[F1]ANNEX I

Textual Amendments

F1 Deleted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 792/2012 of 23 August 2012 laying down rules for the design of permits, certificates and other documents provided for in Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein and amending Commission Regulation (EC) No 865/2006.

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[F1]ANNEX II

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[F1]ANNEX III

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[F1]ANNEX IV

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[F1]ANNEX V

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[F1]ANNEX VI

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[[F2]ANNEX VII

Textual Amendments

F2 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/220 of 6 February 2019 amending Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 laying down detailed rules concerning the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein.

Codes to be included in the description of specimens and units of measure to be used in permits and certificates pursuant to Article 5(1) and (2):

Description	Trade term code	Preferred unit	Alternative unit	Explanation
baleen	BAL	kg	no.	whalebone
bark	BAR	kg		tree bark (raw, dried or powdered; unprocessed)
body	BOD	no.	kg	substantially whole dead animals, including fresh or processed fish, stuffed

				turtles, preserved butterflies, reptiles in alcohol, whole stuffed hunting trophies, etc.
bone	BON	kg	no.	bones, including jaws
calipee	CAL	kg		calipee or calipash (turtle cartilage for soup)
carapace	CAP	no.	kg	raw or unworked whole shells of Testudines species
carving	CAR	kg	no.	carved products other than ivory, bone or horn — for example coral and wood (including handicrafts). N.B: Ivory carvings should be specified as such (see below - 'IVC'). Also, for species from which more than one type of product may be carved (e.g. horn and bone), the trade term code should indicate the type of product in trade (e.g. bone carving 'BOC' or horn carving - 'HOC'), where possible.
carving — bone	BOC	kg	no.	bone carving
carving — horn	HOC	kg	no.	horn carving
carving — ivory	IVC	kg	no.	ivory carvings, including e.g. smaller worked pieces

				of ivory (knife handles, chess sets, mahjong sets etc.). NB: Whole carved tusk should be reported as tusks (see 'TUS' below). Jewellery made from carved ivory should be reported as 'jewellery — ivory' (see IJW below).
caviar	CAV	kg		unfertilized dead processed eggs from all species of Acipenseriformes; also known as roe
chips	CHP	kg		chips of timber, especially *Aquilaria* spp., *Gyrinops* spp. and *Pterocarpus santalinus*
claw	CLA	no.	kg	claws — e.g. of Felidae, Ursidae or Crocodylia (NB: 'turtle claws' are usually scales and not real claws)
cloth	CLO	m^2	kg	cloth — if the cloth is not made entirely from the hair of a CITES species, the weight of hair of the species concerned should instead, if possible, be recorded under 'HAI'

coral (raw)	COR	no.	kg	raw or unworked coral and coral rock (also live rock and substrate) [as defined in Resolution Conf. 11.10 (Rev. CoP15)]. Coral rock should be recorded as '*Scleractinia* spp.' NB: the trade should be recorded by number of pieces only if the coral specimens are transported in water. Live rock (transported moist in boxes) should be reported in kg; coral substrate should be reported as number of pieces (since these are transported in water as the substrate to which non-CITES corals are attached).
cosmetics	COS	g	ml	cosmetics which include extracts of CITES-listed species. The quantity should reflect the amount of CITES-listed species present.
culture	CUL	no. of flasks, etc.		cultures of artificially propagated plants

derivatives	DER	kg/l		derivatives (other than those included elsewhere in this table)
dried plant	DPL	no.		dried plants — e.g. herbarium specimens
ear	EAR	no.		ears — usually elephant
egg	EGG	no.	kg	whole dead or blown eggs (see also ‘caviar’)
egg (live)	EGL	no.	kg	live fertilized eggs — usually birds and reptiles but includes fish and invertebrates
eggshell	ESH	g/kg		raw or unworked eggshell except whole eggs
extract	EXT	kg	l	extract — usually plant extracts
feather	FEA	kg/no. of wings	no.	feathers — in the case of objects (e.g. pictures) made of feathers, record the number of objects
fibre	FIB	kg	m	fibres — e.g. plant fibre but includes strings of tennis rackets
fin	FIN	kg		fresh, frozen or dried fins and parts of fins (including flippers)
fingerlings	FIG	kg	no.	juvenile fish of one or two years of age for the aquarium trade, hatcheries or for release operations

flower	FLO	kg		flowers
flower pot	FPT	no.		flower pots made from parts of a plant — e.g. treefern fibres (NB: live plants traded in so- called 'community pots' should be recorded as 'live plants', not as flower pots)
frog legs	LEG	kg		frog legs
fruit	FRU	kg		fruit
foot	FOO	no.		feet — e.g. of elephant, rhinoceros, hippopotamus, lion, crocodile, etc.
fur products (large)	FPL	no.		large manufactured products of fur — e.g. bear or lynx fur blankets or other fur products of a substantial size.
fur product (small)	FPS	no.		small manufactured products of fur- including handbags, key fobs, purses, pillows, trim, etc.
gall	GAL	kg		gall
gall bladder	GAB	no.	kg	gall bladder
garment	GAR	no.		garments — including gloves and hats but not shoes. Includes trimming or decoration on garments

genitalia	GEN	kg	no.	castrates and dried penes
gill plates	GIL	no.		gill plates (e.g. for sharks)
graft rootstock	GRS	no.		graft rootstocks (without the grafts)
hair	HAI	kg	g	hair — includes all animal hair, e.g. of elephant, yak, vicuña, guanaco
hair products	HAP	no.	g	products made of hair (e.g. elephant hair bracelets)
horn	HOR	no.	kg	horns — includes antlers
jewellery	JWL	no.	g	jewellery — including bracelets, necklaces, and other items of jewellery from products other than ivory (e.g. wood, coral, etc.)
jewellery — ivory	IJW	no.	g	jewellery made of ivory
leather product (large)	LPL	no.		large manufactured products of leather — e.g. briefcases, furniture, suitcases, travel trunks
leather product (small)	LPS	no.		small manufactured products of leather — e.g. belts, braces, bicycle saddles, cheque book or credit card holders, handbags, key fobs, notebooks,

				purses, shoes, tobacco pouches, wallets, watch-straps and trim
live	LIV	no.	kg	live animals and plants
leaf	LVS	kg	no.	leaves
logs	LOG	m^3		all wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, for processing notably into sawn wood, pulpwood or veneer sheets. NB: trade in logs of special purpose timbers traded by weight (e.g. lignum vitae, *Guaiacum* spp.) should be recorded in kg
meat	MEA	kg		meat, including flesh of fish if not whole (see 'body'), fresh or unprocessed meat as well as processed meat (e.g. smoked, raw, dried, frozen or tinned)
medicine	MED	kg/l		medicine
musk	MUS	g		musk
oil	OIL	kg	l	oil — e.g. from turtles, seals, whales, fish, various plants
pearl	PRL	no.		pearl (e.g. for *Strombus gigas*)
piano keys	KEY	no.		ivory piano keys (e.g. one standard piano would be 52

				ivory piano keys)
piece — bone	BOP	kg		pieces of bone, not manufactured
piece — horn	HOP	kg		pieces of horn, not manufactured — includes scrap
piece — ivory	IVP	kg		ivory pieces, not manufactured — includes scrap
plate	PLA	m^2		plates of fur skins — includes rugs if made of several skins
plywood	PLY	m^2	m^3	material consisting of three or more sheets of wood glued and pressed one on the other and generally disposed so that the grains of successive layers are at an angle
powder	POW	kg		powder
pupae	PUP	no.		butterfly pupae
root	ROO	no.	kg	roots, bulbs, corms or tubers NB: For the agarwood-producing taxa *Aquilaria* spp. and *Gyrinops* spp., the preferred unit is ‘kilograms’. The alternative unit is ‘number’.
rug	RUG	no.		rugs
sawfish rostrum	ROS	no.	kg	sawfish rostrum
sawn wood	SAW	m^3		wood simply sawn lengthwise or produced by a

				profile-chipping process; normally exceeds 6mm in thickness. NB: trade in sawn wood of special purpose timbers traded by weight (e.g. lignum vitae, *Guaiacum* spp.) should be recorded in kg
scale	SCA	kg		scales — e.g. of turtle, other reptiles, fish, pangolin
seed	SEE	kg		seeds
shell	SHE	no.	kg	raw or unworked shell of molluscs
side	SID	no.		sides or flanks of skins; does not include crocodilian Tinga frames (see under 'skin')
skeleton	SKE	no.		substantially whole skeletons
skin	SKI	no.		substantially whole skins, raw or tanned, including crocodilian Tinga frames, external body lining, with or without scales
skin piece	SKP	kg		skin pieces — including scraps, raw or tanned
skull	SKU	no.		skulls
soup	SOU	kg	l	soup — e.g. of turtle
specimen (scientific)	SPE	kg/l/ml/no.		scientific specimens — includes blood,

				tissue (e.g. kidney, spleen, etc.), histological preparations, preserved museum specimens, etc.
stem	STE	no.	kg	plant stems NB: For the agarwood-producing taxa *Aquilaria* spp. and *Gyrinops* spp., the preferred unit is 'kilograms'. The alternative unit is 'number'.
swim bladder	SWI	kg		hydrostatic organ, including isinglass/ sturgeon glue
tail	TAI	no.	kg	tails — e.g. of caiman (for leather) or fox (for garment trimming, collars, boas, etc.), also includes flukes of cetaceans.
tooth	TEE	no.	kg	teeth — e.g. of whale, lion, hippopotamus, crocodile, etc.
timber	TIM	m^3	kg	raw timber except saw-logs and sawn wood
trophy	TRO	no.		trophy — all the trophy parts of one animal if they are exported together: e.g. horns (2), skull, cape, back skin, tail and feet (i.e. ten specimens) constitute one trophy. But if, for example,

				the skull and horns are the only specimens of an animal that are exported, then these items together should be recorded as one trophy. Otherwise the items should be recorded separately. A whole stuffed body is recorded under 'BOD'. A skin alone is recorded under 'SKI'. Trade in 'full mount', 'shoulder mount' and 'half mount', along with any corresponding parts of the same animal exported together on the same permit, should be reported as '1 TRO'
trunk	TRU	no.	kg	elephant trunk. NB: An elephant trunk exported with other trophy items from the same animal on the same permit as part of a hunting trophy should be reported as 'TRO'.
tusk	TUS	no.	kg	substantially whole tusks, whether or not worked. Includes tusks of elephant, hippopotamus, walrus, narwhal,

				but not other teeth
veneer sheets				
— rotary veneer	VEN	m^3	kg	thin layers or sheets of wood of uniform thickness, usually 6mm or less in thickness, usually peeled (rotary veneer) or sliced (sliced veneer), for use in making plywood, for veneering furniture, veneer containers, etc.
— sliced veneer	VEN	m^2	kg	
wax	WAX	kg		Wax
wood product	WPR	no.	kg	manufactured wood products, including finished wood products such as furniture and musical instruments.

Key to units of measure

Unit of measure	Unit code
grams	g
kilograms	kg
liters	l
cubic centimeters	cm^3
milliliters	ml
meters	m
square meters	m^2
cubic meters	m^3
number of specimens	no.

NB. If no unit of measure is specified, the unit will be assumed to be number (e.g. of live animals).

ANNEX VIII

Standard references for nomenclature to be used pursuant to Article 5(4) to indicate scientific names of species in permits and certificates

FAUNA

		Taxon concerned	**Taxonomic reference**
MAMMALIA			
		all MAMMALIA taxa — with the exception of the recognition of the following names for wild forms of species (in preference to names for domestic forms): *Bos gaurus*, *Bos mutus*, *Bubalus arnee, Equus africanus, Equus przewalskii*, and — with the exception of the taxa noted under the different Mammalia orders below	Wilson, D. E. & Reeder, D. M. (ed.) (2005): Mammal Species of the World. A Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. Third edition, Vol. 1-2, xxxv + 2142 pp. Baltimore (John Hopkins University Press).
ARTIODACTYLA	Camelidae	*Lama guanicoe*	Wilson, D. E. & Reeder, D. M. (1993): Mammal Species of the World: a Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. Second edition. xviii + 1207 pp., Washington

			(Smithsonian Institution Press).
CETACEA	Balaenopteridae	*Balaenoptera omurai*	Wada, S., Oishi, M. & Yamada, T. K. (2003): A newly discovered species of living baleen whales. - Nature, **426**: 278-281.
	Delphinidae	*Orcaella heinsohni*	Beasly, I., Robertson, K. M. & Arnold, P. W. (2005): Description of a new dolphin, the Australian Snubfin Dolphin, *Orcaella heinsohni* sp. n. (Cetacea, Delphinidae). -- Marine Mammal Science, **21**(3): 365-400.
	Delphinidae	*Sotalia fluviatilis* *Sotalia guianensis*	Caballero, S., Trujillo, F., Vianna, J. A., Barrios-Garrido, H., Montiel, M. G., Beltrán-Pedreros, S., Marmontel, M., Santos, M. C., Rossi-Santos, M. R. & Baker, C. S. (2007). Taxonomic status of the genus Sotalia: species level ranking for 'tucuxi' (Sotalia fluviatilis) and 'costero' (Sotalia guianensis) dolphins. - Marine Mammal Science, 23: 358-386.
	Delphinidae	*Sousa plumbea* *Sousa sahulensis*	Jefferson, T. A.& Rosenbaum, H. C. (2014): Taxonomic revision of the humpback dolphins (Sousa spp.), and description of a new species from Australia. - Marine Mammal

			Science, 30(4): 1494-1541.
	Delphinidae	*Tursiops australis*	Charlton-Robb, K., Gershwin, L.-A., Thompson, R., Austin, J., Owen, K. & McKechnie, S. (2011): A new dolphin species, the Burrunan Dolphin Tursiops australis sp. nov., endemic to southern Australian coastal waters. - PLoS ONE, 6 (9): e24047.
	Iniidae	*Inia araguaiaensis*	Hrbek, T., da Silva, V. M. F., Dutra, N., Gravena, W., Martin, A. R. & Farias, I. P. (2014): A new species of river dolphin from Brazil or: How little do we know our biodiversity. - PLoS ONE 83623: 1-12.
	Phocoenidae	*Neophocaena asiaeorientalis*	Jefferson, T. A. & Wang, J. Y. (2011): Revision of the taxonomy of finless porpoises (genus Neophocaena): The existence of two species. - Journal of Marine Animals and their Ecology, 4 (1): 3-16.
	Physeteridae	*Physeter macrocephalus*	Rice, D. W., (1998): Marine Mammals of the World: Systematics and Distribution — Society of Marine Mammalogy Special Publication Number 4, The Society for Marine Mammalogy, Lawrence, Kansas.

	Platanistidae	*Platanista gangetica*	Rice, D. W., (1998): Marine Mammals of the World: Systematics and Distribution — Society of Marine Mammalogy Special Publication Number 4, The Society for Marine Mammalogy, Lawrence, Kansas.
	Ziphiidae	*Mesoplodon hotaula*	Dalebout, M. L., Scott Baker, C., Steel, D., Thompson, K., Robertson, K. M., Chivers, S. J., Perrin, W. F., Goonatilake, M., Anderson, C. R., Mead, J. G., Potter, C. W., Thompson, L., Jupiter, D. and Yamada, T. K. (2014): Resurrection of Mesoplodon hotaula Deraniyagala 1963: A new species of beaked whale in the tropical Indo-Pacific. - Marine Mammal Science, 30 (3): 10811108.
PRIMATES	Atelidae	*Ateles geoffroyi*	Rylands, A. B., Groves, C. P., Mittermeier, R. A., Cortes-Ortiz, L. & Hines, J. J. (2006): Taxonomy and distributions of Mesoamerican primates. - In: A. Estrada, P. Garber, M. Pavelka and L. Luecke (eds), New Perspectives in the Study of Mesoamerican Primates: Distribution,Ecology, Behavior and Conservation,

			pp. 29-79. Springer, New York, USA.
	Aotidae	*Aotus jorgehernandezi*	Defler, T. R. & Bueno, M. L. (2007): Aotus diversity and the species problem. – Primate Conservation, 22: 55-70.
	Cebidae	*Callithrix manicorensis*	Garbino, T. & Siniciato, G. (2014): The taxonomic status of Mico marcai (Alperin 1993) and Mico manicorensis (van Roosmalen et al. 2000) (Cebidae, Callitrichinae) from Southwestern Brazilian Amazonia. - International Journal of Primatology, 35 (2): 529-546. (for Mico marcai lumped with Mico manicorensis treated as Callithrix manicorensis under CITES]
	Cebidae	*Cebus flavius*	Oliveira, M. M. de & Langguth, A. (2006): Rediscovery of Marcgrave's Capuchin Monkey and designation of a neotype for *Simia flava* Schreber, 1774 (Primates, Cebidae). - Boletim do Museu Nacional do Rio de Janeiro, N.S., Zoologia, **523**: 1-16.
	Cebidae	*Mico rondoni*	Ferrari, S. F., Sena, L., Schneider, M. P. C. & Júnior, J. S. S. (2010): Rondon's Marmoset, *Mico rondoni* sp. n., from southwestern Brazilian Amazonia. - International Journal

			of Primatology, **31**: 693-714.
	Cebidae	*Saguinus ursulus*	Gregorin, R. & de Vivo, M. (2013): Revalidation of *Saguinus ursula* Hoffmannsegg (Primates: Cebidae: Callitrichinae). - Zootaxa, **3721** (2): 172-182.
	Cebidae	*Saimiri collinsi*	Merces, M. P., Alfaro, J. W. L., Ferreira, W. A. S., Harada, M. L. & Júnior, J. S. S. (2015): Morphology and mitochondrial phylogenetics reveal that the Amazon River separates two eastern squirrel monkey species: *Saimiri sciureus* and *S. collinsi*. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, **82**: 426-435.
	Cercopithecidae	*Cercopithecus lomamiensis*	Hart, J.A., Detwiler, K.M., Gilbert, C.C., Burrell, A.S., Fuller, J.L., Emetshu, m., Hart, T.B., Vosper, A., Sargis, E.J. & Tosi, A.J. (2012): Lesula: A new species of *Cercopithecus* monkey endemic to the Democratic Republic of Congo and implications for conservation of Congo's Central Basin. - PLoS ONE, **7** (9): e44271.
	Cercopithecidae	*Macaca munzala*	Sinha, A., Datta, A., Madhusudan, M. D. & Mishra, C. (2005): *Macaca munzala*: A new

			species from western Arunachal Pradesh, northeastern India. - International Journal of Primatology,**26**(4): 977-989: doi: 10.1007/ s10764-005-5333-3.
	Cercopithecidae	*Rhinopithecus strykeri*	Geismann, T., Lwin, N., Aung, S. S., Aung, T. N., Aung, Z. M., Hla, T. H., Grindley, M. & Momberg, F. (2011): A new species of snub-nosed monkey, genus *Rhinopithecus* Milne-Edwards, 1872 (Primates, Colobinae), from Northern Kachin State, Northeastern Myanmar. - Amer. J. Primatology, **73**: 96-107.
	Cercopithecidae	*Rungwecebus kipunji*	Davenport, T. R. b., Stanley, W. t., Sargis, E. j., de Luca, D. w., Mpunga, N. E., Machaga, S. J. & Olson, L. E. (2006): A new genus of African monkey, *Rungwecebus*: Morphology, ecology, and molecular phylogenetics. - Science, **312**: 1378-1381.
	Cercopithecidae	*Trachypithecus villosus*	Brandon- Jones, d., Eudey, A. A., Geissmann, t., Groves, C. p., Melnick, D. j., Morales J. C., Shekelle, M. & Steward, C.-B. (2004): Asian primate classification. - International Journal of Primatology, **25**: 97-163.

	Cercopithecidae	*Cheirogaleus lavasoensis*	Thiele, d., Razafimahatratra, E. & Hapke, A. (2013): Discrepant partitioning of genetic diversity in mouse lemurs and dwarf lemurs — biological reality or taxonomic bias? - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, **69**: 593-609.
	Cercopithecidae	*Microcebus gerpi*	Radespiel, U., Ratsimbazafy, J. H., Rasoloharijaona, S., Raveloson, H., Andriaholinirina, N., Rakotondravony, R., Randrianarison, R. M. & Randrianambinina, B. (2012): First indications of a highland specialist among mouse lemurs (*Microcebus* spp.) and evidence for a new mouse lemur species from eastern Madagascar. - Primates, **53**: 157-170.
	Cercopithecidae	*Microcebus marohita Microcebus tanosi*	Rasoloarison, R. M., Weisrock, D. W., Yoder, A. D., Rakotondravony, D. & Kappeler, P. M. [2013]: Two new species of mouse lemurs (Cheirogaleidae: *Microcebus*) from Eastern Madagascar. - International Journal of Primatology, **34**: 455-469.
	Hylobatidae	*Nomascus annamensis*	Van Ngoc Thinh, Mootnick, A. R., Vu Ngoc Thanh, Nadler,

			T. & Roos, C. (2010): A new species of crested gibbon from the central Annamite mountain range. - Vietnamese Journal of Primatology, **4**: 1-12.
	Lorisidae	*Nycticebus kayan*	Munds, R.A., Nekaris, K.A.I. & Ford, S.M. (2013): Taxonomy of the bornean slow loris, with new species *Nycticebus kayan* (Primates, Lorisidae). - American Journal of Primatology, **75**: 46-56.
	Pitheciidae	*Cacajao melanocephalus Cacajao oukary*	Ferrari, S. F., Guedes, P. G., Figueiredo-Ready, W. M. B. & Barnett, A. A. (2014): Reconsidering the taxonomy of the Black-faced Uacaris, *Cacajao melanocephalus* group (Mammalia: Pitheciidae), from the northern Amazon Basin. - Zootaxa, **3866** (3): 353-370.
	Pitheciidae	*Callicebus aureipalatii*	Wallace, R. B., Gómez, H., Felton, A. & Felton, A. (2006): On a new species of titi monkey, genus *Callicebus* Thomas (Primates, Pitheciidae), from western Bolivia with preliminary notes on distribution and abundance. - Primate Conservation, **20**: 29-39.
	Pitheciidae	*Callicebus caquetensis*	Defler, T. R., Bueno, M. L. & García, J. (2010): *Callicebus caquetensis*: a

			new and Critically Endangered titi monkey from southern Caquetá, Colombia. - Primate Conservation, **25**: 1-9.
	Pitheciidae	*Callicebus vieira*	Gualda-Barros, J., Nascimento, F. O. & Amaral, M. K. (2012): A new species of *Callicebus* Thomas, 1903 (Primates, Pitheciidae) from the states of Mato Grosso and Pará, Brazil. - Papéis Avulsos de Zoologia (São Paulo), **52**: 261-279.
	Pitheciidae	*Callicebus miltoni*	Dalponte, J. C., Silva, F. E. & Silva Júnior, J. S. (2014): New species of titi monkey, genus *Callicebus* Thomas, 1903 (Primates, Pitheciidae), from Southern Amazonia, Brazil. - Papéis Avulsos de Zoologia, São Paulo, **54**: 457-472.
	Pitheciidae	*Pithecia cazuzai* *Pithecia chrysocephala* *Pithecia hirsuta* *Pithecia inusta* *Pithecia isabela* *Pithecia milleri* *Pithecia mittermeieri* *Pithecia napensis* *Pithecia pissinattii* *Pithecia rylandsi* *Pithecia vanzolinii*	Marsh, L.K. (2014): A taxonomic revision of the saki monkeys, *Pithecia* Desmarest, 1804. - Neotropical Primates, **21**: 1-163.
	Tarsiidae	*Tarsius lariang*	Merker, S. & Groves, C.P. (2006): *Tarsius lariang*: A new primate species from Western Central Sulawesi. - International Journal

			of Primatology, **27**(2): 465-485.
	Tarsiidae	*Tarsius tumpara*	Shekelle, m., Groves, C., Merker, S. & Supriatna, J. (2010): *Tarsius tumpara*: A new tarsier species from Siau Island, North Sulawesi. - Primate Conservation, **23**: 55-64.
PROBOSCIDEA	Elephantidae	*Loxodonta africana*	Wilson, D. E. & Reeder, D. m. (1993): Mammal Species of the World: a Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. Second edition. xviii + 1207 pp., Washington (Smithsonian Institution Press).
SCANDENTIA	Tupaiidae	*Tupaia everetti*	Roberts, T. E., Lanier, H. C., Sargis, E. J. & Olson, L. E. (2011): Molecular phylogeny of treeshrews (Mammalia: Scandentia) and the timescale of diversification in Southeast Asia. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, **60** (3): 358-372.
	Tupaiidae	*Tupaia palawanensis*	Sargis, E. J., Campbell, K. K. & Olson, L. E.(2014): Taxonomic boundaries and craniometric variation in the treeshrews (Scandentia, Tupaiidae) from the Palawan faunal region. - Journal of Mammalian Evolution, **21** (1): 111-123.

AVES			
APODIFORMES		order- and family-level names for birds	Morony, J. J., Bock, W. J. & Farrand, J., Jr. (1975): Reference List of the Birds of the World. American Museum of Natural History. 207 pp.
		all bird species — with the exception of the taxa mentioned below	Dickinson, E.C. (ed.) (2003): The Howard and Moore Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World. Revised and enlarged 3rd Edition. 1039 pp. London (Christopher Helm). in combination with Dickinson, E.C. (2005): Corrigenda 4 (02.06.2005) to Howard & Moore Edition 3 (2003). http://www.naturalis.nl/sites/naturalis.en/contents/i000764/corrigenda%204_final.pdf (available on the CITES website)
	Trochilidae	*Chlorostilbon lucidus*	Pacheco, J. F. & Whitney, B. M. (2006): Mandatory changes to the scientific names of three Neotropical birds. - Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, **126**: 242-244.
	Trochilidae	*Eriocnemis isabellae*	Cortés-Diago, A., Ortega, L. A., Mazariegos-Hurtado, L. & Weller, A.-A. (2007): A new species of *Eriocnemis* (Trochilidae) from southwest Colombia. - Ornitologia Neotropical, **18**:161-170.

	Trochilidae	*Phaethornis aethopyga*	Piacentini, V. Q., Aleixo, A. & Silveira, L. F. (2009): Hybrid, subspecies or species? The validity and taxonomic status of *Phaethornis longuemareus aethopyga* Zimmer, 1950 (Trochilidae). - Auk, **126**: 604-612.
FALCONIFORMES	Accipitridae	*Aquila hastata*	Parry, S. J., Clark, W. S. & Prakash, V. (2002) On the taxonomic status of the Indian Spotted Eagle *Aquila hastata*. - Ibis, **144**: 665-675.
	Accipitridae	*Buteo socotraensis*	Porter, R. F. & Kirwan, G. M. (2010): Studies of Socotran birds VI. The taxonomic status of the Socotra Buzzard. - Bulletin of the British Ornithologists' Club, **130** (2): 116-131.
	Falconidae	*Micrastur mintoni*	Whittaker, A. (2002): A new species of forest-falcon (Falconidae: *Micrastur*) from southeastern Amazonia and the Atlantic rainforests of Brazil. - Wilson Bulletin, **114**: 421-445.
PASSERIFORMES	Muscicapidae	*Garrulax taewanus*	Collar, N. J. (2006): A partial revision of the Asian babblers (Timaliidae). - Forktail, **22**: 85-112.
PSITTACIFORMES	Cacatuidae	*Cacatua goffiniana*	Roselaar, C. S. & Michels, J. P. (2004): Nomenclatural chaos untangled, resulting in the naming of the

			formally undescribed *Cacatua* species from the Tanimbar Islands, Indonesia (Psittaciformes: Cacatuidae). -- Zoologische Verhandelingen, **350**: 183-196.
	Loriidae	*Trichoglossus haematodus*	Collar, N. J. (1997) Family Psittacidae (Parrots). In del Hoyo, J., Elliot, A. and Sargatal, J. (eds.), Handbook of the Birds of the World, **4** (Sandgrouse to Cuckoos): 280-477. Barcelona (Lynx Edicions).
	Psittacidae	*Aratinga maculata*	Nemesio, A. & Rasmussen, C. (2009): The rediscovery of Buffon's 'Guarouba' or 'Perriche jaune': two senior synonyms of *Aratinga pintoi* Silveira, Lima & Höfling, 2005 (Aves: Psittaciformes). - Zootaxa, 2013: 1-16.
	Psittacidae	*Forpus modestus*	Pacheco, J. F. & Whitney, B. M. (2006): Mandatory changes to the scientific names of three Neotropical birds. - Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, 126: 242-244.
	Psittacidae	*Pionopsitta aurantiocephala*	Gaban-Lima, R., Raposo, M. A. & Höfling, E. (2002): Description of a new species of *Pionopsitta* (Aves: Psittacidae) endemic to Brazil. - Auk, 119: 815-819.

	Psittacidae	*Poicephalus robustus Poicephalus fuscicollis*	Coetzer, W.G., Downs, C.T., Perrin, M.R. & Willows-Munro, S. (2015): Molecular Systematics of the Cape Parrot (*Poicephalus robustus*). Implications for Taxonomy and Conservation. - PLoS ONE, 10(8):e0133376. doi: 10.1371/ journal.pone.0133376.
	Psittacidae	*Psittacula intermedia*	Collar, N. J. (1997) Family Psittacidae (Parrots). In del Hoyo, J., Elliot, A. and Sargatal, J. (eds.), Handbook of the Birds of the World, 4 (Sandgrouse to Cuckoos): 280-477. Barcelona (Lynx Edicions).
	Psittacidae	*Pyrrhura griseipectus*	Olmos, F., Silva, W. A. G. & Albano, C. (2005: Grey-breasted Conure *Pyrrhura griseipectus*, an overlooked endangered species. - Cotinga, 24: 77-83.
	Psittacidae	*Pyrrhura parvifrons*	Arndt, T. (2008): Anmerkungen zu einigen *Pyrrhura*-Formen mit der Beschreibung einer neuen Art und zweier neuer Unterarten. - Papageien, 8: 278-286.
STRIGIFORMES	Strigidae	*Glaucidium mooreorum*	Da Silva, J. M. C., Coelho, G. & Gonzaga, P. (2002): Discovered on the brink of extinction: a new

			species of pygmy owl (Strigidae: *Glaucidium*) from Atlantic forest of northeastern Brazil. - Ararajuba, 10(2): 123-130.
	Strigidae	*Ninox burhani*	Indrawan, M. & Somadikarta, S. (2004): A new hawk-owl from the Togian Islands, Gulf of Tomini, central Sulawesi, Indonesia. - Bulletin of the British Ornithologists' Club, 124: 160-171.
	Strigidae	*Otus thilohoffmanni*	Warakagoda, D. H. & Rasmussen, P. C. (2004): A new species of scops-owl from Sri Lanka. - Bulletin of the British Ornithologists' Club, 124(2): 85-105.
REPTILIA			
CROCODYLIA & RHYNCHOCEPHALIA		Crocodylia & Rhynchocephalia except for the taxa listed below	Wermuth, H. & Mertens, R. (1996) (reprint): Schildkröte, Krokodile, Brückenechsen. xvii + 506 pp. Jena (Gustav Fischer Verlag).
	Crocodylidae	*Crocodylus johnstoni*	Tucker, A. D. (2010): The correct name to be applied to the Australian freshwater crocodile, *Crocodylus johnstoni* [Krefft, 1873]. - Australian Zoologist, 35(2): 432-434.
	Sphenodontidae	*Sphenodon* spp.	Hay, J. M., Sarre, S. D., Lambert, D. m., Allendorf, F. W. & Daugherty, C. H. (2010): Genetic diversity and taxonomy: a

			reassessment of species designation in tuatara (*Sphenodon*: Reptilia). - Conservation Genetics, 11 (93): 1063-1081.
SAURIA		for delimitation of families within the Sauria	Pough, F. H., Andrews, R. M., Cadle, J. E., Crump, M. L., Savitzky, A. H. & Wells, K. D. (1998): Herpetology. Upper Saddle River/ New Jersey (Prentice Hall).
	Agamidae	*Saara* spp. *Uromastyx* spp.	Wilms, T. M., Böhme, W., Wagner, P., Lutzmann, N. & Schmitz, A. (2009): On the phylogeny and taxonomy of the genus *Uromastyx* Merrem, 1820 (Reptilia: Squamata: Agamidae: Uromastycinae) - resurrection of the genus *Saara* Gray, 1845. - Bonner zool. Beiträge, 56(1-2): 55-99.
	Chamaeleonidae	*Chamaleonidae* spp.	Glaw, F. (2015): Taxonomic checklist of chamaeleons (Squamata: Chamaeleonidae). -- Vertebrate Zoology, 65(2): 167-246. (http:// www.senckenberg.de/ files/content/ forschung/ publikationen/ vertebratezoology/ vz65-2/01_vertebrate_zoology_65-2_glaw_
	Cordylidae	*Cordylidae* spp. except the taxon mentioned below	Stanley, E. L., Bauer, A. M., Jackman, T. R., Branch, W. R. & P. le F. N. (2011): Between a rock and

			a hard polytomy: rapid radiation in the rupicolous girdled lizards (Squamata: Cordylidae). - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, **58**(1): 53-70.
	Cordylidae	*Cordylus marunguensis*	Greenbaum, E., Stanley, E. L., Kusamba, C., Moninga, W. m., Goldberg, S. R. & Cha (2012): A new species of *Cordylus* (Squamata: Cordylidae) from the Marungu Plateau of south-eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo. - African Journal of Herpetology, 61 (1): 14-39.
	Gekkonidae	*Dactylonemis* spp. *Hoplodactylus* spp. *Mokopirirakau* spp.	Nielsen, S. V., Bauer, A. M., Jackman, T. R., Hitchmough, R. A. & Daugherty, C. H. (2011): New Zealand geckos (Diplodactylidae): Cryptic diversity in a post-Gondwanan lineage with trans-Tasman affinities. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, **59** (1): 1-22.
	Gekkonidae	*Nactus serpensinsula*	Kluge, A.G. (1983): Cladistic relationships among gekkonid lizards. - Copeia, **1983**(no. 2): 465-475.
	Gekkonidae	*Naultinus spp.*	Nielsen, S. V., Bauer, A. M., Jackman, T. R., Hitchmough, R. A. & Daugherty, C. H. (2011): New

			Zealand geckos (Diplodactylidae): Cryptic diversity in a post-Gondwanan lineage with trans-Tasman affinities. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 59 (1): 1-22.
	Gekkonidae	*Phelsuma* spp. *Rhoptropella* spp.	Glaw, F. & Rösler, H. (2015): Taxonomic checklist of the day geckos of the genera *Phelsuma* Gray, 1825 and *Rhoptropella* Hewitt, 1937 (Squamata: Gekkonidae). - Vertebrate Zoology, 65(2): 167-246) (http://www.senckenberg.de/files/content/forschung/publikationen/vertebratezoology/vz65-2/02_vertebrate_zoology_65-2_glaw-roesler_247-283.pdf)
	Gekkonidae	*Toropuku* spp. *Tukutuku* spp. *Woodworthia* spp.	Nielsen, S. V., Bauer, A. M., Jackman, T. R., Hitchmough, R. A. & Daugherty, C. H. (2011): New Zealand geckos (Diplodactylidae): Cryptic diversity in a post-Gondwanan lineage with trans-Tasman affinities. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 59 (1): 1-22.
	Gekkonidae	*Uroplatus* spp. except for the taxa mentioned below	Raxworthy, C.J. (2003): Introduction to the reptiles. - In: Goodman, S.M. & Bernstead, J.P. (eds.), The natural history

			of Madagascar: 934-949. Chicago.
	Gekkonidae	*Uroplatus finiavana*	Ratsoavina, F.M., Louis jr., E.E., Crottini, A., Randrianiaina, R.-D., Glaw, F. & Vences, M. (2011): A new leaf tailed gecko species from northern Madagascar with a preliminary assessment of molecular and morphological variability in the *Uroplatus ebenaui* group. - Zootaxa, 3022: 39-57.
	Gekkonidae	*Uroplatus giganteus*	Glaw, F., Kosuch, J., Henkel, W. F., Sound, P. and Böhme, W. (2006): Genetic and morphological variation of the leaf-tailed gecko *Uroplatus fimbriatus* from Madagascar, with description of a new giant species. - Salamandra, 42: 129-144.
	Gekkonidae	*Uroplatus pietschmanni*	Böhle, A. & Schönecker, P. (2003): Eine neue Art der Gattung *Uroplatus* Duméril, 1805 aus OstMadagaskar (Reptilia: Squamata: Gekkonidae). - Salamandra, 39(3/4): 129-138.
	Gekkonidae	*Uroplatus sameiti*	Raxworthy, C.J., Pearson, R.G., Zimkus, B.M., Reddy, S., Deo, A.J., Nussbaum, R.A. & Ingram, C.M. (2008): Continental speciation in the

			tropics: contrasting biogeographic patterns of divergence in the *Uroplatus* leaf-tailed gecko radiation of Madagascar. - Journal of Zoology, 275: 423-440.
	Iguanidae	*Iguanidae* spp. except for the taxa mentioned below	Hollingsworth, B. D. (2004): The Evolution of Iguanas: An Overview of Relationships and a Checklist of Species. pp. 19-44. In: Alberts, A. C., Carter, R. L., Hayes, W. K. & Martins, E. P. (Eds), Iguanas: Biology and Conservation. Berkeley (University of California Press).
	Iguanidae	*Brachylophus bulabula*	Keogh, J. S., Edwards, D. L., Fisher, R. N. & Harlow, P. S. (2008): Molecular and morphological analysis of the critically endangered Fijian iguanas reveals cryptic diversity and a complex biogeographic history. - Phil. Trans. R. Soc. B, 363(1508): 3413-3426.
	Iguanidae	*Conolophus marthae*	Gentile, G. & Snell, H. (2009): *Conolophus marthae* sp. nov. (Squamata, Iguanidae), a new species of land iguana from the Galápagos archipelago. - Zootaxa, 2201: 1-10.
	Iguanidae	*Cyclura lewisi*	Burton, F. J. (2004): Revision to Species *Cvclura nubila lewisi*, the Grand

			Cayman Blue Iguana - Caribbean Journal of Science, 40(2): 198-203.
	Iguanidae	*Phrynosoma blainvillii* *Phrynosoma cerroense* *Phrynosoma wigginsi*	Montanucci, R.R. (2004): Geographic variation in *Phrynosoma coronatum* (Lacertilia, Phrynosomatidae): further evidence for a peninsular archipelago. - Herpetologica, 60: 117.
	Teiidae	*Teiidae* spp.	Harvey, M. B., Ugueto, G. N. & Gutberlet, R. L. Jr. (2012): Review of teiid morphology with a revised taxonomy and phylogeny of the Teiidae (Lepidosauria: Squamata). - Zootaxa, 3459: 1-156.
	Varanidae	*Varanidae* spp. except for the taxa mentioned below	Böhme, W. (2003): Checklist of the living monitor lizards of the world (family Varanidae) - Zoologische Verhandelingen. Leiden, 341: 1-43. in combination with Koch, A., Auliya, M. & Ziegler, T. (2010): Updated Checklist of the living monitor lizards of the world (Squamata: Varanidae). - Bonn zool. Bull., 57(2): 127-136.
	Varanidae	*Varanus bangonorum* *Varanus dalubhasa*	Welton, L. J., Travers, S. L., Siler, C. D. & Brown, R. M. (2014):

			Integrative taxonomy and phylogeny-based species delimitation of Philippine water monitor lizards (*Varanus salvator* complex) with descriptions of two new cryptic species. - Zootaxa, 3881 (3): 201-227.
	Varanidae	*Varanus hamersleyensis*	Maryan, B., Oliver, P. M., Fitch, A. J. & O'Connell, M. (2014): Molecular and morphological assessment of *Varanus pilbarensis* (Squamata: Varanidae), with a description of a new species from the southern Pilbara, Western Australia. - Zootaxa, 3768 (2): 139-158.
	Varanidae	*Varanus nesterovi*	Böhme, W., Ehrlich, K., Milto, K. D., Orlov, N. & Scholz, S. (2015): A new species of desert monitor lizard (Varanidae: *Varanus*: *Psammosaurus*) from the western Zagros region (Iraq, Iran). - Russian Journal of Herpetology, 22 (1): 41-52.
	Varanidae	*Varanus samarensis*	Koch, A., Gaulke, M. & Böhme, W. (2010): Unravelling the underestimated diversity of Philippine water monitor lizards (Squamata: *Varanus salvator* complex), with the description of two new species and a

			new subspecies. - Zootaxa, 2446: 1-54.
	Varanidae	*Varanus sparnus*	Doughty, P., Kealley, L., Fitch, A. & Donnellan, S. C. (2014): A new diminutive species of *Varanus* from the Dampier Peninsula, western Kimberley region, Western Australia. - Records of the Western Australian Museum, 29: 128-140.
SERPENTES		*Loxocemidae* spp. *Pythonidae* spp. *Boidae* spp. *Bolyeriidae* spp. *Tropidophiidae* spp. *Viperidae* spp. except for the retention of the genera *Acrantophis*, *Sanzinia*, *Calabaria*, *Lichanura*, the recognition of *Epicrates maurus* as valid species and except for the species mentioned below	McDiarmid, R. W., Campbell, J. A. & Touré, T. A. (1999): Snake Species of the World. A Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. Volume 1, Washington, DC. (The Herpetologists' League).
	Boidae	*Candoia paulsoni* *Candoia superciliosa*	Smith, H. M., Chiszar, d., Tepedelen, K. & van Breukelen, F. (2001): A revision of the bevelnosed boas (*Candoia carinata* complex) (Reptilia: Serpentes). - Hamadryad, 26(2): 283-315.
	Boidae	*Corallus batesii*	Henderson, R. W., Passos, P. & Feitosa, D. (2009); Geographic variation in the Emerald Treeboa, *Corallus caninus* (Squamata:

			Boidae). - Copeia, 2009 (3): 572-582.
	Boidae	*Epicrates crassus* *Epicrates assisi* *Epicrates alvarezi*	Passos, P. & Fernandes, R. (2008): Revision of the *Epicrates cenchria* complex (Serpentes: Boidae). - Herpetol. Monographs, 22: 1-30.
	Boidae	*Eryx borrii*	Lanza, B. & Nistri, A. (2005): Somali Boidae (genus *Eryx* Daudin 1803) and Pythonidae (genus *Python* Daudin 1803) (Reptilia Serpentes). - Tropical Zoology, 18(1): 67-136.
	Boidae	*Eunectes beniensis*	Dirksen, L. (2002): Anakondas. NTV Wissenschaft.
	Colubridae	*Xenochrophis piscator* *Xenochrophis schnurrenbergeri* *Xenochrophis tytleri*	Vogel, G. & David, P. (2012): A revision of the species group of *Xenochrophis piscator* (Schneider, 1799) (Squamata: Natricidae). - Zootaxa, 3473: 1-60.
	Elapidae	*Micrurus ruatanus*	McCranie, J. R. (2015): A checklist of the amphibians and reptiles of Honduras, with additions, comments on taxonomy, some recent taxonomic decisions, and areas of further studies needed. - Zootaxa, 3931 (3): 352-386.
	Elapidae	*Naja atra* *Naja kaouthia*	Wüster, W. (1996): Taxonomic change and toxinology: systematic revisions of the Asiatic cobras (*Naja naja* species

			complex) - Toxicon, 34: 339-406.
	Elapidae	*Naja mandalayensis*	Slowinski, J. B. & Wüster, W. (2000.): A new cobra (Elapidae: *Naia*) from Myanmar (Burma) - Herpetologica, 56: 257-270.
	Elapidae	*Naja oxiana* *Naja philippinensis* *Naja sagittifera* *Naja samarensis* *Naja siamensis* *Naja sputatrix* *Naja sumatrana*	Wüster, W. (1996): Taxonomic change and toxinology: systematic revisions of the Asiatic cobras (*Naja naja* species complex) - Toxicon, 34: 339-406.
	Pythonidae	*Leiopython bennettorum* *Leiopython biakensis* *Leiopython fredparkeri* *Leiopython huonensis* *Leiopython hoserae*	Schleip, W. D. (2008): Revision of the genus *Leiopython* Hubrecht 1879 (Serpentes: Pythonidae) with the redescription of taxa recently described by Hoser (2000) and the description of new species. - Journal of Herpetology, 42(4): 645-667.
	Pythonidae	*Morelia clastolepis* *Morelia kinghorni* *Morelia nauta* *Morelia tracyae*	Harvey, M. B., Barker, D. B., Ammerman, L. K. & Chippindale, P. T. (2000): Systematics of pythons of the *Morelia amethistina* complex (Serpentes: Boidae) with the description of three new species - Herpetological Monographs, l4: 139-185.
	Pythonidae	*Python bivittatus*	Jacobs, H. J., Auliya, M. & Böhme, W. (2009): Zur Taxonomie des Dunklen Tigerpythons, *Python*

			molurus bivittatus KUHL, 1820, speziell der Population von Sulawesi. - Sauria, 31: 5-16.
	Pythonidae	*Python breitensteini* *Python brongersmai*	Keogh, J. S., Barker, D. G. & Shine, R. 2001.Heavily exploited but poorly known: systematics and biogeography of commercially harvested pythons (*Python curtus* group) in Southeast Asia — Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 73: 113-129.
	Pythonidae	*Python kyaiktiyo*	Zug, G.R., Grotte, S. W. & Jacobs, J. F. (2011): Pythons in Burma: Short-tailed python (Reptilia: Squamata). - Proc. biol. Soc. Washington, 124(2): 112-136.
	Pythonidae	*Python natalensis*	Broadley, D. G. (1999): The southern African python, *Python natalensis* A. Smith 1840, is a valid species. - African Herp News, 29: 31-32.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis* spp. except for the taxa mentioned below	Hedges, S.B. (2002): Morphological variation and the definition of species in the snake genus *Tropidophis* (Serpentes, Tropidophiidae). - Bulletin of the Natural History Museum, London (Zoology), 68 (2): 83-90.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis celiae*	Hedges, B. S., Estrada, A. R.

			& Diaz, L. M. (1999): New snake (*Tropidophis*) from western Cuba - Copeia, 1999(2): 376-381.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis grapiuna*	Curcio, F. F., Sales Nunes, P. M., Suzart Argolo, A. J., Skuk, G. & Rodrigues, M. T. (2012): Taxonomy of the South American dwarf boas of the genus *Tropidophis* Bibron, 1840, with the description of two new species from the Atlantic forest (Serpentes: Tropidophiidae). - Herpetological Monographs, 26 (1): 80-121.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis hendersoni*	Hedges, B. S. & Garrido, O. (2002): A new snake of the genus *Tropidophis* (Tropidophiidae) from Eastern Cuba - Journal of Herpetology, 36:157-161.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis morenoi*	Hedges, B. S., Garrido, O. & Diaz, L. M. (2001): A new banded snake of the genus *Tropidophis* (Tropidophiidae) from north-central Cuba - Journal of Herpetology,35: 615-617.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis preciosus*	Curcio, F. F., Sales Nunes, P. M., Suzart Argolo, A. J., Skuk, G. & Rodrigues, M. T. (2012): Taxonomy of the South American dwarf boas of the

			genus *Tropidophis* Bibron, 1840, with the description of two new species from the Atlantic forest (Serpentes: Tropidophiidae). - Herpetological Monographs, 26 (1): 80-121.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis spiritus*	Hedges, B. S. & Garrido, O. (1999): A new snake of the genus *Tropidophis* (Tropidophiidae) from central Cuba - Journal of Herpetology, 33: 436-441.
	Tropidophiidae	*Tropidophis xanthogaster*	Domínguez, M., Moreno, L. V. & Hedges, S. B. (2006): A new snake of the genus *Tropidophis* (Tropidophiidae) from the Guanahacabibes Peninsula of Western Cuba. - Amphibia-Reptilia, 27(3): 427-432.
TESTUDINES		Testudines order names	Wermuth, H. & Mertens, R. (1996) (reprint): Schildkröte, Krokodile, Brückenechsen. xvii + 506 pp. Jena (Gustav Fischer Verlag).
		species and family names — with the exception of the retention of the following names *Mauremys iversoni, Mauremys pritchardi, Ocadia glyphistoma, Ocadia philippeni, Sacalia pseudocellata,* and	Fritz, U. & Havaš, P. (2007): Checklist of Chelonians of the World. - Vertebrate Zoology, 57(2): 149-368. Dresden. ISSN 1864-5755 [without its appendix]

		except for the taxa mentioned below	
	Emydidae	*Graptemys pearlensis*	Ennen, J. R., Lovich, J. E., Kreiser, B. R., Selman, W. & Qualls, C. P. (2010): Genetic and morphological variation between populations of the Pascagoula Map Turtle (*Graptemys gibbonsi*) in the Pearl and Pascagoula Rivers with description of a new species. - Chelonian Conservation and Biology, 9(1): 98-113.
	Geoemydidae	*Batagur affinis*	Praschag, P., Sommer, R. S., McCarthy, C., Gemel, R. & Fritz, U. (2008): Naming one of the world's rarest chelonians, the southern Batagur. - Zootaxa, 1758: 61-68.
	Geoemydidae	*Batagur borneoensis, Batagur dhongoka, Batagur kachuga, Batagur trivittata*	Praschag, P., Hundsdörfer, A. K. & Fritz, U. (2007): Phylogeny and taxonomy of endangered South and South-east Asian freshwater turtles elucidates by mtDNA sequence variation (Testudines: Geoemydidae: *Batagur*, *Callagur, Hardella, Kachuga, Pangshura*). - Zoologica Scripta, 36: 429-442.
	Geoemydidae	*Cuora bourreti Cuora picturata*	Spinks, P.Q., Thomson, R.C., Zhang, Y.P., Che, J., Wu, Y. & Shaffer, H.B. (2012): Species boundaries

			and phylogenetic relationships in the critically endangered Asian box turtle genus *Cuora*. - Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 63: 656-667. doi:10.1016/ j.ympev.2012.02.014.
	Geoemydidae	*Cyclemys enigmatica, Cyclemys fusca Cyclemys gemeli Cyclemys oldhamii*	Fritz, U., Guicking, D., Auer, M., Sommer, R. s., Wink, M. & Hundsdörfer, A. K. (2008): Diversity of the Southeast Asian leaf turtle genus *Cyclemys*: how many leaves on its tree of life? - Zoologica Scripta, 37: 367-390.
	Geoemydidae	*Mauremys reevesii*	Barth, D., Bernhard, D., Fritzsch, G. & U. Fritz (2004): The freshwater turtle genus *Mauremys* (Testudines, Geoemydidae) - a textbook example of an east-west disjunction or a taxonomic misconcept? - Zoologica Scripta, 33: 213-221.
	Testudinidae	*Centrochelys sulcata*	Turtle Taxonomy Working Group [van Dijk, P. P., Iverson, J. B., Rhodin, A. G. J., Shaffer, H. B. & Bour, R.] (2014): Turtles of the world, 7th edition: Annotated checklist of taxonomy, synonymy, distribution with maps, and conservation status. 000. v7. -

			Chelonian Research Monographs, 5 doi: 10.3854/ crm.5.000.checklist.v7.2014.
	Testudinidae	*Chelonoidis carbonarius* *Chelonoidis denticulatus* *Chelonoidis niger*	Olson, S.L. & David, N. (2014): The gender of the tortoise genus *Chelonoidis* Fitzinger, 1835 (Testudines: Testudinidae). - Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington, 126(4): 393-394.
	Testudinidae	*Gopherus morafkai*	Murphy, R. W., Berry, K. H., Edwards, T., Levitón, A. E., Lathrop, A. & Riedle, J. D. (2011): The dazed and confused identity of Agassiz's land tortoise, *Gopherus agassizii* (Testudines, Testudinidae) with the description of a new species, and its consequences for conservation. - Zookeys, 113: 39-71.
	Testudinidae	*Homopus solus*	Branch, W. R. (2007): A new species of tortoise of the genus *Homopus* (Chelonia: Testudinidae) from southern Namibia. - African Journal of Herpetology, 56(1): 1-21.
	Testudinidae	*Kinixys nogueyi* *Kinixys zombensis*	Kindler, C., Branch, W. R., Hofmeyr, M. D., Maran, J., Široký, P., Vences, M., Harvey, J., Hauswaldt, J. S., Schleicher, A., Stuckas, H. & Fritz, U. (2012): Molecular phylogeny

			of African hinge-back tortoises (*Kinixys*): implications for phylogeography and taxonomy (Testudines: Testudinidae). - Journal of Zoological Systematics and Evolutionary Research, 50: 192-201.
	Trionychidae	*Lissemys ceylonensis*	Praschag, P., Stuckas, H., Päckert, M., Maran, J. & Fritz, U. (2011): Mitochondrial DNA sequences suggest a revised taxonomy of Asian flapshell turtles (*Lissemys* Smith, 1931) and the validity of previously unrecognized taxa (Testudines: Trionychidae). - Vertebrate Zoology, 61(1): 147-160.
	Trionychidae	*Nilssonia gangeticus* *Nilssonia hurum* *Nilssonia nigricans*	Praschag, P., Hundsdörfer, A.K., Reza, A.H.M.A. & Fritz, U. (2007): Genetic evidence for wildliving *Aspideretes nigricans* and a molecular phylogeny of South Asian softshell turtles (Reptilia: Trionychidae: *Aspideretes*, *Nilssonia*). - Zoologica Scripta, 36:301-310.
AMPHIBIA			
		Amphibia spp.	Taxonomic Checklist of Amphibian Species listed in the CITES Appendices and the Annexes of EC Regulation (EC) No 338/97.

			Species information extracted from Frost, D. R. (ed.) (2015), Amphibian Species of the World: a taxonomic and geographic reference, an online reference (http://research.amnh.org/herpetology/amphibia/index.html) Version 6.0 as of May 2015 with additional comments by the Nomenclature Specialist of the CITES Animals Committee.
ELASMOBRANCHII, ACTINOPTERI, COELACANTHI AND DIPNEUSTI			
		All fish species, except the genus *Hippocampus*	Taxonomic Checklist of Fish species listed in the CITES Appendices and the Annexes of EC Regulation 338/97 (Elasmobranchii, Actinopteri, Coelacanthi, and Dipneusti, except the genus *Hippocampus*). Information extracted from Eschmeyer, W.N. & Fricke, R. (eds.): Catalog of Fishes, an online reference (http://researcharchive.calacademy.org/research/Ichthyology/catalog/fishcatmain.asp), version update from 3 February 2015.
SYNGNATHIFORMES	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus* spp.	Horne, M. L. (2001): A new seahorse species (Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*) from the Great Barrier Reef - Records of the Australian Museum, 53: 243-246.

			Kuiter, R. H. (2001): Revision of the Australian seahorses of the genus *Hippocampus* (Syngnathiformes: Syngnathidae) with a description of nine new species - Records of the Australian Museum, 53: 293-340. Kuiter, R. H. (2003): A new pygmy seahorse (Pisces: Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*) from Lord Howe Island - Records of the Australian Museum, 55: 113-116. Lourie, S. A. & Randall, J. E. (2003): A new pygmy seahorse, *Hippocampus denise* (Teleostei: Syngnathidae), from the Indo-Pacific — Zoological Studies, 42: 284-291. Lourie, S. A., Vincent, A. C. J. & Hall, H. J. (1999): Seahorses. An identification guide to the world's species and their conservation. Project Seahorse (ISBN 0 9534693 0 1) (Second edition available on CD-ROM).
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus dahli*	Kuiter, R. H. (2001): Revision of the Australian seahorses of the genus *Hippocampus* (Syngnathiformes: Syngnathidae) with a description of nine new species

			- Records of the Australian Museum, 53: 293-340.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus debelius*	Gomon, M. F. & Kuiter, R. H. (2009): Two new pygmy seahorses (Teleostei: Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*) from the Indo-West Pacific. - Aqua, Int. J. of Ichthyology, 15(1): 37-44.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus paradoxus*	Foster, R. & Gomon, M. F. (2010): A new seahorse (Teleostei: Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*) from south-western Australia. - Zootaxa, 2613: 61-68.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus patagonicus*	Piacentino, G. L. M. and Luzzatto, D. C. (2004): *Hippocampus patagonicus* sp. nov., new seahorse from Argentina (Pisces, Syngnathiformes). - Revista del Museo Argentino de Ciencias Naturales, 6(2): 339-349.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus planifrons*	Kuiter, R. H. (2001): Revision of the Australian seahorses of the genus *Hippocampus* (Syngnathiformes: Syngnathidae) with a description of nine new species - Records of the Australian Museum, 53: 293-340.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus pontohi*	Lourie, S. A. & Kuiter, R. H. (2008): Three new pygmy seahorse species from Indonesia (Teleostei: Syngnathidae:

			Hippocampus). - Zootaxa, 1963: 54-68.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus satomiae* *Hippocampus severnsi*	Lourie, S. A. & Kuiter, R. H. (2008): Three new pygmy seahorse species from Indonesia (Teleostei: Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*). - Zootaxa, 1963: 54-68.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus tyro*	Randall, J. & Lourie, S. A. (2009): *Hippocampus tyro*, a new seahorse (Gasterosteiformes: Syngnathidae) from the Seychelles. - Smithiana Bulletin, 10: 19-21.
	Syngnathidae	*Hippocampus waleanus*	Gomon, M. F. & Kuiter, R. H. (2009): Two new pygmy seahorses (Teleostei: Syngnathidae: *Hippocampus*) from the Indo-West Pacific. -- Aqua, Int. J. of Ichthyology, 15(1): 37-44.
ARACHNIDA			
ARANEAE	Theraphosidae	*Aphonopelma albiceps* *Aphonopelma pallidum* *Brachypelma* spp. except for the taxa mentioned below	Taxonomic Checklist of CITES listed Spider Species, information extracted from Platnick, N. (2006), The World Spider Catalog, an online reference, Version 6.5 as of 7 April 2006.
	Theraphosidae	*Brachypelma ruhnaui* lumped with *Brachypelma albiceps* treated as *Aphonopelma albiceps* under CITES	Platnick, N. I. (2014): The World Spider Catalogue, V15. http://platnick.sklipkani.cz/html/

	Theraphosidae	*Brachypelma kahlenbergi*	Rudloff, J.-P. (2008): Eine neue *Brachypelma*-Art aus Mexiko (Araneae: Mygalomorphae: Theraphosidae: Theraphosinae). - Arthropoda, 16(2): 26-30.
SCORPIONES	Scorpionidae	*Pandinus* spp. except for the taxon mentioned below	Lourenco, W. R. & Cloudsley-Thompson, J. C. (1996): Recognition and distribution of the scorpions of the genus *Pandinus* Thorell, 1876 accorded protection by the Washington Convention - Biogeographica, 72(3): 133-143.
		Pandinus roeseli	Lourenco, W. R. (2014): Further considerations on the identity and distribution of *Pandinus imperator* (C. L. Koch, 1841) and description of a new species from Cameroon (Scorpiones: Scorpionidae). - Entomologische Mitteilungen aus dem Zoologischen Museum Hamburg, 17(192): 139-151.
INSECTA			
COLEOPTERA	Lucanidae	*Colophon* spp.	Bartolozzi, L. (2005): Description of two new stag beetle species from South Africa (Coleoptera: Lucanidae). - African Entomology, 13(2): 347-352.
LEPIDOPTERA	Papilionidae	*Ornithoptera* spp. *Trogonoptera* spp. *Troides* spp.	Matsuka, H. (2001): Natural History of Birdwing

			Butterflies. 367 pp. Tokyo (Matsuka Shuppan). (ISBN 4-9900697-0-6).
HIRUDINOIDEA			
ARHYNCHOBDELLIDA	Hirudinidae	*Hirudo medicinalis* *Hirudo verbana*	Nesemann, H. & Neubert, E. (1999): Annelida: Clitellata: Branchiobdellida, Acanthobdellea, Hirudinea. - Süßwasserfauna von Mitteleuropa, vol. 6/2, 178 pp., Berlin (Spektrum Akad. Verlag). ISBN 3-8274-0927-6.
BIVALVIA			
VENEROIDA	Tridacnidae	*Tridacna ningaloo*	Penny, S. & Willan, R.C. (2014): Description of a new species of giant clam (Bivalvia: Tridacnidae) from Ningaloo Reef, Western Australia. - Molluscan Research, 34 (3): 201-211.
	Tridacnidae	*Tridacna noae*	Su, Y., Hung, J.-H., Kubo, H. & Liu, L.-L. (2014): *Tridacna noae* (Röding, 1798) - a valid giant clam species separated from *T. maxima* (Röding, 1798) by morphological and genetic data. – Raffles Bulletin of Zoology, 62: 124-135.
ANTHOZOA AND HYDROZOA		all CITES listed species	Taxonomic Checklist of all CITES listed Coral Species, based on information compiled by UNEP-WCMC 2012

FLORA

		Taxon concerned	Taxonomic reference
General Reference	Generic names	For the generic names of all plants listed in the Appendices, unless they are superseded by standard checklists adopted by the CoP.	The Plant-Book, second edition, [D. J. Mabberley, 1997, Cambridge University Press (reprinted with corrections 1998)] for the generic names of all plants listed in the Appendices of the Convention, unless they are superseded by standard checklists adopted by the Conference of the Parties)
General Reference	Generic names	For generic synonyms not mentioned in The Plant- Book, unless they are superseded by standard checklists adopted by the CoP.	A Dictionary of Flowering Plants and Ferns, 8th edition, (J. C. Willis, revised by H. K. Airy Shaw, 1973, Cambridge University Press) for generic synonyms not mentioned in The Plant-Book, unless they are superseded by standard checklists adopted by the Conference of the Parties as referenced below.
AMARYLLIDACEAE, PRIMULACEAE		*Cyclamen, Galanthus* and *Sternbergia*	CITES Bulb Checklist (A. P. Davis et al., 1999, compiled by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Cyclamen* and *Galanthus* and *Sternbergia*.

APOCYNACEAE		*Pachypodium* spp.	CITES *Aloe* and *Pachypodium* Checklist (U. Eggli et al., 2001, compiled by Städtische Sukkulenten-Sammlung, Zurich, Switzerland, in collaboration with the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) and its update: An Update and Supplement to the CITES *Aloe* & *Pachypodium* Checklist [J. M. Lüthy (2007), CITES Management Authority of Switzerland, Bern, Switzerland] as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Aloe* and *Pachypodium*.
		Hoodia spp.	Plants of Southern Africa: an annotated checklist. Germishuizen, G. & Meyer N. L. (eds.) (2003). Strelitzia 14: 150-151. National Botanical Institute, Pretoria, South Africa as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Hoodia*.
CACTACEAE		All Cactaceae.	CITES Cactaceae Checklist third edition, (2016, compiled by D. Hunt) as a guideline when making reference to names of species of Cactaceae. It is available as a pdf on

			the CITES section of the website of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, UK. https://www.kew.org/sites/default/files/CITES%20Cactaceae%20Checklist_CCC3_170629.pdf.
CYCADACEAE, STANGERIACEAE and ZAMIACEAE		All Cycadaceae, Stangeriaceae and Zamiaceae.	The World List of Cycads: CITES and Cycads: Checklist 2013 (Roy Osborne, Michael A. Calonje, Ken D. Hill, Leonie Stanberg and Dennis Wm. Stevenson) in CITES and Cycads a user's guide (Rutherford, C. et al., Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew. UK 2013), as a guideline when making reference to names of species of Cycadaceae, Stangeriaceae and Zamiaceae.
DICKSONIACEAE		*Dicksonia* species of the Americas.	*Dicksonia* species of the Americas (2003, compiled by Bonn Botanic Garden and the Federal Agency for Nature Conservation, Bonn, Germany) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Dicksonia*.
DROSERACEAE, NEPHENTACEAE, SARRACENIACEAE		*Dionaea*, *Nepenthes* and *Sarracenia*.	CITES Carnivorous Plant Checklist, (B. von Arx et al., 2001, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) as a guideline when making reference to names of species of

			Dionaea, Nepenthes and *Sarracenia*.
EBANACEAE		*Diospyros* spp. - populations of Madagascar.	The genus *Diospyros* in Madagascar: a Preliminary Checklist for CITES Parties (CVPM 2016) based on the Catalogue of the Vascular Plants of Madagascar is available on the Catalogue website. This reference is to be used as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Diospyros* from Madagascar. See http://www.tropicos.org/ProlectWebPortal.aspx?pagename=Diospyros&prolectid=17. There is a link to the page here: http://www.tropicos.org/Name/40031908?proiectid=17 and the pdf download is here: http://www.tropicos.org/docs/MadCat/Diospyros%20checklist%2028.03.2016.pdf
EUPHORBIACEAE		Succulent species of *Euphorbia*.	The CITES Checklist of Succulent *Euphorbia* Taxa (Euphorbiaceae), Second edition (S. Carter and U. Eggli, 2003, published by the Federal Agency for Nature Conservation, Bonn, Germany) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of succulent euphorbias.

LEGUMINACEAE		*Dalbergia* spp. - populations of Madagascar	A Preliminary *Dalbergia* checklist for Madagascar for CITES (CVPM 2014) based on the Catalogue of the Vascular Plants of Madagascar is available as a pdf on the CITES website as SC65 Inf. 21. This reference is to be used as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Dalbergia* from Madagascar. See: https://cites.org/sites/default/files/eng/com/sc/65/Inf/E-SC65-Inf-21.pdf
LILIACEAE		*Aloe* spp.	CITES *Aloe* and *Pachypodium* Checklist (U. Eggli et al., 2001, compiled by Städtische Sukkulenten-Sammlung, Zurich, Switzerland, in collaboration with the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) and its update: An Update and Supplement to the CITES *Aloe* & *Pachypodium* Checklist [J. M. Lüthy (2007), CITES Management Authority of Switzerland, Bern, Switzerland] as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Aloe* and *Pachypodium*

ORCHIDACEAE		*Laelia*, *Paphiopedilum, Phalaenopsis, Phragmipedium, Pleione* and *Sophronitis* (Volume 1, 1995) and *Cymbidium*, *Dendrobium*, *Disa, Dracula* and *Encyclia* (Volume 2, 1997), and *Aerangis*, *Angraecum, Ascocentrum, Bletilla, Brassavola, Calanthe*, *Catasetum*, *Miltonia, Miltonioides* and *Miltoniopsis, Renanthera, Renantherella*, *Rhynchostylis*, *Rossioglossum, Vanda* and *Vandopsis* (Volume 3, 2001); and *Aerides, Coelogyne, Comparettia* and *Masdevallia*	CITES Orchid Checklist, (compiled by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, United Kingdom) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Cattleya, Cypripedium, Laelia, Paphiopedilum, Phalaenopsis, Phragmipedium, Pleione* and *Sophronitis* (Volume 1, 1995) and *Cymbidium, Dendrobium, Disa, Dracula* and *Encyclia* (Volume 2, 1997), and *Aerangis, Angraecum, Ascocentrum, Bletilla, Brassavola, Calanthe, Catasetum, Miltonia, Miltonioides* and *Miltoniopsis*, *Renanthera, Renantherella, Rhynchostylis, Rossioglossum, Vanda* and *Vandopsis* (Volume 3, 2001); and *Aerides, Coelogyne, Comparettia* and *Masdevallia* (Volume 4, 2006).
		Bulbophyllum spp.	CITES checklist for *Bulbophyllum* and allied taxa (Orchidaceae). Sieder, A., Rainer, H., Kiehn, M. (2007): Address of the authors: Department of Biogeography and Botanical Garden of the University of Vienna; Rennweg 14, A-1030 Vienna

			(Austria) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Bulbophyllum*.
PALMAE		*Dypsis decipiens* and *Dypsis decaryi*.	Proposed Standard Reference for two CITES-listed palms endemic to Madagascar (CVPM 2016) based on the Catalogue of the Vascular Plants of Madagascar can be found as a pdf on the US Fish & Wildlife Service website. This is to be used as a guideline when making reference to *Dypsis decipiens* and *Dypsis decaryi*. See: http://www.fws.gov/international/
TAXACEAE		Species of *Taxus*.	World Checklist and Bibliography of Conifers (A. Farjon, 2001) as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Taxus*.
ZYGOPHYLLACEAE		*Guaiacum* spp.	Usta de especies, nomenclatura y distribución en el género *Guaiacum*. Davila Aranda. P. & Schippmann, U. (2006): Medicinal Plant Conservation 12:50 as a guideline when making reference to the names of species of *Guaiacum*.]

ANNEX IX

1. Codes for the indication in permits and certificates of the purpose of a transaction, referred to in Article 5(5)

B	Breeding in captivity or artificial propagation
E	Educational
G	Botanical gardens
H	Hunting trophies
L	Law enforcement/judicial/forensic
M	Medical (including bio-medical research)
N	Reintroduction or introduction into the wild
P	Personal
[F3Q	Travelling exhibitions (sample collection, circus, menagerie, plant exhibition, orchestra or museums exhibition that is used for commercial display for the public)]
S	Scientific
T	Commercial
Z	Zoos

Textual Amendments

F3 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/870 of 5 June 2015 amending, as regards the trade in species of wild fauna and flora, Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 laying down detailed rules concerning the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97.

2. Codes for the indication in permits and certificates of the source of specimens, referred to in Article 5(6)

W	Specimens taken from the wild
[F4R	Specimens of animals reared in a controlled environment, taken as eggs or juveniles from the wild, where they would otherwise have had a very low probability of surviving to adulthood]
[F4D	Annex A animals bred in captivity for commercial purposes in operations included in the Register of the CITES Secretariat, in accordance with Resolution Conf. 12.10 (Rev. CoP15), and Annex A plants artificially propagated for commercial purposes in accordance with Chapter XIII of Regulation (EC) No 865/2006, as well as parts and derivatives thereof]
A	Annex A plants artificially propagated for non-commercial purposes and Annexes B and C plants artificially propagated in accordance with Chapter XIII of Regulation (EC) No 865/2006, as well as parts and derivatives thereof
[F4C	Animals bred in captivity in accordance with Chapter XIII of Regulation (EC) No 865/2006, as well as parts and derivatives thereof]
F	Animals born in captivity, but for which the criteria of Chapter XIII of Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 are not met, as well as parts and derivatives thereof
I	Confiscated or seized specimens(1)
O	Pre-Convention(1)
U	Source unknown (must be justified)

[F5X Specimens taken in the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State]

Textual Amendments

F4 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 791/2012 of 23 August 2012 amending, as regards certain provisions relating to the trade in species of wild fauna and flora, Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97.

F5 Inserted by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/870 of 5 June 2015 amending, as regards the trade in species of wild fauna and flora, Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 laying down detailed rules concerning the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97.

[F6ANNEX X

ANIMAL SPECIES REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 62(1)

Textual Amendments

F6 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EC) No 100/2008 of 4 February 2008 amending, as regards sample collections and certain formalities relating to the trade in species of wild fauna and flora, Regulation (EC) No 865/2006 laying down detailed rules for the implementation of Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97.

Aves
ANSERIFORMES
Anatidae

Anas laysanensis

Anas querquedula

Aythya nyroca

Branta ruficollis

Branta sandvicensis

Oxyura leucocephala
COLUMBIFORMES
Columbidae

Columba livia
GALLIFORMES
Phasianidae

Catreus wallichii

Colinus virginianus ridgwayi

Crossoptilon crossoptilon

Crossoptilon mantchuricum

[F3Lophophorus impejanus]

Lophura edwardsi

Lophura swinhoii

Polyplectron napoleonis

Syrmaticus ellioti

Syrmaticus humiae

Syrmaticus mikado
PASSERIFORMES
Fringillidae

Carduelis cucullata
PSITTACIFORMES
Psittacidae

Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae

*Psephotus dissimilis***]**

ANNEX XI

Types of biological samples referred to in Article 18 and their use

Type of sample	**Typical size of sample**	**Use of sample**
Blood, liquid	Drops or 5 ml of whole blood in a tube with anticoagulant; may deteriorate in 36 hours	Haematology and standard biochemical tests to diagnose disease; taxonomic research; biomedical research
Blood, dry (smear)	A drop of blood spread on a microscope slide, usually fixed with chemical fixative	Blood counts and screening for disease parasites
Blood, clotted (serum)	5 ml of blood in tube with or without a blood clot	Serology and detection of antibodies for evidence of disease; biomedical research
Tissues, fixed	5 mm^3 pieces of tissues in a fixative	Histology and electron microscopy to detect signs of disease; taxonomic research; biomedical research
Tissues, fresh (excluding ova, sperm and embryos)	5 mm^3 pieces of tissues, sometimes frozen	Microbiology and toxicology to detect organisms and poisons; taxonomic research; biomedical research
Swabs	Tiny pieces of tissue in a tube on a swab	Growing bacteria, fungi, etc. to diagnose disease
Hair, skin, feathers, scales	Small, sometimes tiny pieces of skin surface in a tube (up	Genetic and forensic tests and detection of parasites and pathogens and other tests

	to 10 ml in volume) with or without fixative	
Cell lines and tissue cultures	No limitation of sample size	Cell lines are artificial products cultured either as primary or continuous cell lines that are used extensively in testing the production of vaccines or other medical products and taxonomic research (e.g. chromosome studies and extraction of DNA)
DNA	Small amounts of blood (up to 5 ml), hair, feather follicle, muscle and organ tissue (e.g. liver, heart, etc.), purified DNA, etc.	Sex determination; identification; forensic investigations; taxonomic research; biomedical research
Secretions, (saliva, venom, milk)	1-5 ml in vials	Phylogenetic research, production of anti-venom, biomedical research

ANNEX XII

Correlation Table

Regulation (EC) No 1808/2001	**This Regulation**
Article 1 (a) and (b)	Article 1 (1) and (2)
Article 1 (c)	—
Article 1 (d), (e) and (f)	Article 1 (3), (4) and (5)
—	Article 1 (6), (7) and (8)
Article 2(1) and (2)	Article 2(1) and (2)
—	Article 2(3) and (4)
Article 2(3) and (4)	Article 2(5) and (6)
Article 3	Article 3
Article 4(1) and (2)	Article 4(1) and (2)
Article 4(3) (a) and (b)	Article 5, first paragraph, (1) and (2)
—	Article 5, first paragraph, (3)
Article 4(3) (c), (d) and (e)	Article 5, first paragraph, (4), (5) and (6)
Article 4(4)	Article 6
Article 4(5)	Article 7
Article 5	Article 8

Article 6	Article 9
Article 7(1)	Article 10
Article 7(2)	Article 11
Article 7(3) and (4)	Article 12
Article 8(1)	Article 13
Article 8(2)	Article 14
Article 8(3)	Article 15(1) and (2)
Article 8(4)	Article 15(3) and (4)
Article 8(5)	Article 16
Article 8(6) and (7)	Article 17
—	Article 18-19
Article 9	Article 20
Article 10	Article 21
Article 11	Article 22
Article 12	Article 23
Article 13	Article 24
Article 14	Article 25
Article 15	Article 26
Article 16	Article 27
Article 17	Article 28
Article 18	Article 29
—	Articles 30-44
Article 19	Article 45
Article 20(1)	Article 46
Article 20(2)	Article 47
Article 20(3) (a) and (b)	Article 48(1) (a) and (b)
Article 20(3) (c)	—
Article 20(3) (d) and (e)	Article 48(1) (c) and (d)
Article 20(4)	Article 49
Article 20(5) and (6)	Article 50(1) and (2)
Article 21	Article 51
Article 22	Article 52
Article 23	Article 53
Article 24	Article 54

Article 25	Article 55
Article 26	Article 56
Article 27(1) first and second indents and subsequent text	Article 57(1) (a), (b) and (c)
Article 27(2), (3) and (4)	Article 57(2), (3) and (4)
Article 27(5) (a) and (b)	Article 57(5) (a) and (b)
—	Article 57(5) (c) and (d)
Article 28(1), first and second indents	Article 58(1) (a) and (b)
Article 28(2) and (3)	Article 58(2) and (3)
Article 28(4) (a) and (b)	Article 58(4)
Article 29	Article 59
Article 30	Article 60
Article 31	Article 61
Article 32	Article 62
Article 33	Article 63
Article 34(1)	—
Article 34(2) (a) to (f)	Article 64(1) (a) to (f)
Article 34(2) (g) and (h)	Article 64(2)
Article 35(1) and (2)	Article 65(1) and (2)
Article 35(3) (a) and (b)	Article 65(3)
—	Article 65(4)
Article 36(1)	Article 66(1), (2) and (3)
Article 36(2)	Article 66(4)
Article 36(3) and (4)	Article 66(5) and (6)
—	Article 66(7)
Article 36(5)	Article 66(8)
Article 37	Article 67
Article 38	Article 68
Article 39	Article 69
Article 40	Article 70
Article 41	Article 71
Article 42	Article 74
Article 43	Article 72
Article 44	Article 73

Article 45	Article 75
Annex I	Annex I
Annex II	Annex II
—	Annex III
—	Annex IV
Annex III	Annex V
Annex IV	Annex VI
Annex V	Annex VII
Annex VI	Annex VIII
Annex VII	Annex IX
Annex VIII	Annex X
—	Annex XI
—	Annex XII

[F5ANNEX XIII

SPECIES AND POPULATIONS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 57(3a)

Ceratotherium simum simum

Hippopotamus amphibius

Loxodonta africana

Ovis ammon

Panthera leo

Ursus maritimus]

(**1**) To be used only in conjunction with another source code.

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission regulation (EC) No 865/2006.