>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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<p>36. 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane CAS No 630-20-6</p> <p>37. Pentachloroethane CAS No 76-01-7 EC No 200-925-1</p> <p>38. 1,1-Dichloroethene CAS No 75-35-4 EC No 200-864-0</p>	<p>where the substance or mixture is intended for supply to the general public and/or is intended for diffusive applications such as in surface cleaning and cleaning of fabrics.</p> <p>2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures containing them in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight is visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows:</p> <p>For use in industrial installations only. By way of derogation this provision shall not apply to:</p> <p>(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC;</p> <p>(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC.</p>
<p>[<sup>F2</sup>40. Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public</p>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p>i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p>j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.</p>	
<p>l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]</p>	

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<p>or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.]</p>	<p>— for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:          — metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,          — artificial snow and frost,          — ‘whoopee’ cushions,          — silly string aerosols,          — imitation excrement,          — horns for parties,          — decorative flakes and foams,          — artificial cobwebs,          — stink bombs.</p> <p>2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:          For professional users only.</p> <p>3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC<sup>b</sup>.</p> <p>4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not</p>
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**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

**l** OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

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	be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.
41. Hexachloroethane CAS No 67-72-1 EC No 200-666-4	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substance or in mixtures, where the substance or mixture is intended for the manufacturing or processing of non-ferrous metals.
42. Alkanes, C <sub>10</sub> -C <sub>13</sub> , chloro (short-chain chlorinated paraffins) (SCCPs) EC No 287-476-5 CAS No 85535-84-8	Shall not be placed on the market, or used as substances, or as constituents of other substances or in mixtures in concentrations greater than 1 % by weight, where the substance or mixture is intended for: — metalworking, — fat liquoring of leather.
43. Azocolourants and Azodyes	1. Azodyes which, by reductive cleavage of one or more azo groups, may release one or more of the aromatic amines listed in Appendix 8, in detectable concentrations, i.e. above 30 mg/kg (0,003 % by weight) in the articles or in the dyed parts thereof, according to the testing methods listed in Appendix 10, shall not be used, in textile and leather articles which may come into direct and prolonged contact with the human skin or oral cavity, such as:
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— clothing, bedding, towels, hairpieces, wigs, hats, nappies and other sanitary items, sleeping bags,</li><li>— footwear, gloves, wristwatch straps, handbags, purses/wallets, briefcases, chair covers, purses worn round the neck,</li><li>— textile or leather toys and toys which include textile or leather garments,</li><li>— yarn and fabrics intended for use by the final consumer.</li></ul>
	2. Furthermore, the textile and leather articles referred to in paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements set out in that paragraph.
	3. Azodyes, which are contained in Appendix 9, 'List of azodyes' shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances, or in mixtures in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight, where the substance or the mixture is intended for colouring textile and leather articles.

[<sup>F6</sup>

a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

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f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

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i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

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45.	Diphenylether, derivative C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>2</sub> Br <sub>8</sub> O	octabromo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— as a substance,</li> <li>— as a constituent of other substances, or in mixtures, in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Articles shall not be placed on the market if they, or flame-retardant parts thereof, contain this substance in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight.</li> <li>3. By way of derogation, paragraph 2 shall not apply: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— to articles that were in use in the Community before 15 August 2004,</li> <li>— to electrical and electronic equipment within the scope of Directive 2002/95/EC.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
46.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Nonylphenol C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(OH)C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>19</sub> CAS 25154-52-3 EC 246-672-0</li> <li>(b) Nonylphenol ethoxylates (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O)<sub>n</sub>C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O</li> </ol>		<p>Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight for the following purposes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) industrial and institutional cleaning except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— controlled closed dry cleaning systems where the washing liquid is recycled or incinerated,</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.		
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.		
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.		
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.		
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.		
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.		
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.		
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.		
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.		
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.		
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.		
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.		
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]		

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— cleaning systems with special treatment where the washing liquid is recycled or incinerated.</li> </ul>
(2)	domestic cleaning;
(3)	textiles and leather processing except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— processing with no release into waste water,</li> <li>— systems with special treatment where the process water is pre-treated to remove the organic fraction completely prior to biological waste water treatment (degreasing of sheepskin);</li> </ul>
(4)	emulsifier in agricultural teat dips;
(5)	metal working except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>uses in controlled closed systems where the washing liquid is recycled or incinerated;</li> </ul>
(6)	manufacturing of pulp and paper;
(7)	cosmetic products;
(8)	other personal care products except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>spermicides;</li> </ul>
(9)	co-formulants in pesticides and biocides. However national authorisations for pesticides or

**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

**l** OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

**m** OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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		biocidal products containing nonylphenol ethoxylates as co-formulant, granted before 17 July 2003, shall not be affected by this restriction until their date of expiry.
47.	Chromium VI compounds	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cement and cement-containing mixtures shall not be placed on the market, or used, if they contain, when hydrated, more than 2 mg/kg (0,0002 %) soluble chromium VI of the total dry weight of the cement.</li> <li>2. If reducing agents are used, then without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of cement or cement-containing mixtures is visibly, legibly and indelibly marked with information on the packing date, as well as on the storage conditions and the storage period appropriate to maintaining the activity of the reducing agent and to keeping the content of</li> </ol>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.	
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.	
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	soluble chromium VI below the limit indicated in paragraph 1.
	3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the placing on the market for, and use in, controlled closed and totally automated processes in which cement and cement-containing mixtures are handled solely by machines and in which there is no possibility of contact with the skin.
48. Toluene CAS No 108-88-3 EC No 203-625-9	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.
49. Trichlorobenzene CAS No 120-82-1 EC No 204-428-0	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight for any use except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— as an intermediate of synthesis, or,</li> <li>— as a process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions, or,</li> <li>— in the manufacture of 1,3,5-triamino — 2,4,6-trinitrobenzene (TATB).</li> </ul>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
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<p>50. Polycyclic-aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)</p> <p>(a) Benzo[a]pyrene (BaP) CAS No 50-32-8</p> <p>(b) Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP) CAS No 192-97-2</p> <p>(c) Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA) CAS No 56-55-3</p> <p>(d) Chrysen (CHR) CAS No 218-01-9</p> <p>(e) Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA) CAS No 205-99-2</p> <p>(f) Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA) CAS No 205-82-3</p> <p>(g) Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA) CAS No 207-08-9</p> <p>(h) Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA) CAS No 53-70-3</p>	<p>1. From 1 January 2010, extender oils shall not be placed on the market, or used for the production of tyres or parts of tyres if they contain:</p> <p>— more than 1 mg/kg (0,0001 % by weight) BaP, or,</p> <p>— more than 10 mg/kg (0,001 % by weight) of the sum of all listed PAHs.</p> <p>These limits shall be regarded as kept, if the polycyclic aromatics (PCA) extract is less than 3 % by weight as measured by the Institute of Petroleum standard IP346: 1998 (Determination of PCA in unused lubricating base oils and asphaltene free petroleum fractions — Dimethyl sulphoxide extraction refractive index method), provided that compliance with the limit values of BaP and of the listed PAHs, as well as the correlation of the measured values with the PCA extract, is controlled by the manufacturer or importer every six months or after each major operational change, whichever is earlier.</p> <p>2. Furthermore, tyres and treads for retreading manufactured after 1 January 2010 shall not be placed on the market if they contain extender</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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	<p>oils exceeding the limits indicated in paragraph 1.</p> <p>These limits shall be regarded as kept, if the vulcanised rubber compounds do not exceed the limit of 0,35 % Bay protons as measured and calculated by ISO 21461 (Rubber vulcanised — Determination of aromaticity of oil in vulcanised rubber compounds).</p> <p>3. By way of derogation, paragraph 2 shall not apply to retreaded tyres if their tread does not contain extender oils exceeding the limits referred to in paragraph 1.</p> <p>4. For the purpose of this entry ‘tyres’ shall mean tyres for vehicles covered by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 September 2007 establishing a framework for the approval of motor vehicles and their trailers<sup>d</sup>,</li><li>— Directive 2003/37/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on type-approval of agricultural or forestry tractors, their trailers and interchangeable towed machinery, together with their systems,</li></ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
<b>m</b>	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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		—	components and separate technical units <sup>e</sup> , and Directive 2002/24/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 March 2002 relating to the type-approval of two or three-wheel motor vehicles and repealing Council Directive 92/61/EEC <sup>f</sup> .
51.	The following phthalates (or other CAS and EC numbers covering the substance):	1.	Shall not be used as substances or in mixtures, in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight of the plasticised material, in toys and childcare articles.
(a)	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) CAS No 117-81-7 EC No 204-211-0	2.	Toys and childcare articles containing these phthalates in a concentration greater than 0,1 % by weight of the plasticised material shall not be placed on the market.
(b)	Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) CAS No 84-74-2 EC No 201-557-4	3.	The Commission shall re-evaluate, by 16 January 2010, the measures provided for in relation to this entry in the light of new scientific information on such substances and their substitutes, and if justified, these measures shall be modified accordingly.
(c)	Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP) CAS No 85-68-7 EC No 201-622-7		
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.		
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.		
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.		
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.		
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.		
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.		
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.		
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.		
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.		
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.		
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		4.	For the purpose of this entry 'childcare article' shall mean any product intended to facilitate sleep, relaxation, hygiene, the feeding of children or sucking on the part of children.
52.	The following phthalates (or other CAS- and EC numbers covering the substance):	1.	Shall not be used as substances or in mixtures, in concentrations greater than 0,1 % by weight of the plasticised material, in toys and childcare articles which can be placed in the mouth by children.
(a)	Di-'isononyl' phthalate (DINP) CAS No 28553-12-0 and 68515-48-0 EC No 249-079-5 and 271-090-9	2.	Such toys and childcare articles containing these phthalates in a concentration greater than 0,1 % by weight of the plasticised material shall not be placed on the market.
(b)	Di-'isodecyl' phthalate (DIDP) CAS No 26761-40-0 and 68515-49-1 EC No 247-977-1 and 271-091-4	3.	The Commission shall re-evaluate, by 16 January 2010, the measures provided for in relation to this entry in the light of new scientific information on such substances and their substitutes, and if justified, these measures shall be modified accordingly.
(c)	Di-n-octyl phthalate (DNOP) CAS No 117-84-0 EC No 204-214-7		
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.		
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.		
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.		
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.		
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.		
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.		
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.		
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.		
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.		
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.		
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	4. For the purpose of this entry 'childcare article' shall mean any product intended to facilitate sleep, relaxation, hygiene, the feeding of children or sucking on the part of children.
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[<sup>F6</sup>]

54. 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol (DEGME) CAS No 111-77-3 EC No 203-906-6	Shall not be placed on the market after 27 June 2010, for supply to the general public, as a constituent of paints, paint strippers, cleaning agents, self-shining emulsions or floor sealants in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.
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55. 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol (DEGBE) CAS No 112-34-5 EC No 203-961-6	1. Shall not be placed on the market for the first time after 27 June 2010, for supply to the general public, as a constituent of spray paints or spray cleaners in aerosol dispensers in concentrations equal to or greater than 3 % by weight.  2. Spray paints and spray cleaners in aerosol dispensers containing DEGBE and not conforming to paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market for supply to the general public after 27 December 2010.
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a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

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	<p>3. Without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that paints other than spray paints containing DEGBE in concentrations equal to or greater than 3 % by weight of that are placed on the market for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked by 27 December 2010 as follows: Do not use in paint spraying equipment.</p>
<p>56. Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) CAS No 26447-40-5 EC No 247-714-0</p>	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 December 2010, as a constituent of mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight of MDI for supply to the general public, unless suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging:</p> <p>(a) contains protective gloves which comply with the requirements of Council Directive 89/686/EEC<sup>i</sup>;</p> <p>(b) is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows, and without</p>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p>i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p>j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.</p>	
<p>l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]</p>	

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	<p>prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Persons already sensitised to diisocyanates may develop allergic reactions when using this product.</li> <li>— Persons suffering from asthma, eczema or skin problems should avoid contact, including dermal contact, with this product.</li> <li>— This product should not be used under conditions of poor ventilation unless a protective mask with an appropriate gas filter (i.e. type A1 according to standard EN 14387) is used.</li> </ul> <p>2. By way of derogation, paragraph 1(a) shall not apply to hot melt adhesives.</p>
<p>57. Cyclohexane CAS No 110-82-7 EC No 203-806-2</p>	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market for the first time after 27 June 2010, for supply to the general public,</p>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	<p>as a constituent of neoprene-based contact adhesives in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight in package sizes greater than 350 g.</p> <p>2. Neoprene-based contact adhesives containing cyclohexane and not conforming to paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market for supply to the general public after 27 December 2010.</p> <p>3. Without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that neoprene-based contact adhesives containing cyclohexane in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight that are placed on the market for supply to the general public after 27 December 2010 are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>— This product is not to be used under conditions of poor ventilation.</li><li>— This product is not to be used for carpet laying..</li></ul>
<b>a</b>	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
<b>b</b>	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
<b>c</b>	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
<b>d</b>	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
<b>e</b>	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
<b>f</b>	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
<b>g</b>	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
<b>h</b>	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
<b>i</b>	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
<b>j</b>	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
<b>k</b>	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
<b>l</b>	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
<b>m</b>	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

<p>58. Ammonium nitrate (AN) CAS No 6484-52-2 EC No 229-347-8</p>	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market for the first time after 27 June 2010 as a substance, or in mixtures that contain more than 28 % by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate, for use as a solid fertiliser, straight or compound, unless the fertiliser complies with the technical provisions for ammonium nitrate fertilisers of high nitrogen content set out in Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>l</sup>.</p> <p>2. Shall not be placed on the market after 27 June 2010 as a substance, or in mixtures that contain 16 % or more by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate except for supply to:</p> <p>(a) downstream users and distributors, including natural or legal persons licensed or authorised in accordance with Council Directive 93/15/EEC<sup>k</sup>;</p> <p>(b) farmers for use in agricultural activities, either full time or part</p>
<p>a OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.</p>	
<p>b OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.</p>	
<p>c OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.</p>	
<p>d OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.</p>	
<p>e OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>f OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.</p>	
<p>g OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.</p>	
<p>h OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.</p>	
<p>i OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.</p>	
<p>j OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>k OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.</p>	
<p>l OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.</p>	
<p>m OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]</p>	

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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

time and not necessarily related to the size of the land area.

For the purposes of this subparagraph:

- (i) 'farmer' shall mean a natural or legal person, or a group of natural or legal persons, whatever legal status is granted to the group and its members by national law, whose holding is situated within Community territory, as referred to in Article 299 of the Treaty, and who exercises an agricultural activity;
- (ii) 'agricultural activity' shall mean the production, rearing or growing of agricultural products including harvesting, milking, breeding animals and keeping animals for farming purposes, or maintaining the land in good agricultural and environmental condition as established under Article 5 of Council

**a** OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.

**b** OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.

**c** OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.

**d** OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.

**e** OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.

**f** OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.

**g** OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.

**h** OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.

**i** OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.

**j** OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.

**k** OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.

**l** OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.

**m** OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	<p>Regulation (EC) No 1782/2003<sup>1</sup>;</p> <p>(c) natural or legal persons engaged in professional activities such as horticulture, plant growing in greenhouses, maintenance of parks, gardens or sport pitches, forestry or other similar activities.</p> <p>3. However, for the restrictions in paragraph 2, Member States may until 1 July 2014, for socioeconomic reasons, apply a limit of up to 20 % by weight of nitrogen in relation to ammonium nitrate for substances and mixtures placed on the market within their territories. They shall inform the Commission and other Member States thereof.</p>
<p>[<sup>F3</sup>59. Dichloromethane CAS No 75-09-2 EC No: 200-838-9</p>	<p>1. Paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall not be:</p> <p>(a) placed on the market for the first time for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2010;</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	(b)	placed on the market for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2011;
	(c)	used by professionals after 6 June 2012. For the purposes of this entry: (i) 'professional' means any natural or legal person, including workers and self-employed workers undertaking paint stripping in the course of their professional activity outside an industrial installation; (ii) 'industrial installation' means a facility used for paint stripping activities.
	2.	By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow on their territories and for certain activities the use, by specifically trained professionals, of paint strippers containing dichloromethane and may allow the placing on the market of such paint strippers for supply to those professionals.
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.	
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.	
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.	
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.	
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.	
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.	
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.	
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.	
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.	
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.	
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m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]	

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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	<p>Member States making use of this derogation shall define appropriate provisions for the protection of the health and safety of those professionals using paint strippers containing dichloromethane and shall inform the Commission thereof.</p> <p>Those provisions shall include a requirement that a professional shall hold a certificate that is accepted by the Member State in which that professional operates, or provide other documentary evidence to that effect, or be otherwise approved by that Member State, so as to demonstrate proper training and competence to safely use paint strippers containing dichloromethane.</p> <p>The Commission shall prepare a list of the Member States which have made use of the derogation in this paragraph and make it publicly available over the Internet.</p> <p>3. A professional benefiting from the derogation referred to in paragraph 2 shall operate only in Member States which have made use of that derogation. The training referred to in paragraph 2 shall cover as a minimum:</p> <p>(a) awareness, evaluation and management of risks to health, including information on existing substitutes or processes, which</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

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**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	<p>under their conditions of use are less hazardous to the health and safety of workers;</p> <p>(b) use of adequate ventilation;</p> <p>(c) use of appropriate personal protective equipment that complies with Directive 89/686/EEC.</p> <p>Employers and self-employed workers shall preferably replace dichloromethane with a chemical agent or process which, under its conditions of use, presents no risk, or a lower risk, to the health and safety of workers. Professional shall apply all relevant safety measures in practice, including the use of personal protective equipment.</p> <p>4. Without prejudice to other Community legislation on workers protection, paint strippers containing dichloromethane in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight may be used in industrial installations only if the following minimum conditions are met:</p> <p>(a) effective ventilation in all processing areas, in particular for the wet processing and the drying of stripped articles: local exhaust ventilation at strip tanks supplemented by forced ventilation in those areas, so as to minimise</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	<p>exposure and to ensure compliance, where technically feasible, with relevant occupational exposure limits;</p> <p>(b) measures to minimise evaporation from strip tanks comprising: lids for covering strip tanks except during loading and unloading; suitable loading and unloading arrangements for strip tanks; and wash tanks with water or brine to remove excess solvent after unloading;</p> <p>(c) measures for the safe handling of dichloromethane in strip tanks comprising: pumps and pipework for transferring paint stripper to and from strip tanks; and suitable arrangements for safe cleaning of tanks and removal of sludge;</p> <p>(d) personal protective equipment that complies with Directive 89/686/EEC comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing; and appropriate respiratory protective equipment where compliance with relevant occupational exposure limits cannot be otherwise achieved;</p>
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
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[<sup>F1</sup>For substances which have been incorporated in this Annex as a consequence of restrictions adopted in the framework of Directive 76/769/EEC (Entries 1 to 58), the restrictions shall not apply to storage, keeping, treatment, filling into containers, or transfer from one container to another of these substances for export, unless the manufacture of the substances is prohibited.

	(e) adequate information, instruction and training for operators in the use of such equipment.
	5. Without prejudice to other Community provisions concerning the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, by 6 December 2011 paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall be visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Restricted to industrial use and to professionals approved in certain EU Member States — verify where use is allowed.'
[ <sup>X3</sup> 60. Acrylamide CAS No 79-06-1	Shall not be placed on the market or used as a substance or constituent of mixtures in a concentration, equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight for grouting applications after 5 November 2012.]
a	OJ L 256, 7.9.1987, p. 42.
b	OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
c	OJ L 37, 13.2.2003, p. 19.
d	OJ L 263, 9.10.2007, p. 1.
e	OJ L 171, 9.7.2003, p. 1.
f	OJ L 124, 9.5.2002, p. 1.
g	OJ L 24, 29.1.2008, p. 8.
h	OJ L 104, 8.4.2004, p. 1.
i	OJ L 399, 30.12.1989, p. 18.
j	OJ L 304, 21.11.2003, p. 1.
k	OJ L 121, 15.5.1993, p. 20.
l	OJ L 270, 21.10.2003, p. 1.
m	OJ L 365, 31.12.1994, p. 10.]

#### Editorial Information

**X2** Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EU) No 143/2011 of 17 February 2011 amending Annex XIV to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

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on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ('REACH')(Official Journal of the European Union L 44 of 18 February 2011).

- X3** Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EU) No 143/2011 of 17 February 2011 amending Annex XIV to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ('REACH')(Official Journal of the European Union L 44 of 18 February 2011).

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F2** Substituted by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance).
- F3** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 276/2010 of 31 March 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as regards Annex XVII (dichloromethane, lamp oils and grill lighter fluids and organostannic compounds) (Text with EEA relevance).
- F4** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 143/2011 of 17 February 2011 amending Annex XIV to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ('REACH') (Text with EEA relevance).
- F5** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2017/999 of 13 June 2017 amending Annex XIV to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Text with EEA relevance).
- F6** Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 143/2011 of 17 February 2011 amending Annex XIV to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ('REACH') (Text with EEA relevance).

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## Appendices 1 to 6

### **[F<sup>1</sup>FOREWORD] Explanations of column headings**

#### *Substances:*

The name corresponds to the International Chemical Identification used for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Whenever possible, substances are designated by their IUPAC names. Substances listed in Einecs (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances), Elincs (European List of Notified Substances) or the list of 'No-longer-polymers' are designated using the names in these lists. Other names, such as usual or common names, are included in some cases. Whenever possible, plant protection products and biocides are designated by their ISO names.

#### *Entries for groups of substances:*

A number of group entries are included in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. In these cases, the classification requirements will apply to all substances covered by the description.

In some cases, there are classification requirements for specific substances that would be covered by the group entry. In such cases a specific entry is included in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 for the substance and the group entry will be annotated with the phrase 'except those specified elsewhere in Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008'.

In some cases, individual substances may be covered by more than one group entry. In these cases, the classification of the substance reflects the classification for each of the two group entries. In cases where different classifications for the same hazard are given, the most severe classification will be applied.

#### *Index number:*

The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Substances are listed in the Appendix according to this index number.

#### *EC numbers:*

The EC number, i.e. EINECS, ELINCS or NLP, is the official number of the substance within the European Union. The EINECS number can be obtained from the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substance (EINECS). The ELINCS number can be obtained from the European List of Notified Substances. The NLP number can be obtained from the list of 'No-longer-polymers'. These lists are published by the Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.

The EC number is a seven-digit system of the type XXX-XXX-X which starts at 200-001-8 (EINECS), at 400-010-9 (ELINCS) and at 500-001-0 (NLP). This number is indicated in the column entitled 'EC No'.

#### *CAS number:*

Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) numbers have been defined for substances to help in their identification.

#### *Notes:*

The full text of the notes can be found in Part 1 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

The notes to be taken into account for the purposes of this Regulation are the following:

#### *Note A:*

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Without prejudice to Article 17(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, the name of the substance must appear on the label in the form of one of the designations given in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation.

In that Part, use is sometimes made of a general description such as ‘... compounds’ or ‘... salts’. In this case, the supplier who places such a substance on the market is required to state on the label the correct name, due account being taken of Section 1.1.1.4 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

*Note C:*

Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers.

*Note D:*

Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

However, such substances are sometimes placed on the market in a non-stabilised form. In this case, supplier who places such a substance on the market must state on the label the name of the substance followed by the words ‘non-stabilised’.

*Note J:*

The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EC No 200-753-7).

*Note K:*

The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w 1,3-butadiene (EC No 203-450-8).

*Note L:*

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

*Note M:*

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,005 % w/w benzo[a]-pyrene (EC No 200-028-5).

*Note N:*

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if the full refining history is known and it can be shown that the substance from which it is produced is not a carcinogen.

*Note P:*

The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EC No 200-753-7).

*Note R:*

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply to fibres with a length weighted geometric mean diameter, less two standard errors, greater than 6µm.]

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## Appendix 1

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 28 — Carcinogens: category 1A (Table 3.1)/category 1 (Table 3.2)]

ANNEX XVII Table 2: rows 1 - 50

ANNEX XVII Table 2: rows 51 - 100

ANNEX XVII Table 2: rows 101 - 150

ANNEX XVII Table 2: rows 151 - 190

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## Appendix 2

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 28 — Carcinogens: category 1B (Table 3.1)/category 2 (Table 3.2)]

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 1 - 50

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 51 - 100

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 101 - 150

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 151 - 200

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 201 - 250

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 251 - 300

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 301 - 350

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 351 - 400

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 401 - 450

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 451 - 500

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 501 - 550

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 551 - 600

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 601 - 650

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 651 - 700

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 701 - 750

ANNEX XVII Table 3: rows 751 - 792

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### Appendix 3

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 29 — Mutagens: category 1A (Table 3.1)/category 1 (Table 3.2)]

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**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

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## Appendix 4

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 29 — Mutagens: category 1B (Table 3.1)/category 2 (Table 3.2)]

ANNEX XVII Table 4: rows 1 - 50

ANNEX XVII Table 4: rows 51 - 100

ANNEX XVII Table 4: rows 101 - 150

ANNEX XVII Table 4: rows 151 - 178



**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

## Appendix 5

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 30 — Toxic to reproduction: category 1A (Table 3.1)/category 1 (Table 3.2)]

Substances	Index No	EC No	CAS No	Notes
Carbon monoxide	006-001-00-2	211-128-3	630-08-0	
Lead hexafluorosilicate	009-014-00-1	247-278-1	25808-74-6	
Lead compounds with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex	082-001-00-6			A[ <sup>F7</sup> , E]
Lead alkyls	082-002-00-1			A[ <sup>F7</sup> , E]
Lead azide	082-003-00-7	236-542-1	13424-46-9	
Lead chromate	082-004-00-2	231-846-0	7758-97-6	
Lead di(acetate)	082-005-00-8	206-104-4	301-04-2	
Trilead bis(orthophosphate)	082-006-00-3	231-205-5	7446-27-7	
Lead acetate	082-007-00-9	215-630-3	1335-32-6	
Lead(II) methanesulphonate	082-008-00-4	401-750-5	17570-76-2	
C.I. Pigment Yellow 34; (This substance is identified in the Colour Index by Colour Index Constitution No C.I. 77603.)	082-009-00-X	215-693-7	1344-37-2	
C.I. Pigment Red 104; (This substance is identified in the Colour Index by Colour Index Constitution No C.I. 77605.)	082-010-00-5	235-759-9	12656-85-8	
Lead hydrogen arsenate	082-011-00-0	232-064-2	7784-40-9	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	602-021-00-6	202-479-3	96-12-8	

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**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

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2-bromopropane	602-085-00-5	200-855-1	75-26-3	[F <sup>7</sup> E]
Warfarin; 4-hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenylbutyl)coumarin	607-056-00-0	201-377-6	81-81-2	
Lead 2,4,6-trinitroresorcinoxide, lead styphnate	609-019-00-4	239-290-0	15245-44-0	

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

## Appendix 6

[<sup>F1</sup>Entry 30 — Toxic to reproduction: category 1B (Table 3.1)/category 2 (Table 3.2)]

Substances	Index No	EC No	CAS No	Notes
Linuron (ISO) 3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-methoxy-1-methylurea	006-021-00-1	206-356-5	330-55-2	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
6-(2-Chloroethyl)-6(2-methoxyethoxy)-2,5,7,10-tetraoxa-6-silaundecane; etacelasil	014-014-00-X	253-704-7	37894-46-5	
Flusilazole (ISO); bis(4-fluorophenyl)-(methyl)-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-silane	014-017-00-6	—	85509-19-9	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
A mixture of: 4-[[bis-(4-fluorophenyl)-methylsilyl]methyl]-4H-1,2,4-triazole; 1-[[bis-(4-fluorophenyl)methylsilyl]methyl]-1H-1,2,4-triazole	014-019-00-7	403-250-2	—	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Potassium dichromate	024-002-00-6	231-906-6	7778-50-9	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Ammonium dichromate	024-003-00-1	232-143-1	7789-09-5	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Sodium dichromate anhydrate	024-004-00-7	234-190-3	10588-01-9	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Sodium dichromate, dihydrate	024-004-01-4	234-190-3	7789-12-0	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Sodium chromate	024-018-00-3	231-889-5	7775-11-3	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Nickel tetracarbonyl	028-001-00-1	236-669-2	13463-39-3	

*Status: Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

Cadmium fluoride	048-006-00-2	232-222-0	7790-79-6	[F7E]
Cadmium chloride	048-008-00-3	233-296-7	10108-64-2	[F7E]
Cadmium sulphate	048-009-00-9	233-331-6	10124-36-4	[F7E]
Benzo[a]pyrene; benzo[d,e,f]chrysene	601-032-00-3	200-028-5	50-32-8	
1-Bromopropane Propyl bromide n-Propyl bromide	602-019-00-5	203-445-0	106-94-5	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	602-062-00-X	202-486-1	96-18-4	D
Diphenylether; octabromo derivate	602-094-00-4	251-087-9	32536-52-0	
2-Methoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monomethyl ether; methylglycol	603-011-00-4	203-713-7	109-86-4	
2-Ethoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monoethyl ether; ethylglycol	603-012-00-X	203-804-1	110-80-5	
1,2-Dimethoxyethane ethylene glycol dimethyl ether EGDME	603-031-00-3	203-794-9	110-71-4	
2,3-Epoxypropan-1-ol; glycidol oxiranemethanol	603-063-00-8	209-128-3	556-52-5	[F7E]
2-Methoxypropanol	603-106-00-0	216-455-5	1589-47-5	
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether	603-139-00-0	203-924-4	111-96-6	
R-2,3-epoxy-1-propanol	603-143-002	404-660-4	57044-25-4	[F7E]
1,2-Bis(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane	603-176-00-2	203-977-3	112-49-2	

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

TEGDME; Triethylene glycol dimethyl ether; Triglyme				
4,4'-isobutylethylidenediphenol; 2,2-bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methylpentane	604-024-00-8	401-720-1	6807-17-6	
Tetrahydrothiopyran-6-carboxaldehyde	605-062-00-0	407-330-8	61571-06-0	
2-Methoxyethyl acetate; ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; methylglycol acetate	607-036-00-1	203-772-9	110-49-6	
2-Ethoxyethyl acetate; ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate; ethylglycol acetate	607-037-00-7	203-839-2	111-15-9	
2-Ethylhexyl 3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl methyl thio acetate	607-203-00-9	279-452-8	80387-97-9	
Bis(2-Methoxyethyl) phthalate	607-228-00-5	204-212-6	117-82-8	
2-Methoxypropyl acetate	607-251-00-0	274-724-2	70657-70-4	
Fluazifop-butyl (ISO); butyl (RS)-2-[4-(5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridyloxy)phenoxy]propionate	607-304-00-8	274-125-6	69806-50-4	
Vinclozolin (ISO); N-3,5-Dichlorophenyl-5-methyl-5-vinyl-1,3-	607-307-00-4	256-599-6	50471-44-8	

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

oxazolidine-2,4-dione				
Methoxyacetic acid	607-312-00-1	210-894-6	625-45-6	[F <sup>7</sup> E]
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate; DEHP	607-317-00-9	204-211-0	117-81-7	
Dibutyl phthalate; DBP	607-318-00-4	201-557-4	84-74-2	
(+/-) tetrahydrofurfuryl (R)-2-[4-(6-chloroquinoxalin-2-yloxy)phenoxy]propionate	607-373-00-4	414-200-4	119738-06-6	[F <sup>7</sup> E]
1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear [1] n-pentyl-isopentylphthalate [2] di-n-pentyl phthalate [3] Diisopentylphthalate [4]	607-426-00-1	284-032-2 [1]-[2] 205-017-9 [3]-[4]	84777-06-0 [1]-[2] 131-18-0 [3] 42925-80-4 [4]	
Benzyl butyl phthalate BBP	607-430-00-3	201-622-7	85-68-7	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid di-C7-11-branched and linear alkylesters	607-480-00-6	271-084-6	68515-42-4	
A mixture of: disodium 4-(3-ethoxycarbonyl-4-(5-(3-ethoxycarbonyl-5-hydroxy-1-(4-sulfonatophenyl)pyrazol-4-yl)penta-2,4-dienylidene)-4,5-dihydro-5-	607-487-00-4	402-660-9	—	

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

oxopyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonate; trisodium 4-(3-ethoxycarbonyl-4-(5-(3-ethoxycarbonyl-5-oxido-1-(4-sulfonatophenyl)pyrazol-4-yl)penta-2,4-dienylidene)-4,5-dihydro-5-oxopyrazol-1-yl)benzenesulfonate				
Dinocap (ISO)	609-023-00-6	254-408-0	39300-45-3	[F7E]
Binapacryl (ISO); 2-sec-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenyl-3-methylcrotonate	609-024-00-1	207-612-9	485-31-4	
Dinoseb; 6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophenol	609-025-00-7	201-861-7	88-85-7	
Salts and esters of dinoseb, with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex	609-026-00-2			
Dinoterb; 2-tert-butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	609-030-00-4	215-813-8	1420-07-1	
Salts and esters of dinoterb	609-031-00-X			
Nitrofen (ISO); 2,4-dichlorophenyl 4-nitrophenyl ether	609-040-00-9	217-406-0	1836-75-5	
Methyl-ONN-azoxymethyl acetate; methyl azoxy methyl acetate	611-004-00-2	209-765-7	592-62-1	
2-[2-hydroxy-3-(2-chlorophenyl)carbamoyl-1-naphthylazo]-7-[2-hydroxy-3-(3-	611-131-00-3	420-580-2	—	

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

methylphenyl)carbamoyl-1-naphthylazo]fluoren-9-one				
Azafenidin	611-140-00-2	—	68049-83-2	
Tridemorph (ISO); 2,6-dimethyl-4-tridecylmorpholine	613-020-00-5	246-347-3	24602-86-6	
Ethylene thiourea; imidazolidine-2-thione; 2-imidazoline-2-thiol	613-039-00-9	202-506-9	96-45-7	
Carbendazim (ISO) methyl benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamate	613-048-00-8	234-232-0	10605-21-7	
Benomyl (ISO) methyl 1-(butylcarbamoyl)benzimidazol-2-ylcarbamate	613-049-00-3	241-775-7	17804-35-2	
Cycloheximide	613-140-00-8	200-636-0	66-81-9	
Flumioxazin (ISO); N-(7-Fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-prop-2-ynyl-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl)cyclohex-1-ene-1,2-dicarboxamide	613-166-00-X	—	103361-09-7	
(2RS,3RS)-3-(2-Chlorophenyl)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-[(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)-methyl]oxirane	613-175-00-9	406-850-2	106325-08-0	
3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	613-191-00-6	421-150-7	143860-04-2	
A mixture of: 1,3,5-tris(3-	613-199-00-X	421-550-1	—	



**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

aminomethylphenyl)-1,3,5-(1H,3H,5H)-triazine-2,4,6-trione; a mixture of oligomers of 3,5-bis(3-aminomethylphenyl)-1-poly[3,5-bis(3-aminomethylphenyl)-2,4,6-trioxo-1,3,5-(1H,3H,5H)-triazin-1-yl]-1,3,5-(1H,3H,5H)-triazine-2,4,6-trione				
N, N-dimethylformamide; dimethyl formamide	616-001-00-X	200-679-5	68-12-2	
N, N-Dimethylacetamide	616-011-00-4	204-826-4	127-19-5	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]
Formamide	616-052-00-8	200-842-0	75-12-7	
N-methylacetamide	616-053-00-3	201-182-6	79-16-3	
N-methylformamide	616-056-00-X	204-624-6	123-39-7	[ <sup>F7</sup> E]

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*Status: Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

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## Appendix 7

### Special provisions on the labelling of articles containing asbestos

1. All articles containing asbestos or the packaging thereof must bear the label defined as follows:
  - (a) the label conforming to the specimen below shall be at least 5 cm high (H) and 2,5 cm wide;
  - (b) it shall consist of two parts:
    - the top part ( $h_1 = 40\% H$ ) shall include the letter 'a' in white, on a black background,
    - the bottom part ( $h_2 = 60\% H$ ) shall include the standard wording in white and/or black, on a red background, and shall be clearly legible;
  - (c) if the article contains crocidolite, the words 'contains asbestos' used in the standard wording shall be replaced by 'contains crocidolite/blue asbestos'.

Member States may exclude from the provision of the first subparagraph articles intended to be placed on the market in their territory. The labelling of these articles must however bear the wording 'contains asbestos';

- (d) if labelling takes the form of direct printing on the articles, a single colour contrasting with the background colour is sufficient.
2. The label mentioned in this Appendix shall be affixed in accordance with the following rules:
    - (a) on each of the smallest units supplied;
    - (b) if an article has asbestos-based components, it is sufficient for these components only to bear the label. The labelling may be dispensed with if smallness of size or unsuitability of packaging make it impossible for a label to be affixed to the component.
  3. Labelling of packaged articles containing asbestos
    - 3.1. The following particulars shall appear on clearly legible and indelible labelling on the packaging of packaged articles containing asbestos:
      - (a) the symbol and relevant indications of danger in accordance with this Annex;
      - (b) safety instructions which must be selected in accordance with the particulars in this Annex, inasmuch as they are relevant for the particular article.

Where additional safety information is provided on the packaging, this shall not weaken or contradict the particulars given in accordance with points (a) and (b).

- 3.2. Labelling in accordance with 3.1 shall be effected by means of:
  - a label firmly affixed to the packaging, or
  - a (tie-on) label securely attached to the package, or
  - direct printing of the packaging.

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*Status: Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

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3.3. Articles containing asbestos and which are packaged only in loose plastic wrapping or the like shall be regarded as packaged articles and shall be labelled in accordance with 3.2. If articles are separated from such packages and placed on the market unpackaged, each of the smallest units supplied shall be accompanied by labelling particulars in accordance with 3.1.

4. Labelling of unpackaged articles containing asbestos

For unpackaged articles containing asbestos, labelling in accordance with 3.1 shall be effected by means of:

- a label firmly affixed to the article containing asbestos,
- a (tie-on) label securely attached to such an article,
- direct printing on the articles,

or, if the abovementioned is not reasonably practicable as in the case of, for example, smallness of size of the article, the unsuitable nature of the article's properties or certain technical difficulties by means of a hand-out with labelling in accordance with 3.1.

5. Without prejudice to Community provisions on safety and hygiene at work, the label affixed to the article which may, in the context of its use, be processed or finished, shall be accompanied by any safety instructions which may be appropriate for the article concerned, and in particular by the following:

- operate if possible out of doors or in a well-ventilated place,
- preferably use hand tools or low-speed tools equipped, if necessary, with an appropriate dust-extraction facility. If high-speed tools are used, they should always be equipped with such a facility,
- if possible, dampen before cutting or drilling,
- dampen dust and place it in a properly closed receptacle and dispose of it safely.

6. The labelling of any article intended for domestic use which is not covered by Section 5 and which is likely, during use, to release asbestos fibres shall, if necessary, contain the following safety instruction: 'replace when worn'.

7. The labelling of articles containing asbestos shall be in the official language or languages of the Member State(s) where the article is placed on the market.

*Status: Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

## Appendix 8

### [<sup>F1</sup>Entry 43 — Azocolourants — List of aromatic amines]

#### List of aromatic amines

	<b>CAS No</b>	<b>Index No</b>	<b>EC No</b>	<b>Substances</b>
1.	92-67-1	612-072-00-6	202-177-1	biphenyl-4-ylamine 4-aminobiphenyl xenylamine
2.	92-87-5	612-042-00-2	202-199-1	benzidine
3.	95-69-2		202-441-6	4-chloro-o-toluidine
4.	91-59-8	612-022-00-3	202-080-4	2-naphthylamine
5.	97-56-3	611-006-00-3	202-591-2	o-aminoazotoluene 4-amino-2',3'-dimethylazobenzene 4-o-tolylazo-o-toluidine
6.	99-55-8		202-765-8	5-nitro-o-toluidine
7.	106-47-8	612-137-00-9	203-401-0	4-chloroaniline
8.	615-05-4		210-406-1	4-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine
9.	101-77-9	612-051-00-1	202-974-4	4,4'-methylenedianiline 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane
10.	91-94-1	612-068-00-4	202-109-0	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine 3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-ylenediamine
11.	119-90-4	612-036-00-X	204-355-4	3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine o-dianisidine
12.	119-93-7	612-041-00-7	204-358-0	3,3'-dimethylbenzidine 4,4'-bi-o-toluidine
13.	838-88-0	612-085-00-7	212-658-8	4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine

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**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

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14.	120-71-8		204-419-1	6-methoxy-m-toluidine p-cresidine
15.	101-14-4	612-078-00-9	202-918-9	4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloro-aniline) 2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylene-dianiline
16.	101-80-4		202-977-0	4,4'-oxydianiline
17.	139-65-1		205-370-9	4,4'-thiodianiline
18.	95-53-4	612-091-00-X	202-429-0	o-toluidine 2-aminotoluene
19.	95-80-7	612-099-00-3	202-453-1	4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine
20.	137-17-7		205-282-0	2,4,5-trimethylaniline
21.	90-04-0	612-035-00-4	201-963-1	o-anisidine 2-methoxyaniline
22.	60-09-3	611-008-00-4	200-453-6	4-amino azobenzene

**Status:** Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:** There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)

## Appendix 9

### [<sup>F1</sup>Entry 43 — Azocolourants — List of azodyes]

#### List of azodyes

	CAS No	Index No	EC No	Substances
1.	Not allocated Component 1: CAS-No: 118685-33-9 $C_{39}H_{23}ClCrN_7O_{12}S_2Na$ Component 2: $C_{46}H_{30}CrN_{10}O_{20}S_2.3Na$	611-070-00-2	405-665-4	A mixture of: disodium (6-(4-anisidino)-3-sulfonato-2-(3,5-dinitro-2-oxidophenylazo)-1-naphtholato)(1-(5-chloro-2-oxidophenylazo)-2-naphtholato)chromate(1-); trisodium bis(6-(4-anisidino)-3-sulfonato-2-(3,5-dinitro-2-oxidophenylazo)-1-naphtholato)chromate(1-)

*Status: Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.*

*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII. (See end of Document for details)*

## Appendix 10

### [<sup>F1</sup>Entry 43 — Azocolourants — List of testing methods]

#### List of testing methods

<b>European standardisation organisation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Reference and title of the standard</b>	<b>Reference document</b>	<b>Reference of the superseded standard</b>
CEN	Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of certain azocolorants in dyed leathers	CEN ISO/TS 17234:2003	NONE
CEN	Textiles — Methods for the determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azocolorants — Part 1: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants accessible without extraction	EN 14362-1:2003	NONE
CEN	Textiles — Methods for determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azocolorants — Part 2: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants accessible by extracting the fibres	EN 14362-2:2003	NONE

**a** ESO: European standardisation organisations:

[<sup>F1</sup>CEN: Avenue Marnix 17, 1000 Brussels, Belgium, tel. +32 2550 08 11, fax +32 2550 08 19 (<http://www.cen.eu/cenorm/homepage.htm>)

Cenelec: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels, tel. +32 25196871, fax +32 2519 69 19 (<http://www.cenelec.eu/Cenelec/Homepage.htm>)]

ETSI: 650, route des Lucioles, F-06921 Sophia Antipolis; tel. (33) 492 94 42 00, fax (33) 493 65 47 16. <http://www.etsi.org>]

**Status:**

Point in time view as at 10/12/2011.

**Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, ANNEX XVII.