# Council Regulation (EU) No 567/2010 of 29 June 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

# COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) No 567/2010

# of 29 June 2010

amending Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

## THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Articles 215(1) thereof,

Having regard to Common Position 2006/795/CFSP of 20 November 2006 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea<sup>(1)</sup>,

Having regard to the joint proposal from the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and the Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) In line with Common Position 2006/795/CFSP, Regulation (EC) No 329/2007<sup>(2)</sup> in particular restricts the supply, sale, transfer or export to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (hereinafter referred to as 'North Korea') of certain items, materials, equipment, goods and technology, that could contribute to North Korea's nuclear-related, other weapons of mass destruction-related or ballistic missiles-related programmes, in addition to those determined by the UN Security Council or the Sanctions Committee.
- (2) These items are listed in Annex Ia to Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 and need to be revised in order to maintain their effectiveness.
- (3) Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 should therefore be amended accordingly,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 is hereby amended as follows:

Annex Ia to Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 is replaced with the text set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

#### Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 29 June 2010.

For the Council The President E. ESPINOSA

#### ANNEX

#### ANNEX Ia

#### Goods and technology referred to in articles 2 and 3

Other items, materials, equipment, goods and technology which could contribute to North Korea's nuclear-related, other weapons of mass destruction-related or ballistic missile-related programmes

- 1. Unless otherwise stated, reference numbers used in the column entitled "Description" refer to the descriptions of dual use items and technology set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009<sup>(3)</sup>.
- 2. A reference number in the column entitled "Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009" means that the characteristics of the item described in the column "Description" lie outside the parameters set out in the description of the dual use entry referred to.
- 3. Definitions of terms between "single quotation marks" are given in a technical note to the relevant item.
- 4. Definitions of terms between "double quotation marks" can be found in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009.

GENERAL NOTES

1. The object of the prohibitions contained in this Annex should not be defeated by the export of any non-prohibited goods (including plant) containing one or more prohibited components when the prohibited component or components are the principal element of the goods and can feasibly be removed or used for other purposes.

*N.B.:* In judging whether the prohibited component or components are to be considered the principal element, it is necessary to weigh the factors of quantity, value and technological knowhow involved and other special circumstances which might establish the prohibited component or components as the principal element of the goods being procured.

2. Goods specified in this Annex include both new and used goods. GENERAL TECHNOLOGY NOTE (GTN)(To be read in conjunction with Part C.)

- 1. The sale, supply, transfer or export of "technology" which is "required" for the "development", "production" or "use" of goods the sale, supply, transfer or export of which is prohibited in Part A (Goods) below, is prohibited in accordance with the provisions of Part B.
- 2. The "technology""required" for the "development", "production" or "use" of prohibited goods remains under prohibition even when applicable to non-prohibited goods.
- 3. Prohibitions do not apply to that "technology" which is the minimum necessary for the installation, operation, maintenance (checking) and repair of those goods which are not prohibited.
- 4. Prohibitions on "technology" transfer do not apply to information "in the public domain", to "basic scientific research" or to the minimum necessary information for patent applications.

# A. GOODS NUCLEAR MATERIALS, FACILITIES, AND EQUIPMENT

#### I.A0.

# GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A0.001	Hollow cathode lamps as follows: a. Iodine hollow cathode lamps with windows in pure silicon or quartz; b. Uranium hollow cathode lamps.	
I.A0.002	Faraday isolators in the wavelength range 500 nm – 650 nm.	
I.A0.003	Optical gratings in the wavelength range 500 nm – 650 nm.	
I.A0.004	Optical fibres in the wavelength range 500 nm – 650 nm coated with anti- reflecting layers in the wavelength range 500 nm – 650 nm and having a core diameter greater than 0,4 mm but not exceeding 2 mm.	
I.A0.005	Nuclear reactor vessel components and testing equipment, other than those specified in 0A001, as follows:a.Seals; b.b.Internal components;c.Sealing, testing and measurement equipment.	0A001
I.A0.006	Nuclear detection systems, other than those specified in 0A001.j. or 1A004.c., for detection, identification or quantification of radioactive	0A001.j. 1A004.c.

	materials or radiation of nuclear origin and specially designed components thereof. <i>N.B: For personal equipment</i> <i>refer to I.A1.004 below.</i>	
I.A0.007	Bellows-sealed valves other than those specified in 0B001.c.6., 2A226 or 2B350, made of aluminium alloy or stainless steel type 304, 304L or 316L.	0B001.c.6. 2A226 2B350
I.A0.008	Laser mirrors, other than those specified in 6A005.e., consisting of substrates having a thermal expansion coefficient of 10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> or less at 20 °C (e.g. fused silica or sapphire). <i>Note:</i> <i>This item does not cover</i> <i>optical systems specially</i> <i>designed for astronomical</i> <i>applications, except if the</i> <i>mirrors contain fused silica.</i>	0B001.g.5. 6A005.e.
I.A0.009	Laser lenses, other than those specified in 6A005.e.2, consisting of substrates having a thermal expansion coefficient of $10^{-6}$ K <sup>-1</sup> or less at 20 °C (e.g. fused silica).	0B001.g. 6A005.e.2.
I.A0.010	Pipes, piping, flanges, fittings made of, or lined with nickel, or nickel alloy containing more than 40 % nickel by weight, other than those specified in 2B350.h.1.	2B350
I.A0.011	<ul> <li>Vacuum pumps other than those specified in 0B002.f.2. or 2B231, as follows:</li> <li>a. Turbo-molecular pumps having a flow-rate equal to or greater than 400 l/s;</li> <li>b. Roots type vacuum roughing pumps having a volumetric aspiration flow-rate</li> </ul>	0B002.f.2. 2B231

	c. Bellows-sealed, scroll, dry compressor, and bellows-sealed, scroll, dry vacuum pumps.	
I.A0.012	Shielded enclosures for the manipulation, storage and handling of radioactive substances (hot cells).	0B006
I.A0.013	"Natural uranium" or "depleted uranium" or thorium in the form of metal, alloy, chemical compound or concentrate and any other material containing one or more of the foregoing, other than those specified in 0C001.	0C001
I.A0.014	Detonation chambers having a capacity of explosion absorption of more than 2,5 kg TNT equivalent.	

## SPECIAL MATERIALS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT

#### I.A1.

#### GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A1.001	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphoric acid (HDEHP or D2HPA) Chemical Abstract Number (CAS): [CAS 298-07-7] solvent in any quantity, with a purity greater than 90 %.	
I.A1.002	Fluorine gas CAS: [7782-41-4], with a purity of at least 95 %.	
I.A1.003	Ring-shaped seals and gaskets, having an inner diameter of 400 mm or less, made of any of the following materials:	1A001

	<ul> <li>a. Copolymers of vinylidene fluoride having 75 % or more beta crystalline structure without stretching;</li> <li>b. Fluorinated polyimides containing 10 % by weight or more of combined fluorine;</li> <li>c. Fluorinated phosphazene elastomers containing 30 % by weight or more of combined fluorine;</li> <li>d. Polychlorotrifluoroet</li> </ul>	hylene
	<ul> <li>a. Polyenoroutindorocci (PCTFE, e.g. Kel-F</li> <li>®);</li> <li>e. Fluoro-elastomers (e.g. Viton ®, Tecnoflon ®);</li> <li>f. Polytetrafluoroethyle (PTFE).</li> </ul>	
I.A1.004	Personal equipment for detecting radiation of nuclear origin, other than that specified in 1A004.c., including personal dosimeters.	1A004.c.
I.A1.005	Electrolytic cells for fluorine production, other than those specified in 1B225, with an output capacity greater than 100 g of fluorine per hour.	1B225
I.A1.006	Catalysts, other than those specified in 1A225 or 1B231, containing platinum, palladium or rhodium, usable for promoting the hydrogen isotope exchange reaction between hydrogen and water for the recovery of tritium from heavy water or for the production of heavy water.	1A225 1B231
I.A1.007	Aluminium and its alloys, other than those specified in 1C002.b.4. or 1C202.a., in crude or semi-fabricated form	1C002.b.4. 1C202.a.

	<ul> <li>having either of the following characteristics:</li> <li>a. "Capable of" an ultimate tensile strength of 460 MPa or more at 293 K (20 °C); or</li> <li>b. Having a tensile strength of 415 MPa or more at 298 K (25 °C).</li> <li>Technical note: The phrase alloys "capable of" encompasses alloys before or after heat treatment.</li> </ul>	
I.A1.008	Magnetic metals, of all types and of whatever form, other than those specified in 1C003.a. having an "initial relative permeability" of 120 000 or more and a thickness between 0,05 mm and 0,1 mm. <i>Technical note:</i> <i>Measurement of "initial</i> <i>relative permeability"</i> <i>must be performed on fully</i> <i>annealed materials.</i>	1C003.a.
I.A1.009	"Fibrous or filamentary materials" or prepregs, other than those specified in 1C010.a., 1C010.b., 1C210.a. or 1C210.b., as follows: a. Aramid "fibrous or filamentary materials" having either of the following characteristics: 1.A "specific modulus" exceeding $10 \times 10^6$ m; or 2.A "specific tensile strength" exceeding $17 \times 10^4$ m;	1C010.a. 1C010.b. 1C210.a. 1C210.b.

b.	Glass "fi or filame materials having e the follov character 1.A 2.A	ntary " ither of wing	
c.	"rovings or "tapes width of or less (c prepregs from glas or filame materials than thos in I.A1.0 below;	et resin- ated us "yarns", ", "tows" " with a 15 mm once ), made ss "fibrous entary s" other se specified 10.a.	11,
d.	Carbon " or filame materials	entary	
e.	Thermos impregna continuo "yarns",	et resin- ated us "rovings", or "tapes", m fibrous entary	
f.	Polyacry (PAN) co "yarns",	lonitrile ontinuous "rovings",	
g.	Para-aran "fibrous filamenta materials	or ary s" (Kevlar® r Kevlar®-	

I.A1.010	Resin-impregnated or pitch-impregnated fibres (prepregs), metal or carbon- coated fibres (preforms) or "carbon fibre preforms", as follows:a.Made from "fibrous or filamentary materials" specified in I.A1.009 above;b.Epoxy resin "matrix" impregnated carbon "fibrous or filamentary materials" (prepregs specified in 1C010.a., 1C010.b. or 1C010.c., for the repair of aircraft structures or laminates, of which the size of individual sheets does not exceed 50 cm × 90 cm;c.Prepregs specified in 1C010.a., 1C010.b. or 1C010.c., when impregnated with phenolic or epoxy resins having a glass transition temperature (Tg) less than 433 K (160 °C) and a cure temperature lower than the glass transition temperature.	
I.A1.011	Reinforced silicon carbide ceramic composites usable for nose tips, re-entry vehicles, nozzle flaps, usable in "missiles", other than those specified in 1C107.	1C107
I.A1.012	Not used.	
I.A1.013	Tantalum, tantalum carbide, tungsten, tungsten carbide and alloys thereof, other than	1C226

	<ul> <li>those specified in 1C226, having both of the following characteristics:</li> <li>a. In forms having a hollow cylindrical or spherical symmetry (including cylinder segments) with an inside diameter between 50 mm and 300 mm; and</li> <li>b. A mass greater than 5 kg.</li> </ul>	
I.A1.014	"Elemental powders" of cobalt, neodymium or samarium or alloys or mixtures thereof containing at least 20 % by weight of cobalt, neodymium or samarium, with a particle size less than 200 µm. <i>Technical note:</i> " <i>Elemental powder</i> " means a high purity powder of one element.	
I.A1.015	Pure tributyl phosphate (TBP) [CAS No 126-73-8] or any mixture having a TBP content of more than 5 % by weight.	
I.A1.016	<ul> <li>Maraging steel, other than those specified by 1C116 or 1C216. <i>Technical notes:</i></li> <li>1. <i>The phrase maraging steel</i> "capable of" encompasses maraging steel before or after heat treatment.</li> <li>2. Maraging steels are iron alloys generally characterised by high nickel, very low carbon content and the use of substitutional</li> </ul>	1C116 1C216

	elements or precipitates to produce strengthening and age-hardening of the alloy.
I.A1.017	Metals, metal powders and material as follows:1C117 1C226a.Tungsten and tungsten alloys, other than those specified in 1C117, in the form of uniform spherical or atomized particles of 500 $\mu$ m (micrometre) diameter or less with a tungsten content of 97 % by weight or more;b.Molybdenum and molybdenum alloys, 
	c. Tungsten materials in the solid form, other than those specified in 1C226 having material compositions as follows: 1. Tungsten and alloys containing 97 % by weight or more of tungsten; 2. Copper infiltrated tungsten containing 80 % by

	weight or more of tungsten; or 3. Silver infiltrated tungsten containing 80 % by weight or more of tungsten.	
I.A1.018	Soft magnetic alloys, other than those specified in 1C003, having a chemical composition as follows: a. Iron content between 30 % and 60 %; and b. Cobalt content between 40 % and 60 %.	1C003
I.A1.019	Not used.	
I.A1.020	Graphite, other than that specified in 0C004 or 1C107.a., designed or specified for use in Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) machines.	0C004 1C107.a.

#### MATERIALS PROCESSING

# I.A2.

#### GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A2.001	Vibration test systems, equipment and components thereof, other than those specified in 2B116: a. Vibration test systems employing feedback or closed loop techniques and incorporating	2B116

		a digital controller, capable of vibrating a system at an	
		acceleration equal	
		to or greater than	
		0,1 g rms between 0,1 Hz and 2 kHz	
		and imparting	
		forces equal to or	
		greater than 50 kN,	
		measured "bare	
		table";	
	b.	Digital controllers,	
		combined with	
		specially designed	
		vibration test	
		"software", with	
		a "real-time	
		control bandwidth"	
		greater than 5 kHz	
		designed for use	
		with vibration test	
		systems specified in	
		a.; <i>Technical note:</i>	
		"Real-time control	
		handwidth"	
		is defined as	
		the maximum	
		rate at which a	
		controller can	
		execute complete	
		cycles of sampling,	
		processing data and	
		transmitting control	
		signals.	
	c.	Vibration thrusters	
		(shaker units),	
		with or without associated	
		amplifiers, capable	
		of imparting a	
		force equal to or	
		greater than 50 kN,	
		measured "bare	
		table", and usable	
		in vibration test	
		systems specified in	
		a.;	
	d.	Test piece support	
		structures and	<u> </u>
nositionin	a accuracy in	accordance with ISO 230/2 (	1997) chould

combine multiple shaker units in a system capable of providing an effective combined force equal to or greater than 50 kN, measured "bare table", and usable in vibration systems specified in a. <i>Technical note:</i> <i>"bare table" means a flat</i> <i>table, or surface, with no</i> <i>fixture or fittings.</i>	
Machine tools, other than those specified in 2B001.c. or 2B201.b., for grinding having positioning accuracies with "all compensations available" equal to or less (better) than $15 \ \mu m$ according to ISO 230/2 (1988) <sup>a</sup> or national equivalents along any linear axis.	2B001.c. 2B201.b.
Components and numerical controls, specially designed for machine tools specified in 2B001, 2B201 or I.A2.002 above.	
Balancing machines and related equipment as follows: a. Balancing machines, designed or modified for dental or other medical equipment, having all the following characteristics: 1. Not capable of	2B119
	of providing an effective combined force equal to or greater than 50 kN, measured "bare table", and usable in vibration systems specified in a.Technical note: "bare table" means a flat table, or surface, with no fixture or fittings.Machine tools, other than those specified in 2B001.c. or 2B201.b., for grinding having positioning accuracies with "all compensations available" equal to or less (better) than 15 $\mu$ m according to ISO 230/2 (1988) <sup>a</sup> or national equivalents along any linear axis.Components and numerical controls, specially designed for machine tools specified in 2B001, 2B201 or I.A2.002 above.Balancing machines and related equipment as follows: a.Balancing machines, designed or modified for dental or other medical equipment, having all the following characteristics:

	1		4	I
			greater	
		2	than 3 kg;	
		2.	Capable of	
			balancing	
			rotors/	
			assemblies	
			at speeds	
			greater	
			than 12	
			500 rpm;	
		3.	Capable of	
			correcting	
			unbalance	
			in two	
			planes or	
			more; and	
		4.	Capable of	
		••	balancing	
			to a	
			residual	
			specific	
			unbalance	
			of 0,2 g	
			× mm per	
			kg of rotor	
			mass;	
		"Indicate		
		designed		
		modified		
		with mac	chines	
		specified	in a.	
		above.		
	Technical	note:		
	"Indicato	or heads '	' are	
	sometime			
	balancing			
.A2.004	Remote n	nanipulat	ors that can	2B225
	be used to	o provide	remote	
	actions in	radioche	emical	
	separation	n operatio	ons or	
	hot cells,			
	specified			
	either of t			
	characteri		0	
		A capabi	lity of	
	а			
	-	penetrati	ng a hot	
		penetrati cell wall	ng a hot of 0,3 m or	
		penetrati cell wall more (th	ng a hot	

	<ul> <li>b. A capability of bridging over the top of a hot cell wall with a thickness of 0,3 m or more (over the wall operation).</li> <li>Technical note: Remote manipulators provide translation of human operator actions to a remote operating arm and terminal fixture. They may be of master/slave type or operated by joystick or keypad.</li> </ul>	
I.A2.005	Controlled atmosphere heat treatment furnaces or oxidation furnaces capable of operation at temperatures above 400 °C. Note: This item does not cover tunnel kilns with roller or car conveyance, tunnel kilns with conveyor belt, pusher type kilns or shuttle kilns, specially designed for the production of glass, tableware ceramics or structural ceramics.	2B226 2B227
I.A2.006	Not used.	
I.A2.007	"Pressure transducers", other than those defined in 2B230, capable of measuring absolute pressures at any point in the range 0 to 200 kPa and having both of the following characteristics: a. Pressure sensing elements made of or protected by "Materials resistant to corrosion by uranium hexafluoride $(UF_6)$ "; and b. Having either of the following characteristics:	2B230

I.A2.008	than $\pm 1\%$ of full scale; or 2. A full scale of 200 kPa or greater and an "accuracy" of better than 2 kPa. Technical note: For the purposes of 2B230 "accuracy" includes non- linearity, hysteresis and repeatability at ambient temperature. Liquid-liquid contacting	2B350.e.
	equipment (mixer-settlers, pulsed columns, plate columns, centrifugal contactors); and liquid distributors, vapour distributors or liquid collectors designed for such equipment, where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed are made from any of the following materials: a. Alloys with more than 25 % nickel and 20 % chromium by weight; b. Fluoropolymers; c. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coating or glass lining); d. Graphite or "carbon	

	<ul> <li>e. Nickel or alloys with more than 40 % nickel by weight;</li> <li>f. Tantalum or tantalum alloys;</li> <li>g. Titanium or titanium alloys;</li> <li>h. Zirconium or zirconium alloys; or</li> <li>i. Stainless steel.</li> <li><i>Technical note:</i> <i>"Carbon graphite" is a</i> <i>composition consisting of</i> <i>amorphous carbon and</i> <i>graphite, in which the</i> <i>graphite content is 8 % or</i> <i>more by weight.</i></li> </ul>	
I.A2.009	Industrial equipment and components, other than those specified in 2B350.d., as follows: Heat exchangers or condensers with a heat transfer surface area greater than 0,05 m <sup>2</sup> , and less than 30 m <sup>2</sup> ; and tubes, plates, coils or blocks (cores) designed for such heat exchangers or condensers, where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the fluid(s) are made from any of the following materials: a. Alloys with more than 25 % nickel and 20 % chromium by weight; b. Fluoropolymers; c. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coating or glass lining); d. Graphite or "carbon graphite"; e. Nickel or alloys with more than 40 % nickel by weight;	2B350.d.

	h. Zirconium or zirconium alloys; i. Silicon carbide; j. Titanium carbide; or k. Stainless steel. Note: This item does not cover vehicle radiators. Technical note: The materials used for gaskets and seals and other implementation of sealing functions do not determine the status of control of the heat exchanger.	
1.A2.010	Multiple-seal, and seal-less pumps, other than those specified in 2B350.i, suitable for corrosive fluids, or vacuum pumps and casings (pump bodies), preformed casing liners, impellers, rotors or jet pump nozzles designed for such pumps, in which all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed are made from any of the following materials: a. Alloys with more than 25 % nickel and 20 % chromium by weight; b. Ceramics; c. Ferrosilicon; d. Fluoropolymers; e. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining); f. Graphite or "carbon graphite"; g. Nickel or alloys with more than 40 % nickel by weight;	2B350.i.

	h.	Tantalum or	
		tantalum alloys;	
	i.	Titanium or	
		titanium alloys;	
	j.	Zirconium or	
	-	zirconium alloys;	
	k.	Niobium	
		(columbium) or	
		niobium alloys;	
	1.	Stainless steel;	
	m.	Aluminium alloys;	
		or	
	n.	Rubber.	
	Technica	l notes:	
	The mate	erials used for	
	gaskets a	and seals and other	
	impleme	ntations of sealing	
	functions	s do not determine	
	the statu	s of control of the	
	pump.		
	The term	"rubber"	
		sses all kinds	
		al and synthetic	
	rubbers.		
I.A2.011	"Centrifi	ugal separators",	2B352.c.
		n those specified	
		2.c., capable of	
		us separation	
		the propagation of	
		and manufactured	
	from:		
	a.	Alloys with more	
		than 25 % nickel	
		and 20 % chromium	
		by weight;	
	b.	Fluoropolymers;	
	с.	Glass (including	
		vitrified or	
		enamelled coating	
		or glass lining);	
	d.	Nickel or alloys	
		with more than	
		40 % nickel by	
		weight;	
	e.	weight; Tantalum or	
		weight; Tantalum or tantalum alloys;	
	e. f.	weight; Tantalum or tantalum alloys; Titanium or	
	f.	weight; Tantalum or tantalum alloys; Titanium or titanium alloys; or	
		weight; Tantalum or tantalum alloys; Titanium or	

	Technical note: "Centrifugal separators" include decanters.	
I.A2.012	Sintered metal filters, other than those specified in 2B352.d., made of nickel or nickel alloy with more than 40 % nickel by weight.	2B352.d.
I.A2.013	Spin-forming machines and flow-forming machines, other than those specified by 2B009, 2B109 or 2B209 and specially designed components therefor. <i>Technical note:</i> <i>For the purpose of this item,</i> <i>machines combining the</i> <i>functions of spin-forming and</i> <i>flow-forming are regarded as</i> <i>flow-forming machines.</i>	2B009 2B109 2B209
I.A2.014	<ul> <li>Equipment and reagents, other than those specified in 2B350 or 2B352, as follows:</li> <li>a. Fermenters capable of cultivation of pathogenic "micro-organisms" or viruses, or capable of toxin production, without the propagation of aerosols, and having a total capacity of 10 l or more;</li> <li>b. Agitators for fermenters as mentioned in a.above; <i>Technical Note: Fermenters include bioreactors, chemostats and</i></li> </ul>	2B350 2B352

	<ol> <li>Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)- equipment</li> <li>Genetic sequencing equipment;</li> <li>Genetic synthesizers;</li> <li>Electroporation equipment;</li> <li>Specific reagents associated with the equipment in I.A2.014.c. number 1. to 4. above;</li> <li>Filters, micro- filters, nano-filters or ultra-filters usable in industrial or laboratory biology for continuous filtering, except filters specially designed or modified for medical or clear water production purposes and to be used in the framework of EU or UN officially supported projects;</li> <li>Ultracentrifuges, rotors and adaptors for ultracentrifuges;</li> <li>Freeze drying equipment.</li> </ol>	
I.A2.015	Equipment, other than that specified in 2B005, 2B105 or 3B001.d., for the deposition of metallic overlays as follows, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:	

	<ul> <li>a. Chemical vapour deposition (CVD) production equipment;</li> <li>b. Physical vapour deposition (PVD) production equipment;</li> <li>c. Production equipment for deposition by means of inductive or resistance heating.</li> </ul>
I.A2.016	Open tanks or containers, with or without agitators, with a total internal (geometric) volume greater than 0.5 m³ (500 litres), where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed or contained are made from any of the following materials: <ul> <li>a. Alloys with more than 25 % nickel and 20 % chromium by weight;</li> <li>b. Fluoropolymers;</li> <li>c. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>d. Nickel or alloys with more than 40 % nickel by weight;</li> <li>e. Tantalum or tantalum alloys;</li> <li>f. Titanium or titanium alloys;</li> </ul>
	g. Zirconium or zirconium alloys; h. Niobium (columbium) or niobium alloys; i. Stainless steel; j. Wood; or k. Rubber.

Technical note: The term "rubber" encompasses all kinds of natural and synthetic rubbers.

a Manufacturers calculating positioning accuracy in accordance with ISO 230/2 (1997) should consult the competent authorities of the Member State in which they are established.

#### **ELECTRONICS**

#### I.A3.

## GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A3.001	<ul> <li>High voltage direct current power supplies, other than those specified in 0B001.j.5. or 3A227, having both of the following characteristics:</li> <li>a. Capable of continuously producing, over a time period of eight hours, 10 kV or more, with output power of 5 kW or more with or without sweeping; and</li> <li>b. Current or voltage stability better than 0,1 % over a time period of four hours.</li> </ul>	0B001.j.5. 3A227
I.A3.002	Mass spectrometers, other than those specified in 0B002.g. or 3A233, capable of measuring ions of 200 atomic mass units or more and having a resolution of better than 2 parts in 200, as follows, and ion sources therefor: a. Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometers (ICP/ MS);	0B002.g. 3A233

b.	Glow discharge mass spectrometers
	(GDMS);
c.	Thermal ionisation
	mass spectrometers
	(TIMS);
d.	Electron
	bombardment
	mass spectrometers
	which have a
	source chamber
	constructed
	from, lined with
	or plated with "materials resistant
	to corrosion by uranium
	hexafluoride UF6";
e.	Molecular beam
0.	mass spectrometers
	having either of
	the following
	characteristics:
	1. A source
	chamber
	constructed
	from,
	lined with
	or plated
	with
	stainless
	steel or
	molybdenum and
	equipped with a
	cold trap
	capable
	of cooling
	to 193 K
	(- 80 °C)
	or less; or
	2. A source
	chamber
	constructed
	from,
	lined with
	or plated
	with
	materials
	resistant to UF <sub>6</sub> ;
I	016,

	f. Mass spectrometers equipped with a micro-fluorination ion source designed for actinides or actinide fluorides.	
I.A3.003	Frequency changers or generators, other than those specified by 0B001.b.13. or 3A225, having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed components and software therefor: a. Multiphase output capable of providing a power of 40 W or greater; b. Capable of operating in the frequency range between 600 and 2 000 Hz; and c. Frequency control better (less) than 0,1 %. <i>Technical notes:</i>	0B001.b.13. 3A225
	<ol> <li>Frequency changers are also known as converters, inverters, generators, electronic test equipment, AC power supplies, variable speed motor drives or variable frequency drives.</li> <li>The functionality specified in this item may be met by certain equipment marketed as: electronic test equipment, AC power supplies, variable speed motor drives or variable frequency drives.</li> </ol>	

I.A3.004	Spectrometers and diffractometers, designed	
	for the indicative test or quantitative analysis of the	
	elemental composition of metals or alloys without	
	chemical decomposition of the material.	

SENSORS AND LASERS

## I.A6.

# GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A6.001	Yttrium aluminium garnet (YAG) rods.	
I.A6.002	Optical equipment and components, other than those specified in 6A002 or 6A004.b. as follows: Infrared optics in the wavelength range 9 $\mu$ m– 17 $\mu$ m and components thereof, including cadmium telluride (CdTe) components.	6A002 6A004.b.
I.A6.003	Wave front corrector systems, other than mirrors specified in 6A004.a., 6A005.e. or 6A005.f., for use with a laser beam having a diameter exceeding 4 mm, and specially designed components thereof, including control systems, phase front sensors and "deformable mirrors" including bimorph mirrors.	6A004.a. 6A005.e. 6A005.f.
I.A6.004	Argon ion "lasers", other than those specified in 0B001.g.5., 6A005.a.6. and/or 6A205.a., having an average output power equal to or greater than 5 W.	0B001.g.5. 6A005.a.6. 6A205.a.
I.A6.005	Semiconductor "lasers", other than those specified in 0B001.g.5., 0B001.h.6. or	0B001.g.5. 0B001.h.6. 6A005.b.

	<ul> <li>6A005.b., and components thereof, as follows:</li> <li>a. Individual semiconductor "lasers" with an output power greater than 200 mW each, in quantities larger than 100;</li> <li>b. Semiconductor "laser" arrays having an output power greater than 20 W. Notes:</li> </ul>	
	1. Semiconductor "lasers" are commonly called "laser" diodes.	
	2. This item does not cover "laser" diodes with a wavelength in the range $1,2 \ \mu m -$ $2,0 \ \mu m$ .	
I.A6.006	Tunable semiconductor "lasers" and tunable semiconductor "laser" arrays, other than those specified in 0B001.h.6. or 6A005.b., of a wavelength between 9 $\mu$ m and 17 $\mu$ m, as well as array stacks of semiconductor "lasers" containing at least one tunable semiconductor "laser" array of such wavelength. Note: Semiconductor "lasers" are commonly called "laser" diodes.	0B001.h.6. 6A005.b.
I.A6.007	Solid state "tunable""lasers", other than those specified in 0B001.g.5., 0B001.h.6. or 6A005.c.1., and specially designed components thereof, as follows: a. Titanium-sapphire lasers,	0B001.g.5. 0B001.h.6. 6A005.c.1.

	b. Alexandrite lasers.	
I.A6.008	Neodymium-doped (other than glass) "lasers", other than those specified in 6A005.c.2.b., having an output wavelength greater than 1,0 $\mu$ m but not exceeding 1,1 $\mu$ m and output energy exceeding 10 J per pulse.	6A005.c.2.b.
I.A6.009	Components of acousto- optics, as follows: a. Framing tubes and solid-state imaging devices having a recurrence frequency equal to or exceeding 1 kHz; b. Recurrence frequency supplies; c. Pockels cells.	6A203.b.4.
I.A6.010	Radiation-hardened cameras, or lenses thereof, other than those specified in 6A203.c., specially designed, or rated as radiation-hardened, to withstand a total radiation dose greater than $50 \times 10^3$ Gy (silicon) ( $5 \times 10^6$ rad (silicon)) without operational degradation. <i>Technical note:</i> <i>The term Gy (silicon) refers</i> <i>to the energy in Joules per</i> <i>kilogram absorbed by an</i> <i>unshielded silicon sample</i> <i>when exposed to ionising</i> <i>radiation.</i>	6A203.c.
I.A6.011	Tunable pulsed dye laser amplifiers and oscillators, other than those specified in 0B001.g.5., 6A005 and or 6A205.c., having all of the following characteristics: a.a.Operating at wavelengths between 300 nm and 800 nm;b.An average output power greater	0B001.g.5. 6A005 6A205.c.

	than 10 W but not exceeding 30 W; c. A repetition rate greater than 1 kHz; and d. Pulse width less than 100 ns. Note: This item does not cover single mode oscillators.	
I.A6.012Pulsed carbon dioxide "lasers", other than those specified in, 0B001.h.6., $6A005.d.$ or $6A205.d.$ , having all of the following characteristics: a.Operating at wavelengths between 9 $\mu$ m and 11 $\mu$ m; b.A repetition		0B001.h.6. 6A005.d. 6A205.d.
	<ul> <li>rate greater than 250 Hz;</li> <li>c. An average output power greater than 100 W but not exceeding 500 W; and</li> <li>d. Pulse width less than 200 ns.</li> </ul>	

## NAVIGATION AND AVIONICS

## I.A7.

## GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A7.001	Inertial navigation systems and specially designed components thereof, as follows: a. Inertial navigation systems which are certified for use on "civil aircraft" by civil authorities of a State participating in the Wassenaar Arrangement, and	7A001 7A003 7A101 7A103

specially designed components thereof, as follows: Inertial 1. navigation systems (INS) (gimballed or strapdown) and inertial equipment designed for "aircraft", land vehicle, vessels (surface or underwater or "spacecraft for attitude, guidance or control, having any of the following characteristics, and specially designed components thereof: Navigation a. error (free inertial) subsequent to normal alignment of 0,8 nautical mile per hour (nm/ hr) "¢ircular

		Error
		Probable" (CEP)
		or
		less
		(better);
		or
	b.	Specified
		to
		function
		at
		linear
		acceleration
		levels
		exceeding
2	TT 1 · 1	10 g;
2.	Hybrid	
	Inertial	
	Navigati	on
	Systems	
	embedde	d
	with	
	Global	
	Navigati	on
	Satellite	
	Systems(	(8)
	(GNSS)	
	or with	
	"Data-	
	Based	
	Reference	ed
	Navigati	on" ("DBRN")
	System(s	
	for	
	attitude,	
	guidance	
	or contro	
	subseque to norma	
	alignmer	ιι,
	having	
	an INS	
	navigatio	on
	position	
	accuracy	,
	after	
	loss of	
	GNSS or	
	"DBRN"	
	for a	
	period of	2
	*	
	up to fou	11
	minutes,	
	of less	

3.	(better) than 10 metres "Circulan Error Probable Inertial Equipme for Azimuth Heading, or North	" (CEP); nt
	Pointing	
	having	
	any of th	
	following	
	and	13403,
	specially	
	designed	
	compone thereof:	ents
	a.	Designed
		to
		have
		an Azimuth,
		Heading,
		or
		North
		Pointing
		accuracy equal
		to
		or
		less
		(better) than
		6
		arc
		minutes
		RMS at
		45
		degrees
		latitude;
	h	01 Designed
	b.	Designed to
		have
		a
		non-
		operating

	shock
	level
	of
	-
	at
	least
	900 g
	at
	a
	duratio
	of
	at
	least
	1 msec
b.	Theodolite systems
	incorporating
	inertial equipment
	specially designed
	for civil surveying
	purposes and
	designed to have an
	Azimuth, Heading,
	or North Pointing
	accuracy equal
	to, or less (better)
	than 6 arc minutes
	RMS at 45 degrees
	latitude, and
	specially designed
	components thereof.
c.	Inertial or other
<b>C</b> .	equipment using
	accelerometers
	specified in 7A001
	or 7A101, where
	such accelerometers
	are specially
	designed and
	developed as MWD
	(Measurement
	While Drilling)
	sensors for use in down-hole
	well services
<b>N</b> 7 (	operations.v
Note:	
	rameters of a.1.
	2. are applicable
	ny of the following
enviro	nmental conditions:
1.	Input random
	vibration with an
	** . *
	overall magnitude of 7,7 g rms in the

	a total te of one an hours pe each of t perpenda when the	he three icular axes, e random 1 meets the
2.		frequency interval from 1 000 to 2 000 Hz; d yaw rate or greater
3.	than + 2 s (150 de Accordin national	,62 radian/ eg/s); or
Technica	2. above l notes:	
1.	0	in which Ind other Ient on aids are o a single bedded)

	achieve improved performance.
2.	"Circular Error
	Probable" (CEP) – In a circular
	<i>normal distribution.</i>
	the radius of the
	circle containing
	50 percent of
	the individual
	measurements being
	made, or the radius
	of the circle within
	which there is a 50
	percent probability
	of being located.

# AEROSPACE AND PROPULSION

## I.A9.

#### GOODS

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.A9.001	Explosive bolts.	
I.A9.002	Internal combustion engines (i.e. axial piston or rotary piston type), designed or modified for propelling "aircrafts" or "lighter-than- air-vehicles" and specially designed components therefor.	
I.A9.003	Trucks, other than those specified in 9A115, having more than one motorised axle and a payload exceeding 5 tonnes. <i>Note:</i> <i>This item includes flatbed</i> <i>trailers, semi trailers and</i> <i>other trailers.</i>	9A115

## B. SOFTWARE

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.B.001	Software required for the development, production or use of the items in Part A. (Goods).	

# C. TECHNOLOGY

No	Description	Related item from Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 428/2009
I.C.001	Technology required for the development, production or use of the items in Part A. (Goods).	

- (**1**) OJ L 322, 22.11.2006, p. 32.
- (**2**) OJ L 88, 29.3.2007, p. 1.
- (3) Council Regulation (EC) No 428/2009 of 5 May 2009 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports, transfer, brokering and transit of dual-use items(OJ L 134, 29.5.2009, p. 1).