Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1222/2013 of 29 November 2013 concerning the authorisation of propionic acid, sodium propionate and ammonium propionate as feed additives for ruminants, pigs and poultry (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) No 1222/2013

of 29 November 2013

concerning the authorisation of propionic acid, sodium propionate and ammonium propionate as feed additives for ruminants, pigs and poultry

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation.
- (2) In accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, an application was submitted for the authorisation of propionic acid, sodium propionate and ammonium propionate. That application was accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (3) That application concerns the authorisation of propionic acid, sodium propionate and ammonium propionate as feed additives for all animal species to be classified in the additive category 'technological additives', functional group 'silage additives'. The application includes also other uses of the same substances for which no decision has yet been taken.
- (4) The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 16 November 2011⁽²⁾ that, under the proposed conditions of use, propionic acid, sodium propionate and ammonium propionate do not have an adverse effect on animal health, human health or the environment. It was also concluded that the substances improve the aerobic stability of easy to ensile materials. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-market monitoring. It also verified the report on the methods of analysis of the feed additives in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (5) The assessment of the substances concerned shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied.

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Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1222/2013. (See end of Document for details)

Accordingly, the use of those substances should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.

(6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The substances specified in the Annex belonging to the additive category 'technological additives' and to the functional group 'silage additives', are authorised as additives in animal nutrition, subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 November 2013.

For the Commission

The President

José Manuel BARROSO

ANNEX

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ANNEX

Identifica vizom e		Additiv	e Compo	si lipa çies	Maxim		ınMaxim		End
number			chemic	alor	age	content	content	provisio	
of the	holder			a,categor	y	mg/kg (period
additive		, .	descrip			comple			of
	authori	sation		ca a nimal		feeding	stuff		authorisation
			method			with a			
						moistur			
						content	01		
	C . 1	1 1	1.1"."	Г .:	1		1		
	y of techr			Function		silage add	litives	1	
1k280	—	Propioni	c	R <i>ddit</i> næ		—	—	1	20 December
		acid		<i>Gomposii</i> Propioni	tion	_	30 000	1.	December
					c				simultaneous
				Poidtry			10 000		use of
				≥ 99,5 %)				other
				Characte	erisation				organic
				of					acids
				the					at
				active	_				the
				substanc		0			maximum
					Propioni acid	C			permitted
					\geq 99,5 %				doses
					$\leq 99,3\%$ $C_3H_6O_2$)			is
					CAS				contraindicated.
					No:			_	TD1
					79-09-4			2.	The
					Non-				additive shall
					volatile				be
					residue				used
					≤ 0,01 %) D			in
					when				easy
					dried				to
					at				ensile
					140 °C				material ^b .
					to				
					constant			3.	Simultaneous
					weight				use
					Aldehyd	les			with
					≤ 0,1 %				other
					expresse	d			sources
					as				of
					formalde				the
					Produce	a			active
					by				substance

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: http://irmm.jrc.ec.europa.eu/EURLs/EURL_feed_additives/Pages/index.aspx

b Easy to ensile forage: > 3 % soluble carbohydrates in fresh material (e.g. whole plant maize, ryegrass, brome grass or sugar beet pulp). Commission Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 (OJ L 133, 22.5.2008, p. 1).

c As propionic acid.

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		Method of Analysis Quantific of propioni acid as total propioni acid in feed additive, premixtu feedings ion exclusio High Performation Liquid Chromat with refractive index (HPLC-RI)	cation c c c c ares, tuffs: n ance		4.	shall not exceed the authorised maximum content. For safety: breathing protection, eye protection, gloves and protective clothing shall be used during handling.
1k281	Sodium propional	of the active substanc	tion te Sodium proprona ≥ 98,5 % C ₃ H ₅ O ₂ CAS No: 137-40-6	o Na S	 2.	December singultaneous use of other organic acids at the maximum permitted doses is contraindicated. The additive

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	Method of Analysis' Quantific of sodium propiona in feed additive: (1)	eation	n nance ography e		 4. 	shall be used in easy to ensile materials ^b . Simultaneous use with other sources of the active substance shall not exceed the authorised maximum content. For safety: breathing protection, gloves and protective clothing shall be used during handling.
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c As propionic acid.

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	and atomic absorpti spectror AAS (EN ISO 6869) for the determin of total	on netry, nation			
Ammonium propionate	Ruditinants— Composition Preparation Pfultry ammonium propionate ≥ 19,0 %, propionic acid			1.	20 December singultaneous use of other organic acids at
		Canada C	(2) atomic absorption spectrometry, AAS (EN ISO 6869) — for the determination of total sodium. Quantification of sodium propionate as total propionic acid in premixtures, feedingstuffs: ion exclusion High Performance Liquid Chromatography with refractive index (HPLC-RI) Ammonium propionate Rudhinants	(2) and atomic absorption spectrometry, AAS (EN ISO 6869) — for the determination of total sodium. Quantification of sodium propionate as total propionic acid in premixtures, feedingstuffs: ion exclusion High Performance Liquid Chromatography with refractive index (HPLC-RI) Ammonium propionate Additional = - -	(2) and atomic absorption spectrometry, AAS (EN ISO 6869) — for the determination of total sodium. Quantification of sodium propionate as total propionic acid in premixtures, feedingstuffs: ion exclusion High Performance Liquid Chromatography with refractive index (HPLC-RI) Ammonium propionate Ammonium Propionate Ruditinants -

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$\leq 80.0 \%$ and water $\leq 30 \%$ Characterisation of the active substance Ammonium propionate: $C_3H_9O_2N$ CAS No: 17496-08-1 Produced by	the maximum permitted doses is contraindicate 2. The additive shall be used in easy to ensile materials ^b .	ed.
chemical synthesis Method of Analysis* Quantification of the ammonium propionate in feed additive: (1) ion exclusion High Performance	3. Simultaneous use with other sources of the active substance shall not exceed the authorised maximum content.	S
Liquid Chromatography with refractive index detection (HPLC- RI) - for the determination of	4. For safety: breathing protection, eye protection, gloves and protective clothing shall be used	

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	total	during
	propionate;	handling.
	and	nunumg.
(2)	titration	
(-)	with	
	sulphuric	
	acid	
	and	
	sodium	
	hydroxide	
	for	
	the	
	determination	
	of	
	ammonia.	
Quantific	cation	
of		
ammoni		
propiona	te	
as		
total		
propioni	c	
acid		
in		
premixtu	ires,	
feedings	tuffs:	
ion		
exclusion	n	
High		
Performa	ance	
Liquid	.	
Chromat	ography	
with		
refractiv	e	
index		
(HPLC-		
RI)		

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c As propionic acid.

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- (1) OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.
- (2) EFSA Journal 2011; 9(12):2446.

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