Commission Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012 of 12 December 2012 implementing Regulation (EC) No 661/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to type-approval requirements for masses and dimensions of motor vehicles and their trailers and amending Directive 2007/46/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (Text with EEA relevance) Status: Point in time view as at 12/12/2012.

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## ANNEX I

## **TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS**

### PART A

# Vehicles of category M<sub>1</sub> and N<sub>1</sub>

# 1. Maximum authorised dimensions

- 1.1. The dimensions shall not exceed the following values:
- 1.1.1. Length: 12,00 m.
- 1.1.2. Width:

(a) M <sub>1</sub>	:	2,55 m;
(b) N <sub>1</sub>	:	2,55 m;
(c) N <sub>1</sub>	:	2,60 m for vehicles fitted with a bodywork with insulated walls of at least 45 mm thick, as referred to in Appendix 2 of Part C of Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC;

1.1.3. Height: 4,00 m.

- 1.2. For the purposes of measurement of the length, width and height, the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order, placed on a horizontal and flat surface with tyres inflated at the pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- 1.3. Only the devices and equipment referred to in Appendix 1 of this Annex shall not be taken into account for the determination of the length, width and height.

### 2. Mass distribution

- 2.1. The sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on the axles shall not be less than the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.2. The technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle shall not be less than the mass of the vehicle in running order plus the mass of the passengers plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the mass of the coupling if not included in the mass in running order.
- 2.3. Where the vehicle is laden to the technically permissible maximum laden mass, the mass on each axle shall not exceed the technically permissible maximum mass on that axle.
- 2.4. Where the vehicle is laden to the technically permissible maximum laden mass, the mass on the front axle shall in no event be less than 30 % of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.4.1. Where the vehicle is laden to the technically permissible maximum laden mass plus the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point, the mass on the front axle shall in no event be less than 20 % of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.5. Where a vehicle is equipped with removable seats, the verification procedure shall be limited to the condition with the maximum number of seating positions.
- 2.6. For the purposes of verifying the requirements laid down in points 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4:
- (a) The seats shall be adjusted as prescribed in point 2.6.1
- (b) the masses of the passengers, the pay-mass and the mass of the optional equipment shall be distributed as prescribed in points 2.6.2 to 2.6.4.2.3.
- 2.6.1. Seat adjustment
- 2.6.1.1. The seats where adjustable shall be moved to their rearmost position.
- 2.6.1.2. Where there are other possibilities for adjusting the seat (vertical, angled, seat back, etc.) the adjusted positions shall be as specified by the vehicle manufacturer.
- 2.6.1.3. In the case of suspension seats, the seat shall be locked in the position specified by the manufacturer.
- 2.6.2. Distribution of the mass of passengers
- 2.6.2.1. The mass representing each passenger shall be 75 kg.
- 2.6.2.2. The mass for each passenger shall be located at the seating reference point (i.e. the 'R point' of the seat)

- 2.6.2.3. In the case of special purpose vehicle, the requirement of point 2.6.2.2 shall apply mutatis mutandis (for example, mass of an injured person lying on the stretcher in the case of an ambulance).
- 2.6.3. Distribution of the mass of the optional equipment
- 2.6.3.1. The mass of the optional equipment shall be distributed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- 2.6.4 Distribution of the pay-mass
- 2.6.4.1. M<sub>1</sub> vehicles
- 2.6.4.1.1.As regards M<sub>1</sub> vehicles, the pay-mass shall be distributed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications in agreement with the technical service.
- 2.6.4.1.2. As regards motor caravans the minimum pay-mass (PM) shall meet the following requirement:

 $PM \text{ in } kg \geq 10 \left(n + L\right)$ 

### Where

'n'	is the maximum number of passengers plus the driver and
'L'	is the overall length of the vehicle in metre

- 2.6.4.2. N<sub>1</sub> vehicles
- 2.6.4.2.1. As regards vehicles with bodywork, the pay-mass shall be distributed uniformly on the cargo bed;
- 2.6.4.2.2. As regards vehicles without bodywork (e.g. chassis-cab), the manufacturer shall state the extreme permissible positions of the centre of gravity of the pay-mass increased by the mass of the equipment intended to accommodate goods (e.g. bodywork, tank, etc.) (for instance: from 0,50 m to 1,30 m in front of the first rear axle);
- 2.6.4.2.3. As regards vehicles intended to be fitted with a fifth wheel coupling, the manufacturer shall state the minimum and maximum fifth wheel lead.
- 2.7. Additional requirements where the vehicle is capable of towing a trailer
- 2.7.1. The requirements referred to in points 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4 shall apply taking into account the mass of the coupling and the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point.
- 2.7.2. Without prejudice to the requirements of point 2.4, the technically permissible maximum mass on the rear axle(s) may be exceeded by not more than 15 %.
- 2.7.2.1. Where the technically permissible maximum mass on the rear axle(s) is exceeded by not more than 15 %, the requirements of point 5.2 of Annex II to Commission Regulation (EU) No 458/2011<sup>(1)</sup> shall apply.
- 2.7.2.2. In the Member States where the road traffic legislation allows it, the manufacturer may indicate in an appropriate supporting document, such as the owner's manual or the maintenance book that the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle may be exceeded by not more than 10 % or 100 kg, whichever value is lower.

This allowance shall apply only when towing a trailer in the conditions specified in point 2.7.2.1 provided that the operating speed is restricted to 100 km/h or less.

### 3. Towable mass and mass at the coupling

- 3.1. As regards the technically permissible maximum towable mass, the following requirements shall apply:
- 3.1.1. Trailer fitted with a service braking system
- 3.1.1.1. The technically permissible maximum towable mass of the vehicle shall be the lowest of the following values:
- (a) the technically permissible maximum towable mass based on the construction features of the vehicle and the strength of the coupling;
- (b) the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the towing vehicle;
- (c) 1,5 times the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the towing vehicle in the case of an off-road vehicle as defined in Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC.
- 3.1.1.2. However, the technically permissible maximum towable mass shall in no case exceed 3 500 kg.
- 3.1.2. Trailer without a service braking system
- 3.1.2.1. The permissible towable mass shall be the lowest of the following values:
- (a) the technically permissible maximum towable mass based on the construction features of the vehicle and the strength of the coupling;
- (b) half of the mass in running order of the towing vehicle.
- 3.1.2.2. The technically permissible maximum towable mass shall in no case exceed 750 kg.
- 3.2. The technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point shall not be less than 4 % of the maximum permissible towable mass and not be less than 25 kg.
- 3.3. The manufacturer shall specify in the owner's manual the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point, the mounting points of the coupling on the towing vehicle and the maximum permissible rear overhang for the coupling point.
- 3.4. The technically permissible maximum towable mass shall not be defined by reference to the number of passengers.

### 4. **Mass of the combination**

The technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination shall not exceed the sum of the technically permissible maximum laden mass plus the technically permissible maximum towable mass.

 $MC \leq M + TM$ 

## 5. Hill starting ability

- 5.1. The towing vehicle shall be able to start the vehicle combination five times on an uphill gradient of at least 12 % within five minutes.
- 5.2. In order to conduct the test described in point 5.1, the towing vehicle and the trailer shall be laden as to equal the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination.

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### PART B

### Vehicles of category M<sub>2</sub> and M<sub>3</sub>

## 1. Maximum authorised dimensions

- 1.1. The dimensions shall not exceed the following values:
- 1.1.1. Length
  - (a) Vehicle with two axles and one section: 13,50 m
  - (b) Vehicle with three or more axles and one section: 15,00 m
  - (c) Articulated vehicle: 18,75 m
- 1.1.2. Width: 2,55 m;
- 1.1.3. Height: 4,00 m
- 1.2. For the purposes of measurement of the length, width and height, the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order, placed on a horizontal and flat surface with tyres inflated at the pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- 1.3. Only the devices and equipment referred to in Appendix 1 of this Annex shall not be taken into account for the determination of the length, width and height.

### 2. Mass distribution for vehicles fitted with bodywork

2.1. Calculation procedure

Notations:

'M'	technically permissible maximum laden mass;								
'TM'	technically permissible maximum towable mass;								
'MC'	technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination;								
ʻm <sub>i</sub> '	technically permissible maximum laden mass on the solo axle designated 'i', where 'i' varies from 1 to the total number of axles of the vehicle;								
ʻm <sub>c</sub> '	technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point;								
'μ <sub>j</sub> '	the technically permissible maximum mass on the group of axles designated 'j', where j varies from 1 to the total number of groups of axles.								

- 2.1.1. Suitable calculations shall be carried out in order to make sure that the following requirements are fulfilled for each technical configuration within the type.
- 2.1.2. In the case of vehicles fitted with loadable axles, the following calculations shall be carried out with the suspension of the axles loaded in the normal operating configuration.
- 2.2. General requirements
- 2.2.1. The sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on the solo axles plus the sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on the groups of axles shall not be less than the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.

 $M \leq \Sigma [m_i + \mu_j]$ 

- 2.2.2. The mass of the vehicle in running order, plus the mass of the optional equipment, the mass of the passengers, the masses 'WP' and 'B' referred to in point 2.2.3, plus the mass of the coupling if not included in the mass in running order, plus the technical permissible maximum mass at the coupling point shall not exceed the technically permissible maximum laden mass.
- 2.2.3. Load distribution

2.2.3.1. Notations

'Р'	number of seating positions, not including the driver and crew member(s);
'Q' 'Qc' 'S <sub>1</sub> '	mass of one passenger in kg; mass of one crew member in kg;
'S <sub>1</sub> ' 'SP'	area in m <sup>2</sup> for standing passengers;
'Ssp'	number of standing passengers stated by the manufacturer; rated space for one standing passenger in m <sup>2</sup> ;
'WP'	number of wheelchair spaces multiplied by 250 kg representing the mass of a wheelchair and user;
'V'	total volume of baggage compartments in m <sup>3</sup> including luggage compartments, racks and ski-box;
'В'	maximum permissible mass of the luggage in kg stated by the manufacturer, including the maximum permissible mass (B') that may be transported in the ski-box if any.
2.2.3.2.	The mass Q and $Q_c$ of the seated passengers shall be located at the seating reference points (i.e. the 'R point' of the seat).
2233	The mass corresponding to the number SP of standing passengers of mass $\Omega$ shall be

- 2.2.3.3. The mass corresponding to the number SP of standing passengers of mass Q shall be uniformly distributed over the surface available for standing passenger  $S_1$ .
- 2.2.3.4. Where appropriate, the mass WP shall be uniformly distributed over each wheelchair space.
- 2.2.3.5. A mass equal to B (kg) shall be uniformly distributed in the luggage compartments.
- 2.2.3.6. A mass equal to B' (kg) shall be located at the centre of gravity of the ski-box.
- 2.2.3.7. The technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point shall be located at the coupling point the rear overhang of which is stated by the vehicle manufacturer.
- Vehicle classQ (kg)Ssp (m²)Class I and A680,125 m²Class II710,15 m²Class III and B71Not applicable
- 2.2.3.8. Values of Q and Ssp values

The mass of each crew member shall be 75 kg.

2.2.3.9. The number of standing passengers shall not exceed the value  $S_1/Ssp$ , where Ssp is the rated space provided for one standing passenger as specified in the table in point 2.2.3.8.

- 2.2.3.10. The value of the maximum permissible mass of the luggage shall be not less than:  $B = 100 \times V$
- 2.2.4. Calculations
- 2.2.4.1 The requirements of point 2.2.2 shall be verified in all interior arrangement configurations.
- 2.2.4.2. In the conditions specified in point 2.2.3 the mass on each solo axle and on each group of axles shall not exceed the technically permissible maximum mass on that axle or group of axles.
- 2.2.4.3. In the case of a vehicle equipped with a variable seating capacity, with an area available for standing passengers  $(S_1)$  and equipped for the carriage of wheelchairs, compliance with the requirements of points 2.2.2 and 2.2.4.2 shall be verified for each of the following conditions as applicable:
- (a) with all possible seats occupied followed by the remaining area for standing passengers (up to the standing capacity limit declared by the manufacturer, if reached) and, if space remains, any wheelchair spaces occupied;
- (b) with all possible standing areas occupied (up to the standing capacity limit stated by the manufacturer) followed by the remaining seats available for seated passengers and, if space remains, any wheelchair spaces occupied;
- (c) with all possible wheelchair spaces occupied followed by the remaining area for standing passengers (up to the standing capacity limit stated by the manufacturer, if reached) and then the remaining seats available for use occupied.
- 2.2.5. Where the vehicle is laden as specified in point 2.2.2 the mass corresponding to the load on the front steering axle(s) shall in no case be less than 20 % of the technically permissible maximum laden mass 'M'.
- 2.2.6. Where a vehicle is to be type-approved to more than one class, the requirements of Section 2 shall apply to each class.

## 3. **Towing capacity**

3.1. The technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination shall not exceed the sum of the technically permissible maximum laden mass plus the technically permissible maximum towable mass.

 $MC \leq M + TM$ 

3.2. The technically permissible maximum towable mass shall not exceed 3 500 kg.

## 4. Technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point

- 4.1. The technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point shall be at least equal to 4 % of its technically permissible maximum towable mass, or 25 kg, whichever is the greater.
- 4.2. The manufacturer shall specify in the owner's manual the conditions for the attachment of the coupling to the motor vehicle.
- 4.2.1. Where appropriate the conditions referred to in point 4.2 shall include the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point of the towing vehicle, the maximum

permissible mass of the coupling device, the mounting points of the coupling and the maximum permissible rear overhang of the coupling.

### 5. Hill-starting ability

- 5.1. Vehicles designed to tow a trailer shall be capable of starting five times within five minutes at an up-hill gradient of at least 12 %.
- 5.2. For performing the test described in point 5.1, the towing vehicle and the trailer shall be laden so as to equal the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination.

### 6. **Engine power**

- 6.1. The engine shall provide a power output of at least 5 kW per tonne of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination or of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the solo vehicle where the vehicle is not designed to tow a trailer.
- 6.2. The engine power shall be measured in accordance with Council Directive 80/1269/EEC<sup>(2)</sup> or UNECE Regulation No  $85^{(3)}$ .

### 7. Manoeuvrability

- 7.1. The vehicle shall be capable of manoeuvring on either side of a complete trajectory of 360° as shown in Figure 1 in Appendix 3 to this Annex without any of the vehicle's outermost points protruding beyond the outer circle or intruding inside the inner circle as the case may be.
- 7.1.1. The test shall be conducted with the vehicle in both the unladen conditions (i.e. at its mass in running order) and loaded to its technically maximum permissible laden mass.
- 7.1.2. For the purposes of point 7.1, the parts permitted to protrude beyond the vehicle width referred to in Appendix 1 to this Annex shall not be taken into account.
- 7.2. For vehicles fitted with a loadable axle, the requirement of point 7.1 shall also apply where the loadable axle(s) is in service.
- 7.3. The requirements of section 7.1 shall be verified as follows:
- 7.3.1. The vehicle shall manoeuvre inside a circular area defined by two concentric circles, the outer circle having a radius of 12,50 m and the inner circle having a radius of 5,30 m
- 7.3.2. The outermost front point of the motor vehicle shall be guided along the contour of the outer circle (see Figure 1 in Appendix 3 to this Annex).

### 8. **Rear swing-out**

- 8.1. Vehicle with one section
- 8.1.1. The vehicle shall be tested in accordance with the drive-in test method described in point 8.1.2.
- 8.1.2. Drive-in test method

The vehicle shall be stationary, a vertical plane tangential to the side of the vehicle and facing outwards from the circle shall be established by marking a line on the ground.

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The vehicle shall be moved from a straight line approach into the circular area described in Figure 1 with its front wheels turned such as the front outermost point follows the contour of the outer circle (see Figure 2a of Appendix 3 to this Annex).

- 8.1.3. The vehicle shall be set to its mass in running order.
- 8.1.4. The maximum rear swing-out shall not exceed 0,60 m.
- 8.2. Vehicles with two or more sections
- 8.2.1. The requirements of point 8.1 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* as regards vehicles with two or more sections.

In such a case, the two or more rigid sections shall be aligned with the plane as shown in Figure 2b of Appendix 3 to this Annex.

# PART C

## Vehicles of category N<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>3</sub>

## 1. Maximum authorised dimensions

- 1.1. The dimensions shall not exceed the following values:
- 1.1.1. Length: 12,00 m.
- 1.1.2. Width:
  - (a) 2,55 m for any vehicle;
  - (b) 2,60 m for vehicles fitted with a bodywork with insulated walls of at least 45 mm thick, as referred to in Appendix 2 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/ EC;
- 1.1.3. Height: 4,00 m
- 1.2. For the purposes of measurement of the length, width and height, the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order, placed on a horizontal and flat surface with tyres inflated at the pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- 1.3. Only the devices and equipment referred to in Appendix 1 of this Annex shall not be taken into account for the determination of the length, width and height.

## 2. Mass distribution for vehicles fitted with bodywork

2.1. Calculation procedure

Notations:

technically permissible maximum laden mass;
technically permissible maximum towable mass;
technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination;
the technically permissible maximum mass on the solo axle designated
'i', where i varies from 1 to the total number of axles of the vehicle;
technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point;
the technically permissible maximum mass on the group of axles designated 'j', where j varies from 1 to the total number of groups of axles.

- 2.1.1. Suitable calculations shall be carried out in order to make sure that the requirements set out in points 2.2 and 2.3 are fulfilled for each technical configuration within the type.
- 2.1.2. In the case of vehicles fitted with loadable axles, the calculations required under points 2.2 and 2.3 shall be carried out with the suspension of loadable axles in the normal running configuration.
- 2.1.3. In the case of vehicles fitted with lift axles, the calculations required under points 2.2 and 2.3 shall be carried out with the axles lowered.
- 2.2. General requirements
- 2.2.1. The sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on the solo axles plus the sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on the groups of axles shall not be less than the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- $M \le \Sigma [m_i + \mu_j]$
- 2.2.2. For each group of axles designated 'j', the sum of the technically permissible maximum mass on its axles shall not be less than the technically permissible maximum mass on the group of axles.

In addition, each of the masses  $m_i$  shall not be less than the part of  $\mu_j$  applying on the axle 'i' as determined by the mass distribution for that group of axles.

- 2.3. Specific requirements
- 2.3.1. The mass of the vehicle in running order, plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the mass of the passengers, plus the mass of the coupling if not included in the mass in running order plus the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point shall not exceed the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.3.2. Where the vehicle is laden to its technically permissible maximum laden mass, the mass distributed on an axle 'i' shall not exceed the mass  $m_i$  on that axle, and the mass on the group of axles 'j' shall not exceed the mass  $\mu_i$ .
- 2.3.3. The requirements of point 2.3.2 shall be complied with in the following load configurations:
- 2.3.3.1. Uniform distribution of the pay-mass:

the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the mass of the passengers located at the seating reference points, plus the mass of the coupling (if not included in the mass in running order), plus the maximum permissible mass at the coupling point, plus the pay-mass being distributed uniformly on the cargo area.

2.3.3.2. Non-uniform distribution of pay-mass:

the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the mass of the passengers located at the seating reference points, plus the mass of the coupling (if not included in the mass in running order), plus the maximum permissible mass at the coupling point, plus the pay-mass located in accordance with the manufacturers specifications.

For such purposes the manufacturer shall state the extreme permissible possible positions of the centre of gravity of the pay-mass and/or body and/or equipment or interior fittings (for instance: from 0,50 m to 1,30 m in front of the first rear axle).

2.3.3.3. Combination of uniform and non-uniform distribution:

The requirements of points 2.3.3.1 and 2.3.3.2 shall be fulfilled simultaneously.

Example, a tipper lorry (distributed load) equipped with an additional crane (localised load).

2.3.3.4. Mass transferred by the fifth wheel coupling (tractor unit for semi-trailer):

the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the mass of the passengers located at the seating reference points, plus the mass of the coupling if not included in the mass in running order, plus the maximum permissible mass at the fifth wheel coupling point located in accordance with the manufacturers' specifications (minimum and maximum fifth-wheel lead).

- 2.3.3.5. The requirements of points 2.3.3.1 shall always be fulfilled where the vehicle is fitted with a flat cargo area.
- 2.3.4. Where the vehicle is laden to its technically permissible maximum laden mass, plus the mass of the coupling if not included in the mass in running order, plus the maximum permissible mass at the coupling point in such a way that the maximum permissible maximum mass on the rear group of axle ( $\mu$ ) or the maximum permissible maximum on the rear axle (m) is reached, the mass on the front steering axle(s) shall not be less than 20 % of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.3.5. As regards special purposes vehicles of category  $N_2$  and  $N_3$ , the technical service shall check compliance with the requirements of Section 2 in agreement with the manufacturer, taking into account the specific design of the vehicle (for example, mobile cranes).

# 3. Towing capacity

- 3.1. The technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination shall not exceed the sum of the technically permissible maximum laden mass plus the technically permissible maximum towable mass.
- $MC \leq M + TM$

# 4. Hill-starting ability and gradeability

- 4.1. Vehicles designed to tow a trailer and laden to their technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination shall be capable of starting five times within five minutes at an up-hill gradient of at least 12 %.
- 4.2. As regard gradeability, off road vehicles shall be tested against the technical requirements of Annex II.
- 4.2.1. The requirements of Section 5 of Appendix 1 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC shall also apply.

## 5. **Engine power**

- 5.1. Vehicles shall provide an engine power output of at least 5 kW per tonne of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination.
- 5.1.1. In the case of a road tractor, or a tractor unit for semi-trailer intended for the transport of indivisible loads, the engine power shall be at least 2 kW per tonne of the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination.

5.2. The engine power shall be measured of in accordance with Directive 80/1269/EEC or UNECE Regulation No 85.

## 6. **Manoeuvrability**

- 6.1. The vehicle shall be capable of manoeuvring on either side of a complete trajectory of 360° as shown in Figure 1 of Appendix 3 to this Annex without any of the vehicle's outermost points protruding beyond the outer circle or intruding inside the inner circle as the case may be.
- 6.1.1. The test shall be conducted with the vehicle in both the unladen conditions (i.e. at its mass in running order) and loaded to its technically maximum permissible laden mass.
- 6.1.2. For the purposes of point 6.1, the parts permitted to protrude beyond the vehicle width referred to in Appendix 1 to this Annex shall not be taken into account.
- 6.2. For vehicles fitted with axle-lift devices, the requirement of point 6.1 shall also apply with the lift axle(s) in the lifted position and where the loadable axle(s) is in service.
- 6.3. The requirements of point 6.1 shall be verified as follows
- 6.3.1. The vehicle shall manoeuvre inside an area defined by two concentric circles, the outer circle having a radius of 12,50 m and the inner circle having a radius of 5,30 m
- 6.3.2. The outermost front point of the motor vehicle shall be guided along the contour of the outer circle (see Figure 1 of Appendix 3 to this Annex)

### 7. **Maximum rear swing-out**

- 7.1. The vehicle shall be tested in accordance with the steady-state test method described in point 7.1.1.
- 7.1.1. Steady-state test method
- 7.1.1.2. The vehicle shall be stationary and shall have its front steered wheels so directed that if the vehicle moves, its outermost point would describe a circle of 12,50 m radius.

A vertical plane tangential to the side of the vehicle and facing outwards from the circle shall be established by marking a line on the ground.

The vehicle shall move forward such as the front outermost point follows the contour of the outer circle of 12,50 m radius.

- 7.2. The maximum rear swing-out shall not exceed: (see Figure 3 of Appendix 3 to this Annex)
- (a) 0,80 m;
- (b) 1,00 m where the vehicle if fitted with an axle-lift device and the axle is cleared off the ground;
- (c) 1,00 m where the rearmost axle is a steered axle.

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## PART D

## Vehicles of category O

## 1. Maximum authorised dimensions

- 1.1. The dimensions shall not exceed the following values:
- 1.1.1. Length
  - (a) Trailer: 12,00 m including drawbar;
  - (b) Semi-trailer: 12,00 m plus the front overhang.

## 1.1.2. Width

- (a) 2,55 m for any vehicle;
- (b) 2,60 m for vehicles fitted with a bodywork with insulated walls of at least 45 mm thick, as referred to in Appendix 2 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/ EC.
- 1.1.3. Height: 4,00 m.
- 1.1.4. Front fitting radius of semi-trailer: 2,04 m.
- 1.2. For the purposes of measurement of the length, width and height, the vehicle shall be at its mass in running order, placed on a horizontal and flat surface with tyres inflated at the pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- 1.3. The measurement of the length, height and front fitting radius shall be conducted where the loading surface or the reference surface referred to in point 1.2.1 second subparagraph of Annex 7 to UNECE Regulation No 55 is horizontal.

Adjustable drawbars shall be horizontal and aligned with the centre-line of the vehicle. They shall be set at their horizontal most elongated position.

1.4. Only the devices and equipment referred to in Appendix 1 to this Annex shall not be taken into account for the determination of the dimensions referred to in point 1.1.

# 2. Mass distribution for vehicles fitted with bodywork

2.1. Calculation procedure

Notations:

'M' 'm <sub>0</sub> '	technically permissible maximum laden mass; technically permissible maximum mass at the front coupling point;
ʻm <sub>i</sub> '	the technically permissible maximum mass on the axle designated 'i', where i varies from 1 to the total number of axles of the vehicle;
'm <sub>c</sub> '	technically permissible maximum mass at the rear coupling point;
'μ <sub>j</sub> '	the technically permissible maximum mass on the group of axles designated 'j', where j varies from 1 to the total number of groups of axles.

2.1.1. Suitable calculations shall be carried out in order to make sure that the requirements set out in points 2.2 and 2.3 are fulfilled for each technical configuration within the type.

- 2.1.2. In the case of vehicles fitted with loadable axles, the calculations required under points 2.2 and 2.3 shall be carried out with the suspension of loadable axles in the normal running configuration.
- 2.1.3. In the case of vehicles fitted with lift axles, the calculations required under points 2.2 and 2.3 shall be carried out with the axles lowered.
- 2.2. General requirements
- 2.2.1. The sum of the technically permissible maximum mass at the front coupling point plus the technically permissible maximum mass on the solo axles or group of axles plus the technically permissible maximum mass at the rear coupling point shall be not less than the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.

 $M \le \Sigma [m_0 + m_i + \mu_j + m_c]$ 

2.2.2. For each group of axles designated 'j', the sum of the masses  $m_i$  on its axles shall not be less than the mass  $\mu_i$ .

In addition, each of the masses  $m_i$  shall not be less than the part of  $\mu_j$  applying on the axle 'i' as determined by the mass distribution for that group of axles.

- 2.3. Specific requirements
- 2.3.1. The mass of the vehicle in running order, plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point(s) shall not exceed the technically permissible maximum laden mass of the vehicle.
- 2.3.2. Where the vehicle is laden to its technically permissible maximum laden mass, the mass distributed on a solo axle 'i' shall neither exceed the mass  $m_i$  on that axle, nor the mass  $\mu_j$  on the group of axles, nor the technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point  $m_0$ .
- 2.3.3. The requirements of point 2.3.2 shall be complied with in the following load configurations:
- 2.3.3.1. Uniform distribution of the pay-mass

The vehicle shall be at its mass in running order plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the pay-mass being distributed uniformly on the cargo area;

2.3.3.2. Non-uniform distribution of the pay-mass

The vehicle shall be at its mass in running order plus the mass of the optional equipment plus the pay-mass located in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

For such purposes the manufacturer shall state the extreme permissible possible positions of the centre of gravity of the pay-mass and/or body and/or equipment or interior fittings (for instance: from 0,50 m to 1,30 m in front of the first rear axle);

2.3.3.3. Combination of uniform and non-uniform distribution:

The requirements of points 2.3.3.1 and 2.3.3.2 shall be fulfilled simultaneously.

- 2.3.3.4. The requirements of points 2.3.3.1 shall always be fulfilled where the vehicle is fitted with a flat cargo area.
- 2.3.4. Specific requirements for trailer caravans

2.3.4.1. The minimum pay-mass (PM) shall meet the following requirement:  $PM in kg \ge 10 (n + L)$ 

Where

'n	is the maximum number of berths and
ʻL'	is the overall length of the body length as defined in point 6.1.2 of Standard ISO 7237:1981.

## 3. Manoeuvrability requirements

- 3.1. Trailers and semi-trailers shall be so designed that, when coupled to a towing vehicle, the combination is capable of manoeuvring on either side of a complete trajectory of 360° made up of two concentric circles, the outer circle having a radius of 12,50 m and the inner circle having a radius of 5,30 m without any of the vehicle's outermost points of the towing vehicle protruding beyond the outer circle or any of the outermost points of the trailer or semi-trailer intruding inside the inner circle.
- 3.2. A semi-trailer shall be deemed to comply with the requirement of point 3.1. if its reference wheelbase 'RWB' meets the following requirement:

$$RWB \leq \left[ (12,50-2,04)^2 - \left(5,30 + \frac{1}{2} W\right)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

where:

'RWB'	is the distance between the king-pin axis and the centre line of the non-
	steering axles.
'W'	is the semi-trailer's width

3.3. Where one or more of the non-steering axles has an axle lift device the reference wheelbase with the axle lowered or the axle lifted — whichever is the longest — shall be taken into account.

## Appendix 1

## List of devices and equipment that are not required to be taken into account for the determination of the outermost dimensions

- 1. Subject to the additional restrictions provided in the following tables, the devices and equipment listed in Tables I, II and III are not required to be taken into account for the determination of the outermost dimensions where the following requirements are fulfilled:
- (a) Where several devices are fitted at the front, the total protrusion of those devices shall not exceed 250 mm;
- (b) The total protrusion of devices and equipment added to the length of the vehicle shall not exceed 750 mm;
- (c) With the exception of rear-view mirrors, the total protrusion of devices and equipment added to the width of the vehicle shall not exceed 100 mm.
- 2. The requirements set out in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 shall not apply to devices for indirect vision.

Item	8	Vehicles categories									
		<b>M</b> <sub>1</sub>	M <sub>2</sub>	<b>M</b> <sub>3</sub>	N <sub>1</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>3</sub>	<b>O</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>O</b> <sub>2</sub>	03	<b>O</b> <sub>4</sub>
1.	Device for indirec vision as defined in point 2.1 of UNEC Regula No 46 <sup>a</sup>	t I E	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2.	Wiper and washer devices		X	X	x	X	X				
3.	Externa sun visors	ı—	-			x	x		_	_	_
a OJ	L 177, 10.7	.2010, p. 2	211.								
b OJ	L 35, 4.2.20	09, p. 1.									
c OJ	L 135, 23.5	.2008, p.	1.								

# Vehicle length

4.	Frontal x protection system type- approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 78/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council <sup>b</sup>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	steps and hand- holds									
6.	Coupling (when removable)	x	x	X	X	x				
7.	Additional coupling at the rear of a trailer (when removable)						x	x	x	x
8.	Bike x carrier (when removable or retractable)			X						
9.	Lift x platforms, access ramps or similar	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
a O	J L 177, 10.7.2010,	p. 211.								
<b>b</b> O	J L 35, 4.2.2009, p.	1.								
<b>c</b> O	J L 135, 23.5.2008,	p. 1.								

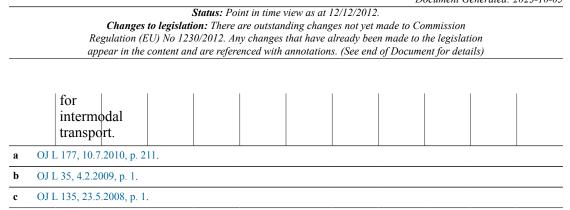
	1 • I /	I	I	1	I	I	1	1	I	I.
	equipment									
	(when they									
	are in									
	undeployed									
	position									
	and									
	do not									
	protrude									
	by									
	more than									
	300 mm)									
	provided									
	that									
	the									
	loading									
	capacity									
	of the vehicle									
	is not									
	increased.									
10.	Watching-	X	X		x	x	x	x	x	x
10.	and	A	A		A	A	Λ	A	A	А
	detection									
	aids									
	including									
	radars									
11.	Resilient-	—	_	—	X	х	х	x	x	х
	buffers									
	and similar									
	equipment									
10										
12.	Custom—			х	X	X	Х	X	X	х
	sealing devices									
	and									
	their									
	protections									
13.	Devices-	<u> </u>		x	X	X	X	x	x	x
	for									
	securing									
	the									
	tarpaulin									
	and their									
	protection									
a OJ	L 177, 10.7.2010, p. 2	211.				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	L 35, 4.2.2009, p. 1.									
	L 135, 23.5.2008, p. 1	1.								
	,									

Status: Point in time view as at 12/12/2012.

### **Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

14.	Length — stops for demountable bodies				X	X	X	X	X	X
15.	Trolley — booms of electrically- propelled vehicles		x							
16.	Front — or rear marking plates	x	X		X	X	X	X	X	Х
17.	Optionak lamps as defined in Section 2 of UNECE Regulation No 48°.	X	X	X	X	x	x	x	X	X
18.	Foldable- devices and equipment designed to reduce aerodynamic drag provided that they do not protrude at the back by more than	X	X		X	X			X	X
a OJ	L 177, 10.7.2010, p. 2	211.	<u> </u>							<u> </u>
	L 35, 4.2.2009, p. 1.									
	L 135, 23.5.2008, p. 1	Ι.								

	500 mm	1	1				1
	from						
	the						
	outermost						
	length						
	of the						
	vehicle						
	and						
	they						
	do not						
	increase						
	the						
	length						
	of the						
	loading						
	area.						
	Such						
	devices						
	must						
	be						
	designed						
	so as						
	to be						
	retractable						
	when						
	the						
	vehicle						
	is at						
	stand-						
	still in						
	such						
	a way						
	that						
	the						
	maximum						
	authorised						
	length						
	is not						
	exceeded						
	and						
	they						
	do not						
	impair						
	the						
	capability						
	of the						
	vehicle						
	to be						
	used						
OJ I	L 177, 10.7.2010, p. 211.					 	
	L 35, 4.2.2009, p. 1.						
OJ I	L 55, 4.2.2009, p. 1.						





### Vehicle width

Item		Vehic	les cate	egories							
		$M_1$	M <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>3</sub>	N <sub>1</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>3</sub>	01	02	03	<b>O</b> <sub>4</sub>
1.	Device for indirect vision as defined in point 2.1 of UNECI Regula No 46		x	x	X	X	X	X	x	X	X
2.	The deflected part of the tyre walls at the point of contact with the road surface		x	x	x	X	X	X	X	X	x
3.	Tyre failure tell- tale devices			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4.	Tyre- pressur indicate	e ors	_	X	X	X	x	x	X	X	x

22

5.	Side- marker lamps	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6.	Lightir equipm										
	6.1.	x End- outlir mark lamps	er	X	X	X	x	X	X	X	X
	6.2.	X Side- retro- reflec	1	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	Х
	6.3.	X Direc indica lamps	ator	X	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х
	6.4.	Rear positi lamps				X	Х	X	X	X	Х
	6.5.	Servi door lighti syster	ng	X							
7.	Access ramps, lift platforn and similar equipm (when undepl and provide that they do not exceed 10 mm from the side of the vehicle and	ms hent oyed ed	X	X		x	X	X	X	X	x
a OJ	L 34, 9.2.20	J11, p. 2.									

	the corners of the ramps facing forwards or rearwards are rounded to a radius of not less than 5 mm; the edges must be rounded to a radius of not less than 2,5 mm									
8.	Retractable lateral guidance devices intended for use on guided bus system, if not retracted.		x							
9. a OJ	Retractable steps when deployed and the vehicle is in stand- L 34, 9.2.2011, p. 2.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

	still position									
10.	Watching- and detection aids including radars	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x
11. a OJ	Devices— and equipment especially designed to reduce aerodynamic drag provided that they do not protrude by more than 50 mm on each side from the outermost width of the vehicle and they do not increase the loading capacity. Such devices must be designed so as to be retractable			X	X	X	X	X	X	X

	when								
	the								
	vehicle								
	is at								
	stand-								
	still in								
	such								
	a way that								
	the								
	maximum								
	authorised								
	width								
	is not								
	exceeded								
	and								
	they								
	do not								
	impair								
	the								
	capability								
	of the								
	vehicle								
	to be								
	used								
	for								
	intermodal								
	transport.								
	Where								
	the								
	devices								
	and								
	equipment								
	are in								
	service,								
	the								
	vehicle								
	width								
	shall								
	not								
	exceed								
	2								
	650 mm.								
12.	Customs-	 	x	x	x	x	x	x	X
14.	sealing		1	1		1	1	1	**
	devices								
	devices								
	and								
	their								
	protection								
a O	J L 34, 9.2.2011, p. 2.	 	1	1	1	1	1	I	<u> </u>
a U	ы ы эч, э.2.2011, р. 2.								

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2,5 mm.									
	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 2,0 m from the ground level than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground ground level than 2,0 m from the ground gro	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground gro	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level. The edges shall be rounded to a radius of not less than 2,5 mm.	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,0 m from the ground level than 2,5 mm.	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no the they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are more than 2,0 m from the ground level are from the ground level are from the ground level are from the ground level are from the ground are from the ground are from the are from the are from the are from the are from the are are from the are are are are are are are are are ar	projecting by more than 20 mm where they are no more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the ground level and no more than 50 mm where they are more than 2,0 m from the so und level and no more than 2,0 m from the so und level and no more than 2,0 m from the so und level and no more than 2,0 m from the so und level and the so und level and the so und level they are than 2,0 m from the so und level than 2,0 m from the so und level tha than 2,0 m from the so und level tha than 2,0 m from the so und level than than than than than than than than	projecting   by     by   more     than   20 mm     where   the     they   are no     more   than     2,0 m   from     the   ground     level   and     and   no     more   than     2,0 m   from     the   ground     level   and     and   no     more   than     2,0 m   from     they   are     ground   level     and   no     more   than     50 mm   where     they   are     more   than     2,0 m   from     from   the     ground   level     level   level     and   level     ground   level     level   level     ground   level

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14.Protructing Inexible spray-sion system referred to in Commission Regulation (FU) NO1092011*	flexible	li <del>ng</del> —			x	x			x	N/
mudguards not covered under entry 14. x	of a spray- suppre: system referred to in Comm Regula (EU) No	ssion d ission tion								X
chains Image: chains	mudgu not covere under entry	ards	x	x	X	x	x	x	x	x
railings on vehicle transporters. Only for vehicles designed and constructed to transport at least two other vehicles and for which the safety railings are more		X X	X	X	X	X	х	x	X	X
	railings on vehicle transpo Only for vehicle designe and constru to transpo at least two other vehicle and for which the safety railings are more	orters. s ed acted ort			X	X			x	x

2,0 m					
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more					
than					
50 mm					
from					
the					
outermost					
side					
of the					
vehicle.					
The vehicle					
width					
shall					
not					
exceed					
2					
650 mm.					
24.0.2.2011 p. 2					

**a** OJ L 34, 9.2.2011, p. 2.

TABLE III

### Vehicle height

		$M_1$	<b>M</b> <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>3</sub>	N <sub>1</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>3</sub>	<b>O</b> <sub>1</sub>	<b>O</b> <sub>2</sub>	03	04
1.	Radio or radio- navigat antenna		X	X	X	X	x	X	X	x	x
2.	Pantog or trolley booms in their elevate positior	d		x							

## Appendix 2

### Permissible deviations for type-approval and conformity of production

### 1. **Dimensions**

- 1.1. Measurement of the overall length, width and height shall be carried out in accordance with point 1.2 of Parts A to D of this Annex.
- 1.2. Under the condition that the limits specified in point 1.1 of Part A to D of this Annex are not exceeded, the actual dimensions may differ from those stated by the manufacturer by not more than 3 %.

### 2. Mass in running order and actual mass of the vehicle

- 2.1. The mass in running order shall be checked from the actual mass by weighing the vehicle and deducting the mass of the optional equipment fitted. For such purposes the weighing instrument shall comply with the requirements of Directive 2009/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(4)</sup>.
- 2.2. The mass in running order determined in accordance with the requirements of point 2.1 may deviate from the nominal value stated in point 2.6(b) of Annex I or in Part I, section A or B of Annex III to Directive 2007/46/EC or in the relevant entry of the certificate of conformity by not more than:
- (a) 3 % as regards the permissible lower and upper deviations (= the negative and positive deviation around the declared value) as regards M, N and O vehicles with the exception of special purpose vehicles;
- (b) 5 % as regards the permissible lower and upper deviations (= the negative and positive deviation around the declared value) as regards special purpose vehicles;
- (c) 5 % as regards the permissible lower and upper deviations (= the negative and positive deviation around the declared value) for the purposes of Article 12(2) of Directive 2007/46/EC.

## Appendix 3

## Figures regarding manoeuvrability requirements

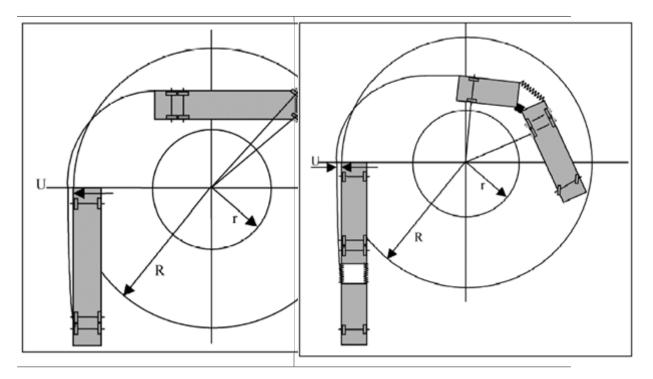
Figure 1

# Manoeuvrability circle

r = 5,3 m

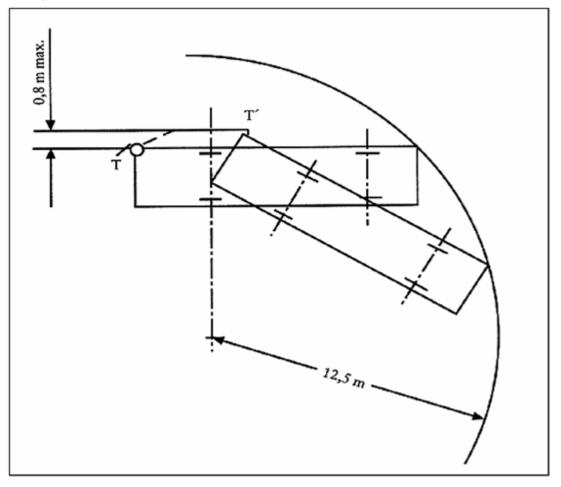


Figure 2 Drive-in method for M<sub>2</sub> and M<sub>3</sub> vehicles



### Figure 3

Steady-state method for N2 and N3 vehicles



# ANNEX II

## **GRADEABILITY OF OFF-ROAD VEHICLES**

# 1. General

- 1.1. This Annex lays down the technical requirements for the purposes of verifying the gradeability of a vehicle in order to be categorised as off-road vehicle in accordance with Section 4 of Part A of Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC.
- 1.2. The technical service shall verify if the complete or completed vehicle, or tractor unit for semi-trailer is to be considered as an off-road vehicle in accordance with the requirements laid down in Annex II to 2007/46/EC.
- 1.3. For incomplete vehicles, this verification shall be carried out only at the request of the manufacturer.
- 2. Test conditions

### 2.1. Vehicle conditions

- 2.1.1. The vehicle shall be set in the conditions recommended by the manufacturer and fitted with the equipment referred to in Annex I to Directive 2007/46/EC.
- 2.1.2. The adjustment of the brakes, clutch (or equivalent), engine and gear box shall be set in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the purposes of use off the normal roads.
- 2.1.3. The tyres shall be those recommended for off-roads use. They shall have a tread depth of not less than 90 % of the tread depth of a new tyre. The tyre pressure shall be adjusted to the value recommended by the tyre manufacturer.
- 2.1.4. The vehicle shall be loaded at its technically permissible maximum laden mass with a load distribution proportional to the distribution of the maximum mass on the axles as stated by the manufacturer.

For example a vehicle of 7,5 tonnes with a maximum mass on the front axle of 4 tonnes and a maximum mass on the rear axle of 6 tonnes shall be tested with a mass of 3 tonnes (40 %) on the front axle and 4,5 tonnes (60 %) on the rear axle.

- 2.2. Test track conditions
- 2.2.1. The surface of the test track shall be dry, made of asphalt or concrete
- 2.2.2. The gradient shall show a continuous percentage of 25 % with a tolerance of + 3 %  $(\theta = 14 \text{ degrees}).$
- 2.2.3. In agreement with the manufacturer, the test may be performed on a gradient that shows a percentage greater than 25 %. The test shall be conducted with maximum masses reduced in relation to the test conditions.

These conditions shall be reported.

2.2.4. The surface of the track shall show a good coefficient of adhesion.

The Skid Resistance Index ('SRI') of the surface shall be measured in accordance with Standard CEN/TS 13036-2: 2010 Road and airfield surface characteristics – Test methods – Part 2: Assessment of the skid resistance of a road pavement surface by use of dynamic measuring systems.

The mean value of the SRI shall be reported.

### 3. **Test procedure**

- 3.1. The vehicle shall be first placed on a horizontal surface.
- 3.2. The mode of traction shall be set as for off-roads use. The gear(s) engaged shall allow a steady speed.
- 3.3. Sections 4 and 5 of Appendix 1 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC shall apply.

## ANNEX III

## CONDITIONS OF EQUIVALENCE OF A SUSPENSION TO AIR-SUSPENSION

- 1. This Annex lays down the technical conditions relating to the equivalence of a suspension to air-suspension for vehicle driving axle(s).
- 2. In order to be recognised as equivalent to air suspension, a suspension shall comply with the following requirements:
- 2.1. During free transient low-frequency vertical oscillation of the sprung mass above a driving axle or group of axles, the measured frequency and damping with the suspension carrying its maximum load shall fall within the limits defined in points 2.3 to 2.6
- 2.2. Each axle shall be fitted with hydraulic dampers. On groups of axles, the dampers shall be positioned to minimise the oscillation of the groups of axles.
- 2.3. The mean damping ratio Dm shall be more than 20 % of critical damping for the suspension in its normal condition with hydraulic dampers in place and operating.
- 2.4. The damping ratio Dr of the suspension with all hydraulic dampers removed or incapacitated shall be not more than 50 % of Dm.
- 2.5. The frequency of the sprung mass above the driving axle or group of axles in a free transient vertical oscillation shall not be higher than 2,0 Hz.
- 2.6. The test procedures for measuring the frequency and damping shall be laid down in point 3.

## 3. **Test procedure**

3.1. *Frequency and damping* 

3.1.1. The free oscillation of the sprung mass shall be given by the following equation:  $M\frac{d^2Z}{dt^2} + C\frac{dZ}{dt} + KZ = 0$ 

## Where

'M' is the sprung mass (kg),

'Z' is the vertical displacement of the sprung mass (m),

'C' is the total damping coefficient (N.s/m) and

- 'K' is the total vertical stiffness between the road surface and the sprung mass (N/m).
- 3.1.2. The frequency of oscillation ('F' in Hz) of the sprung mass shall be given by the following equation:

$$\mathbf{F} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{K}{M} - \frac{C^2}{4M^2}}$$

3.1.3. The damping is critical when C = Co

where:

 $Co = 2\sqrt{KM}$ 

The damping ratio as a fraction of critical is C/Co.

3.1.4. During free transient oscillation of the sprung mass the vertical motion of the mass will follow a damped sinusoidal path (Figure 2). The frequency can be estimated by

measuring the time for as many cycles of oscillation as can be observed. The damping can be estimated by measuring the heights of successive peaks of the oscillation in the same direction.

3.1.5. If the peak amplitudes of the first and second cycles of the oscillation are  $A_1$  and  $A_2$ , then the damping ratio D is given by the following equation:

 $\mathbf{D} = \frac{C}{\mathbf{C}_0} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \ln \frac{A_1}{A_2}$ 

'ln' being the natural logarithm of the amplitude ratio.

## 3.2. *Test procedure*

To establish by test the damping ratio Dm, the damping ratio Dr, with hydraulic dampers removed, and the frequency F of the suspension, the loaded vehicle shall be either:

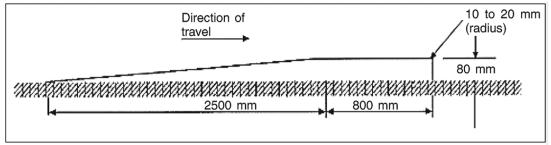
- (a) driven at low speed (5 km/h  $\pm$  1 km/h) over an 80 mm step with the profile shown in Figure 1. The transient oscillation to be analysed for frequency and damping occurs after the wheels of the driving axle have left the step;
- (b) pulled down by its chassis so that the driving axle load is 1,5 times its maximum static value. The vehicle held down is suddenly released and the subsequent oscillation analysed;
- (c) pulled up by its chassis so that the sprung mass is lifted by 80 mm above the driving axle. The vehicle held up is suddenly dropped and the subsequent oscillation analysed;
- (d) subjected to other procedures insofar as it has been proved by the manufacturer, to the satisfaction of the technical service, that they are equivalent.
- 3.3. *Test equipment of the vehicle and loading conditions*
- 3.3.1 The vehicle shall be fitted with a vertical displacement transducer between driving axle and chassis, directly above the driving axle. From the trace, the time interval between the first and second compression peaks shall be measured to obtain the damping.

For twin driving groups of axles, vertical displacement transducers shall be fitted between each driving axle and the chassis directly above it.

- 3.3.2. The tyres shall be inflated to the appropriate pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3.3.3 The test for verifying the equivalence of the suspensions shall be made at the technically permissible maximum mass on the axle or group of axles, and the equivalence assumed to cover all the lower masses.

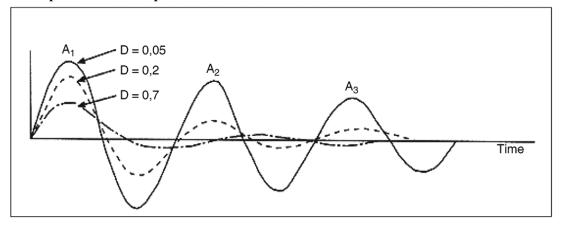
Figure 1

## Step for suspension tests



### Figure 2

### A damped transient response



## ANNEX IV

### TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF LIFT- OR LOADABLE AXLE(S) ON VEHICLES

1. If a vehicle is fitted with one or more lift- or loadable axles it shall be ensured that under normal driving conditions the registration/in-service maximum permissible masses on solo axles or groups of axles are not exceeded. To that end the lift- or loadable axle(s) shall be lowered to the ground or be loaded automatically if the nearest axle(s) of the group or the front axle(s) of the motor vehicle is/are laden to its/their registration/inservice maximum permissible mass(es).

Where a lift axle is in elevated position, it shall be ensured that the mass on the steering axle(s) continues to be sufficient to ensure the safe driving of the vehicle in all circumstances. For such purposes, the vehicle manufacturer shall specify, in the case of incomplete vehicles, the minimum mass on the steering axle(s).

- 2. Every axle-lift device fitted to a vehicle, as well as the systems for its operation, shall be designed and installed in such a manner as to protect them against any improper use or tampering.
- 3. Requirements for moving off vehicles on slippery surfaces and to improve their manoeuvrability
- 3.1. By way of derogation from the requirements of point 1 and to help motor vehicles or vehicle combinations to move off on slippery ground and to increase the traction of the tyres on these surfaces as well to improve their manoeuvrability, the axle lift device may actuate the lift- or loadable axle(s) of a motor vehicle or semi-trailer to increase or decrease the mass on the driving axle of the motor vehicle, subject to the following conditions:
- (a) the mass corresponding to the load on each axle of the vehicle may exceed the maximum authorised mass on the axle in force in the Member State by up to 30 % provided it does not exceed the value stated by the manufacturer for this special purpose;

- (b) the mass corresponding to the remaining load on the front axle(s) shall remain above zero (i.e. in case of a rear loadable axle with long rear overhang, the vehicle may not tip up);
- (c) the lift- or loadable axle(s) shall be actuated only by a specific control;
- (d) after the vehicle has moved off and before its speed exceeds 30 km/h, the axle(s) shall automatically be lowered again to the ground or be reloaded.

#### ANNEX V

#### PART A

#### **INFORMATION DOCUMENT**

#### MODEL TO BE USED

Information document No ... relating to the EC type-approval of a motor vehicle and their trailers with regard the masses and dimensions of a vehicle.

The following information shall be supplied in triplicate and include a list of contents. Any drawings shall be supplied in appropriate scale and in sufficient detail on size A4 or on a folder of A4 format. Photographs, if any, shall show sufficient detail.

- 0. GENERAL
- 0.1. Make (trade name of manufacturer): ...
- 0.2. Type: ...
- 0.2.1. Commercial name(s) (if available): ...
- 0.4. Category of vehicle<sup>(5)</sup>: ...
- 0.5. Company name and address of manufacturer: ...
- 0.8. Name(s) and address(es) of assembly plant(s): ...
- 0.9. Name and address of the manufacturer's representative (if any): ...
- 1. GENERAL CONSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS OF THE VEHICLE
- 1.1. Photographs and/or drawings of a representative vehicle: ...
- 1.2. Dimensional drawing of the whole vehicle: ...
- 1.3. Number of axles and wheels: ...
- 1.3.1. Number and position of axles with twin wheels: ...
- 1.3.2. Number and position of steered axles: ...
- 1.3.3. Powered axles (number, position, interconnection): ...
- 1.4. Chassis (if any) (overall drawing): ...
- 1.7. Driving cab (forward control or bonneted)<sup>(6)</sup>: ...

- 1.9. Specify if the towing vehicle is intended to tow semi-trailers or other trailers and, if the trailer is a semi-, drawbar-, centre-axle- or rigid drawbar trailer: ...
- 1.10. Specify if the vehicles is specially designed for the controlled-temperature carriage of goods: ...
- 2. MASSES AND DIMENSIONS<sup>(7)(8)(9)</sup>

(in kg and mm) (Refer to drawing where applicable)

# 2.1. Wheel base(s) (fully loaded)<sup>(10)</sup>: ...

- 2.1.1. Two-axle vehicles: ...
- 2.1.2. Vehicles with three or more axles
- 2.1.2.1. Axle spacing between consecutive axles going from the foremost to the rearmost axle:
- 2.1.2.2. Total axle spacing: ...

# 2.2. **Fifth wheel**

- 2.2.1. In the case of semi-trailers
- 2.2.1.1. Distance between the axis of the fifth wheel kingpin and the rearmost end of the semitrailer: ...
- 2.2.1.2. Maximum distance between the axis of the fifth wheel king pin and any point on the front of the semi-trailer: ...
- 2.2.1.3. Semi-trailer reference wheelbase (as required in point 3.2 of Part D of Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012: ...
- 2.2.2. In the case of semi-trailer towing vehicles
- 2.2.2.1. Fifth wheel lead (maximum and minimum; indicate the permissible values in the case of an incomplete vehicle)<sup>(11)</sup>: ...
- 2.3. Axle track(s) and width(s)
- 2.3.1. Track of each steered  $axle^{(12)}$ : ...
- 2.3.2. Track of all other  $axles^{(12)}$ : ...
- 2.4. **Range of vehicle dimensions (overall)**
- 2.4.1. For chassis without bodywork
- 2.4.1.1. Length<sup>(13)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.1.1. Maximum permissible length: ...
- 2.4.1.1.2. Minimum permissible length: ...
- 2.4.1.1.3. In the case of trailers, maximum permissible drawbar length<sup>(14)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.2. Width<sup>(15)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.2.1. Maximum permissible width: ....

- 2.4.1.2.2. Minimum permissible width: ....
- 2.4.1.3. Height<sup>(16)</sup> (for suspensions adjustable for height, indicate normal running position): ...
- 2.4.1.4. Front overhang<sup>(17)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.4.1. Approach angle<sup>(18)(19)</sup>: ... degrees.
- 2.4.1.5. Rear overhang<sup>(20)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.5.1. Departure angle<sup>(21)(19)</sup>: ... degrees.
- 2.4.1.5.2. Minimum and maximum permissible overhang of the coupling point<sup>(22)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.1.6. Ground clearance (as defined in points 3.1.1 and 3.2.1 of Appendix 1 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC)
- 2.4.1.6.1. Between the axles: ...
- 2.4.1.6.2. Under the front axle(s): ...
- 2.4.1.6.3. Under the rear axle(s): ...
- 2.4.1.8. Position of the centre of gravity of the bodywork and/or interior fittings and/or equipment and/or pay-mass (minimum and maximum): ...
- 2.4.2. For chassis with bodywork
- 2.4.2.1. Length<sup>(13)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.2.1.1.Length of the loading area: ...
- 2.4.2.2. Width<sup>(15)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.2.2.1. Thickness of the walls (in the case of vehicles designed for controlled-temperature carriage of goods): ...
- 2.4.2.3. Height<sup>(16)</sup> (for suspensions adjustable for height, indicate normal running position): ...
- 2.4.2.4. Front overhang<sup>(17)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.2.4.1. Approach angle<sup>(18)(19)</sup>: ... degrees.
- 2.4.2.5. Rear overhang<sup>(20)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.2.5.1. Departure angle<sup>(21)(19)</sup>:  $\dots$  degrees.
- 2.4.2.5.2. Minimum and maximum permissible overhang of the coupling point<sup>(22)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.2.6. Ground clearance (as defined in points 3.1.1 and 3.2.1 of Appendix 1 to Annex II to Directive 2007/46/EC)<sup>(19)</sup>
- 2.4.2.6.1. Between the axles: ...
- 2.4.2.6.2. Under the front axle(s): ...
- 2.4.2.6.3. Under the rear axle(s): ...
- 2.4.2.8. Positions of the centre of gravity of the pay-mass (in the case of non-uniform load): ...

- 2.4.3. For bodywork approved without chassis (vehicles M<sub>2</sub> and M<sub>3</sub>)
- 2.4.3.1. Length<sup>(13)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.3.2. Width<sup>(15)</sup>: ...
- 2.4.3.3. Height<sup>(16)</sup> on intended chassis type(s) (for suspensions adjustable for height, indicate normal running position): ...
- 2.5. Minimum mass on the steering axle(s) for incomplete vehicles: ...
- 2.6. Mass in running order<sup>(23)</sup>
- (a) minimum and maximum for each variant: ...
- 2.6.1. Distribution of this mass among the axles and, in the case of a semi-trailer, centre-axle trailer or rigid drawbar trailer, the mass on the coupling point: ...
- (a) minimum and maximum for each variant: ...
- 2.6.2. Mass of the optional equipment (see definition No 5 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012: ...
- 2.8. Technically permissible maximum laden mass<sup>(24)</sup>: ...
- 2.8.1. Distribution of this mass among the axles and, in the case of a semi-trailer, centre-axle trailer or rigid drawbar trailer, load on the coupling point: ...
- 2.9. Technically permissible maximum mass on each axle: ...
- 2.10. Technically permissible maximum mass on each group of axles: ...
- 2.11. Technically permissible maximum towable mass of the towing vehicle

in case of:

- 2.11.1. Drawbar trailer: ...
- 2.11.2. Semi-trailer: ...
- 2.11.3. Centre-axle trailer: ...
- 2.11.4. Rigid drawbar trailer: ...
- 2.11.4.1. Maximum ratio of the coupling overhang<sup>(25)</sup> to the wheel base: ...
- 2.11.4.2. Maximum V-value: ... kN.
- 2.11.5. Technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination: ...
- 2.11.6. Maximum mass of unbraked trailer: ...
- 2.12. Technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point:
- 2.12.1. of a towing vehicle: ...
- 2.12.2. of a semi-trailer, a centre-axle trailer or a rigid drawbar trailer: ...
- 2.12.3. Maximum permissible mass of the coupling device (if not fitted by the manufacturer):

#### 2.16. Intended registration/in service maximum permissible masses (optional)

- 2.16.1. Registration/in service maximum permissible laden mass<sup>(26)</sup>: ...
- 2.16.2. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each axle and, in the case of a semi-trailer or centre-axle trailer, intended load on the coupling point stated by the manufacturer if lower than the technically permissible maximum mass on the coupling point<sup>(26)</sup>: ...
- 2.16.3. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each group of axles<sup>(26)</sup>: ...
- 2.16.4. Registration/in service maximum permissible towable mass<sup>(26)</sup>: ...
- 2.16.5. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass of the combination<sup>(26)</sup>: ...
- 3. POWER PLANT<sup>(27)</sup>
- 3.1. Manufacturer of the engine: ...
- 3.2. Internal combustion engine
- 3.2.1.8. Maximum net power<sup>(28)</sup>: ... kW at ... min<sup>-1</sup> (manufacturer's declared value)
- *Note:* for the purposes of this Regulation, it is permitted to refer to the engine that shows the lowest power
- 3.3. Electric motor
- 3.3.1.1. Maximum hourly output: ... kW
- 3.4. Engine or motor combination
- 3.4.1. Hybrid electric vehicle: yes/no<sup>(29)</sup>
- 3.4.5.4. Maximum power: ... kW
- 4. TRANSMISSION<sup>(30)</sup>
- 4.1. **Drawing of the transmission**<sup>(19)</sup>: ...
- 5. AXLES
- 5.1. Description of each axle: ...
- 5.2. Make: ...
- 5.3. Type: ...
- 5.4. Position of lift axle(s): ...
- 5.5. Position of loadable axle(s): ...
- 6. SUSPENSION
- 6.1. Drawing of the suspension arrangements: ...
- 6.2. Type and design of the suspension of each axle or group of axles or wheel: ...
- 6.2.3. Air-suspension for driving axle(s): yes/no<sup>(29)</sup>

- 6.2.3.1. Suspension of driving axle(s) equivalent to air-suspension: yes/no<sup>(29)</sup>
- 6.2.3.2. Frequency and damping of the oscillation of the sprung mass: ...
- 6.2.4. Air-suspension for non-driving axle(s): yes/no<sup>(29)</sup>
- 6.2.4.1. Suspension of non-driving axle(s) equivalent to air-suspension: yes/no<sup>(29)</sup>
- 6.2.4.2. Frequency and damping of the oscillation of the sprung mass: ...
- 6.3. Distribution of the mass between the axles which are part of a group of axles (where necessary, provide appropriate graphs): ...
- 6.6. Tyres and wheels
- 6.6.1. Tyre/wheel combination(s) $^{(31)}$
- (a) for tyres indicate
  - (i) size designation: ...
  - (ii) load-capacity index: ...
  - (iii) speed category symbol: ...
- 6.6.1.1. Axles
- 6.6.1.1.1.Axle 1: ...
- 6.6.1.1.2. Axle 2: ...

etc.

- 9. BODYWORK
- 9.1. Type of bodywork using the codes defined in Part C of Annex II: ...
- 9.10.3. Seats
- 9.10.3.1. Number of seating positions<sup>(32)</sup>: ...
- 9.10.3.1. ILocation and arrangement: ...
- 9.10.3.5. Coordinates or drawing of the R-point<sup>(33)</sup>
- 9.10.3.5.1Driver's seat: ...
- 9.10.3.5.2All other seating positions: ...
- 9.25 Devices designed to reduce aerodynamic drag
- 9.25.1.Drawing and description of the device

- 11. CONNECTIONS BETWEEN TOWING VEHICLES AND TRAILERS AND SEMI-TRAILERS
- 11.1. Class and type of the coupling device(s) fitted or to be fitted: ...
- 11.2. Characteristics D, U, S and V of the coupling device(s) fitted or minimal characteristics D, U, S and V of the coupling device(s) to be fitted: ... daN

# 13. SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR BUSES AND COACHES

13.1.Class of vehicle: Class I/Class II/Class III/Class A/Class B<sup>(29)</sup>

13.2. Area for passengers  $(m^2)$ 

13.2.1. Total (S<sub>0</sub>): ...

13.2.2. Upper deck  $(S_{0a})^{(29)}$ : ...

13.2.3. Lower deck  $(S_{0b})^{(29)}$ : ...

- 13.2.4. For standing passengers  $(S_1)$ : ...
- 13.3. Number of passengers (seated and standing)
- 13.3.1. Total (N): ...
- 13.3.2. Upper deck  $(N_a)^{(29)}$ : ...
- 13.3.3. Lower deck  $(N_b)^{(29)}$ : ...
- 13.4. Number of passengers seated
- 13.4.1. Total (A): ...
- 13.4.2. Upper deck  $(A_a)^{(29)}$ : ...
- 13.4.3. Lower deck  $(A_b)^{(29)}$ : ...
- 13.4.4. Number of wheelchair positions for category M<sub>2</sub> and M<sub>3</sub> vehicles: ...

13.7. Volume of luggage compartments  $(m^3)$ : ...

13.12.Drawing with dimensions showing the interior arrangement as regards the seating positions, area for standees, wheelchair user(s), luggage compartments including racks and skibox, if any

Explanatory notes

- (<sup>b</sup>) If the means of identification of type contains characters not relevant to describe the vehicle, component or separate technical unit types covered by this information document, such characters shall be represented in the documentation by the symbol '?' (e.g. ABC??123??).
- $(g^3)$  term No 6.20.
- $(g^{14})$  term No 6.9.
- $(^{\rm h})$  This figure shall be rounded off to the nearest tenth of a millimetre.
- (°) Determined in accordance with the requirements of Council Directive 80/1268/EEC<sup>(34)</sup>.

## PART B

#### **EC type-approval certificate** MODELFormat: A4 (210 × 297 mm)**EC TYPE-APPROVAL CERTIFICATE**

Stamp of type-approval authority

Communication concerning:

 EC type-approval ( <sup>1</sup> )	of a type of vehicle with regard to its masses and dimensions
 extension of EC type-approval (1)	
 refusal of EC type-approval ( <sup>1</sup> )	
 withdrawal of EC type-approval ( <sup>1</sup> )	

with regard to Regulation (EU) No. .../...,

EC type-approval number:

Reason for extension:

SECTION0.1.

Make (trade name of manufacturer):

- 0.2. Type:
- 0.2.1. Commercial name(s) (if available):
- 0.4. Category of vehicle (2):
- 0.5. Company name and address of manufacturer:
- 0.8. Name(s) and address(es) of assembly plant(s):
- 0.9. Name and address of the manufacturer's representative (if any):

SECTION.

Ш

- Additional information (where applicable): see Addendum
- 2. Technical service responsible for carrying out the tests:
- 3. Date of test report:
- 4. Number of test report:
- 5. Remarks (if any):
- 6. Place:
- 7. Date:
- 8. Signature:

Attachments	: (1)	Information package (all pages must bear the stamp of the type-approval authority).
	(2)	Test report.
	(3)	For vehicles fitted with a suspension that is recognised to be

(3) For vehicles fitted with a suspension that is recognised to be equivalent to air suspension, the test report and the technical description of the suspension. Status: Point in time view as at 12/12/2012.

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### Addendum

## to EC type-approval certificate No ...

#### Remarks

- 1. The vehicle has been type-approved in accordance with Article 6(1) of this Regulation (i.e. the outermost dimensions of the vehicle exceeds the maximum dimensions mentioned in Part A, B, C or D of Annex I): ... yes/no<sup>(35)</sup>
- 2. The vehicle is fitted with air-suspensions:  $\dots$  yes/no<sup>(35)</sup>
- 3. The vehicle is fitted with a suspension recognised to be equivalent to air-suspension: ... yes/no<sup>(35)</sup>

4. The vehicle fulfils the requirements for off-road vehicle: ... yes/no<sup>(35)</sup> Legend:

 $(^2)$  As defined in Annex II, Section A.

# ANNEX VI

#### Amendments to Annexes I, III, IX, and XVI to Directive 2007/46/EC

Directive 2007/46/EC is amended as follows:

- (1) Annex I is amended as follows:
  - (a) point 0.5 is replaced by the following:
    - 0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer: ...
  - (b) point 1.9 is replaced by the following:
    - 1.9. Specify if the towing vehicle is intended to tow semi-trailers or other trailers and, if the trailer is a semi-, drawbar-, centre-axle- or rigid drawbar trailer: ...
  - (c) the following point 1.10 is added:
    - 1.10. Specify if the vehicle is specially designed for the controlled-temperature carriage of goods: ...
  - (d) point 2 is replaced by the following:

2. MASSES AND DIMENSIONS  $\binom{f}{g}\binom{q}{7}$  (in kg and mm) (Refer to drawing where applicable)

- (e) points 2.1.1.1, 2.1.1.1 and 2.1.1.1.2 are replaced by the following:
  - 2.1.2. Vehicles with three or more axles
  - 2.1.2.1. Axle spacing between consecutive axles going from the foremost to the rearmost axle: ...
  - 2.1.2.2. Total axle spacing: ...

(f)	points 2	2.5 and 2.5.1 are replaced by the following:
	2.5.	Minimum mass on the steering axle(s) for incomplete vehicles:
(g)	points 2	2.6 and 2.6.1 are replaced by the following:
	2.6.	Mass in running order ( <sup>h</sup> )
	(a)	minimum and maximum for each variant:
	(b)	mass of each version (a matrix must be provided):
	2.6.1.	Distribution of this mass among the axles and, in the case of a semi- trailer, a centre-axle trailer or a rigid drawbar trailer, the mass on the coupling point:
	(a)	minimum and maximum for each variant:
	(b)	mass of each version (a matrix must be provided):
(h)	The foll	lowing point 2.6.2 is inserted to read:
	2.6.2.	Mass of the optional equipment (see the definition set out in point (5) of Article 2 of Commission Regulation (EU) No $1230/2012^{(36)}$ ):
(i)	point 2.	10 is replaced by the following:
	2.10.	Technically permissible mass on each group of axles:
(j)	point 2.	11 is replaced by the following:
07	2.11	Technically permissible maximum towable mass of the towing vehicle
	in case	of:
(k)	point 2.	11.4. is replaced by the following:
	2.11.4.	Rigid drawbar trailer:
(1)	point 2.	11.5 is replaced by the following:
	2.11.5	Technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination $(^{3})$ :
(m)	points 2	2.12, 2.12.1 and 2.12.2 are replaced by the following:
	2.12.	Technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point:
	2.12.1.	of a towing vehicle:
	2.12.2.	of a semi-trailer, a centre-axle trailer or a rigid drawbar trailer:
(n)	points 2	2.16 to 2.16.5 are replaced by the following:

- 2.16.1. Registration/in service maximum permissible laden mass: ...
- 2.16.2. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each axle and, in the case of a semi-trailer or centre-axle trailer, intended load on the coupling point stated by the manufacturer if lower than the technically permissible maximum mass on the coupling point: ...
- 2.16.3. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each group of axles: ...
- 2.16.4. Registration/in service maximum permissible towable mass: ...
- 2.16.5. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass of the combination: ...
- (o) the following point 13.12 is added:
  - 13.12. Drawing with dimensions showing the interior arrangement as regards the seating positions, area for standees, wheelchair user(s), luggage compartments including racks and ski-box, if any
- (p) the explanatory notes are amended as follows:
  - (i) The following note  $(^{7})$  is inserted:
    - (<sup>7</sup>) Optional equipment that affects the dimensions of the vehicle shall be specified.
  - (ii) Note (<sup>h</sup>) is replaced by the following:
    - $(^{h})$  The mass of the driver is assessed at 75 kg.

The liquid containing systems (except those for used water that must remain empty) are filled to 100 % of the capacity specified by the manufacturer.

The information referred to in points 2.6(b) and 2.6.1(b) do not need to be provided for vehicle categories  $N_2$ ,  $N_3$ ,  $M_2$ ,  $M_3$ ,  $O_3$ , and  $O_4$ .

- (2) Part I of Annex III is amended as follows:
  - (a) Section A is amended as follows:
    - (i) point 0.5 is replaced by the following:
      - 0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer: ...
    - (ii) The following points 1.9 and 1.10 are added:
      - 1.9. Specify if the towing vehicle is intended to tow semitrailers or other trailers and, if the trailer is a semi-, drawbar-, centre-axle- or rigid drawbar trailer: ...
      - 1.10. Specify if the vehicle is specially designed for the controlled-temperature carriage of goods: ...
    - (iii) point 2 is replaced by the following:

	2. (in kg ar	MASSES AND DIMENSIONS $(^{f}) (^{g}) (^{7})$ and mm) (Refer to drawing where applicable)
(iv)	The foll	owing point 2.5 is inserted:
	2.5.	Minimum mass on the steering axle(s) for incomplete vehicles:
(v)	point 2.6	6 and 2.6.1 are replaced by the following:
	2.6.	Mass in running order ( <sup>h</sup> )
	(a)	minimum and maximum for each variant:
	(b)	mass of each version (a matrix must be provided):
	2.6.1.	Distribution of this mass among the axles and, in the case of a semi-trailer a rigid drawbar trailer or a centre-axle trailer, the mass on the coupling:
	(a)	minimum and maximum for each variant:
	(b)	mass of each version (a matrix must be provided):
(vi)	the follo	wing point 2.6.2 is inserted:
	2.6.2.	Mass of the optional equipment (as defined in point (5) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012:
(vii)	point 2.1	10 is replaced by the following:
	2.10.	Technically permissible mass on each group of axles:
(viii)	point 2.1	11 is replaced by the following:
	2.11	Technically permissible maximum towable mass of the towing vehicle
	in case of	of:
(ix)	point 2.1	11.4 is replaced by the following:
	2.11.4.	Rigid drawbar trailer:
(x)	point 2.1	11.5 is replaced by the following:
	2.11.5	Technically permissible maximum laden mass of the combination $(^3)$ :
(xi)	points 2	.12, 2.12.1 and 2.12.2 are replaced by the following:
	2.12.	Technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point:
	2.12.1.	of a towing vehicle:

2.12.2. of a semi-trailer, a centre-axle trailer or a rigid drawbar trailer: ...

(xii)	points 2.16	to 2.16.5	are replaced	by the	following:
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# 2.16. **Registration/in service maximum permissible masses** (optional)

- 2.16.1. Registration/in service maximum permissible laden mass: ...
- 2.16.2. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each axle and, in the case of a semi-trailer or centre-axle trailer, intended load on the coupling point stated by the manufacturer if lower than the technically permissible maximum mass on the coupling point: ...
- 2.16.3. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each group of axles: ...
- 2.16.4. Registration/in service maximum permissible towable mass: ...
- 2.16.5. Registration/in service maximum permissible mass of the combination: ...
- (b) Section B is amended as follows:
  - (i) point 0.5 is replaced by the following:
    - 0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer: ...
  - (ii) the following points 1.9 and 1.10 are added:
    - 1.9. Specify if the towing vehicle is intended to tow semitrailers or other trailers and, if the trailer is a semi-, drawbar-, centre-axle- or rigid drawbar trailer: ...
    - 1.10. Specify if the vehicle is specially designed for the controlled-temperature carriage of goods: ...
  - (iii) point 2. is replaced by the following:

2. MASSES AND DIMENSIONS  $\binom{f}{g} \binom{7}{7}$  (in kg and mm) (Refer to drawing where applicable)

- (iv) points 2.6 and 2.6.1 are replaced by the following:
  - 2.6. Mass in running order (<sup>h</sup>)
  - (a) minimum and maximum for each variant: ...
  - (b) mass of each version (a matrix must be provided): ...
  - 2.6.1. Distribution of this mass among the axles and, in the case of a semi-trailer a rigid drawbar trailer or a centre-axle trailer, the mass on the coupling: ...
  - (a) minimum and maximum for each variant: ...
  - (b) mass of each version (a matrix must be provided): ...

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	0	( )		Any changes that have already been made to the legislation efferenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)
		(v)	the follo	owing point 2.6.2 is inserted:
			2.6.2.	Mass of the optional equipment (as defined in point (5) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012:
		(vi)	point 2.	10 is replaced by the following:
			2.10.	Technically permissible mass on each group of axles:
		(vii)	points 2	2.12 and 2.12.2 are replaced by the following:
			2.12.	Technically permissible maximum mass at the coupling point:
			2.12.2.	of a semi-trailer, a centre-axle trailer or a rigid drawbar trailer:
		(viii)	points 2	2.16 to 2.16.3 are replaced by the following:
			2.16.	Registration/in service maximum permissible masses (optional)
			2.16.1.	Registration/in service maximum permissible laden mass:
			2.16.2.	Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each axle and, in the case of a semi-trailer or centre-axle trailer, intended load on the coupling point stated by the manufacturer if lower than the technically permissible maximum mass on the coupling point:
			2.16.3.	Registration/in service maximum permissible mass on each group of axles:
		(ix)	point 2.	16.5 is deleted
3.	Annex	IX is ame	nded as fo	bllows:
	(a)			— Side 1 – Complete vehicles — EC Certificate of $xy 0.5$ is replaced by the following:
		0.5	Compar	ny name and address of manufacturer:
	(b)	-[Year		Side 1 – Complete vehicles type-approved in small series ential number] - EC Certificate of Conformity', entry 0.5 is ollowing:
		0.5	Compar	ny name and address of manufacturer:

(c) in 'Model B — Side 1 – Completed vehicles — EC Certificate of Conformity', entry 0.5 is replaced by the following:

0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer: ...

- (d) in 'Model C1 Side 1 Incomplete vehicles EC Certificate of Conformity', entry 0.5 is replaced by the following:
  - 0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer: ...

(e)	in 'Model C2 — Side 1 – Incomplete vehicles type-approved in small series – [Year] – [Sequential number] - EC Certificate of Conformity', entry 0.5 is replaced by the following:
	0.5 Company name and address of manufacturer:
(f)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_1$ (complete and completed vehicles)' entry 13 is replaced by the following:
	13. Mass in running order:kg
(g)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_1$ (complete and completed vehicles)', the following entry 13.2 is inserted:
	13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle:kg
(h)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_2$ (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13 is replaced by the following:
	13. Mass in running order:kg
(i)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_2$ (complete and completed vehicles)', the following entry 13.2 is inserted:
	13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle:kg
(j)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_3$ (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13 is replaced by the following:
	13. Mass in running order:kg
(k)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $M_3$ (complete and completed vehicles)', the following entry 13.2 is inserted:
	13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle:kg
(1)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $N_1$ (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13 is replaced by the following:
	13. Mass in running order:kg
(m)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $N_1$ (complete and completed vehicles)', the following entry 13.2 is inserted:
	13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle:kg
(n)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $N_2$ (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13. is replaced by the following:
	13. Mass in running order:kg
(0)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $N_2$ (complete and completed vehicles)', the following entry 13.2 is inserted:
	13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle:kg
(p)	in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category $N_3$ (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13. is replaced by the following:

- 13. Mass in running order: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $N_3$  (complete and completed vehicles)', the (q) following entry 13.2 is inserted: 13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle: ... kg (r) in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $O_1$  and  $O_2$  (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13 is replaced by the following: 13. Mass in running order: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $O_1$  and  $O_2$  (complete and completed vehicles)', (s) the following entry 13.2 is inserted: 13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg (t) in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $O_3$  and  $O_4$  (complete and completed vehicles)', entry 13 is replaced by the following: 13. Mass in running order: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $M_1$  (incomplete vehicles)', the following entry (u) 13.2 is inserted: 13.2. Actual mass of the vehicle: ... kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category M<sub>1</sub> (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced (v) by the following: 14. Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category  $M_2$  (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced (w) by the following: 14. Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category M<sub>3</sub> (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced (x) by the following: 14. Actual mass of the vehicle: ... kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category N1 (incomplete vehicles)', entry 13 is inserted: (y) 13. Mass in running order: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category N1 (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced (z) by the following: 14. Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg in 'Side 2 – Vehicle category N<sub>2</sub> (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced (aa) by the following: 14 Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg
- (ab) in 'Side 2 Vehicle category N<sub>3</sub> (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14. is replaced by the following:

appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- 14. Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg
- (ac) in 'Side 2 Vehicle category  $O_1$  and  $O_2$  (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced by the following:
  - 14 Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg
- (ad) in 'Side 2 Vehicle category  $O_3$  and  $O_4$  (incomplete vehicles)', entry 14 is replaced by the following:
  - 14 Actual mass of the vehicle: ...kg
- (ae) in the 'Explanatory notes relating to Annex IX', note (<sup>f</sup>) is deleted.
- 4. Annex XVI is amended as follows:
  - (a) the following entry 44 is inserted in the list of regulatory acts: 44Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012

(b) The following entry 44 is inserted in Appendix 2

	Regulatory act reference	Annex and paragraph	Specific conditions
·44	Commission Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012	Sections 7 and 8 of Part B of Annex I	(a) Check of compliance with the manoeuvra requiremen including manoeuvra of vehicles fitted with lift- or loadable axles.
		Sections 6 and 7 of Part C of Annex I	(b) Measureme of the maximum rear swing- out.'

# ANNEX VII

## ANNEX XII

#### SMALL SERIES AND END-OF-SERIES LIMITS

- A. SMALL SERIES LIMITS
- 1. The number of units of one type of vehicle to be registered, sold or put into service per year in the European Union pursuant to Article 22 may not exceed the figures shown below for the vehicle category in question:

Category	Units
$M_1$	1 000
M <sub>2</sub> , M <sub>3</sub>	0
N <sub>1</sub>	0
N <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>3</sub>	0
	0
O <sub>3</sub> , O <sub>4</sub>	0

2. The number of units of one type of vehicle to be registered, sold or put into service per year in one Member State pursuant to Article 23 shall be determined by that Member State but shall not exceed the figures shown below for the vehicle category in question:

Category	Units
$M_1$	75
M <sub>2</sub> , M <sub>3</sub>	250
N <sub>1</sub>	500
N <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>3</sub>	250
$\frac{0}{O_1, O_2}$	500
O <sub>3</sub> , O <sub>4</sub>	250

3. The number of units of one type of vehicle to be registered, sold or put into service per year in one Member State for the purposes of Article 6(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012 shall be determined by each Member State but shall not exceed the figures shown below for the vehicle category in question:

Category	Units
M <sub>2</sub> , M <sub>3</sub>	1 000
N <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>3</sub>	1 200
O <sub>3</sub> , O <sub>4</sub>	2 000

## B. END-OF-SERIES LIMITS

The maximum number of complete and completed vehicles put into service in each Member State under the procedure 'End-of-Series' shall be restricted in one of the following ways to be chosen by the Member State:

1. the maximum number of vehicles of one or more types may not exceed 10 %, in the case of category  $M_1$ , and may not exceed 30 % of the vehicles of all types concerned put into service in that Member State during the previous year, in the case of all other categories.

Should 10 %, respectively 30 %, be less than 100 vehicles, then the Member State may allow the putting into service of a maximum of 100 vehicles.

2. vehicles of any one type shall be restricted to those for which a valid certificate of conformity was issued on or after the date of manufacture and which remained valid for at least three months after its date of issue but subsequently lost its validity due to the entry into force of a regulatory act.

- (1) OJ L 124, 13.5.2011, p. 11.
- (2) OJ L 375, 31.12.1980, p. 46.
- (**3**) OJ L 326, 24.11.2006, p. 55.
- (4) OJ L 122, 16.5.2009, p. 6.
- (5) Classified according to the definitions set out in Part A of Annex II.
- (6) 'Forward control' as defined in point 2.7 of Annex I to Council Directive 74/297/EEC.
- (7) Where there is one version with a normal cab and another with a sleeper cab, both sets of masses and dimensions are to be stated
- (8) Standard ISO 612: 1978 Road vehicles Dimensions of motor vehicles and towed vehicles terms and definitions.
- (9) Optional equipment that affects the dimensions of the vehicle shall be specified.
- (10)  $(g^{g_1})$  term No 6.4.
- (11)  $(g^2)$  term No 6.19.2.
- (12)  $(g^4)$  term No 6.5.
- <sup>(13)</sup> (<sup>g5</sup>) term No 6.1 and for vehicles other than those of category M1.In the case of trailers, the lengths shall be specified as mentioned in term No 6.1.2 of Standard ISO 612: 1978.
- (14)  $(g^6)$  term No 6.17.
- (15)  $(g^7)$  term No 6.2 and for vehicles other than those of category M1.
- (16)  $(g^8)$  term No 6.3 and for vehicles other than those of category M1.
- (17)  $(g^9)$  term No 6.6.
- (18)  $(g^{10})$  term No 6.10.
- (19) Only for the purpose of definition of off-road vehicles.
- (20)
  - $(^{g11})$  term No 6.7.
- (21)  $(g^{12})$  term No 6.11.
- (22)  $(g^{13})$  term No 6.18.1.
- (23) The mass of the driver is assessed at 75 kg. The liquid containing systems (except those for used water that must remain empty) are filled to 100 % of the capacity specified by the manufacturer. The information referred to in points 2.6(a) and 2.6.1(a) do not need to be provided for vehicle categories N<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>3</sub>, M<sub>2</sub>, M<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, and O<sub>4</sub>.
- (24) For trailers or semi-trailers, and for vehicles coupled with a trailer or a semi-trailer, which exert a significant vertical load on the coupling device or the fifth wheel, this load, divided by standard acceleration of gravity, is included in the maximum technically permissible mass.
- (25) 'Coupling overhang' is the horizontal distance between the coupling for centre-axle trailers and the centreline of the rear axle(s).

- (26) Set out in such a way as to make the actual value clear for each technical configuration of the vehicle type.
- (27) In the case of a vehicle that can run either on petrol, diesel, etc., or also in combination with another fuel, items shall be repeated. In the case of non-conventional engines and systems, particulars equivalent to those referred to here shall be supplied by the manufacturer.
- (28) Determined in accordance with the requirements of Council Directive 80/1269/EEC.
- (29) Delete where not applicable (there are cases where nothing needs to be deleted when more than one entry is applicable).
- (30) The specified particulars are to be given for any proposed variants.
- (31) For tyres of category Z intended to be fitted on vehicles whose maximum speed exceeds 300 km/ h equivalent information shall be provided.
- (32) The number of seating positions to be mentioned shall be the one when the vehicle is in motion. A range can be specified in case of modular arrangement.
- (33) 'R-point' or 'seating reference point' means a design point defined by the vehicle manufacturer for each seating position and established with respect to the three-dimensional reference system as specified in Annex III to Directive 77/649/EEC.
- (**34**) OJ L 375, 31.12.1980, p. 36.
- (35) Delete where not applicable.
- (36) OJ L 353, 21.12.2012, p. 31.'

# Status:

Point in time view as at 12/12/2012.

#### Changes to legislation:

There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Regulation (EU) No 1230/2012. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.