

ANNEX II

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF ICT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3. The technical specifications were developed by a non-profit making organisation which is a professional society, industry or trade association or any other membership organisation that within its area of expertise develops ICT technical specifications and which is not a European standardisation organisation, national or international standardisation body, through processes which fulfil the following criteria:
 - (a) openness:

the technical specifications were developed on the basis of open decision-making accessible to all interested parties in the market or markets affected by those technical specifications;
 - (b) consensus:

the decision-making process was collaborative and consensus based and did not favour any particular stakeholder. Consensus means a general agreement, characterised by the absence of sustained opposition to substantial issues by any important part of the concerned interests and by a process that involves seeking to take into account the views of all parties concerned and to reconcile any conflicting arguments. Consensus does not imply unanimity;
 - (c) transparency:
 - (i) all information concerning technical discussions and decision making was archived and identified;
 - (ii) information on new standardisation activities was publicly and widely announced through suitable and accessible means;
 - (iii) participation of all relevant categories of interested parties was sought with a view to achieving balance;
 - (iv) consideration and response were given to comments by interested parties.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Division 3..