Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (Text with EEA relevance)

## TITLE III

### [<sup>F1</sup>TRANSPARENCY FOR SYSTEMATIC INTERNALISERS AND INVESTMENT FIRMS TRADING OTC AND TICK SIZE REGIME FOR SYSTEMATIC INTERNALISERS]

#### Article 14

# Obligation for systematic internalisers to make public firm quotes in respect of shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates and other similar financial instruments

1 Investment firms shall make public firm quotes in respect of those shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates and other similar financial instruments traded on a trading venue for which they are systematic internalisers and for which there is a liquid market.

Where there is not a liquid market for the financial instruments referred to in the first subparagraph, systematic internalisers shall disclose quotes to their clients upon request.

2 This Article and Articles 15, 16 and 17 shall apply to systematic internalisers when they deal in sizes up to standard market size. Systematic internalisers shall not be subject to this Article and Articles 15, 16 and 17 when they deal in sizes above standard market size.

3 Systematic internalisers may decide the size or sizes at which they will quote. The minimum quote size shall be at least the equivalent of 10 % of the standard market size of a share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate or other similar financial instrument traded on a trading venue. For a particular share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate or other similar financial instrument traded on a trading venue each quote shall include a firm bid and offer price or prices for a size or sizes which could be up to standard market size for the class of shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates or other similar financial instruments to which the financial instrument belongs. The price or prices shall reflect the prevailing market conditions for that share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate or other similar financial instrument.

4 Shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates and other similar financial instruments shall be grouped in classes on the basis of the arithmetic average value of the orders executed in the market for that financial instrument. The standard market size for each class of shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates and other similar financial instruments shall be a size representative of the arithmetic average value of the orders executed in the market for the financial instruments included in each class.

5 The market for each share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate or other similar financial instrument shall be comprised of all orders executed in the [<sup>F1</sup>relevant area] in respect of that financial instrument excluding those that are large in scale compared to normal market size.

[<sup>F2</sup>5A. For the purposes of this Article—

a "the relevant area" consists of the United Kingdom and those countries or regions specified by the FCA by direction in accordance with Article 50B;

b the FCA may only give a direction under point (a) specifying that a country or region is within the relevant area in relation to one or more financial instruments for the purposes of this Article if the FCA is able to obtain sufficient reliable trading data to enable it to assess total orders executed in the financial instruments concerned in that country or region.]

6 [<sup>F3</sup>Unless paragraph 6A applies][<sup>F4</sup>the FCA]<sup>F5</sup>... shall determine at least annually, on the basis of the arithmetic average value of the orders executed in the market in respect of [<sup>F6</sup>each share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate and other similar financial instrument], the class to which it belongs. That information shall be made public to all market participants [<sup>F7</sup>and published by the FCA] on its website.

[<sup>F8</sup>6A. During the transitional period <sup>F9</sup>..., the FCA may determine the class of each share, depositary receipt, ETF, certificate and other similar financial instruments otherwise than on the basis of the arithmetic average value of the orders executed in the market in that instrument, if the FCA considers that it is necessary to do so to advance the FCA's integrity objective under section 1D of FSMA.

### 6B. In determining the class of a financial instrument as referred to in paragraph 6A—

- a the FCA must have regard to
  - i its consumer protection objective and competition objective under sections 1C and 1E of FSMA; and
  - ii the most recent classes determined for the financial instruments in question before IP completion day;
- b the FCA may also take into account any relevant information available in relation to the value of the orders executed in relation to the financial instrument in question in the United Kingdom or in any other country.

6C. If the FCA does not determine the class of a financial instrument during the transitional period in accordance with paragraphs 6A and 6B, the class determined for that financial instrument (if any) before IP completion day must continue to apply.]

[<sup>F10</sup>6D. The reference in paragraph 6A to the "transitional period" is a reference to—

- a the period of four years beginning with IP completion day; or
- b the period ending on such day as the Treasury may direct, if that period ends earlier than the period mentioned in sub-paragraph (a).

6E In deciding whether to issue a direction under paragraph 6D(b), the Treasury must take into account whether the FCA is able to carry out its functions relating to transparency under this Regulation and its implementing measures.]

7 In order to ensure the efficient valuation of shares, depositary receipts, ETFs, certificates and other similar financial instruments and maximise the possibility of investment firms to obtain the best deal for their clients, [<sup>F11</sup>the FCA may make] technical standards to specify further the arrangements for the publication of a firm quote as referred to in paragraph 1, the determination of whether prices reflect prevailing market conditions as referred to in paragraph 3, and of the standard market size as referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4.

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Changes to legislation: Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Article 14 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 24 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

#### **Textual Amendments**

- F1 Words in Art. 14(5) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(a) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F2 Art. 14(5A) inserted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(b) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F3 Words in Art. 14(6) inserted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(c)(i) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F4 Words in Art. 14(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(c)(ii) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F5 Words in Art. 14(6) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(c)(iii) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F6 Words in Art. 14(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(c)(iv) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F7 Words in Art. 14(6) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(c)(v) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F8 Art. 14(6A)-(6C) inserted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(d) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11) (as amended by S.I. 2020/1301, regs. 1, 3, Sch. para. 12(i)(i)); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F9 Words in Art. 14(6A) omitted (29.8.2023) by virtue of Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 (c. 29), s. 86(3), Sch. 2 para. 6(2) (with s. 2(3)); S.I. 2023/779, reg. 4(zz)(i)(aa)
- F10 Art. 14(6D)(6E) inserted (29.8.2023) by Financial Services and Markets Act 2023 (c. 29), s. 86(3),
  Sch. 2 para. 6(3) (with s. 2(3)); S.I. 2023/779, reg. 4(zz)(i)(aa)
- **F11** Words in Art. 14(7) substituted (31.12.2020) by The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), **28(1)(e)(i)** (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)
- F12 Words in Art. 14(7) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Markets in Financial Instruments (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1403), regs. 1(3), 28(1)(e)(ii) (with savings in S.I. 2019/680, reg. 11); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

#### Changes to legislation:

Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council, Article 14 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 24 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

View outstanding changes

# Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole legislation item and associated provisions

- Title IVa addition by EUR 2019/2175 Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Title VIa addition by EUR 2019/2175 Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Sch. 3 para. 31 revoked by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 50(c)(ii)
- Sch. 3 para. 32 revoked by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 50(c)(ii)
- Art. 2.1(12)(12A) substituted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 8
- Art. 2.1(17) words omitted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 19(a)
- Art. 3(4)(5) inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 2
- Art. 18-18b substituted for Art. 18 by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 10
- Art. 28a inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 17
- Art. 46(2A) inserted by S.I. 2018/1403, reg. 33(1)(ba) (as inserted) by S.I. 2019/710 reg. 16(15)(a)(ii) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 16(15)(a) omitted (30.9.2020) by virtue of S.I. 2020/1055, regs. 1(2), 13)
- Art. 46(2A) omitted by 2021 c. 22 Sch. 10 para. 5(4)
- Art. 50C(2) words inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 26(2)
- Art. 50C(3) words inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 26(3)
- Art. 50C(4) words inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 26(4)
- Art. 50D(1) words substituted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 27(2)(a)
- Art. 50D(1) words substituted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 27(2)(b)
- Art. 50D(2A) inserted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 27(4)
- Art. 50D(3) words substituted by 2023 c. 29 Sch. 2 para. 27(5)
- Art. 54a addition by EUR 2019/2175 Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)
- Art. 54b addition by EUR 2019/2175 Regulation (This amendment by the EU not applied to legislation.gov.uk because it is brought into force after IP completion day.)