Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 of 12 March 2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance)

[[X1]COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 206/2010

of 12 March 2010

laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements

(Text with EEA relevance)**]**

[[X1]THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Council Directive 92/65/EEC of 13 July 1992 laying down animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Community of animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to animal health requirements laid down in specific Community rules referred to in Annex A (I) to Directive 90/425/EEC[(1)], and in particular Articles 17(2)(b) and 17(3)(a), the first subparagraph of Article 17(3)(c), the fourth indent of Article 18(1) and Article 19 thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption[(2)], and in particular Article 8, Article 9(2)(b) and Article 9(4) thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 2004/68/EC of 26 April 2004 laying down animal health rules for the importation into and transit through the Community of certain live ungulate animals, amending Directives 90/426/EEC and 92/65/EEC and repealing Directive 72/462/EEC[(3)], and in particular the first and second subparagraphs of Article 3(1), the first subparagraph of Article 6(1), Article 7(e), Article 8, the first paragraph of Article 10 and Article 13(1) thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs[(4)], and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin[(5)], and in particular Article 9 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption[(6)], and in particular Article 11(1) and Article 16 thereof,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules[7], and in particular Article 48(1) thereof,

Whereas:

(1) Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine, ovine and caprine animals and swine, fresh meat or meat products from third countries[8] provided for a list to be drawn up of the countries or parts thereof from which Member States are to authorise the importation of certain live animals and fresh meat of certain animals.

(2) Accordingly, Council Decision 79/542/EEC of 21 December 1976 drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions, for importation into the Community of certain live animals and their fresh meat[9] was adopted. That Decision establishes the sanitary conditions for the importation into the European Union of live animals excluding equidae, and for the importation of fresh meat of such animals, including equidae, but excluding meat preparations. Annexes I and II to that Decision also set out lists of third countries or parts thereof from which certain live animals and their fresh meat may be imported into the Union as well as models of veterinary certificates.

(3) Since the date of adoption of that Decision, a number of new animal health and public health requirements have been laid down in other Union acts, constituting a new regulatory framework in this area. Also, Directive 72/462/EEC has been repealed by Directive 2004/68/EC.

(4) Article 20 of Directive 2004/68/EC states that implementing rules on import established in accordance with Decisions adopted pursuant to Directive 72/462/EEC, inter alia Decision 79/542/EEC, shall remain in force until replaced by measures adopted under the new regulatory framework.

(5) In accordance with Article 4(3) of Directive 2004/41/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 repealing certain Directives concerning food hygiene and health conditions for the production and placing on the market of certain products of animal origin intended for human consumption and amending Council Directives 89/662/EEC and 92/118/EEC and Council Decision 95/408/EC[10], once the necessary provisions on the basis of Regulations (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004, (EC) No 854/2004 or Directive 2002/99/EC are adopted, the implementing rules adopted on the basis of Directive 72/462/EEC shall cease to apply.

(6) Decision 79/542/EEC has been amended several times and import provisions based on the new regulatory framework have already been introduced in Decision 79/542/EEC. For the sake of clarity and transparency the measures that are laid down in Decision 79/542/EEC should be laid down in a new legal act. This Regulation includes all the provisions of Decision 79/542/EEC. Consequently, by the entry into force of the present Regulation Decision 79/542/EEC is lapsed and thus no longer applies, pending the explicit repeal of it.

(7) Directive 92/65/EEC lays down the animal health requirements governing trade in and imports into the Union of live animals, semen, ova and embryos not subject to the animal health requirements laid down in the specific Union acts referred to in Annex F to that Directive. Pursuant to that Directive, those live animals, semen, ova and embryos may be imported into the Union only from a third country which is on a list drawn up in accordance with the procedure referred to in that Directive. In addition, such live animals are to be accompanied by a health certificate corresponding to a specimen drawn up in accordance with the procedure referred to therein.

(8) Council Directive 96/93/EC of 17 December 1996 on the certification of animals and animal products[(11)] lays down the rules to be observed in issuing the certificates required by veterinary legislation to prevent misleading or fraudulent certification. It is appropriate to ensure that rules and principles at least equivalent to those laid down in that Directive are applied by the official inspectors or veterinarians of third countries. Certain third countries, which are listed in Annex II to this Regulation, have provided sufficient guarantees as to the existence and implementation of such rules and principles. It is therefore appropriate to authorise the introduction of certain live animals into the Union from those third countries, provided that no further restrictions are required by their specific disease situation.

(9) Directive 2002/99/EC lays down the animal health rules concerning the introduction into the Union of products of animal origin and products obtained therefrom intended for human consumption. Pursuant to that Directive, lists are to be drawn up of the third countries or regions of third countries from which imports of specified products of animal origin are permitted and those imports are to comply with certain veterinary certification requirements.

(10) Directive 2004/68/EC lays down the animal health requirements for the importation into and transit through the Union of certain live ungulates. The importation of those live ungulates into and their transit through the Union is authorised only from third countries and territories that appear on a list or lists drawn up in accordance with the procedure referred to in that Directive and those imports are to comply with certain veterinary certification requirements.

(11) Save the provisions of article 17(2) last subparagraph of Directive 92/65/EEC, live animals, and products of animal origin to which Directives 92/65/EEC, 2002/99/EC and 2004/68/EC apply are to be imported into or transit through the Union only if they are accompanied by a veterinary certificate and comply with the relevant requirements laid down in Union legislation.

(12) Accordingly, for the implementation of Directives 92/65/EEC, 2002/99/EC and 2004/68/EC, it is appropriate to lay down in this Regulation lists of third countries, territories and parts thereof and the specific import conditions including model veterinary certificates for certain live animals and the fresh meat of certain animals.

(13) In the interest of consistency of Union legislation, this Regulation should also take into account the public heath requirements laid down in other Union acts and in particular in Regulations (EC) Nos 852/2004, 853/2004 and 854/2004 which lay down

rules concerning the hygiene of foodstuffs and food of animal origin and rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption, as well as the requirements of Council Directive 96/23/EC of 29 April 1996 on measures to monitor certain substances and residues thereof in live animals and animal products[(12)], and of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies[(13)].

(14) Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 lays down general rules governing the performance of official controls carried out in the areas of food and feed, animal health and animal welfare. Article 48 thereof empowers the Commission to adopt a list of third countries from which specific products may be imported into the Union. Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 provides specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption, including the establishment of lists of third countries from which imports of products of animal origin are permitted. Those rules provide that those lists may be combined with other lists drawn up for public and animal health purposes.

(15) The model certificates set out in the Annexes to this Regulation should therefore include attestations certifying that the public health requirements laid down in Directive 96/23/EC and Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, 852/2004, 853/2004 and 854/2004, are fulfilled.

(16) The model certificates set out in the Annexes to this Regulation should also include attestations certifying that animal welfare requirements laid down in Council Directive 93/119/EC of 22 December 1993 on the protection of animals at the time of slaughter and killing[(14)] and Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 of 22 December 2004 on the protection of animals during transport and related operations[(15)] are fulfilled.

(17) In order to ensure that the health of live animals introduced into the Union is not jeopardised during their transport from the third country of origin to the Union, certain requirements relating to the transport of live animals should be laid down, including requirements on assembly centres.

(18) In the interest of ensuring the protection of animal health in the Union, live animals should be conveyed directly to their place of destination in the Union.

(19) Fresh meat introduced into the Union for transit to another third country poses a negligible risk to public health. Such meat should, however, comply with all the relevant animal health requirements. Accordingly, specific provisions on the transit, and storage before transit, of fresh meat should therefore be laid down.

(20) Specific conditions for transit via the Union of consignments to and from Russia should be provided for owing to the geographical situation of Kaliningrad which affects only Latvia, Lithuania and Poland.

(21) Consignments of fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of farmed non-domesticated animals of the order Artiodactyla, originating from animals caught in the wild should be authorised for introduction into the Union. In order to rule out any possible animal health risks which could be posed by such introduction, it is appropriate that those animals be separated from wild animals for a period of three

months prior to the introduction into the Union of such consignments. Accordingly, the model veterinary certificate for those consignments (RUF) should take that into account.

(22) Commission Decision 2003/881/EC of 11 December 2003 concerning the animal health and certification conditions for imports of bees (*Apis mellifera* and *Bombus* spp.) from certain third countries[16] lays down the animal health and certification conditions for imports of bees from certain third countries. In the interest of simplification of Union legislation, the measures laid down in that Decision should be included in this Regulation. Consequently, Decision 2003/881/EC should be repealed.

(23) It's appropriate to introduce a transitional period to allow Member States and industry to take the necessary measures to comply with the requirements laid down in this Regulation.

(24) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Editorial Information

X1 Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 of 12 March 2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Official Journal of the European Union L 73 of 20 March 2010).

CHAPTER I

SUBJECT MATTER, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

Article 1

Subject matter and scope

1 This Regulation lays down the veterinary certification requirements for the introduction into the Union of consignments containing the following live animals or fresh meat:

a ungulates;

b the animals listed in Part 2 of Annex IV;

c fresh meat intended for human consumption, excluding meat preparations, of ungulates and equidae.

2 This Regulation lays down the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the consignments referred to in paragraph 1 may be introduced into the Union.

F1 3 . . . . . .

4 This Regulation shall apply without prejudice to any specific certification requirements laid down in other Union acts or in agreements concluded by the Union with third countries.

Textual Amendments

F1 Deleted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) 'ungulates' means ungulates as defined in Article 2(d) of Directive 2004/68/EC;

(b) 'fresh meat' means fresh meat as defined in point 1.10 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

(c) 'equidae' means equidae as defined in Article 2(b) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC[17];

(d) 'holding' means a farm or other officially supervised agricultural, industrial or commercial undertaking, including zoos, amusement parks and wildlife or hunting reserves where live animals are regularly kept or bred.

CHAPTER II

CONDITIONS FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF LIVE ANIMALS INTO THE UNION

Article 3

General conditions for the introduction of ungulates into the Union

Consignments of ungulates shall only be introduced into the Union if they comply with the following conditions:

(a) they come from the third countries, territories or parts thereof listed in columns 1, 2 and 3 of the table set out in Part 1 of Annex I for which there is a model veterinary certificate corresponding to the consignment concerned listed in column 4 of the table in Part 1 of Annex I;

(b) they are accompanied by the appropriate veterinary certificate, drawn up in accordance with the relevant model veterinary certificate set out in Part 2 of Annex I, taking into account the specific conditions indicated in column 6 of the table in Part 1 of that Annex, and completed and signed by an official veterinarian of the exporting third country;

(c) they comply with the requirements set out in the veterinary certificate referred to in point (b), including:

(i) the supplementary guarantees laid down in that certificate, where indicated in column 5 of the table in Part 1 of Annex I;

(ii) any additional veterinary certification requirements that the Member State of destination may impose in accordance with Union veterinary legislation and which are included in the certificate.

I[F2] *Article 3a*

Conditions for the introduction of ungulates intended for an approved body, institute or centre

1 By way of derogation from Article 3, the competent authority of a Member State may authorise the introduction into its territory of consignments of ungulates of the species listed in Tables 1, 2 and 3 of Part 1 of Annex VI where those consignments are destined for an approved body, institute or centre, provided that the following conditions are complied with:

a an assessment has been carried out by the competent authority of the Member State of destination of the animal health risks that each of the consignments may present for the Union;

b the consignments concerned come from a third country, territory or part thereof which is included in one of the lists set out in:

(i) Part 1 of Annex I or in Part 1 of Annex II to this Regulation,

(ii) Decision 2004/211/EC[(18)], Decision 2007/777/EC[(19)], Regulation (EC) No 798/2008[(20)], Regulation (EC) No 119/2009[(21)], Regulation (EU) No 605/2010[(22)],

c the ungulates originate from a body, institute or centre in a third country, territory or part thereof, referred to in point (a), which is included in a list established in accordance with Article 3c;

d the ungulates have been quarantined in a vector-protected facility at the premises of the body, institute or centre referred to in point (c) for the period provided for in the relevant certificates;

e the ungulates are conveyed directly to an approved body, institute or centre in the Member State of destination;

f the ungulates are accompanied by an appropriate veterinary certificate, drawn up in accordance with the relevant model of veterinary certificate referred to in Tables 1, 2 and 3 in Part 1 of Annex VI and set out in Part 2 of that Annex;

g the ungulates comply with the requirements set out in the model of veterinary certificate referred to in point (f).

The Member State of destination shall inform the Commission and the other Member States in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health of the authorisation granted pursuant to the first subparagraph, prior to the introduction of the ungulates into their territory.

2 Where exceptional circumstances render compliance with points (c) and (d) of paragraph 1 impossible, the competent authority of the Member State of destination may authorise the introduction, into its territory, of ungulates of the species listed in Tables 1, 2 and 3 of Part 1 of Annex VI from *other holdings* which do not comply with the requirements laid down in those points, provided that the requirements laid down in points (a), (b) and (e) to (g) of paragraph 1 are complied with and that the following additional conditions are met:

a a prior application for a permit has been made by the owner, or a natural person representing that owner, and the Member State of destination has granted such permit after having carried out a risk assessment that has indicated that the introduction of the

ungulates concerned into its territory does not constitute an animal health risk for the Union;

b the ungulates have been quarantined in the third country, territory or part thereof of origin under official supervision for the time necessary for them to meet the animal health conditions set out in the model of veterinary certificate referred to in point (f):

(i) at a place approved by the competent authority of the third country, territory or part thereof of origin of the animals;

(ii) in accordance with the arrangements prescribed in the permit that shall provide at least the same guarantees as those laid down in points (a), (b) and (e) to (g) of paragraph 1.

Where ungulates are introduced into the Union pursuant to the first subparagraph, they shall be quarantined in an approved body, institute or centre *of destination* for at least six months from the time of introduction into the Union, during which period the requirements provided for in Article 8(1)(a) of Council Directive 90/425/EEC may be applied by the competent authorities.

The Member State authorising the introduction of ungulates pursuant to the first subparagraph shall inform the Commission and the other Member States in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health of such authorisation, prior to the introduction of the ungulates into its territory.**]**

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

[F2 Article 3b

Conditions for the entry and transit of ungulates intended for an approved body, institute or centre through the territory of Member States other than the Member State of destination

The transit of the ungulates referred to in Article 3a through a Member State other than the Member State of destination shall be permitted only subject to the authorisation of the competent authority of the Member State of transit. Such authorisation may be granted only on the basis of a risk assessment by that competent authority, in view of the information submitted to it by the Member State of destination.

The Member State of destination shall inform the Commission and the other Member States in the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health, prior to the transit, when authorising the introduction of animals under the conditions provided for in Article 3a.**]**

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts

thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

[F2 Article 3c

List of approved bodies, institutes or centres in third countries, territories and parts thereof

1 Following an assessment of compliance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 2, each Member State may establish a list of bodies, institutes and centres from which the introduction of ungulates into its territory may be authorised pursuant to Article 3a(1).

2 A body, institute or centre in a third country, territory or part thereof shall only be included in the list referred to in paragraph 1 where the following conditions are complied with:

a the body, institute or centre complies with the requirements set out in Part 3 of Annex VI;

b the body, institute or centre is approved by the competent authority of the third country, territory or part thereof where that body, institute or centre is situated;

c the competent authority of the third country, territory or part thereof provides sufficient guarantees that the conditions concerning the approval of bodies, institutes or centres set out in Part 4 of Annex VI are complied with.

3 A Member State may include in the list referred to in paragraph (1) bodies, institutes or centres in third countries which are already included in such a list established by another Member State, without having assessed compliance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 2.

4 Member States shall keep the lists referred to in paragraph (1) up to date, taking into account in particular any suspension or withdrawal of the approval granted by the competent authority of a third country, territory or part thereof to the bodies, institutes or centres situated therein and included in those lists.

5 Member States shall make available to the public, by means of Internet-based information pages, the lists referred to in paragraph 1 and shall keep those Internet-based information pages up to date.

6 Member States shall communicate the Internet address of their Internet-based information pages to the Commission.**]**

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

[F3 Article 4

Conditions for the assembly centres for certain consignments of ungulates

1 Consignments of ungulates which contain live animals from more than one holding shall only be introduced into the Union if they are assembled in assembly centres approved by

the competent authority of the third country, territory or part thereof of origin of the animals in accordance with the requirements set out in Part 5 of Annex I.

2 Consignments of ungulates introduced into the Union in accordance with Article 3a or Article 6 shall not originate from more than one holding and shall not be assembled in assembly centres.**]**

Textual Amendments

F3 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 5

Protocols for the standardisation of materials and sampling and testing procedures for ungulates

Where sampling and testing is required by the veterinary certificates listed in column 4 of the table in Part 1 of Annex I for the diseases listed in Part 6 of that Annex, for the introduction into the Union of consignments of ungulates, such sampling and testing shall be carried out by or under the control of the competent authority of the third country of origin in accordance with the Protocols for the standardisation of materials and testing procedures set out in Part 6 of that Annex.

Article 6

Special conditions for certain consignments of ungulates imported into St Pierre and Miquelon and introduced into the Union

Consignments of ungulates of the species listed in the table in Part 7 of Annex I which were introduced into St Pierre and Miquelon less than six months prior to the date of shipment from St Pierre and Miquelon to the Union shall only be introduced into the Union if:

(a) they comply with the residence and quarantine requirements set out in Chapter 1 of that Part;

(b) they have been tested in accordance with the animal health test requirements set out in Chapter 2 of that Part.

Article 7

General conditions for the introduction into the Union of certain species of bees

1 Consignments of bees of the species listed in table 1 of Part 2 of Annex IV shall only be introduced into the Union from third countries or territories:

a listed in Part 1 of Annex II;

b where the presence of the American foulbrood, the small hive beetle (*Aethina tumida*) and the Tropilaelaps mite (*Tropilaelaps* spp.) is subject to compulsory notification throughout the whole territory of the third country or territory concerned.

2 By way of derogation from paragraph 1(a), consignments of bees may be introduced into the Union from a part of a third country or territory listed in Part 1 of Annex II which is:

a a geographically and epidemiologically isolated part of the third country or territory

b listed in the third column of the table in Section 1 of Part 1 of Annex IV.

When that derogation is applied, the introduction into the Union of consignments of bees shall be prohibited from all other parts of the third country or territory concerned not listed in the third column of the table in Section 1 of Part 1 of Annex IV.

3 Consignments of bees of the species listed in table 1 of Part 2 of Annex IV shall consist of either:

a cages of queen bees (*Apis mellifera* and *Bombus* spp.), each containing one single queen bee with a maximum of 20 accompanying attendants; or

b containers of bumble bees (*Bombus* spp.), each containing a colony of a maximum of 200 adult bumble bees.

4 Consignments of bees of the species listed in table 1 of Part 2 of Annex IV shall:

a be accompanied by the appropriate veterinary certificate, drawn up in accordance with the relevant model veterinary certificate set out in Part 2 of Annex IV, and completed and signed by an official inspector of the exporting third country;

b comply with the veterinary requirements set out in the veterinary certificate referred to in point (a).

Article 8

General conditions concerning the transport of live animals to the Union

During the period after loading in the third country of origin and before arrival at the border inspection post of introduction into the Union, consignments of live animals shall not be:

(a) transported together with live animals that:

(i) are not intended for introduction into the Union; or

(ii) are of a lower health status;

(b) **[**[F3]unloaded in, or when transported by air, moved to another aircraft, or transported by road, by rail, or moved on foot through a third country, territory or part thereof which is not authorised for imports of the animals concerned into the Union.**]**

Textual Amendments

F3 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 9

Time limit for the period of transport to the Union of live animals

Consignments of live animals shall only be introduced into the Union where the consignment arrives at the border inspection post of introduction into the Union within 10 days of the date of issue of the appropriate veterinary certificate.

In the case of transport by sea, that period of 10 days shall be extended by an additional period corresponding to the duration of the journey by sea, as certified by a signed declaration of the master of the ship, drawn up in accordance with Part 3 of Annex I and attached in its original form to the veterinary certificate.

Article 10

Special conditions regarding the spraying of consignments of live animals transported by air to the Union

Where consignments of live animals, excluding consignments of bees, are transported by air, the crate or container in which they are transported and the surrounding area shall be sprayed with an appropriate insecticide.

That spraying shall be carried out immediately prior to the closing of the aircraft doors after loading, and after any subsequent opening of the doors in a third country, until the aircraft reaches its final destination.

The captain of the aircraft shall certify that the spraying has been carried out by signing a declaration, drawn up in accordance with Part 4 of Annex I and attached in its original form to the veterinary certificate.

Article 11

Conditions to be applied following the introduction into the Union of certain consignments of ungulates

[[F3]1 Following their introduction into the Union, consignments of ungulates, other than those referred to in Article 3a shall be conveyed in a vector-protected means of transport without delay to the holding of destination.

Those ungulates shall remain on that holding for a period of at least 30 days, unless they are dispatched directly to a slaughterhouse.**]**

2 Following their introduction into the Union, consignments of ungulates intended for immediate slaughter shall be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination where they shall be slaughtered within five working days from the date of arrival at the slaughterhouse.

Textual Amendments

F3 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts

thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 12

Specific conditions concerning the transit through third countries of certain consignments of ungulates

Where specific condition I of Part 1 of Annex I applies, in order to allow consignments of the ungulates referred to in that condition originating in one Member State and destined for another Member State, to transit through a third country, territory or part thereof which is listed in the table in Part 1 of Annex I but for which there is no corresponding model veterinary certificate for consignments of the ungulates concerned indicated in column 4 of that table, the following conditions shall apply:

(a) for bovine animals for fattening:

(i) the holdings of final destination must be designated in advance by the competent authority of the final destination;

(ii) the live animals comprised in the consignment must not be moved from the holding of final destination unless for immediate slaughter;

(iii) all movements of live animals into and out of the holding of final destination must be carried out under the control of the competent authority as long as the animals comprising the consignment are kept at the holding.

(b) for ungulates for immediate slaughter, Article 11(2) shall apply.

[F4 Article 12a

Derogation for the transit of certain consignments of live bovine animals for breeding and production through Lithuania

1 The transit by road through Lithuania of consignments of live bovine animals for breeding and production coming from the Russian region of Kaliningrad and consigned to a destination outside the Union shall be authorised subject to compliance with the following conditions:

a the animals enter Lithuania at the border inspection post at Kybartai road and exit Lithuania at the border inspection post of Medininkai;

b the animals are transported in containers on road vehicles sealed with a serially numbered seal at the border inspection post of introduction into the Union at Kybartai road, by the veterinary services of the competent authority of Lithuania;

c the documents referred to in the third indent of Article 7 (1) of Council Directive 91/496/EEC, including the duly completed veterinary certificate in accordance with the model veterinary certificate 'BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU' set out in Part 2 of Annex I to this Regulation, accompanying the animals from the border inspection post Kybartai road to the border inspection post Medininkai are stamped 'ONLY FOR TRANSIT FROM THE RUSSIAN REGION OF KALININGRAD VIA LITHUANIA' on each page by the official veterinarian of the competent authority responsible for the border inspection post at Kybartai road;

[F5(d) F5 . . . . . .

(e)**]** [F5]. . . . . .

f the animals are accompanied by a health certificate that allows unhindered entry into Belarus and a veterinary certificate issued for the place of destination of the animals in Russia.

[F5]2 . . . . . .

3 In case of any irregularity or emergency during the transit, the Member State of transit shall apply the measures provided for in the second indent of Article 8(1) (b) of Directive 90/425/EEC[23] as appropriate.**]**

[F5]4 . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

F4 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 644/2012 of 16 July 2012 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements, as regards Russia (Text with EEA relevance).

F5 Deleted by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2124 of 10 October 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards rules for official controls of consignments of animals and goods in transit, transhipment and onward transportation through the Union, and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EC) No 1251/2008, (EC) No 119/2009, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010, (EU) No 142/2011, (EU) No 28/2012, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/759 and Commission Decision 2007/777/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 13

Conditions to be applied following the introduction into the Union of consignments of bees referred to in Article 7

1 Consignments of queen bees referred to in Article 7(3)(a) shall be conveyed without delay to the designated place of final destination where the hives shall be placed under the control of the competent authority and the queen bees transferred to new cages before being introduced to local colonies.

2 The cages, attendants, and other material that accompanied the queen bees from the third country of origin shall be sent to a laboratory designated by the competent authority for examination for the presence of:

a the small hive beetle (*Aethina tumida*), their eggs or larvae;

b signs of the Tropilaelaps mite (*Tropilaelaps* spp.).

After that laboratory examination, the cages, attendants and the material shall be destroyed.

3 Consignments of bumble bees (*Bombus spp*.) referred to in Article 7(3)(b) shall be conveyed without delay to the designated place of destination.

Those bumble bees may stay in the container in which they were introduced into the Union until the end of the lifespan of the colony.

That container and the material that accompanied the bumble bees from the third country of origin shall be destroyed at the end of the lifespan of the colony at the latest.

[F2 Article 13a

Conditions to be applied following the introduction of consignments of ungulates intended for approved bodies, institutes or centres

1 Following their introduction into the Union, consignments of ungulates intended for approved bodies, institutes or centres shall be transported without delay to the approved body, institute or centre of destination in means of transport that are vector-protected and so constructed that the animals cannot escape and faeces, urine, litter, fodder, waste or any other material cannot flow or fall out from the vehicle or container during transportation.

2 The animals shall be kept in quarantine in vector-protected facilities on the premises of the approved body, institute or centre of the Member State of destination for a minimum of 30 days. After the 30 days quarantine period the animals may be moved to another approved body, institute or centre.

3 Animals introduced into an approved body, institute or centre can only be moved to a destination other than an approved body, institute or centre provided that:

a at least six months have elapsed from the time of introduction into the Union, and

b the movement is carried out in accordance with paragraph 4 of Annex C to Directive 92/65/EEC.

4 By way of derogation from paragraph 3, animals may leave an approved body, institute or centre before the end of the six-month period provided for in that paragraph, only where the following conditions are complied with:

a the animals are exported to a third country, territory or part thereof;

b for the purpose of their export as referred to in a) the animals are transported in means of transport that are vector-protected and so constructed that the animals cannot escape and faeces, urine, litter, fodder, waste or any other material cannot flow or fall out from the vehicle or container during transportation.**]**

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

CHAPTER III

CONDITIONS FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF FRESH MEAT INTO THE UNION

Article 14

General conditions for the importation of fresh meat

Consignments of fresh meat intended for human consumption shall only be imported into the Union if they comply with the following conditions:

(a) they come from the third countries, territories or parts thereof listed in columns 1, 2 and 3 of the table in Part 1 of Annex II for which there is a model veterinary certificate corresponding to the consignment concerned listed in column 4 of the table in Part 1 of Annex II;

(b) they are presented at the border inspection post of introduction into the Union accompanied by the appropriate veterinary certificate, drawn up in accordance with the relevant model veterinary certificate set out in Part 2 of Annex II, taking into account the specific conditions indicated in column 6 of the table in Part 1 of that Annex, and completed and signed by an official veterinarian of the exporting third country;

(c) they comply with the requirements set out in the veterinary certificate referred to in point (b), including:

(i) the supplementary guarantees laid down in that certificate, where indicated in column 5 of the table in Part 1 of Annex II;

(ii) any additional veterinary certification requirements that the Member State of destination may impose in accordance with Union veterinary legislation and which are included in the certificate.

Article 15

Conditions to be applied following the importation of unskinned carcases of wild cloven-hoofed game

In accordance with Article 8(2) of Council Directive 97/78/EC[24], consignments of unskinned carcases of wild cloven-hoofed game for human consumption after further processing shall be conveyed without delay to the processing establishment of destination.

Article 16

Transit and storage of fresh meat

The introduction into the Union of consignments of fresh meat not intended for importation into the Union but destined for a third country either by immediate transit or after storage in the Union in accordance with Article 12(4) and Article 13 of Directive 97/78/EC, shall only be authorised if the consignments comply with the following conditions:

(a) they come from the third countries, territories or parts thereof listed in columns 1, 2 and 3 of the table in Part 1 of Annex II, for which there is a model veterinary certificate corresponding to the consignment concerned listed in column 4 of the table in Part 1 of Annex II;

(b) they comply with the specific animal health requirements for the consignment concerned, as set out in the relevant model veterinary certificate referred to in point (a);

(c) they are accompanied by a veterinary certificate, drawn up in accordance with the model veterinary certificate set out in Annex III, and completed and signed by an official veterinarian of the exporting third country;

(d) they are certified as acceptable for transit, including for storage as appropriate, on the common veterinary entry document referred to in Article 2(1) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 136/2004[25], signed by the official veterinarian of the border inspection post of introduction into the Union.

Article 17

Derogation for transit through Latvia, Lithuania and Poland

1 By way of derogation from Article 16 the transit by road or by rail through the Union, between the designated border inspection posts in Latvia, Lithuania and Poland listed in Commission Decision 2009/821/EC[26], of consignments coming from and destined to Russia directly or via another third country shall be authorised provided that the following conditions are complied with:

a the consignment is sealed with a serially numbered seal at the border inspection post of introduction into the Union by the veterinary services of the competent authority**[**F6**.]**

[F5(b) F5. . . . . .

(c) F5. . . . . .

(d)**]** F5. . . . . .

F52 . . . . . .

F53 . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

F5 Deleted by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2124 of 10 October 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards rules for official controls of consignments of animals and goods in transit, transhipment and onward transportation through the Union, and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EC) No 1251/2008, (EC) No 119/2009, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010, (EU) No 142/2011, (EU) No 28/2012, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/759 and Commission Decision 2007/777/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

F6 Substituted by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2124 of 10 October 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards rules for official controls of consignments of animals and goods in transit, transhipment and onward transportation through the Union, and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EC) No 1251/2008, (EC) No 119/2009, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010, (EU) No 142/2011, (EU) No 28/2012, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/759 and Commission Decision 2007/777/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

[**F7 Article 17a

Derogation for transit through Croatia of consignments coming from Bosnia and Herzegovina and destined to third countries

1 By way of derogation from Article 16, the direct transit by road through the Union, between the border inspection post of Nova Sela and the border inspection post of Ploče, of consignments coming from Bosnia and Herzegovina and destined to third countries shall be authorised provided that the following conditions are complied with:

a the consignment is sealed with a serially numbered seal by the official veterinarian at the border inspection post of entry[F6.]

[F5(b) F5. . . . . .

(c) F5. . . . . .

(d)]] F5. . . . . .

F52 . . . . . .

F53 . . . . . .

Textual Amendments

F5 Deleted by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2124 of 10 October 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards rules for official controls of consignments of animals and goods in transit, transhipment and onward transportation through the Union, and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EC) No 1251/2008, (EC) No 119/2009, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010, (EU) No 142/2011, (EU) No 28/2012, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/759 and Commission Decision 2007/777/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

F6 Substituted by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2124 of 10 October 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/625 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards rules for official controls of consignments of animals and goods in transit, transhipment and onward transportation through the Union, and amending Commission Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EC) No 1251/2008, (EC) No 119/2009, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010, (EU) No 142/2011, (EU) No 28/2012, Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/759 and Commission Decision 2007/777/EC (Text with EEA relevance).

F7 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 556/2013 of 14 June 2013 amending Regulations (EC) No 798/2008, (EU) No 206/2010, (EU) No 605/2010 and (EU) No 28/2012 as regards the transit of certain products of animal origin from Bosnia and Herzegovina (Text with EEA relevance).

CHAPTER IV

GENERAL, TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 18

Certification

The veterinary certificates required by this Regulation shall be completed in accordance with the explanatory notes set out in Annex V.

However, that requirement shall not preclude the use of electronic certification or of other agreed systems, harmonised at Union level.

Article 19

Transitional provisions

[[F8]For a transitional period those consignments of live animals, except bees coming from the State of Hawaii, and fresh meat intended for human consumption certified before 30 November 2010 in accordance with Decisions 79/542/EEC and 2003/881/EC may continue to be introduced into the Union until 31 May 2011.**]**

Textual Amendments

F8 Substituted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 810/2010 of 15 September 2010 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

Article 20

Repeal

Decision 2003/881/EC is repealed.

Article 21

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

ANNEX I

UNGULATES

[F9PART 1

LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES, TERRITORIES OR PARTS THEREOF0

ISO code and name of third country	Code of Territory	Description of third country, territory or part thereof	Veterinary certificate		Specific conditions
			Model(s)	SG	
1	2	3	4	5	6
[F12]					
[F13CA — Canada	CA-0	Whole country	POR-X, BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y, RUM[b]		**IVb IX V XIII]**[f]
CH – Switzerland	CH-0	Whole country	[c]		
CL – Chile	CL-0	Whole country	BOV-X,OVI-X, RUM		
			POR-X, SUI	**B**	
GL – Greenland	GL-0	Whole country	OVI-X, RUM		**V**
[F14]					
IS – Iceland	IS-0	Whole country	BOV-X, BOV-Y RUM, OVI-X, OVI-Y		
			POR-X, POR-Y	**B**	

a Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for by any relevant agreement between the Union and third countries.

b Exclusively for live animals other than animals belonging to the cervidae species.

c Certificates in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 132).

d [F10]

e Not including Kosovo under UNSCR 1244/99.

f [F11Canada: seasonally free period for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease is between 1 November and 15 May, in accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code.]

g [F12]

ME – Montenegro	ME-0	Whole country			**I**
[F11MK-The Republic of North Macedonia	MK-0	Whole country			**I]**
[F15NZ – New Zealand	NZ-0	Whole country	BOV-X, BOV-Y, RUM, POR-X, POR-Y OVI-X, OVI-Y		**III V XII]**
PM – St Pierre and Miquelon	PM-0	Whole country	BOV-X, BOV-Y, RUM, OVI-X, OVI-Y CAM		
RS – Serbia[e]	RS-0	Whole country			**I**
RU – Russia	RU-0	Whole country			
	RU-1	Whole country except the region of Kaliningrad			
	RU-2	Region of Kaliningrad	BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU		**X**
[F16US – United States	US-0	Whole country	POR-X	D	**]**

a Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for by any relevant agreement between the Union and third countries.

b Exclusively for live animals other than animals belonging to the cervidae species.

c Certificates in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 132).

d **[F10]**

e Not including Kosovo under UNSCR 1244/99.

f **[F11**Canada: seasonally free period for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease is between 1 November and 15 May, in accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code.**]**

g **[F12]**

Textual Amendments

F10 Deleted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1162 of 1 July 2019 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F11 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1162 of 1 July 2019 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F12 Deleted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/384 of 2 March 2017 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F13 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/384 of 2 March 2017 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F14 Deleted by Commission Regulation (EU) No 519/2013 of 21 February 2013 adapting certain regulations and decisions in the fields of free movement of goods, freedom of movement for persons, right of establishment and freedom to provide services, company law, competition policy, agriculture, food safety, veterinary and phytosanitary policy, fisheries, transport policy, energy, taxation, statistics, social policy and employment, environment, customs union, external relations, and foreign, security and defence policy, by reason of the accession of Croatia.

F15 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/604 of 16 April 2015 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards animal health requirements for bovine tuberculosis in the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X and BOV-Y and the entries for Israel, New Zealand and Paraguay in the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of live animals and fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F16 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2013 of 4 February 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the entry for the United States in the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction of live ungulates into the Union, the model veterinary certificate 'POR-X' and the protocols for testing for vesicular stomatitis (Text with EEA relevance).

Specific Conditions (see footnotes in each certificate)

'I' : for transit through the territory of a third country of live animals for immediate slaughter or live bovine animals for fattening which are consigned from a Member State and destined to another Member State in lorries which have been sealed with a serially numbered seal.

The seal number must be entered on the health certificate issued in accordance with the model laid down in Annex F to Directive 64/432/EEC[(27)] for live bovine animals for slaughter and fattening and in accordance with Model I of Annex E to Directive 91/68/EEC[(28)] for ovine and caprine animals for slaughter.

In addition, the seal must be intact on arrival at the designated border inspection post of entry into the Union and the seal number recorded in the integrated computerised veterinary system of the Union (TRACES).

		[[F11]The certificate must be stamped at the exit point of the Union by the competent veterinary authority prior to transiting one or more third countries, with the following wording 'ONLY FOR TRANSIT BETWEEN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE EUROPEAN UNION VIA THE REPUBLIC OF NORTH MACEDONIA/MONTENEGRO/ SERBIA[(29)(30)]'.**]**
		Bovine animals for fattening must be transported directly to the holding of destination designated by the competent veterinary authority of destination. Those animals must not be moved from that holding unless for immediate slaughter.
'II'	:	territory recognised as having an official tuberculosis-free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate BOV-X.
'III'	:	territory recognised as having an official brucellosis-free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate BOV-X.
'IVa'	:	territory recognised as having an official enzootic-bovine-leukosis (EBL) free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate BOV –X.
'IVb'	:	recognised as having officially enzootic-bovine-leukosis (EBL)-free herds equivalent to the requirements set out in Annex D to Directive 64/432/EEC for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate BOV–X.
'V'	:	territory recognised as having an official brucellosis-free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate OVI-X.
'VI'	:	Geographical constraints:
'VII'	:	territory recognised as having an official tuberculosis-free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate RUM.
'VIII'	:	territory recognised as having an official brucellosis-free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate RUM.
'IX'	:	territory recognised as having an official Aujeszky's disease -free status for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of certificate POR-X.
'X'	:	Only for transit through Lithuania of bovine animals for breeding and/ or production from the Kaliningrad region to other regions of Russia.
'**[**[F17]XI'	:	holdings or compartments recognised as applying controlled housing conditions in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005.**]**
'**[**[F18]XII'	:	territory recognised as having officially tuberculosis-free bovine herds equivalent to those recognised based on the conditions laid down in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Annex A.I to Directive 64/432/EEC, for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV-X or BOV-Y.**]**
'**[**[F11]XIII'	:	territory recognised as having an official bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease seasonally free status, for the purpose of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y or RUM.**]**

Textual Amendments

F17 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1218/2014 of 13 November 2014 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards animal health requirements for Trichinella in the model of veterinary certificate for imports into the Union of domestic porcine animals intended for breeding, production or slaughter, and of fresh meat thereof (Text with EEA relevance).

F18 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/604 of 16 April 2015 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards animal health requirements for bovine tuberculosis in the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X and BOV-Y and the entries for Israel, New Zealand and Paraguay in the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of live animals and fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

Textual Amendments

F9 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 644/2012 of 16 July 2012 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements, as regards Russia (Text with EEA relevance).

PART 2

Models of Veterinary Certificates

Models

'BOV-X'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for breeding and/or production after importation.
'BOV-Y'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for immediate slaughter after importation.
'BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for transit from the region of Kaliningrad to other regions of Russia via the territory of Lithuania.
'OVI-X'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic ovine animals (Ovis aries) and domestic caprine animals (Capra hircus) intended for breeding and/or production after importation.
'OVI-Y'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic ovine animals (Ovis aries) and domestic caprine animals (Capra hircus) intended for immediate slaughter after importation.
'[F19POR-X'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic porcine animals (Sus scrofa) intended for breeding and/or production after importation or intended for transit through the Union from one third country to another third country.]
'POR-Y'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for domestic porcine animals (Sus scrofa) intended for immediate slaughter after importation.
'RUM'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds), Ovis aries, Capra hircus, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae.

‘SUI’ : Model of veterinary certificate for non-domestic Suidae, Tayassuidae and Tapiridae.

‘CAM’ : Model of specific attestation for animals imported from St Pierre and Miquelon under the conditions provided for in Part 7 of Annex I.

Textual Amendments

F19 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 102/2013 of 4 February 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the entry for the United States in the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction of live ungulates into the Union, the model veterinary certificate ‘POR-X’ and the protocols for testing for vesicular stomatitis (Text with EEA relevance).

SG (Supplementary guarantees)

‘[F13A’ : guarantees regarding Bluetongue and Epizootic-haemorrhagic-disease tests on animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificates BOV-X (point II.2.1.(d)), OVI-X (point II.2.1.(d)) and RUM (point II.2.1.(c)).]

‘B’ : guarantees regarding Swine-vesicular-disease and Classical-swine-fever tests on animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificates POR-X (point II.2.4 B) and SUI (point II.2.4 B).

‘C’ : guarantees regarding Brucellosis test on animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificates POR-X (point II.2.4 C) and SUI (point II.2.4 C).

‘[F19D’ : guarantees regarding vesicular stomatitis test on animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificate POR-X (point II.2.1(b)).]]

[F20[F15[F11Model BOV-X]]

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.02**	
		I.20. Quantity	
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages	

I.23. Seal/Container No					I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐					
I.26.			I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐		
I.28. Identification of the commodities					
Species (scientific name)	Breed	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1 Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the past 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the past 30 days in the case of anthrax and for the past six months in the case of rabies, and, have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— estrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC);

II.1.3. with regard to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE):

(a) the animals are identified by a permanent identification system enabling them to be traced back to the dam and herd of origin, and they have not been exposed to the following animals:

(i) any BSE cases,

(ii) bovine animals which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE cases during their first year of life, and which investigation has shown consumed the same potentially contaminated feed during that period, or

(iii) if the results of the investigation referred to in indent (ii) are inconclusive, bovine animals born in the same herd as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE cases;

([1]) ([2]) either [(b) if there have been BSE indigenous cases in the country concerned, the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

([1]) ([3]) or [(b) the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

([1]) ([4]) or [(b) the animals were born at least two years after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

II.2. Animal Health attestation:

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... ([5]) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

([1]) either [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease,]

([1]) or [(a) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks after that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No ----/----, of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy),]

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(b) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia and lumpy skin disease and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis,

(c) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against the diseases mentioned in points (a), (b) and epizootic haemorrhagic disease has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

([1]) either [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue and 12 months for epizootic haemorrhagic disease;]

([1]) ([9]) or [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have reacted negatively to a serological test for the detection of antibody for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, carried out on two occasions on samples of blood taken at the beginning of the isolation/quarantine period and at least 28 days later, on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days before export;]

([1]) or [(d) has been free for 12 months from epizootic haemorrhagic disease and has not been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine, at least 60 days before the date of dispatch to the Union, against all bluetongue serotype/s ... (insert serotype/s) which are those present in the source population as demonstrated through a surveillance programme ([12]) in an area with a 150 km radius around the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11., and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine;]

([1]) ([13]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory since birth or for at least 60 days prior to shipment;]

([1]) ([13]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 28 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a serological test according to the OIE Manual for detection of antibodies for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, carried out at least 28 days after the start of the residence period;]

([1]) ([13]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 14 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a PCR test for bluetongue virus and epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus according to the OIE Manual, carried out at least 14 days after the start of the residence period;]

II.2.2. they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1. since birth, or for at least the last six months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

II.2.3. they have remained since birth or at least 40 days before dispatch in the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11.:

(a) in and around which, in an area with a 150 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days,

(b) in and around which, in an area with a 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, bluetongue, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease and, vesicular stomatitis during the previous 40 days;

II.2.4. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to under point II.2.1.(a) and (b);

II.2.5. they come from herds that are not restricted under the national legislation pertaining to the eradication of tuberculosis, brucellosis and enzootic bovine leukosis;

II.2.6. they come from herds recognised as officially tuberculosis-free ([6]) ([6b]);

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

and (1) (7) either [come from a region which is recognised as officially tuberculosis-free (6);]

(1) or [have been subjected to an intradermal tuberculin test (8) carried out with negative results within the past 30 days before dispatch to the Union;]

(1) or [are less than six weeks old;]

II.2.7. they have not been vaccinated against brucellosis and come from herds recognised as officially brucellosis-free (6),

and (1) (7) either [come from a region which is recognised as officially brucellosis-free (6);]

(1) or [have been subjected to at least one test for bovine brucellosis (8) carried out on samples taken within the past 30 days before dispatch to the Union;]

(1) or [are less than 12 months old;]

(1) or [are castrated males of any age;]

(1) either [II.2.8. they come from herds included in an official system for the control of enzootic bovine leukosis, and in which there has been no evidence either clinical or as a result of a laboratory test of this disease during the past two years,]

(1) or [II.2.8. they come from herds recognised as officially enzootic-bovine-leukosis-free (6) (6a),]

and (1) (7) either [come from a region which is recognised as officially enzootic-bovine-leukosis-free (6);]

(1) or [have been subjected to an individual test for enzootic bovine leukosis (8) carried out with negative result on samples taken within the past 30 days before dispatch to the Union;]

(1) or [are less than 12 months old;]

II.2.9. they are/were (1) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market:

(1) either [directly to the Union,]

(1) or [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13. situated within the territory described under point II.2.1.,]

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate,

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which, within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.;

II.2.10. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.11. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.12. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (10) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15. that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. Animal transport attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

([1]) ([11]) [**II.4. Specific requirements**

II.4.1. According to official information, no clinical or pathological evidence of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR) has been recorded in the holding(s) of origin referred to in box reference I.11., for the last 12 months;

II.4.2. the animals referred to in box reference I.28.:

(a) have been isolated in accommodation approved by the competent authority for the last 30 days immediately prior to dispatch for export,

(b) have been subjected to a serological test for IBR on sera taken at least 21 days after entry into isolation, with negative results, and all animals in isolation have also given negative results to this test,

(c) have not been vaccinated against IBR.]

Notes

This certificate is meant for domestic bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for breeding and/or production.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the holding of destination where they shall remain for a minimum period of 30 days before further movement outside the holding, except in the case of a dispatch to a slaughterhouse.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: Identification system: The animals must bear:

An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder).

An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Species: Select amongst “Bos”, “Bison” and “Bubalus” as appropriate.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex: (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Breed: select purebred, crossbreed.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate.

([2]) Only if the animals were born and continuously reared in a country or region or countries or regions classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as countries or regions posing a negligible BSE risk.

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

([3]) Only if the country or region of origin is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a controlled BSE risk.

([4]) Only if the country or region of origin has been classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing an undetermined BSE risk.

([5]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010

([6]) Officially tuberculosis/brucellosis-free regions and herds as laid down in Annex A to Directive 64/432/EEC; and enzootic-bovine-leukosis-free regions and herds as laid down in Chapter I of Annex D to Directive 64/432/EEC.

([6a]) Only for officially enzootic-bovine-leukosis-free herds recognised as equivalent to the requirements as laid down in Chapter I of Annex D to Directive 64/432/EEC for the purpose of exports to the EU of live animals according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV-X from the territory that, in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, appears with the entry "**IVb**" as regards enzootic bovine leukosis.

([6b]) Only for a territory appearing with entry "**XII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 indicating that bovine herds officially declared tuberculosis-free are recognised based on equivalent conditions to those laid down in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Annex A.I to Directive 64/432/EEC for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV-X.

([7]) Only for a territory that, in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, appears with the entry "**II**", as regards tuberculosis, "**III**", as regards brucellosis, and/or "**IVa**" as regards enzootic bovine leukosis.

([8]) Tests carried out in accordance with the protocols that, for the disease concerned, are described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([9]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 "SG" of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry "**A**".

Tests for bluetongue and for epizootic haemorrhagic disease in accordance with Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([10]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes reference I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

([11]) When required by the EU Member State of destination or Switzerland, in accordance with Decision 2004/558/EC and in accordance with the Agreement between the Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 132).

([12]) Surveillance programme as laid down in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 (OJ L 283, 27.10.2007, p. 37).

([13]) Only for a territory appearing with entry "**XIII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, indicating an official bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease seasonally free status. In accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code, the seasonally free period is taken to conclude immediately if current climatic data or data from surveillance programme indicate an earlier resurgence of activity of adult Culicoides.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model BOV-Y

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.02**	
			I.20. Quantity
I.21.			I.22. Number of packages
I.23. Seal/Container No			I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Slaughter ☐			
I.26.		I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐	

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Breed	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model BOV-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1. Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax, for the last 6 months in the case of rabies, and, have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC).

►(1) II.1.3. with regard to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE):

(a) the animals are identified by a permanent identification system enabling them to be traced back to the dam and herd of origin, and have not been exposed to the following animals:

(i) any BSE cases;

(ii) bovine animals which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE cases during their first year of life, and which investigation has shown consumed the same potentially contaminated feed during that period; or

(iii) if the results of the investigation referred to in indent (ii) are inconclusive, bovine animals born in the same herd as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE cases;

(1) (2) *either* [(b) if there have been BSE indigenous cases in the country concerned, the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

(1) (3) *or* [(b) the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

(1) (4) *or* [(b) the animals were born at least two years after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced or after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]◄

II.2. Animal Health attestation:

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: .....(5) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(1) either [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease]

(1) or [(a) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks after that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) ----/----, of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy),]

(b) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis,

(c) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against the diseases mentioned in points (a) and (b) has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

(1) either [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue;]

COUNTRY **Model BOV-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(1) or [(d) has not been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine, at least 60 days before the date of dispatch to the Union, against all bluetongue serotype/s … (insert serotype/s) which are those present in the source population as demonstrated through a surveillance programme (9) in an area with a 150 km radius around the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11, and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine;]

II.2.2. they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last 3 months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

II.2.3. they have remained since birth or at least 40 days before dispatch in the holding(s) described under box reference I.11:

(a) in and around which, in an area with a 150 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days, and

(b) in and around which, in an area with a 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, bluetongue, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease and, vesicular stomatitis during the previous 40 days;

II.2.4. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1(a) and (b);

II.2.5. they come from herds:

(a) included in an official system for the control of enzootic bovine leukosis, and

(b) that are not restricted under the national legislation regarding eradication of tuberculosis and brucellosis, and

(c) recognised as officially tuberculosis free; (6) (6a)

II.2.6. they have not been vaccinated against brucellosis and they:

(1) either [come from herds which are recognised as officially brucellosis free;] (6)

(1) or [are castrated males of any age;]

II.2.7. they are individually marked on at least two places on their hindquarters as to show that they are exclusively intended for immediate slaughter; (7)

II.2.8. they are/were (1) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market:

(1) either [directly to the Union,]

(1) or [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13 situated within the territory described under point II.2.1]

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.9. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.10. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.11. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (8) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15 above that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

COUNTRY **Model BOV-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.3. Animal transport attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

Notes

This certificate is meant for live bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for immediate slaughter.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination to be slaughtered within five working days.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: Identification system: the animals must bear:

An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder).

An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Species: Select amongst "Bos", "Bison" and "Bubalus" as appropriate.

Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yyyy).

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

►(1) (2) Only if the animals were born and continuously reared in a country or region or countries or regions classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as countries or regions posing a negligible BSE risk.

(3) Only if the country or region of origin is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a controlled BSE risk.

(4) Only if the country or region of origin has been classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing an undetermined BSE risk. ◄

(5) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(6) Officially tuberculosis/brucellosis free regions and herds as laid down in Annex A to Directive 64/432/EEC.

(6a) Only for a territory appearing with entry "**XII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 indicating that bovine herds officially declared tuberculosis-free are recognised based on equivalent conditions to those laid down in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Annex A.I to Directive 64/432/EEC for the purposes of exports to the Union of live animals certified according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV-Y.

(7) This mark shall take the form of "**L**" having 13 cm in the left side and 7 cm in the bottom side with 1 cm of strength in both lines. It shall be applied using the technique known as "freeze-branding".

(8) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(9) Surveillance programme as laid down in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 (OJ L 283, 27.10.2007, p. 37).

COUNTRY **Model BOV-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
Official veterinarian Name (in capital letters): Date: Stamp:	Qualification and title: Signature:	

[F21Model BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU]]

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.	I.2. Certificate reference No / I.2.a. I.3. Central competent authority I.4. Local competent authority
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.	I.6. Person responsible for the load in EU Name Address Postal code Tel.
I.7. Country of origin Russia — ISO code I.8. Region of origin Kaliningrad — Code	I.9. Country of destination Russia — ISO code I.10. Region of destination — Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Address Postal code	I.12.
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number	I.14. Date of departure
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references	I.16. Entry BIP in EU Kybartai road — Lithuania I.17.
I.18. Description of commodity	I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.02** I.20. Quantity
I.21.	I.22. Number of packages
I.23. Seal/Container No	I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐	
I.26. For transit through EU to third country ☐ Third country Russian Federation ISO code RU	I.27.

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Breed	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU**

Part II: Certification

II. **Health information**	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.

II.1. **Animal Health attestation:**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in Part I meet the following requirements:

II.1.1. they come from the territory with code: RU-2 (2) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(1) *either* [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease;]

(1) *or* [(a) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks after that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy);]

(b) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis;

(c) where, during the last 12 months, no vaccination against the diseases referred to in points (a) and (b) has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

(1) *either* [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue;]

(1) *or* [(d) has not been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine, at least 60 days before the date of the movement, against all bluetongue serotype/s ..... (insert serotype/s) which are those present in the source population as demonstrated through a surveillance programme (4) in an area with a 150 km radius around the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11., and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine;]

(1) *either* [II.1.2. they are of European Union origin and they were introduced from the European Union into the territory with code RU-2 on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and, since that date, they have been kept in facilities where only animals of European Union origin are kept;]

(1) *or* [II.1.2. they have remained in the territory with code RU-2 since birth, or for at least the last six months before the date of dispatch via the European Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;]

II.1.3. they have remained [since birth or at least 40 days before the date of dispatch (5) in the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11.:

(a) in and around which, in an area with a 150 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days;

(b) in and around which, in an area with a 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, bluetongue, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease and vesicular stomatitis during the previous 40 days;

II.1.4. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to under point II.1.1., (a) and (b), and:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate;

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which, within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.1.1.;

II.1.5. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.1.6. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.1.7. they have been loaded for dispatch to Russia via the European Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (3) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15. above that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation;

II.1.8. the consignment is intended to leave the European Union at the designated Border Inspection Post Medininkai, Lithuania.

COUNTRY **Model BOV-X-TRANSIT-RU**

II. **Health information**	II.a. Certificate reference No	II.b.

II.2. **Animal transport attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in Part I have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

Notes:

This certificate is meant for transit through the European Union of domestic bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds) intended for breeding and/or production coming from the region of Kaliningrad and destined to other parts of Russia.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8.: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13.: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number of road vehicle is to be provided. In case an emergency, the consignor must immediately inform the Border Inspection Post of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23.: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) must be included.

— Box reference I.28.: Identification system: the animals must bear:

  — An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder).

  — An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

— Box reference I.28.: Species: select amongst "Bos", "Bison" and "Bubalus" as appropriate.

— Box reference I.28.: Age: date of birth (dd/mm/yy).

— Box reference I.28.: Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

— Box reference I.28.: Breed: select purebred, cross-breed.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(3) Date of loading. Transit of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for transit to Russia via the European Union from this third country, territory or part thereof referred to in Boxes I.7., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the European Union against transit of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof via the European Union.

(4) Surveillance programme as laid down in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007.

(5) Delete the text in square brackets if the second option for point II.1.2. is deleted.

Official veterinarian/Official inspector

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

[F11Model OVI-X]

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code)	
		I.20. Quantity	
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages	

I.23. Seal/Container No					I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐					
I.26.			I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐		
I.28. Identification of the commodities					
Species (scientific name)	Breed	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1 Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax, for the last six months in the case of rabies, and, have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not comply with these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— estrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC);

II.2. Animal Health attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... ([1]) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

([2]) *either* [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease,]

([2]) *or* [(a) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks after that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No ----/----, of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy),]

(b) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox and contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis,

(c) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against the diseases mentioned in points (a), (b) and epizootic haemorrhagic disease has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;]

([2]) *either* [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue and 12 months for epizootic haemorrhagic disease;]

([2]) ([7]) *or* [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have reacted negatively to a serological test for the detection of antibody for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, carried out on two occasions on samples of blood taken at the beginning of the isolation/quarantine period and at least 28 days later, on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days before export;]

([2]) *or* [(d) has been free for 12 months from epizootic haemorrhagic disease and has not been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine, at least 60 days before the date of dispatch to the Union, against all bluetongue serotype/s … (insert serotype/s) which are those present in the source population as demonstrated through a surveillance programme ([9]) in an area with a 150 km radius around the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11., and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine;]

([2]) ([10]) *or* [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory since birth or for at least 60 days prior to shipment;]

([2]) ([10]) *or* [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 28 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a serological test according to the OIE Manual for detection of antibodies for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, carried out at least 28 days after the start of the residence period;]

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(2) (10) *or* [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 14 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a PCR test for bluetongue virus and epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus according to the OIE Manual, carried out at least 14 days after the start of the residence period;]

II.2.2. they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1. since birth, or for at least the last six months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

II.2.3. they have remained since birth or at least 40 days in the holding(s) described under box reference I.11. before dispatch:

(a) in and around which, in an area with a 150 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days, and

(b) in and around which, in an area with a 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, bluetongue, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and vesicular stomatitis during the previous 40 days;

II.2.4. according to my knowledge and to the written declaration made by the owner, the animals:

(a) do not come from holdings, and have not been in contact with animals of a holding, in which the following diseases have been clinically detected:

(i) contagious agalactia of sheep or goats (*Mycoplasma agalactiae, Mycoplasma capricolum, Mycoplasma mycoides var. mycoides* large colony), within the last six months,

(ii) paratuberculosis and caseous lymphadenitis, within the last 12 months,

(iii) pulmonary adenomatosis, within the last three years, and

(iv) Maedi/Visna or caprine viral arthritis/encephalitis:

(2) *either* [within the last three years,]

(2) *or* [within the last 12 months, and all the infected animals were slaughtered and the remaining animals subsequently reacted negatively to two tests carried out at least six months apart,]

(b) are included in an official system for notification of these diseases, and

(c) have been free from clinical or other evidence of tuberculosis and brucellosis during the three years prior to export;

II.2.5. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.(a) and (b);

II.2.6. they originate:

(2) (3) *either* [from the territory described under box reference I.8., which has been recognised as officially brucellosis-free;]

(2) *or* [from the holding(s) described under box reference I.11., where, in respect of brucellosis (*Brucella melitensis*):

(a) all susceptible animals have been free from clinical or any signs of this disease for the last 12 months,

(b) a representative number of the domestic ovine and caprine animals over an age of six months are submitted each year to a serological test, (4)]

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II. Health information				II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
	(2) (5) *either*	[(c)	all domestic ovine or caprine animals have not been vaccinated against this disease, save those vaccinated with Rev. 1 vaccine more than two years ago;		
		(d)	the last two tests (6), separated by an interval of at least six months, carried out on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) on all domestic ovine and caprine animals over six months of age gave negative results, and]		
	(2) *or*	[(c)	domestic ovine or caprine animals under the age of 7 months are vaccinated against this disease with Rev. 1 vaccine;		
		(d)	the last two tests (6), separated by an interval of at least six months, carried out: on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) on all non-vaccinated domestic ovine and caprine animals over six months of age, and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) on all vaccinated domestic ovine and caprine animals over 18 months of age gave negative results, and]		
		(e)	there are only domestic ovine and caprine animals that comply with the above conditions and requirements;		
	(2) [II.2.7.		the uncastrated rams have been kept continuously during the previous 60 days in a holding where no case of contagious epididymitis (*Brucella ovis*) has been diagnosed in the last 12 months and, these rams have undergone during the previous 30 days a complement fixation test to detect contagious epididymitis with a result of less than 50 IU/ml;]		
	II.2.8.		they have been kept continuously since birth in a country where the following conditions are fulfilled:		
		(a)	classical scrapie is compulsorily notifiable;		
		(b)	an awareness, surveillance and monitoring system for classical scrapie is in place;		
		(c)	ovine and caprine animals affected with classical scrapie are killed and completely destroyed;		
		(d)	the feeding to ovine and caprine animals of meat-and-bone meal or greaves of ruminant origin has been banned and effectively enforced in the whole country for a period of at least the last seven years, and		
(2) *either*	[II.2.8.1		they are animals intended for production and they are destined for a Member State other than those with a negligible risk status for classical scrapie approved in accordance with point 2.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or other than those which are listed in point 3.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as having an approved national scrapie control programme;]		
(2) *or*	[II.2.8.1		they are animals intended for breeding and they are destined for a Member State other than those with a negligible risk status for classical scrapie approved in accordance with point 2.2 of section A of chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or other than those which are listed in point 3.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as having an approved national scrapie control programme and:		
	(2) *either*		[they come from a holding or holdings that have complied with the requirements laid down in point 1.3 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;]		
	(2) *or*		[they are ovine animals of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype and they come from a holding where no official movement restriction has been imposed due to BSE or classical scrapie during the last two years;]]		
(2) *or*	[II.2.8.1		they are destined for a Member State with a negligible risk status for classical scrapie approved in accordance with point 2.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or for a Member State listed in point 3.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as having an approved national scrapie control programme, and:		
	(2) *either*		[they come from a holding or holdings that have complied with the requirements laid down in point 1.2 of Section A of Chapter A of Annex VIII to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;]		

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(2) *or* [they are ovine animals of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype and they come from a holding where no official movement restriction has been imposed due to BSE or classical scrapie during the last two years;]]

II.2.9. they are/were (2) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market,

(2) *either* [directly to the Union,]

(2) *or* [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13. situated within the territory described under point II.2.1.,]

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.;

II.2.10. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.11. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.12. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (8) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15. that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. Animal transport attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

Notes

This certificate is meant for live domestic ovine animals (*Ovis aries*) and domestic caprine animals (*Capra hircus*) intended for breeding or production.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the holding of destination where they shall remain for a minimum period of 30 days before further movement outside the holding, except in the case of a dispatch to a slaughterhouse.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8.: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13.: The assembly centre, if any, must comply with the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19.: Use the appropriate HS code: 01.04.10 or 01.04.20.

— Box reference I.23.: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

— Box reference I.28.: *Identification system*: The animals must bear:

An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal.

An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Species: Select amongst "*Ovis aries*" and "*Capra hircus*" as appropriate.

Age: (months).

Sex: (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Part II:

([1]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([2]) Keep as appropriate.

([3]) Only for a territory appearing with the entry "**V**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([4]) The representative number of animals to be tested for brucellosis must, for each holding, consist of:

all non-castrated male animals, which have not been vaccinated against brucellosis, over six months old,

all non-castrated male animals, which have been vaccinated against brucellosis, over 18 months old,

all animals brought onto the holding since the previous tests, and

25 % of females which are sexually mature, within a minimum of 50 females.

([5]) This must be completed when the destination is a Member State or part of a Member State listed in one of the Annexes Decision 93/52/EEC.

([6]) In accordance with Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

Where more than one holding of origin is involved the date of the most recent test on each holding must be clearly indicated.

([7]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 "SG" of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry "**A**". Tests for Bluetongue and for Epizootic-haemorrhagic-disease in accordance with Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([8]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes reference I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

([9]) Surveillance programme as laid down in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 (OJ L 283, 27.10.2007, p. 37).

([10]) Only for a territory appearing with entry "**XIII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, indicating an official bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease seasonally free status. In accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code, the seasonally free period is taken to conclude immediately if current climatic data or data from surveillance programme indicate an earlier resurgence of activity of adult Culicoides.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

[F11Model OVI-Y]

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code)	
		I.20. Quantity	
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages	

I.23. Seal/Container No					I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Slaughter ☐					
I.26.		I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐			
I.28. Identification of the commodities					
Species (scientific name)	Breed	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model OVI-Y**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1 Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax, for the last six months in the case of rabies, and, have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— estrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC);

II.2. Animal Health attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... ([1]) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

([2]) either [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease,]

([2]) or [(a) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks after that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No ----/----, of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy),]

(b) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox and contagious caprine pleuropneumonia, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis,

(c) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against the diseases mentioned in points (a), (b) and epizootic haemorrhagic disease has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

([2]) either [(d) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue and 12 months for epizootic haemorrhagic disease;]

([2]) or [(d) has been free 12 months for epizootic haemorrhagic disease and has not been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine, at least 60 days before the date of dispatch to the Union, against all bluetongue serotype/s … (insert serotype/s) which are those present in the source population as demonstrated through a surveillance programme ([5]) in an area with a 150 km radius around the holding(s) of origin described under box reference I.11., and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine;]

([2]) ([3]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory since birth or for at least 60 days prior to shipment;]

([2]) ([3]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 28 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a serological test according to the OIE Manual for detection of antibodies for bluetongue, carried out at least 28 days after the start of the residence period;]

([2]) ([3]) or [(d) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 14 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a PCR test for bluetongue virus according to the OIE Manual, carried out at least 14 days after the start of the residence period;]

II.2.2. they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1. since birth, or for at least the last three months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.3. they have remained since birth or at least 40 days before dispatch in the holding(s) described under box reference I.11.:

(a) in and around which in an area with a 150 km radius there has been no case/outbreak of epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days, and

(b) in and around which, in an area with a 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, bluetongue, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox; contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and vesicular stomatitis during the previous 40 days;

II.2.4. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.(a) and (b);

II.2.5. they are/were (2) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market,

(2) either [directly to the Union]

(2) or [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13. situated within the territory described under point II.2.1.,]

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.;

II.2.6. they have been kept continuously since birth in a country where the following conditions are fulfilled:

(a) classical scrapie is compulsorily notifiable;

(b) an awareness, surveillance and monitoring system for classical scrapie is in place;

(c) ovine and caprine animals affected with classical scrapie are killed and completely destroyed;

(d) the feeding to ovine and caprine animals of meat-and-bone meal or greaves of ruminant origin has been banned and effectively enforced in the whole country for a period of at least the last seven years;

II.2.7. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.8. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.9. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (4) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15 that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. Animal transport attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

Notes

This certificate is meant for live domestic ovine animals (Ovis aries) and domestic caprine animals (Capra hircus) intended for immediate slaughter after importation.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination to be slaughtered within five working days.

COUNTRY **Model OVI-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 01.04.10 or 01.04.20.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: Identification system: The animals must bear:

An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal.

An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Species: Select amongst *"Ovis aries"* and *"Capra hircus"* as appropriate.

Age: months.

Sex: (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Part II:

(1) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(2) Keep as appropriate.

(3) Only for a territory appearing with entry "**XIII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, indicating an official bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease seasonally free status. In accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code, the seasonally free period is taken to conclude immediately if current climatic data or data from surveillance programme indicate an earlier resurgence of activity of adult Culicoides.

(4) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes reference I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(5) Surveillance programme as laid down in Annex I to Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 (OJ L 283, 27.10.2007, p. 37.).

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

[F19Model POR-X]

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel.

I.2. Certificate reference No | I.2.a.

I.3. Central competent authority

I.4. Local competent authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel.

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address
Approval number

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification
Documentary references

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)
01.03

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Breeding ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model POR-X**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax and for the past six months in the case of rabies and, the animals have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β-agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnic treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC).

▶(1) (2) (10) [II.1.3. are domestic porcine animals either coming from a holding officially recognised as applying controlled housing conditions in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 or are not weaned and less than 5 weeks of age.] ◀

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... (1) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(2) *either* [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease, for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease and vesicular exanthema, and]

(2) *or* [(a) (i) has been free [for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease] (2), for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, vesicular exanthema, [classical swine fever] (2) and [swine vesicular disease] (2), and

(ii) has been considered free from [foot-and-mouth disease] (2), [classical swine fever] (2) and [swine vesicular disease] (2), since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks from that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Regulation (EU) No .../... of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), and]

(2) *either* [(b) for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis, and]

(2) (9) *or* [(b) the animals have been kept for the 21 days, or since birth if younger than 21 days of age, prior to entering the pre-export quarantine in a holding in which no case of vesicular stomatitis was officially reported during that period and during the pre-export quarantine of not less than 30 days prior to shipment in a quarantine station protected from vector insects where they were subjected with negative results at a serum dilution of 1 in 32 to a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis carried out as referred to in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 on samples taken at least 21 days after commencement of the quarantine; and]

(c) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against these diseases has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

II.2.2. they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last six months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

II.2.3. they have remained in the holding(s) described under box reference I.11 since birth, or for at least 40 days prior to dispatch, and, during this period, in the holding(s) and in an area with a 10 km radius around the holding(s) of origin, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.4. A they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

(2) (3) [II.2.4. B they have been subjected within the past 30 days to a test for swine vesicular disease antibodies and a test for classical swine fever antibodies with negative results in both cases;]

(2) (4) [II.2.4. C they have been subjected within the past 30 days to a buffered Brucella antigen test for porcine brucellosis with negative results;]

II.2.5 they come from herds which are not restricted under the national brucellosis eradication programme;

II.2.6 they are/were (2) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market,

(2) *either* [directly to the Union,]

(2) *or* [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13 situated within the territory described under point II.2.1,]

COUNTRY **Model POR-X**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 40 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1, and

(c) in the case the country has not been free for 6 months of vesicular stomatitis, they were transported to the place of loading protected from vector insects;

II.2.7. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.8. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.9. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) ([5]) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15 that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. **Animal transport attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

([2]) ([6]) [II.4. **Specific requirements**

II.4.1. Aujeszky's disease is notifiable in the country referred to in box reference I.7;

II.4.2. according to official information, no clinical, pathological or serological evidence of Aujeszky's disease has been recorded for the last 12 months in the holding(s) of origin referred to in box reference I.11., and in those holdings situated in its vicinity within 5 km;

II.4.3. the animals referred to in box reference I.28:

(a) prior to dispatch for exportation, have remained since birth in the holding(s) of origin referred to in box reference I.11. or they have remained in this(ese) holdings(s) for the last 3 months and in others of equivalent status since birth,

(b) have been isolated in accommodation approved by the competent authority for the last 30 days immediately prior to dispatch for export, without direct or indirect contact with other Suidae animals,

(c) have been subjected to an ELISA test for the presence of Ig ([7]) on sera taken at least 21 days after entry into isolation, with negative results; and, all animals in isolation have also given negative results to this test, and

(d) have not been vaccinated against Aujeszky's disease and have not been in contact with vaccinated animals and the herd of origin has not been vaccinated during the previous 12 months.]

([2]) ([8]) [II.4.4. ..... (further requirements and/or tests)
.....]

Notes

This certificate is meant for live domestic porcine animals (*Sus scrofa*) intended for breeding or production.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the holding of destination where they shall remain for a minimum period of 30 days before further movement outside the holding, except in the case of animals dispatched directly to a slaughterhouse or of animals transiting the Union from one third country to another third country.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

COUNTRY **Model POR-X**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28.: *Identification system*: the animals must bear:

— An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder).

— An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

— Box reference I.28: *Age*: months.

— Box reference I.28.: *Sex* (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Part II:

([1]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([2]) Keep as appropriate.

([3]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry **'B'**.

([4]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry **'C'**.

([5]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

([6]) When required by the EU Member State of destination or Switzerland, in accordance with Decision 2008/185/EC and the Agreement between the Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 132) except for those countries with **'IX'** in column 6 'Specific conditions' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([7]) To be carried out according to the standards laid down in Annex III to Decision 2008/185/EC. In the case of pigs aged over 4 months, the test used shall be the whole virus ELISA.

([8]) Further requirements requested by Finland in respect of transmissible gastro-enteritis.

([9]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry **'D'**.

▶(1) ([10]) Only for third countries with the entry 'XI' in column 6 'Specific conditions' in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model POR-Y

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address Approval number

I.14. Date of departure time of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.03**

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Slaughter ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model POR-Y**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1 come from holdings which have been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax and for the past six months in the case of rabies and, the animals have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2 have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnic treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC).

▶(1) (2) (5) [II.1.3 are domestic porcine animals either coming from a holding officially recognised as applying controlled housing conditions in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 or are not weaned and less than 5 weeks of age.] ◀

II.2. Animal Health attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1 they come from the territory with code: ..... (1) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(2) *either* [(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease, for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease and vesicular exanthema, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis, and]

(2) *or* [(a) (i) has been free [for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease] (2), for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, vesicular exanthema, [classical swine fever] (2) and [swine vesicular disease] (2), and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis, and

(ii) has been considered free from [foot-and-mouth disease] (2), [classical swine fever] (2) and [swine vesicular disease] (2), since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks from that date, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) , and]

(b) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against these diseases has been carried out and imports of domestic cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted.

II.2.2 they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last three months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with imported cloven-hoofed animals for the last 30 days;

II.2.3 they have remained in the holding(s) described under box reference I.11 since birth, or for at least 40 days prior to dispatch, and, during this period, in the holding(s) and in an area with a 10 km radius around the holding(s) of origin, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.4 they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.5 they are/were (2) dispatched from their holding(s) of origin, without passing through any market,

(2) *either* [directly to the Union,]

(2) *or* [to the officially authorised assembly centre described under box reference I.13 situated within the territory described under point II.2.1,]

and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 40 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

COUNTRY **Model POR-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.6 any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.7 they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.8 they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) ([3]) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15 that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. **Animal transport attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

([2]) ([4]) [II.4. **Specific requirements**

II.4.1 Aujeszky's disease is notifiable in the country referred to in box reference I.7;

II.4.2 according to official information, no clinical, pathological or serological evidence of Aujeszky's disease has been recorded in the holding(s) of origin referred to in box reference I.11, for the last 3 months;

II.4.3 the animals referred to in box reference I.28:

(a) have remained in the holding(s) of origin referred to in box reference I.11 since birth or for the last 60 days prior to dispatch for exportation, and

(b) have not been vaccinated against Aujeszky's disease.]

Notes

This certificate is meant for live domestic porcine animals (*Sus scrofa*) intended for immediate slaughter after importation.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination to be slaughtered within five working days.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Identification system*: The animals must bear:

  — An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal.

  — An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

— Box reference I.28: *Age*: months.

— Box reference I.28: *Sex* (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

COUNTRY **Model POR-Y**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II:

(1) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(2) Keep as appropriate.

(3) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(4) When required by the EU Member State of destination, in accordance with Decision 2008/185/EC.

▶(1)(5) Only for third countries with the entry 'XI' in column 6 'Specific conditions' in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

[F11Model RUM]

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17. No(s) of CITES	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code)	
		I.20. Quantity	
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages	

I.23. Seal/Container No				I.24.
I.25. Commodities certified for: Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐ Slaughter ☐				
I.26.		I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐		
I.28. Identification of the commodities				
Species (scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model RUM**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1 Public Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1. come from a holding which has been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis and tuberculosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax, for the last six months in the case of rabies, and, have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2. have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— estrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β- agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC);

II.2. Animal Health Attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... ([1]) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease, for 12 months from rinderpest, Rift valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox and contagious caprine pleuropneumonia, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis,

(b) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, Rift valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox and goat pox, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and during the last 24 months no vaccination against bluetongue has been carried out and imports of cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted,

([2]) either [(c) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue and 12 months for epizootic haemorrhagic disease;]

([2]) ([6]) or [(c) has been free for 24 months from bluetongue, and the animals have reacted negatively to a serological test for the detection of antibodies for bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease, carried out on two occasions on samples of blood taken at the beginning of the isolation/quarantine period and at least 28 days later, on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), the second of which must have been taken within 10 days before export;]

([2]) ([9]) or [(c) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory since birth or for at least 60 days prior to shipment;]

([2]) ([9]) or [(c) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 28 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a serological test according to the OIE Manual for detection of antibodies for bluetongue, carried out at least 28 days after the start of the residence period;]

([2]) ([9]) or [(c) is seasonally free of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease and the animals have been kept during the seasonally free period in the seasonally free territory for at least 14 days prior to shipment, and have reacted negatively to a PCR test for bluetongue virus according to the OIE Manual, carried out at least 14 days after the start of the residence period;]

II.2.2. they have remained

([2]) either [in the territory described under point II.2.1. since birth, or for at least the last six months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with cloven-hoofed animals imported into this territory less than six months ago;]

COUNTRY **Model RUM**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(2) or [in the country of dispatch for at least 60 days since entry, if they are animals of the relevant species listed in Part 7 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 and they were imported directly under the conditions specified for each species in Part 7 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 from a third country during a period of less than six months prior to embarkation to the Union and in any case they have been separated from other animals not of the same health status after being released in the exporting country and before exportation to the Union (3);]

II.2.3. they have remained since birth or at least 40 days before dispatch in the holding/establishment (2) described under boxes reference I.11. and I.13.:

(a) in and around which in an area of radius of 150 km, there has been no case/outbreak of bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease during the previous 60 days, and

(b) in and around which in an area of 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of the other diseases referred to in point II.2.1. during the previous 40 days;

II.2.4. they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor have they been vaccinated against any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1., and they:

(2) (4) either [come from a herd which is recognised as officially tuberculosis free, and]

(2) (5) or [have been subjected to an intradermal tuberculin test within the past 30 days with negative results, and]

they have not been vaccinated against brucellosis and they:

(2) (4) either [come from a herd which is recognised as officially brucellosis free;]

(2) (5) or [have been subjected to a serum agglutination test which showed a brucella count of less than 30 IU of agglutination per ml, within the past 30 days;]

(2) or [are castrated males of any age;]

II.2.5. according to my knowledge and to the written declaration made by the owner, the animals:

(a) do not come from holdings/establishments (2), and have not been in contact with animals of a holding/establishment, in which the following diseases have been clinically detected:

(i) contagious agalactia of sheep or goats (Mycoplasma agalactiae, Mycoplasma capricolum, Mycoplasma mycoides var. mycoides "large colony"), within the last six months,

(ii) paratuberculosis and caseous lymphadenitis, within the last 12 months,

(iii) pulmonary adenomatosis, within the last three years, and

(iv) Maedi/Visna or caprine viral arthritis/encephalitis,

(2) either [within the last three years,]

(2) or [within the last 12 months, and all the infected animals were slaughtered and the remaining animals subsequently reacted negatively to two tests carried out at least six months apart,]

(b) are included in an official system for notification of these diseases, and

(c) have been free from clinical or other evidence of tuberculosis and brucellosis during the three years prior to export;

II.2.6. they are dispatched from the holding/establishment described under boxes reference I.11. and I.13. directly to the Union and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

COUNTRY **Model RUM**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 30 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1.;

II.2.7. any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.8. they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.9. they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) ([7]) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15. that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. Animal transport attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

([2])([8]) [**II.4. Specific requirements**

II.4.1. According to official information, no clinical or pathological evidence of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR) has been recorded in the holding/establishment ([2]) of origin referred to in boxes reference I.11. and I.13., for the last 12 months;

II.4.2. the animals referred to in box reference I.28.:

(a) have been isolated in accommodation approved by the competent authority for the last 30 days immediately prior to dispatch for export, and

(b) have been subjected to a serological test for IBR on sera taken at least 21 days after entry into isolation, with negative results, and all animals in isolation have also given negative results to this test, and

(c) have not been vaccinated against IBR.;

([2]) [II.4.3. ..... (further requirements and/or tests) .....]]

Notes

This certificate is meant for live animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including Bubalus and Bison species and their cross-breeds), Ovis aries, Capra hircus, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae. Use one certificate per species.

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the holding of destination where they shall remain for a minimum period of 30 days before further movement outside the holding, except in the case of a dispatch to a slaughterhouse.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8.: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13.: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19.: Use the appropriate HS code: 01.02, 01.04.10, 01.04.20 or 01.06.19.

COUNTRY **Model RUM**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

— Box reference I.23.: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28.: Identification system: Specify the identification system (tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder). The ear tag includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Age: months.

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Species: Select the species amongst those listed for the following families:

Antilocapridae:	Antilocapra spp.;
Bovidae:	Addax spp., Aepyceros spp., Alcelaphus spp., Ammodorcas spp., Ammotragus spp., Antidorcas spp., Antilope spp., Boselaphus spp., Budorcas spp., Capra spp. (excluding Capra hircus), Cephalophus spp., Connochaetes spp., Damaliscus spp. (including Beatragus), Dorcatragus spp., Gazella spp., Hemitragus spp., Hippotragus spp., Kobus spp., Litocranius spp., Madoqua spp., Naemorhedus spp. (including Nemorhaedus and Capricornis), Neotragus spp., Oreamnos spp., Oreotragus spp., Oryx spp., Ourebia spp., Ovibos spp., Ovis spp. (excluding Ovis aries), Pantholops spp., Pelea spp., Procapra spp., Pseudois spp., Pseudoryx spp., Raphicerus spp., Redunca spp., Rupicapra spp., Saiga spp., Sigmoceros-Alecelaphus spp., Sylvicapra spp., Syncerus spp., Taurotragus spp., Tetracerus spp., Tragelaphus spp. (including Boocerus).
Camelidae:	Camelus spp., Lama spp., Vicugna spp.
Cervidae:	Alces spp., Axis-Hyelaphus spp., Blastocerus spp., Capreolus spp., Cervus-Rucervus spp., Dama spp., Elaphurus spp., Hippocamelus spp., Hydropotes spp., Mazama spp., Megamuntiacus spp., Muntiacus spp., Odocoileus spp., Ozotoceros spp., Pudu spp., Rangifer spp.
Giraffidae:	Giraffa spp., Okapia spp.
Hippopotamidae:	Hexaprotodon-Choeropsis spp., Hippopotamus spp.,
Moschidae:	Moschus spp.
Tragulidae:	Hyemoschus spp., Tragulus-Moschiola spp.,
Rhinocerotidae:	Ceratotherium spp., Dicerorhinus spp., Diceros spp., Rhinoceros spp.
Elephantidae:	Elephas spp., Loxodonta spp., as appropriate.

Part II:

(1) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(2) Keep as appropriate.

(3) In this case the health certificate has to be accompanied by the official document on quarantine and test conditions laid down in Part 2 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 (model "CAM").

(4) Officially tuberculosis/brucellosis free regions or herds recognised as equivalent to the requirements laid down in Annex A to Directive 64/432/EEC and which appear in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry "**VII**", as regards tuberculosis, "**VIII**", as regards brucellosis.

COUNTRY **Model RUM**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

([5]) Tests carried out in accordance with the protocols that, for the disease concerned, are described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010. However for the tuberculin test a result of an increase in skin fold thickness of 2mm or more, or clinical signs of such as oedema, exudation, necrosis, pain and/or inflammation shall be deemed to be positive.

([6]) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 "SG" of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry "**A**". Tests for Bluetongue and for Epizootic-haemorrhagic-disease in accordance with Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([7]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes reference I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

([8]) When required by the EU Member State of destination.

([9]) Only for a territory appearing with the entry "**XIII**" in column 6 of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, indicating an official bluetongue and epizootic haemorrhagic disease seasonally free status. In accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code, the seasonally free period is taken to conclude immediately if current climatic data or data from surveillance programme indicate an earlier resurgence of activity of adult Culicoides.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model SUI

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address Approval number

I.14. Date of departure time of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17. No(s) of CITES

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐ Slaughter ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model SUI**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in this certificate:

II.1.1 come from a holding which has been free from any official prohibition on health grounds, for the last 42 days in the case of brucellosis, for the last 30 days in the case of anthrax and for the past six months in the case of rabies and, the animals have not been in contact with animals from holdings which did not satisfy these conditions;

II.1.2 have not received:

— any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,

— oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or β - agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnic treatment (as defined in Directive 96/22/EC).

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above meet the following requirements:

II.2.1 they come from the territory with code: ..... (1) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(a) has been free for 24 months from foot-and-mouth disease, for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease and vesicular exanthema, and for 6 months from vesicular stomatitis, and

(b) where during the last 12 months, no vaccination against these diseases has been carried out and imports of cloven-hoofed animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted;

II.2.2 they have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last six months before dispatch to the Union and without contact with cloven-hoofed animals imported into this territory less than six months ago;

II.2.3 they have remained in the holding described under boxes reference I.11 and I.13 since birth, or for 40 days prior to dispatch, and, during this period, in the holding(s) and in an area with a 10 km radius around the holding(s) of origin, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.4 A they are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, nor they have been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 and they have been subjected within the past 30 days to a buffered Brucella antigen test for porcine brucellosis with negative results;

(2) (3) [II.2.4 B they have been subjected within the past 30 days to a test for swine vesicular disease antibodies and a test for classical swine fever antibodies with negative results in both cases]

(2) (4) [II.2.4 C they have been subjected within the past 30 days to a buffered Brucella antigen test for porcine brucellosis with negative results]

II.2.5 they come from holdings which:

(a) are not restricted under a national control and eradication programme for brucellosis, porcine enteroviral encephalomyelitis (Teschen disease), and

(b) are included in an official system for notification of these diseases;

II.2.6 they are dispatched from the holding described under boxes reference I.11 and I.13 directly to the Union and, until dispatched to the Union:

(a) they did not come in contact with other cloven-hoofed animals not complying with the health requirements as described in this certificate, and

(b) they were not at any place where, or around which within a 10 km radius, during the previous 40 days there has been a case/outbreak of any of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

COUNTRY **Model SUI**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.7 any transport vehicles or containers in which they were loaded were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant;

II.2.8 they were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease;

II.2.9 they have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (5) in the means of transport described under box reference I.15 above that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

II.3. **Animal transport attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described above have been treated before and at the time of loading in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005, in particular as regards watering and feeding, and they are fit for the intended transport.

(2) (6) [II.4. **Specific requirements**

II.4.1 Aujeszky's disease is notifiable in the country referred to in box reference I.7;

II.4.2 According to official information, no clinical, pathological or serological evidence of Aujeszky's disease has been recorded for the last 12 months in the holding(s) of origin referred to in boxes reference I.11 and I.13, and in an area with a 5 km radius around the holding(s);

II.4.3 the animals referred to in box reference I.28:

(a) prior to dispatch for exportation, have remained since birth in the holding of origin referred to in boxes reference I.11 and I.13 or they have remained in this holding for the last 3 months and in others of equivalent status since birth,

(b) have been isolated in accommodation approved by the competent authority for the last 30 days immediately prior to dispatch for export, without direct or indirect contact with other Suidae,

(c) have been subjected to an ELISA test for the presence of gl antibody (7) on sera taken at least 21 days after entry into isolation, with negative results; and, all animals in isolation have also given negative results to this test, and

(d) have not been vaccinated against Aujeszky's disease and have not been in contact with vaccinated animals and the herd of origin has not been vaccinated during the previous 12 months.

(2) (8) [II.4.4 ..... (further requirements and/or tests) .....]]

Notes

This certificate is meant for live non-domestic Suidae (*Babyrousa* spp., *Hylochoerus* spp., *Phacochoerus* spp., *Potamochoerus* spp., and *Sus* spp.), Tayassuidae (*Catagonus* spp.,*Pecari* spp., *Tayassu* spp.) and Tapiridae (*Tapirus* spp.).

After importation the animals must be conveyed without delay to the holding of destination where they shall remain for a minimum period of 30 days before further movement outside the holding, except in the case of a dispatch to a slaughterhouse.

COUNTRY **Model SUI**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 01.03 or 01.06.19.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Identification system*: The animals must bear:

  — An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal.

  — An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

— Box reference I.28: *Age*: months.

— Box reference I.28: *Sex* (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

— Box reference I.28: *Species*.

Part II:

(1) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(2) Keep as appropriate.

(3) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**B**'.

(4) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**C**'.

(5) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of Suidae animals from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(6) When required by the EU Member State of destination, in accordance with Decision 2008/185/EC.

(7) To be carried out according to the standards laid down in Annex III to Decision 2008/185/EC. In the case of animals aged over 4 months, the test used shall be the whole virus ELISA.

(8) Further requirements requested by Finland in respect of transmissible gastro-enteritis.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model CAM
Specific animal health attestation for animals quarantined in St. Pierre and Miquelon prior to introduction into the Union

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address Approval number

I.14. Date of departure time of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17. No(s) of CITES

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.06.19**

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Breeding ☐ Fattening ☐ Slaughter ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model CAM**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. Quarantine conditions attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in the animal health certificate (1) number ..... released on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) have been resident from ..... (date (dd/mm/yyyy) of entry (2)) in the quarantine station of St. Pierre and Miquelon under the conditions provided for in Part 7 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 for a period of: ……..… days before being released for exportation to the Union and during this period they have been subject to the following tests (3), carried out in an approved laboratory within the Union, with a negative result (4):

II.1.1. Brucellosis:

(a) *B. abortus*: Serum Agglutination Test (SAT) and Rose Bengal Test (RBT) within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

(b) *B. ovis*: Complement Fixation Test (CFT) within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

(c) *B. melitensis*: SAT and RBT within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.2. Bluetongue and Epizootic haemorrhagic disease

(5) *either* [two tests using Bluetongue competitive Elisa test within two days after arrival and after at least 21 days]

(5) *or* [they have been quarantined for more than 60 days and during this period the quarantine station remained free of Bluetongue vectors (*Culicoides*), and no evidence of clinical disease has been detected].

II.1.3. Tuberculosis

Two intradermal tuberculin test according to annex B to Directive 64/432/EC using bovine and avian tuberculin performed within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days from the first test

II.1.4. Foot-and-mouth disease: ELISA test for the detection of antibodies and a virus neutralizaton test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.5. Rinderpest: competitive ELISA test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.6. Vesicular stomatitis: ELISA or virus- neutralisation test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.7. Rift valley fever: an ELISA test or a virus neutralisation test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.8. Lumpy skin disease: ELISA or virus neutralisation test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.9. Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever: ELISA or virus neutralisation test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.10. Surra: blood microscopy within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.1.11. Malignant catarrhal fever: immunofluorescence test within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days

II.2. Supplementary guarantees

II.2.1 Bovine leukosis: AGID test or ELISA within two days after arrival and after at least 42 days (When required by the EU Member State of destination) (5)

COUNTRY **Model CAM**

II.	Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.3. **Treatments**

They have been subjected to:

II.3.1. an internal and external antiparasitic treatment during the quarantine period

II.3.2.

(5) *either* [a treatment with streptomycin 25mg/kg]

(5) *or* [an antibiotic treatment effective against *Leptospira* spp. (specify ……..... mg/kg .....…….....

(5) [II.3.3. a vaccination against rabies (if requested) on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) using vaccine ..... (type, producer and lot), and with the test result .....]

Notes

This certificate is meant for live animals of the family Camelidae.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.13: The assembly centre, if any, must fulfil the conditions for its approval, as laid down in Part 5 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Identification system*: The animals must bear:

  — An individual number which permits tracing of their premises of origin. Specify the identification system (such as tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal.

  — An ear tag that includes the ISO code of the exporting country. The individual number must permit tracing of their premises of origin.

— Box reference I.28: *Age*: months.

— Box reference I.28: *Sex* (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

— Box reference I.28: *Species*: Select amongst '*Camelus* spp.', '*Lama* spp.', '*Vicugna* spp.' as appropriate.

Part II:

(1) Animal health certificate for non domestic animals other than Suidae, consigned to the Union (model 'RUM') as laid down in Part 2 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(2) Date in which the last animal in a group entered the quarantine facility.

(3) Tests performed in accordance with the methods described in Chapter 2 of Part 7 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(4) Results of the tests performed must be attached in original to this health attestation.

(5) Keep as appropriate.

NB: Sampling and testing procedures must be grouped as much as possible while respecting the minimum time intervals to avoid excessive handling and manipulation of the animals.

COUNTRY **Model CAM**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
Official veterinarian Name (in capital letters): Date: Stamp		Qualification and title: Signature:

PART 3

Addendum for transport of animals by sea

(To be completed and attached to the veterinary certificate when transport to the Union frontier includes, even for part of the journey, transportation by ship.)

Declaration by the master of the ship
I, the undersigned, master of ship (name …), declare that the animals referred to in the attached veterinary certificate No … have remained on board the ship during the voyage from … in … (*exporting country*) to … in the Union and that the ship did not call at any place outside … (*exporting country*) en route to the Union other than: … (*Ports of call en route*). Moreover, during the journey, these animals have not been in contact with other animals on board of a lower health status. Done at … on …

(Port of arrival)	(Date of arrival)
(stamp)	(signature of master)
	(name in capital letters and title)

PART 4

Addendum for transport of animals by air

(To be completed and attached to the veterinary certificate when transport to the Union frontier includes, even for part of the journey, transportation by air.)

Declaration by the captain of the aircraft
I, the undersigned, captain of the aircraft (name …), declare that the crate or container and the area around the crate or container containing the animals referred to in the attached veterinary certificate No … has been sprayed with insecticide before departure. Done at … on …

(Airport of departure)	(Date of departure)
(stamp)	(signature of captain)
	(name in capital letters and title)

PART 5

Conditions for the approval of assembly centres (referred to in Article 4)

In order to be approved, assembly centres must meet the following requirements:

I. They must be supervised by an official veterinarian.

II. They must each be situated at the centre of an area of at least 20 km in diameter in which, according to official findings, there has been no case of foot-and-mouth disease for at least a period of 30 days prior to their use as approved assembly centres.

III. They must, before each use as approved assembly centres, be cleansed and disinfected with a disinfectant officially authorised in the exporting country as effective for the control of foot-and-mouth disease.

IV. They must have, taking into account their animal capacity:

(a) a facility dedicated exclusively for use as an assembly centre;

(b) appropriate facilities, that are easy to clean and disinfect, for loading, unloading and adequate housing of a suitable standard for the animals, for watering and feeding them, and for giving them any necessary treatment;

(c) appropriate facilities for inspection and isolation;

(d) appropriate equipment for cleaning and disinfecting rooms and trucks;

(e) an appropriate storage area for fodder, litter and manure;

(f) an appropriate system for collecting and disposal of waste water;

(g) an office for the official veterinarian.

V. When operating, they must have sufficient veterinarians to carry out all duties set out in Part 5;

VI. They must only admit animals that are individually identified so as to guarantee traceability. To this end, when animals are admitted the owner or the person in charge of the centre must ensure that the animals are properly identified and accompanied by health documents or certificates for the species and categories involved.

In addition, the owner or the person in charge of the assembly centre must record on a register or in a data base, and retain for at least three years the name of the owner, the origin of the animals, the dates of entry and exit, the identification number of the animals or registration number of the herd of origin and the holding of destination, and, the registration number of the carrier and the registration number of the lorry delivering or collecting animals from that assembly centre.

VII. All animals passing through the assembly centre must fulfil the health conditions established for the introduction of the relevant category of animal into the Union.

VIII. Animals to be introduced into the Union which pass through an assembly centre must, within six days of arrival at the assembly centre, be loaded and dispatched directly to the border of the exporting country:

(a) without coming into contact with cloven-hoofed animals other than animals which fulfil the health conditions established for the introduction of the relevant category of animal into the Union;

(b) segregated into consignments so that no consignment contains both animals for breeding or production and animals for immediate slaughter;

(c) in transport vehicles or containers which have first been cleansed and disinfected with a disinfectant officially authorised in the exporting country as effective for the control of foot-and-mouth disease and which are so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder cannot flow or fall out during transportation.

IX. Where the conditions for the export of animals to the Union require that a test is carried out within a specified period before loading, that period must include any period of assembly, up to six days, from the date of arrival of the animals at the approved assembly centre.

X. The exporting third country must designate the centres which are approved for animals for breeding and production and those centres which are approved for animals for slaughter and must notify the Commission and the competent central authorities of the Member States of the names and addresses of such premises. That information must be updated regularly.

XI. The exporting third country shall determine the procedure for official supervision of approved assembly centres and shall ensure that such supervision is carried out.

XII. The approved assembly centres must be regularly inspected by the competent authority of the third country in order to check that the requirements for approval set out in points I to XI continue to be fulfilled.

If those inspections show that those conditions are no longer complied with, the approval of the centre must be suspended. The approval may be restored only when the competent authority of the third country is satisfied that the centre fully complies with the conditions set out in points I to XI.

PART 6

Protocols for the standardisation of materials and testing procedures

(referred to in Article 5)

Tuberculosis (TBL)

The single intradermal tuberculin test using bovine tuberculin shall be carried out according to Annex B to Directive 64/432/EEC. In the case of Suidae animals, the single intradermal tuberculin test using avian tuberculin shall be carried out according to Annex B to 64/432/EEC, except that the site of injection shall be the loose skin at the base of the ear.

[F22Brucellosis (Brucella abortus) (BRL)

The serum agglutination test, complement fixation test, buffered brucella antigen test, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISA) and fluorescence polarisation assay (FPA) shall be carried out according to Annex C to Directive 64/432/EEC.**]**

Brucellosis (Brucella melitensis) (BRL)

Tests shall be carried out according to Annex C to Directive 91/68/EEC.

Enzootic Bovine Leukosis (EBL)

The agar gel immuno-diffusion test and the enzyme linked immuno-absorbent assay test (ELISA) shall be carried out according to paragraphs A and C of Chapter II of Annex D to Directive 64/432/EEC.

Bluetongue (BTG)

A. The blocking or competitive ELISA test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

The competitive ELISA using monoclonal antibody 3-17-A3 is capable of identifying antibodies to all known serotypes of bluetongue virus (BTV).

The principle of the test is the interruption of the reaction between BTV antigen and a group-specific monoclonal antibody (3-17-A3) by the addition of test serum. Antibodies to BTV present in the test serum block the reactivity of the monoclonal antibody (Mab) and result in a reduction in the expected colour development after the addition of enzyme labelled anti-mouse antibody, and chromogen/ substrate. Sera can be tested at a single dilution of 1:5 (spot test – Appendix 1) or may be titrated (serum titration – Appendix 2) to give dilution end-point. Inhibition values higher than 50 % may be regarded as positive.

Material and Reagents:

1. Appropriate ELISA microtitre plates.

2. Antigen: supplied as a cell extracted concentrate, prepared as described below, and stored at either – 20 °C or – 70 °C.

3. Blocking buffer: phosphate buffered saline (PBS) containing 0,3 % BTV negative adult bovine serum, 0,1 % (v/v) Tween-20 (supplied as polyoxyethylene sorbiton monolaurate syrup) in PBS.

4. Monoclonal antibody: 3-17-A3 (supplied as hybridoma tissue-culture supernatant) directed against the group-specific polypeptide VP7, stored at - 20 °C or freeze-dried and diluted 1/100 with blocking buffer before use.

5. Conjugate: rabbit anti-mouse globulin (adsorbed and eluted) conjugated to horseradish peroxidase and kept in the dark at 4 °C.

6. Chromogen and substrate: Orthophenylene diamine (OPD-chromogen) at a final concentration of 0,4 mg/ml in sterile distilled water. Hydrogen peroxide (30 %w/v-substrate) 0,05 % v/v added immediately before use (5µl H_2 O_2 per 10 ml OPD). (*Handle OPD with care - wear rubber gloves - suspected mutagen*).

7. 1 Molar sulphuric acid: 26,6 ml of acid added to 473,4 ml of distilled water. (*Remember Acid must be added to water, never water to acid*.)

8. Orbital shaker.

9. ELISA plate reader (*the test may be read visually*).

Test format

Cc: conjugate control (no serum/ no monoclonal antibody); C++: strong positive serum control; C+: weak positive serum control; C-: negative serum control; Cm: monoclonal antibody control (no serum).

APPENDIX 1:

Spot dilution (1:5) format (40 sera/plate)

	Controls		**Test Sera**									
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**
A	Cc	C-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
B	Cc	C-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C	C++	C++										
D	C++	C++										
E	C+	C+										
F	C+	C+										
G	Cm	Cm										40
H	Cm	Cm										40

APPENDIX 2:

Serum titration format (10 sera/plate)

	Controls		**Test Sera**									
	1	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**
A	Cc	C-	1:5									1:5
B	Cc	C-	1:10									1:10
C	C++	C++	1:20									1:20
D	C++	C++	1:40									1:40
E	C+	C+	1:80									1:80
F	C+	C+	1:160									1:160
G	Cm	Cm	1:320									1:320
H	Cm	Cm	1:640									1:640

Test protocol:

Conjugate control (Cc) : Wells 1A and 1B are a blank control consisting of BTV antigen and conjugate. This may be used to blank the ELISA reader.

Mab control (Cm) : Columns 1 and 2, rows G and H are the monoclonal antibody control and contain BTV antigen, monoclonal antibody and conjugate. These wells represent maximum colour. The mean of the optical density readings from this control represents the 0 % inhibition value.

Positive control (C ++, C+) : Columns 1 and 2, rows C-D-E-F. These wells contain BTV antigen, BTV strong and weak positive antiserum respectively, Mab and conjugate.

Negative control (C-) : Wells 2A and 2B are the negative controls, which contain BTV antigen, BTV negative antiserum, Mab and conjugate.

Test sera : For large-scale serological surveys and rapid screening, sera may be tested at a single dilution of 1:5 (Appendix 1). Alternatively, 10 sera may be tested over a dilution range from 1:5 to 1:640 (Appendix 2). This will give some indication of the titre of antibody in the test sera.

Procedure:

1. Dilute BTV antigen to pre-titrated concentration in PBS, sonicate briefly to disperse aggregated virus (if sonicator is not available, pipette vigorously) and add 50 µl to all wells of the ELISA plate. Tap sides of plate to disperse antigen.

2. Incubate at 37 °C for 60 minutes on an orbital shaker. Wash plates three times by flooding and emptying the wells with non-sterile PBS and blot dry on absorbent paper.

3. Control wells: Add 100 µl of blocking buffer to Cc wells. Add 50 ul of positive and negative control sera, at a dilution of 1:5 (10 µ l sera + 40 µl blocking buffer), to respective wells C-, C+ and C++. Add 50µl blocking buffer to Mab control wells.

   Spot titration method: Add a 1:5 dilution of each test serum in blocking buffer to duplicate wells of columns 3 to 12 (10 µl sera + 40 µl blocking buffer),

   or

   Serum titration method: Prepare a two-fold dilution series of each test sample (1:5 to 1:640) in blocking buffer across eight wells of single columns 3 to 12.

4. Immediately after the addition of the test sera, dilute Mab 1:100 in blocking buffer and add 50 µl to all wells of the plate except for the blank control.

5. Incubate at 37 °C for 60 minutes on an orbital shaker. Wash three times with PBS and blot dry.

6. Dilute rabbit anti-mouse concentrate to 1/5 000 in blocking buffer and add 50 µl to all wells of the plate.

7. Incubate at 37 °C for 60 minutes on an orbital shaker. Wash three times with PBS and blot dry.

8. Thaw the O-Phenylenediamine dihydrochloride (OPD) and immediately before use add 5 µl of 30 % hydrogen peroxide to each 10 ml of OPD. Add 50 µl to all wells of the plate. Allow colour to develop for approximately 10 minutes and stop the reaction with 1 Molar sulphuric acid (50 µl per well). Colour should develop in the Mab control wells and in those wells containing sera with no antibody to BTV.

9. Examine and record the plates either visually or using a spectrophotometric reader.

Analysis of results:

Using the software package print out the optical density (OD) values, and the percentage inhibition (PI) for test and control sera based on the mean value recorded in the antigen control wells. The date expressed as OD and PI values are used to determine whether the test has performed within acceptable limits. The upper control limits (UCL) and lower control limits (LCL) for the Mab control (antigen plus Mab in the absence of test sera) are between OD values 0,4 and 1.4. Any plate that fails to conform to the above criteria must be rejected.

If a computer software package is not available print out the OD values using the ELISA printer. Calculate the mean OD value for the antigen control wells, which is equivalent to the 100 %

value. Determine the 50 % OD value and manually calculate the positivity and negativity of each sample.

Percentage inhibition (PI) value = 100 – (OD of each test control/Mean OD of Cm) × 100.

The duplicate negative control serum wells and the duplicate blank wells must record PI values between + 25 % and – 25 %, and between + 95 % and + 105 %, respectively. Failure to be within these limits does not invalidate the plate but does suggest that background colour is developing. The strong and weak positive control sera must record PI values between + 81 % and + 100 %, and between + 51 % and + 80 %, respectively.

The diagnostic threshold for test sera is 50 % (PI 50 % or OD 50 %). Samples recording PI values >50 % are recorded negative. Samples that record PI values above and below the threshold for the duplicate wells are considered doubtful; such samples may be re-tested in the spot test and/or titration. Positive samples may also be titrated to provide an indication of the degree of positivity.

Visual reading: Positive and negative samples are easily discernible by eye; weakly positive or strong negative samples may be more difficult to interpret by eye.
Preparation of BTV ELISA antigen:

1. Wash 40-60 roux of confluent BHK-21 cells three times with serum-free Eagle's medium and infect with bluetongue virus serotype 1 in serum-free Eagle's medium.

2. Incubate at 37 °C and examine daily for cytopathic effect (CPE).

3. When CPE are complete in 90 % to 100 % of the cell sheet of each roux, harvest the virus by shaking any still-attached cells from the glass.

4. Centrifuge at 2 000 to 3 000 rpm to pellet the cells.

5. Discard the supernatant and re-suspend the cells in approximately 30 ml of PBS containing 1 % ‘Sarkosyl’ and 2 ml phenylmethylsulphonyl fluoride (lysis buffer). This may cause the cells to form a gel and more lysis buffer may be added to reduce this effect. (NB: phenylmethylsulphonyl fluoride is harmful - handle with extreme caution.)

6. Disrupt the cells for 60 seconds using an ultrasonic probe at an amplitude of 30 microns.

7. Centrifuge at 10 000 rpm for 10 minutes.

8. Store the supernatant at + 4 °C and re-suspend the remaining cell pellet in 10 to 20 ml of lysis buffer.

9. Sonicate and clarify, storing the supernatant at each stage, a total of three times.

10. Pool the supernatants and centrifuge at 24 000 rpm (100,000 g) for 120 minutes at + 4 °C over a 5 ml cushion of 40 % sucrose (w/v in PBS) using 30 ml Beckmann centrifuge tubes and an SW 28 rotor.

11. Discard the supernatant, drain the tubes thoroughly and re-suspend the pellet in PBS by sonication. Store the antigen in aliquots at – 20 °C.

Titration of BTV ELISA antigen:

Bluetongue ELISA antigen is titrated by the indirect ELISA. Twofold dilutions of antigen are titrated against a constant dilution (1/100) monoclonal antibody 3-17-A3. The protocol is as follows:

1. Titrate a 1:20 dilution of BTV antigen in PBS across the microtitre plate in a twofold dilution series (50 µl/well) using a multichannel pipette.
2. Incubate for one hour at 37 °C on an orbital shaker.
3. Wash plates three times with PBS.
4. Add 50 µl of monoclonal antibody 3-17-A3 (diluted 1/100) to each well of the microtitre plate.
5. Incubate for one hour at 37 °C on an orbital shaker.
6. Wash plates three times with PBS.
7. Add 50 µl of rabbit anti-mouse globulin conjugated to horseradish peroxidase, diluted to a pre-titrated optimal concentration, to each well of the microtitre plate.
8. Incubate for one hour at 37 °C on an orbital shaker.
9. Add substrate and chromogen as described previously. Stop the reaction after 10 minutes by the addition of 1 Molar sulphuric acid (50 µl/well).

In the competitive assay, the monoclonal antibody must be in excess, therefore a dilution of antigen is chosen which falls on the titration curve (not on the plateau region) which gives approximately 0,8 OD after 10 minutes.

B. The agar gel immuno-diffusion test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Antigen:

Precipitating antigen is prepared in any cell culture system that supports the rapid multiplication of a reference strain of bluetongue virus. BHK or Vero cells are recommended. Antigen is present in the supernatant fluid at the end of virus growth but requires 50 to 100-fold concentration to be effective. This may be achieved by any standard protein concentration procedure; virus in the antigen may be inactivated by the addition of 0,3 % (v/v) beta-propiolactone.

Known positive control serum:

Using the international reference serum and antigen a national standard serum is produced, standardised for optimal proportion against the international reference serum, freeze-dried and used as the known control serum in each test.

Test serum

Procedure	:	1 % agarose prepared in borate or sodium barbitol buffer, pH 8,5 to 9,0, is poured into a petri dish to a minimum depth of 3,0 mm. A test pattern of seven moisture-free wells, each 5,0 mm in diameter, is cut in the agar. The pattern consists of one centre well and six wells arranged round it in a circle of radius 3 cm. The central well is filled with the standard antigen. Peripheral wells 2, 4 and 6 are filled with known positive serum, wells 1, 3 and 5 are filled with test sera. The system is incubated for up to 72 hours at room temperature in a closed humid chamber.
Interpretation	:	A test serum is positive if it forms a specific precipitin line with the antigen and forms a complete line of identity with the control serum. A test serum is negative if it does not form a specific line with the antigen and it does not bend the line of the control serum. Petri dishes must be examined against a dark background and using indirect illumination.

Epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD)

The agar gel immuno-diffusion test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:
Antigen:

Precipitating antigen is prepared in any cell culture system that supports the rapid multiplication of the appropriate serotype(s) of epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus. BHK or Vero cells are recommended. Antigen is present in the supernatant fluid at the end of virus growth but requires 50 to 100-fold concentration to be effective. This may be achieved by any standard protein concentration procedure; virus in the antigen may be inactivated by the addition of 0,3 % (v/v) beta-propiolactone.
Known positive control serum:

Using the international reference serum and antigen a national standard serum is produced, standardised for optimal proportion against the international reference serum, freeze-dried and used as the known control serum in each test.
Test serum

Procedure	:	1 % agarose prepared in borate or sodium barbitol buffer, pH 8,5 to 9,0, is poured into a petri dish to a minimum depth of 3,0 mm. A test pattern of seven moisture-free wells, each 5,0 mm in diameter, is cut in the agar. The pattern consists of one centre well and six wells arranged round it in a circle of radius 3 cm. The central well is filled with the standard antigen. Peripheral wells 2, 4 and 6 are filled with known positive serum, wells 1, 3 and 5 are filled with test sera. The system is incubated for up to 72 hours at room temperature in a closed humid chamber.
Interpretation	:	A test serum is positive if it forms a specific precipitin line with the antigen and forms a complete line of identity with the control serum. A test serum is negative if it does not form a specific line with the antigen and it does not bend the line of the control serum. Petri dishes must be examined against a dark background and using indirect illumination.

Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (IBR) / infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis (IPV)

A. The serum neutralisation test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Serum	:	All sera are heat-inactivated at 56 °C for 30 minutes before use.
Procedure	:	The constant virus-varying serum neutralisation test on microtitre plates employs MDBK or other susceptible cells. The Colorado, Oxford or any other reference strain of the virus is used at 100 TCID50 per 0,025 ml; inactivated undiluted serum samples are mixed with an equal volume (0,025 ml) of virus suspension. The virus/serum mixtures are incubated for 24 hours at 37 °C in the microtitre plates before the MDBK cells are added. Cells are used at a concentration which forms a complete monolayer after 24 hours.
Controls	:	(i) virus infectivity assay, (ii) serum toxicity controls, (iii) uninoculated cell culture controls, (iv) reference antisera.
Interpretation	:	The results of the neutralisation test and the titre of the virus used in the test are recorded after three to six days incubation at 37 °C. Serum titres are considered negative if there is no neutralisation at a dilution of 1/2 (undiluted serum).

B. Any other test recognised in the framework of Decision 2004/558/EC[(31)].

Foot-and-mouth disease (FMD)

A. Collecting oesophageal/pharyngeal samples and testing shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Reagents	:	Prior to sampling, transport medium is prepared. Two ml volumes are dispensed in as many containers as there are animals to be sampled. The containers used must withstand freezing over solid CO_2 or liquid nitrogen. Samples are obtained by the use of a specially-designed sputum collector or 'probang'. To obtain a sample the probang cup is passed through the mouth, over the dorsum of the tongue and down into the upper part of the oesophagus. Attempts are made to scrape the surface epithelium of the upper oesophagus and pharynx by movements directed laterally and dorsally. The probang is then withdrawn, if possible after the animal has swallowed. The cup must be full and contain a mixture of mucus, saliva, oesophageal fluid and cellular debris. Care must be taken to ensure that each specimen contains some visible cellular material. Very rough handling which causes bleeding must be avoided. Samples from some animals may be heavily contaminated with ruminal contents. Such samples must be discarded and the mouth of the animal flushed with water, or preferably physiological saline, before repeat sampling.
Treatmentof samples:	:	Each sample collected in the probang cup is examined for quality and 2 ml added to an equal volume of transport medium in a container which can withstand freezing. The containers are tightly closed, sealed, disinfected and labelled. The samples are kept cool (+ 4 °C) and examined within three to four hours or placed over dry ice (- 69 °C) or liquid nitrogen and kept frozen until examined. Between animals the probang is disinfected and washed in three changes of clean water.
Testing for FMD virus:	:	Samples are inoculated into cultures of primary bovine thyroid cell cultures using at least three tubes per sample. Other susceptible cells such as primary bovine or porcine kidney cells can be used but it must be kept in mind that for some strains of FMD virus they are less sensitive. The tubes are incubated at 37 °C on a roller apparatus and examined daily for 48 hours for the presence of a cytopathic effect (CPE). If negative, cultures are blind passaged onto new cultures and re-examined for 48 hours. The specificity of any CPE must be confirmed.

Recommended transport media:

1. 0,08M phosphate buffer pH 7,2 containing 0,01 % bovine serum albumin, 0,002 % phenol red and antibiotics.

2. Tissue culture medium (such as Eagle's MEM) containing 0,04 M Hepes buffer, 0,01 % bovine serum albumin and antibiotics, pH 7,2.

3. Antibiotics (per ml final) must be added to the transport medium such as penicillin 1 000 IU, neomycin sulphate100 IU, polymyxin B sulphate50 IU, mycostatin100 IU.

B. The virus neutralisation test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Reagents	:	Stock FMDV antigen is prepared in cell cultures or on cattle tongues and stored at - 70 °C or less or at - 20 °C after the addition of 50 % glycerol. This is the stock antigen. FMDV is stable under these conditions and titres vary little over a period of months.
Procedure	:	The test is carried out in flat-bottomed tissue culture grade microtitre plates using susceptible cells such as IB-RS-2, BHK-21 or calf kidney cells. Sera for the test are diluted 1/4 in serum-free cell culture medium with the addition of 100 IU/ml neomycin or other suitable antibiotics. Sera are inactivated at 56 °C for 30 minutes and 0.05 ml amounts

are used to prepare a twofold series on microtitre plates using 0,05 ml diluting loops. Pre-titrated virus also diluted in serum-free culture medium and containing 100 TCID50/0.05 ml is then added to each well. Following incubation at 37 °C for one hour to allow neutralisation to take place, 0,05 ml of suspension cells containing 0,5 to 1.0×10^6 cells per 1 ml in cell culture medium containing serum free of FMD antibody is added to each well and the plates are sealed. Plates are incubated at 37 °C. Monolayers are normally confluent within 24 hours. CPE is usually sufficiently advanced at 48 hours for a microscopic reading of the test. At this time a final microscopic reading may be made or the plates may be fixed and stained for macroscopic reading, for instance using 10 % formol-saline and 0,05 % methylene blue.

Controls : Controls in each test include homologous antiserum of known titre, a cell control, a serum toxicity control, a medium control, and a virus titration from which the actual amount of virus in the test is calculated.

Interpretation : Wells with evidence of CPE are considered to be infected and neutralisation titres are expressed as the reciprocal of the final dilution of serum present in the serum/virus mixtures at the 50 % end point estimated according to the Spearman-Karber method. (Karber, G., 1931, Archiv fuer Experimentelle Pathologie und Pharmokologie, 162, 480.). Tests are considered to be valid when the actual amount of virus used per well in the test is between 101,5 and 102,5 TCID50 and when the titre of the reference serum is within twofold of its expected titre, estimated from the mode of previous titrations. When the controls are outside these limits the tests are repeated. An end point titre of 1/11 or less is taken as negative.

C. The detection and quantification of antibody by ELISA shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Reagents : Rabbit antisera to 146S antigen of seven types of foot-and-mouth disease virus (FMDV) used at a predetermined optimum concentration in carbonate/bicarbonate buffer, pH 9,6. Antigens are prepared from selected strains of virus grown on monolayers of BHK-21 cells. The unpurified supernatants are used and pretitrated according to the protocol but without serum, to give a dilution which after the addition of an equal volume of PBST (phosphate buffered saline containing 0,05 % Tween-20 and phenol red indicator) would give an optical density reading of between 1,2 and 1,5. The viruses can be used inactivated. PBST is used as a diluent. Guinea-pig antisera are prepared by inoculating guinea pigs with 146S antigen of each serotype. A predetermined optimum concentration is prepared in PBST containing 10 % normal bovine serum and 5 % normal rabbit serum. Rabbit anti-guinea-pig immunoglobulin conjugated to horseradish peroxidase is used at a predetermined optimum concentration in PBST containing 10 % normal bovine serum and 5 % normal rabbit serum. Test sera are diluted in PBST.

Procedure:

1. ELISA plates are coated with 50 µl of rabbit antiviral sera overnight in a humidity chamber at room temperature.

2. Fifty microlitres of a duplicate, twofold series of each test serum starting at 1/4 are prepared in U-bottomed multiwell plates (carrier plates). Fifty microlitres of a constant

dose of antigen are added to each well and the mixtures are left overnight at 4 °C. The addition of the antigen reduces the starting serum dilution to 1/8.

3. The ELISA plates are washed five times with PBST.

4. Fifty microlitres of serum/antigen mixtures are then transferred from the carrier plates to the rabbit-serum-coated ELISA plates and incubated at 37 °C for one hour on a rotary shaker.

5. After washing, 50 µl of guinea-pig antiserum to the antigen used in point 4 is added to each well. The plates are incubated at 37 °C for one hour a rotary shaker.

6. The plates are washed and 50 µl of rabbit anti-guinea-pig immunoglobulin conjugated to horseradish peroxidase is added to each well. The plates are incubated at 37 °C for one hour on a rotary shaker.

7. The plates are washed and 50 µl of orthophenylene diamine containing 0,05 % H_2O_2 (30 %) w/v is added to each well.

8. The reaction is stopped after 15 minutes with 1,25M H_2SO_4.

The plates are read spectrophotometrically at 492 nm on an ELISA reader linked to a microcomputer.

Controls : For each antigen used 40 wells contain no serum but contain antigen diluted in PBST. A duplicated twofold dilution series of homologous bovine reference antiserum. A duplicate twofold dilution series of negative bovine serum.

Interpretation : Antibody titres are expressed as the final dilution of tests serum giving 50 % of the mean OD value recorded in the virus control wells where test serum is absent. Titres in excess of 1/40 are considered positive.

References : Hamblin C, Barnett ITR and Hedger RS (1986) 'A new enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) for the detection of antibodies against foot-and-mouth disease virus. I. Development and method of ELISA.' Journal of Immunological Methods, 93, 115 to 121.11.

Aujeszky's disease (AJD)

A. The serum neutralisation test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Serum : All sera are heat-inactivated at 56 °C for 30 minutes before use.

Procedure : The constant virus-varying serum neutralisation test on microtitre plates employs Vero or other sensitive cell systems. Aujeszky's disease virus is used at 100 TCID50 per 0,025 ml; inactivated undiluted serum samples are mixed with an equal volume (0,025 ml) of virus suspension. The virus/serum mixtures are incubated for two hours at 37 °C in the microtitre plates before the appropriate cells are added. Cells are used at a concentration which forms a complete monolayer after 24 hours.

Controls : (i) virus infectivity assay, (ii) serum toxicity controls, (iii) uninoculated cell culture controls, (iv) reference antisera.

Interpretation : The results of the neutralisation test and the titre of the virus used in the test are recorded after three to seven days incubation at 37 °C. Serum titres less than 1/2 (undiluted serum) are considered negative.

B. Any other test recognised in the framework of Decision 2008/185/EC[32].

Transmissible gastro-enteritis (TGE)

The serum neutralisation test shall be carried out according to the following protocol:

Serum	:	All sera are heat-inactivated at 56 °C for 30 minutes before use.
Procedure	:	The constant virus-varying serum neutralisation test on microtitre plates employs A72 (dog tumour) cells or other sensitive cell systems. TGE virus is used at 100 TCID50 per 0,025 ml; inactivated undiluted serum samples are mixed with an equal volume (0,025 ml) of virus suspension. The virus/serum mixtures are incubated for 30 to 60 minutes at 37 °C in the microtitre plates before the appropriate cells are added. Cells are used at a concentration which forms a complete monolayer after 24 hours. Each cell receives 0,1 ml of cell suspension.
Controls	:	(i) virus infectivity assay, (ii) serum toxicity controls, (iii) uninoculated cell culture controls, (iv) reference antisera.
Interpretation	:	The results of the neutralisation test and the titre of the virus used in the test are recorded after three to five days incubation at 37 °C. Serum titres less than 1/2 (final dilution) are considered negative. If undiluted serum samples are toxic to the tissue cultures, these sera may be diluted 1/2 before being used in the test. This is equivalent to 1/4 final dilution of serum. Serum titres of less than 1/4 (final dilution) are considered negative in these cases.

Swine vesicular disease (SVD)

Tests for swine vesicular disease (SVD) shall be carried out according to Decision 2000/428/EC[33].

Classical swine fever (CSF)

Tests for classical swine fever (CSF) shall be carried out according to Decision 2002/106/EC[34].

The performance of tests for CSF must follow the guidelines set out in the relevant chapter of the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals.

The evaluation of sensitivity and specificity of the serological test for CSF must be carried out in a national laboratory with a quality assurance scheme in place. Tests employed must be shown to recognise a range of weak and strong positive reference sera and allow detection of antibody in early phase and convalescence.

[*F16**Vesicular stomatitis (VS)*

The virus neutralisation (VN) test shall be carried out in accordance with the testing protocols for vesicular stomatitis set out in Chapter 2.1.19 of the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals.

Sera that prevent cytopathic effect (CPE) at dilutions of 1 in 32 or greater shall be considered to contain antibodies to the vesicular stomatitis virus.**]**

PART 7

Import and quarantine animal health conditions for animals imported into St. Pierre and Miquelon within a period of less than six months prior to introduction into the Union

(referred to in Article 6)

Animal species covered

Taxon		
ORDER	**FAMILY**	**GENUS AND SPECIES**

Artiodactyla	Camelidae	*Camelus* spp., *Lama* spp., *Vicugna* spp.

CHAPTER 1

Residence and quarantine

1. Animals imported into St. Pierre and Miquelon must reside in an authorised quarantine station for a minimum period of 60 days before being dispatched for introduction into the Union. This period may be increased due to testing requirements for individual species. In addition the animals must comply with the following requirements:

(a) Separate consignments may enter the quarantine station. However, upon entry in the quarantine station all animals of the same species in the quarantine facility must be considered as a single group, and referred to as such. The quarantine period must commence for the whole group at the time when the last animal entered the quarantine facility.

(b) Within the quarantine station each specific group of animals must be maintained in isolation, with no direct or indirect contact with any other animals, including those from other consignments that may be present.

Each consignment must be kept in the approved quarantine station and protected from vector insects.

(c) If, during the period of quarantine, the isolation of a group of animals is not maintained and contact is made with other animals, the quarantine period must begin again for the same duration as initially prescribed on entry into the quarantine station.

(d) Animals to be introduced into the Union which pass through the quarantine station must be loaded and dispatched directly to the Union:

(i) without coming into contact with animals other than animals which fulfil the health conditions established for the introduction of the relevant category of animal into the Union;

(ii) segregated into consignments so that no consignment can came in contact with animals not eligible for importation into the Union;

(iii) in transport vehicles or containers which have first been cleansed and disinfected with a disinfectant officially authorised in St. Pierre and Miquelon as effective in the control of the diseases referred to in Chapter 2 and which are so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder cannot flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

2. The quarantine premises must at least meet the minimum standards laid down in Annex B to Directive 91/496/EEC[35], and the following conditions:

(a) they must be supervised by an official veterinarian;

(b) they must be situated at the centre of an area of at least 20 km in diameter in which, according to official findings, for at least 30 days prior to their use as a quarantine station there has been no case of foot-and-mouth disease;

(c) they must, before being used as a quarantine station, be cleansed and disinfected with a disinfectant officially authorised in St Pierre et Miquelon as effective in the control of the diseases referred to in Chapter 2;

(d) they must operate, taking into account their animal capacity:

(i) a facility dedicated exclusively for the quarantine of animals, including adequate housing to a suitable standard for the animals;

(ii) appropriate facilities, that:
— are easy to thouroughly clean and disinfect,
— include facilities for safe loading and unloading,
— are able to fulfil all watering and feeding requirements for the animals,
— allow any necessary veterinary treatment to be easily administered;

(iii) appropriate facilities for inspection and isolation;

(iv) appropriate equipment for cleaning and disinfecting rooms and transport vehicles;

(v) an appropriate storage area for fodder, litter and manure;

(vi) an appropriate system for collecting waste water;

(vii) an office for the official veterinarian;

(e) when operating, they must have sufficient veterinarians to carry out all duties;

(f) they must only admit animals that are individually identified so as to guarantee traceability. To this end, when animals are admitted the owner or the person in charge of the quarantine station must ensure that the animals are properly identified and accompanied by health certificates for the species and categories involved. In addition, the owner or the person in charge of the quarantine station must record on a register or in a data base, and retain for at least three years, the name of the owner, the origin of the animals in the consignment, the dates of entry and exit of the animals in the consignment, the identification number of the animals in the consignment and their place of destination;

(g) the competent authority must determine the procedure for official supervision of the quarantine station and must ensure that such supervision is carried out; this supervision must include regular inspections in order to ascertain that the requirements for approval continue to be fulfilled. In case of failure and suspension, the approval may only be restored when the competent authority is satisfied that the quarantine premises are in full compliance with all the conditions set out in points (a) to (g).

CHAPTER 2

Animal health tests

1. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The animals must be subjected to the following tests carried out on samples of blood taken, if not specified otherwise, not earlier than 21 days from the date of commencement of the isolation period.

The laboratory tests must be carried out in an approved laboratory in the Union and all laboratory tests and their results, vaccinations and treatments must be enclosed with the health certificate.

In order to keep animal interventions to a minimum, sampling, tests and any vaccinations must be grouped as far as is possible whilst respecting the minimum time intervals required by the testing protocols set out in Part 2 of this Chapter.

2. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

2.1 CAMELIDAE

2.1.1 Tuberculosis

(a) **Test to be used**: comparative intradermal reaction test using Bovine purified protein derivative (PPD) and Avian PPD conforming to the standards for the manufacture of bovine and avian tuberculins as described in point 2.1.2 of Annex B of Directive 64/432/EEC.

The test must be executed in the area behind the shoulder (axillary region) following the technique described in point 2.2.4 of Annex B of Directive 64/432/EEC.

(b) **Timing**: the animals must be tested within two days from the date of arrival in the quarantine station and 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Interpretation of tests:**

the reaction shall be considered:

— negative if the increased skin thickness is less than 2 mm.

— positive if the increased skin thickness is more than 4 mm.

— inconclusive if the increased skin thickness to the bovine PPD is between 2mm and 4 mm, or more than 4 mm but less then the reaction to the avian PPD.

(d) **Options for action following testing:**

If an animal presents a positive result to the intradermal-reaction to the bovine PPD, that animal shall be excluded from the group and the other animals shall be re-tested starting at least 42 days from the date of the first positive test was administered and this shall be considered as the first test described in (b).

If more than one animal of the group presents a positive result, the whole group shall be rejected for exportation to the Union.

If one or more animals of the same group present an inconclusive reaction, the whole group shall be re-tested starting at least 42 days from the date of the first test was administered and it shall be considered as the first test described in (b).

2.1.2 Brucellosis

(a) **Test to be used:**

(i) *Brucella abortus*: Rose Bengal test (RBT) and Serum agglutination test (SAT) as described respectively in points 2.5 and 2.6 of Annex C to Directive 64/432/EEC. In the case of a positive result, a complement-fixation test shall be performed for confirmation as described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(ii) *Brucella melitensis*: RBT and SAT as described respectively in points 2.5 and 2.6 of Annex C to Directive 64/432/EEC. In the case of a positive result, a complement-fixation test following the method described in Annex C to Directive 91/68/EEC shall be performed for confirmation.

(iii) *Brucella ovis*: Complement fixation test as described in Annex D to Directive 91/68/EEC

(b) **Timing**: the animals have to be tested within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Interpretation of tests:**

A positive reaction to the tests shall be as defined in Annex C to Directive 64/432/EEC.

(d) **Options for action following testing:**

Animals tested positive to one of the tests shall be excluded from the group and the other animals shall be re-tested starting at least 42 days from the date the first positive test was performed: this shall be considered as the first test described in (b).

Only the animals that tested negative to two consecutive tests performed as described in (b) shall be allowed for the introduction to the Union.

2.1.3 Bluetongue and Epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD)

(a) **Test to be** used: agar gel immunodiffusion (AGID) test as described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

In case of a positive reaction the animals shall be tested with competitive ELISA test as described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 to discriminate between the two diseases.

(b) **Timing:**

The animals must be tested with negative result to two tests: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 21 days from date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing:**

(i) Bluetongue

If one or more animals tested positive to the ELISA as described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, the positive animal/animals shall be excluded from the group, and all the remaining animals in the group must be quarantined for 100 days starting from the date on which the samples for the positive test were collected. The group shall only be considered free of the bluetongue disease if regular checks carried out by official veterinarians throughout the duration of the quarantine period fail to reveal clinical symptoms of disease, and the quarantine station remains free of bluetongue vectors (*Culicoides*).

If a further animal presents clinical symptoms of bluetongue disease during the quarantine period as described in the first subparagraph, all the animals in the group shall be rejected for introduction into the Union.

(ii) Epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD)

If one or more animals tested positive reveal the presence of antibodies to the EHD virus during confirmatory ELISA testing, the animal(s) shall be considered positive and shall be excluded from the group, and the whole group shall be subject to repeat testing beginning at least 21 days from the date of the initial positive diagnosis and again at least 21 days from the date of the repeat test, both with negative results.

If any additional animals are tested positive during either or both of the two tests carried out for repeat testing, the whole group of animals shall be rejected for introduction into the Union.

2.1.4 Foot-and-Mouth Disease (FMD)

(a) **Test to be used**: Diagnostic tests (probang and serology) using ELISA and (Virus Neutralisation) (VN) techniques in accordance with the Protocols described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested with negative results to two tests: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal tests positive for the FMD virus, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

Note: Any detection of antibodies to structural or not structural proteins of FMD virus shall be considered as a result of previous infection of FMD irrespective of the vaccination status.

2.1.5 Rinderpest

(a) **Test to be used**: The competitive ELISA test as described in the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals, latest version, is the prescribed test for international trade and is test of choice. Serum neutralisation test, or other recognised tests in accordance with the protocols described in relevant sections of the OIE manual may also be used.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal tests positive for the Rinderpest virus, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.6 Vesicular stomatitis

(a) **Test to be used**: ELISA, virus neutralisation test, or other recognised test in accordance with the protocols described in the relevant sections of the OIE manual.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal tests positive for vesicular stomatitis virus, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.7 Rift valley fever

(a) **Test to be used**: ELISA, virus neutralisation test, or other recognised test in accordance with the protocols described in relevant sections of the OIE manual.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal displays evidence of exposure to rift valley fever agent, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.8 Lumpy skin disease

(a) **Test to be used**: Serology using ELISA, virus neutralisation test, or other recognised test in accordance with the protocols described in relevant sections of the OIE manual.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal displays evidence of exposure to lumpy skin disease, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.9 Crimean congo haemorrhagic fever

(a) **Test to be used**: ELISA, virus neutralisation test, Immunofluorescence test or other recognised test.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal displays evidence of exposure to crimean congo haemorrhagic fever agent, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.10 Surra (Trypanosoma evansi (T. evansi))

(a) **Test to be used**: The parasitic agent can be identified in concentrated blood samples in accordance with the protocols described in relevant sections of the OIE manual.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If *T. evansi* is detected in any animal in the consignment, then that animal shall be considered not eligible for introduction into the Union. The remaining animals of the group shall then undergo internal and external antiparasitic treatment using suitable agents that are effective against *T. evansi*.

2.1.11 Malignant catarrhal fever

(a) **Test to be used**: Detection of viral DNA based on identification by immunofluorescence or immunocytochemistry using the protocols described in relevant sections of the OIE manual.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: If any animal displays evidence of exposure to MCF, then none of the animals present in the quarantine station shall be considered as eligible for introduction into the Union.

2.1.12 Rabies

Vaccination: Rabies vaccination may be carried out when requested by the Member State of destination and the animal shall be blood sampled and a serum neutralisation test for antibodies carried out.

2.1.13 *Enzootic bovine leucosis*. (only in the case where the animals are destined for an officially enzootic-bovine-leucosis free Member State or region, as referred to in Article 2(2)(k) of Directive 64/432/EEC)

(a) **Test to be used**: AGID or blocking ELISA, in accordance with the protocols described in the OIE manual, latest version.

(b) **Timing**: the animals shall be tested twice: the first within two days from the date of their arrival in the quarantine station and the second at least 42 days from the date of the first test.

(c) **Options for action following testing**: animals tested positive to the test described in (a) shall be excluded from the group of animals in the quarantine facility and the other animals shall be re-tested starting at least 21 days from the date of the first positive test was performed: this shall be considered as the first test described in (b).

Only the animals that tested negative to two consecutive tests performed as described in (b) shall be considered eligible for introduction into the Union.

ANNEX II

FRESH MEAT

[F22 PART 1

LIST OF THIRD COUNTRIES, TERRITORIES AND PARTS THEREOF[0]

ISO code and name of third country	Code of Territory	Description of third country, territory or part thereof	Veterinary certificate		Specific conditions	Closing date[b]	Opening date[c]
			Model(s)	SG			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
AL – Albania	AL-0	Whole country	—				

[F11AR-Argentina	AR-0	Whole country	EQU				
	AR-1	The provinces of: Part of Buenos Aires (excluding territory included in AR-4), Catamarca, Corrientes, Entre Ríos, La Rioja, Mendoza, Misiones, San Juan, San Luis, Santa Fe, Tucuman, Cordoba, La Pampa, Santiago del Estero, Chaco, Formosa, Jujuy, Salta (excluding territory included in AR-3).	BOV RUF RUW	A	1		1 August 2010
	AR-2	The provinces of: Chubut, Santa Cruz, Tierra del Fuego, Part of Neuquén (excluding territory included in AR-4),	BOV OVI RUW RUF				1 August 2008

		Part of Río Negro (excluding territory included in AR-4)					
	AR-3	Part of Salta: the area of 25 km from the border with Bolivia and Paraguay that extends from the Santa Catalina District in the Province of Jujuy, to the Laishi District in the Province of Formosa (the former high-surveillance buffer area)	BOV RUF RUW	A	1		1 July 2016
	AR-4	The provinces of: Part of Neuquén (in the zone located east of the Provincial road 17, and in Confluencia Picun	BOV OVI RUW RUF				8 July 2019]

	Leufú the zone located east of the Provincial road 17) Part of province of Río Negro (in Avellaneda the zone located north of the Provincial road 7 and east of the Provincial road 250, in Conesa the zone located east of the Provincial road 2, in El Cuy the zone located north of the Provincial road 7 from its intersection with the Provincial road 66 to the border with the Department of Avellaneda, and in San Antonio the zone located east of the Provincial roads 250 and 2)					

		Part of Buenos Aires (Partido (district) de Patagones).					
AU – Australia	AU-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, POR, EQU, RUF, RUW, SUF, SUW				
⌊[F13]BA – Bosnia and Herzegovina[j]	BA-0	Whole country	BOV				⌋
BH – Bahrain	BH-0	Whole country	—				
⌊[F25]BR — BRAZIL	BR-0	Whole country	EQU				
	BR-1	State of Minas Gerais, State of Espírito Santo, State of Goiás, State of Mato Grosso, State of Rio Grande Do Sul, State of Mato Grosso Do Sul (excluding territory included in BR-4).	BOV	A and H	1		1 December 2008
	BR-2	State of Santa Catarina	BOV	A and H	1		31 January 2008

	BR-3	States of Paraná and São Paulo	BOV	A and H	1		1 August 2008
	BR-4	Part of State of Mato Grosso Do Sul: The area of 15 km from the external borders in the municipalities of Porto Murtinho, Caracol, Bela Vista, Antônio João, Ponta Porã, Aral Moreira, Coronel Sapucaia, Paranhos, Sete Quedas, Japorã, and Mundo Novo and the area in the municipalities of Corumbá and Ladário (the former designated high-surveillance area)	BOV	A and H	1		1 July 2016**]**
[F26BW — Botswana	BW-0	Whole country	EQU, EQW				

	BW-1	The veterinary disease control zones 3c, 4b, 5, 8, 9 and 18	BOV, OVI, RUF, RUW	F	1	11 May 2011	26 June 2012
	BW-2	The veterinary disease control zones 10, 11, 13 and 14	BOV, OVI, RUF, RUW	F	1		7 March 2002
	BW-3	The veterinary disease control zone 12	BOV, OVI, RUF, RUW	F	1	20 October 2008	20 January 2009
	BW-4	The veterinary disease control zone 4a, except the intensive surveillance buffer zone of 10 km along the boundary with the foot-and-mouth disease vaccination zone and wildlife management areas	BOV	F	1	28 May 2013	18 February 2011
	BW-5	The veterinary disease control zones 6a and 6b	BOV, OVI, RUF, RUW	F	1	28 May 2013	18 August 2016**]**
BY – Belarus	BY-0	Whole country	—				

BZ – Belize	BZ-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
CA – Canada	CA-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, POR, EQU, SUF, SUW, RUF, RUW	G			
CH – Switzerland	CH-0	Whole country	*				
CL – Chile	CL-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, POR, EQU, RUF, RUW, SUF				
CN – China	CN-0	Whole country	—				
CO – Colombia	CO-0	Whole country	EQU				
CR – Costa Rica	CR-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
CU – Cuba	CU-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
DZ – Algeria	DZ-0	Whole country	—				
ET – Ethiopia	ET-0	Whole country	—				
FK – Falkland Islands	FK-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU				
GL – Greenland	GL-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU, RUF, RUW				
GT – Guatemala	GT-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
HK – Hong Kong	HK-0	Whole country	—				

HN – Honduras	HN-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
[F14 F14]							
[F15IL – Israelf	IL-0	Whole country	—				]
IN – India	IN-0	Whole country	—				
IS – Iceland	IS-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU, RUF, RUW				
[F27JP — Japan	JP	Whole country	BOV				28 March 2013]
KE – Kenya	KE-0	Whole country	—				
MA – Morocco	MA-0	Whole country	EQU				
ME – Montenegro	ME-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU				
MG – Madagascar	MG-0	Whole country	—				
[F11MK- The Republic of North Macedonia	MK-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU				]
MU – Mauritius	MU-0	Whole country	—				
MX – Mexico	MX-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
NA – Namibia	NA-0	Whole country	EQU, EQW				
	NA-1	South of the cordon fences which extend from Palgrave Point in	BOV, OVI,RUF, RUW	F and J	1		

		the west to Gam in the east					
NC – New Caledonia	NC-0	Whole country	BOV, RUF, RUW				
NI – Nicaragua	NI-0	Whole country	—				
NZ – New Zealand	NZ-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, POR, EQU, RUF, RUW, SUF, SUW				
PA – Panama	PA-0	Whole country	BOV, EQU				
[F15PY – Paraguay	PY-0	Whole country	EQU				
	PY-0	Whole country	BOV	A	1		17 April 2015]
RS – Serbia[e]	RS-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, EQU				
RU – Russia	RU-0	Whole country	—				
	RU-1	Region of Murmansk, Yamolo-Nenets autonomous area	RUF				
[F23SG — Singapore[g]	SG-0	Whole country	NZ-TRANSIT-SG[h]				]
SV – El Salvador	SV-0	Whole country	—				
SZ – Swaziland	SZ-0	Whole country	EQU, EQW				
	SZ-1	Area west of the ‘red line’ fences which extends	BOV, RUF, RUW	F	1		

		northwards from the river Usutu to the frontier with South Africa west of Nkalashane,					
	SZ-2	The veterinary foot and mouth disease surveillance and vaccination control areas as gazetted as a Statutory Instrument under legal notice number 51 of 2001	BOV, RUF, RUW	F	1		4 August 2003
TH – Thailand	TH-0	Whole country	—				
TN – Tunisia	TN-0	Whole country	—				
TR – Turkey	TR-0	Whole country	—				
	TR-1	The provinces of Amasya, Ankara, Aydin, Balikesir, Bursa, Cankiri, Corum, Denizli, Izmir, Kastamonu,	EQU				

		Kutahya, Manisa, Usak, Yozgat and Kirikkale					
UA – Ukraine	UA-0	Whole country	—				
US – United States	US-0	Whole country	BOV, OVI, POR, EQU,SUF, SUW, RUF, RUW	G			
⌊[F28]UY – Uruguay	UY-0	Whole country	EQU				
			BOV	A and J	1		1 November 2001
			OVI	A	1		⌋
⌊[F29]ZA – South Africa	ZA-0	Whole country	EQU, EQW				
	ZA-1	The whole country except: — the part of the foot-and-mouth disease control area situated in the veterinary regions of Mpumalanga and Northern provinces, in the district	BOV, OVI, RUF, RUW	F	1	11 February 2011	⌋

		—	of Ingwavuma of the veterinary region of Natal and in the border area with Botswana east of longitude 28°, and the district of Camperdown, in the province of KwaZulu-Natal.				
ZW – Zimbabwe	ZW-0	Whole country	—				

Footnotes:

a Without prejudice to specific certification requirements provided for in Union agreements with third countries.

b Meat from animals slaughtered on or before the date set out in column 7 may be imported into the Union for 90 days from that date. Consignments carried on vessels on the high seas may be imported into the Union if certified before the date set out in column 7 for 40 days from that date.(N.B.: no date in column 7 means that there are no time restrictions).

c Only meat from animals slaughtered on or after the date set out in column 8 may be imported into the Union (no date in column 8 means that there are no time restrictions).

d **[F10]**

e Not including Kosovo which is at present under international administration pursuant to United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244 of 10 June 1999.

f **[F18]**Hereafter understood as the State of Israel, excluding the territories under Israeli administration since June 1967, namely the Golan Heights, the Gaza Strip, East Jerusalem and the rest of the West Bank.**]**

g **[F23]**Only for fresh meat originating from New Zealand, for which New Zealand is authorised for introduction into the Union, which is accompanied by the appropriate model of veterinary certificate issued by the competent authority of New Zealand, destined to the Union and being unloaded, with or without storage and reloaded in an approved establishment during transit through Singapore.

h Upon entry into the Union, the consignments should be accompanied both by this model of veterinary certificate issued in TRACES by the competent authority of Singapore and by the appropriate model of veterinary certificate for import of fresh meat issued by the competent authority of New Zealand, which may be attached in TRACES by the competent authority of Singapore.**]**

i	**[**[F10]**]**
j	**[**[F24]Only for transit of consignments of fresh meat of domestic bovine animals via Bulgaria into Turkey.**]**
*	= Requirements as in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002, p. 132).
—	= No certificates are laid down and fresh meat imports are prohibited (except for those species where indicated in the line comprising the entry for the whole country).

'1' Category restrictions:

No offal is authorised for introduction into the Union (except, in the case of bovine species, diaphragm and masseter muscles).**]**

Textual Amendments

F23 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/535 of 5 April 2016 amending Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the entry of Singapore in the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F24 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/384 of 2 March 2017 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F25 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/922 of 10 June 2016 amending Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F26 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1248 of 28 July 2016 amending Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the entry for Botswana in the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F27 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 196/2013 of 7 March 2013 amending Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the new entry for Japan in the list of third countries or parts thereof from which imports into the European Union of certain fresh meat are authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

F28 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 71/2013 of 25 January 2013 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the entry for Uruguay in the list of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction of fresh meat into the Union and correcting that Regulation as regards the model veterinary certificate for ovine and caprine animals intended for breeding or production after importation (Text with EEA relevance).

F29 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 342/2011 of 8 April 2011 amending Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

[[F8]PART 2

Models of veterinary certificates

Model(s):

'BOV' : Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, including minced meat, of domestic bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds).

'OVI'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, including minced meat, of domestic ovine animals (*Ovis aries*) and domestic caprine animals (*Capra hircus*).
'POR'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, including minced meat, of domestic porcine animals (*Sus scrofa*).
'EQU'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding minced meat, of domestic solipeds (*Equus caballus*, *Equus asinus* and their cross-breeds).
'RUF'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of farmed non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries*, *Capra hircus*, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae.
'RUW'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus*, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae.
'SUF'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of farmed non-domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families.
'SUW'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild non-domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families.
'EQW'	:	Model of veterinary certificate for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild solipeds belonging to the subgenus *Hippotigris* (zebra).
'[F23NZ-TRANSIT-SG'	:	Model of veterinary certificate only for transit through Singapore with unloading, possible storage and reloading of fresh meat originating from New Zealand, for which New Zealand is authorised for introduction into the Union, which is eligible for introduction and destined to the Union.]

SG (Supplementary guarantees)

'A'	:	guarantees regarding the maturation, pH measurement and boning of fresh meat, excluding offal, certified according to the models of veterinary certificates BOV (point II.2.6), OVI (point II.2.6), RUF (point II.2.7) and RUW (point II.2.4).
'C'	:	guarantees regarding the laboratory test for classical-swine-fever in the carcases from which fresh meat was obtained, certified according to the model of veterinary certificate SUW (point II.2.3 B).
'D'	:	guarantees regarding swill feed on holding(s) of animals from which fresh meat certified was obtained according to the model of veterinary certificate POR (point II.2.3 d).
'E'	:	guarantees regarding tuberculosis test in the animals from where fresh meat certified was obtained, according to the model of veterinary certificate BOV (point II.2.4 d).
'F'	:	guarantees regarding the maturation and de-boning of fresh meat, excluding offal, certified according to the models of veterinary certificates BOV (point II.2.6), OVI (point II.2.6), RUF (point II.2.6) and RUW (point II.2.7).
'G'	:	guarantees regarding 1, exclusion of offals and spinal cord; and 2, testing and origin of cervid animals in relation to chronic wasting

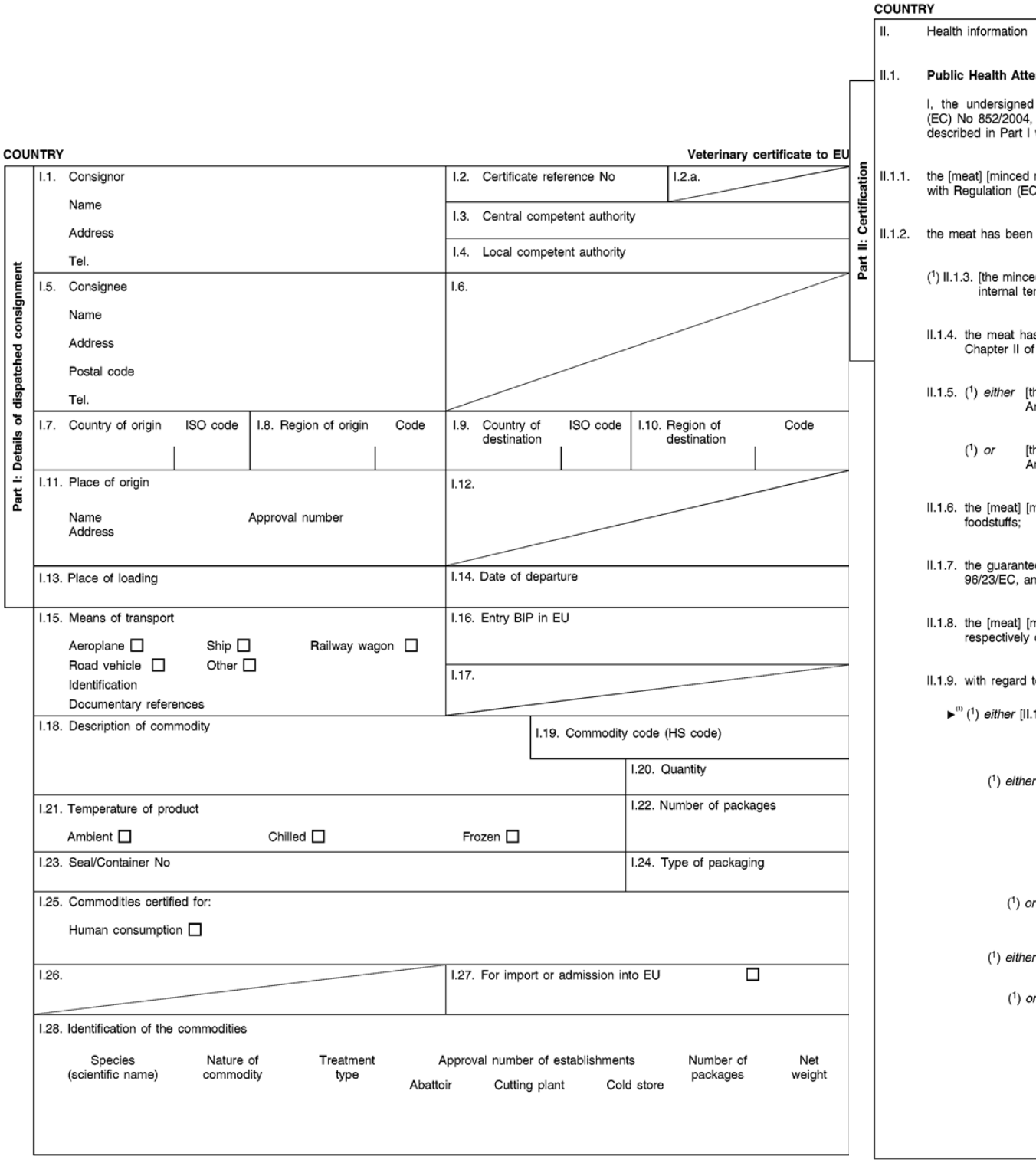
disease as referred to in the models of veterinary certificates RUF (point II.1.7) and RUW (point II.1.8).

‘H’ : supplementary guarantees required for Brazil. Concerning vaccination programmes, as the State of Santa Catarina in Brazil does not vaccinate against foot and mouth disease, the reference to a vaccination programme is not applicable for meat coming from animals originating and slaughtered in that State.

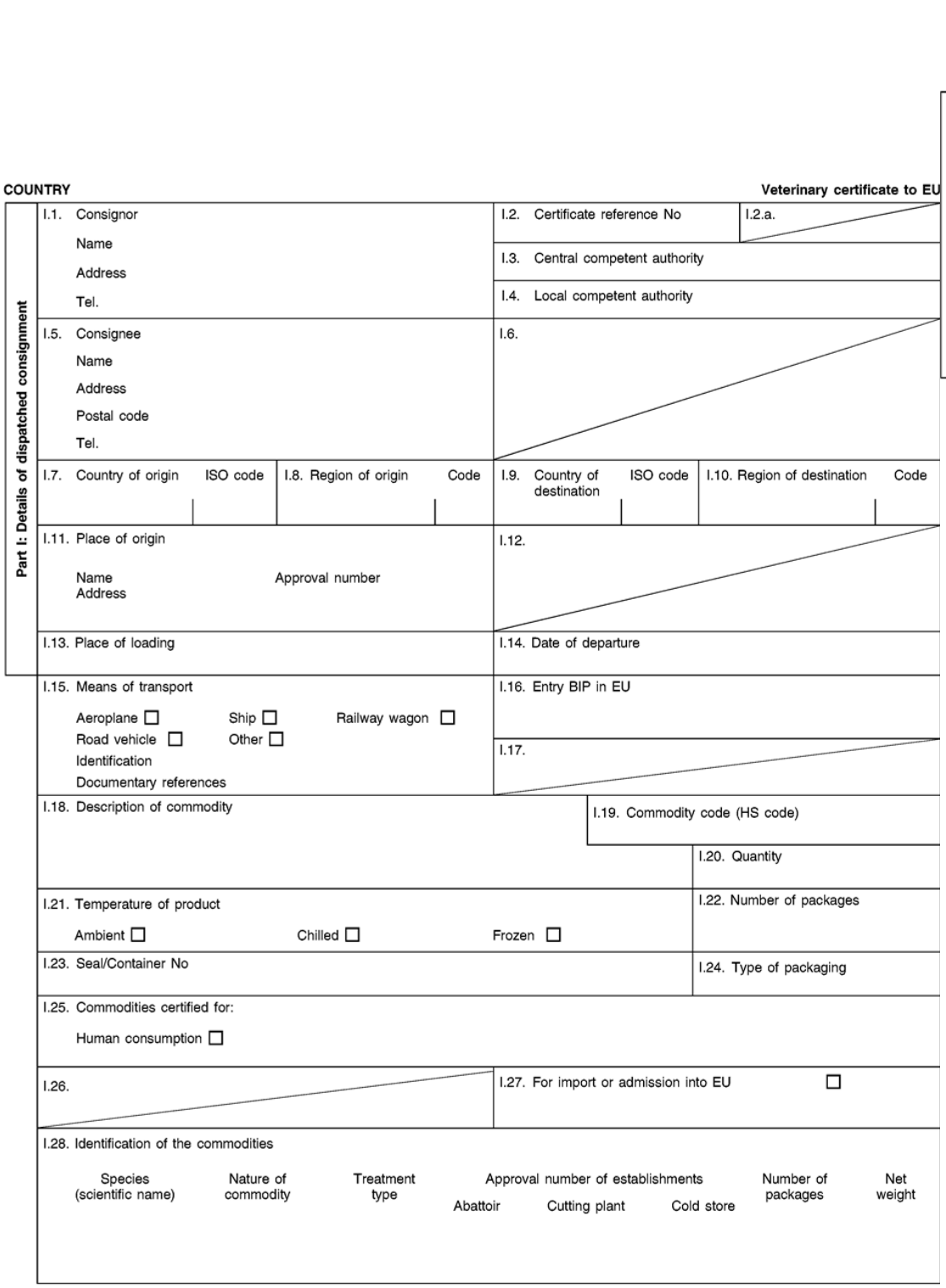
‘J’ : guarantees regarding the movement of bovine, ovine and caprine animals from holdings to the slaughterhouse, which allow them to pass via an assembly centre (including markets) before being transported directly to slaughter.

‘**[**[F17]K’ : holdings or compartments recognised as applying controlled housing conditions in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005.**]]**

[[F8]**Model BOV]**



[F8Model OVI]



COUNTRY

Veterinary certificate to EU

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel.

I.2. Certificate reference No | I.2.a.

I.3. Central competent authority

I.4. Local competent authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel.

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin ISO code | I.8. Region of origin Code | I.9. Country of destination ISO code | I.10. Region of destination Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification
Documentary references

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chilled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Seal/Container No

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number of establishments: Abattoir	Approval number of establishments: Cutting plant	Approval number of establishments: Cold store	Number of packages	Net weight

Part II: Certification

COUNTRY

II. Health information

II.1. **Public Health Attest**

I, the undersigned (EC) No 852/2004, caprine animals desc

II.1.1. the [meat] [m accordance w

(1) II.1.2. the meat has

(1) II.1.3. [the minced m internal tempe

II.1.4. the meat has Chapter II of S

II.1.5. (1) *either* [the Ann

(1) *or* [the Ann

II.1.6. the [meat] [mi foodstuffs;

II.1.7. the guarantees 96/23/EC, and

II.1.8. the [meat] [mi respectively of

II.1.9. with regard to

►(1) (1) *either* [II.1.9

(1) *eith*

(1)

(1) *eith*

(1)

Model POR

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model POR**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the meat of domestic swine described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the [meat] [minced meat] (1) comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in compliance with the conditions set out in Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

▶(1) II.1.3 the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for *Trichinella* in meat, and in particular:

(1) *either* [has been subjected to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;]

(1) *or* [has been subjected to a freezing treatment in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005;]

(1)(7) *or* [is derived from domestic porcine animals either coming from a holding officially recognised as applying controlled housing conditions in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 or not weaned and less than 5 weeks of age.] ◀

(1) II.1.4 [the minced meat has been produced in accordance with Section V of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and frozen to an internal temperature of not more than –18 °C;]

II.1.5 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following ante and post-mortem inspections carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters IV and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.6 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of [meat] [minced meat] (1) have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.7 the [meat] [minced meat] (1) satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.8 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29, are fulfilled.

II.1.9 the [meat] [minced meat] (1) has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Sections I and V respectively of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

(2) [II.1.10 it fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1688/2005 implementing Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 as regards special guarantees concerning Salmonella for consignments to Finland and Sweden of certain meat and eggs;]

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I :

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: ..... (3) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(1) *either* [(a) has been free for 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease, and]

(1) *or* [(a) (i) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), and

COUNTRY **Model POR**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(ii) has been considered free from [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks afterwards, and authorised to export this meat by Commission Regulation (EC) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) , and]

(b) during the last 12 months no vaccination against these diseases have been carried out and imports of domestic animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted in this territory;

II.2.2 has been obtained from animals that:

(1) *either* [have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last three months before slaughter;]

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the territory with code ..... (3) that at that date was authorised to import this fresh meat into the Union;]

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the EU Member State .....;]

II.2.3 has been obtained from animals coming from holdings:

(a) in which none of the animals present therein have been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1,

(b) in and around which, in an area of 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 40 days,

(c) that are not subject to prohibition as a result of an outbreak of porcine brucellosis during the previous six weeks;

(1) (4) [(d) where an undertaking has been received that pigs are not fed with catering waste, are subject to official controls and are included in the list established by the competent authority for the purpose of importing pig meat into the Union;]

II.2.4 has been obtained from animals that:

(a) have remained separate since birth from wild cloven-hoofed animals,

(b) have been transported from their holdings in vehicles, cleaned and disinfected before loading, to an approved slaughterhouse without contact with other animals which did not comply with the conditions set out in points II.2.1, II.2.2 and II.2.3,

(c) at the slaughterhouse, have passed ante-mortem health inspection during the 24 hours before slaughter and, in particular, have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1, and

(d) have been slaughtered on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) or between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy). (5);

II.2.5 has been obtained in an establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 40 days or, in the event of a case of disease, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after slaughter of all animals present, removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

II.2.6 has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the conditions required in this certificate.

▶(1) II.3. **Animal welfare attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I of this certificate derives from animals which have been handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of Union legislation and have met requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009 (6). ◀

COUNTRY **Model POR**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, including minced meat, of domestic swine (*Sus scrofa*).

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.03, 02.06, 02.09, 05.04 or 15.01.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters', 'cuts' or 'minced meat'.

Minced meat is deboned meat that has been minced into fragments and that must have been prepared exclusively from striated muscle (including the adjoining fatty tissues) except heart muscle.

— Box reference I.28: Treatment type: If appropriate, indicate 'deboned'; 'bone in'; 'matured' and/or 'minced'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Delete if the consignment is not intended for import into Finland or Sweden.

(3) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(4) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**D**'.

Catering waste means: all waste from food intended for human consumption from restaurants, catering facilities or kitchens, including industrial kitchens and household kitchens of the farmer or persons tending pigs.

(5) Date or dates of slaughter. Imports of this meat shall not be allowed when obtained from animals slaughtered either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

▶(1) (6) OJ L 303, 18.11.2009, p. 1. ◀

▶(2) (7) Only for third countries with the entry 'K' in column 'SG' in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model EQU

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
		Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model EQU**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the meat of domestic solipeds described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in compliance with the conditions set out in Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

II.1.3 the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for Trichinella in meat, and in particular, has been subject to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;

II.1.4 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following ante and post-mortem inspections carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters III and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.5 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.6 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

▶(1) II.1.7. the meat was obtained from domestic solipeds which immediately prior to slaughter had been kept for at least six months or since birth, if slaughtered at an age of less than six months, or since importation as food producing equidae from a Member State of the European Union, if imported less than six months prior to slaughter, in a third country:

(a) in which the administration to domestic solipeds:

(i) of thyrostatic substances, stilbenes, stilbene derivatives, their salts and esters, oestradiol 17ß and its ester-like derivatives is prohibited;

(ii) of other substances having oestrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic action and of beta-agonists is only allowed for:

therapeutic treatment, as defined in Article 1(2)(b) of Directive 96/22/EC, where applied in conformity with Article 4(2) of that Directive, or

zootechnical treatment, as defined in Article 1(2)(c) of Directive 96/22/EC, where applied in conformity with Article 5 of that Directive; and

(b) which has had, at least during the six months prior to slaughter of the animals, a plan for the monitoring of the groups of residues and substances referred to in Annex I to Directive 96/23/EC which covers equidae born in and imported into the third country and was approved in accordance with the fourth subparagraph of Article 29(1) of Directive 96/23/EC; ◀

II.1.8 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

COUNTRY **Model EQU**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: ..... (2);

II.2.2 has been obtained from domestic solipeds, which:

(1) *either* [have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last three months before slaughter;]

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the territory with code: ..... (2) that at that date was authorised to export this fresh meat to the Union;]

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the EU Member State .....;]

II.2.3 has been obtained from animals which were slaughtered on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) or between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (3) in a slaughterhouse around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of African horse sickness or glanders during the previous 40 days or, in the event of a case of such diseases, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after slaughter of all animals present, removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

COUNTRY **Model EQU**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.4 has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the conditions required in this certificate.

▶(1) II.3. **Animal welfare attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I of this certificate derives from animals which have been handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of Union legislation and have met requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009 ([4]). ◀

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding minced meat, of domestic solipeds (*Equus caballus*, *Equus asinus* and their cross-breeds).

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.05, 02.06 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters' or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate, indicate 'deboned'; 'bone in' and/or 'matured'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate.

([2]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([3]) Dates: imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals slaughtered either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

▶(2) ([4]) OJ L 303, 18.11.2009, p. 1. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model RUF

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model RUF**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004, (EC) No 854/2004 and (EC) No 999/2001 and hereby certify that the meat of farmed animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus,* Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in accordance with the conditions set out in Section III of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

II.1.3 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following ante and post-mortem inspections carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters VII and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.4 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.5 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.6 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled.

(1) (2) [II.1.7 with regard to Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD):

This product contains or is derived exclusively from meat, excluding offal and spinal cord, of farmed cervid animals which have been examined for Chronic Wasting Disease by histopathology, immunohistochemistry or other diagnostic method recognised by the competent authority with negative results and is not derived from animals coming from a herd where Chronic Wasting Disease has been confirmed or is officially suspected.]

II.1.8 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: ..... (3) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(a) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, and during the same period no vaccination against this disease has taken place, and

(1) *either* [(b) has been free for 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease, and during the same period no vaccination against this disease has taken place;]

(1) *or* [(b) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks afterwards, and authorised to export this meat by Commission Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy);]

(1) (4) *or* [(b) vaccination programmes against foot-and-mouth disease are being officially carried out and controlled in domestic bovine animals;]

COUNTRY **Model RUF**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.2 has been obtained from animals that:

(1) *either* [have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last three months before slaughter;]

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the territory with code ..... (3), which at that date was authorised to import this fresh meat into the Union;]

II.2.3 has been obtained from animals coming from holdings:

(a) in which none of the animals present therein have been vaccinated against [foot-and-mouth disease or] (5) rinderpest,

(b) where regular veterinary inspections are carried out to diagnose diseases transmissible to humans or animals and, these holdings are not subject to prohibition as a result of an outbreak of brucellosis during the previous six weeks, and

(1) *either* [(c) in and around which in an area of 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease or rinderpest during the previous 30 days,]

(1) (4) *or* [(c) where there is no official restriction for health reasons and in and around which in an area of 50 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease or rinderpest during the previous 90 days, and

(d) where the animals have remained for at least 40 days before direct dispatch to the slaughterhouse;]

II.2.4 has been obtained from animals:

(1) *either* [(a) which have been transported from their holdings in vehicles, cleaned and disinfected before loading, to an approved slaughterhouse, without contact with other animals which did not comply with the conditions mentioned above,

(b) which at the slaughterhouse, have passed ante-mortem health inspection during the 24 hours before slaughter and, in particular, have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1, and

(c) which have been slaughtered on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) or between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (6);]

(1) *or* [(a) which have been slaughtered on the holding of origin, following authorisation by an official veterinarian responsible for the holding, who has provided a written statement that:

— in his opinion an unacceptable risk would have been posed to the welfare of the animals or to their handlers by the transport of the animals to an slaughterhouse,

— the holding had been inspected and authorised by the competent authority for the slaughter of game animals,

— the animals have passed the ante-mortem health inspection during the 24 hours before the slaughter and, in particular, have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1,

— the animals were slaughtered between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), (6)

— the bleeding of the animals was performed correctly, and

— the slaughtered animals were eviscerated within three hours of the time of slaughter, and

(b) the carcasses of which have been transported to the approved slaughterhouse under hygienic conditions and, where more than one hour elapsed since the time of slaughter, a temperature of between 0 °C and + 4 °C has been found on the arrival of the vehicle used for the transport;]

(1) (7) II.2.5 [has been obtained from animals that have remained since birth or for the last 3 months separate from wild cloven-hoofed animals;]

COUNTRY **Model RUF**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.6 has been obtained in an establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 30 days or, in the event of a case of disease, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after slaughter of all animals present, removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

II.2.7

(1) *either* [has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the conditions required above.]

(1) (4) *or* [contains boneless meat, obtained only from de-boned meat other than offal that was obtained from carcasses in which the main accessible lymphatic glands have been removed, which have been submitted to maturation at a temperature above + 2 °C for at least 24 hours before the bones were removed and in which the pH value of the meat was below 6.0 when tested electronically in the middle of the longissimus-dorsi muscle after maturation and before de-boning, and

has been kept strictly separate from meat not conforming to the requirements set out in this certificate during all stages of its production, de-boning and storage until it has been packed in boxes or cartons for further storage in dedicated areas.]

(1) (8) *or* [contains boneless meat, obtained only from de-boned meat other than offal that was obtained from carcasses in which the main accessible lymphatic glands have been removed, which have been submitted to maturation at a temperature above + 2 °C for at least 24 hours before the bones were removed, and

has been kept strictly separate from meat not conforming to the requirements set out in this certificate during all stages of its production, de-boning and storage until it has been packed in boxes or cartons for further storage in dedicated areas.]

▶(1) (1) II.3. **Animal welfare attestation**

In case the fresh meat described in Part I of this certificate derives from animals which have been slaughtered or killed in a slaughterhouse, I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that they were handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of Union legislation and have met requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009 (9). ◀

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus,* Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae, that are domestically kept or bred since birth or for the last three months in farms.

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.06, 02.08.90 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters', or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate, indicate 'deboned'; 'bone in' and/or 'matured'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

COUNTRY **Model RUF**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Supplementary guarantees regarding fresh meat obtained from cervids to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**G**'.

(3) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(4) Supplementary guarantees regarding meats from matured de-boned meat to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 with the entry '**A**'.

(5) Delete when the exporting country carries out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease with serotypes A, O or C, and this country is allowed for import into the Union matured de-boned meat which fulfils the supplementary guarantees described under footnote (4).

(6) Date or dates of slaughter. Imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals slaughtered either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(7) Not necessary for farmed game animals kept permanently in Arctic regions.

(8) Supplementary guarantees regarding meats from matured de-boned meat to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**F**'. The matured de-boned meat shall not be authorised for importation into the Union until 21 days after the date of slaughter of the animals.

▶(1) (9) OJ L 303, 18.11.2009, p. 1. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model RUW

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model RUW**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004 , (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the fresh meat of wild animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus,* Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in compliance with the conditions set out in Section IV of Annex III to Regulation 853/2004, and in particular:

(i) before skinning, it has been stored and handled separately from other food and not frozen;

and

(ii) after skinning, it has undergone a final inspection as referred to in point II.1.4;

(1) II.1.3 [in the case of susceptible species, the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for Trichinella in meat;]

II.1.4 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following a post-mortem inspection carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters VIII and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.5 (1) *either* [in the case of large wild game, the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.6 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.7 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled.

(1) (2) [II.1.8 with regard to Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD):

This product contains or is derived exclusively from meat, excluding offal and spinal cord, of wild cervid animals which have been examined for Chronic Wasting Disease by histopathology, immunohistochemistry or other diagnostic method recognised by the competent authority with negative results and is not derived from animals coming from a region where Chronic Wasting Disease has been confirmed in the last three years or is officially suspected.]

II.1.9 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: …… (3) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(a) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, and during the same period no vaccination against this disease has taken place, and

(1) *either* [(b) has been free for 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease, and during the same period no vaccination against this disease has taken place;]

COUNTRY **Model RUW**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(1) *or* [(b) has been considered free from foot-and-mouth disease since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks afterwards, and authorised to export these animals by Commission Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy);]

(1) (4) *or* [(b) vaccination programmes against foot-and-mouth disease are being officially carried out and controlled in domestic bovine animals;]

II.2.2 has been obtained from wild animals that were killed between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (5) inside the territory referred to in point II.2.1, and the killing took place:

(a) at a distance that exceeds 20 km from the borders of a country or part thereof, which is not authorised during this period for importing this fresh meat into the Union,

(b) in an area where during the last 60 days, there has been no restrictions for the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.3 has been obtained from animals which after killing were transported as soon as possible for chilling to an approved game-handling establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 30 days or, in the event of a case of disease, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

II.2.4

(1) *either* [has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the conditions required above.]

(1) (4) *or* [contains boneless meat, obtained only from de-boned meat other than offal that was obtained from carcasses in which the main accessible lymphatic glands have been removed, which have been submitted to maturation at a temperature above +2 °C for at least 24 hours before the bones were removed and in which the pH value of the meat was below 6.0 when tested electronically in the middle of the longissimus-dorsi muscle after maturation and before de-boning, and

has been kept strictly separate from meat not conforming to the requirements set out in this certificate during all stages of its production, de-boning and storage until it has been packed in boxes or cartons for further storage in dedicated areas.]

(1) (6) *or* [contains boneless meat, obtained only from de-boned meat other than offal that was obtained from carcasses in which the main accessible lymphatic glands have been removed, which have been submitted to maturation at a temperature above +2 °C for at least 24 hours before the bones were removed, and

has been kept strictly separate from meat not conforming to the requirements set out in this certificate during all stages of its production, de-boning and storage until it has been packed in boxes or cartons for further storage in dedicated areas.]

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus,* Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae that are killed or hunted in the wild.

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

After importation, unskinned carcasses must be conveyed without delay to the processing establishment of destination.

COUNTRY **Model RUW**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.01, 02.02, 02.04, 02.06, 02.08.90 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters' or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate, indicate 'matured' or 'unskinned'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

— Box reference I.28: *Abattoir*: any abattoir or game handling establishment.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate

(2) Supplementary guarantees regarding fresh meat obtained from cervids to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**G**'.

(3) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(4) Supplementary guarantees regarding meat from matured de-boned meat to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 with the entry '**A**'.

The matured de-boned meat shall not be authorised for importation into the Union until 21 days after the date of killing of the animals.

(5) Dates. Imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals killed or hunted either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(6) Supplementary guarantees regarding meats from matured de-boned meat to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**F**'. The matured de-boned meat shall not be allowed for importation into the Union until 21 days after the date of slaughter of the animals.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model SUF

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model SUF**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the meat of farmed non-domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in compliance with the conditions set out in Section III of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

II.1.3 the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for Trichinella in meat, and in particular, has been subject to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;

II.1.4 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following ante and post-mortem inspections carried out in accordance with, Chapter II of Section I and, Chapters VII and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.5 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I, of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.6 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.7 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled;

II.1.8 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: ……..... (2) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(1) *either* [(a) has been free for 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease, and]

(1) *or* [(a) (i) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), and

(ii) has been considered free from [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks afterwards, and authorised to export this meat by Commission Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) , and]

(b) during the last 12 months no vaccination against these diseases have been carried out and imports of domestic animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted in this territory;

II.2.2 has been obtained from animals that:

(1) *either* [have remained in the territory described under point II.2.1 since birth, or for at least the last three months before slaughter;]

COUNTRY **Model SUF**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

(1) *or* [have been introduced on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) into the territory described under point II.2.1, from the territory with code ..... (2) that at that date was authorised to import this fresh meat into the Union;]

II.2.3 has been obtained from animals coming from holdings:

(a) in which none of the animals present therein have been vaccinated against the diseases referred to in point II.2.1,

(b) in and around which in an area of 10 km radius, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 40 days,

(c) in which regular veterinary inspections are carried out to diagnose diseases transmissible to humans or animals and, these holdings are not subject to prohibition as a result of an outbreak of porcine brucellosis during the previous six weeks;

II.2.4 has been obtained from animals which:

(1) *either* [(a) have been transported from their holdings in vehicles, cleaned and disinfected before loading, to an approved slaughterhouse without contact with other animals which did not comply with the conditions mentioned above,

(b) at the slaughterhouse, have passed ante-mortem health inspection during the 24 hours before slaughter and, in particular, have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1, and

(c) have been slaughtered on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) or between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (3);]

(1) *or* [(a) have been slaughtered on the holding of origin, following authorisation by an official veterinarian responsible for the holding, who has provided a written statement that:

— in his opinion an unacceptable risk would have been posed to the welfare of the animals or to their handlers by the transport of the animals to an slaughterhouse,

— the holding had been inspected and authorised by the competent authority for the slaughter of game,

— the animals have passed the ante-mortem health inspection during the 24 hours before the slaughter and, in particular, have shown no evidence of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1,

— the animals were slaughtered between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), (3)

— the bleeding of the animals was performed correctly, and

— the slaughtered animals were eviscerated within three hours of the time of slaughter, and

(b) their carcasses have been transported to the approved slaughterhouse under hygienic conditions and, where more than one hour elapsed since the time of slaughter, a temperature of between 0 °C and + 4 °C has been found on the arrival of the vehicle used for the transport;]

II.2.5 has been obtained from animals that have remained separate since birth from wild cloven-hoofed animals;

II.2.6 has been obtained in an establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 40 days or, in the event of a case of disease, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after slaughter of all animals present, removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

II.2.7 has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the requirements set out in this certificate.

COUNTRY **Model SUF**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

▶(1) II.3. **Animal welfare attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I of this certificate derives from animals which have been handled in the slaughterhouse before and at the time of slaughter or killing in accordance with the relevant provisions of Union legislation and have met requirements at least equivalent to those laid down in Chapters II and III of Council Regulation (EC) No 1099/2009 ([4]). ◀

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families that are domestically kept or bred since birth in farms.

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption, whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.03, 02.08.90 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters' or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate indicate deboned, or bone-in. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate

([2]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([3]) Date or dates of slaughter. Imports of this meat shall not be allowed when obtained from animals slaughtered either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

▶(2) ([4]) OJ L 303, 18.11.2009, p. 1. ◀

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model SUW

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model SUW**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004,(EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the meat of wild animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat has been obtained in accordance with Section IV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004, an in particular:

(i) before skinning, it has been stored and handled separately from other food and not frozen;

and

(ii) after skinning, it has undergone a final inspection as referred to in point II.1.4;

II.1.3 the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for *Trichinella* in meat, and in particular, has been subject to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;

II.1.4 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following a post-mortem inspection carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters VIII and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.5 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.6 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.7 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled.

II.1.8 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained in the territory/ies with code: …… (2) which, at the date of issuing this certificate:

(1) *either* [(a) has been free for 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, African swine fever, classical swine fever, swine vesicular disease, and]

(1) *or* [(a) (i) has been free for 12 months from rinderpest, African swine fever, [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), and

(ii) has been considered free from [foot-and-mouth disease] (1), [classical swine fever] (1) and [swine vesicular disease] (1), since ..... (dd/mm/yyyy), without having had cases/outbreaks afterwards, and authorised to export this meat by Commission Regulation (EU) No ...../....., of ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) , and]

(b) during the last 12 months no vaccination against these diseases have been carried out and imports of domestic animals vaccinated against these diseases are not permitted in this territory;

COUNTRY **Model SUW**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.2.2 has been obtained from wild animals that were killed between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) ([3]) inside the territory referred to in point II.2.1, and the killing took place:

(a) at a distance that exceeds 20 km from the borders of a country or part thereof, which is not authorised during this period for importing this fresh meat into the Union,

(b) in an area where during the last 60 days, there has been no restrictions for the diseases referred to in point II.2.1;

II.2.3.A has been obtained from animals which after killing were transported within 12 hours for chilling [to a collection centre, and immediately afterwards] ([1]) to an approved game-handling establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of the diseases referred to in point II.2.1 during the previous 40 days or, in the event of a case of disease, the preparation of meat for importation into the Union has been authorised only after removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

([1]) ([4]) [II.2.3.B has been obtained from carcasses on which the following test for classical swine fever was carried out and provided negative results:

([1]) *either* [virus isolation from blood (EDTA);]

([1]) *or* [virus isolation from samples of .....;]

([1]) *or* [immunofluorescence for viral antigen on samples of .....;]]

II.2.4 has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the conditions required in this certificate.

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families that are killed or hunted in the wild.

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

After importation, unskinned carcasses must be conveyed without delay to the processing establishment of destination.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.03, 02.08.90 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters' or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate, indicate 'matured' or 'unskinned'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

— Box reference I.28: *Abattoir*: any abattoir or game handling establishment.

COUNTRY **Model SUW**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

(3) Dates. Imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals killed or hunted either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes reference I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(4) Supplementary guarantees to be provided when required in column 5 'SG' of Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, with the entry '**C**'. For such purpose, in tests other than EDTA, the samples to be used are a sample of tonsil and of spleen plus a sample of ileum or kidney and a sample of at least one of the following lymph nodes: retropharyngeal, parotid, mandibular or mesenteric. The samples used shall be indicated.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model EQW

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin | ISO code | I.8. Region of origin | Code

I.9. Country of destination | ISO code | I.10. Region of destination | Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
		Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model EQW**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Public Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant requirements of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004 and hereby certify that the meat of wild solipeds belonging to the subgenus *Hippotigris* (zebra) described in Part I was produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:

II.1.1 the meat comes from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;

II.1.2 the meat was obtained in compliance with Section IV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;

II.1.3 the meat fulfils the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for Trichinella in meat, in particular, has been subject to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;

II.1.4 the meat has been found fit for human consumption following a post-mortem inspection carried out in accordance with Chapter II of Section I and Chapters VIII and IX of Section IV of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;

II.1.5 (1) *either* [the carcass or parts of the carcass have been marked with a health mark in accordance with Chapter III of Section I of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 854/2004;]

(1) *or* [the packages of meat have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;]

II.1.6 the meat satisfies the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;

II.1.7 the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled;

II.1.8 the meat has been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section I of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004.

II.2. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.2.1 has been obtained from wild animals that were killed between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (2) inside the territory/ies with code: ..... (3);

II.2.2 has been obtained from wild animals which after killing were transported within 12 hours for chilling [to a collection centre, and immediately afterwards] (1) to an approved game-handling establishment around which, within a radius of 10 km, there has been no case/outbreak of African horse sickness or glanders during the previous 40 days or, in the event of a case of such diseases, the preparation of meat for exportation to the Union has been authorised only after removal of all meat, and the total cleaning and disinfection of the establishment under the control of an official veterinarian;

II.2.3 has been obtained and prepared without contact with other meats not complying with the requirements set out in this certificate.

Notes

This certificate is meant for fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of wild solipeds belonging to the subgenus *Hippotigris* (zebra).

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

After importation, unskinned carcasses must be conveyed without delay to the processing establishment of destination.

COUNTRY **Model EQW**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.08.90 or 05.04.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.

— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters' or 'cuts'.

— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If appropriate, indicate 'matured' or 'unskinned'. If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

— Box reference I.28: *Abattoir*: any abattoir or game handling establishment.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Dates. Imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals killed or hunted either prior to the date of authorisation for importation into the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

(3) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model NZ-TRANSIT-SG

COUNTRY: **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Country Tel.				I.2. Certificate reference number			I.2.a.	
				I.3. Central Competent Authority				
				I.4. Local Competent authority				
I.5. Consignee Name Address Country Tel.				I.6.				
I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code		I.10.	
Singapore	SG							
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address				I.12.				
I.13. Place of loading Address				I.14. Date of departure			Time of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification: Document:				I.16. Entry BIP in EU				
				I.17. No.(s) of CITES				
I.18. Description of commodity						I.19. Commodity code (HS code)		
							I.20. Quantity	
I.21. Temperature of product Ambient ☐ Chilled ☐ Frozen ☐							I.22. Number of packages	
I.23. Seal/Container No							I.24. Type of packaging	
I.25. Commodities certified as: Human consumption ☐								
I.26.				I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐				

I.28. Identification of the commodity

Species (scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Approval number of establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
		Abattoir	Cutting plant	Cold store		

COUNTRY **Model NZ-TRANSIT-SG**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1 **Health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.1.1 originates from New Zealand and is authorised for introduction into the Union as laid down in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, and

II.1.2 is destined for the Union and is accompanied by the veterinary certificate drawn up in accordance with the model set out in Annex I to Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/1901 ([1]) issued by the competent authority of New Zealand with certificate reference number ....., and

II.1.3 during transit has been unloaded, stored, reloaded and transported in accordance with the relevant ▶[(1)]requirements of Section I and V respectively of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004◀, and

II.1.4 during all stages of transit has been kept segregated from animal products not eligible for import into the Union, and

II.1.5 is eligible for import into the Union.

II.2 **Transit attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the consignment of fresh meat described in Part I has:

II.2.1 arrived to the customs area of Singapore airport, in cartons with at least one tamper proof seal applied on outer packaging of each carton in such a way, that the cartons cannot be opened without at least one seal is destroyed or damaged, and

II.2.2 immediately after unloading from the plane, been subject to documentary and identity check and if applicable physical check ([2]) by the competent authority of Singapore, and

II.2.3 been stored in an approved establishment in the customs area of Singapore ([3]), and

II.2.4 been reloaded into a reefer container in an approved establishment in the customs area of Singapore under supervision of the competent authority of Singapore, and

the reefer container has been:

II.2.5 sealed by the Customs authority of Singapore, for transport from the approved establishment to the sea port of Singapore, and

II.2.6 sealed by the competent authority of Singapore, for transport from the approved establishment until arrival at the first Union border inspection post.

Notes

This certificate is meant for the following commodities of fresh meat originating from New Zealand and for which New Zealand is authorised to introduce into the Union, which is accompanied by the appropriate model of veterinary certificate issued by the competent authority of New Zealand, destined to the Union and being unloaded, reloaded and transited with or without storage through Singapore:

— fresh meat, including minced meat, of:

(1) domestic bovine animals (including *Bubalus* and Bison species and their cross-breeds);

(2) domestic ovine animals (*Ovis aries*) or domestic caprine animals (*Capra hircus*);

(3) domestic porcine animals (*Sus scrofa*);

(4) domestic solipeds (*Equus caballus, Equus asinus* and their cross-breeds);

COUNTRY **Model NZ-TRANSIT-SG**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

— fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of:

(5) farmed non-domestic animals of the order *Artiodactyla* (excluding bovine animals (including Bison and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus*, *Suidae* and *Tayassuidae*), and of the families *Rhinocerotidae* and *Elephantidae*;

(6) wild non-domestic animals of the order *Artiodactyla* (excluding bovine animals (including Bison and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries, Capra hircus, Suidae* and *Tayassuidae*), and of the families *Rhinocerotidae* and *Elephantidae*;

(7) farmed non-domestic animals belonging to the *Suidae, Tayassuidae*, or *Tapiridae* families;

(8) wild non-domestic animals belonging to the *Suidae, Tayassuidae*, or *Tapiridae* families.

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

Part I:

— Box reference I.7: Country of origin means here the country of dispatch: Singapore.

— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name, address and approval number of the dispatch establishment in Singapore.

— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.

— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.08.90, 02.09, 05.04 or 15.02.

— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.

— Box reference I.23: For containers: The container number and the seal number of the seal applied by the competent authority of Singapore at the completion of reloading.

— Box reference I.28: Nature of commodity: Indicate ‘carcass-whole’, ‘carcass-side’, ‘carcass-quarters’, ‘cuts’, or ‘minced meat’. Approval number: Indicate the approved establishments in New Zealand.

Part II:

(1) For consignments of fresh meat for which equivalence has been determined under the Agreement between the European Community and New Zealand (Council Decision 97/132/EC), the appropriate model veterinary certificate is set out in Annex I to Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/1901 of 20 October 2015 laying down certification rules and a model health certificate for importation into the Union of consignments of live animals and animal products from New Zealand and repealing Decision 2003/56/EC.

(2) In exceptional cases which may present a public health or animal health risk or when irregularities are suspected, additional physical checks must be carried out.

(3) Delete if the consignment has been reloaded without storage.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

ANNEX III

Model TRANSIT/STORAGE

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6. Person responsible for the consignment in EU
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12. Place of destination
Custom warehouse ☐ Ship supplier ☐
Name
Address
Postal code
Approval number

I.13. Place of loading

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17. No. (s) of CITES

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)

I.20. Quantity

I.21. Temperature of product
Ambient ☐ Chiled ☐ Frozen ☐

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24. Type of packaging

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Human consumption ☐

I.26. For transit through EU to 3 rd Country ☐
3rd country
ISO code

I.27.

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Nature of commodity	Treatment type	Approval number establishments			Number of packages	Net weight
			Abattoir	Cutting plant/	manufacturing plant		

COUNTRY **Model TRANSIT/STORAGE**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Animal Health Attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the fresh meat described in Part I:

II.1.1 comes from a country or region authorized for imports into the Union as laid down in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 at the time of slaughter, and

II.1.2 complies with the relevant animal health conditions as laid down in the animal health attestation in the model certificate [BOV] [OVI] [POR] [EQU] [RUF] [RUW] [SUF] [SUW] [EQW] (1) in Part 2 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010, and

II.1.3 is derived from animals which were slaughtered and processed on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) or between ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) and ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (2).

Notes

This certificate is meant for transit and storage in accordance with Article 12(4) or Article 13 of Directive 97/78/EC of:

— fresh meat, including minced meat, of:

(1) domestic bovine animals (including *Bubalus* and *Bison* species and their cross-breeds) (Model 'BOV');

(2) domestic ovine animals (*Ovis aries*) or domestic caprine animals (*Capra hircus*) (Model 'OVI');

(3) domestic porcine animals (*Sus scrofa*) (Model 'POR');

— fresh meat, excluding minced meat, of:

(4) domestic solipeds (*Equus caballus*, *Equus asinus* and their cross-breeds) (Model 'EQU');

— fresh meat, excluding offal and minced meat, of:

(5) farmed non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries*, *Capra hircus*, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae. (Model 'RUF');

(6) wild non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including *Bison* and *Bubalus* species and their cross-breeds), *Ovis aries*, *Capra hircus*, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae (Model 'RUW');

(7) farmed non-domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families (Model 'SUF');

(8) wild non-domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families (Model 'SUW');

(9) wild solipeds belonging to the subgenus *Hippotigris (*zebra*)* (Model 'EQW').

Fresh meat means all animal parts fit for human consumption whether fresh, chilled or frozen.

COUNTRY **Model TRANSIT/STORAGE**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part I:

— Box reference I.8: Provide the code of territory as appearing in Part 1 of Annex II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.
— Box reference I.11: Place of origin: name and address of the dispatch establishment.
— Box reference I.12: Address (and approval number if known) of the warehouse in a free zone, free warehouse, customs warehouse or ship chandler shall be included.
— Box reference I.15: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor must inform the BIP of entry into the Union.
— Box reference I.19: Use the appropriate HS code: 02.01, 02.02, 02.03, 02.04, 02.05, 02.06, 02.08.90, 02.09, 05.04 or 15.02.
— Box reference I.20: Indicate total gross weight and total net weight.
— Box reference I.23: For containers or boxes, the container number and the seal number (if applicable) should be included.
— Box reference I.28: *Nature of commodity*: Indicate 'carcass-whole', 'carcass-side', 'carcass-quarters', 'cuts', or 'minced meat'.
— Box reference I.28: *Treatment type*: If frozen, indicate the date of freezing (mm/yy) of the cuts/pieces.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.
(2) Date or dates of slaughter. Imports of this meat shall not be authorised when obtained from animals slaughtered either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country, territory or part thereof referred to in boxes I.7 and I.8, or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of this meat from this third country, territory or part thereof.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

ANNEX IV

ANIMALS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 1(1)(b)

PART 1

Lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof

SECTION 1

Parts of third countries or territories referred to in Article 7(2)

[F8Country/territory	Code of part of the country/territory	Description of part of the country/territory
US – United States	US-A	The State of Hawaii[a]

a Suspended from 5 May 2010.]

PART 2

Tables of animals and the corresponding model veterinary certificates

Table 1		
‘QUE’ : Model of veterinary certificate for consignments of queen bees and queen bumble bees (*Apis mellifera and Bombus* spp.),		
‘BEE’ : Model of veterinary certificate for consignments of colonies of bumble bees (*Bombus* spp.)		
Order	**Family**	**Genera/species**
Hymenoptera	*Apidae*	*Apis mellifera, Bombus* spp.

[F30Model QUE]

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.			I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
			I.3. Central competent authority	
			I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.			I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code		I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address			I.12. Place of destination	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number			I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references			I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
			I.17. No(s) of CITES	
I.18. Description of commodity			I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.06.41**	
			I.20. Quantity	
I.21.			I.22. Number of packages	
I.23. Identification of container/seal number			I.24.	
I.25. Commodities certified for: Breeding ☐				
I.26.			I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐	
I.28. Identification of the commodities Species (scientific name)				

COUNTRY **Model QUE**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1. **Animal Health attestation**

I, the undersigned, hereby certify, that the animals referred to in Part I of this certificate meet the following requirements:

II.1.1. they come from the territory with code: ..... ([1]) in which, American foulbrood, the small hive beetle (*Aethina tumida*) and the Tropilaelaps mite (*Tropilaelaps* spp.) are notifiable diseases/pests.

II.1.2. they:

(a) come from a breeding apiary, which is supervised and controlled by the competent authority;

(b) come from an area which is not subject to any restrictions associated with an occurrence of American foulbrood, and where no such occurrence has taken place within at least 30 days prior to the issuance of the present certificate. Where an outbreak of American foulbrood has occurred previously, all hives within a radius of three kilometres have been checked by the competent authority and all infected hives burned or treated and inspected to the satisfaction of the said competent authority within 30 days following the last recorded case:

(c) are from hives or come from hives or colonies (in the case of bumble bees) from which samples of the comb have been tested in the last 30 days for American foulbrood as laid down in the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for terrestrial Animals with negative results;

(d) come from an area of at least 100 km radius which is not subject to any restrictions associated with the occurrence of the small hive beetle (*Aethina tumida*) or *Tropilaelaps* spp., and where these infestations are absent;

(e) are from hives or come from hives or colonies (in the case of bumble bees), which were inspected immediately prior to dispatch and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease including infestations affecting bees;

(f) Have undergone detailed examinations to ensure that all bees and packaging do not contain the small hive beetle (*Aethina tumida*) or their eggs and larvae, or other infestations, in particular *Tropilaelaps* spp., affecting bees.

II.1.3. the packaging material, queen cages, accompanying products and food are new and have not been in contact with diseased bees or brood-combs, and all precautions have been taken to prevent contamination with agents causing diseases or infestations of bees.

Notes

Part I:

— Box reference I.12: the introduction of queen bees and their accompanying attendants (*Apis mellifera*) is not authorised into the territories of Member States listed in the third column of the table set out in the Annex to Commission Implementing Decision 2013/503/EU (OJ L 273, 15.10.2013, p. 38).

— Box reference I.20: Number of queen bees (*Apis mellifera* and *Bombus* spp.). Each queen bee may be accompanied by a maximum of 20 attendants.

Part II:

([1]) Code of the territory as it appears in Part 1 of Annex II or Section 1 of Part 1 of Annex IV to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

Official veterinarian/Official inspector

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model BEE

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel. No

I.2. Certificate reference number | I.2.a.

I.3. Central Competent Authority

I.4. Local Competent Authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel. No

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address
Name Approval number
Address

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address Approval number

I.14. Date of departure time of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification:
Documentary references:

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17. No(s) of CITES

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.06.90**

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Identification of container/seal number

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Breeding ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (Scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number

COUNTRY **Model BEE**

Part II: Certification

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1. **Animal Health attestation:**

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that:

II.1.1

(a) the bumble bees (*Bombus* spp.) referred to in Part I of this certificate have been bred and kept under a controlled environment within a recognised establishment which is supervised and controlled by the competent authority;

(b) the establishment referred to in Part I of this certificate was inspected immediately prior to dispatch and all bumble bees and breeding stock show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease including infestations affecting bees;

(c) all colonies for import into the Union have undergone detailed examination to ensure that all bumble bees, broodstock and packaging do not contain the small hive beetle *(Aethina tumida)* or its eggs and larvae or other infestations in particular *Tropilaelaps* spp., affecting bees;

II.1.2 the packing material, containers, accompanying products and food are new and have not been in contact with diseased bees or brood-combs, and all precautions have been taken to prevent contamination with agents causing diseases or infestations of bees.

Notes

Part I:

— Box reference I.20: Number of containers of bumble bees (*Bombus* spp.), each containing a colony of a maximum of 200 adult bumble bees.

Official veterinarian /Official inspector

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

ANNEX V

Explanatory notes for completing the veterinary certificates (referred to in Article 18)

(a) Veterinary certificates shall be issued by the exporting third country, based on the models set out in Part 2 of Annexes I, II and IV and Annex III according to the layout of the model that corresponds to the live animals/fresh meat concerned.

They shall contain, in the numbered order that appears in the model, the attestations that are required for any third country and, as the case may be, those supplementary guarantees that are required for the exporting third country or part thereof.

If the Member State of destination imposes, for the live animals/fresh meat concerned, additional certification requirements, attestations to certify that those requirements are fulfilled shall also be incorporated in the original form of the veterinary certificate.

(b) Where the model certificate states that certain statements shall be kept as appropriate, statements which are not relevant, may be crossed out and initialled and stamped by the certifying officer, or completely deleted from the certificate.

(c) A separate and unique certificate must be provided for the live animals/fresh meat that are exported from a territory or territories of the same exporting country appearing in columns 2 and 3 of Part 1 of Annex I, II or IV which are consigned to the same destination and transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship.

(d) The original of each certificate shall consist of a single sheet of paper, or, where more text is required it must be in such a form that all sheets of paper required are part of an integrated whole and indivisible.

(e) The veterinary certificate shall be drawn up in at least one of the official languages of the Member State of the border inspection post of introduction of the consignment into the Union and of the Member State of destination. However, those Member States may authorise the certificate to be drawn up in the official language of another Member State, and accompanied, if necessary, by an official translation.

(f) If for reasons of identification of the items of the consignment (schedule in point I.28 of the model veterinary certificate), additional sheets of paper are attached to the certificate, those sheets of paper shall also be considered as forming part of the original of the certificate by the application of the signature and stamp of the certifying officer, on each of the pages.

(g) When the certificate, including additional schedules referred to in (f), comprises more than one page, each page shall be numbered, (page number) of (total number of pages), at the end of the page and shall bear the certificate reference number that has been designated by the competent authority at the top of the pages.

(h) The original of the certificate must be completed and signed by an official veterinarian or by another designated official inspector where this is provided for in the model veterinary certificate. In the case of live animals, the certificate must be completed and signed within 24 hours prior to loading of the consignment for introduction into the Union. The competent authorities of the exporting third country shall ensure that rules of certification equivalent to those laid down in Directive 96/93/EC[(36)] are followed.

The colour of the signature shall be different from that of the printing. This requirement also applies to stamps other than those embossed or watermarked.

(i) The certificate reference number referred to in boxes I.2 and II.a. must be issued by the competent authority.**]**

[[F2]ANNEX VI

PART 1

Table 1		
'RUM-A' : Model of veterinary certificate for animals of the species listed below that are originating from and intended for an approved body, institute or centre.		
Order	Family	Genera/species
Artiodactyla	Antilocapridae	*Antilocapra* ssp.
	Bovidae	*Addax* ssp., *Aepyceros* ssp., *Alcelaphus* ssp., *Ammodorcas* ssp., *Ammotragus* ssp., *Antidorcas* ssp., *Antilope* ssp., *Bison* ssp., *Bos* ssp. *(including Bibos, Novibos, Poephagus), Boselaphus* ssp., *Bubalus* ssp. *(including anoa), Budorcas* ssp., *Capra* ssp., *Cephalophus* ssp., *Connochaetes* ssp., *Damaliscus* ssp. *(including Beatragus), Dorcatragus* ssp., *Gazella* ssp., *Hemitragus* ssp., *Hippotragus* ssp., *Kobus* ssp., *Litocranius* ssp., *Madoqua* ssp., *Naemorhedus* ssp. *(including Nemorhaedus and Capricornis), Neotragus* ssp., *Oreamnos* ssp., *Oreotragus* ssp., *Oryx* ssp., *Ourebia* ssp., *Ovibos* ssp., *Ovis* ssp., *Patholops* ssp., *Pelea* ssp., *Procapra* ssp., *Pseudois* ssp., *Pseudoryx* ssp., *Raphicerus* ssp., *Redunca* ssp., *Rupicapra* ssp., *Saiga* ssp., *Sigmoceros-Alecelaphus* ssp., *Sylvicapra* ssp., *Syncerus* ssp., *Taurotragus* ssp., *Tetracerus* ssp., *Tragelaphus* ssp. (*including Boocerus*).

	Camelidae	*Camelus* ssp., *Lama* ssp., *Vicugna* ssp.
	Cervidae	*Alces* ssp., *Axis-Hyelaphus* ssp., *Blastocerus* ssp., *Capreolus* ssp., *Cervus-Rucervus* ssp., *Dama* ssp., *Elaphurus* ssp., *Hippocamelus* ssp., *Hydropotes* ssp., *Mazama* ssp., *Megamuntiacus* ssp., *Muntiacus* ssp., *Odocoileus* ssp., *Ozotoceros* ssp., *Pudu* ssp., *Rangifer* ssp.
	Giraffidae	*Giraffa* ssp., *Okapia* ssp.
	Moschidae	*Moschus* ssp.
	Tragulidae	*Hyemoschus* ssp., *Tragulus-Moschiola* ssp.

Table 2

‘SUI-A’ : Model of veterinary certificate for animals of the species listed below that are originating from and intended for an approved body, institute or centre.

Order	Family	Genera/species
Artiodactyla	Suidae	*Babyrousa* ssp., *Hylochoerus* ssp., *Phacochoerus* ssp., *Potamochoerus* ssp., *Sus* ssp.
	Tayassuidae	*Catagonus* ssp., *Pecari-Tayassu* ssp.
	Hippopotamidae	*Hexaprotodon-Choeropsis* ssp., *Hippopotamus* ssp.

Table 3

‘TRE-A’ : Model of veterinary certificate for animals of the species listed below that are originating from and intended for an approved body, institute or centre.

Order	Family	Genera/species
Perissodactyla	Tapiridae	*Tapirus* ssp.
	Rhinocerotidae	*Ceratotherium* ssp., *Dicerorhinus* ssp., *Diceros* ssp., *Rhinoceros* ssp.
Proboscidea	Elephantidae	*Elephas* ssp., *Loxodonta* ssp.

PART 2

Model RUM-A

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.		I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
		I.3. Central competent authority	
		I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.		I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code	I.10. Region of destination Code
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address		I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number		I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references		I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
		I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity		I.19. Commodity code (HS code)	
		I.20. Quantity	
I.21.		I.22. Number of packages	
I.23. Seal/Container No		I.24.	
I.25. Commodities certified for: Approved body ☐			
I.26.		I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐	

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model RUM-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1. **Animal health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian responsible for the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) of origin certify that the animals described in Part I meet the following requirements:

II.1.1. They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7.:

(a) where the diseases referred to in this certificate are notifiable,

▶(1) (b) which at the date of issuing this certificate has been free for 12 months from rinderpest.◀

II.1.2. They come from the body, institute or centre/holding (1) described in Box I.11;

(a) which is approved according to the requirements and conditions set out in Part 3 and 4 of Annex VI to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010;

(b) which is not subjected to any restrictions relating to a national programme for the control of infectious diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible;

(c) where there have been no clinical cases of the following diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible:

— anthrax for the last 30 days;

— foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, Rift valley fever, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox, goat pox, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia for the past 6 months;

(d) where there have been no clinical or non-clinical cases of tuberculosis and brucellosis for the past 6 months;

(e) around which in an area of 10 km radius for the last 30 days, there has been no case of the following diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible: foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, peste des petits ruminants, sheep pox, goat pox, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia;

(f) around which in an area of 150 km radius for the last 30 days, there has been no case of the following diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible: bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, Rift valley fever, lumpy skin disease;

(g) in which they have remained since birth or for the past 6 months before dispatch to the Union.

II.1.3. They:

(a) have not come into contact with other animals not complying with at least the same health requirements as described in this certificate for the last 30 days and during their transportation from the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) to the place of shipment;

(b) were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease and are fit for the intended transport;

(c) are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases.

II.1.4. **Foot-and-Mouth Disease**

either (1) [(a) They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease with or without vaccination, and]

or (1) [(a) They have been subjected to the following tests:

— a serological test for evidence of foot-and-mouth disease virus infection carried out in accordance with one of the prescribed tests for international trade laid down in the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals (OIE Terrestrial Manual), with negative results, taken within 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union,

— (1)(2)[a probang test for evidence of foot-and-mouth disease virus infection carried out in accordance with the procedures described in the OIE Terrestrial Manual with negative results, (1)(3)[taken 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union] (1)(4)[taken on two occasions 15 days apart, the second of which must have been taken 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union, and]

▶(2) (1) (b) they have not been vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease.◀

COUNTRY **Model RUM-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1.5. Bluetongue and Epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD)

either (1) [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for 24 months from bluetongue/EHD in accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code (OIE Terrestrial Code).]

or (1) [They were held in a vector-protected facility in the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) for at least 30 days prior to shipment and were subjected to a serology test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual, with negative results, carried out at least 28 days after introduction into the approved body, institute or centre.]

or (1) [They were held in a vector-protected facility in the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) for at least 30 days prior to shipment and were subjected to a PCR test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual, with negative results, carried out at least 14 days after introduction into the approved body, institute or centre.]

or (1) [They come from a seasonally free area and were subjected during that period to an serology test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual, with negative results, carried out at least 28 days after introduction into the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1).]

or (1) [They come from a seasonally free area and were subjected during that period to a PCR test according to the OIE Terrestrial Manual, with negative results, carried out at least 14 days after introduction into the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1).]

II.1.6. Rift valley fever

either (1) [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7. which has been free for 48 months from Rift valley fever and have not been vaccinated against that disease.]

or (1) [They were held in a vector-protected facility in the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) for at least 30 days prior to shipment during which the animals showed no clinical signs of Rift valley fever and were protected from vectors between the vector-protected facility and the place of shipment to the Union as well as at the place of shipment.]

or (1) [They have been subjected to a virus neutralisation test (9) with negative results for evidence of Rift valley fever, as laid down and prescribed for international trade by the OIE Terrestrial Manual, taken at the beginning of the isolation/quarantine period and at least 42 days later on, the second of which must have been taken ▶(0) within 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union.◀]

II.1.7. Brucellosis

either (1) [They come from a country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from brucellosis and which have not been vaccinated against that disease;]

or (1) [They have been subjected to a test as laid down and prescribed for international trade by the OIE Terrestrial Manual, in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union;]

or (1) [They are castrated males of any age].

II.1.8. Other vaccinations

(a) They have not been vaccinated against vesicular stomatitis,

(5) (b) They have been vaccinated against:

(1) [anthrax on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy)(date(s)) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine(s) used)],

(1) [rabies on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy)(date(s)) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine(s) used) and a blood test performed on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy)(date(s)) shows a protective immune response.].

II.1.9. Parasite treatment

They have been treated at least twice during the 40 days prior to dispatch to the Union against internal and external parasites with the following product(s) ..... Specify the active ingredients and the doses of the products used .....

II.1.10. Loading on the means of transport

They have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) (6) in the means of transport described in Box I.15. that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

COUNTRY **Model RUM-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Notes

This certificate is to be used for live animals listed in the note for Box I.28. coming from an approved body, institute or centre in a third country, territory ot part thereof, and destined to an approved body, institute or centre situated within a Member State. Use one certificate per species.

Part I:

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor shall inform the BIP of entry into the EU.

— Box reference I.19.: Use appropriate HS code: 010613 or 010619.

— Box reference I.28.: *Identification system*: Specify the identification system (tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder). The identifier shall include the ISO code of the exporting country and permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Age: months.

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Species: Select the species amongst those listed below:

Order	**Family**	**Genera/species**
Artiodactyla	Antilocapridae	*Antilocapra*
	Bovidae	*Addax* ssp., *Aepyceros* ssp., *Alcelaphus* ssp., *Ammodorcas* ssp., *Ammotragus* ssp., *Antidorcas* ssp., *Antilope* ssp., *Bison* ssp., *Bos* ssp. *(including Bibos, Novibos, Poephagus), Boselaphus* ssp., *Bubalus* ssp. *(including anoa), Budorcas* ssp., *Capra* ssp., *Cephalophus* ssp., *Connochaetes* ssp., *Damaliscus* ssp. *(including Beatragus), Dorcatragus* ssp., *Gazella* ssp., *Hemitragus* ssp., *Hippotragus* ssp., *Kobus* ssp., *Litocranius* ssp., *Madoqua* ssp., *Naemorhedus* ssp. *(including Nemorhaedus and Capricornis), Neotragus* ssp., *Oreamnos* ssp., *Oreotragus* ssp., *Oryx* ssp., *Ourebia* ssp., *Ovibos* ssp., *Ovis* ssp., *Patholops* ssp., *Pelea* ssp., *Procapra* ssp., *Pseudois* ssp., Pseudoryx ssp., *Raphicerus* ssp., *Redunca* ssp., *Rupicapra* ssp., *Saiga* ssp., *Sigmoceros-Alecelaphus* ssp., *Sylvicapra* ssp., *Syncerus* ssp., *Tauro-tragus* ssp., *Tetracerus* ssp., *Tragelaphus* ssp. *(including Boocerus).*
	Camelidae	*Camelus* ssp., *Lama* ssp., *Vicugna* ssp.
	Cervidae	*Alces* ssp., *Axis-Hyelaphus* ssp., *Blastocerus* ssp., *Capreolus* ssp., *Cervus-Rucervus* ssp., *Dama* ssp., *Elaphurus* ssp., *Hippocamelus* ssp., *Hydropotes* ssp., *Mazama* ssp., *Megamuntiacus* ssp., *Muntiacus* ssp., *Odocoileus* ssp., *Ozotoceros* ssp., *Pudu* ssp., *Rangifer* ssp.
	Giraffidae	*Giraffa* ssp., *Okapia* ssp.
	Moschidae	*Moschus* ssp.
	Tragulidae	*Hyemoschus* ssp., *Tragulus-Moschiola* ssp.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate.

([2]) This attestation is only applicable to *Bovidae* and *Cervidae.*

([3]) This attestation is only applicable to *Bovidae* and *Cervidae* other than African buffalo (*Syncerus caffer*).

([4]) This attestation is only applicable to African buffalo (*Syncerus caffer).*

([5]) Vaccination is not compulsory, but if the animals have been vaccinated, information on the vaccine(s) used and the time of vaccination shall be filled in.

([6]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country,territory or part thereof described in Boxes I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from that country,territory or part thereof.

COUNTRY **Model RUM-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model SUI-A

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I: Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.	I.2. Certificate reference No	I.2.a.
	I.3. Central competent authority	
	I.4. Local competent authority	
I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.	I.6.	
I.7. Country of origin ISO code / I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO code / I.10. Region of destination Code	
I.11. Place of origin Name Approval number Address	I.12.	
I.13. Place of loading Address Approval number	I.14. Date of departure	
I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐ Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐ Identification Documentary references	I.16. Entry BIP in EU	
	I.17.	
I.18. Description of commodity	I.19. Commodity code (HS code) **01.06.19**	
	I.20. Quantity	
I.21.	I.22. Number of packages	
I.23. Seal/Container No	I.24.	
I.25. Commodities certified for: Approved body ☐		
I.26.	I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐	

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model SUI-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1. **Animal health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian responsible for the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) of origin certify that the animals described in Part I meet the following requirements:

II.1.1. They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7.

(a) where the diseases referred to in this certificate are notifiable,

(b) which at the date of issuing this certificate has been free for the past 12 months from rinderpest.

II.1.2. They come from the body, institute or centre/holding (1) described in Box I.11.

(a) which is approved according to the requirements and conditions set out in Part 3 and 4 of Annex VI to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010;

(b) which is not subjected to any restrictions relating to a national programme for the control of infectious diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible;

(c) where there have been no clinical cases of the following diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible:

— anthrax for the last 30 days;

— foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis, rabies, African swine fever, classical swine fever and swine vesicular disease for the past 6 months;

(d) where there have been no clinical or non-clinical cases of tuberculosis and brucellosis for the past 6 months;

(e) around which in an area of radius of 10 km for the last 12 months, there has been no case/outbreak of African swine fever, classical swine fever and swine vesicular disease;

(f) around which in an area of 10 km radius for the past 30 days, there has been no case/outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease or vesicular stomatitis,

(g) in which they have remained since birth or for the past 6 months before dispatch to the Union.

II.1.3. They:

(a) have not come into contact with other animals not complying with at least the same health requirements as described in this certificate since birth or for the last 30 days and during their transportation from the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) to the place of shipment;

(b) were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease and are fit for the intended transport;

(c) are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases.

II.1.4. **Foot-and-Mouth Disease**

either (1) [(a) They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7. which at the date of issuing this certificate has been free for the past 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease and;]

or (1) [(a) They have been subjected to a virological and serological test for evidence of foot-and-mouth disease virus infection carried out in accordance with one of the prescribed tests for international trade laid down in the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals (OIE Terrestrial Manual), with negative results, taken in the 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union; and]

(b) they have not been vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease.

II.1.5. **Brucellosis**

(1) *either* [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from brucellosis and have not been vaccinated against that disease]

(1)(3) *or* [They have been subjected, with negative results, to a buffered *Brucella* antigen test for porcine brucellosis taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union.]

COUNTRY **Model SUI-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1.6. Swine vesicular disease

(1) *either* [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in box 1.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from swine vesicular disease.]

(1) *or* [They have been subjected, with negative results, to a virology and serology test for evidence of swine vesicular disease, as laid down and prescribed for international trade by the OIE Terrestrial Manual, taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union.]

II.1.7. Vesicular Stomatitis

(1) *either* [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the last 6 months from vesicular stomatitis.]

(1) *or* [They have been subjected, with negative results, to a virology and serology test for evidence of vesicular stomatitis, as laid down and prescribed for international trade by the OIE Terrestrial Manual, taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union.]

II.1.8. Classical swine fever

(1) *either* [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from classical swine fever.]

(1) *or* [They have been subjected to a virological and serological test for classical swine fever carried out in accordance with one of the prescribed tests for international trade laid down in the OIE Terrestrial Manual, with negative results, taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union.]

II.1.9. African swine fever

(1) *either* [They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from African swine fever.]

(1) *or* [They have been subjected, with negative results, to a virus and serology test for African swine fever, as laid down and prescribed for international trade in the OIE Terrestrial Manual, taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union.]

II.1.10. Aujeszky's disease

According to official information, no clinical, pathological or serological evidence of Aujeszky's disease has been recorded for the last 12 months in the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) and in an area with a 5 km radius around the approved body, centre or institute, and

They have been subjected, with negative results, to a virology and serology test for evidence of Aujeszky's disease, as laid down and prescribed for international trade by the OIE Terrestrial Manual, taken in the 30 days prior to dispatch to the Union, and

They have not been vaccinated against Aujeszky's disease and have not been in contact with vaccinated animals.

II.1.11. Other vaccinations

(a) They have not been vaccinated against rinderpest, vesicular stomatitis, classical swine fever or swine vesicular disease,

(2)(b) They have been vaccinated against:

(1) [anthrax on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine (s) used)],

(1) [rabies on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine (s) used)].

II.1.12. Parasite treatment

They have been treated at least twice in the 40 days prior to dispatch to the Union against internal and external parasites with the following product(s) ..... . Specify the active ingredients and the doses of the products used .....

COUNTRY **Model SUI-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

II.1.13. Loading on the means of transport

They have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on .....(dd/mm/yyyy) ([4]) in the means of transport described in Box I.15. that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

Notes

This certificate is meant for animals of species listed in the note for Box I. 28. coming from an approved body, institute or centre in a third country, territory ot part thereof, and destined to an approved body, institute or centre located within a Member State.

Part I:

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor shall inform the BIP of entry into the EU.

— Box reference I.28.: *Identification system*: Specify the identification system (tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder). The identifier shall include the ISO code of the exporting country and permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Age: months.

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Species Select the species amongst those listed below:

Order	**Family**	**Genera/species**
Artiodactyla	Suidae	*Babyrousa* ssp., *Hylochoerus* ssp., *Phacochoerus* ssp., *Potamochoerus* ssp., *Sus* ssp.
	Tayassuidae	*Catagonus* ssp., *Pecari-Tayassu* ssp.
	Hippopotamidae	*Hexaprotodon-Choeropsis, Hippopotamus* ssp.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate.

([2]) Vaccination is not compulsory, but if the animals have been vaccinated, information on the vaccine(s) used and the time of vaccination must be filled in.

([3]) Tests carried out in accordance with the protocols that, for the disease concerned, are described in Part 6 of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.

([4]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the country, territory or part thereof decribed in Boxes I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from that country,territory or part thereof.

Official veterinarian

Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title:

Date: Signature:

Stamp:

Model TRE-A

COUNTRY **Veterinary certificate to EU**

Part I : Details of dispatched consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Tel.

I.2. Certificate reference No | I.2.a.

I.3. Central competent authority

I.4. Local competent authority

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Postal code
Tel.

I.6.

I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of origin	Code	I.9. Country of destination	ISO code	I.10. Region of destination	Code

I.11. Place of origin
Name
Address
Approval number

I.12.

I.13. Place of loading
Address
Approval number

I.14. Date of departure

I.15. Means of transport
Aeroplane ☐ Ship ☐ Railway wagon ☐
Road vehicle ☐ Other ☐
Identification
Documentary references

I.16. Entry BIP in EU

I.17.

I.18. Description of commodity

I.19. Commodity code (HS code)
01.06.19

I.20. Quantity

I.21.

I.22. Number of packages

I.23. Seal/Container No

I.24.

I.25. Commodities certified for:
Approved body ☐

I.26.

I.27. For import or admission into EU ☐

I.28. Identification of the commodities

Species (scientific name)	Identification system	Identification number	Age	Sex

COUNTRY **Model TRE-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

Part II: Certification

II.1. **Animal health attestation**

I, the undersigned official veterinarian responsible for the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) of origin certify that the animals described in Part I meet the following requirements:

II.1.1. They come from the third country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7.

(a) where the diseases referred to in this certificate are notifiable,

(b) which at the date of issuing this certificate has been free for the past 12 months from rinderpest.

II.1.2. They come from the body, institute or centre/holding (1) described in Box I.11.,

(a) which is approved according to the requirements and conditions set out in Part 3 and 4 of Annex VI to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010;

(b) which is not subjected to any restrictions relating to a national programme for the control of infectious diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible;

(c) where there have been no clinical cases of the following diseases to which the animals referred to in Box I.28. are susceptible:

— anthrax for the last 30 days;

— foot–and–mouth disease, rabies, (1)(2) [African horse sickness] for the past 6 months,

(d) where there have been no clinical or non-clinical cases of tuberculosis for the past 6 months;

(e) around which in an area of 10 km radius for the last 30 days, there has been no case/outbreak of foot–and–mouth disease,

(f) in which they have remained since birth or for the past 6 months before dispatch to the Union,

(1)(2) [(g) around which in an area of radius of 150 km for the last 60 days, there has been no case/outbreak of African horse sickness].

II.1.3. They:

(a) have not come into contact with other animals not complying with at least the same health requirements as described in this certificate since birth or for the past 30 days and during their transportation from the approved body, institute or centre/holding (1) to the place of shipment;

(b) were examined by an official veterinarian within 24 hours of loading and showed no clinical sign of disease and are fit for the intended transport;

(c) are not animals to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases.

(1)(3) **[II.1.4. Foot–and-Mouth Disease**

either (1) [(a) They come from the country, territory or part thereof described in Box I.7 which has been free for the past 12 months from foot-and-mouth disease with or without vaccination, and]

or (1) [(a) They have been subjected to the following tests:

— a serological test for evidence of foot-and-mouth disease virus infection carried out in accordance with one of the prescribed tests for international trade laid down in the OIE Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals (OIE Terrestrial Manual), with negative results, taken in the 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union, and

— [a probang test for evidence of foot-and-mouth disease virus infection carried out in accordance with the procedures described in the OIE Terrestrial Manual with negative results, taken 10 days prior to dispatch to the Union and]

(b) have not been vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease.

II.1.5. Other vaccinations

(a) They have not been vaccinated against rinderpest,

COUNTRY **Model TRE-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.

([4]) (b) They have been vaccinated against:

([1]) [anthrax on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy)(date(s)) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine(s) used)],

([1]) [rabies on the ..... (dd/mm/yyyy)(date(s)) with the following vaccine(s) ..... (name of vaccine (s) used)].

II.1.6. Parasite treatment

They have been treated at least twice in the 40 days prior to dispatch to the Union against internal and external parasites with the following product(s) ..... Specify the active ingredients and the doses of the products used .....

II.1.7. Loading on the means of transport

They have been loaded for dispatch to the Union on ..... (dd/mm/yyyy) ([5]) in the means of transport described in Box I.15 that were cleaned and disinfected before loading with an officially authorised disinfectant and so constructed that faeces, urine, litter or fodder could not flow or fall out of the vehicle or container during transportation.

Notes

This certificate is meant for live animals as listed in the note for Box I.28. coming from an approved body, institute or centre in a third country, territory or part thereof, and destined for an approved body, institute or centre located within a Member State. Use one certificate per species.

Part I:

— Box reference I.15.: Registration number (railway wagons or container and lorries), flight number (aircraft) or name (ship) is to be provided. In case of unloading and reloading, the consignor shall inform the BIP of entry into the EU.

— Box reference I.28.: *Identification system:* Specify the identification system (tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder). The identifier shall include the ISO code of the exporting country and permit tracing of their premises of origin.

Age: months.

Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).

Species: Select the species amongst those listed below:

Order	**Family**	**Genera/species**
Perissodactyla	Tapiridae	*Tapirus* ssp.
	Rhinocerotidae	*Ceratotherium* ssp., *Dicerorhinus* ssp., *Diceros* ssp., *Rhinoceros* ssp
Proboscidea	Elephantidae	*Elephas* ssp., *Loxodonta* ssp.

Part II:

([1]) Keep as appropriate.

([2]) This attestation is only applicable to *Rhinocerotidae*.

([3]) This attestation is only applicable to *Elephas*. ssp.

([4]) Vaccination is not compulsory, but if the animals have been vaccinated, information on the vaccine(s) used and the time of vaccination must be filled in.

([5]) Date of loading. Imports of these animals shall not be allowed when the animals were loaded either prior to the date of authorisation for exportation to the Union of the third country,territory or part thereof described in Boxes I.7. and I.8., or during a period where restrictive measures have been adopted by the Union against imports of these animals from that third country, territory or part thereof.

COUNTRY **Model TRE-A**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
Official veterinarian Name (in capital letters): Qualification and title: Date: Signature: Stamp:		

PART 3

Requirements concerning bodies, institutes or centres in third countries

The body, institute or centre in a third country must:

(a) be clearly demarcated and separated from its surroundings;

(b) have adequate means for catching, confining and isolating animals, and have available adequate quarantine facilities and approved standard operating procedures for animals coming from unknown origin;

(c) have a vector-protected structure complying with the following requirements:

(i) it has appropriate physical barriers at entry and exit points;

(ii) the openings of the vector-protected structure are vector-screened with mesh of appropriate gauge impregnated regularly with an approved insecticide according to the instructions of the manufacturer;

(iii) vector surveillance and control are carried out within and around the vector-protected structure;

(iv) measures are taken to limit or eliminate breeding sites for vectors in the vicinity of the vector-protected structure;

(v) standard operating procedures are in place, including descriptions of back-up and alarm systems, for the operation of the vector-protected structure and for the transport of the animals from that structure to the place of loading;

(d) keep, for a minimum period of ten years, up-to-date records indicating:

(i) the number and identity (age, sex, species and individual identification, where appropriate) of the animals of each species present on their premises;

(ii) the number and identity (age, sex, species and individual identification where appropriate) of animals arriving in or leaving their premises, together with information on their origin or destination, the means of transport, and the health status of those animals;

(iii) the results of blood tests or any other diagnostic procedures carried out on the animals on their premises;

(iv) cases of disease and, where appropriate, the treatment administered;

(v) the results of the post-mortem examinations on animals that have died on their premises, including still-born animals;

(vi) observations made during any isolation or quarantine period;

(e) be free from the diseases listed in Annex A to Directive 92/65/EEC or mentioned in the veterinary certificates for the relevant species set out in Part 2 of Annex VI to this Regulation, for at least the previous three years, as evidenced by the records kept pursuant to point (d) and the results of the clinical and laboratory tests carried out on the animals on their premises;

(f) either have an arrangement with a laboratory approved *by the competent authority* to perform post-mortem examinations, or have one or more appropriate premises where these examinations may be performed under the authority of the approved veterinarian;

(g) ensure disposal of the carcasses of animals which die of a disease or are euthanised;

(h) secure, by contract or legal instrument, the services of a veterinarian approved by and acting under the control of the competent authority, who must perform at least the following tasks:

(i) ensure that appropriate disease surveillance and control measures are applied in that body, institute or centre. Such measures must be approved by the competent authority of the third country, territory or part thereof where the body, institute or centre is situated, taking into account the disease situation and must include at least the following elements:

— an annual disease surveillance plan including appropriate control measures concerning zoonoses in the animals present on the premises,

— clinical, laboratory and post-mortem testing of animals suspected to be affected by transmissible diseases and zoonoses,

— vaccination of susceptible animals against infectious diseases and zoonoses;

(ii) ensure that any suspect deaths or the presence of any other symptom suggesting that animals have contracted one or more of the diseases listed in Annex A to Directive 92/65/EEC or mentioned in the veterinary certificates for the relevant species set out in Part 2 of Annex VI to this Regulation are notified without delay to the competent authority, where that particular disease is notifiable in the third country, territory or part thereof concerned;

(iii) ensure that incoming animals have been quarantined as necessary, in accordance with the instructions given by the competent authority;

(iv) ensure compliance with the animal health requirements which the animals must fulfil in order to be introduced into the Union.

PART 4

Conditions concerning the approval of bodies, institutes or centres in third countries

1. Approval must be granted only to those bodies, institutes or centres which comply with the requirements set out in Part 3.

2. Where vector protection is required, the approval of a structure as vector-protected must be granted only if the criteria in point (c) of Part 3 are met. In order to grant the approval, the competent authority must verify at least three times during the required protection period (at the beginning, during and at the end of the period) the effectiveness of the vector protection measures, by means of a vector trap inside the vector protected structure.

3. Each approved body, institute and centre must be assigned an approval number.

4. Approval must be maintained only as long as the following conditions continue to be met:

the premises are under the control of an official veterinarian, who must perform at least the following tasks:

(i) inspect the premises of the body, institute or centre at least once per year;

(ii) audit the activity of the veterinarian referred to in point (h) of Part 3 and the implementation of the annual disease surveillance plan referred to in the first indent of point (h)(i);

(iii) ensure that the provisions laid down in Parts 3 and 4 are met;

(iv) verify that:

— compliance with the animal health requirements which the animals must fulfil in order to be introduced into the Union;

— the results of the clinical, post-mortem and laboratory tests on the animals have revealed no occurrence of the diseases listed in Annex A to Directive 92/65/EEC or mentioned in the veterinary certificates for the relevant species set out in Part 2 of Annex VI to this Regulation.

5. The approval must be withdrawn where the competent authority finds that the requirements of Part 3 are no longer being fulfilled.

6. Where notification is given of the suspicion of the occurrence of one of the diseases listed in Annex A to Directive 92/65/EEC or mentioned in the veterinary certificates for the relevant species laid down in Part 2 of Annex VI to this Regulation, the competent authority must suspend the approval of the body, institute or centre, until the suspicion has been officially ruled out. Depending on the disease involved and the risk of disease transmission, the suspension may relate to the the body, institute or centre as a whole or only to certain categories of animals susceptible to the disease in question. The competent authority must ensure that the measures necessary to confirm or rule out the suspicion and to avoid any spread of disease are taken.

7. Where the suspected disease referred to in point 6 is confirmed, the approval of the body, institute or centre must be withdrawn.

8. Where the approval of a body, institute or centre has been withdrawn, it must be restored only where the following conditions are complied with:

(a) the disease and the source of infection were eradicated on the premises of the body, institute or centre concerned;

(b) the premises of the body, institute or centre concerned were appropriately cleaned and desinfected;

(c) the body, institute or centre concerned complies with the requirements set out in points (a) to (d) and (f) to (h) of Part 3.

9. The competent authority which approved the body, institute or centre must inform the Member States that included the body, institute or centre on their lists of approved bodies, institutes and centres of the suspension, withdrawal or restoration of that approval.**]**

(1) **[**[X1]OJ L 268, 14.9.1992, p. 54.**]**

(2) **[**[X1]OJ L 18, 23.1.2003, p. 11.**]**

(3) **[**[X1]OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 321.**]**

(4) **[**[X1]OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 1.**]**

(5) **[**[X1]OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 55.**]**

(6) **[**[X1]OJ L 139, 30.4.2004, p. 206.**]**

(7) **[**[X1]OJ L 165, 30.4.2004, p. 1.**]**

(8) **[**[X1]OJ L 302, 31.12.1972, p. 28.**]**

(9) **[**[X1]OJ L 146, 14.6.1979, p. 15.**]**

(10) **[**[X1]OJ L 157, 30.4.2004, p. 33.**]**

(11) **[**[X1]OJ L 13, 16.1.1997, p. 28.**]**

(12) **[**[X1]OJ L 125, 23.5.1996, p. 10.**]**

(13) **[**[X1]OJ L 147, 31.5.2001, p. 1.**]**

(14) **[**[X1]OJ L 340, 31.12.1993, p. 21.**]**

(15) **[**[X1]OJ L 3, 5.1.2005, p. 1.**]**

(16) **[**[X1]OJ L 328, 17.12.2003, p. 26.**]**

(17) **[**[X1]OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 42.**]**

(18) **[**[X1]**[**[F2]OJ L 73, 11.3.2004, p. 1.**]]**

(19) **[**[X1]**[**[F2]OJ L 312, 30.11.2007, p. 49.**]]**

(20) **[**[X1]**[**[F2]OJ L 226, 23.8.2008, p. 1.**]]**

(21) **[**[X1]**[**[F2]OJ L 39, 10.2.2009, p. 12.**]]**

(22) **[**[X1]**[**[F2]OJ L 175, 10.7.2010, p. 1.'**]]**

(23) **[**[X1]**[**[F4]OJ L 224, 18.8.1990, p. 29.**]]**

(24) **[**[X1]OJ L 24, 30.1.1998, p. 9.**]**

(25) **[**[X1]OJ L 21, 28.1.2004, p. 11.**]**

(26) **[**[X1]OJ L 296, 12.11.2009, p. 1.**]**

(27) **[**[X1]**[**[F9]OJ 121, 29.7.1964, p. 1977/64.**]]**

(28) **[**[X1]**[**[F9]OJ L 46, 19.2.1991, p. 19.**]]**

(29) **[**[X1]**[**[F9]**[**[F11]Delete country as applicable.**]]]**

(30) **[**[X1]**[**[F9]**[**[F11]Serbia, not including Kosovo under UNSCR 1244/99.**]]]**

(31) **[**[X1]OJ L 249, 23.7.2004, p. 20.**]**

(32) **[**[X1]OJ L 59, 4.3.2008, p. 19.**]**

(33) **[**[X1]OJ L 167, 7.7.2000, p. 22.**]**

(34) **[**[X1]OJ L 39, 9.2.2002, p. 71.**]**

(35) **[**[X1]OJ L 268, 24.9.1991, p. 56.**]**

(36) **[**[X1]OJ L 13, 16.1.1997, p. 28.**]**

Editorial Information

X1 Substituted by Corrigendum to Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 of 12 March 2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Official Journal of the European Union L 73 of 20 March 2010).

Textual Amendments

F2 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 780/2013 of 14 August 2013 amending Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements (Text with EEA relevance).

F4 Inserted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 644/2012 of 16 July 2012 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements, as regards Russia (Text with EEA relevance).

F9 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 644/2012 of 16 July 2012 amending Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 laying down lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof authorised for the introduction into the European Union of certain animals and fresh meat and the veterinary certification requirements, as regards Russia (Text with EEA relevance).

F11 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1162 of 1 July 2019 amending Annexes I and II to Regulation (EU) No 206/2010 as regards the models of veterinary certificates BOV-X, OVI-X, OVI-Y and RUM and the lists of third countries, territories or parts thereof from which the introduction into the Union of certain ungulates and of fresh meat is authorised (Text with EEA relevance).

Status:
Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.

Changes to legislation:
There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.