Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 of 16 April 2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions according to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Text with EEA relevance)

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. The Park North Kall not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

## REPORTING ON OWN FUNDS AND OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS

### **Textual Amendments**

- **F1** Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/227 of 9 January 2015 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions according to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Text with EEA relevance).
- **F2** Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/1278 of 9 July 2015 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions as regards instructions, templates and definitions (Text with EEA relevance).

### PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. CAPITAL ADEQUACY OVERVIEW (CA)
- 1.1. GENERAL REMARKS
- 10. CA templates contain information about Pillar 1 numerators (own funds, Tier 1, Common Equity Tier 1), denominator (own funds requirements), and transitional provisions and is structures in five templates:
- a) CA1 template contains the amount of own funds of the institutions, disaggregated in the items needed to get to that amount. The amount of own funds obtained includes the aggregate effect of transitional provisions per type of capital
- b) CA2 template summarizes the total risk exposures amounts as defined in Article 92(3) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 ('CRR')
- c) CA3 template contains the ratios for which CRR state a minimum level, and some other related data
- d) CA4 template contains memorandums items needed for calculating items in CA1 as well as information with regard to the CRD capital buffers.
- e) CA5 template contains the data needed for calculating the effect of transitional provisions in own funds. CA5 will cease to exist once the transitional provisions will expire.
- 11. The templates shall apply to all reporting entities, irrespective of the accounting standards followed, although some items in the numerator are specific for entities applying IAS/IFRS-type valuation rules. Generally, the information in the denominator is linked to the final results reported in the correspondent templates for the calculation of the total risk exposure amount.
- 12. The total own funds consist of different types of capital: Tier 1 capital (T1), which is the sum of Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1), Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) as well as Tier 2 capital (T2).
- 13. Transitional provisions are treated as follows in CA templates:
- a) The items in CA1 are generally gross of transitional adjustments. This means that figures in CA1 items are calculated according to the *final provisions* (i.e. as if there were no transitional provisions), with the exception of items summarizing the effect

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- b) Transitional provisions may also affect the AT1 and the T2 shortfall (i.e. AT1 or T2 the excess of deduction, regulated in articles 36(1) point (j) and 56 point (e) of CRR respectively), and thus the items containing these shortfalls may indirectly reflect the effect of transitional provisions.
- c) Template CA5 is exclusively used for reporting the transitional provisions.
- 14. The treatment of Pillar II requirements can be different within the EU (Article 104(2) CRD IV has to be transposed into national regulation). Only the impact of Pillar II requirements on the solvency ratio or the target ratio shall be included in the solvency reporting of CRR. A detailed reporting of Pillar II requirements is not within the mandate of Article 99 CRR.
- a) The templates CA1, CA2 or CA5 only contain data on Pillar I issues.
- b) The template CA3 contains the impact of additional Pillar II-requirements on the solvency ratio on an aggregated basis. One block focuses on the impact of amounts on the ratios, whereas the other block focuses on the ratio itself. Both blocks of ratios do not have any further link to the templates CA1, CA2 or CA5.
- c) The template CA4 contains one cell regarding additional own funds requirements relating to Pillar II. This cell has no link via validation rules to the capital ratios of the CA3 template and reflects Article 104(2) CRD which explicitly mentions additional own funds requirements as one possibility for Pillar II decisions.
- 1.2. C 01.00 OWN FUNDS (CA1)
- 1.2.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

ANNEX II Table 1: rows 1 - 101

- 1.3. C 02.00 OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS (CA2)
- 1.3.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

ANNEX II Table 2: rows 1 - 75

- 1.4. C 03.00 CAPITAL RATIOS AND CAPITAL LEVELS (CA3)
- 1.4.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Rows	
010	1 <b>CET1 Capital ratio</b> Article 92(2) point (a) of CRR The CET1 capital ratio is the CET1 capital of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk exposure amount.

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EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regula	etails)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by tion Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under
020 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations dments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. d2n their web Surplus (newly) Deficit(1-f)r defils) CET1
	capital This item shows, in absolute figures, the amount of CET1 capital surplus or deficit relating to the requirement set in Article 92(1) point (a) of CRR (4,5 %), i.e. without taking into account the capital buffers and transitional provisions on the ratio.
030	3 T1 Capital ratio Article 92(2) point (b) of CRR The T1 capital ratio is the T1 capital of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk exposure amount.
040	4 Surplus(+)/Deficit(-) of T1 capital This item shows, in absolute figures, the amount of T1 capital surplus or deficit relating to the requirement set in Article 92(1) point (b) of CRR (6 %), i.e. without taking into account the capital buffers and transitional provisions on the ratio.
050	5 Total capital ratio Article 92(2) point (c) of CRR The total capital ratio is the own funds of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk exposure amount.
060	6 Surplus(+)/Deficit(-) of total capital This item shows, in absolute figures, the amount of own funds surplus or deficit relating to the requirement set in Article 92(1) point (c) of CRR (8 %), i.e. without taking into account the capital buffers and transitional provisions on the ratio.
070	CET1 capital ratio including Pillar II adjustments Article 92(2) point (a) of CRR and Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a decision of a competent authority has an impact on the CET1 capital ratio.
080	Target CET1 capital ratio due to Pillar II adjustments Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a competent authority decides that an

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090	T1 capital ratio including Pillar II adjustments Article 92(2) point (b) of CRR and Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a decision of a competent authority has an impact on the T1 capital ratio.
100	Target T1 capital ratio due to Pillar II adjustments Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a competent authority decides that an institution has to meet a higher target T1 capital ratio.
110	Total capital ratio including Pillar II adjustments Article 92(2) point (c) of CRR and Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a decision of a competent authority has an impact on the total capital ratio.
120	Target Total capital ratio due to Pillar II adjustments Article 104(2) CRD IV This cell only has to be populated if a competent authority decides that an institution has to meet a higher target total capital ratio.

- 1.5. C 04.00 MEMORANDUM ITEMS (CA4)
- 1.5.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

ANNEX II Table 4: rows 1 - 113

- 1.6. TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS AND GRANDFATHERED INSTRUMENTS: INSTRUMENTS NOT CONSTITUTING STATE AID (CA 5)
- 1.6.1. General remarks
- 15. CA5 summarizes the calculation of own funds elements and deductions subject to the transitional provisions laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of CRR.
- 16. CA5 is structured as follows:
- a. Template 5.1 summarizes the total adjustments which need to be made to the different components of own funds (reported in CA1 according to the final provisions) as a consequence of the application of the transitional provisions. The elements of this table

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- b. Template 5.2 provides further details on the calculation of those grandfathered instruments which do not constitute state aid.
- 17. Institutions shall report in the first four columns the adjustments to Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital as well as the amount to be treated as risk weighted assets. Institutions are also required to report the applicable percentage in column 050 and the eligible amount without the recognition of transitional provisions in column 060.
- 18. Institutions shall only report elements in CA5 during the period where transitional provisions in accordance with Part Ten of CRR apply.
- 19. Some of the transitional provisions require a deduction from Tier 1. If this is the case the residual amount of a deduction or deductions is applied to Tier 1 and there is insufficient AT1 to absorb this amount then the excess shall be deducted from CET1.
- 1.6.2. C 05.01 Transitional provisions (CA5.1)
- 20. Institutions shall report in Table 5.1 the transitional provisions to own funds components as laid down in Articles 465 to 491 of CRR, compared to applying the final provisions laid down in Title II of Part Two of CRR.
- 21. Institutions shall report in rows 020 to 060 information in relation with the transitional provisions of grandfathered instruments. The figures to be reported in columns 010 to 030 of row 060 of CA 5.1 can be derived from the respective sections of CA 5.2.
- 22. Institutions shall report in rows 070 to 092 information in relation with the transitional provisions of minority interests and additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 instruments issued by subsidiaries (in accordance with Articles 479 and 480 of CRR).
- 23. In rows 100 onwards institutions shall report information in relation with the transitional provisions of unrealized gains and losses, deductions as well as additional filters and deductions.
- 24. There might be cases where the transitional deductions of CET1, AT1 or T2 capital exceed the CET1, AT1 or T2 capital of an institution. This effect if it results from transitional provisions shall be shown in the CA1 template using the respective cells. As a consequence, the adjustments in the columns of the CA5 template do not include any spill-over effects in the case of insufficient capital available.

# 1.6.2.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	Adjustments to CET1
020	Adjustments to AT1
030	Adjustments to T2
040	Adjustments included in RWAs Column 050 includes the relevant residual amount, i.e. prior the application of provisions of Chapter 2 or 3 of Part Three of CRR.

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be found	nd hinketouther@Arecomblatecutheradidetiments
	included in RWA do not have a direct link to the relevant templates for credit risk. If there are adjustments stemming from the transitional provisions to the RWA, those adjustments shall be included directly in the CR SA, CR IRB or CR EQU IRB. Additionally, those effects shall be reported in column 040 of CA5.1. As a consequence, those amounts are only memorandum items.
050	Applicable percentage
060	Eligible amount without transitional provisions Column 060 includes the amount of each instrument prior the application of transitional provisions. I.e. the basis amount relevant to calculate the adjustments.

ANNEX II Table 6: rows 1 - 58

- 1.6.3. C 05.02 Grandfathered instruments: instruments not constituing state aid (CA5.2)
- 25. Institutions shall report information in relation with the transitional provisions of grandfathered instruments not constituting state aid (Article 484 to 491 of CRR).

# 1.6.3.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	Amount of instruments plus related share premium  Article 484(3) to (5) of CRR  Instruments which are eligible for each respective row, including their related share premiums.
020	Base for calculating the limit Articles 486(2) to (4) of CRR
030	Applicable percentage Article 486(5) of CRR
040	Limit Article 486(2) to (5) of CRR
050	(-) Amount that exceeds the limits for grandfathering Article 486(2) to (5) of CRR
060	Total grandfathered amount

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendment of the amount for the point of relevant amending instruments can be found to the amount for the point of relevant amending instruments can be found to the amount for the point of the content of the point of the

columns in row 060 of CA 5.1.

Rows	
010	1. Instruments that qualified for point (a) of Article 57 of 2006/48/EC Article 484(3) of CRR The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
020	2. Instruments that qualified for point (ca) of Article 57 and Article 154(8) and (9) of 2006/48/EC, subject to the limit of Article 489 Article 484(4) of CRR
030	2.1 Total instruments without a call or an incentive to redeem  Article 489 of CRR  The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
040	2.2 Grandfathered instruments with a call and incentive to redeem Article 489 of CRR
050	2.2.1 Instruments with a call exercisable after the reporting date, and which meet the conditions in Article 49 of CRR after the date of effective maturity  Articles 489(3), and 491 point (a) of CRR The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
060	2.2.2 Instruments with a call exercisable after the reporting date, and which do not meet the conditions in Article 49 of CRR after the date of effective maturity  Articles 489(5), and 491 point (a) of CRR The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
070	2.2.3 Instruments with a call exercisable prior to or on 20 July 2011, and which do not meet the conditions

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be foun	d on their web <b>we/effectivle/nHaturcity</b> or details)
	Articles 489(6) and 491 point (c) of CRR The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts
080	2.3 Excess on the limit of CET1 grandfathered instruments Article 487(1) of CRR The excess on the limit of CET1 grandfathered instruments may be treated as instruments which can be grandfathered as AT1 instruments.
090	3. Items that qualified for points e), f), g) or h) of Article 57 of 2006/48/ EC, subject to the limit of Article 490 Article 484(5) of CRR
100	3.1 Total items without an incentive to redeem Article 490 of CRR
110	3.2 Grandfathered items with an incentive to redeem Article 490 of CRR
120	3.2.1 Items with a call exercisable after the reporting date, and which meet the conditions in Article 63 of CRR after the date of effective maturity  Articles 490(3), and 491 point (a) of CRR  The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
130	3.2.2 Items with a call exercisable after the reporting date, and which do not meet the conditions in Article 63 of CRR after the date of effective maturity  Articles 490(5), and 491 point (a) of CRR  The amount to be reported shall include the related share premium accounts.
140	3.2.3 Items with a call exercisable prior to or on 20 July 2011, and which do not meet the conditions in Article 63 of CRR after the date of effective maturity

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Details of retevant amending instruments can be foun	
	related share premium accounts.
150	3.3 Excess on the limit of AT1 grandfathered instruments Article 487(2) of CRR The excess on the limit of AT1 grandfathered instruments may be treated as instruments which can be grandfathered as T2 instruments.

# 2. GROUP SOLVENCY: INFORMATION ON AFFILIATES (GS)

## 2.1. GENERAL REMARKS

- 26. Templates C 06.01 and C 06.02 shall be reported if own funds requirements are calculated on a consolidated basis. This template consists of four parts in order to gather different information on all individual entities (including the reporting institution) included in the scope of consolidation.
- a) Entities within the scope of consolidation;
- b) Detailed group solvency information;
- c) Information on the contribution of individual entities to group solvency;
- d) Information on capital buffers;
- 27. Institutions waived according to Article 7 of CRR shall only report the columns 010 to 060 and 250 to 400.

## 2.2. DETAILED GROUP SOLVENCY INFORMATION

- 28. The second part of this template (detailed group solvency information) in columns 070 to 210 is designed to gather information on credit and other regulated financial institutions which are effectively subject to particular solvency requirements on individual basis. It provides, for each of those entities within the scope of the reporting, the own funds requirements for each risk category and the own funds for solvency purposes.
- 29. In the case of proportional consolidation of participations, the figures related to own funds requirements and own funds shall reflect the respective proportional amounts.

# 2.3. INFORMATION ON THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF INDIVIDUAL ENTITIES TO GROUP SOLVENCY

30. The objective of the third part of this template (information on the contributions of all entities within CRR scope of consolidation to group solvency), including those that are not subject to particular solvency requirements on an individual basis, in columns 250 to 400, is to identify which entities within the group generate the risks and raise own funds from the market, based on data that are readily available or can easily be reprocessed, without having to reconstruct the capital ratio on a solo or subconsolidated basis. At the entity level, both risk and own fund figures are contributions to the group figures and not elements of a solvency ratio on a solo basis and as such must not be compared to each other.

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- 31. 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs, 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov. uk. Deline third partnership includes the amounts not minority currently available on legislation gov. uk. qualifying T2 eligible in the consolidated own funds.
- As this third part of the template refers to 'contributions', the figures to be reported herein shall defer, when applicable, from the figures reported in the columns referring to detailed group solvency information.
- 33. The principle is to delete the cross-exposures within the same groups in a homogeneous way both in terms of risks or own funds, in order to cover the amounts reported in the group's consolidated CA template by adding the amounts reported for each entity in 'Group Solvency' template. In cases where the 1 % threshold is not exceeded a direct link to the CA template is not possible.
- 34. The institutions shall define the most appropriate breakdown method between the entities to take into account the possible diversification effects for market risk and operational risk.
- 35. It is possible for one consolidated group to be included within another consolidated group. This means that the entities within a subgroup shall be reported entity-by-entity in the GS of the entire group, even if the sub-group itself is subject to reporting requirements. If the subgroup is subject to reporting requirements, it shall also report the GS template on an entity-by-entity basis, although those details are included in the GS template of a higher consolidated group.
- 36. An institution shall report data of the contribution of an entity when its contribution to the total risk exposure amount exceeds 1 % of the total risk exposure amount of the group or when its contribution to the total own funds exceeds 1 % of the total own funds of the group. This threshold does not apply in the case of subsidiaries or subgroups that provide own funds (in the form of minority interests or qualifying AT1 or T2 instruments included in own funds) to the group.
- 2.4. C 06.01 GROUP SOLVENCY: INFORMATION ON AFFILIATES TOTAL (GS TOTAL)

Columns	Instructions
250-400	ENTITIES WITHIN SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION See instructions for C 06.02
410-480	CAPITAL BUFFERS See instructions for C 06.02
Rows	Instructions
010	TOTAL The Total shall represent the sum of the values reported in all rows of template C 06.02.

2.5. C 06.02 — GROUP SOLVENCY: INFORMATION ON AFFILIATES (GS)

ANNEX II Table 11: rows 1 - 59

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.J. 2018/11/5), regs. 2.3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk. Deads of Pelevant amending Instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

#### 3.1. **GENERAL REMARKS**

- 37 There are different sets of templates for the Standardised approach and the IRB approach for credit risk. Additionally, separate templates for the geographical breakdown of positions subject to credit risk shall be reported if the relevant threshold as set out in Article 5(a)(4) is exceeded.
- 3.1.1. Reporting of CRM techniques with substitution effect
- 38. Article 235 of CRR describes the computation procedure of the exposure which is fully protected by unfunded protection.
- 39. Article 236 of CRR describes the computation procedure of exposure which is fully protected by unfunded protection in the case of full protection/partial protection equal seniority.
- Articles 196, 197 and 200 of CRR regulate the funded credit protection. 40.
- 41. Reporting of exposures to obligors (immediate counterparties) and protection providers which are assigned to the same exposure class shall be done as an inflow as well as an outflow to the same exposure class.
- 42. The exposure type does not change because of unfunded credit protection.
- 43. If an exposure is secured by an unfunded credit protection, the secured part is assigned as an outflow e.g. in the exposure class of the obligor and as an inflow in the exposure class of the protection provider. However, the type of the exposure does not change due to the change of the exposure class.
- 44. The substitution effect in the COREP reporting framework shall reflect the risk weighting treatment effectively applicable to the covered part of the exposure. As such, the covered part of the exposure is risk weighted according to the SA approach and shall be reported in the CR SA template.
- 3.1.2. Reporting of Counterparty Credit Risk
- 45. Exposures stemming from Counterparty Credit Risk positions shall be reported in templates CR SA or CR IRB independent from whether they are Banking Book items or Trading Book items.
- 3.2. C 07.00 — CREDIT AND COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISKS AND FREE DELIVERIES: STANDARDISED APPROACH TO CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS (CR SA)
- 3.2.1. General remarks
- 46. The CR SA templates provide the necessary information on the calculation of own funds requirements for credit risk according to the standardised approach. In particular, they provide detailed information on:
- the distribution of the exposure values according to the different, exposure types, risk a) weights and exposure classes;
- b) the amount and type of credit risk mitigation techniques used for mitigating the risks.
- 3.2.2. Scope of the CR SA template

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- 47. 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk.

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- 48. The information in CR SA is requested for the total exposure classes and individually for each of the exposure classes as defined for the standardised approach. The total figures as well as the information of each exposure class are reported in a separate dimension.
- 49. However the following positions are not within the scope of CR SA:
- a) Exposures assigned to exposure class 'items representing securitisation positions' according to Article 112 (m) of CRR which shall be reported in the CR SEC templates.
- b) Exposures deducted from own funds.
- 50. The scope of the CR SA template covers the following own funds requirements:
- a) Credit risk in accordance with Chapter 2 (Standardised Approach) of Title II of Part Three of CRR in the banking book, among which Counterparty credit risk in accordance with Chapter 6 (Counterparty credit risk) of Title II of Part Three of CRR in the banking book;
- b) Counterparty credit risk in accordance with Chapter 6 (Counterparty credit risk) of Title II of Part Three of CRR in the trading book;
- c) Settlement risk arising from free deliveries in accordance with Article 379 of CRR in respect of all the business activities.
- The scope of the template are all exposures for which the own funds requirements are calculated according to part 3 title II chapter 2 of CRR in conjunction with part 3 title II chapter 4 and 6 of CRR. Institutions that apply Article 94(1) of CRR also need to report their trading book positions in this template when they apply part 3 title II chapter 2 of CRR to calculate the own funds requirements thereof (part 3 title II chapter 2 and 6 and title V of CRR). Therefore the template provides not only detailed information on the type of the exposure (e.g. on balance sheet/off balance sheet items), but also information on the allocation of risk weights within the respective exposure class.
- 52. In addition CR SA includes memorandum items in rows 290 to 320 in order to collect further information about exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property and exposures in default.
- 53. These memorandum items shall only be reported for the following exposure classes:
- a) Central governments or central banks (Article 112 point (a) of CRR)
- b) Regional governments or local authorities (Article 112 point (b) of CRR)
- c) Public sector entities (Article 112 point (c) of CRR)
- d) Institutions (Article 112 point (f) of CRR)
- e) Corporates (Article 112 point (g) of CRR)
- f) Retail (Article 112 point (h) of CRR).
- 54. The reporting of the memorandum items affect neither the calculation of the risk weighted exposure amounts of the exposure classes according to Article 112 points a)

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- 55. The memorandum rows provide additional information about the obligor structure of the exposure classes 'in default' or 'secured by immovable property'. Exposures shall be reported in these rows wherethe obligors would have been reported in the exposure classes 'Central governments or central banks', 'Regional governments or local authorities', 'Public sector entities', 'Institutions', 'Corporates' and 'Retail' of CR SA, if those exposures were not assigned to the exposure classes 'in default' or 'secured by immovable property'. However the figures reported are the same as used to calculate the risk weighted exposure amounts in the exposure classes 'in default' or 'secured by immovable property'.
- 56. E.g. if an exposure, the risk exposure amounts of which are calculated subject to Article 127 of CRR and the value adjustments are less than 20 %, then this information is reported in CR SA, row 320 in the total and in the exposure class 'in default'. If this exposure, before it defaulted, was an exposure to an institution then this information shall also be reported in row 320 of exposure class 'institutions'.
- 3.2.3. Assignment of exposures to exposure classes under the Standardised Approach
- 57. In order to ensure a consistent categorisation of exposures into the different exposure classes as defined in Article 112 of CRR the following sequential approach shall be applied:
- a) In the first step the Original exposure pre conversion factors is classified into the corresponding (original) exposure class as referred to in Article 112 of CRR, without prejudice to the specific treatment (risk weight) that each specific exposure shall receive within the assigned exposure class.
- b) In a second step the exposures may be redistributed to other exposure classes due to the application of credit risk mitigation (CRM) techniques with substitution effects on the exposure (e.g. guarantees, credit derivatives, financial collateral simple method) via inflows and outflows.
- The following criteria apply for the classification of the Original exposure pre conversion factors into the different exposure classes (first step) without prejudice to the subsequent redistribution caused by the use of CRM techniques with substitution effects on the exposure or to the treatment (risk weight) that each specific exposure shall receive within the assigned exposure class.
- 59. For the purpose of classifying the original exposure pre conversion factor in the first step, the CRM techniques associated to the exposure shall not be considered (note that they shall be considered explicitly in the second phase) unless a protection effect is intrinsically part of the definition of an exposure class as it is the case in the exposure class mentioned in Article 112 point (i) of CRR (exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property).
- 60. Article 112 of CRR does not provide criteria for disjoining the exposure classes. This might imply that one exposure could potentially be classified in different exposure classes if no prioritisation in the assessment criteria for the classification is provided. The most obvious case arises between exposures to institutions and corporate with a short-term credit assessment (Article 112 point (n) of CRR) and exposures to institutions (Article 112 point (f) of CRR)/exposures to corporates (Article 112 point (g) of CRR). In this case it is clear that there is an implicit prioritisation in the CRR since it shall be assessed first if a certain exposure fit for being assigned to Short-

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- 61. For a homogeneous and comparable reporting it is necessary to specify prioritisation assessment criteria for the assignment of the Original exposure pre conversion factor by exposure classes, without prejudice to the specific treatment (risk weight) that each specific exposure shall receive within the assigned exposure class. The prioritisation criteria presented below using a decision tree scheme are based on the assessment of the conditions explicitly laid down in the CRR for an exposure to fit in a certain exposure class and, if it is the case, on any decision on the part of the reporting institutions or the supervisor on the applicability of certain exposure classes. As such, the outcome of the exposure assignment process for reporting purposes would be in line with CRR provisions. This does not preclude institutions to apply other internal assignment procedures that may also be consistent with all relevant CRR provisions and its interpretations issued by the appropriate fora.
- 62. An exposure class shall be given priority to others in the assessment ranking in the decision tree (i.e. it shall be first assessed if an exposure can be assigned to it, without prejudice to the outcome of that assessment) if otherwise no exposures would potentially be assigned to it. This would be the case when in the absence of prioritisation criteria one exposure class would be a subset of others. As such the criteria graphically depicted in the following decision tree would work on a sequential process.
- With this background the assessment ranking in the decision tree mentioned below would follow the following order:
- 1. Securitisation positions;
- 2. Items associated with particular high risk;
- 3. Equity exposures
- 4. Exposures in default;
- 5. Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings ('CIU')/ Exposures in the form of covered bonds (disjoint exposure classes);
- 6. Exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property;
- 7. Other items;
- 8. Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment;
- 9. All other exposure classes (disjoint exposure classes) which include Exposures to central governments or central banks; Exposures to regional governments or local authorities; Exposures to public sector entities; Exposures to multilateral development banks; Exposures to international organisations; Exposures to institutions; Exposures to corporate and Retail exposures.

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- 64. 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk.

  Denils the reason of energy swifting individual photophen must site. States of pocular thy entry estment undertakings and where the look through approach (Article 132(3) to (5) of CRR) is used, the underlying individual exposures shall be considered and classified into their corresponding risk weight line according to their treatment, but all the individual exposures shall be classified within the exposure class of exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings ('CIU').
- 65. In the case of 'nth' to default credit derivatives specified in Article 134(6) of CRR, if they are rated, they shall be directly classified as securitisation positions. If they are not rated, they shall be considered in the 'Other items' exposure class. In this latter case the nominal amount of the contract shall be reported as the Original exposure pre conversion factors in the line for 'Other risk weights' (the risk weight used shall be that specified by the sum indicated under Article 134(6) of CRR.
- 66. In a second step, as a consequence of credit risk mitigation techniques with substitution effects, exposures shall be reallocated to the exposure class of the protection provider.

ANNEX II Table 12: rows 1 - 18

- 3.2.4. Clarifications on the scope of some specific exposure classes referred to in Article 112 of CRR
- 3.2.4.1. Exposure Class 'Institutions'
- 67. Reporting of intra-group exposures according to Article 113(6) to (7) of CRR shall be done as follows:
- 68. Exposures which fulfil the requirements of Article 113(7) of CRR shall be reported in the respective exposure classes where they would be reported if they were no intragroup exposures.
- 69. According Article 113(6) and (7) of CRR 'an institution may, subject to the prior approval of the competent authorities, decide not to apply the requirements of paragraph 1 of this Article to the exposures of that institution to a counterparty which is its parent undertaking, its subsidiary, a subsidiary of its parent undertaking or an undertaking linked by a relationship within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349/EEC.' This means that intra-group counterparties are not necessarily institutions but also undertakings which are assigned to other exposure classes, e.g. ancillary services undertakings or undertakings within the meaning of Article 12(1) of Directive 83/349/EEC. Therefore intra-group exposures shall be reported in the corresponding exposure class.
- 3.2.4.2. Exposure Class 'Covered Bonds'
- 70. The assignment of SA exposures to the exposure class 'covered bonds' shall be done as follows:
- 71. Bonds as defined in Article 52(4) of Directive 2009/65/EC shall fulfil the requirements of Article 129(1) to (2) of CRR to be classified in the exposure class 'Covered Bonds'. The fulfilment of those requirements has to be checked in each case. Nevertheless, bonds according to Article 52(4) of Directive 2009/65/EC and issued before 31 December 2007, are also assigned to the exposure class 'Covered Bonds' because of Article 129(6) of CRR.

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- 72. Where the possibility according to Article 132(5) of CRR is used, exposures in the form of units or shares in CIUs shall be reported as on balance sheet items according to Article 111(1) sentence 1 of CRR.
- 3.2.5. Instructions concerning specific positions

## Columns

010

# ORIGINAL EXPOSURE PRE CONVERSION FACTORS

Exposure value without taking into account value adjustments and provisions, conversion factors and the effect of credit risk mitigation techniques with the following qualifications stemming from Article 111(2) of CRR: For Derivative instruments, repurchase transactions, securities or commodities lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and margin lending transactions subject to part 3 title II chapter 6 of CRR or subject to Article 92(3) point (f) of CRR, the original exposure shall correspond to the Exposure Value for Counterparty Credit Risk calculated according to the methods laid down in part 3 title II chapter 6 of CRR.

Exposure values for leases are subject to Article 134(7) of CRR.

In case of on-balance sheet netting laid down in Article 219 of CRR the exposure values shall be reported according to the received cash collateral.

In the case of master netting agreements covering repurchase transactions and/ or securities or commodities lending or borrowing transactions and/or other capital market driven transactions subject to part 3 title II chapter 6 of CRR, the effect of Funded Credit Protection in the form of master netting agreements as under Article 220(4) of CRR shall be included in column 010. Therefore, in the case of master netting agreements covering repurchase transactions subject to the provisions in part 3 title II chapter 6 of CRR, E\* as calculated under Articles 220 and 221 of CRR shall be reported in column 010 of the CR SA template.

(-) Value adjustments and provision associated with the original exposure Article 24 and 110 of CRR

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	accounting framework to which the reporting entity is subject to.
040	Exposure net of value adjustments and provisions Sum of columns 010 and 030.
050-100	CREDIT RISK MITIGATION (CRM) TECHNIQUES WITH SUBSTITUTION EFFECTS ON THE EXPOSURE Credit risk mitigation techniques as defined in Article 4(57) of CRR that reduce the credit risk of an exposure or exposures via the substitution of exposures as defined below in Substitution of the exposure due to CRM. If collateral has an effect on the exposure value (e.g. if used for credit risk mitigation techniques with substitution effects on the exposure) it shall be capped at the exposure value.  Items to be reported here:  — collateral, incorporated according to Financial Collateral Simple Method;  — eligible unfunded credit protection. Please also see instructions of point 4.1.1.
050-060	Unfunded credit protection: adjusted values (Ga) Article 235 of CRR Article 239(3) of CRR defines the adjusted value Ga of an unfunded credit protection.
050	Guarantees  — Article 203 of CRR  — Unfunded Credit Protection as defined in Article 4(59) of CRR different from Credit Derivatives.
060	Credit derivatives Article 204 of CRR.
070-080	Funded credit protection These columns refer to funded credit protection according to Article 4(58) of CRR and Articles 196, 197 and 200 of CRR. The amounts shall not include master netting agreements (already included in Original Exposure pre conversion factors). Credit Linked Notes and on-balance sheet netting positions resulting from eligible onbalance sheet netting agreements according

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be found tredition was tash Scotlatof Abcument for details)		
070	Financial collateral: simple method Article 222(1) to (2) of CRR.	
080	Other funded credit protection Article 232 of CRR.	
090-100	SUBSTITUTION OF THE EXPOSURE DUE TO CRM  Articles 222(3), Article 235(1) to (2) and Article 236 of CRR.  Outflows correspond to the covered part of the Original Exposure pre conversion factors, that is deducted from the obligor's exposure class and subsequently assigned to the protection provider's exposure class. This amount shall be considered as an Inflow into the protection provider's exposure class. Inflows and outflows within the same exposure classes shall also be reported. Exposures stemming from possible in- and outflows from and to other templates shall be taken into account.	
110	NET EXPOSURE AFTER CRM SUBSTITUTION EFFECTS PRE CONVERSION FACTORS Amount of the exposure net of value adjustments after taking into account outflows and inflows due to CREDIT RISK MITIGATION (CRM) TECHNIQUES WITH SUBSTITUTION EFFECTS ON THE EXPOSURE	
120-140	CREDIT RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES AFFECTING THE EXPOSURE AMOUNT. FUNDED CREDIT PROTECTION, FINANCIAL COLLATERAL COMPREHENSIVE METHOD Articles 223, 224, 225, 226, 227 and 228 of CRR. It also includes credit linked notes (Article 218 of CRR) Credit Linked Notes and on-balance sheet netting positions resulting from eligible on- balance sheet netting agreements according to Articles 218 and 219 of CRR are treated as cash collateral. The effect of the collateralization of the Financial Collateral Comprehensive Method applied to an exposure, which is secured by eligible financial collateral, is calculated	

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120	Volatility adjustment to the exposure Article 223(2) to (3) of CRR. The amount to be reported is given by the impact of the volatility adjustment to the exposure (EVA-E) = E*He
130	(Cvam) Article 239(2) of CRR. For trading book operations includes financial collateral and commodities eligible for trading book exposures according to Article 299(2) points (c) to (f) of CRR. The amount to be reported corresponds to Cvam = C*(1-Hc-Hfx)*(t-t*)/(T-t*). For a definition of C, Hc, Hfx, t, T and t* see part 3 title II chapter 4 section 4 and 5 of CRR.
140	(-) Of which: Volatility and maturity adjustments Article 223(1) of CRR and Article 239(2) of CRR.  The amount to be reported is the joint impact of volatility and maturity adjustments (Cvam-C) = C*[(1-Hc-Hfx)*(t-t*)/(T-t*)-1], where the impact of volatility adjustment is (Cva-C) = C*[(1-Hc-Hfx)-1] and the impact of maturity adjustments is (Cvam-Cva) = C*(1-Hc-Hfx)*[(t-t*)/(T-t*)-1]
150	Fully adjusted exposure value (E*) Article 220(4), Article 223(2) to (5) and Article 228(1) of CRR.
160-190	Breakdown of the fully adjusted exposure value of off-balance sheet items by conversion factors Article 111(1) and Article 4(56) of CRR. See also Article 222(3) and Article 228(1) of CRR.
200	Exposure value Part 3 title II chapter 4 section 4 of CRR. Exposure value after taking into account value adjustments, all credit risk mitigants and credit conversion factors that is to be assigned to risk weights according to Article 113 and part 3 title II chapter 2 section 2 of CRR.
210	Of which: Arising from Counterparty Credit Risk

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240	Of which: with a credit assessment derived from central government
230	Of which: with a credit assessment by a nominated ECAI
220	Risk weighted exposure amount after SME-supporting factor Article 113(1) to (5) of CRR taking into account the SME-supporting factor according to Article 500 of CRR.
215	Risk weighted exposure amount pre SME- supporting factor Article 113(1) to (5) of CRR without taking into account the SME-supporting factor according to Article 501 of CRR.
	lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and margin lending transactions subject to part 3 title II chapter 6 of CRR, the exposure value for Counterparty Credit Risk calculated according to the methods laid down in part 3 title II chapter 6 sections 2, 3, 4, 5 of CRR.

ANNEX II Table 14: rows 1 - 37

- 3.3. CREDIT AND COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISKS AND FREE DELIVERIES: IRB APPROACH TO OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS (CR IRB)
- 3.3.1. Scope of the CR IRB template
- 73. The scope of the CR IRB template covers own funds requirements for:
- i. Credit risk in the banking book, among which:
  - Counterparty credit risk in the banking book;
  - Dilution risk for purchased receivables;
- ii. Counterparty credit risk in the trading book;
- iii. Free deliveries resulting from all business activities...
- 74. The scope of the template refers to the exposures for which the risk weighted exposure amounts are calculated according to Articles 151 to 157 Part Three Title II Chapter 3 CRR (IRB approach).
- 75. The CR IRB template does not cover the following data:
- i. Equity exposures, which are reported in the CR EQU IRB template;
- ii. Securitisation positions, which are reported in the CR SEC SA, CR SEC IRB and/or CR SEC Details templates;

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2018 Other monsoldigation cassets the conding to Article of Cash in hand, equivalent cash items and exposures that are residual values of leased assets, according to Article 156 CRR. The risk weighted exposure amounts for this exposure class are reported directly in the CA-Template;

iv. Credit valuation adjustment risk, which is reported on the CVA Risk template;

The CR IRB template does not require a geographical breakdown of IRB exposures by residence of the counterparty. This breakdown is reported in the template CR GB.

76. In order to clarify whether the institution uses its own estimates for LGD and/or credit conversion factors the following information shall be provided for each reported exposure class:

'NO' = in case the supervisory estimates of LGD and credit conversion factors are used (Foundation IRB)

= in case own estimates of LGD and credit conversion factors are used (Advanced IRB)

In any case, for the reporting of the retail portfolios 'YES' has to be reported.

In case an institution uses own estimates of LGDs to calculate risk weighted exposure amounts for a part of its IRB exposures as well as uses supervisory LGDs to calculate risk weighted exposure amounts for the other part of its IRB exposures, an CR IRB Total for F-IRB positions and one CR IRB Total for A-IRB positions has to be reported.

- 3.3.2. Breakdown of the CR IRB template
- 77. The CR IRB consists of two templates. CR IRB 1 provides a general overview of IRB exposures and the different methods to calculate total risk exposure amounts as well as a breakdown of total exposures by exposure types. CR IRB 2 provides a breakdown of total exposures assigned to obligor grades or pools. The templates CR IRB 1 and CR IRB 2 shall be reported separately for the following exposure and sub-exposure classes:
- 1) Total

'YES'

(The Total template must be reported for the Foundation IRB and, separately for the Advanced IRB approach.)

2) Central banks and central governments

(Article 147(2)(a) CRR)

3) Institutions

(Article 147(2) point (b) CRR)

4.1) Corporate — SME

(Article 147(2) point (c) CRR

4.2) Corporate — Specialised lending

(Article 147(8) CRR)

4.3) Corporate — Other

(All corporates according to Article 147(2) point (c), not reported under 4.1 and 4.2).

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2018 Retail H8/4 Secured by summon able property is SM for currently available on legislation.gov.uk.

Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

(Exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) in conjunction with Article 154(3) CRR which are secured by immovable property).

- 5.2) Retail Secured by immovable property non-SME

  (Exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) CRR which are secured by immovable property and not reported under 5.1).
- 5.3) Retail Qualifying revolving

  (Article 147(2) point (d) in conjunction with Article 154(4) CRR).
- 5.4) Retail Other SME
  (Article 147(2) point (d) not reported under 5.1 and 5.3).
- 5.5) Retail Other non SME

  (Article 147(2) point (d) CRR which were not reported under 5.2 and 5.3).
- 3.3.3. C 08.01 Credit and counterparty credit risks and free deliveries: IRB Approach to Capital Requirements (CR IRB 1)
- 3.3.3.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

ANNEX II Table 15: rows 1 - 34

Rows	Instructions
010	TOTAL EXPOSURES
015	of which: Exposures subject to SME-supporting factor Only exposures which meet the requirements of Article 501 CRR shall be reported here.
020-060	BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL EXPOSURES BY EXPOSURE TYPES:
020	On balance sheet items subject to credit risk  Assets referred to in Article 24 of CRR not included in any other category.  Exposures, which are on-balance sheet items and which are included as Securities Financing Transactions, Derivatives & Long Settlement Transactions or from Contractual Cross Product Netting shall be reported in rows 040-060 and, therefore, not reported in this row.  Free deliveries according to Article 379(1) of CRR (if not deducted) do not constitute an on-balance sheet item, but nevertheless shall be reported in this row.

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powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Techn. 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	tion Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under cal Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations disappositions and the Apposition of the Company of the
Details of relevant amending instruments can be joun	and default fund exposures according to Article 4(89) of CRR shall be included if not reported in row 030.
030	Off balance sheet items subject to credit risk Off-balance sheet positions comprise those items listed in Annex I of CRR. Exposures, which are off-balance sheet items and which are included as Securities Financing Transactions, Derivatives & Long Settlement Transactions or from Contractual Cross Product Netting shall be reported in rows 040-060 and, therefore, not reported in this row. Exposures arising from assets posted to a CCP according to Article 4(91) of CRR and default fund exposures according to Article 4(89) of CRR shall be included if they are considered as off-balance sheet items.
040-060	Exposures/Transactions subject to counterparty credit risk
040	Securities Financing Transactions Securities Financing Transactions (SFT), as defined in paragraph 17 of the Basel Committee document 'The Application of Basel II to Trading Activities and the Treatment of Double Default Effects', includes: (i) Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements defined in Article 4(82) of CRR as well as securities or commodities lending and borrowing transactions and (ii) margin lending transactions as defined in Article 272(3) of CRR. Securities Financing Transactions, which are included in a Cross Product Netting and therefore reported in row 060, shall not be reported in this row.
050	Derivatives and Long Settlement Transactions Derivatives comprise those contracts listed in Annex II of CRR. Derivatives and Long Settlement Transactions which are included in a Cross Product Netting and therefore reported in row 060 shall not be reported in this row.

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EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regula	italistics 2014 No. 080 may be subject to amenament by tion Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under
070 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations dexPOSURES (ASSIGNED TO OBLAGOR descriptions of Research (Regulations) descriptions of Research (Regulations)
	For exposures to corporates, institutions and Central governments and Central Banks see Article 142(1) point (6) and Article 170(1) point (c) of CRR.  For retail exposures see Article 170(3) point (b) of CRR. For Exposures arising from purchased receivables see Article 166(6) of CRR.  Exposures for dilution risk of purchased receivables shall not be reported by obligor grades or pools and shall be reported in row 180.  Where the institution uses a large number of grades or pools to be reported may be agreed with the competent authorities.  A master scale is not used. Instead, institutions shall determine the scale to be used themselves.
080	SPECIALIZED LENDING SLOTTING CRITERIA: TOTAL Article 153(5) of CRR. This only applies to the corporates, institutions and central governments and central banks exposure classes.
090-150	BREAKDOWN BY RISK WEIGHTS OF TOTAL EXPOSURES UNDER SPECIALIZED LENDING SLOTTING CRITERIA:
120	Of which: In category 1 Article 153(5) table 1 of CRR.
160	ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT: SECURED BY REAL ESTATE Articles 193(1) and (2), 194 (1) to (7) and 230 (3) of CRR.
170	EXPOSURES FROM FREE DELIVERIES APPLYING RISK WEIGHTS UNDER THE ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT OR 100 % AND OTHER EXPOSURES SUBJECT TO RISK WEIGHTS Exposures arising from free deliveries for which the alternative treatment referred to in Article 379(2) first subparagraph, last sentence of CRR is used or for which a 100 % risk weight is applied according to a Article 379(2) last subparagraph of CRR. Unrated nth to default credit derivatives

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	in any other row shall be reported in this row.
180	DILUTION RISK: TOTAL PURCHASED
	RECEIVABLES
	See Article 4(53) of CRR for a definition of
	dilution risk. For calculation of risk weight
	for dilution risk see Article 157(1) of CRR.
	According to Article 166(6) of CRR the
	exposure value of purchased receivables shall
	be the outstanding amount minus the risk
	weighted exposure amounts for dilution risk
	prior to credit risk mitigation.

3.3.4. C 08.02 — Credit and counterparty credit risks and free deliveries: IRB approach to capital requirements (breakdown by obligor grades or pools (CR IRB 2 template)

Column	Instructions
005	Obligor grade (row identifier) This is a row identifier and shall be unique for each row on a particular sheet of the table. It shall follow the numerical order 1, 2, 3, etc.
010-300	Instructions for each of these columns are the same as for the corresponding numbered columns in table CR IRB 1.
Row	Instructions
010-001 — 010-NNN	Values reported in these rows must be in ordered from the lower to the higher according to the PD assigned to the obligor grade or pool. PD of obligors in default shall be 100 %. Exposures subject to the

3.4. CREDIT AND COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISKS AND FREE DELIVERIES: INFORMATION WITH GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN (CR GB)

this template.

alternative treatment for real estate collateral (only available when not using own estimates for the LGD) shall not be assigned according to the PD of the obligor and not reported in

78. Institutions fulfilling the threshold set in Article 5 (a) (4) of this Regulation shall submit information regarding the domestic country as well as any non-domestic country. The threshold is only applicable to Table 1 and Table 2. Exposures to supranational organisations shall be assigned to the geographical area 'other countries'.

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- 79. 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk.

  Delate of the variableing of the obligor before the country of the country of the country.

  This concept can be applied on an immediate-obligor basis and on an ultimate-risk basis. Hence, CRM techniques can change the allocation of an exposure to a country. Exposures to supranational organisations shall not be assigned to the country of residence of the institution but to the geographical area 'Other countries' irrespective of the exposure class where the exposure to supranational organisations is assigned.
- 80. Data regarding 'original exposure pre conversion factors' shall be reported referring to the country of residence of the immediate obligor. Data regarding 'exposure value' and 'Risk weighted exposure amounts' shall be reported as of the country of residence of the ultimate obligor.
- 3.4.1. C 09.01 Geographical breakdown of exposures by residence of the obligor: SA exposures (CR GB 1)

# 3.4.1.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	ORIGINAL EXPOSURE PRE CONVERSION FACTORS Same definition as for column 010 of CR SA template
020	Exposures in default Original exposure pre conversion factors for those exposures which have been classified as 'defaulted exposures'. This 'memorandum item' provides additional information about the obligor structure of the exposure class 'in default'. Exposures shall be reported where the obligors would have been reported if those exposures were not assigned to the exposure classes 'in default'. This information is a 'memorandum item' — hence does not affect the calculation of risk weighted exposure amounts of exposure class 'in default' according to Article 112 point (j) of CRR.
040	Observed new defaults for the period The amount of original exposures which have moved into exposure class 'Exposures in default' during the 3-month period since the last reporting reference date shall be reported against the exposure class to which the obligor originally belonged.
050	General credit risk adjustments Credit risk adjustments according to Article 110 of CRR.
055	Specific credit risk adjustments Credit risk adjustments according to Article 110 of CRR.

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	recognised directly in profit or loss [IFRS 7.B5.(d).(i)] and reductions in the amounts of the allowance accounts charged against the impaired financial assets [IFRS 7.B5.(d).(ii)].
070	Credit risk adjustments/write-offs for observed new defaults Sum of credit risk adjustments and write-offs for those exposures which were classified as 'defaulted exposures' during the 3-month period since the last data submission.
075	Exposure value Same definition as for column 200 of CR SA template
080	RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNT PRE SME-SUPPORTING FACTOR Same definition as for column 215 of CR SA template
090	RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNT AFTER SME-SUPPORTING FACTOR Same definition as for column 220 of CR SA template
Rows	
010	Central governments or central banks Article 112 point (a) of CRR.
020	Regional governments or local authorities Article 112 point (b) of CRR.
030	Public sector entities Article 112 point (c) of CRR.
040	Multilateral developments banks Article 112 point (d) of CRR.
050	International organisations Article 112 point (e) of CRR.
060	Institutions Article 112 point (f) of CRR.
070	Corporates Article 112 point (g) of CRR.
075	of which: SME Same definition as for row 020of CR SA template

template

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under

080 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These ame	nical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations end Reets He not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. and an their websites, (See end of Document for details) Afficie 112 point (h) of CRR.
085	of which: SME Same definition as for row 020of CR SA template
090	Secured by mortgages on immovable property Article 112 point (i) of CRR.
095	of which: SME Same definition as for row 020 of CR SA template
100	Exposures in default Article 112 point (j) of CRR.
110	Items associated with particularly high risk Article 112 point (k) of CRR.
120	Covered bonds Article 112 point (1) of CRR.
130	Claims on institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment Article 112 point (n) of CRR.
140	Collective investments undertakings (CIU) Article 112 point (o) of CRR.
150	Equity exposures Article 112 point (p) of CRR.
160	Other exposures Article 112 point (q) of CRR.

3.4.2. C 09.02 — Geographical breakdown of exposures by residence of the obligor: IRB exposures (CR GB 2)

# 3.4.2.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	ORIGINAL EXPOSURE PRE CONVERSION FACTORS Same definition as for column 020 of CR IRB template
030	Of which defaulted Original exposure value for those exposures which have been classified as 'defaulted exposures' according to CRR article 178.
040	Observed new defaults for the period The amount of original exposures which have moved into exposure class 'Exposures

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	reported against the exposure class to which the obligor originally belonged.
050	General credit risk adjustments Credit risk adjustments according to Article 110of CRR.
055	Specific credit risk adjustments Credit risk adjustments according to Article 110 of CRR.
060	Write-offs Write-offs include both reductions of the carrying of impaired financial assets recognised directly in profit or loss [IFRS 7.B5.(d).(i)] and reductions in the amounts of the allowance accounts charged against the impaired financial assets [IFRS 7.B5.(d).(ii)].
070	Credit risk adjustments/write-offs for observed new defaults Sum of credit risk adjustments and write-offs for those exposures which were classified as 'defaulted exposures' during the 3-month period since the last data submission.
080	INTERNAL RATING SYSTEM/PD ASSIGNED TO THE OBLIGOR GRADE OR POOL (%) Same definition as for column 010 of CR IRB template
090	EXPOSURE WEIGHTED AVERAGE LGD (%) Same definition as for column 230 of CR IRB template. Provisions laid down in Article 181(1) point (h) of CRR shall apply. Data shall not be reported for specialized lending exposures referred to in Article 153(5).
100	Of which: defaulted Exposure weighted LGD for those exposures which have been classified as 'defaulted exposures' according to Article 178 of CRR.
105	Exposure value Same definition as for column 110 of CR IRB template.
110	RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNT PRE SME-SUPPORTING FACTOR Same definition as for column 255 of CR IRB template

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under the content of the Prudential Regulation Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EUE Fit) Perulation

powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Techn. 120 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	tion Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations  OF WHICH (WERNIN W) lable on legislation.gov.uk.
	Risk weighted exposure amount for details exposures which have been classified as 'defaulted exposures' according to Article 178 of CRR.
125	RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNT AFTER SME-SUPPORTING FACTOR Same definition as for column 260 of CR IRB template
130	EXPECTED LOSS AMOUNT Same definition as for column 280 of CR IRB template
Rows	
010	Central banks and central governments (Article 147(2)(a) CRR)
020	Institutions (Article 147(2) point (b) CRR)
030	Corporates (All corporates according to Article 147(2) point (c).)
040	Of which: Specialized lending (Article 147(8) a CRR) Data shall not be reported for specialized lending exposures referred to in Article 153(5).
050	Of which: SME (Article 147(2) point (c) CRR)
060	Retail All Retail exposures according to Article 147(2) point (d)
070	Retail — Secured by real estate property Exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) CRR which are secured by real estate.
080	Retail exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) in conjunction with Article 153(3) CRR which are secured by real estate.
090	non-SME Retail exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) CRR which are secured by real estate.
100	Retail — Qualifying revolving (Article 147(2) point (d) in conjunction with Article 154(4) CRR).

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110 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen Details of relevant amending instruments can be foun	dother Retailently available on legislation gov.uk. d on their website/s. (See end of Document for details) to Article 147(2) point (d) not reported in rows 070— 100.
120	Other retail exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) in conjunction with Article 153(3) CRR.
130	non-SME Other retail exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (d) CRR.
140	Equity Equity exposures reflecting Article 147(2) point (e) CRR.

3.4.3. C 09.03 — Geographical breakdown of relevant credit exposures for the purpose of calculation of the institution-specific countercyclical buffer (CR GB 3)

### 3.4.3.1. General remarks

81. According to Article 128 point (7) in connection with Articles 130 and 140 (1) CRD the countercyclical buffer rate is the 'weighted average of the countercyclical buffer rates that apply in the jurisdiction where the relevant credit exposures of the institution are located'. The weighted average is calculated as follows:

a) Numerator : Total own funds requirements for credit risk determined in accordance

with Part Three, Titles II and IV of CRR that relate to the relevant credit

exposures in the territory in question

b)Denominator : Total own funds requirements for credit risk that relate to the relevant

credit exposures

- 82. This table is implemented in order to receive more information regarding the elements of the institution specific countercyclical capital buffer. The information requested refers to the own funds requirements for credit exposures, securitisation exposures and trading book exposures relevant for the calculation of the institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (CCB) in accordance with Art 140 CRD (relevant credit exposures), and determined in accordance with Part Three, Title II and Title IV of the CRR.
- 83. The information shall be reported by country. The distribution by country of own fund requirements of relevant credit exposures should be made in accordance with the provisions laid down in the EBA RTS on the method for the identification of the geographical location of the relevant credit exposures EBA/RTS/2013/15. The threshold set in Article 5 (a) (4) of this Regulation is not relevant for the reporting of this breakdown.

# 3.4.3.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Rows	
010	Own funds requirements
	Own funds requirements for relevant credit
	exposures, trading book exposures and

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accordance with Part Three, Title II and Title IV of the CRR.

- 3.5. C 10.01 AND C 10.02 EQUITY EXPOSURES UNDER THE INTERNAL RATINGS BASED APPROACH (CR EQU IRB 1 AND CR EQU IRB 2)
- 3.5.1. General remarks
- 84. The CR EQU IRB template consists of two templates: CR EQU IRB 1 provides a general overview of IRB exposures of the equity exposure class and the different methods to calculate total risk exposure amounts. CR EQU IRB 2 provides a breakdown of total exposures assigned to obligor grades in the context of the PD/LGD approach. 'CR EQU IRB' refers to both 'CR EQU IRB 1' and 'CR EQU IRB 2' templates, as applicable, in the following instructions.
- 85. The CR EQU IRB template provides information on the calculation of risk weighted exposure amounts for credit risk (Article 92(3) point (a) of CRR) according to the IRB method (Part Three, Title II, Chapter 3 of CRR) for equity exposures referred to in Article 147(2) point (e) of CRR.
- 86. According to Article 147(6) of CRR, the following exposures shall be assigned to the equity exposure class:
- a) non-debt exposures conveying a subordinated, residual claim on the assets or income of the issuer; or
- b) debt exposures and other securities, partnerships, derivatives, or other vehicles, the economic substance of which is similar to the exposures specified in point (a).
- 87. Collective investment undertakings treated according to the simple risk weight approach as referred to in Article 152 of CRR shall also be reported in the CR EQU IRB template.
- 88. In accordance with Article 151(1) of CRR, institutions shall provide the CR EQU IRB template when applying one of the three approaches referred to in Article 155 of CRR:
- the Simple Risk Weight approach,
- the PD/LGD approach, or
- the Internal Models approach.

Moreover, institutions applying the IRB approach shall also report in the CR EQU IRB template risk-weighted exposure amounts for those equity exposures which attract a fixed risk-weight treatment (without however being explicitly treated according to the Simple Risk Weight approach or the (temporary or permanent) partial use of the credit risk standardised approach (e.g. equity exposures attracting a risk-weight of 250 % in accordance with Article 48(4) of CRR, respectively a risk-weight of 370 % in accordance with Article 471(2) of CRR))).

- 89. The following equity claims shall not be reported in the CR EQU IRB template:
- Equity exposures in the trading book (in case where institutions are not exempted from calculating own funds requirements for trading book positions according to Article 94 of CRR).
- Equity exposures subject to the partial use of the standardised approach (Article 150 of CRR), including:

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- Detributy exposition in the true with the second of the
- Equity exposures incurred under legislated programmes to promote specified sectors
  of the economy that provide significant subsidies for the investment to the institution
  and involve some form of government oversight and restrictions on the equity
  investments (Article 150(1) point (h) of CRR).
- Equity exposures to ancillary services undertakings whose risk weighted exposure amounts may be calculated according to the treatment of 'other non credit-obligation assets' (in accordance with Article 155(1) of CRR).
- Equity claims deducted from own funds in accordance with Articles 46 and 48 of the CRR.
- 3.5.2. Instructions concerning specific positions (applicable to both CR EQU IRB 1 and CR EQU IRB 2)

Columns		
005	OBLIGOR GRADE (ROW IDENTIFIER) The obligor grade is a row identifier and shall be unique for each row in the table. It shall follow the numerical order 1, 2, 3, etc.	
010	INTERNAD ASSIGNED TO THE RATINGOBLIGOR GRADE (%) SYSTEM Institutions applying the PD/LGD approach report in column 010 the probability of default (PD) calculated in accordance with the provisions referred to in Article 165(1) of CRR. The PD assigned to the obligor grade or pool to be reported shall be in line with the minimum requirements as laid down in Part Three, Title II, Chapter 3, Section 6 of CRR. For each individual grade or pool, the PD assigned to that specific obligor grade or pool shall be reported. All reported risk parameters shall be derived from the risk parameters used in the internal rating system approved by the respective competent authority.  For figures corresponding to an aggregation of obligor grades or pools (e.g. 'total exposures') the exposure weighted average of the PDs assigned to the obligor grades or pools included in the aggregation shall be provided. All exposures, including defaulted exposures are to be considered for the	
	purpose of the calculation of the exposure weighted average PD. For the calculation of the exposure-weighted average PD, the	

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for weighting purposes.

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# ORIGINAL EXPOSURE PRE CONVERSION FACTORS

Institutions report in column 020 the original exposure value (pre conversion factors). According to the provisions laid down in Article 167 of CRR, the exposure value for equity exposures shall be the accounting value remaining after specific credit risk adjustments. The exposure value of off-balance sheet equity exposures shall be its nominal value after specific credit risk adjustments.

Institutions also include in column 020 off balance sheet items referred to in Annex I of CRR assigned to the equity exposure class (e.g. 'the unpaid portion of partly-paid shares').

Institutions applying the Simple Risk Weight approach or the PD/LGD approach (as referred to in Article 165(1) also consider the offsetting provisions referred to in Article 155(2) of CRR.

030-040

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Irrespective of the approach adopted for the calculation of risk weighted exposure amounts for equity exposures, institutions may recognize unfunded credit protection obtained on equity exposures (Article 155(2), (3) and (4) of CRR). Institutions applying the Simple Risk Weight approach or the PD/LGD approach report in columns 030 and 040 the amount of unfunded credit protection under the form of guarantees (column 030) or credit derivatives (column 040) recognised in accordance with the methods set out in Part Three, Title II, Chapter 4 of CRR.

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050 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3,	ulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. Instruments can be found <b>GREDVISUBSTIMO DON</b> ent for <b>OF</b> (ils)
	RISK EXPOSURE DUE TO CRM(-) MITIGATOTAL OUTFLOWS (CRM) TECHNIQUES WITH SUBSTITUTION EFFECTS ON THE EXPOSURE Institutions report in column 050 the part of the original exposure pre conversion factors covered by unfunded credit protection recognised in accordance with the methods set out in Part Three, Title II, Chapter 4 of CRR.
060	EXPOSURE VALUE Institutions applying the Simple Risk Weight approach or the PD/LGD approach report in column 060 the exposure value taking into account substitution effects stemming from unfunded credit protection (Article 155(2) and (3), Article 167 of CRR).  As a reminder, in the case of equity off-balance sheet exposures, the exposure value shall be the nominal value after specific credit risk adjustments (Article 167 of CRR).
070	EXPOSURE WEIGHTED AVERAGE LGD (%) Institutions applying the PD/LGD approach report in column 070 of the CR EQU IRB 2 template the exposure weighted average of the LGDs assigned to the obligor grades or pools included in the aggregation; the same applies for row 020 of the CR EQU IRB template. The exposure value taking into account unfunded credit protection (column 060) shall be used for the calculation of the exposure-weighted average LGD. Institutions shall take into accounts the provisions laid down in Article 165(2) of CRR.
080	RISK WEIGHTED EXPOSURE AMOUNT Institutions report risk-weighted exposure amounts for equity exposures in column 080, calculated in accordance with the provisions laid down in Article 155 of CRR. In case where institutions applying the

PD/LGD approach do not have sufficient

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	factor of 1.5 shall be assigned to the risk
	weights when calculating risk weighted
	exposure amounts (Article 155(3) of CRR).
	With regard to the input parameter M
	(Maturity) to the risk-weight function, the
	maturity assigned to equity exposures equals
	5 years (Article 165(3) of CRR).
090	MEMORANDUM ITEM: EXPECTED
	LOSS AMOUNT
	Institutions report in column 090 the
	expected loss amount for equity exposures
	calculated in accordance with Article 158(4),
	(7), (8) and (9) of CRR.

90. In accordance with Article 155 of CRR, institutions may employ different approaches (Simple Risk Weight approach, PD/LGD approach or Internal Models approach) to different portfolios when they use these different approaches internally. Institutions shall also report in the CR EQU IRB 1 template risk-weighted exposure amounts for those equity exposures which attract a fixed risk-weight treatment (without however being explicitly treated according to the Simple Risk Weight approach or the (temporary or permanent) partial use of the credit risk Standardised approach).

Rows				
CR EQU IRB 1 — row 020,	PD/LGD APRROACH: TOTAL Institutions applying the PD/LGD approach (Article 155(3) of CRR) report the requested information in row 020 of the CR EQU IRB 1 template.			
CR EQU IRB 1 — rows 050-090	SIMPLEBREAKDOWN OF TOTAL RISK EXPOSURES UNDER THE WEIGHTIMPLE RISK WEIGHT APPROACH BY RISK TOTAL WEIGHTS: Institutions applying the Simple Risk Weight approach (Article 155(2) of CRR) report the requested information according to the characteristics of the underlying exposures in rows 050 to 090.			
CR EQU IRB 1 — row 100	INTERNAL MODELS APPROACH Institutions applying the Internal Models approach (Article 155(4) of CRR) report the requested information in row 100.			
CR EQU IRB 1 — row 110	EQUITY EXPOSURES SUBJECT TO RISK WEIGHTS Institutions applying the IRB approach shall report risk weighted exposure amounts for those equity exposures which attract a fixed			

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendicisms were that the attraction in the States of relevant amending instruments can be found on the financial according to the States of the stat

Risk Weight approach or the (temporary or permanent) partial use of the credit risk standardised approach). As an example,

- the risk weighted exposure amount of equity positions in financial sector entities treated in accordance with Article 48(4) of the CRR, as well as
- equity positions risk-weighted with 370 % in accordance with Article 471(2) CRR

shall be reported in row 110.

# CR EQU IRB 2

# BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL EXPOSURES UNDER THE PD/LGD APRROACH BY OBLIGOR GRADES:

Institutions applying the PD/LGD approach (Article 155(3) of CRR) report the requested information in the CR EQU IRB 2 template. In case where institutions using the PD/LGD approach apply a unique rating system or are able to report according to an internal master scale, they report in CR EQU IRB 2 the rating grades or pools associated to this unique rating system/masterscale. In any other case, the different rating systems shall be merged and ordered according to the following criteria: Obligor grades or pools of the different rating systems shall be pooled together and ordered from the lower PD assigned to each obligor grade or pool to the higher.

# 3.6. C 11.00 — SETTLEMENT/DELIVERY RISK (CR SETT)

## 3.6.1. General remarks

- 91. This template requests information on both trading and non-trading book transactions which are unsettled after their due delivery dates, and their corresponding own funds requirements for settlement risk according to Articles 92(3) point (c) ii) and 378 of CRR.
- 92. Institutions report in the CR SETT template information on the settlement/delivery risk in connection with debt instruments, equities, foreign currencies and commodities held in their trading or non-trading book.
- 93. According to Article 378 of CRR, repurchase transactions, securities or commodities lending and securities or commodities borrowing in connection with debt instruments, equities, foreign currencies and commodities are not subject to settlement/delivery risk. Note however that, derivatives and long settlement transactions unsettled after their due delivery dates are nevertheless subject to own funds requirements for settlement/delivery risk as determined in Article 378 of CRR.

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

- 94. 2018 (S.1, 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk.

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  the price difference to which they are exposed. This is the difference between the agreed settlement price for the debt instrument, equity, foreign currency or commodity in question and its current market value, where the difference could involve a loss for the institution.
- 95. Institutions multiply this difference by the appropriate factor of Table 1 of Article 378 of CRR to determine the corresponding own funds requirements.
- 96. According to Article 92(4) Point (b), the own funds requirements for settlement/delivery risk shall be multiplied by 12.5 to calculate the risk exposure amount.
- 97. Note that own funds requirements for free deliveries as laid down in Article 379 of CRR are not within the scope of the CR SETT template; the latter shall be reported in the credit risk templates (CR SA, CR IRB).
- 3.6.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	UNSETTLED TRANSACTIONS AT SETTLEMENT PRICE In accordance with Article 378 of CRR, institutions report in this column 010 the unsettled transactions after their due delivery date at the respective agreed settlement prices.  All unsettled transactions shall be included in this column 010, irrespective of whether or not they are at a gain or at a loss after the due settlement date.
020	PRICE DIFFERENCE EXPOSURE DUE TO UNSETTLED TRANSACTIONS In accordance with Article 378 of CRR, institutions report in column 020 the price difference between the agreed settlement price and its current market value for the debt instrument, equity, foreign currency or commodity in question, where the difference could involve a loss for the institution. Only unsettled transactions at a loss after the due settlement date shall be reported in column 020
030	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS Institutions report in column 030 the own funds requirements calculated in accordance with Article 378 of CRR.
040	TOTAL SETTLEMENT RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT In accordance with Article 92(4) point (b) of CRR, institutions multiply their own funds requirements reported in column 030 by

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Rows
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010

# Total unsettled transactions in the Nontrading Book

Institutions report in row 010 aggregated information in relation with settlement/ delivery risk for non-trading book positions (in accordance with Articles 92(3) point (c) ii) and 378 of CRR).

Institutions report in 010/010 the aggregated sum of unsettled transactions after their due delivery dates at the respective agreed settlement prices.

Institutions report in 010/020 the aggregated information for price difference exposure due to unsettled transactions at a loss. Institutions report in 010/030 the aggregated own funds requirements derived from summing the own funds requirements for unsettled transactions by multiplying the 'price difference' reported in column 020 by the appropriate factor based on the number of working days after due settlement date (categories referred to in Table 1 of Article 378 of CRR).

020 to 060

Transactibransactions unsettled between 15 unsettled5 and days (Factor up to %)Transactions unsettled 4 days between 16 and 30 days (Factor (Factor 50 %)Transactions unsettled 0%) between 31 and 45 days (Factor 75 %)Transactions unsettled for 46 days or more (Factor 100 %)

Institutions report the information in relation with settlement/delivery risk for non-trading book positions according to the categories referred to in Table 1 of Article 378 of CRR in rows 020 to 060.

No own funds requirements for settlement/ delivery risk are required for transactions unsettled less than 5 working days after the due settlement date.

070

# **Total unsettled transactions in the Trading Book**

Institutions report in row 070 aggregated information in relation with settlement/ delivery risk for trading book positions (in

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Institutions report in 070/010 the aggregated sum of unsettled transactions after their due delivery dates at the respective agreed settlement prices.

Institutions report in 070/020 the aggregated information for price difference exposure due to unsettled transactions at a loss. Institutions report in 070/030 the aggregated own funds requirements derived from summing the own funds requirements for unsettled transactions by multiplying the 'price difference' reported in column 020 by an appropriate factor based on the number of working days after due settlement date (categories referred to in Table 1 of Article 378 of CRR).

080 to 120

Transactibrasensactions unsettled between unsettled5 and 15 days (Factor up to %)Transactions unsettled 4 days between 16 and 30 days (Factor (Factor 50 %)Transactions unsettled 0%) between 31 and 45 days (Factor 75 %)Transactions unsettled for 46 days or more (Factor 100 %)

Institutions report the information in relation with settlement/delivery risk for trading book positions according to the categories referred to in Table 1 of Article 378 of CRR in rows 080 to 120.

No own funds requirements for settlement/ delivery risk are required for transactions unsettled less than 5 working days after the due settlement date.

- 3.7. C 12.00 CREDIT RISK: SECURITISATION STANDARDISED APPROACH TO OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS (CR SEC SA)
- 3.7.1. General remarks
- 98. The information in this template is requested for all securitisations for which a significant risk transfer is recognised and in which the reporting institution is involved in a securitisation treated under the Standardised Approach. The information to be reported is contingent on the role of the institution as for the securitisation. As such, specific reporting items are applicable for originators, sponsors and investors.
- 99. The CR SEC SA template gathers joint information on both traditional and synthetic securitisations held in the banking book, as defined in Article 242(10) and (11) of CRR, respectively.
- 3.7.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations ANNEXILABLES/28/51048/S. 1, 3, 36). Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

- 100. The CR SEC SA template is divided into three major blocks of rows which gather data on the originated/sponsored/retained or purchased exposures by originators, investors and sponsors. For each of them, the information is broken down by on-balance sheet items and off-balance sheet items and derivatives as well as by securitisations and resecuritisations.
- 101. Total exposures (at reporting date) are also broken down according to the credit quality steps applied at inception (last block of rows). Originators, sponsors as well as investors shall report this information.

Rows	
010	TOTAL EXPOSURES  Total exposures refer to the total amount of outstanding securitisations. This row summarizes all the information reported by originators, sponsors and investors in subsequent rows.
020	<b>OF WHICH: RE-SECURITISATIONS</b> Total amount of outstanding resecuritisations according to definitions in Article 4(1)(63) and (64) of CRR.
030	ORIGINATOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES This row summarizes information on on- balance items and off-balance sheet items and derivatives and early amortisation of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of originator, as defined by Article 4(1)(13) of CRR.
040-060	ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS Article 246(1) point (a) of CRR states that for those institutions which calculate risk-weighted exposure amounts under the Standardised Approach, the exposure value of an on-balance sheet securitisation position shall be its accounting value after application of specific credit risk adjustments. On-balance sheet items are broken down by securitisations (row 050) and resecuritisations (row 060).
070-090	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND DERIVATIVES  These rows gather information on off-balance sheet items and derivatives securitisation positions subject to a conversion factor under the securitisation framework. The exposure value of an off-balance sheet securitisation position shall

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120-140	The CRR does not provide an explicit definition for investor. Therefore, in this context it shall be understood as an institution that holds a securitisation position in a securitisation transaction for which it is neither originator nor sponsor.  ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS The same criteria of classification among securitisations and re-securitisations used for on-balance sheet items for originators shall be applied here.  OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND DERIVATIVES The same criteria of classification among securitisations and re-securitisations used for off-balance sheet items and derivatives for originators shall be applied here.  SPONSOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES
120-140	definition for investor. Therefore, in this context it shall be understood as an institution that holds a securitisation position in a securitisation transaction for which it is neither originator nor sponsor.  ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS The same criteria of classification among securitisations and re-securitisations used for on-balance sheet items for originators shall
	definition for investor. Therefore, in this context it shall be understood as an institution that holds a securitisation position in a securitisation transaction for which it is
110	INVESTOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES  This row summarizes information on on- balance and off-balance sheet items and derivatives of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of investor.
100	EARLY AMORTISATION This row only applies to those originators with revolving exposure securitisations containing early amortisation provisions, as stated in Article 242(13) and (14) of CRR.
	multiplied by a 100 % conversion figure unless otherwise specified.  The exposure value for the counterparty credit risk of a derivative instrument listed in Annex II of CRR, shall be determined in accordance to Part Three, Title II, Chapter 6 of CRR.  For liquidity facilities, credit facilities and servicer cash advances, institutions shall provide the undrawn amount.  For interest rate and currency swaps they shall provide the exposure value (according to Article 246(1) of CRR) as specified in the CR SA Total template.  Off-balance sheet items and derivatives are broken down by securitisations (row 080) and re-securitisations (row 090) as in Article 251 Table 1 of CRR.

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be found	doubline early off-balance sheet items and
	derivatives of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of a sponsor, as defined by Article 4(14) of CRR. If a sponsor is also securitising it own assets, it shall fill in the originator's rows the information regarding its own securitised assets.
190-210	ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS The same criteria of classification among securitisations and re-securitisations used for on-balance sheet items for originators shall be applied here.
220-240	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND DERIVATIVES  The same criteria of classification among securitisations and re-securitisations used for off-balance sheet items and derivatives for originators shall be applied here.
250-290	BREAKDOWN OF OUTSTANDING POSITIONS ACCORDING TO CQS AT INCEPTION These rows gather information on outstanding positions (at reporting date) according to credit quality steps (envisaged for the SA in Article 251 (Table 1) of CRR) applied at origination date (inception). In the absence of this information, the earliest CQS-equivalent data available shall be reported. These rows are only to be reported for columns 190 to 270 and columns 330 to 340.

# 3.8. C 13.00 — CREDIT RISK — SECURITISATIONS: INTERNAL RATINGS BASED APPROACH TO OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS (CR SEC IRB)

# 3.8.1. General remarks

- The information in this template is requested for all securitisations for which a significant risk transfer is recognised and in which the reporting institution is involved in a securitisation treated under the Internal Ratings Based Approach.
- 103. The information to be reported is contingent on the role of the institution as for the securitisation. As such, specific reporting items are applicable for originators, sponsors and investors.
- The CR SEC IRB template has the same scope as the CR SEC SA, it gathers joint information on both traditional and synthetic securitisations held in the banking book.
- 3.8.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk. Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on their website/s. (See end of Document for details)

- 105. The CR SEC IRB template is divided into three major blocks of rows which gather data on the originated/sponsored/retained or purchased exposures by originators, investors and sponsors. For each of them, the information is broken down by on-balance sheet items and off-balance sheet items and derivatives, as well as by risk weight groupings of securitisations and re-securitisations.
- Total exposures (at reporting date) are also broken down according to the credit quality steps applied at inception (last block of rows). Originators, sponsors as well as investors shall report this information.

Rows	
010	TOTAL EXPOSURES  Total exposures refer to the total amount of outstanding securitisations. This row summarizes all the information reported by originators, sponsors and investors in subsequent rows.
020	OF WHICH: RE-SECURITISATIONS Total amount of outstanding resecuritisations according to definitions in Article 4(1)(63) and (64) of CRR.
030	ORIGINATOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES This row summarizes information on on- balance items and off-balance sheet items and derivatives and early amortisation of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of originator, as defined by Article 4(1)(13) of CRR.
040-090	ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS Article 246(1) lit b) of CRR states that for those institutions which calculate risk-weighted exposure amounts under the IRB Approach, the exposure value of an onbalance sheet securitisation position shall be the accounting value without taking into account any credit risk adjustments made. On-balance sheet items are broken down according to risk weight groupings of securitisations (A-B-C), in rows 050-070, and re-securitisations (D-E), in rows 080-090, as stated in Article 261(1) Table 4 of CRR.
100-150	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND DERIVATIVES  These rows gather information on off-balance sheet items and derivatives securitisation positions subject to a conversion factor under the securitisation

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/III5), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amend in the Property of the Construction of

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	balance shiest securitis anom position is hall
Details of relevant amending insit amenis can be found	be its nominal value, less any specific credit risk adjustment of that securitisation position, multiplied by a 100 % conversion factor unless otherwise specified.  Off-balance sheet securitisation positions arising from a derivative instrument listed in Annex II of CRR, shall be determined in accordance to Part Three, Title II, Chapter 6 of CRR. The exposure value for the counterparty credit risk of a derivative instrument listed in Annex II of CRR, shall be determined in accordance to Part Three, Title II, Chapter 6 of CRR.  For liquidity facilities, credit facilities and servicer cash advances, institutions shall provide the undrawn amount.  For interest rate and currency swaps they shall provide the exposure value (according to Article 246(1) of CRR) as specified in the CR SA Total template.  Off-balance sheet items are broken down according to risk weight groupings of securitisations (A-B-C), in rows 110-130, and re-securitisations (D-E), in rows 140-150, as stated in Article 261(1) Table 4 of CRR.
160	EARLY AMORTISATION This row only applies to those originators with revolving exposure securitisations containing early amortisation provisions, as stated in Article 242(13) and (14) of CRR.
170	INVESTOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES This row summarizes information on on- balance and off-balance sheet items and derivatives of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of investor. The CRR does not provide an explicit definition for investor. Therefore, in this context it shall be understood as an institution that holds a securitisation position in a securitisation transaction for which it is neither originator nor sponsor.
180-230	ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS The same criteria of classification among securitisations (A-B-C) and re-securitisations (D-E) used for on-balance sheet items for originators shall be applied here.

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under

powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Techn	ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations
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Details of relevant unertaing instruments can be journ	The same criteria of classification among securitisations (A-B-C) and re-securitisations (D-E) used for off-balance sheet items and derivatives for originators shall be applied here.
300	SPONSOR: TOTAL EXPOSURES This row summarizes information on onbalance and off-balance sheet items and derivatives of those securitisation positions for which the institution plays the role of a sponsor, as defined by Article 4(1)(14) of CRR. If a sponsor is also securitising it own assets, it shall fill in the originator's rows with the information regarding its own securitised assets.
310-360	ON-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS The same criteria of classification among securitisations (A-B-C) and re-securitisations (D-E) used for on-balance sheet items and derivatives for originators shall be applied here.
370-420	OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AND DERIVATIVES  The same criteria of classification among securitisations (A-B-C) and re-securitisations (D-E) used for off-balance sheet items and derivatives for originators shall be applied here.
430-540	BREAKDOWN OF OUTSTANDING POSITIONS ACCORDING TO CQS AT INCEPTION  These rows gather information on outstanding positions (at reporting date) according to credit quality steps (envisaged for the IRB in Article 261 Table 4 of CRR) applied at origination date (inception). In the absence of this information, the earliest CQS-equivalent data available shall be reported. These rows are only to be reported for columns 170 to 320 and columns 400 to 410.

#### 3.9. C 14.00 — DETAILED INFORMATION ON SECURITISATIONS (SEC DETAILS)

#### 3.9.1. General remarks

107. This template gathers information on a transaction basis (versus the aggregate information reported in CR SEC SA, CR SEC IRB, MKR SA SEC and MKR SA CTP templates) on all securitisations the reporting institution is involved. The main

- 108. This template is to be reported for:
- a. Securitisations originated/sponsored by the reporting institution in case it holds at least one position in the securitisation. This means that, regardless of whether there has been a significant risk transfer or not, institutions shall report information on all the positions they hold (either in the banking book or trading book). Positions held include those positions retained due to Article 405 of CRR.
- b. Securitisations originated/sponsored by the reporting institution during the year of report<sup>(1)</sup>, in case it holds no position.
- c. Securitisations, the ultimate underlying of which are financial liabilities originally issued by the reporting institution and (partially) acquired by a securitisation vehicle. This underlying could include covered bonds or other liabilities and shall be identified as such in column 160.
- d. Positions held in securitisations where the reporting institution is neither originator nor sponsor (i.e. investors and original lenders).
- This template shall be reported by consolidated groups and stand alone institutions<sup>(2)</sup> located in the same country where they are subject to own funds requirements. In case of securitisations involving more than one entity of the same consolidated group, the entity-by-entity detail breakdown shall be provided.
- 110. On account of Article 406(1) of CRR, which establishes that institutions investing in securitisation positions shall acquire a great deal of information on them in order to comply with due diligence requirements the reporting scope of the template is applied to a limited extent to investors. In particular, they shall report columns 010-040; 070-110; 160; 190; 290-400; 420-470.
- 111. Institutions playing the role of original lenders (not performing also the role of originators or sponsors in the same securitisation) shall generally report the template to the same extent as investors.
- 3.9.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

ANNEX II Table 32: rows 1 - 51

- 4. OPERATIONAL RISK TEMPLATES
- 4.1. C 16.00 OPERATIONAL RISK (OPR)
- 4.1.1. General Remarks
- This template provides information on the calculation of own funds requirements according to Articles 312 to 324 of CRR for Operational Risk under the Basic Indicator Approach (BIA), the Standardised Approach (TSA), the Alternative Standardised Approach (ASA) and the Advanced Measurement Approaches (AMA). An institution can not apply TSA and ASA for the business lines retail banking and commercial banking at the same time at solo level

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

- 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk.

  Definition the information at financial year end. When audited figures are not available, institutions may use business estimates. If audited figures are used, institutions shall report the audited figures which should remain unchanged.

  Deviations from this 'unchanged' principle are possible, for instance if during that period the exceptional circumstances, such as recent acquisitions or disposals of entities or activities, are met.
- 114. If an institution can justify its competent authority that due to exceptional circumstances such as a merger or a disposal of entities or activities using a three year average to calculating the relevant indicator would lead to a biased estimation for the own funds requirement for operational risk the competent authority may permit the institution to modify the calculation in a way that would take into account such events. Also the competent authority may on its own initiative, require an institution to modify the calculation. Where an institution has been in operation for less than three years it may use forward looking business estimates in calculating the relevant indicator, provided that it starts using historical data as soon as they are available.
- 115. By columns, this template presents information, for the three most recent years, on the amount of the relevant indicator of the banking activities subject to operational risk and on the amount of loans and advances (the latter only applicable in the case of ASA). Next, information on the amount of own funds requirement for operational risk is reported. If applicable, it must be detailed which part of this amount is due to an allocation mechanism. Regarding AMA, memorandum items are added to present a detail of the effect of the expected loss, diversification and mitigation techniques on own funds requirement for operational risk.
- By rows, information is presented by method of calculation of the operational risk own funds requirement detailing business lines for TSA and ASA.
- 117. This template shall be submitted by all institutions subject to operational risk own funds requirement.
- 4.1.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

#### Columns

010-030

# RELEVANT INDICATOR

Institutions using the relevant indicator to calculate the own funds requirement for operational risk (BIA, TSA and ASA) report relevant indicator for the respective years in columns 010 to 030. Moreover, in the case of a combined use of different approaches as referred in Article 314 of CRR, institutions also report, for information purposes, relevant indicator for the activities subject to AMA. It is also the case for all other AMA banks.

Hereafter, the term 'relevant indicator' refers to 'the sum of the elements' at the end of the financial year as defined in Article 316 point 1, Table 1 of CRR.

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	the available historical data (audited figures) shall be assigned by priority to the corresponding columns in the table. If, for instance, historical data for only one year is available, it shall be reported in column 030. If it seems reasonable, the forward looking estimates shall then be included in column 020 (estimate of next year) and column 010 (estimate of year +2). Furthermore if there are no historical data on 'relevant indicator' available the institution may use forward-looking business estimates.
040-060	LOANS AND ADVANCES (IN THE CASE OF ASA APPLICATION) These columns shall be used to report the amounts of the loans and advances for business lines 'Commercial banking' and 'Retail banking', as referred to in Article 319(1) point (b) of CRR. These amounts shall be used to calculate the alternative relevant indicator that leads to the own funds requirements corresponding to the activities subject to ASA (Article 319(1) point (a) of CRR). For the 'commercial banking' business line, securities held in the non-trading book shall also be included.
070	OWN FUND REQUIREMENT The own fund requirement is calculated according to the approach used, following Articles 312 to 324 of CRR The resulting amount is reported in column 070.
071	TOTAL OPERATIONAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) of CRR. Own funds requirements in column 070 multiplied by 12.5.
080	OF WHICH: DUE TO AN

# OF WHICH: DUE TO AN ALLOCATION MECHANISM

Article 18(1) of CRR (related to the inclusion, in the application referred to in Article 312(2) of CRR) of the methodology used for allocating operational risk capital between the different entities of the group and of whether and how diversification effects are intended to be factored in the risk measurement system used by a EU parent credit institution and its subsidiaries or jointly by the subsidiaries of an EU parent

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	mixed intended notating company.
090-120	AMA MEMORANDUM ITEMS TO BE REPORTED IF APPLICABLE
090	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENT BEFORE ALLEVIATION DUE TO EXPECTED LOSS, DIVERSIFICATION AND RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES The own funds requirement reported in column 090 is the one of column 070 but calculated before taking into account the alleviation effects due to expected loss, diversification and risk mitigation techniques (see below).
100	(-) ALLEVIATION OF OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS DUE TO THE EXPECTED LOSS CAPTURED IN BUSINESS PRACTICES In column 100 the alleviation of own funds requirements due to expected loss captured in internal business practices (as referred to in Article 322(2) point (a) of CRR) is reported.
110	(-) ALLEVIATION OF OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS DUE TO DIVERSIFICATION

The diversification effect in column 110 is the difference between the sum of own funds requirements calculated separately for each operational risk class (i.e. a 'perfect dependence' situation) and the diversified own funds requirement calculated by taking into account correlations and dependencies (i.e. assuming less than 'perfect dependence' between the risk classes). The 'perfect dependence' situation occurs in the 'default case', that is when the institution does not use explicit correlations structure between the risk classes, hence the AMA capital is computed as the sum of the individual operational risk measures of the chosen risk classes. In this case the correlation between the risk classes is assumed of 100 % and the value in the column has to be set to zero. Conversely, when the institution computes an explicit correlations structure between risk classes, it has to include in this column the difference between the AMA capital as stemming from the 'default case' and that obtained after applying the correlations structure between the risk classes. The value

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	to capture the not simultaneous occurrence of severe operational risk loss events. In the column 110 the amount by which the assumed correlation structure decreases the AMA capital relative to the assumption of 100 % correlation has to be reported.
120	(-) ALLEVIATION OF OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENT DUE TO RISK MITIGATION TECHNIQUES (INSURANCE AND OTHER RISK TRANSFER MECHANISMS) In column 120 the impact of insurance and other risk transfer mechanisms according to Article 323(1) to (5) of CRR is reported.

Rows	
010	BANKING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO BASIC INDICATOR APPROACH (BIA) This row shall present the amounts corresponding to activities subject to the BIA to calculate the own funds requirement for operational risk (Articles 315 and 316 of CRR).
020	BANKING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO STANDARISED (TSA)/ALTERNATIVE STANDARDISED (ASA) APPROACHES The own funds requirement calculated according to the TSA and ASA (Articles 317 to 319 of CRR) shall be reported.
030-100	SUBJECT TO TSA In the case of using the TSA, relevant indicator for each respective year shall be distributed in rows 030 to 100 amongst the business lines defined in Article 317, Table 2 of CRR. The mapping of activities into business lines shall follow the principles described in Article 318 of CRR.
110-120	SUBJECT TO ASA  Institutions using the ASA (Article 319 of

Institutions using the ASA (Article 319 of CRR) shall report for the respective years the relevant indicator separately for each business line in the rows 030 to 050 and 080 to 100 and in the rows 110 and 120 for business lines 'Commercial banking' and 'Retail banking'.

Rows 110 and 120 shall present the amount of relevant indicator of activities subject to ASA distinguishing between

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be found	d him the iContrinser (Seel evel ankiling iman do the sees)
	corresponding to the business line 'Retail banking' (Article 319 of CRR). There can be amounts for the rows corresponding to 'Commercial banking' and 'Retail banking' under the TSA (rows 060 and 070) as well as under the ASA rows 110 and 120 (e.g. if a subsidiary is subject to TSA whereas the parent entity is subject to ASA).
130	BANKING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO ADVANCED MEASUREMENT APPROACHES AMA The relevant data for AMA institutions (Article 312 point 2 and Article 321 to 323 of CRR) shall be reported. In the case of combined use of different approaches as indicated in Article 314 of CRR, information on relevant indicator for activities subject to AMA shall be reported. It is also the case for all other AMA banks.

- 4.2. C 17.00 OPERATIONAL RISK: LOSSES AND RECOVERIES BY BUSINESS LINES AND EVENT TYPES IN THE LAST YEAR (OPR DETAILS)
- 4.2.1. General Remarks
- This template summarises the information on the gross losses and loss recoveries registered by an institution in the last year according to event types and business lines.
- 119. 'Gross loss' means a loss stemming from an operational risk event or event type as referred to in Article 322(3)(b) of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 before recoveries of any type, without prejudice to 122.
- 120. 'Recovery' means an independent occurrence related to the original operational risk loss that is separate in time, in which funds or inflows of economic benefits are received from first or third parties, such as insurers or other parties.
- 121. 'Rapidly recovered loss events' means operational risk events that lead to losses that are partly or fully recovered within five working days. In case of a rapidly recovered loss event, only the part of the loss that is not fully recovered (i.e. the loss net of the partial rapid recovery) shall be included into the gross loss definition. As a consequence, loss events that lead to losses that are fully recovered within five working days shall not be included into the gross loss definition, as well as into the OPR Details reporting at all.
- 122. 'Date of accounting' means the date when a loss or reserve/provision was first recognized in the Profit and Loss statement, against an operational risk loss. This date logically follows the 'Date of occurrence' (i.e. the date when the operational risk event happened or first began) and the 'Date of discovery' (i.e. the date on which the institution became aware of the operational risk event).
- 123. The Number of events is the number of operational risk events accounted for the first time within the reporting period.

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- i. The gross loss amounts pertinent to operational risk events 'accounted for the first time' within the reporting period (e.g. direct charges, provisions, settlements);
- ii. the gross loss amounts pertinent to positive loss adjustments made within the reporting period (e.g. increase of provisions, linked loss events, additional settlements) of operational risk events 'accounted for the first time' in previous reporting periods; and
- iii. the gross loss amounts pertinent to negative loss adjustments made within the reporting period due to decrease of provisions of operational risk events 'accounted for the first time' in previous reporting periods.
- 125. The Number of events shall conventionally include also the events accounted for the first time in previous reporting periods and not yet reported in previous supervisory reports. The Total loss amount shall conventionally include also the elements as of Paragraph 124 pertinent to previous reporting periods and not yet reported in previous supervisory reports.
- 126. The Maximum single loss is the largest single amount among those included in 124.i or 124.ii above.
- 127. The Sum of the five largest losses is the sum of the five largest amounts among those included in 124.i or 124.ii above.
- The Total loss recovery is the sum of all the recoveries accounted within the reporting period and pertinent to operational risk events accounted for the first time within the reporting period or in previous reporting periods.
- The figures reported in June of the respective year are interim figures, while the final figures are reported in December. Therefore the figures in June have a six-month reference period (i.e. from 1/1 to 30/6 of the calendar year) while the figures in December have a twelve-month reference period (i.e. from 1/1 to 31/12 of the calendar year).
- The information is presented by distributing the losses and recoveries above internal thresholds amongst business lines (as defined in Article 317 of CRR, Table 2 of CRR including the additional business line 'Corporate items' as referred to in Article 322(3) point (b) of CRR) and event types (as defined in Article 324 of CRR), being possible that the losses corresponding to one event are distributed amongst several business lines
- Columns present the different event types and the totals for each business line, together with a memorandum item that shows the lowest internal threshold applied in the data collection of losses, revealing within each business line the lowest and the highest threshold if there is more than one threshold.
- Rows present the business lines, and within each business line, information on the number of events, the total loss amount, the maximum single loss, the sum of the five largest losses and the total loss recovery.
- 133. For the total business lines, data on the number of events and the total loss amount are also requested for certain ranges based on preset thresholds, 10 000, 20 000, 100 000, and 1 000 000. The thresholds are set in Euro amounts and are included for comparability purposes of the reported losses among institutions; therefore they do

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- Where the algebraic sum of the elements of the total loss amount, as indicated in paragraph 124 above, determines a negative value for some business lines/event types combinations, the value of 0 shall be reported in the pertinent cells.
- This template shall be reported by institutions using AMA or TSA/ASA for the calculation of their own funds requirements.
- In order to verify the conditions envisaged by Article 5 point (b) (2) (b), the institutions shall use the latest statistics as available in the Supervisory Disclosure webpage of the EBA to get 'the sum of individual balance sheet totals of all institutions within the same Member State'.
- 137. Institutions subject to Article 5(b)(2)(b) of this Regulation may only report the following information for the sum of all event types (column 080) of the OPR Details template:
- (a) number of events (row 910);
- (b) total loss amount (row 920);
- (c) maximum single loss (row 930);
- (d) sum of the five largest losses (row 940) and
- (e) total loss recovery (row 950).
- 4.2.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010-070	EVENT TYPES Institutions report the losses in the respective columns 010 to 070 according to the event types as defined in Article 324 of CRR. Institutions that calculate their own funds requirement according to TSA or ASA can report the losses for which the event type is not identified in column 080.
080	In column 080, for each business line, institutions report the total 'number of events', the total of 'total loss amount' and the total of 'total loss recovery' as the simple aggregation of the number of loss events, the total gross loss amounts and the total loss recovery amounts reported in columns 010 to 070. The 'maximum single loss' in column 080 is the maximum of the 'maximum single gross losses' reported in columns 010 to 070. For the sum of the five largest losses, in column 080 the sum of the five largest losses within one business line is reported.

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090-1008 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amend MICHOR AND MITCHESHOLD Details of relevant amending instruments can be found anything relevant Secure of Postument or details.

Institutions report in the columns 090 and 100 the minimum loss thresholds they are using for the internal loss data collection in accordance with Article 322(3) point (c) of CRR, last sentence of CRR. If the institution applies only one threshold for in each business line, only the column 090 shall be filled in. In the case where there are different thresholds applied within the same regulatory business line, then the highest applicable threshold (column 100) shall be filled in as well.

#### Rows

010-850

BUSINESS LINES: CORPORATE FINANCE, TRADING AND SALES, RETAIL BROKERAGE, COMMERCIAL BANKING, RETAIL BANKING, PAYMENT AND SETTLEMENT, AGENCY SERVICES, ASSET MANAGEMENT, CORPORATE ITEMS

For each business line as defined in Article 317(4) table 2 of CRR, including the additional business line 'Corporate items' as referred to in Article 322(3) point (b) of CRR, and for each event type, the institution shall report, according to the internal thresholds the following information: number of events, total loss amount, maximum single loss, sum of the five largest losses and total loss recovery. For a loss event that affects more than one business line the 'total loss amount' is distributed among all the affected business lines.

910-950

# TOTAL BUSINESS LINES

For each event type (column 010 to 080), the following information (Article 322(3) points b), c) and e) of CRR on total business lines (rows 910 to 950) has to be reported:

—Number the number of events above the of events (row for the total business lines shall be reported. This figure may be lower than the aggregation of the number of events by business lines since the events with multiple impacts (impacts in different business lines) shall be

considered as one.

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events. in the pertinent rows shall be Of reported. which,  $\geq$ 10 000 and  $\leq 20$  $000, \ge$ 20 000 and < 100 000, > 100 000 and < 1 000 000. > 1000 000 (rows 911 to 914) —Total : the total loss amount is the simple loss aggregation of the total loss amount amount for each business line. (row 920) —Total : the total loss amount included in loss the ranges defined in the pertinent rows shall be reported. amount. Of which,  $\geq$ 10 000 and  $\leq 20$  $000, \ge$ 20 000 and < 100 000, > 100 000 and < 1 000  $000, \ge 1$ 000 000 (rows 921 to 924) —Maximunthe maximum single loss is the maximum loss over the internal single loss threshold for each event type and amongst all business lines. (row 930) These figures may be higher than the highest single loss recorded in each business line if an event

impacts different business lines. the sum of the five largest gross

losses for each event type and

—Sum of the

910-950/080

Status: Point in time view as at 01/06/2015.

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> than the highest sum of the five losses (row largest losses recorded in each 940) business line. This sum has to be reported regardless the number of losses. —Total : the total loss recovery is the loss simple aggregation of the total recovery loss recovery for each business (row

950)

# TOTAL BUSINESS LINES — TOTAL **EVENT TYPES**

—Number for each row from 910 to 914, of events the number of events is equal

to the horizontal aggregation of the number of events in the corresponding row, given that in those figures the events with impacts in different business lines shall have already been considered as one event. The number in row 910 shall not necessarily be equal to the vertical aggregation of the number of events which are included in column 080, given that one event can have an impact in different business lines simultaneously.

loss amount : for each row from 920 to 924, the total loss amount is equal to both the horizontal aggregation of total loss amounts by event type in the corresponding row. The total loss amount in row 920 is equal to the vertical aggregation of total loss amounts by business line in column 080.

—Maximums previously mentioned, when an event has impact in different business lines, it may be that the amount for 'Maximum single loss' in 'Total Business lines' for that particular event type is higher than the amounts of 'Maximum single loss' in each business line. Hence, the amount in this cell shall be equal to the highest of the values of 'Maximum single loss'

in 'Total Business lines', which

—Total

single loss

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single loss' across business lines in column 080. -Sum : it is the sum of the five largest of the losses in the whole matrix, which means that it may not necessarily five largest be equal to neither the maximum losses value of 'sum of the five largest losses' in 'Total Business lines' nor the maximum value of 'sum of the five largest losses' in column 080. —Total : it is equal to both the horizontal loss aggregation of total loss recovery recoveries by event type in row 950 and the vertical aggregation of total loss recoveries by business line in column 080.

#### 5. MARKET RISK TEMPLATES

- These instructions refer to the templates reporting of the calculation of own funds requirements according to the standardised approach for foreign exchange risk (MKR SA FX), commodities risk (MKR SA COM) interest rate risk (MKR SA TDI, MKR SA SEC, MKR SA CTP) and equity risk (MKR SA EQU). Additionally, instructions for the template reporting of the calculation of own funds requirements according to the internal models approach (MKR IM) are included in this part.
- The position risk on a traded debt instrument or equity (or debt or equity derivative) shall be divided into two components in order to calculate the capital required against it. The first shall be its specific-risk component this is the risk of a price change in the instrument concerned due to factors related to its issuer or, in the case of a derivative, the issuer of the underlying instrument. The second component shall cover its general risk this is the risk of a price change in the instrument due (in the case of a traded debt instrument or debt derivative) to a change in the level of interest rates or (in the case of an equity or equity derivative) to a broad equity- market movement unrelated to any specific attributes of individual securities. The general treatment of specific instruments and netting procedures can be found in Articles 326 to 333 of CRR.
- 5.1. C 18.00 MARKET RISK: STANDARDISED APPROACH FOR POSITION RISKS IN TRADED DEBT INSTRUMENTS (MKR SA TDI)

#### 5.1.1. General Remarks

This template captures the positions and the related own funds requirements for position risks on traded debt instruments under the standardised approach (Articles 102 and 105 (1) of CRR). The different risks and methods available under the CRR are considered by rows. The specific risk associated with exposures included in MKR SA SEC and MKR SA CTP only has to be reported in the Total template of the MKR SA TDI. The own funds requirements reported in those templates shall be transferred to cell {325;060} (securitisations) and {330;060} (CTP) respectively..

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2018 (S.I. 2018/III5), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation gov.uk

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# 5.1.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010-020	ALL POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 102 and 105 (1) of CRR. These are gross positions not netted by instruments but excluding underwriting positions subscribed or sub-underwritten by third parties (Article 345 second sentence of CRR). Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions, also applicable to these gross positions, see Article 328(2) of CRR.
030-040	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 327 to 329 and 334 of CRR. Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions see Article 328(2) of CRR.
050	POSITIONS SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CHARGE  Those net positions that, according to the different approaches considered in Part 3  Title IV Chapter 2 of CRR, receive a capital charge.
060	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS The capital charge for any relevant position according to Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 of CRR.
070	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) lit. b of CRR. Result of the multiplication of the own funds requirements by 12.5.
Rows	
010-350	TRADED DEBT INSTRUMENTS IN TRADING BOOK  Positions in traded debt instruments in Trading Book and their correspondent own funds requirements for position risk according to Article 92(3) point (b) (i) CRR and Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 of CRR are reported depending on risk category, maturity and approach used.
011	GENERAL RISK
012	Derivatives

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/III), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendment with the state of relevant amending instruments can be found in the first transfer to the first the first and the first transfer and the first transfer to the first transfe

2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amer	nical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations na <b>lbori vatives included in the ealandation n</b> of nal <b>interest date risk of drading book pesitio</b> ns
	taking into account Articles 328 to 331, if applicable.
013	Other assets and liabilities Instruments other than derivatives included in the calculation of interest rate risk of trading book positions.
020-200	MATURITY BASED APPROACH Positions in traded debt instruments subject to the maturity-based approach according to Article 339(1) to (8) of CRR and the correspondent own funds requirements set up in Article 339(9) of CRR. The position shall be split by zones 1, 2 and 3 and these by the maturity of the instruments.
210-240	GENERAL RISK. DURATION BASED APPROACH Positions in traded debt instruments subject to the duration-based approach according to Article 340(1) to (6) of CRR and the correspondent own funds requirements set up in Article 340(7) of CRR. The position shall be split by zones 1, 2 and 3.
250	SPECIFIC RISK Sum of amounts reported in rows 251, 325 and 330. Positions in traded debt instruments subject to the specific risk capital charge and their correspondent capital charge according to Article 92(3) lit. b and 335, 336 (1) to (3), 337 and 338 of CRR. Be also aware of last sentence in Article 327(1) of CRR.
251-321	Own funds requirement for non-securitisation debt instruments Sum of the amounts reported in rows 260 to 321.  The own funds requirement of the n-th to default credit derivatives which are not rated externally has to be computed by summing up the risk weights of the reference entities (Article 332(1) point (e) para 1 and 2 CRR — 'look-through'). N-th-to-default credit derivatives which are rated externally (Article 332(1) point (e) para 3 CRR) shall be reported separately in line 321.  Reporting of positions subject to Article 336(3) CRR: There is a special treatment for bonds which qualify for a 10 % risk weight in the banking

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/III5), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amend the Content and Conduct Authority of Parties of Relevant amending instruments can be found towed before this conduct for the provident for the tilist document.

2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen Details of relevant amending instruments can be foun	abookaecording/tonAtticlen/22/200CBRuk.
	requirements is half of the percentage of the second category of table 1 of Article 336 CRR. Those positions have to be assigned to rows 280-300 according to the residual term to final maturity. If the general risk of interest rate positions is hedged by a credit derivative, Articles 346 and 347 shall be applied.
325	Own funds requirement for securitisation instruments  Total own funds requirements reported in column 610 of template MKR SA SEC. It shall only be reported on Total level of the MKR SA TDI.
330	Own funds requirement for the correlation trading portfolio Total own funds requirements reported in column 450 of template MKR SA CTP. It shall only be reported on Total level of the MKR SA TDI.
340	PARTICULTIANS 348 to 350 of CRR.  APPROACHICAL when positions in CIUS FOR or the underlying instruments are POSITION treated in accordance with the RISK methods set out in Part 3 Title IV IN Chapter 5 of CRR. It includes, if it CIUS is the case, the effects of applicable caps in the own funds requirements. If the particular approach according to Article 348 sentence 1 of CRR is applied, the amount to be reported is 32 % of the net position of the CIU exposure in question. If the particular approach according to Article 348 sentence 2 of CRR is applied, the amount to be reported is the lower of 32 % of the net position of the relevant CIU exposure and the difference between 40 % of this net position and the own funds requirements that arise from the foreign exchange risk associated with this CIU exposure.
350-390	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS)

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

5.2. 2018 (S.I. 2018/III5), ress. 2.3. Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation cov.uk.
Details of Peteran Amendment in strains in Security and the Second of Decame of Decame Ser Acidity CRISK
IN SECURITISATIONS (MKR SA SEC)

# 5.2.1. General Remarks

- This template requests information on positions (all/net and long/short) and the related own funds requirements for the specific risk component of position risk in securitisations/re-securitisations held in the trading book (not eligible for correlation trading portfolio) under the standardised approach.
- The MKR SA SEC template determines the own funds requirement only for the specific risk of securitisation positions according to Articles 335 in connection with 337 CRR. If securitisation positions of the trading book are hedged by credit derivatives, Articles 346 and 347 CRR apply. There is only one template for all positions of the trading book, irrespective of the fact whether the institution uses the Standardised Approach or the Internal Ratings Based Approach to determine the risk weight for each of the positions according to Part Three Title II Chapter 5 of CRR. The reporting of the own funds requirements of the general risk of these positions is conducted in the MKR SA TDI or the MKR IM template.
- Positions which receive a risk weight of 1 250 % can alternatively be deducted from CET1 (see 243(1) point (b), 244(1) point (b) and 258 of CRR). If this is the case, those positions have to be reported in row 460 of CA1.

# 5.2.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010-020	ALL POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 102 and 105 (1) of CRR in connection with Article 337 of CRR (securitisation positions). Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions, also applicable to these gross positions, see Article 328(2) of CRR.
030-040	(-) POSITIONS DEDUCTED FROM OWN FUNDS (LONG AND SHORT) Article 258 of CRR.
050-060	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 327 to 329 and 334 of CRR. Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions see Article 328(2) of CRR.
070-520	BREAKDOWN OF THE NET POSITIONS ACCORDING TO RISK WEIGHTS Articles 251 (Table 1) and 261 (1) (Table 4) of CRR. The breakdown has to be done separately for long and short positions.
230-240 and 460-470	1 250 % Articles 251 (Table 1) and 261 (1) (Table 4) of CRR.
250-260 and 480-490	SUPERVISORY FORMULA METHOD

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE
RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are
changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are
referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by
EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under
powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations
2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amend Auticle 33 7(2) not GRIR in a common in with
Details of relevant amending instruments can be found Artherwelf Details of Document for details)

	amend Arthor 33 7(2) not CRIR in common tingowith found Arthor 2626 (CRA) of Document for details)
	These columns shall be reported when the institutions uses the alternative Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA), which determines the own funds requirements as a function of the characteristics of the collateral pool and contractual properties of the tranche.
270 and 500	LOOK THROUGH SA: Articles 253, 254 and 256 (5) of CRR. The look-through columns comprise all the cases of unrated exposures where the risk weight is obtained from the underlying portfolio of exposures (average risk weight of the pool, highest risk weight of the pool, or the use of a concentration ratio). IRB: Articles 263(2) and (3) of CRR. For early amortisations see Article 265(1) and 256 (5) of CRR.
280-290/510-520	INTERNAL ASSESSMENT APPROACH Article 109(1) sentence 2 and Article 259(3) and (4) of CRR. These columns shall be reported when the institution uses the internal assessment approach for determining capital charges for liquidity facilities and credit enhancements that banks (including third-party banks) extend to ABCP conduits. The IAA, based on ECAI's methodologies, is applicable only to exposures to ABCP conduits that have an internal rating equivalent of investment-grade at inception.
530-540	OVERALL EFFECT (ADJUSTMENT) DUE TO INFRINGEMENT OF THE DUE DILIGENCE PROVISIONS Article 337(3) of CRR in connection with Article 407 of CRR. Article 14(2) of CRR
550-570	BEFORE CAP — WEIGHTED NET LONG/SHORT POSITIONS AND SUM OF WEIGHTED NET LONG AND SHORT POSITIONS Article 337 of CRR without taking into account the discretion of Article 335 of CRR, that allows an institution to cap the product of the weight and the net position at the maximum possible default-risk related loss.
580-600	AFTER CAP — WEIGHTED NET LONG/SHORT POSITIONS AND SUM OF WEIGHTED NET LONG AND SHORT POSITIONS

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.1. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendment which is a Tropical Rational Instruments can be found distributions Associated as 35 Tropical Association and the contents.)

Details of relevant amending instruments can be foun	nd discretions is fs Asticle 335 of ORR details)
610	According to Article 337(4) of CRR for a transitional period ending 31 December 2014, the institution shall sum separately its weighted net long positions (column 580) and its weighted net short positions (column 590). The larger of those sums (after cap) shall constitute the own funds requirement. From 2015 onwards according to Article 337(4) of CRR, the institution shall sum its weighted net positions, regardless whether they are long or short (column 600), in order to calculate the own funds requirements.
D	
<b>Rows</b> 010	TOTAL EXPOSURES Total amount of outstanding securitisations (held in the trading book) reported by the institution playing the role/s of originator and/or investor and/or sponsor.
040,070 and 100	SECURITISATIONS Article 4(61) and (62) of CRR.
020,050, 080 and110	RE-SECURITISATIONS Article 4(63) of CRR.
030-050	ORIGINATOR Article 4(13) of CRR
060-080	INVESTOR Credit institution that holds a securitisation positions in a securitisation transaction for which it is neither originator nor sponsor
090-110	SPONSOR Article 4(14) of CRR. If a sponsor is also securitising it own assets, it shall fill in the originator's rows with the information regarding its own securitised assets
120-210	BREAKDOWN OF THE TOTAL SUM OF WEIGHTED NET LONG AND NET SHORT POSITIONS BY UNDERLYING TYPES Article 337(4), last sentence of CRR. The breakdown of the underlying assets follows the classification used in the SEC Details template (Column 'Type'):  —1 —residential mortgages; —2 —commercial mortgages; —3 —credit card receivables;

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not callo asing significant on legislation.gov.uk. Details of relevant amending instruments can be found on five it website of See tandrah Passuntans for a simile s

Details of relevant amenaing instruments can be jound	ton her websites to to the parages of aspects
	(treated as corporates);
	—6 —consumer loans;
	—7 —trade receivables;
	—8 —other assets;
	—9 —covered bonds;
	—10 —other liabilities.
	For each securitisation, in case the pool
	consists of different types of assets, the
	institution shall consider the most important
	type.

- 5.3. C 20.00 — MARKET RISK: STANDARDISED APPROACH FOR SPECIFIC RISK FOR POSITIONS ASSIGNED TO THE CORRELATION TRADING PORTFOLIO (MKR SA CTP)
- 5.3.1. General Remarks
- 145. This template requests information on positions of the CTP (comprising securitisations, nth-to-default credit derivatives and other CTP positions included according to Article 338(3)) and the corresponding own funds requirements under the standardised approach.
- 146. The MKR SA CTP template determines the own funds requirement only for the specific risk of positions assigned to the Correlation Trading Portfolio according to Articles 335 in connection with 338 (2) and (3) of CRR. If CTP- positions of the trading book are hedged by credit derivatives, Articles 346 and 347 CRR apply. There is only one template for all CTP-positions of the trading book, irrespective of the fact whether the institution uses the Standardised Approach or the Internal Ratings Based Approach to determine the risk weight for each of the positions according to Part Three Title II Chapter 5 of CRR. The reporting of the own funds requirements of the general risk of these positions is conducted in the MKR SA TDI or the MKR IM template.
- 147. This structure of the template separates securitisation positions, n-th to default credit derivatives and other CTP-positions. As a result, securitisation positions shall always be reported in rows 030, 060 or 090 (depending on the role of the institution in the securitisation). N-th to default credit derivatives shall always be reported in line 110. The 'other CTP-positions' are neither securitisation positions nor n-th to default credit derivatives (see definition in Article 338(3) CRR), but they are explicitly 'linked' (because of the hedging intent) to one of these two positions. That is why they are assigned either under the sub-heading 'securitisation' or 'n-th to default credit derivative'.
- 148. Positions which receive a risk weight of 1 250 % can alternatively be deducted from CET1 (see 243(1) point (b), 244(1) point (b) and 258 of CRR). If this is the case, those positions have to be reported in row 460 of CA1.
- 5.3.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.1. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendment is a final characteristic for the first of the latest the first of the latest of th

210/380	LOOK THROUGH SA: Articles 253, 254 and 256 (5) of CRR. The look-through columns comprise all the cases of unrated exposures where the risk weight is obtained from the underlying portfolio of exposures (average risk weight of the pool, highest risk weight of the pool, or the use of a concentration ratio). IRB: Articles 263(2) and (3) of CRR. For early amortisations see Article 265(1) and 256 (5) of CRR.
190 -200 and 340-350	SUPERVISORY FORMULA METHOD Article 337(2) of CRR in connection with Article 262 of CRR.
170 -180 and 360-370	1 250 % Articles 251 (Table 1) and 261 (1) (Table 4) of CRR.
160 and 330	OTHER Other risk weights not explicitly mentioned in the previous columns. For n-th-to-default credit derivatives only those which are not externally rated. Externally rated n-th to default credit derivatives are either to be reported in the MKR SA TDI template (row 321) or — if they are incorporated into the CTP — shall be assigned to the column of the respective risk weight.
070-400	BREAKDOWN OF THE NET POSITIONS ACCORDING TO RISK WEIGHTS (SA AND IRB) Articles 251 (Table 1) and 261 (1) (Table 4) of CRR.
050-060	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 327 to 329 and 334 of CRR. Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions see Article 328(2) of CRR.
030-040	(-) POSITIONS DEDUCTED FROM OWN FUNDS (LONG AND SHORT) Article 258 of CRR.
Details of retevant amending instruments can be for	Correlation Trading Portfolio according to Article 338(2) and (3) of CRR. Regarding the distinction between Long and Short positions, also applicable to these gross positions, see Article 328(2) of CRR.

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendmentially 26 (Magnands of Resistation.gov.uk.

Details of relevant amending instruments can be for	enaments are that entry notifical interest the state of t
410-420	BEFORE CAP — WEIGHTED NET
	LONG/SHORT POSITIONS Article 338 without taking into account the discretion of Article 335 of CRR.
430-440	AFTER CAP — WEIGHTED NET LONG/SHORT POSITIONS Article 338 taking into account the discretion of Article 335 of CRR.
450	TOTAL OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS The own funds requirement is determined as the larger of either (i) the specific risk charge that would apply just to the net long positions (column 430) or (ii) the specific risk charge that would apply just to the net short positions (column 440).
Rows	
010	TOTAL EXPOSURES  Total amount of outstanding positions (held in the correlation trading portfolio) reported by the institution playing the role/s of originator, investor or sponsor.
020-040	ORIGINATOR Article 4(13) of CRR
050-070	INVESTOR Credit institution that holds a securitisation positions in a securitisation transaction for which it is neither originator nor sponsor
080-100	SPONSOR Article 4(14) of CRR. If a sponsor is also securitising it own assets, it shall fill in the originator's rows with the information regarding its own securitised assets
030, 060 and 090	SECURITISATIONS The correlation trading portfolio comprises securitisations, n-th-to-default credit derivatives and possibly other hedging positions that meet the criteria set in Article 338(2) and (3) of CRR.  Derivatives of securitisation exposures that provide a pro-rata share as well as positions hedging CTP positions shall be included in row 'Other CTP positions'.
110	N-TH-TO-DEFAULT CREDIT DERIVATIVES N-th to default credit derivatives that are hedged by n-th-to-default credit derivatives

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendment of the production of the power of the pow

The positions originator, investor and sponsor do not fit for n-th to default
credit derivatives. As a consequence, the breakdown as for securitisation positions cannot be provided for n-th to default credit derivatives
OTHER CTP POSITIONS  The positions in:  Derivatives of securitisation exposures that provide a pro-rata share as well as positions hedging CTP positions shall be included in row 'Other CTP positions';  CTP positions hedged by credit derivatives according to Article 346 CRR;  Other positions that satisfy Article 338(3) of CRR;  are included.
1 ( ( ,

# 5.4. C 21.00 — MARKET RISK: STANDARDISED APPROACH FOR POSITION RISK IN EQUITIES (MKR SA EQU)

#### 5.4.1. General Remarks

- This template requests information on the positions and the corresponding own funds requirements for position risk in equities held in the trading book and treated under the standardised approach.
- The template has to be filled out separately for the 'Total', plus a static, predefined list of following markets: Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Egypt, Hungary, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Poland, Romania, Sweden, United Kingdom, Albania, Japan, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Russian Federation, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, USA, Euro Area plus one residual template for all other markets. For the purpose of this reporting requirement the term 'market' shall be read as 'country'.

# 5.4.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010-020	ALL POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 102 and 105 (1) of CRR. These are gross positions not netted by instruments but excluding underwriting positions subscribed or sub-underwritten by third parties (Article 345 second sentence of CRR).
030-040	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 327, 329, 332, 341 and 345 of CRR.

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regula	etails)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by tion Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under
050 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations  POSITIONS SUBJECT PORTS (TAPPIAL)  d on the investies. (See end of Document for details)
	Those net positions that, according to the different approaches considered in Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 of CRR, receive a capital charge. The capital charge has to be calculated for each national market separately.
060	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS The capital charge for any relevant position according to Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 of CRR.
070	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) lit. b of CRR. Result of the multiplication of the own funds requirements by 12.5.
Rows	
010-130	EQUITIES IN TRADING BOOK
	Own funds requirements for position risk according to Article 92(3) point (b) (i) CRR and Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 Section 3 of CRR.
020-040	GENERAL RISK Positions in equities subject to general risk (Article 343 of CRR) and their correspondent own funds requirement according to Part 3 Title IV Chapter 2 Section 3 of CRR. Both breakdowns (021/022 as well as 030/040) are a breakdown related to all positions subject to general risk. Rows 021 and 022 requests information on the breakdown according to instruments. Only the breakdown in rows 030 and 040 is used as a basis for the calculation of own funds requirements.
021	Derivatives Derivatives included in the calculation of equity risk of trading book positions taking into account Articles 329 and 332, if applicable.
022	Other assets and liabilities Instruments other than derivatives included in the calculation of equity risk of trading book positions.
030	Exchange traded stock-index futures broadly diversified and subject to a particular approach

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amend have have been made at the Conduct Authority and the Financial Regulations placed in the Financial Regulations in the Financial Regulations and the Financial Regulations in the Financial Regulations and the Financial Regulations in the Financial Regulation Regulation Regulations in the Financial Regulations in the Financial Regulations in the Financial Regulation Regulation Regulation Regulations in the Financial Regulation Regulat

2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These ame	nical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations and Exachange traded stockerindexitations broadly and diversified and Scubice (Por ampartice dails) approach according to Article 344(1) and (4) of CRR. These positions are only subject to general risk and, accordingly, must not be reported in row (050).
040	Other equities than exchange traded stock-index futures broadly diversified Other positions in equities subject to specific risk and the correspondent own funds requirements according to Article 343 and 344 (3) of CRR.
050	SPECIFIC RISK Positions in equities subject to specific risk and the correspondent own funds requirement according to Articles 342 and 344 (4) CRR.
080	APPROAGGE positions to either the interest FOR rate risk or the equity risk. For POSITIO porting purposes, those positions RISK shall be reported in the MKR SA IN EQU template.  CIUS  Positions in CIUs if capital requirements are calculated according to Article 348(1) CRR. Applicable when positions in CIUs or the underlying instruments are not treated in accordance with the methods set out in Part 3 Title IV Chapter 5 (reference to the 'Use of internal models to calculate own funds requirements') of CRR.  If the particular approach according to Article 348(1) sentence 1 of CRR is applied, the amount to be reported is 32 % of the net position of the CIU exposure in question. If the particular approach according to Article 348(1) sentence 2 of CRR is applied, the amount to be reported is the lower of 32 % of the net position of the relevant CIU exposure and the difference between 40 % of this net position and the own funds requirements that arise from the foreign exchange risk associated with this CIU exposure.  If the specific methods of Article 350 CRR are applicable, the reporting of those positions shall follow the underlying investments. As a consequence, those positions would be reported in the relevant rows of either the MKR SA TDI or the MKR SA EQU template.

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powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technic	ical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations
090-1308 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amen	daddinonally requerements for
Details of relevant amending instruments can be found	d op their mobsite/s (See end of Document for details)
	or more permitted to
	Article 329(2) and (3) of CRR.
	The additional requirements for options
	related to non-delta risks shall be reported in
	the method used for its calculation.

# 5.5. C 22.00 — MARKET RISK: STANDARDISED APPROACHES FOR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK (MKR SA FX)

#### 5.5.1. General Remarks

- 151. Institutions shall report information on the positions in each currency (reporting currency included) and the corresponding own funds requirements for foreign exchange treated under the standardised approach. The position is calculated for each currency (including euro), gold, and positions to CIUs. Rows 100 to 470 of this template shall be reported even if institutions are not required to calculate own funds requirements for foreign exchange risk according to Article 351 of CRR.
- The memorandum items of the template shall be filled out separately for All currencies of the Member States of the European Union and the following currencies: USD, CHF, JPY, RUB, TRY, AUD, CAD, RSD, ALL, UAH, MKD, EGP, ARS, BRL, MXN, HKD, ICK, TWD, NZD, NOK, SGD, KRW, CNY and all other currencies.

# 5.5.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
020-030	ALL POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Gross positions due to assets, amounts to be received and similar items referred to in Article 352(1) of CRR. According to Article 352(2) and subject to permission from competent authorities, positions taken to hedge against the adverse effect of the exchange rate on their ratios in accordance with Article 92(1) and positions related to items that are already deducted in the calculation of own funds shall not be reported.
040-050	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Articles 352(3) and (4), first and second sentences, and 353 of CRR. The net positions are calculated by each currency, accordingly there may be simultaneous long and short positions.
060-080	POSITIONS SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CHARGE Articles 352(4), third sentence, 353 and 354 of CRR.
060-070	POSITIONS SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CHARGE (LONG AND SHORT)

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Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

	nendilihos long and short mat positiona log cach
	total of short positions from the total of long positions.  Long net positions for each operation in a currency are added to obtain the long net position in that currency.  Short net positions for each operation in a currency are added to obtain the short net position in that currency.  Unmatched positions are added to positions subject to capital charges for other currencies (row 030) in column (060) or (070) depending on their short or long arrangement.
080	POSITIONS SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CHARGE (MATCHED)  Matched positions for closely correlated currencies
	RISK CAPITAL CHARGE (%) As defined in Articles 351 and 354, the risk capital charges in percentage.
090	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS The capital charge for any relevant position according to Part 3 Title IV Chapter 3 of CRR.
100	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) lit. b of CRR. Result of the multiplication of the own funds requirements by 12.5.
Rows	
010	TOTAL POSITIONS IN NON REPORTING CURRENCIES Positions in non-reporting currencies and their correspondent own funds requirements according to Article 92(3) point (c) (i) and Article 352(2) and (4) of CRR (for conversion into the reporting currency).
020	CURRENCIES CLOSELY CORRELATED Positions and their correspondent own funds requirements for currencies referred to in Article 354 of CRR.
030	ALL OTHER CURRENCIES (including CIU's treated as different currencies) Positions and their correspondent own funds requirements for currencies subject to the

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be four	dande 352e (21)/ande (4) dof OR Prent for details)
	Reporting of CIU's treated as separate currencies according to Article 353 CRR: There are two different treatments of CIU's treated as separate currencies for calculating the capital requirements:  1. The modified gold method, if the direction of the CIU's investment is not available (those CIU's shall be added to an institution's overall net foreign-exchange position)  2. If the direction of the CIU's investment is available, those CIU's shall be added to the total open foreign exchange position (long or short, depending on the direction of the CIU)  The reporting of those CIU's follows the calculation of the capital requirements accordingly.
040	Positions and their correspondent own funds requirements for currencies subject to the general procedure referred to in Articles 351 and 352 (2) and (4) of CRR.
050-090	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS) Article 352(5) and (6) of CRR. The additional requirements for options related to non-delta risks shall be reported in the method used for its calculation.
100-120	OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS) Article 352(5) and (6) of CRR. The additional requirements for options related to non-delta risks shall be reported in
	OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS) Article 352(5) and (6) of CRR. The additional requirements for options related to non-delta risks shall be reported in the method used for its calculation.  Breakdown of total positions (reporting currency included) by exposure types Total positions shall be broken down according to derivatives, other assets and
100-120	OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS) Article 352(5) and (6) of CRR. The additional requirements for options related to non-delta risks shall be reported in the method used for its calculation.  Breakdown of total positions (reporting currency included) by exposure types Total positions shall be broken down according to derivatives, other assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet items.  Other assets and liabilities other than off-balance sheet items and derivatives Positions not included in row 110 or 120

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130-48018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendamps MORAL DUMINATE MISSISCOURSE ENCY Details of relevant amending instruments can be found or desir websites (See end of Document for details) The memorandum items of the template shall be filled out separately for All currencies of the Member States of the European Union and the following currencies: USD, CHF, JPY, RUB, TRY, AUD, CAD, RSD, ALL, UAH, MKD, EGP, ARS, BRL, MXN, HKD,

- 5.6. C 23.00 — MARKET RISK: STANDARDISED APPROACHES FOR COMMODITIES (MKR SA COM)
- 5.6.1. General Remarks
- 153. This template request information on the positions in commodities and the corresponding own funds requirements treated under the standardised approach.
- 5.6.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010-020	All POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) Gross long/short positions considered positions in the same commodity according to Article 357(1) and (4) of CRR (see also Article 359(1) of CRR).
030-040	NET POSITIONS (LONG AND SHORT) As defined in Article 357(3) of CRR.
050	POSITIONS SUBJECT TO CAPITAL CHARGE Those net positions that, according to the different approaches considered in Part 3 Title IV Chapter 4 of CRR, receive a capital charge.
060	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS The capital charge for any relevant position according to Part 3 Title IV Chapter 4 of CRR.
070	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) lit. b of CRR. Result of the multiplication of the own funds requirements * 12.5.

#### Rows

010

# TOTAL POSITIONS IN COMMODITIES

ICK, TWD, NZD, NOK, SGD, KRW, CNY

and all other currencies.

Positions in commodities and their correspondent own funds requirements for market risk according to Article 92(3) point

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020-060	POSITIONS BY CATEGORY OF COMMODITY For reporting purposes commodities are grouped in the four main groups of commodities referred to in Table 2 of Article 361 CRR.
070	MATURITY LADDER APPROACH Positions in commodities subject to the Maturity Ladder approach as referred to in Article 359 of CRR.
080	EXTENDED MATURITY LADDER APPROACH Positions in commodities subject to the Extended Maturity Ladder approach as referred to in Article 361 of CRR
090	SIMPLIFIED APPROACH Positions in commodities subject to the Simplified approach as referred to in Article 360 of CRR.
100-140	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR OPTIONS (NON-DELTA RISKS) Article 358(4) of CRR. The additional requirements for options related to non-delta risks shall be reported in the method used for its calculation

# 5.7. C 24.00 — MARKET RISK INTERNAL MODEL (MKR IM)

# 5.7.1. General Remarks

- This template provides a breakdown of VaR and stressed VaR (sVaR) figures according to the different market risks (debt, equity, FX, commodities) and other information relevant for the calculation of the own funds requirements.
- 155. Generally the reporting depends on the structure of the model of the institutions whether they report the figures for general and specific risk separately or together. The same holds true for the decomposition of the VAR/Stress-Var into the risk categories (interest rate risk, equity risk, commodities risk and foreign exchange risk). An institution can resign to report the decompositions mentioned above if it proves that a reporting of these figures would be unduly burdensome.

# 5.7.2. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
030-040	VaR
	It means the maximum potential loss that
	would result from a price change with a

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be found not figion ebsite/s. (See end of Document for details)

Details of relevant amending instruments can	be Jouna hopizioniessies. (See ena of Document for aetails)
030	Multiplication factor (mc) × Average of previous 60 working days VaR (VaRavg) Articles 364(1) point (a) (ii) and 365 (1) of CRR.
040	Previous day VaR (VaRt-1) Articles 364(1) point (a) (i) and 365 (1) of CRR.
050-060	Stressed VaR It means the maximum potential loss that would result from a price change with a given probability over a specified time horizon obtained by using input calibrated to historical data from a continuous 12-months period of financial stress relevant to the institution's portfolio.
050	Multiplication factor (ms) × Average of previous 60 working days (SVaRavg) Articles 364(1) point (b) (ii) and 365 (1) of CRR.
060	Latest available (SVaRt-1) Articles 364(1) point (b) (i) and 365 (1) of CRR.
070-080	INCREMENTAL DEFAULT AND MIGRATION RISK CAPITAL CHARGE It means the maximum potential loss that would result from a price change linked to default and migration risks calculated accordingly to Article 364(2) point (b) in connection with Part Three Title IV Chapter 5 Section 4 of CRR.
070	12 weeks average measure Article 364(2) point (b) (ii) in connection with Part Three Title IV Chapter 5 Section 4 of CRR.
080	Last Measure Article 364(2) point (b) (i) in connection with Part Three Title IV Chapter 5 Section 4 of CRR.
090-110	ALL PRICE RISKS CAPITAL CHARGE FOR CTP
090	FLOOR Article 364(3) point (c) of CRR. = 8 % of the capital charge that would be calculated in accordance with Article 338(1)

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100-110	12 WEEKS AVERAGE MEASURE AND LAST MEASURE Article 364(3) point (b).
110	LAST MEASURE Article 364(3) point (a)
120	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS Referred to in Article 364 of CRR of all risk factors taking into account correlation effects, if applicable, plus incremental default and migration risk and all price of risks for CTP but excluding the Securitization capital charges for Securitization and nth-to-default credit derivative according Article 364(2) of CRR.
130	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) lit. b of CRR. Result of the multiplication of the own funds requirements * 12.5.
140	Number of overshootings (during previous 250 working days) Referred to in Article 366 of CRR.
150-160	VaR Multiplication Factor (mc) and SVaR Multiplication Factor (ms) As referred to in Article 366 of CRR.
170-180	ASSUMED CHARGE FOR CTP FLOOR — WEIGHTED NET LONG/SHORT POSITIONS AFTER CAP The amounts reported and serving as the basis to calculate the floor capital charge for all price risks according to Article 364(3) point (c) of CRR take into account the discretion of Article 335 of CRR which says that the institution may cap the product of the weight and the net position at the maximum possible default-risk related loss.

# Rows

010

# TOTAL POSITIONS

Corresponds to the part of position, foreign exchange and commodities risk referred to in Article 363(1) of CRR linked to the risk factors specified in Article 367(2) of CRR. Concerning the columns 030 to 060 (VAR and Stress-VAR) the figures in the total row is not equal to the decomposition of the figures for the VAR/Stress-VAR of

Changes to legislation: Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014, Division PART II: TEMPLATE RELATED INSTRUCTIONS is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 13 June 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)EUR 2014 No. 680 may be subject to amendment by EU Exit Instruments made by both the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under powers set out in The Financial Regulators' Powers (Technical Standards etc.) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2018 (S.I. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendations are under the content amending instruments can be found decisions before the content amending instruments can be found decisions before the content amending instruments can be found decisions.

Details of relevant amending instruments co	an de journ decomposition par entientoration in defins.
020	TRADED DEBT INSTRUMENTS Corresponds to the part of position risk referred to in 363 (1) of CRR linked to the interest rates risk factors as specified in Article 367(2) of CRR.
030	TDI — GENERAL RISK General risk defined in Article 362 of CRR.
040	TDI — SPECIFIC RISK Specific risk defined in Article 362 of CRR.
050	EQUITIES Corresponds to the part of position risk referred to in 363 (1) of CRR linked to the equity risk factors as specified in Article 367(2) of CRR.
060	<b>EQUITIES</b> — <b>GENERAL RISK</b> General risk defined in Article 362 of CRR.
070	EQUITIES — SPECIFIC RISK Specific risk defined in Article 362 of CRR.
080	FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK Articles 363(1) and 367 (2) of CRR.
090	COMMODITY RISK Articles 363(1) and 367 (2) of CRR.
100	TOTAL AMOUNT FOR GENERAL RISK  Market risk caused by general market movements of traded debt instruments, equities, foreign exchange and commodities.  VAR for general risk of all risk factors (taking into account correlation effects if applicable).
110	TOTAL AMOUNT FOR SPECIFIC RISK Specific risk component of traded debt instruments and equities. VAR for specific risk of equities and traded debt instruments of trading book (taking into account correlation effects if applicable).

# 5.8. C 25.00 — CREDIT VALUATION ADJUSTMENT RISK (CVA)

# 5.8.1. Instructions concerning specific positions

Columns	
010	<b>Exposure value</b>

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Details of relevant amending instruments can be for	und anticle 1389 test. CR Rad of Document for details)
	Total EAD from all transactions subject to CVA charge
020	Of which: OTC derivatives Article 271 of CRR in accordance with Article 382(1) of CRR The part of the total counterparty credit risk exposure solely due to OTC derivatives. The information is not required from IMM institutions holding OTC derivatives and SFTs in the same netting set
030	Of which: SFT Article 271 of CRR in accordance with Article 382(2) of CRR The part of the total counterparty credit risk exposure solely due to SFT derivatives. The information is not required from IMM institutions holding OTC derivatives and SFTs in the same netting set
040	MULTIPLICATION FACTOR (mc)  × AVERAGE OF PREVIOUS 60  WORKING DAYS (VaRavg)  Article 383 of CRR in accordance with  Article 363(1)(d) of CRR  VaR calculation based on internal models for market risk
050	PREVIOUS DAY (VaRt-1) See instructions referring to column 040
060	MULTIPLICATION FACTOR (ms) × AVERAGE OF PREVIOUS 60 WORKING DAYS (SVaRavg) See instructions referring to column 040
070	LATEST AVAILABLE (SVaRt-1) See instructions referring to column 040
080	OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENTS Article 92(3) d) of CRR Own funds requirements for CVA Risk calculated via the chosen method
090	TOTAL RISK EXPOSURE AMOUNT Article 92(4) b) of CRR Own funds requirements multiplied by 12,5.
	Memorandum items
100	Number of counterparties Article 382 of CRR Number of counterparties included in calculation of own funds for CVA risk

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	ling instruments can be found on the existence of depresence of depresence of the struments
	or SFTs where they are simply the other contracting party.
110	Of which: proxy was used to determine credit spread number of counterparties where the credit spread was determined using a proxy instead of directly observed market data
120	INCURRED CVA Accounting provisions due to decreased credit worthiness of derivatives counterparties
130	SINGLE NAME CDS Article 386(1) lit. a of CRR Total notional amounts of single name CDS used as hedge for CVA risk
140	INDEX CDS Article 386(1) lit. b) of CRR Total notional amounts of index CDS used as hedge for CVA risk
Rows	
010	CVA risk total Sum of rows 020-040 as applicable
020	According to Advanced method Advanced CVA risk method as prescribed by Article 383 of CRR
030	According to Standardised method Standardised CVA risk method as prescribed by Article 384 of CRR
040	Based on OEM Amounts subject to the application of Article 385 of CRR]

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- (1) 2018 (S.1. 2018/1115), regs. 2, 3, Sch. Pt. 4. These amendments are not currently available on legislation.gov.uk.

  [F1 betthe dataeroquostodity the institution's youth is template shall be exported on an accumulated basis for the natural year or report (i.e. since 1st of January of the current year).]]
- (2) [FI]F2'Stand alone institutions' are neither part of a group, nor consolidate themselves in the same country where they are subject to own funds requirements.]]

#### **Textual Amendments**

- **F1** Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/227 of 9 January 2015 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions according to Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Text with EEA relevance).
- F2 Substituted by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/1278 of 9 July 2015 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) No 680/2014 laying down implementing technical standards with regard to supervisory reporting of institutions as regards instructions, templates and definitions (Text with EEA relevance).

#### **Status:**

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#### **Changes to legislation:**

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