

Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (recast)

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

CHAPTER 2

Rights and obligations of persons with regard to the customs legislation

Section 7

Control of goods

Article 46

Risk management and customs controls

1 The customs authorities may carry out any customs controls they deem necessary.

Customs controls may in particular consist of examining goods, taking samples, verifying the accuracy and completeness of the information given in a declaration or notification and the existence, authenticity, accuracy and validity of documents, examining the accounts of economic operators and other records, inspecting means of transport, inspecting luggage and other goods carried by or on persons and carrying out official enquiries and other similar acts.

2 Customs controls, other than random checks, shall primarily be based on risk analysis using electronic data-processing techniques, with the purpose of identifying and evaluating the risks and developing the necessary counter-measures, on the basis of criteria developed at national, Union and, where available, international level.

3 Customs controls shall be performed within a common risk management framework, based upon the exchange of risk information and risk analysis results between customs administrations and establishing common risk criteria and standards, control measures and priority control areas.

Controls based upon such information and criteria shall be carried out without prejudice to other controls carried out in accordance with paragraph 1 or with other provisions in force.

4 Customs authorities shall undertake risk management to differentiate between the levels of risk associated with goods subject to customs control or supervision and to determine whether the goods will be subject to specific customs controls, and if so, where.

The risk management shall include activities such as collecting data and information, analysing and assessing risk, prescribing and taking action and regularly monitoring

Status: Point in time view as at 09/10/2013. This version of this provision has been superseded.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Article 46. (See end of Document for details)

and reviewing that process and its outcomes, based on international, Union and national sources and strategies.

- 5 Customs authorities shall exchange risk information and risk analysis results where:
- a the risks are assessed by a customs authority as being significant and requiring customs control and the results of the control establish that the event triggering the risks has occurred; or
 - b the control results do not establish that the event triggering the risks has occurred, but the customs authority concerned considers the threat to present a high risk elsewhere in the Union.
- 6 For the establishment of the common risk criteria and standards, the control measures and the priority control areas referred to in paragraph 3, account shall be taken of all of the following:
- a the proportionality to the risk;
 - b the urgency of the necessary application of the controls;
 - c the probable impact on trade flow, on individual Member States and on control resources.
- 7 The common risk criteria and standards referred to in paragraph 3 shall include all of the following:
- a a description of the risks;
 - b the factors or indicators of risk to be used to select goods or economic operators for customs control;
 - c the nature of customs controls to be undertaken by the customs authorities;
 - d the duration of the application of the customs controls referred to in point (c).
- 8 Priority control areas shall cover particular customs procedures, types of goods, traffic routes, modes of transport or economic operators which are subject to increased levels of risk analysis and customs controls during a certain period, without prejudice to other controls usually carried out by the customs authorities.

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