

Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (Text with EEA relevance)

[^{X1}PART THREE

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

TITLE II

CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CREDIT RISK

CHAPTER 3

Internal Ratings Based Approach

[^{X1}Section 4

PD, LGD and maturity

Sub-Section 1

Exposures to corporates, institutions and central governments and central banks

Article 160

Probability of default (PD)

- 1 The PD of an exposure to a corporate or an institution shall be at least 0,03 %.
- 2 For purchased corporate receivables in respect of which an institution is not able to estimate PDs or an institution's PD estimates do not meet the requirements set out in Section 6, the PDs for these exposures shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:
 - a for senior claims on purchased corporate receivables PD shall be the institutions estimate of EL divided by LGD for these receivables;
 - b for subordinated claims on purchased corporate receivables PD shall be the institution's estimate of EL;
 - c an institution that has received the permission of the competent authority to use own LGD estimates for corporate exposures pursuant to Article 143 and that can decompose its EL estimates for purchased corporate receivables into PDs and LGDs in a manner that the competent authority considers to be reliable, may use the PD estimate that results from this decomposition.
- 3 The PD of obligors in default shall be 100 %.

Changes to legislation: Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Section 4 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 24 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

4 Institutions may take into account unfunded credit protection in the PD in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4. For dilution risk, in addition to the protection providers referred to in Article 201(1)(g) the seller of the purchased receivables is eligible if the following conditions are met:

- a the corporate entity has a credit assessment by an ECAI which has been determined by [F1the competent authority] to be associated with credit quality step 3 or above under the rules for the risk weighting of exposures to corporates under Chapter 2;
- b the corporate entity, in the case of institutions calculating risk-weighted exposure amounts and expected loss amounts under the IRB Approach, does not have a credit assessment by a recognised ECAI and is internally rated as having a PD equivalent to that associated with the credit assessments of ECAIs determined by [F1the competent authority] to be associated with credit quality step 3 or above under the rules for the risk weighting of exposures to corporates under Chapter 2.

5 Institutions using own LGD estimates may recognise unfunded credit protection by adjusting PDs subject to Article 161(3).

6 For dilution risk of purchased corporate receivables, PD shall be set equal to the EL estimate of the institution for dilution risk. An institution that has received permission from the competent authority pursuant to Article 143 to use own LGD estimates for corporate exposures that can decompose its EL estimates for dilution risk of purchased corporate receivables into PDs and LGDs in a manner that the competent authority considers to be reliable, may use the PD estimate that results from this decomposition. Institutions may recognise unfunded credit protection in the PD in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4. For dilution risk, in addition to the protection providers referred to in Article 201(1)(g), the seller of the purchased receivables is eligible provided that the conditions set out in paragraph 4 are met.

7 By way of derogation from Article 201(1)(g), the corporate entities that meet the conditions set out in paragraph 4 are eligible.

An institution that has received the permission of the competent authority pursuant to Article 143 to use own LGD estimates for dilution risk of purchased corporate receivables, may recognise unfunded credit protection by adjusting PDs subject to Article 161(3).

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in Art. 160(4) substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Capital Requirements \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2018 \(S.I. 2018/1401\)](#), regs. 1(3), **131** (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

Article 161

Loss Given Default (LGD)

- 1 Institutions shall use the following LGD values:
 - a senior exposures without eligible collateral: 45 %;
 - b subordinated exposures without eligible collateral: 75 %;
 - c institutions may recognise funded and unfunded credit protection in the LGD in accordance with Chapter 4;
 - d covered bonds eligible for the treatment set out in Article 129(4) or (5) may be assigned an LGD value of 11,25 %;

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- e for senior purchased corporate receivables exposures where an institution is not able to estimate PDs or the institution's PD estimates do not meet the requirements set out in Section 6: 45 %;
- f for subordinated purchased corporate receivables exposures where an institution is not able to estimate PDs or the institution's PD estimates do not meet the requirements set out in Section 6: 100 %;
- g for dilution risk of purchased corporate receivables: 75 %.

2 For dilution and default risk if an institution has received permission from the competent authority to use own LGD estimates for corporate exposures pursuant to Article 143 and it can decompose its EL estimates for purchased corporate receivables into PDs and LGDs in a manner the competent authority considers to be reliable, the LGD estimate for purchased corporate receivables may be used.

3 If an institution has received the permission of the competent authority to use own LGD estimates for exposures to corporates, institutions, central governments and central banks pursuant to Article 143, unfunded credit protection may be recognised by adjusting PD or LGD subject to requirements as specified in Section 6 and permission of the competent authorities. An institution shall not assign guaranteed exposures an adjusted PD or LGD such that the adjusted risk weight would be lower than that of a comparable, direct exposure to the guarantor.

4 For the purposes of the undertakings referred to in Article 153(3), the LGD of a comparable direct exposure to the protection provider shall either be the LGD associated with an unhedged facility to the guarantor or the unhedged facility of the obligor, depending upon whether in the event both the guarantor and obligor default during the life of the hedged transaction, available evidence and the structure of the guarantee indicate that the amount recovered would depend on the financial condition of the guarantor or obligor, respectively.

Article 162

Maturity

1 Institutions that have not received permission to use own LGDs and own conversion factors for exposures to corporates, institutions or central governments and central banks shall assign to exposures arising from repurchase transactions or securities or commodities lending or borrowing transactions a maturity value (M) of 0,5 years and to all other exposures M of 2,5 years.

Alternatively, as part of the permission referred to in Article 143, the competent authorities shall decide on whether the institution shall use maturity (M) for each exposure as set out under paragraph 2.

2 Institutions that have received the permission of the competent authority to use own LGDs and own conversion factors for exposures to corporates, institutions or central governments and central banks pursuant to Article 143 shall calculate M for each of these exposures as set out in points (a) to (e) of this paragraph and subject to paragraphs 3 to 5 of this Article. M shall be no greater than five years except in the cases specified in Article 384(1) where M as specified there shall be used:

- a for an instrument subject to a cash flow schedule, M shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$M = \max(1, \min(\sum_t t \times CF_t, \sum_t t CF_t, 5))$$

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- where CF_t denotes the cash flows (principal, interest payments and fees) contractually payable by the obligor in period t ;
- b for derivatives subject to a master netting agreement, M shall be the weighted average remaining maturity of the exposure, where M shall be at least 1 year, and the notional amount of each exposure shall be used for weighting the maturity;
 - c for exposures arising from fully or nearly-fully collateralised derivative instruments listed in Annex II and fully or nearly-fully collateralised margin lending transactions which are subject to a master netting agreement, M shall be the weighted average remaining maturity of the transactions where M shall be at least 10 days;
 - d for repurchase transactions or securities or commodities lending or borrowing transactions which are subject to a master netting agreement, M shall be the weighted average remaining maturity of the transactions where M shall be at least five days. The notional amount of each transaction shall be used for weighting the maturity;
 - e an institution that has received the permission of the competent authority pursuant to Article 143 to use own PD estimates for purchased corporate receivables, for drawn amounts M shall equal the purchased receivables exposure weighted average maturity, where M shall be at least 90 days. This same value of M shall also be used for undrawn amounts under a committed purchase facility provided that the facility contains effective covenants, early amortisation triggers, or other features that protect the purchasing institution against a significant deterioration in the quality of the future receivables it is required to purchase over the facility's term. Absent such effective protections, M for undrawn amounts shall be calculated as the sum of the longest-dated potential receivable under the purchase agreement and the remaining maturity of the purchase facility, where M shall be at least 90 days;
 - f for any instrument other than those referred to in this paragraph or when an institution is not in a position to calculate M as set out in point (a), M shall be the maximum remaining time (in years) that the obligor is permitted to take to fully discharge its contractual obligations, where M shall be at least one year;
 - g for institutions using the Internal Model Method set out in Section 6 of Chapter 6 to calculate the exposure values, M shall be calculated for exposures to which they apply this method and for which the maturity of the longest-dated contract contained in the netting set is greater than one year in accordance with the following formula:

$$M = \min \left(\frac{\sum_k \text{Effective } EEt_k \times \Delta t_k \times dft_k \times st_k}{\sum_k \text{Effective } EEt_k \times \Delta t_k \times dft_k}, 1 \right) - st_k, 5$$

where:

- St_k = a dummy variable whose value at future period t_k is equal to 0 if $t_k > 1$ year and to 1 if $t_k \leq 1$;
- EEt_k = the expected exposure at the future period t_k ;
- $\text{Effective } EEt_k$ = the effective expected exposure at the future period t_k ;
- dft_k = the risk-free discount factor for future time period t_k ;

$$\Delta t_k = t_k - t_{k-1}$$

;

- h an institution that uses an internal model to calculate a one-sided credit valuation adjustment (CVA) may use, subject to the permission of the competent authorities, the effective credit duration estimated by the internal model as M .

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Subject to paragraph 2, for netting sets in which all contracts have an original maturity of less than one year the formula in point (a) shall apply;

- i for institutions using the Internal Model Method set out in Section 6 of Chapter 6, to calculate the exposure values and having an internal model permission for specific risk associated with traded debt positions in accordance with Part Three, Title IV, Chapter 5, M shall be set to 1 in the formula laid out in Article 153(1), provided that an institution can demonstrate to the competent authorities that its internal model for Specific risk associated with traded debt positions applied in Article 383 contains effects of rating migrations;
 - j for the purposes of Article 153(3), M shall be the effective maturity of the credit protection but at least 1 year.
- 3 Where the documentation requires daily re-margining and daily revaluation and includes provisions that allow for the prompt liquidation or set off of collateral in the event of default or failure to remargin, M shall be at least one-day for:
- a fully or nearly-fully collateralised derivative instruments listed in Annex II;
 - b fully or nearly-fully collateralised margin lending transactions;
 - c repurchase transactions, securities or commodities lending or borrowing transactions.

In addition, for qualifying short-term exposures which are not part of the institution's ongoing financing of the obligor, M shall be at least one-day. Qualifying short term exposures shall include the following:

- a exposures to institutions [^{F2}or investment firms] arising from settlement of foreign exchange obligations;
 - b self-liquidating short-term trade finance transactions connected to the exchange of goods or services with a residual maturity of up to one year as referred to in point (80) of Article 4(1);
 - c exposures arising from settlement of securities purchases and sales within the usual delivery period or two business days;
 - d exposures arising from cash settlements by wire transfer and settlements of electronic payment transactions and prepaid cost, including overdrafts arising from failed transactions that do not exceed a short, fixed agreed number of business days.
- 4 For exposures to corporates situated in the [^{F3}United Kingdom] and having consolidated sales and consolidated assets of less than EUR 500 million, institutions may choose to consistently set M as set out in paragraph 1 instead of applying paragraph 2. Institutions may replace EUR 500 million total assets with EUR 1 000 million total assets for corporates which primarily own and let non-speculative residential property.
- 5 Maturity mismatches shall be treated as specified in Chapter 4.

Textual Amendments

- F2** Words in Art. 162(3)(a) inserted (1.1.2022) by [Financial Services Act 2021 \(c. 22\)](#), s. 49(5), [Sch. 1 para. 25](#); S.I. 2021/671, [reg. 5\(1\)\(b\)](#) (with [reg. 5\(2\)](#)) (as amended by S.I. 2021/1163, [regs. 1\(2\)](#), 2)
- F3** Words in Art. 162(4) substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Capital Requirements \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2018 \(S.I. 2018/1401\)](#), [regs. 1\(3\)](#), [132](#) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, [reg. 11](#)); 2020 c. 1, [Sch. 5 para. 1\(1\)](#)

Changes to legislation: Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Section 4 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 24 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Sub-Section 2

Retail exposures

Article 163

Probability of default (PD)

- 1 The PD of an exposure shall be at least 0,03 %.
- 2 The PD of obligors or, where an obligation approach is used, of exposures in default shall be 100 %.
- 3 For dilution risk of purchased receivables PD shall be set equal to EL estimates for dilution risk. If an institution can decompose its EL estimates for dilution risk of purchased receivables into PDs and LGDs in a manner the competent authorities consider to be reliable, the PD estimate may be used.
- 4 Unfunded credit protection may be taken into account by adjusting PDs subject to Article 164(2). For dilution risk, in addition to the protection providers referred to in Article 201(1)(g), the seller of the purchased receivables is eligible if the conditions set out in Article 160(4) are met.

[^{F4} Article 164

Loss Given Default (LGD)

- 1 Institutions shall provide own estimates of LGDs subject to the requirements specified in Section 6 of this Chapter and permission of the competent authorities granted in accordance with Article 143. For dilution risk of purchased receivables, an LGD value of 75 % shall be used. If an institution can decompose its EL estimates for dilution risk of purchased receivables into PDs and LGDs in a reliable manner, the institution may use its own LGD estimate.
- 2 Unfunded credit protection may be recognised as eligible by adjusting PD or LGD estimates subject to requirements as specified in Article 183(1), (2) and (3) and the permission of the competent authorities either in support of an individual exposure or a pool of exposures. An institution shall not assign guaranteed exposures an adjusted PD or LGD such that the adjusted risk weight would be lower than that of a comparable, direct exposure to the guarantor.
- 3 For the purposes of Article 154(2), the LGD of a comparable direct exposure to the protection provider referred to in Article 153(3) shall either be the LGD associated with an unhedged facility to the guarantor or the unhedged facility of the obligor, depending upon whether, in the event both the guarantor and obligor default during the life of the hedged transaction, available evidence and the structure of the guarantee indicate that the amount recovered would depend on the financial condition of the guarantor or obligor, respectively.
- 4 The exposure-weighted average LGD for all retail exposures secured by residential property and not benefiting from guarantees from central governments shall not be lower than 10 %.

The exposure-weighted average LGD for all retail exposures secured by commercial immovable property and not benefiting from guarantees from central governments shall not be lower than 15 %.

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5 ^{F5} ...

[^{F6}The PRA shall ensure that the Financial Policy Committee is duly informed of the PRA's intention to make use of this Article, and is appropriately involved in the assessment of financial stability concerns in the United Kingdom in accordance with paragraph 6.]

^{F7} ...

6 Based on the data collected under Article 430a [^{F8}of Chapter 4 of the Reporting (CRR) Part of the PRA Rulebook] and on any other relevant indicators, and taking into account forward-looking immovable property market developments the [^{F9}PRA] shall periodically, and at least annually, assess whether the minimum LGD values referred to in paragraph 4 of this Article, are appropriate for exposures secured by mortgages on residential property or commercial immovable property located in [^{F10}the United Kingdom].

Where, on the basis of the assessment referred to in the first subparagraph of this paragraph, the [^{F11}PRA] concludes that the minimum LGD values referred to in paragraph 4 are not adequate, and if it considers that the inadequacy of LGD values could adversely affect current or future financial stability in [^{F12}the United Kingdom], it may set higher minimum LGD values for those exposures located in [^{F13}the United Kingdom]. Those higher minimum values may also be applied at the level of one or more property segments of such exposures.

^{F14} ...

7 Where the [^{F15}PRA] sets higher minimum LGD values pursuant to paragraph 6, institutions shall have a six-month transitional period to apply them.

8 [^{F16}The [^{F17}PRA may] make] technical standards to specify the conditions that the [^{F18}PRA] shall take into account when assessing the appropriateness of LGD values as part of the assessment referred to in paragraph 6.

^{F19} ...

^{F20}9

^{F21}10]

Textual Amendments

- F4** Substituted by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements, and Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (Text with EEA relevance).
- F5** Words in Art. 164(5) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(a)(i)**
- F6** Words in Art. 164(5) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(a)(ii)**
- F7** Words in Art. 164(5) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(a)(iii)**

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- F8** Words in Art. 164(6) inserted (1.1.2022) by The Financial Services Act 2021 (Prudential Regulation of Credit Institutions and Investment Firms) (Consequential Amendments and Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/1376), regs. 1(3), **25(18)**
- F9** Word in Art. 164(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(i)(aa)**
- F10** Words in Art. 164(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(i)(bb)**
- F11** Word in Art. 164(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(ii)(aa)**
- F12** Words in Art. 164(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(ii)(bb)**
- F13** Words in Art. 164(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(ii)(cc)**
- F14** Words in Art. 164(6) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(b)(iii)**
- F15** Word in Art. 164(7) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(c)**
- F16** Words in Art. 164(8) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(d)(i)(aa)**
- F17** Words in Art. 164(8) substituted (1.1.2022) by Financial Services Act 2021 (c. 22), s. 49(5), **Sch. 1 para. 47**; S.I. 2021/671, reg. 5(1)(b) (with reg. 5(2)) (as amended by S.I. 2021/1163, regs. 1(2), 2)
- F18** Word in Art. 164(8) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(d)(i)(bb)**
- F19** Words in Art. 164(8) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(d)(ii)**
- F20** Art. 164(9) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(e)**
- F21** Art. 164(10) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Securities Financing Transactions, Securitisation and Miscellaneous Amendments (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/1385), regs. 1(3), **74(5)(e)**

Sub-Section 3

Equity exposures subject to PD/LGD method

Article 165

Equity exposures subject to the PD/LGD method

1 PDs shall be determined in accordance with the methods for corporate exposures.
The following minimum PDs shall apply:

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- a 0,09 % for exchange traded equity exposures where the investment is part of a long-term customer relationship;
 - b 0,09 % for non-exchange traded equity exposures where the returns on the investment are based on regular and periodic cash flows not derived from capital gains;
 - c 0,40 % for exchange traded equity exposures including other short positions as set out in Article 155(2);
 - d 1,25 % for all other equity exposures including other short positions as set out in Article 155(2).
- 2 Private equity exposures in sufficiently diversified portfolios may be assigned an LGD of 65 %. All other such exposures shall be assigned an LGD of 90 %.
- 3 M assigned to all exposures shall be five years.]

Editorial Information

- X1** Substituted by [Corrigendum to Regulation \(EU\) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation \(EU\) No 648/2012 \(OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1\)](#).

Changes to legislation:

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View outstanding changes

Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole legislation item and associated provisions

- Pt. 3 Title 1 Ch. 1 SECTION 2 A 95 repeal by [EUR 2019/2033](#) Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Pt. 3 Title 1 Ch. 1 SECTION 2 repeal by [EUR 2019/2033](#) Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Pt. 3 Title 1 Ch. 1 SECTION 2 A 98 repeal by [EUR 2019/2033](#) Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Pt. 3 Title 1 Ch. 1 SECTION 2 A 96 repeal by [EUR 2019/2033](#) Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Pt. 3 Title 1 Ch. 1 SECTION 2 A 97 repeal by [EUR 2019/2033](#) Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Art. 4.1(7) words omitted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(7\)\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(7) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(i))
- Art. 4.1(7) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(7\)\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(7) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(i))
- Art. 4.1(7) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(7\)\(c\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(7) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(i))
- Art. 4.1(13) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(a\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(14) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(b\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(14a) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(c\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(26) words inserted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(20\)\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(20) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(ii))
- Art. 4.1(26) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(20\)\(d\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(20) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(ii))
- Art. 4.1(28) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(23\)\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(23) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(iii))
- Art. 4.1(28) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(23\)\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(23) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(iii))
- Art. 4.1(28) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(23\)\(c\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(23) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(iii))
- Art. 4.1(61) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(d\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(62) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(e\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(63) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(f\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(66) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(g\)](#)
- Art. 4.1(67) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(h\)](#)

- Art. 4.1(128) word substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 64\(51\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 64(51) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(c)(iv))
- Art. 4.1(129) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 19\(i\)](#)
- Art. 11(6)(a) words substituted by [S.I. 2021/1078 reg. 4\(5\)\(c\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending provision substituted by S.I. 2021/1376)
- Art. 18(8)(a) words substituted by [S.I. 2020/1385 reg. 74\(3\)\(c\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Art. 18(8) substituted (31.12.2020) by S.I. 2019/264, regs. 1, 5(3).)
- Art. 31(1)(b) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 86\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 86(a) omitted immediately before IP completion day by virtue of S.I. 2020/1470, reg. 1(4), Sch. 2 para. 17)
- Art. 31(1)(b) words substituted in earlier amending provision S.I. 2018/1401, reg. 86(a) by [S.I. 2020/1301 reg. 3Sch. para. 11\(g\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 86(a) omitted immediately before IP completion day by virtue of S.I. 2020/1470, reg. 1(4), Sch. 2 para. 17)
- Art. 31(1)(c) words inserted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 86\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 86(b) omitted immediately before IP completion day by virtue of S.I. 2020/1470, reg. 1(4), Sch. 2 para. 17)
- Art. 78(1)(b) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 94\(2\)\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 94(2) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(h))
- Art. 78(1)(b) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 94\(2\)\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 94(2) omitted (6.9.2019) by virtue of S.I. 2019/1232, regs. 1(2), 3(3)(h))
- Art. 124(4)(b) word substituted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 225\(1\)\(2\)reg. 225\(3\)\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The words to be substituted in Art. 124(4) are not present following the substitution of Art 124 by Corrigendum to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (OJ L 176, 27.6.2013, p. 1).)
- Art. 242(10)(c) and word inserted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 22\(b\)\(ii\)](#)
- Art. 244(4)(c) words substituted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 23](#)
- art. 270a(1A) inserted by [S.I. 2024/705 Sch. 2 para. 25\(b\)](#)
- Art. 325(3)(a) word omitted by [S.I. 2018/1401 reg. 157](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. The words to be omitted are not present in Art. 325(3)(a))
- Art. 450(1)(d) words substituted by [2021 c. 22 Sch. 1 para. 41](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Pt. 8 omitted (1.1.2022) by virtue of S.I. 2021/1078, regs. 1(1), 10 (as substituted by S.I. 2021/1376, regs. 1(2), 32(4)))
- Art. 456(1)(h)(i) omitted by [S.I. 2021/1078 reg. 11\(2\)\(a\)\(iv\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending provision substituted by S.I. 2021/1376)
- Art. 459(b) omitted by [S.I. 2021/1078 reg. 11\(5\)\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending provision substituted by S.I. 2021/1376)
- Art. 459(c) words substituted by [S.I. 2021/1078 reg. 11\(5\)\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending provision substituted by S.I. 2021/1376)