

Commission Regulation (EU) No 432/2012 of 16 May 2012 establishing a list of permitted health claims made on foods, other than those referring to the reduction of disease risk and to children's development and health (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 432/2012
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(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 December 2006 on nutrition and health claims made on foods⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 13(3) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Pursuant to Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006, health claims made on foods are prohibited unless they are authorised by the Commission in accordance with that Regulation and included in a list of permitted claims.
- (2) Article 13(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 provides that Member States shall submit national lists of health claims made on foods, as referred to in Article 13(1) of that Regulation to the Commission, by 31 January 2008 at the latest. The national lists of claims must be accompanied by the conditions applying to them and by references to the relevant scientific justification.
- (3) Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 provides that, after consulting the European Food Safety Authority (hereinafter referred to as 'the Authority'), the Commission shall adopt a list of permitted health claims made on foods, as referred to in Article 13(1) of that Regulation, and all necessary conditions for the use of those claims by 31 January 2010 at the latest.
- (4) On 31 January 2008 the Commission received lists with more than 44 000 health claims from the Member States. An examination of the national lists showed that due to many duplications and following discussions with Member States, it was necessary to compile the national lists into a consolidated list of the claims for which the Authority should give scientific advice, hereinafter referred to as the 'consolidated list'⁽²⁾.
- (5) On 24 July 2008, the Commission formally transmitted to the Authority the request for a scientific opinion pursuant to Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006, together with terms of reference and a first part of the consolidated list. Subsequent parts of the consolidated list were transmitted in November and December 2008. The consolidated list was finalised by the Commission by an addendum, which was

forwarded to the Authority on 12 March 2010. Some claims in the consolidated list were subsequently withdrawn by Member States before their evaluation by the Authority. The scientific evaluation by the Authority concluded in the publication of its opinions between October 2009 and July 2011⁽³⁾.

- (6) In its evaluation the Authority found that some submissions covered different claimed effects or brought together the same claimed effect. Therefore, a health claim considered in this Regulation may represent one or more of the entries on the consolidated list.
- (7) For a number of health claims the Authority concluded that, on the basis of the data submitted, a cause and effect relationship has been established between a food category, a food or one of its constituents and the claimed effect. Health claims corresponding to those conclusions and complying with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 should be authorised under Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006, and included in a list of permitted claims.
- (8) Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 provides that permitted health claims must be accompanied with all necessary conditions (including restrictions) for their use. Accordingly, the list of permitted claims should include the wording of the claims and specific conditions of use of the claims, and where applicable, conditions or restrictions of use and/or an additional statement or warning, in accordance with the rules laid down in Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 and in line with the opinions of the Authority.
- (9) One of the objectives of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 is to ensure that health claims are truthful, clear, reliable and useful to the consumer. In that respect, the wording and presentation of such claims have to be taken into account. Where the wording of claims has the same meaning for consumers as that of a permitted health claim, because it demonstrates the same relationship that exists between a food category, a food or one of its constituents and health, the claims should be subject to the same conditions of use indicated for the permitted health claims.
- (10) The Commission has identified a number of claims submitted for evaluation, referring to effects of plant or herbal substances, commonly known as 'botanical' substances, for which the Authority has yet to complete a scientific evaluation. In addition, there are a number of health claims for which either a further evaluation is required before the Commission is able to consider their inclusion or otherwise in the list of permitted claims, or which have been evaluated, but due to other legitimate factors consideration cannot be completed by the Commission at this time.
- (11) Claims whose evaluation by the Authority or whose consideration by the Commission has not yet been completed will be published on the website of the Commission⁽⁴⁾ and may continue to be used pursuant to Article 28(5) and (6) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.
- (12) Pursuant to Articles 6(1) and 13(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 health claims need to be based on generally accepted scientific evidence. Accordingly, health claims that did not receive a favourable assessment on their scientific substantiation by the Authority, as it was not concluded that a cause and effect relationship had been established between a food category, a food or one of its constituents and the claimed

effect, should not be authorised. Authorisation may also legitimately be withheld if health claims do not comply with other general and specific requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006, even in the case of a favourable scientific assessment by the Authority. Health claims inconsistent with generally accepted nutrition and health principles should not be made. The Authority concluded that for one claim⁽⁵⁾ on the effect of fats on the normal absorption of fat soluble vitamins and another claim⁽⁶⁾ on the effect of sodium on the maintenance of normal muscle function a cause and effect relationship has been established. However, the use of these health claims would convey a conflicting and confusing message to consumers, because it would encourage consumption of those nutrients for which, on the basis of generally accepted scientific advice, European, national and international authorities inform the consumer that their intake should be reduced. Therefore, these two claims do not comply with point (a) of the second paragraph of Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 which foresees that the use of claims shall not be ambiguous or misleading. Furthermore, even if the health claims concerned were to be authorised only under specific conditions of use and/or accompanied by additional statements or warnings, it would not be sufficient to alleviate the confusion of the consumer, and consequently the claims should not be authorised.

- (13) This Regulation should apply six months after the date of its entry into force to enable food business operators to adapt to its requirements, including the prohibition according to Article 10(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 of those health claims whose evaluation by the Authority and whose consideration by the Commission has been completed.
- (14) Article 20(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 provides for the Commission to establish and maintain a Union Register of nutrition and health claims made on foods, hereinafter referred to as ‘the Register’. The Register will contain all the authorised claims and, inter alia, the conditions of use applying to them. The Register will also contain a list of rejected health claims and the reasons for their rejection.
- (15) Health claims that have been withdrawn by the Member States will not be included in the list of rejected claims in the Union Register. The Register will be updated periodically and, as the case may be, following progress on health claims for which the evaluation by the Authority and/or consideration by the Commission has not yet been completed.
- (16) Comments and positions from the members of the public and interested stakeholders, received by the Commission have been adequately considered when setting the measures provided for in this Regulation.
- (17) The addition of substances to or the use of substances in foodstuffs is governed by specific Union and national legislation, as is the classification of products as foodstuffs or medicinal products. Any decision on a health claim in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006 such as inclusion in the list of permitted claims referred to in Article 13(3) thereof does not constitute an authorisation to the marketing of the substance on which the claim is made, a decision on whether the substance can be used in foodstuffs, or a classification of a certain product as a foodstuff.

- (18) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health, and neither the European Parliament nor the Council have opposed them,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Permitted health claims

1 The list of health claims which may be made on foods, as referred to in Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006, is set out in the Annex to this Regulation.

2 Health claims referred to in paragraph 1 may be made on foods in compliance with the conditions set out in the Annex.

Article 2

Entry into force and application

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

It shall apply from 14 December 2012.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 May 2012.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

ANNEX

LIST OF PERMITTED HEALTH CLAIMS

Nutrient, substance, food or food category	Claim	Conditions of use of the claim	Conditions and/or restrictions of use of the food and/or additional statement or warning	EFSA Journal number	Relevant entry number in the Consolidated List submitted to EFSA for its assessment
Activated charcoal	Activated charcoal contributes to reducing excessive flatulence after eating	The claim may be used only for food which contains 1 g of activated charcoal per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with 1 g which should be taken at least 30 minutes before and 1 g shortly after the meal.		2011;9(4):2049	1938
Alpha-linolenic acid (ALA)	ALA contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of ALA as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF		2009; 7(9):1252 2011;9(6):2203	493, 568

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		OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. Information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 2 g of ALA.		
Arabinoxylan produced from wheat endosperm	Consumption of arabinoxylan as part of a meal contributes to a reduction of the blood glucose rise after that meal	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 8 g of arabinoxylan (AX)-rich fibre produced from wheat endosperm (at least 60 % AX by weight) per 100 g of available carbohydrates in a quantified portion as part of the meal. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by		2011;9(6):2205 830

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		consuming the arabinoxylan (AX)-rich fibre produced from wheat endosperm as part of the meal.			
Barley grain fibre	Barley grain fibre contributes to an increase in faecal bulk	The claim may be used only for food which is high in that fibre as referred to in the claim HIGH FIBRE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2011;9(6):2249	819
Beta-glucans	Beta-glucans contribute to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 1 g of beta-glucans from oats, oat bran, barley, barley bran, or from mixtures of these sources per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 3 g of beta-		2009; 7(9):1254 2011;9(6):2207	754, 755, 757, 801, 1465, 2934 1236, 1299

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		glucans from oats, oat bran, barley, barley bran, or from mixtures of these beta-glucans.			
Beta-glucans from oats and barley	Consumption of beta-glucans from oats or barley as part of a meal contributes to the reduction of the blood glucose rise after that meal	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 4 g of beta-glucans from oats or barley for each 30 g of available carbohydrates in a quantified portion as part of the meal. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by consuming the beta-glucans from oats or barley as part of the meal.		2011;9(6):2207	821, 824
Betaine	Betaine contributes to normal homocysteine metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 500 mg of betaine per quantified portion. In order to bear	In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that a daily intake in excess of 4 g may significantly	2011;9(4):2052	4325

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		the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 1,5 g of betaine.	increase blood cholesterol levels.		
Biotin	Biotin contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1209	114, 117
Biotin	Biotin contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1209	116

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Biotin	Biotin contributes to normal macronutrient metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1209 2010;8(10):1728	113, 114, 117, 4661
Biotin	Biotin contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):1728	20
Biotin	Biotin contributes to the maintenance of normal hair	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2009; 7(9):1209 2010;8(10):1728	118, 121, 2876

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		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Biotin	Biotin contributes to the maintenance of normal mucous membranes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1209	115
Biotin	Biotin contributes to the maintenance of normal skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of biotin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1209 2010;8(10):1728	115, 121
Calcium	Calcium contributes to	The claim may be used only for food		2009; 7(9):1210	230, 236

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	normal blood clotting	which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Calcium	Calcium contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1210	234
Calcium	Calcium contributes to normal muscle function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S]		2009; 7(9):1210	226, 230, 235

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		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Calcium	Calcium contributes to normal neurotransmission	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1210	227, 230, 235
Calcium	Calcium contributes to the normal function of digestive enzymes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1210	355
Calcium	Calcium has a role in the process of cell division and specialisation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium		2010;8(10):172237	

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		as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Calcium	Calcium is needed for the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1210 2009; 7(9):1272 2010;8(10):1724 2011;9(6):2203	224, 230, 350, 354, 2731, 3155, 4311, 4312, 4703
Calcium	Calcium is needed for the maintenance of normal teeth	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of calcium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2009; 7(9):1210 2010;8(10):1724 2011;9(6):2203	224, 230, 231, 2731, 3099, 3155, 4311, 4312, 4703, 4704

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		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions	Carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions contribute to the maintenance of endurance performance during prolonged endurance exercise	In order to bear the claim carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions should contain 80-350 kcal/L from carbohydrates, and at least 75 % of the energy should be derived from carbohydrates which induce a high glycaemic response, such as glucose, glucose polymers and sucrose. In addition, these beverages should contain between 20 mmol/L (460 mg/L) and 50 mmol/L (1,150 mg/L) of sodium, and have an osmolality between 200-330 mOsm/kg water.		2011;9(6):2211	466, 469
Carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions	Carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions enhance the absorption of	In order to bear the claim carbohydrate-electrolyte solutions		2011;9(6):2211	314, 315, 316, 317, 319, 322, 325, 332, 408, 465,

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	water during physical exercise	should contain 80-350 kcal/L from carbohydrates, and at least 75 % of the energy should be derived from carbohydrates which induce a high glycaemic response, such as glucose, glucose polymers and sucrose. In addition, these beverages should contain between 20 mmol/L (460 mg/L) and 50 mmol/L (1,150 mg/L) of sodium, and have an osmolality between 200-330 mOsm/kg water.		473, 1168, 1574, 1593, 1618, 4302, 4309
Chitosan	Chitosan contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 3 g of chitosan. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the		2011;9(6):22144663

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		consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 3 g of chitosan.			
Chloride	Chloride contributes to normal digestion by production of hydrochloric acid in the stomach	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of chloride as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.	The claim cannot be used on chloride from the source sodium chloride	2010;8(10):1764	26
Choline	Choline contributes to normal homocysteine metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 82,5 mg of choline per 100 g or 100 ml or per single portion of food.		2011;9(4):2056	3090
Choline	Choline contributes to normal lipid metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 82,5 mg of choline per 100 g or 100 ml or per single portion of food.		2011;9(4):2056	3186

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Choline	Choline contributes to the maintenance of normal liver function	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 82,5 mg of choline per 100 g or 100 ml or per single portion of food.		2011;9(4):20561501 2011;9(6):2203712, 1633
Chromium	Chromium contributes to normal macronutrient metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of trivalent chromium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):173260, 401, 4665, 4666, 4667
Chromium	Chromium contributes to the maintenance of normal blood glucose levels	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of trivalent chromium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2010;8(10):173262, 4667 2011;9(6):22034698

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		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Copper	Copper contributes to maintenance of normal connective tissues	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211	265, 271, 1722
Copper	Copper contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211 2011;9(4):2079	266, 1729
Copper	Copper contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF		2009; 7(9):1211 2011;9(4):2079	267, 1723

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		[NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Copper	Copper contributes to normal hair pigmentation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211	268, 1724
Copper	Copper contributes to normal iron transport in the body	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211	269, 270, 1727

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Copper	Copper contributes to normal skin pigmentation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211	268, 1724
Copper	Copper contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1211 2011;9(4):2079	264, 1725
Copper	Copper contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of copper as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2009; 7(9):1211	263, 1726

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Creatine	Creatine increases physical performance in successive bursts of short-term, high intensity exercise	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 3 g of creatine. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 3 g of creatine.	The claim may be used only for foods targeting adults performing high intensity exercise	2011;9(7):2303	739, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1525, 1526, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1922, 1923, 1924
Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA)	DHA contributes to maintenance of normal brain function	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 40 mg of DHA per 100 g and per 100 kcal. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 250 mg of DHA.		2010;8(10):1734 2011;9(4):2078	465, 626, 631, 689, 704, 742, 3148, 690, 3151, 497, 501, 510, 513, 519, 521, 534, 540, 688, 1323, 1360, 4294

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Docosahexaenoic acid (DHA)	DHA contributes to the maintenance of normal vision	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 40 mg of DHA per 100 g and per 100 kcal. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 250 mg of DHA.		2010;8(10):1734, 2011;9(4):2078	427, 632, 743, 3149, 2905, 508, 510, 513, 519, 529, 540, 688, 4294
Eicosapentaenoic acid and docosahexaenoic acid (EPA/DHA)	EPA and DHA contribute to the normal function of the heart	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of EPA and DHA as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake		2010;8(10):1796, 2011;9(4):2078	504, 506, 516, 527, 538, 703, 1128, 1317, 1324, 1325, 510, 688, 1360

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		of 250 mg of EPA and DHA.			
Fluoride	Fluoride contributes to the maintenance of tooth mineralisation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of fluoride as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1212 2010;8(10):1797	275, 276, 338, 4238,
Folate	Folate contributes to maternal tissue growth during pregnancy	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1213	2882
Folate	Folate contributes to normal amino acid synthesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim		2010;8(10):1760	1995, 2881

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Folate	Folate contributes to normal blood formation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1213	79
Folate	Folate contributes to normal homocysteine metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1213	80

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

Folate	Folate contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):17681, 85, 86, 88	
Folate	Folate contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009;7(9):1213	91
Folate	Folate contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2010;8(10):17684	

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Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Folate	Folate has a role in the process of cell division	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of folate as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1213 2010;8(10):1760	193, 195, 2881
Foods with a low or reduced content of saturated fatty acids	Reducing consumption of saturated fat contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which is at least low in saturated fatty acids, as referred to in the claim LOW SATURATED FAT or reduced in saturated fatty acids as referred to in the claim REDUCED [NAME OF NUTRIENT] as listed in the Annex to		2011;9(4):2062	620, 671, 4332

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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		Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Foods with a low or reduced content of sodium	Reducing consumption of sodium contributes to the maintenance of normal blood pressure	The claim may be used only for food which is at least low in sodium/salt as referred to in the claim LOW SODIUM/ SALT or reduced in sodium/salt as referred to in the claim REDUCED [NAME OF NUTRIENT] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2011;9(6):2237	336, 705, 1148, 1178, 1185, 1420
Glucomannan (konjac mannan)	Glucomannan contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 4 g of glucomannan. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 4 g of glucomannan.	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.	2009; 7(9):1258 2010;8(10):1798	836, 1560, 3100, 3217

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Glucomannan (konjac mannan)	Glucomannan in the context of an energy restricted diet contributes to weight loss	The claim may be used only for food which contains 1 g of glucomannan per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 3 g of glucomannan in three doses of 1 g each, together with 1-2 glasses of water, before meals and in the context of an energy-restricted diet.	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.	2010;8(10):179	854, 1556, 3725,
Guar Gum	Guar gum contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 10 g of guar gum. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to	2010;8(2):1464	808

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

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Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		of 10 g of guar gum.	ensure substance reaches stomach.	
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC)	Consumption of Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose with a meal contributes to a reduction in the blood glucose rise after that meal	The claim may be used only for food which contains 4 g of HPMC per quantified portion as part of the meal. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by consuming 4 g of HPMC as part of the meal.	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.	2010;8(10):173814
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC)	Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 5 g of HPMC. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 5 g of HPMC.	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.	2010;8(10):173815

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Iodine	Iodine contributes to normal cognitive function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iodine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):1800	273
Iodine	Iodine contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iodine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009;7(9):1214 2010;8(10):1800	274, 402
Iodine	Iodine contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iodine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2010;8(10):1800	273

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

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		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Iodine	Iodine contributes to the maintenance of normal skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iodine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1214	370
Iodine	Iodine contributes to the normal production of thyroid hormones and normal thyroid function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iodine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1214 2010;8(10):1800	274, 1237
Iron	Iron contributes to normal	The claim may be used only for food		2009; 7(9):1215	253

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	cognitive function	which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Iron	Iron contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1215 2010;8(10):1740	251, 1589, 255
Iron	Iron contributes to normal formation of red blood cells and haemoglobin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S]		2009; 7(9):1215 2010;8(10):1740	249, 1589, 374, 2889

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		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Iron	Iron contributes to normal oxygen transport in the body	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1215 2010;8(10):1740	250, 254, 256, 255
Iron	Iron contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1215	252, 259
Iron	Iron contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as		2010;8(10):1740	255, 374, 2889

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		referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Iron	Iron has a role in the process of cell division	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of iron as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1215	368
Lactase enzyme	Lactase enzyme improves lactose digestion in individuals who have difficulty digesting lactose	The claim may be used only for food supplements, with a minimum dose of 4 500 FCC (Food Chemicals Codex) units with instructions to the target population to consume with each lactose	Information shall also be given to the target population that tolerance to lactose is variable and they should seek advice as to the role of this substance in their diet.	2009; 7(9):1236 2011;9(6):2203	1697, 1818 1974

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		containing meal.			
Lactulose	Lactulose contributes to an acceleration of intestinal transit	The claim may be used only for food which contains 10 g of lactulose in a single quantified portion. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a single serving of 10 g of lactulose per day.		2010;8(10):180807	
Linoleic acid	Linoleic acid contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for a food which provides at least 1,5 g of linoleic acid (LA) per 100 g and per 100 kcal. Information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 10 g of LA.		2009;7(9):1276 2011;9(6):2235	489, 2899
Live yoghurt cultures	Live cultures in yoghurt or fermented milk improve	In order to bear the claim, yoghurt or		2010;8(10):1763143, 2976	

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	lactose digestion of the product in individuals who have difficulty digesting lactose	fermented milk should contain at least 10 ⁸ Colony Forming Units live starter microorganisms (Lactobacillus delbrueckii subsp. bulgaricus and Streptococcus thermophilus) per gram.			
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to a reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):180244	
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to electrolyte balance	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF		2009; 7(9):1216	238

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Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to normal energy- yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1216	240, 247, 248
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1216	242
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to normal muscle function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source		2009; 7(9):1216 2010;8(10):1807	241, 380, 3083

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		of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to normal protein synthesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1216	364
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex		2010;8(10):180	245, 246

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

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		to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1216	239
Magnesium	Magnesium contributes to the maintenance of normal teeth	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1216	239
Magnesium	Magnesium has a role in the process of cell division	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of magnesium as referred to in the claim		2009; 7(9):1216	365

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		SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Manganese	Manganese contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of manganese as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1217 2010;8(10):1808	311, 405
Manganese	Manganese contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of manganese as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1217	310

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Manganese	Manganese contributes to the normal formation of connective tissue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of manganese as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):1804	404
Manganese	Manganese contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of manganese as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1217	309
Meal replacement for weight control	Substituting one daily meal of an energy restricted diet with a meal replacement contributes to the maintenance of weight	In order to bear the claim, a food should comply with specifications laid down in Directive 96/8/EC in relation to food products		2010; 8(2):1466	1418

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	after weight loss	under Article 1(2)(b) of that Directive. In order to achieve the claimed effect, one meal should be substituted with meal replacements daily.			
Meal replacement for weight control	Substituting two daily meals of an energy restricted diet with meal replacements contributes to weight loss	In order to bear the claim, a food should comply with specifications laid down in Directive 96/8/EC in relation to food products under Article 1(2)(b) of that Directive. In order to achieve the claimed effect, two meals should be substituted with meal replacements daily.		2010; 8(2):1466	1417
Meat or fish	Meat or fish contributes to the improvement of iron absorption when eaten with other foods containing iron	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 50 g of meat or fish in a single quantified portion. In order to bear the claim information shall be		2011;9(4):2040	1223

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		given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by consuming 50 g of meat or fish together with food(s) containing non-haem iron.			
Melatonin	Melatonin contributes to the alleviation of subjective feelings of jet lag	The claim may be used only for food which contains at least 0,5 mg of melatonin per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a minimum intake of 0,5 mg to be taken close to bedtime on the first day of travel and on the following few days after arrival at the destination.		2010; 8(2):1467	1953
Melatonin	Melatonin contributes to the reduction of time taken to fall asleep	The claim may be used only for food which contains 1 mg of melatonin		2011;9(6):2241	1698, 1780, 4080

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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		per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by consuming 1 mg of melatonin close to bedtime.		
Molybdenum	Molybdenum contributes to normal sulphur amino acid metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of molybdenum as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):174313
Monascus purpureus (red yeast rice)	Monacolin K from red yeast rice contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 10 mg of monacolin K from red yeast rice. In order to bear the claim, information		2011;9(7):23041648, 1700

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

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		shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 10 mg of monacolin K from fermented red yeast rice preparations.			
Monounsaturated and/or polyunsaturated fatty acids	Replacing saturated fats with unsaturated fats in the diet contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels [MUFA and PUFA are unsaturated fats]	The claim may be used only for food which is high in unsaturated fatty acids, as referred to in the claim HIGH UNSATURATED FAT as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2011;9(4):2069 2011;9(6):2203	621, 1190, 1203, 2906, 2910, 3065 674, 4335
Niacin	Niacin contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1224 2010;8(10):1757	43, 49, 54, 51

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

Niacin	Niacin contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1224	44, 53
Niacin	Niacin contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):17535	
Niacin	Niacin contributes to the maintenance of normal mucous membranes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2009; 7(9):1224	45, 52, 4700

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b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Niacin	Niacin contributes to the maintenance of normal skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1224 2010;8(10):1757	45, 48, 50, 52, 4700
Niacin	Niacin contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of niacin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):1757	7
Oat grain fibre	Oat grain fibre contributes to	The claim may be used only for food		2011;9(6):2249	822

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	an increase in faecal bulk	which is high in that fibre as referred to in the claim HIGH FIBRE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Oleic acid	Replacing saturated fats in the diet with unsaturated fats contributes to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels. Oleic acid is an unsaturated fat.	The claim may be used only for food which is high in unsaturated fatty acids, as referred to in the claim HIGH UNSATURATED FAT as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2011;9(4):2043	673, 728, 729, 1302, 4334
Olive oil polyphenols	Olive oil polyphenols contribute to the protection of blood lipids from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for olive oil which contains at least 5 mg of hydroxytyrosol and its derivatives (e.g. oleuropein complex and tyrosol) per 20 g of olive oil. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is		2011;9(4):2033	1333, 1638, 1639, 1696, 2865

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		obtained with a daily intake of 20 g of olive oil.			
Pantothenic Acid	Pantothenic acid contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of pantothenic acid as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1218	56, 59, 60, 64, 171, 172, 208
Pantothenic Acid	Pantothenic acid contributes to normal synthesis and metabolism of steroid hormones, vitamin D and some neurotransmitters	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of pantothenic acid as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1218	181
Pantothenic Acid	Pantothenic acid contributes to	The claim may be used only for		2010;8(10):17583	

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	food which is at least a source of pantothenic acid as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Pantothenic Acid	Pantothenic acid contributes to normal mental performance	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of pantothenic acid as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1218 2010;8(10):1758	57, 58
Pectins	Pectins contribute to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 6 g of pectins. In order to bear the claim	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake	2010;8(10):1748	18, 4236

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 6 g of pectins.	— advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.		
Pectins	Consumption of pectins with a meal contributes to the reduction of the blood glucose rise after that meal	The claim may be used only for food which contains 10 g of pectins per quantified portion. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained by consuming 10 g of pectins as part of the meal.	Warning of choking to be given for people with swallowing difficulties or when ingesting with inadequate fluid intake — advice on taking with plenty of water to ensure substance reaches stomach.	2010;8(10):174786	
Phosphorus	Phosphorus contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of phosphorus as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed		2009;7(9):1219	329, 373

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Phosphorus	Phosphorus contributes to normal function of cell membranes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of phosphorus as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1219	328
Phosphorus	Phosphorus contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of phosphorus as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1219	324, 327
Phosphorus	Phosphorus contributes to the maintenance of normal teeth	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of phosphorus as referred to		2009; 7(9):1219	324, 327

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Plant sterols and plant stanols	Plant sterols/ stanols contribute to the maintenance of normal blood cholesterol levels	In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of at least 0,8 g of plant sterols/ stanols.		2010;8(10):181 2011;9(6):2203	349, 550, 567, 713, 1234, 1235, 1466, 1634, 1984, 2909, 3140 568
Potassium	Potassium contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of potassium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010; 8(2):1469	386
Potassium	Potassium contributes to normal	The claim may be used only for food which is at		2010; 8(2):1469	320

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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	muscle function	least a source of potassium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Potassium	Potassium contributes to the maintenance of normal blood pressure	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of potassium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010; 8(2):1469	321
Protein	Protein contributes to a growth in muscle mass	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of protein as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF PROTEIN as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181 2011;9(6):2203	#15, 417, 593, 594, 595, 715 1398

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

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Protein	Protein contributes to the maintenance of muscle mass	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of protein as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF PROTEIN as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181#15, 417, 2011;9(6):2203593, 594, 595, 715 1398
Protein	Protein contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of protein as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF PROTEIN as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181#16 2011;9(6):22034704
Resistant starch	Replacing digestible starches with resistant starch in a meal contributes to a reduction in the blood glucose rise after that meal.	The claim may be used only for food in which digestible starch has been replaced by resistant starch so that the final content of resistant starch is at least 14 % of total starch.		2011;9(4):2024681
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to normal	The claim may be used only for food		2010;8(10):181#9, 35, 36, 42

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	energy-yielding metabolism	which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181213
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the maintenance of normal mucous membranes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S]		2010;8(10):18131

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the maintenance of normal red blood cells	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):18140
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the maintenance of normal skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):18141, 33
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the maintenance of normal vision	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin		2010;8(10):18149

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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		as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the normal metabolism of iron	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):18140, 37
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2010;8(10):181407

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Riboflavin (Vitamin B2)	Riboflavin contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of riboflavin as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):18141	
Rye fibre	Rye fibre contributes to normal bowel function	The claim may be used only for food which is high in that fibre as referred to in the claim HIGH FIBRE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2011;9(6):2258825	
Selenium	Selenium contributes to normal spermatogenesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed		2009;7(9):1220	396

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Selenium	Selenium contributes to the maintenance of normal hair	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):172281	
Selenium	Selenium contributes to the maintenance of normal nails	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):172281	
Selenium	Selenium contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to		2009; 7(9):1220 2010;8(10):1727	278, 1750

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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		in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Selenium	Selenium contributes to the normal thyroid function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):172279, 282, 2009; 7(9):1220	279, 282, 286, 410, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1292, 1293
Selenium	Selenium contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of selenium as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2009; 7(9):1220 2010;8(10):172	277, 283, 286, 1289, 1290, 1291, 1293, 1751, 410, 1292

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

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Sugar replacers, i.e. intense sweeteners; xylitol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, lactitol, isomalt, erythritol, sucralose and polydextrose; D-tagatose and isomaltulose	Consumption of foods/drinks containing <name of sugar replacer> instead of sugar ^a induces a lower blood glucose rise after their consumption compared to sugar-containing foods/drinks	(EC) No 1924/2006. In order to bear the claim, sugars should be replaced in foods or drinks by sugar replacers, i.e. intense sweeteners, xylitol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, lactitol, isomalt, erythritol, sucralose or polydextrose, or a combination of them, so that foods or drinks contain reduced amounts of sugars by at least the amount referred to in the claim REDUCED [NAME OF NUTRIENT] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose, they should replace equivalent amounts of		2011;9(4):2076 2011;9(6):2229	617, 619, 669, 1590, 1762, 2903, 2908, 2920 4298
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a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		other sugars in the same proportion as that referred to in the claim REDUCED [NAME OF NUTRIENT] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		
Sugar replacers, i.e. intense sweeteners; xylitol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, lactitol, isomalt, erythritol, sucralose and polydextrose; D-tagatose and isomaltulose	Consumption of foods/ drinks containing <name of sugar replacer> instead of sugar ^b contributes to the maintenance of tooth mineralisation	In order to bear the claim, sugars should be replaced in foods or drinks (which reduce plaque pH below 5.7) by sugar replacers, i.e. intense sweeteners, xylitol, sorbitol, mannitol, maltitol, lactitol, isomalt, erythritol, D-tagatose, isomaltulose, sucralose or polydextrose, or a combination of them, in amounts such that consumption of such foods or drinks does not lower plaque pH below 5.7 during and		2011;9(4):2076463, 464, 2011;9(6):2229563, 618, 647, 1182, 1591, 2907, 2921, 4300 1134, 1167, 1283

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		up to 30 minutes after consumption			
Sugar-free chewing gum	Sugar-free chewing gum contributes to the maintenance of tooth mineralization	The claim may be used only for chewing gum which complies with the conditions of use for the nutrition claim SUGARS FREE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. Information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with chewing, for at least 20 minutes, after eating or drinking.		2009; 7(9):1271 2011;9(4):2072 2011;9(6):2266	1151, 1154 486, 562, 1181
Sugar-free chewing gum	Sugar-free chewing gum contributes to the neutralisation of plaque acids	The claim may be used only for chewing gum which complies with the conditions of use for the nutrition claim SUGARS FREE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1271 2011;6(6):2266	1150 485

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		Information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with chewing, for at least 20 minutes, after eating or drinking.			
Sugar-free chewing gum	Sugar-free chewing gum contributes to the reduction of oral dryness	The claim may be used only for chewing gum which complies with the conditions of use for the nutrition claim SUGARS FREE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. Information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with use of the chewing gum whenever the mouth feels dry.		2009; 7(9):1271	1240
Sugar-free chewing gum with carbamide	Sugar-free chewing gum with carbamide neutralises plaque acids more effectively	The claim may be used only for chewing gum which complies with the conditions of use for		2011;9(4):2071	1153

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	than sugar-free chewing gums without carbamide	the nutrition claim SUGARS FREE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. In order to bear the claim each piece of sugar-free chewing gum should contain at least 20 mg carbamide. Information shall be given to the consumer that gum should be chewed for at least 20 minutes after eating or drinking.			
Thiamine	Thiamine contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of thiamine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1222	21, 24, 28
Thiamine	Thiamine contributes	The claim may be used		2009; 7(9):1222	22, 27

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	to normal functioning of the nervous system	only for food which is at least a source of thiamine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Thiamine	Thiamine contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of thiamine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):175205	
Thiamine	Thiamine contributes to the normal function of the heart	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of thiamine as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF		2009;7(9):1222	20

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin A	Vitamin A contributes to normal iron metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1221	206
Vitamin A	Vitamin A contributes to the maintenance of normal mucous membranes	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1221 2010;8(10):1754	15, 4702
Vitamin A	Vitamin A contributes to the maintenance	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source		2009; 7(9):1221 2010;8(10):1754	15, 17, 4660, 4702

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	of normal skin	of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin A	Vitamin A contributes to the maintenance of normal vision	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1221 2010;8(10):1754	16, 4239, 4701
Vitamin A	Vitamin A contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex		2009; 7(9):1222 2011;9(4):2021	14, 200, 1462

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin A	Vitamin A has a role in the process of cell specialisation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin A as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1221	14
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1223	99, 190
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12		2010;8(10):411	95, 97, 98, 100, 102, 109

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to normal homocysteine metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):41196, 103, 106
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed		2010;8(10):41195, 97, 98, 100, 102, 109

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to normal red blood cell formation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1223	92, 101
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1223	107
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least		2010;8(10):411	408

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B12	Vitamin B12 has a role in the process of cell division	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B12 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1223 2010;8(10):1756	93, 212
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal cysteine synthesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S]		2010;8(10):1756	283

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):17595, 214	
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1225	66
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal homocysteine metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6		2010;8(10):17593, 76, 199	

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal protein and glycogen metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1225	65, 70, 71
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2010;8(10):17597	

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to normal red blood cell formation	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1225	67, 72, 186
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1225	68
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF		2010;8(10):17598	

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		[NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin B6	Vitamin B6 contributes to the regulation of hormonal activity	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin B6 as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1225	69
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to maintain the normal function of the immune system during and after intense physical exercise	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 200 mg vitamin C. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 200 mg in addition		2009; 7(9):1226	144

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		to the recommended daily intake of vitamin C.			
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal function of blood vessels	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226	130, 131, 149
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal function of bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226	131, 149
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to		2009; 7(9):1226	131, 149

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	function of cartilage	in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal function of gums	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226	131, 136, 149
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal function of skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2009; 7(9):1226	131, 137, 149

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal collagen formation for the normal function of teeth	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226	131, 149
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal energy-yielding metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226 2010;8(10):1815	135, 2334, 3196
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal functioning of the nervous system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF		2009; 7(9):1226	133

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		[NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to normal psychological function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):1815	40
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009;7(9):1226 2010;8(10):1815	134, 4321

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226 2010;8(10):181	129, 138, 143, 148, 1331
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to the reduction of tiredness and fatigue	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	1339, 2622
Vitamin C	Vitamin C contributes to the regeneration of the reduced form of vitamin E	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S]		2010;8(10):181	202

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin C	Vitamin C increases iron absorption	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin C as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1226	132, 147
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to normal absorption/ utilisation of calcium and phosphorus	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1227	152, 157, 215
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to normal	The claim may be used only for food		2009; 7(9):1227 2011;9(6):2203	152, 157 215

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

	blood calcium levels	which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1227	150, 151, 158, 350
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to the maintenance of normal muscle function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S]		2010; 8(2):1468	155

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to the maintenance of normal teeth	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1227	151, 158
Vitamin D	Vitamin D contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010; 8(2):1468	154, 159
Vitamin D	Vitamin D has a role in the process of cell division	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin D		2009; 7(9):1227	153

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin E	Vitamin E contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin E as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	160, 162, 197
Vitamin K	Vitamin K contributes to normal blood clotting	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin K as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2009; 7 (9):1228	124, 126

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Vitamin K	Vitamin K contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of vitamin K as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7 (9):1228	123, 127, 128, 2879
Walnuts	Walnuts contribute to the improvement of the elasticity of blood vessels	The claim may be used only for food which provides a daily intake of 30 g of walnuts. In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that the beneficial effect is obtained with a daily intake of 30 g of walnuts.		2011;9(4):2074	1155, 1157
Water	Water contributes to the maintenance of normal physical and cognitive functions	In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that in order	The claim may be used only on water complying with Directives 2009/54/EC	2011;9(4):2075	1102, 1209, 1294, 1331

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		to obtain the claimed effect, at least 2,0 L of water, from all sources, should be consumed per day.	and/or 98/83/EC		
Water	Water contributes to the maintenance of normal regulation of the body's temperature	In order to bear the claim, information shall be given to the consumer that in order to obtain the claimed effect, at least 2,0 L of water, from all sources, should be consumed per day.	The claim may be used only on water complying with Directives 2009/54/EC and/or 98/83/EC	2011;9(4):2075	1208
Wheat bran fibre	Wheat bran fibre contributes to an acceleration of intestinal transit	The claim may be used only for food which is high in that fibre as referred to in the claim HIGH FIBRE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006. In order to bear the claim information shall be given to the consumer that the claimed effect is obtained with a daily intake		2010;8(10):181	828, 839, 3067, 4699

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		of at least 10 g of wheat bran fibre.			
Wheat bran fibre	Wheat bran fibre contributes to an increase in faecal bulk	The claim may be used only for food which is high in that fibre as referred to in the claim HIGH FIBRE as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	3066
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal acid-base metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009;7(9):1229	360
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal carbohydrate metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/		2010;8(10):181	982

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal cognitive function	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1229	296
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal DNA synthesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	292, 293, 1759
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal fertility and reproduction	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as		2009; 7(9):1229	297, 300

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal macronutrient metabolism	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	2890
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal metabolism of fatty acids	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation		2009;7(9):1229	302

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		(EC) No 1924/2006.			
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal metabolism of vitamin A	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1229	361
Zinc	Zinc contributes to normal protein synthesis	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	293, 4293
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal bones	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF		2009; 7(9):1229	295, 1756

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		[NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal hair	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	912
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal nails	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	912

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal skin	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	293
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal testosterone levels in the blood	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2010;8(10):181	901
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the maintenance of normal vision	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/		2009; 7(9):1229	361

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

		S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the normal function of the immune system	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1229	291, 1757
Zinc	Zinc contributes to the protection of cells from oxidative stress	The claim may be used only for food which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/ S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/ S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.		2009; 7(9):1229	294, 1758
Zinc	Zinc has a role in the	The claim may be used only for food		2009; 7(9):1229	292, 293, 1759

a In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

b In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read 'other sugars'

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

process of cell division	which is at least a source of zinc as referred to in the claim SOURCE OF [NAME OF VITAMIN/S] AND/OR [NAME OF MINERAL/S] as listed in the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1924/2006.			
a	In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’			
b	In the case of D-tagatose and isomaltulose this should read ‘other sugars’			

Status: This is the original version (as it was originally adopted).

- (1) [OJ L 404, 30.12.2006, p. 9.](#)
- (2) <http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/ndaclaims13/docs/ndaclaims13.zip>
- (3) <http://www.efsa.europa.eu/en/topics/topic/article13.htm>
- (4) http://ec.europa.eu/food/food/labellingnutrition/claims/index_en.htm
- (5) Corresponding to entries ID 670 and ID 2902 in the consolidated list.
- (6) Corresponding to entry ID 359 in the consolidated list.