

Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 November 2017 laying down management, conservation and control measures applicable in the Convention area of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), and amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1936/2001, (EC) No 1984/2003 and (EC) No 520/2007

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

Subject matter

This Regulation lays down management, conservation and control provisions relating to fishing for highly migratory fish species managed by the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT).

Article 2

Scope

This Regulation applies to:

- (a) Union fishing vessels, and Union vessels engaged in recreational fisheries, which operate in the ICCAT Convention area and, in the case of transshipments, also outside the ICCAT Convention area if they tranship species caught in that area;
- (b) third country vessels which are inspected in Member States ports and which carry ICCAT species or fishery products originating from such species that have not been previously landed or transhipped at ports;
- (c) third country fishing vessels and third country vessels engaged in recreational fisheries which operate in Union waters.

Article 3

Relationship to other Union acts

This Regulation applies without prejudice to the provisions laid down in a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets⁽¹⁾ and in Regulation (EU) 2016/1627.

The measures provided for in this Regulation apply in addition to those provided for in Regulations (EC) No 1005/2008 and (EC) No 1224/2009.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 4

Definitions

For the purpose of this Regulation, the following definitions apply:

- (1) ‘ICCAT species’ means species listed in Annex I;
- (2) ‘tropical tuna’ means bigeye tuna, yellowfin tuna and skipjack tuna;
- (3) ‘fishing vessel’ means any vessel equipped for commercial exploitation of marine biological resources or a bluefin tuna trap;
- (4) ‘catching vessel’ means a fishing vessel used for the purpose of the capture of marine biological resources;
- (5) ‘Union fishing vessel’ means a fishing vessel flying the flag of a Member State and registered in the Union;
- (6) ‘fishing authorisation’ means an authorisation issued in respect of a Union fishing vessel entitling it to carry out specific fishing activities during a specified period, in a given area or for a given fishery under specific conditions;
- (7) ‘special fishing authorisation’ means an authorisation issued in respect of a Union fishing vessel entitling it to carry out specific fishing activities with specific gear during a specified period, in a given area or for a given fishery under specific conditions;
- (8) ‘transshipment’ means the unloading of all or any fisheries products on board a vessel to another vessel;
- (9) ‘recreational fishery’ means non-commercial fishing activities exploiting marine biological resources for recreation, tourism or sport;
- (10) ‘Task I data’ means data defined as Task I by ICCAT in the ‘Field manual for statistics and sampling Atlantic tunas and tuna-like fish’;
- (11) ‘Task II data’ means data defined as Task II by ICCAT in the ‘Field manual for statistics and sampling Atlantic tunas and tuna-like fish’;
- (12) ‘CPC’ means contracting parties to the ICCAT Convention and cooperating non-contracting parties, entities or fishing entities;
- (13) ‘ICCAT Convention area’ means all waters of the Atlantic Ocean and adjacent seas;
- (14) ‘sustainable fisheries partnership agreement’ means an international agreement as defined in point 37 of Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013;
- (15) ‘vessel length’ means the distance measured in a straight line between the foremost point of the bow and the aftermost point of the stern;
- (16) ‘large-scale pelagic longline vessel’ means a pelagic longline vessel greater than 24 metres in length overall;
- (17) ‘large-scale fishing vessel’ means a fishing vessel greater than 20 metres in length overall;

Changes to legislation: *There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes*

- (18) 'large-scale catching vessel' means a catching vessel greater than 20 metres in length overall;
- (19) 'ICCAT record of large-scale fishing vessels' means the list, maintained by the ICCAT Secretariat, of large-scale fishing vessels authorised to target ICCAT species in the ICCAT Convention area;
- (20) 'support vessel' means a vessel other than a craft carried on board that is not equipped with an operational fishing gear and that facilitates, assists or prepares fishing activities, including by supplying a catching vessel;
- (21) 'carrier vessel' means a support vessel engaged in transshipment and receiving ICCAT species from a large-scale pelagic longline vessel;
- (22) 'ICCAT record of carrier vessels' means the list, maintained by the ICCAT Secretariat, of vessels authorised to receive transshipment at sea from large-scale pelagic longline vessels in the ICCAT Convention area;
- (23) 'ICCAT record of authorised tropical tunas vessels' means the list, maintained by the ICCAT Secretariat, of large-scale fishing vessels authorised to fish, retain on board, tranship, transport, process or land tropical tunas in the ICCAT Convention area;
- (24) 'fish-aggregating device' (FAD) means any equipment which is floating on the sea surface and is deployed with the objective of attracting fish;
- (25) 'IUU fishing' means fishing activities defined in point 1 of Article 2 of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008;
- (26) 'ICCAT IUU list' means a list of vessels which are considered by ICCAT to have engaged in IUU fishing;
- (27) 'longlines' means a fishing gear which comprises a main line carrying numerous hooks on branch lines (snoods) of variable length and spacing depending on the target species;
- (28) 'purse seines' means any encircling net the bottom of which is drawn together by means of a purse line at the bottom of the net, which passes through a series of rings along the groundrope, enabling the net to be pursed and closed;
- (29) 'hook' means a bent, sharpened piece of steel wire.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

TITLE II

MANAGEMENT, CONSERVATION AND CONTROL MEASURES CONCERNING CERTAIN SPECIES

CHAPTER I

Tropical tunas

Article 5

Restrictions on the number of Union large-scale catching vessels targeting bigeye tuna

The number and total capacity in gross tonnage (GT) of Union large-scale catching vessels targeting bigeye tuna in the ICCAT Convention area shall be determined:

- (a) as the average number and the capacity in GT of Union catching vessels targeting bigeye tuna in the ICCAT Convention area during the period 1991 to 1992; and
- (b) on the basis of the restriction on the number of Union catching vessels targeting bigeye tuna in 2005 as notified to ICCAT on 30 June 2005.

Article 6

Specific authorisations for large-scale tropical tuna catching vessels and for support vessels

1 Member States shall issue authorisations, in accordance with the provisions laid down in a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets⁽²⁾, to large-scale catching vessels flying their flag to fish tropical tunas in the ICCAT Convention area.

2 Member States shall issue authorisations to support vessels flying their flag used for any kind of support to vessels referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 7

ICCAT record of authorised tropical tuna vessels

1 Member States shall notify the Commission, without delay and at the latest within 30 days, of any event requiring an addition to, deletion from or modification of the ICCAT record of authorised tropical tuna vessels. The Commission shall, without delay and at the latest within 45 days from the date of such event, submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

2 Large-scale fishing vessels not entered into the ICCAT record of authorised tropical tuna vessels shall not be allowed to fish, retain on board, tranship, transport, transfer, process or land tropical tunas from the ICCAT Convention area. Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall not apply in such cases.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 8

List of vessels fishing tropical tunas in a given year

Member States shall, by 30 June of each year, submit to the Commission the list of authorised vessels flying their flag which have fished for tropical tunas in the ICCAT Convention area in the previous calendar year. The Commission shall, by 31 July of each year, notify ICCAT of the lists received from the Member States.

Article 9

Management plans in respect of fish-aggregating devices

1 In respect of purse seine and baitboat catching vessels fishing for tropical tunas in association with fish-aggregating devices (FADs), Member States shall, by 31 December of each year, submit to the Commission management plans for the use of such FADs by vessels flying their flag. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat by 31 January of the following year.

2 The objective of the management plans referred to in paragraph 1 shall be to:

- a improve the knowledge about FAD characteristics, buoy characteristics, FAD fishing, including fishing effort, and related impacts on targeted and non-targeted species;
- b effectively manage the deployment and recovery of FADs and beacons and their potential loss;
- c reduce and limit the impacts of FADs and FAD fishing on the ecosystem, including, where appropriate, by acting on the different components of the fishing mortality (e.g. number of deployed FADs, including number of FAD sets by purse seiners, fishing capacity, number of support vessels).

3 The management plans referred to in paragraph 1 shall contain the information set out in Annex II.

4 Member States shall ensure that no more than 500 instrumental buoys are active at any one time for each purse seiner flying their flag and fishing for tropical tunas in association with FADs.

Article 10

Requirements for FADs

1 FADs shall comply with the following requirements:

- a the surface structure of the FAD shall be either not covered by any material or covered only with material implying minimum risk of entangling non-targeted species; and
- b the sub-surface components shall be exclusively composed of material which does not entangle non-targeted species.

2 When designing FADs, biodegradable materials shall, if possible, be prioritised with a view to phasing out non-biodegradable FADs by 2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

3 Member States shall report to the Commission, as part of the annual report referred to in Article 71, on the steps undertaken to ensure compliance with paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

Article 11

Information on FADs submitted by vessels

1 For each deployment of a FAD, Union purse seine and baitboat catching vessels and Union support vessels shall collect and report the following information and data:

- a position of the FAD;
- b date of deployment of the FAD;
- c FAD type (anchored FAD, drifting artificial FAD);
- d FAD identifier (i.e. FAD marking or beacon ID, type of buoy — e.g. simple buoy or associated with echo sounder), or any information allowing identification of the owner;
- e FAD design characteristics (dimension and material of the floating part and of the underwater hanging structure, and the entangling feature of the underwater hanging structure).

2 For each visit on a FAD, whether followed or not by a set, Union purse seine and baitboat catching vessels and Union support vessels shall collect and report the following information:

- a type of visit (hauling, retrieving, intervention on electronic equipment);
- b position of the FAD;
- c date of visit;
- d FAD type (anchored FAD, drifting natural FAD, drifting artificial FAD);
- e FAD identifier (i.e. FAD marking or beacon ID) or any information allowing identification of the owner;
- f if the visit is followed by a set, the results of the set in terms of catch and by-catch, whether retained or discarded, dead or alive, or, if the visit is not followed by a set, the reason for such decision (for instance not enough fish or fish too small).

3 For each loss of a FAD, Union purse seine and baitboat catching vessels and Union support vessels shall collect and report the following information:

- a the last registered position;
- b date of the last registered position;
- c FAD identifier (i.e. FAD marking or beacon ID), or any information allowing identification of the owner.

4 Union fishing vessels shall keep a list of deployed FADs, updated on a quarterly basis, containing at least the information set out in Annex III.

Article 12

Information on FADs submitted by Member States

Member States shall submit every year to the Commission, 15 days prior to the deadline established by ICCAT for the given year, the following information, in order to make it available to the ICCAT Secretariat:

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

- (a) the number of FADs actually deployed, on a quarterly basis, by FAD type, indicating the presence or absence of a beacon/buoy or of an echo sounder associated to the FAD;
- (b) the number and type of beacons/buoys (e.g. radio, with echo sounder) actually deployed, on a quarterly basis;
- (c) the average numbers of active beacons/buoys, on a quarterly basis, that have been followed by each vessel;
- (d) average numbers of active FADs lost, on a quarterly basis;
- (e) for each support vessel, the number of days spent at sea, per 1° grid area, month and flag Member State.

Article 13

Logbooks

Member States shall ensure that:

- (a) paper and electronic fishing logbooks, as well as FAD logbooks, where applicable, are promptly collected and made available to Union scientists;
- (b) the Task II data transmitted to the Commission pursuant to Article 50 include the information collected from the fishing or FAD logbooks, where applicable.

Article 14

Time and area closure in relation with the protection of juveniles

1 Targeting for, or supporting activities to target tropical tunas in association with objects that could affect fish aggregation, including FADs, shall be prohibited:

- a from 1 January to 28 February each year; and
- b in the area delineated as follows:
 - Northern limit — Parallel 5° North latitude,
 - Southern limit — Parallel 4° South latitude,
 - Western limit — Meridian 20° West longitude,
 - Eastern limit — the African coast.

2 The prohibition referred to in paragraph 1 shall include:

- a launching any floating objects, with or without buoys;
- b fishing around, under, or in association with artificial objects, including vessels;
- c fishing around, under, or in association with natural objects;
- d towing floating objects from inside to outside the area.

3 Each Member State whose vessels fish in the geographical area of the time and area closure shall:

- a take appropriate action to ensure that all vessels flying its flag, including support vessels, when engaged in fishing activities during the time and area closure referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article, have an observer on board. The observer programme shall comply with Annex IV to this Regulation, without prejudice to Article 73 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009;

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

- b submit the information collected by the observers referred to in point (a) every year by 30 June to the Commission who shall notify ICCAT by 31 July;
- c take appropriate action against fishing vessels flying its flag that do not comply with the time and area closure referred to in paragraph 1;
- d submit a report on the compliance with the time and area closure to the Commission as part of its annual report referred to in Article 71.

Article 15

Fishing for tropical tunas in certain Portuguese waters

It shall be prohibited to retain on board any quantity of tropical tunas caught using purse seines in waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of Portugal in ICES subarea X north of 36°30' N or in CECAF areas north of 31° N and east of 17°30' W, or to target such species in those areas with those gear. Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall not apply in such cases.

Article 16

Identification of IUU fishing

If the ICCAT Executive Secretary notifies the Commission of a possible violation by Union fishing vessels of Article 7(2) and Article 14(1) and (2), the Commission shall without delay inform the flag Member State concerned. That Member State shall immediately investigate the situation and, if the vessel is fishing in association with objects that could affect fish aggregation, including FADs, shall request the vessel to stop fishing and, if necessary, leave the area without delay. The flag Member State concerned shall without delay report to the Commission the results of its investigation and the corresponding measures taken. The Commission shall forward that information to the coastal State and to the ICCAT Executive Secretary.

CHAPTER II

North Atlantic albacore

Article 17

Restrictions on the number of vessels

The maximum number of Union catching vessels targeting North Atlantic albacore in the ICCAT Convention area shall be determined as the average number of Union catching vessels fishing for North Atlantic albacore as a target species during the period 1993 to 1995.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

CHAPTER III

Swordfish

Section 1

Swordfish in the Atlantic

Article 18

Management plans for North Atlantic swordfish

Member States that have been allocated a quota and whose vessels are fishing for North Atlantic swordfish shall submit to the Commission their management plans by 15 August of each year. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat by 15 September of each year.

Article 19

Minimum size for North Atlantic swordfish

1 Targeting, retaining on board or transshipping, landing, transporting, storing, displaying or offering for sale, selling or marketing swordfish of less than 25 kg live weight, or, alternatively, 125 cm of lower jaw fork length, shall be prohibited. Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall not apply in such cases.

2 By way of derogation from paragraph 1, incidental catches of maximum 15 % of swordfish weighing less than 25 kg live weight or 125 cm of lower jaw fork length may be retained on board, transhipped, transferred, landed, transported, stored, sold, displayed or offered for sale.

3 The tolerance of 15 % referred to in paragraph 2 shall be calculated on the basis of the number of swordfish of the vessel's total swordfish catch per landing.

Section 2

Swordfish in the Mediterranean

^{F1}Article 20

[^{F1}Vessels authorised to target Mediterranean swordfish

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by Regulation (EU) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1967/2006 and Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

^{F1}Article 21

By-catch

.....

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

^{F1}Article 22

Special fishing authorisation

.....

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

^{F1}Article 23

Closed fishing seasons

.....

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

^{F1}Article 24

Minimum size for Mediterranean swordfish

.....

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

^{F1}Article 25

Technical specifications of the fishing gear for vessels authorised to target Mediterranean swordfish

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

^{F1}Article 26

Reporting obligations for Mediterranean swordfish]

Textual Amendments

- F1** Deleted by [Regulation \(EU\) 2019/1154 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on a multiannual recovery plan for Mediterranean swordfish and amending Council Regulation \(EC\) No 1967/2006 and Regulation \(EU\) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council.](#)

CHAPTER IV

Blue marlin and white marlin in the Atlantic

Article 27

Release of blue marlin and white marlin caught alive

1 By way of derogation from Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013, when their quota is being approached, Member States shall ensure that vessels flying their flag release all blue marlin (*Makaira nigricans*) and white marlin (*Tetrapturus albidus*) that are alive by the time of boarding.

2 Member States referred to in paragraph 1 shall take appropriate measures to ensure that blue marlin and white marlin are released in a manner that maximise their chances of survival.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Article 28

Landing of blue marlin and white marlin beyond the fishing opportunities

When a Member State has exhausted its quota, that Member State shall ensure that the landings of blue marlin and white marlin that are dead when brought alongside the vessel are not sold or entered into commerce. Such landings shall not count against that Member State's catch limits as set out in paragraph 1 of ICCAT Recommendation 2015-05, provided that such prohibition is clearly explained in the annual report referred to in Article 71 of this Regulation.

Article 29

Recreational fisheries of blue marlin and white marlin

1 Member States whose vessels are engaged in recreational fisheries of blue marlin and white marlin shall maintain a 5 % scientific observer coverage of blue marlin and white marlin tournament landings.

2 In recreational fisheries of blue marlin a minimum conservation size of 251 cm lower jaw fork length shall apply.

3 In recreational fisheries of white marlin a minimum conservation size of 168 cm lower jaw fork length shall apply.

4 It shall be prohibited to sell or to offer for sale any part or whole carcass of blue marlin or white marlin caught in recreational fisheries.

CHAPTER V

Sharks

Article 30

General provisions

1 In fisheries that are not targeting sharks, live sharks that are caught incidentally and are not used for food or subsistence shall be released.

2 Member States shall, where possible, carry out research on shark species caught in the ICCAT Convention area in order to improve the selectivity of fishing gear, to identify potential nursery areas and consider time and area closure and other measures, as appropriate. Such research shall provide information on key biological and ecological parameters, life-history and behavioural traits, as well as on the identification of potential mating, pupping and nursery grounds.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 31

Porbeagle sharks (*Lamna nasus*)

- 1 Retaining on board, transshipping or landing any part or whole carcass of porbeagle sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries shall be prohibited.
- 2 Union catching vessels shall promptly release, unharmed, porbeagle sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries when brought alongside the vessel.

Article 32

Bigeye thresher sharks (*Alopias superciliosus*)

- 1 Retaining on board, transshipping or landing any part or whole carcass of bigeye thresher sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries shall be prohibited.
- 2 Union catching vessels shall promptly release, unharmed, bigeye thresher sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries when brought alongside the vessel.

Article 33

Shortfin mako sharks (*Isurus oxyrinchus*)

Member States shall take appropriate measures to reduce fishing mortality in fisheries targeting shortfin mako sharks and shall report to the Commission, as part of the annual report referred to in Article 71, about the progress made.

Article 34

Oceanic whitetip shark (*Carcharhinus longimanus*)

- 1 Retaining on board, transshipping or landing any part or whole carcass of oceanic whitetip sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries shall be prohibited.
- 2 Union catching vessels shall promptly release, unharmed, oceanic whitetip sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries when brought alongside the vessel.

Article 35

Hammerhead sharks

- 1 Retaining on board, transshipping or landing any part or whole carcass of hammerhead sharks of the *Sphyrnidae* family (except *Sphyrna tiburo*) caught in association with ICCAT fisheries shall be prohibited.
- 2 Union catching vessels shall promptly release, unharmed, hammerhead sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries when brought alongside the vessel.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 36

Silky sharks (*Carcharhinus falciformis*)

1 Retaining on board, transshipping or landing any part or whole carcass of silky sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries shall be prohibited.

2 Union catching vessels shall promptly release, unharmed, silky sharks caught in association with ICCAT fisheries, at the latest before putting the catch into the fish holds, giving due consideration to the safety of crew members.

3 Union purse seiners engaged in ICCAT fisheries shall take additional measures to increase the survival rate of silky sharks caught incidentally. Member States shall report to the Commission, as part of the annual report referred to in Article 71, about the progress made.

Article 37

Sampling of shark species by scientific observers and other authorised individuals

1 By way of derogation from the prohibition to retain on board porbeagle, bigeye thresher, oceanic whitetip, hammerhead (of the *Sphyrnidae* family, except for the *Sphyrna tiburo*) and silky sharks, as set out in Articles 31, 32, 34, 35 and 36, the collection of biological samples during commercial fishing operations by scientific observers or individuals authorised by the CPC to collect biological samples shall be permitted under the following conditions:

- a the biological samples are collected only from animals which are dead at the haul back;
- b the biological samples are taken in the framework of a research project notified to the Standing Committee on Research and Statistics of the ICCAT and developed taking into consideration the recommended research priorities of that Committee. The research project should include a detailed document that describes the objective of the project, the methodologies to be used, the number and type of samples to be collected and the time and area of sampling;
- c the biological samples are kept on board until the port of landing or transshipment; and
- d the authorisation of the flag Member State or, in the case of chartered vessels, of the chartering CPC and the flag Member State, must accompany all samples collected in accordance with this Article until the final port of landing. Such samples and other parts of the shark specimens sampled shall not be marketed or sold.

2 The biological samples referred to in paragraph 1 may include, in particular, vertebrae, tissue, reproductive tracts, stomachs, skin samples, coil valves, jaws, whole fish or skeletons for taxonomic studies and fauna inventories.

3 The sampling campaign may only start once the authorisation by the Member State concerned has been issued.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

CHAPTER VI

Seabirds

Article 38

Mitigation measures for seabirds in the area between 20° South and 25° South

- 1 All vessels fishing between 20° and 25° South shall carry and use bird-scaring lines (tori lines) and tori poles that meet the requirements and supplemental guidelines set out in Annex V.
- 2 Tori lines shall be deployed prior to longlines entering the water, at all times.
- 3 Where practical, a second tori pole and tori line shall be used at times of high bird abundance or activity.
- 4 Back-up tori lines shall be carried by all vessels and be ready for immediate use.
- 5 Longline vessels targeting swordfish by using monofilament longline gear shall be exempted from the requirements of paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, subject to the following conditions:
 - a longlines are set during the night, with night being defined as the period between nautical dusk/dawn as referenced in the nautical dusk/dawn almanac for the geographical position of fishing; and
 - b minimum swivel weight of 60 g placed not more than 3 metres from the hook is used to achieve optimum sink rates.

The flag Member States of the vessels subject to the exemption referred to in the first subparagraph shall inform the Commission of their scientific findings resulting from their observer coverage of those vessels.

Article 39

Mitigation measures for seabirds in the area south of 25° South

Longline vessels shall use at least two of the following mitigation measures in accordance with the requirements and supplemental guidelines set out in Annex V:

- (a) night setting with minimum deck lighting;
- (b) bird-scaring lines (tori lines);
- (c) line weighting.

Article 40

Reporting obligations for seabirds

- 1 Longline vessels shall collect and provide to their flag Member State information on interactions with seabirds, including incidental catches. Member States shall submit that information to the Commission by 30 June of each year. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat without delay.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

2 Member States shall inform the Commission on the implementation of the measures laid down in Articles 38 and 39 and on the progress of the implementation of the Union action plan for reducing incidental catches of seabirds in fishing gear.

CHAPTER VII

Sea turtles

Article 41

General provisions for sea turtles

1 Purse seiners shall avoid encircling sea turtles and shall release encircled or entangled sea turtles, including on FADs. They shall report interactions between purse seines or FADs and sea turtles to their flag Member State.

2 Pelagic longline vessels shall carry and use safe-handling, disentanglement and release equipment capable of releasing sea turtles in a manner that maximises their chances of survival.

3 Fishermen on pelagic longline vessels shall use the equipment referred to in paragraph 2 in accordance with Annex VI, in order to maximise the chances of sea turtle survival.

4 Member States shall train fishermen on pelagic longline vessels in safe handling and release techniques.

Article 42

Reporting obligations for sea turtles

1 Member States shall collect and transmit to the Commission, by 30 June of each year, the information on the interactions of their vessels with sea turtles in ICCAT fisheries by gear type. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat by 31 July of each year. That information shall include:

- a catch rates, gear characteristics, times and locations, target species and disposition status (i.e. discarded dead or released alive);
- b a breakdown of interactions by sea turtle species; and
- c the nature of the hooking or entanglement (including with FADs), bait type, hook size and type, and the size of the animal.

2 Member States shall report to the Commission, as part of the annual report referred to in Article 71, on the implementation of Article 41 and on other relevant actions taken to implement, with respect to ICCAT fisheries, the Guidelines to reduce sea turtle mortality in fishing operations published in 2010 by the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO).

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

CHAPTER VIII

Fishing opportunities for bluefin tuna and swordfish

Article 43

General principle

In accordance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013, when allocating the fishing opportunities for bluefin tuna and swordfish stocks available to them, Member States shall use transparent and objective criteria, including those of an environmental, social and economic nature, and shall also endeavour to distribute national quotas fairly among the various fleet segments giving special consideration to traditional and artisanal fishing, and to provide incentives to Union fishing vessels deploying selective fishing gear or using fishing techniques with reduced environmental impact.

TITLE III

COMMON CONTROL MEASURES

CHAPTER I

Authorisations

Article 44

ICCAT record of large-scale fishing vessels

1 Member States shall issue authorisations, in accordance with the provisions laid down in a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets⁽³⁾, to large-scale fishing vessels flying their flag to target, retain on board, tranship or land ICCAT species in the ICCAT Convention area.

2 Member States shall submit to the Commission, at the time of authorisation, the lists of large-scale fishing vessels authorised pursuant to paragraph 1. The Commission shall without delay submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat for inclusion in the ICCAT record of large-scale fishing vessels.

3 Member States shall notify the Commission, without delay and at the latest within 30 days, of any event requiring an addition to, deletion from or modification of the ICCAT record of large-scale fishing vessels. The Commission shall, at the latest within 45 days from the date of such event, submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

4 Large-scale fishing vessels not entered into the ICCAT record of large-scale fishing vessels shall not be allowed to target, retain on board, tranship or land ICCAT species from the ICCAT Convention area. Article 15(1) of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013 shall not apply in such cases.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

CHAPTER II

Chartering

Article 45

Scope

This Chapter shall apply to chartering arrangements, other than bareboat chartering, between Union catching vessels and those of CPCs, where the Union catching vessels concerned do not change their flag.

Article 46

General provisions

1 Union catching vessels shall be allowed to participate in a chartering arrangement concluded with CPCs only as chartered vessels, subject to the following conditions:

- a the chartered vessels shall have a fishing authorisation issued by the chartering CPC and shall not be on the ICCAT IUU list;
- b the chartered vessels shall not be authorised to fish under more than one chartering arrangement at the same time;
- c the catches of the chartered vessels shall be unloaded exclusively in the ports of the chartering CPCs, unless otherwise provided for in the chartering arrangement; and
- d the chartering company shall be legally established in the chartering CPC.

2 Any transshipment at sea shall be duly authorised in advance by the chartering CPC and shall comply with Chapter IV of this Title.

Article 47

Notification

1 At the time the chartering arrangement is made, the flag Member State shall notify the Commission of its consent to the chartering arrangement.

2 If, within 15 calendar days of the transmission to the Commission of the notification referred to in paragraph 1, the Commission has not required further information, the chartered vessel may start the fishing activities concerned.

3 The flag Member State shall inform the Commission without delay about the termination of each charter.

4 The Commission shall forward without delay the information referred to in paragraphs 1 and 3 to the ICCAT Secretariat.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

CHAPTER III

Control of catches

Article 48

Compliance with quotas and minimum size requirements

1 By 20 August of each year Member States shall submit to the Commission information on the catches of ICCAT species during the previous year subject to quotas and on the compliance with minimum sizes.

2 The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat by 15 September of each year.

Article 49

Catch sampling

1 Sampling of catches for the purposes of improving the knowledge on the biology of the relevant ICCAT species and of estimating the necessary parameters for their evaluation shall be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/1004 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁽⁴⁾, Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2016/1251⁽⁵⁾ and the 'Field manual for statistics and sampling Atlantic tunas and tuna-like fishes' published in 1990 by ICCAT.

2 The Commission may adopt implementing acts as regards detailed requirements for the catch sampling referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 75(2).

Article 50

Catch and fishing effort notification

1 Unless otherwise established by the Commission to meet annual deadlines set by ICCAT, Member States shall transmit to the Commission, by 30 June of each year, the following data (Task I data):

- a information on the characteristics of their fleet for the previous year;
- b estimates of the annual nominal catch data (including by-catch and discards data) concerning ICCAT species for the previous year.

2 Unless otherwise established by the Commission to meet annual deadlines set by ICCAT, Member States shall transmit to the Commission, by 30 June of each year, the following data (Task II data) for the ICCAT species:

- a catch and fishing effort data for the previous year, giving a detailed spatio-temporal breakdown; those data shall include estimates of discards and releases with the indication of the status of the fish (dead or alive);
- b any data they have on catches in recreational fisheries for the previous year.

3 The Commission shall forward the information referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 to the ICCAT Secretariat without delay.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

4 The Commission may adopt implementing acts as regards detailed requirements for the Task I and II data referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article respectively. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 75(2).

CHAPTER IV

Transshipment

Article 51

Scope

- 1 This Chapter shall apply to the following transshipment operations:
 - a transshipment operations carried out within the ICCAT Convention area in respect of ICCAT species and other species caught in association with those species; and
 - b transshipment operations carried out outside the ICCAT Convention area in respect of ICCAT species and other species caught in association with those species, that were harvested in the ICCAT Convention area.
- 2 By way of derogation from point (b) of paragraph 1, this Chapter shall not apply to transshipments at sea outside the ICCAT Convention area of fish caught in the ICCAT Convention area, where such transshipment is subject to a programme for transshipment established by another tuna RFMO.
- 3 This Chapter shall not apply to harpoon vessels engaged in the transshipment of fresh swordfish at sea.

Article 52

Transshipment in port

- 1 All transshipment operations shall take place in designated ports, except those carried out by large-scale pelagic longline vessels pursuant to Articles 53 to 60.
- 2 Union fishing vessels shall comply with the obligations set out in Annex VII when carrying out transshipments in port.
- 3 This Article shall be without prejudice to Articles 17 to 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009 and Articles 4, 6, 7 and 8 of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008.

Article 53

Transshipment at sea

Transshipment at sea by large-scale pelagic longline vessels shall take place in accordance with Articles 54 to 60.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 54

ICCAT record of carrier vessels

1 Member States shall issue authorisations, in accordance with the provisions laid down in a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets⁽⁶⁾, to carrier vessels to receive transshipments at sea from large-scale pelagic longline vessels in the ICCAT Convention area.

2 Member States shall submit to the Commission, at the time of authorisation, the lists of carrier vessels authorised pursuant to paragraph 1. The Commission shall without delay submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat for inclusion in the ICCAT record of carrier vessels.

3 Flag Member States shall promptly notify the Commission of any addition to, any deletion from or any modification to, their lists of carrier vessels. The Commission shall without delay submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

4 The notification referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 shall reflect the format and layout established by the ICCAT Secretariat and shall include the following information:

- name of vessel, register number,
- ICCAT record number (if any),
- IMO number (if any),
- previous name (if any),
- previous flag (if any),
- previous details of deletion from other registries (if any),
- international radio call sign,
- type of vessel, length, gross registered tonnage and carrying capacity,
- name and address of owner(s) and operator(s),
- time period authorised for transshipping.

5 Transshipment at sea referred to in Article 53 may only be received by carrier vessels entered on the ICCAT record of carrier vessels.

Article 55

Authorisation to large-scale pelagic longline vessels to tranship in the ICCAT Convention area

1 Member States shall issue authorisations, in accordance with the provisions of a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on the sustainable management of external fishing fleets⁽⁷⁾, to large-scale pelagic longline vessels flying their flag to tranship at sea.

2 Member States shall submit to the Commission, at the time of authorisation, the lists of large-scale pelagic longline vessels authorised pursuant to paragraph 1. The Commission shall without delay submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

3 Flag Member States shall promptly notify the Commission of any addition to, any deletion from or any modification to, their lists of large-scale pelagic longline vessels authorised to tranship at sea. The Commission shall without delay submit that information to the ICCAT Secretariat.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

4 The notification referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 shall reflect the format and layout established by the ICCAT Secretariat and shall include the following information:

- name of vessel, register number,
- ICCAT record number,
- time period authorised for transshipping at sea,
- flag(s), name(s) and register number(s) of the carrier vessel(s) authorised for use by the large-scale pelagic longline vessel(s).

Article 56

Prior authorisation for transshipment at sea

1 Transshipments by large-scale pelagic longline vessels in waters under the jurisdiction of a CPC are subject to prior authorisation from that CPC. The original or a copy of that authorisation shall be retained on the vessel and made available to the ICCAT regional observer when requested.

2 Large-scale pelagic longline vessels shall not be allowed to tranship at sea, unless they have obtained prior authorisation from their flag Member State. The original or a copy of the documentation of that authorisation shall be retained on the vessel and made available to the ICCAT regional observer when requested.

3 To receive the prior authorisations referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2, the master or owner of the large-scale pelagic longline vessel shall, at least 24 hours in advance of the intended transshipment, notify its flag Member State authorities and the coastal CPC of the following information:

- a the name of the large-scale pelagic longline vessel and its number in the ICCAT record of large-scale pelagic longline vessels authorised to tranship at sea;
- b the name of the carrier vessel and its number in the ICCAT record of carrier vessels;
- c the product to be transhipped, by species, where known, and, if possible, by stock;
- d the quantities of ICCAT species, if possible, by stock, to be transhipped;
- e the quantities of other species caught in association with ICCAT species by species, if known, to be transhipped;
- f the date and location of transshipment;
- g the geographic location of the catches by species and, where appropriate, by stock, consistent with ICCAT statistical areas.

Article 57

ICCAT transshipment declaration

1 The master or owner of the large-scale pelagic longline vessel shall, not later than 15 days after the transshipment, complete and transmit to its flag Member State and to the coastal CPC the ICCAT transshipment declaration.

2 The master of the receiving carrier vessel shall, within 24 hours of the completion of the transshipment, complete and transmit to the ICCAT Secretariat, to the flag CPC of the large-scale pelagic longline vessel and to its flag Member State the ICCAT transshipment declaration, along with its number in the ICCAT record of carrier vessels.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

3 The master of the receiving carrier vessel shall, at least 48 hours before landing, transmit to the competent authorities of the landing State the ICCAT transshipment declaration, along with its number in the ICCAT record of carrier vessels.

4 All ICCAT species and any other species caught in association with those species landed in, or imported into, the area or territory of a CPC, either unprocessed or after having being processed on board, and which are transhipped at sea, shall be accompanied by the ICCAT transshipment declaration until the first sale has taken place.

Article 58

ICCAT regional observer programme for transshipment at sea

1 Each Member State shall ensure that all carrier vessels transshipping at sea have on board an ICCAT regional observer in accordance with the ICCAT regional observer programme for transshipment at sea as laid down in Annex VIII.

2 Without prejudice to Article 73 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009, the ICCAT regional observer shall be tasked to verify compliance with this Chapter, and, in particular, whether the transhipped quantities are consistent with the reported catch in the ICCAT transshipment declaration and with the catches recorded in the fishing vessel logbook.

3 Vessels shall be prohibited from commencing or continuing transshipping in the ICCAT Convention area without an ICCAT regional observer on board, except in cases of force majeure duly notified to the ICCAT Secretariat.

Article 59

Reporting obligations

1 The flag Member State of large-scale pelagic longline vessels which have transhipped and the flag Member State of carrier vessels which have received transshipments during the previous year shall transmit by 15 August of each year to the Commission:

- a the quantities of catches of ICCAT species, by species and, if possible, by stock, transhipped during the previous year;
- b the quantities of other species caught in association with ICCAT species by species, if known, transhipped during the previous year;
- c the list of the large-scale pelagic longline vessels which have transhipped during the previous year;
- d a comprehensive report assessing the content and conclusions of the reports of the ICCAT regional observers assigned to carrier vessels which have received transshipment from large-scale pelagic longline vessels.

2 The Commission shall forward the information received pursuant to paragraph 1 to the ICCAT Secretariat by 15 September of each year.

Article 60

Consistency of reported data

The flag Member State of the large-scale pelagic longline vessel engaged in transshipments at sea shall review the information received pursuant to this Regulation so

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

as to determine consistency between the reported catches, transshipments and landings of each vessel, including in cooperation with the landing State as necessary. That verification shall be carried out in such a manner so as to ensure that the vessel suffers the minimum interference and inconvenience and that deterioration in fish quality is avoided.

CHAPTER V

Scientific observer programmes

Article 61

Establishment of domestic scientific observer programmes

1 Member States shall establish domestic scientific observer programmes ensuring the following:

- a a minimum of 5 % observer coverage of fishing effort in each of the pelagic longline, purse seine and baitboat fisheries;
- b for chartered vessels, by way of derogation from point (a), a minimum of 10 % observer coverage of fishing effort in each of the pelagic longline, purse seine and baitboat fisheries;
- c a representative temporal and spatial coverage of the operation of the fleet to ensure the collection of adequate and appropriate data, taking into account characteristics of the fleets and fisheries;
- d data collection on all aspects of the fishing operation, including catch, as specified in Article 63(1).

2 The observer coverage referred to in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 1 shall be calculated as follows:

- a in number of sets or trips for purse seine fisheries;
- b in fishing days, number of sets or trips for pelagic longline fisheries; or
- c in fishing days for baitboat fisheries.

3 By way of derogation from point (a) of paragraph 1, for vessels less than 15 metres in length overall, where an extraordinary safety concern exists that precludes deployment of an on-board observer, a Member State may employ an alternative scientific monitoring approach. That alternative approach shall ensure a coverage comparable to that specified in point (a) of paragraph 1 and an equivalent collection of data. The Member State concerned shall present the details of the alternative approach to the Commission.

4 The Commission shall submit the details of the alternative approach referred to in paragraph 3 to the ICCAT Standing Committee on Research and Statistics for evaluation. Alternative approaches shall be subject to the approval of the ICCAT Commission at the ICCAT annual meeting prior to their implementation.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 62

Qualifications of scientific observers

Member States shall ensure that observers have followed the required training, are suitably qualified and are approved before their deployment. The observers shall possess the following qualifications:

- (a) sufficient knowledge and experience to identify species and collect information on different fishing gear configurations;
- (b) satisfactory knowledge of the ICCAT conservation and management measures;
- (c) ability to observe and record accurately data to be collected under the programme;
- (d) ability to collect biological samples;
- (e) not be a crew member of the fishing vessel being observed; and
- (f) not be an employee of a fishing vessel company involved in the fishery being observed.

Article 63

Responsibilities of scientific observers

- 1 In particular, Member States shall require observers to:
 - a record and report information on the fishing activity, which shall include at least the following:
 - (i) data concerning total target catch, by-catch and discards (including sharks, sea turtles, marine mammals and seabirds), size composition, disposition status (i.e. retained, discarded dead, released alive), and biological samples for life history studies (e.g. gonads, otoliths, spines, scales);
 - (ii) fishing operation information, including area of catch by latitude and longitude, fishing effort information (e.g. number of sets, number of hooks, etc.), date of each fishing operation, including, as appropriate, the start and stop times of the fishing activity;
 - b observe and record the use of by-catch mitigation measures and other relevant information;
 - c submit any proposals they consider appropriate to improve the efficiency of conservation measures and scientific monitoring.
- 2 Member States shall ensure use of robust data collection protocols, including, if necessary, the use of photography or cameras.
- 3 Masters of the vessels shall ensure appropriate access to the vessel and its operations to allow the observers to carry out their responsibilities effectively.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 64

Submission of collected information

By 30 June of each year Member States shall submit to the Commission the information collected under their domestic scientific observer programmes. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat by 31 July of each year.

CHAPTER VI

Control of third country fishing vessels in Member State ports

Article 65

Reporting obligations with regard to designated ports and points of contact

1 Member States wishing to grant access to its ports to third country fishing vessels carrying ICCAT species or fishery products originating from such species that have not been previously landed or transhipped at ports shall:

- a designate their ports to which third country fishing vessels may request entry pursuant to Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008;
- b designate a point of contact for the purposes of receiving prior notice pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008;
- c designate a point of contact for the purposes of transmitting port inspection reports pursuant to Article 66 of this Regulation.

2 Member States shall transmit to the Commission any changes to the list of designated ports and points of contact at least 30 days before such changes take effect. The Commission shall notify that information to the ICCAT Secretariat at least 14 days before those changes take effect.

Article 66

Reporting obligations with regard to port inspections

1 The inspecting Member State shall transmit to the Commission a copy of the port inspection report referred to in Article 10(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008 no later than 10 days following the date of completion of the inspection. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat no later than 14 days following the date of completion of the inspection.

2 If the port inspection report cannot be transmitted within the period of 10 days referred to in paragraph 1, the inspecting Member State shall notify the Commission within that period of the reasons for the delay and when the report will be submitted.

3 If the information collected during the inspection provides reasons to believe that a third country vessel has committed an infringement of the ICCAT conservation and management measures, Article 11 of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008 shall apply.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

CHAPTER VII

Enforcement

Article 67

Alleged infringements reported by Member States

1 In addition to the requirements set out in Article 48(4) of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2008, Member States shall submit to the Commission, at least 140 days before the ICCAT annual meeting, any documented information that indicates possible non-compliance of CPCs with ICCAT conservation and management measures. The Commission shall examine that information and, if appropriate, forward it to the ICCAT Secretariat at least 120 days before the ICCAT annual meeting.

2 Member States shall submit to the Commission the list of catching vessels 12 metres or greater in length overall, fish processing vessels, tug and towing vessels, vessels engaged in transshipment, and support vessels alleged to be carrying out IUU fishing in the ICCAT Convention area during the current and previous year, accompanied by the supporting evidence concerning the presumption of IUU fishing. That list shall be submitted at least 140 days before the ICCAT annual meeting. The Commission shall examine that information and, if the information is sufficiently documented, forward it to the ICCAT Secretariat at least 120 days before the ICCAT annual meeting, for the purpose of establishing the ICCAT draft IUU list.

Article 68

ICCAT draft IUU list

Member States shall closely monitor the vessels included in the ICCAT draft IUU list circulated by the ICCAT Executive Secretary, in order to determine the activities and possible changes of name, flag or registered owner of those vessels.

Article 69

Alleged non-compliances reported by the ICCAT Executive Secretary

1 If the Commission receives from the ICCAT Executive Secretary any information indicating a suspected non-compliance by a Member State, the Commission shall without delay transmit that information to the Member State concerned.

2 The Member State concerned shall provide the Commission, at least 45 days before the ICCAT annual meeting, with the findings of any investigation taken in relation to the allegations of non-compliance and any actions taken to address compliance issues. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Executive Secretary at least 30 days before the ICCAT annual meeting.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Article 70

Alleged infringements reported by a CPC

1 Member States shall designate a point of contact for the purpose of receiving port inspection reports from CPCs.

2 Member States shall transmit to the Commission any changes to the point of contact referred to in paragraph 1 at least 30 days before such changes take effect. The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat at least 14 days before those changes take effect.

3 If the point of contact designated by a Member State receives a port inspection report from a CPC providing evidence that a fishing vessel flying the flag of that Member State has committed an infringement of ICCAT conservation and management measures, the Member State shall promptly investigate the infringement and, within 160 days of the receipt of such port inspection report, notify the Commission of the status of the investigation and of any enforcement action that may have been taken.

4 If the flag Member State cannot meet the deadline referred to in paragraph 3, it shall notify the Commission the reasons for the delay and when the report on the status of the investigation will be submitted.

5 The Commission shall forward that information to the ICCAT Secretariat within 180 days from the receipt of the port inspection report and shall include in the annual report referred to in Article 71 information regarding the status of the investigations and any enforcement actions undertaken by the flag Member State.

TITLE IV

FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 71

Annual report

1 By 20 August of each year Member States shall submit to the Commission an annual report for the preceding calendar year, comprising information on fisheries, research, statistics, management, inspection and IUU fishing prevention activities and any additional information, as appropriate.

2 The annual report shall include information on the steps taken to mitigate by-catch and reduce discards, and on any relevant research in that field.

3 The Commission shall compile the information received pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 and shall forward it to the ICCAT Secretariat without delay.

4 The Commission may adopt implementing acts as regards detailed requirements for the format of the annual report referred to in this Article. Those implementing acts shall be adopted in accordance with the examination procedure referred to in Article 75(2).

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Article 72

Confidentiality

Data collected and exchanged in the framework of this Regulation shall be treated in accordance with the applicable rules on confidentiality pursuant to Articles 112 and 113 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009.

Article 73

Procedure for amendments

1 Where necessary in order to implement into Union law amendments to the existing ICCAT recommendations which become binding on the Union, and insofar as amendments to Union law do not go beyond the ICCAT recommendations, the Commission is empowered to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 74 for the purpose of amending:

- a Annexes II to VIII;
- b the time limits laid down in Article 7(1), Article 8, Articles 9(1) and 10(2), Article 14(1) and (3), Article 18, Article 20(2), (3) and (4), Article 22(2), Article 23(1) and (2), Article 26(1) and (3), Articles 40(1), 42(1), 44(3) and 47(2), Article 48(1) and (2), Article 50(1) and (2), Article 56(3), Article 57(1), (2) and (3), Article 59(1) and (2), Article 64, Article 65(2), Article 66(1) and (2), Article 67(1) and (2), Article 69(2), Article 70(2), (3) and (5), and Article 71(1);
- c the area laid down in point (b) of Article 14(1);
- d the minimum sizes laid down in Article 19(1) and (2), Article 24(2) and Article 29(2) and (3);
- e the tolerances laid down in Article 19(2) and (3), Article 21 and Article 24(3);
- f the technical specifications of hooks and longlines laid down in Article 25 and point (b) of Article 38(5);
- g the scientific observer coverage laid down in Article 29(1), and points (a) and (b) of Article 61(1);
- h the type of information and data laid down in Article 11(1), (2) and (3), Article 12, Articles 20(2), 26(1) and 42(1), Article 50(1) and (2), and Articles 54(4), 55(4), 56(3) and 59(1);
- i the maximum number of instrumental buoys laid down in Article 9(4).

2 Any amendments adopted in accordance with paragraph 1 shall be strictly limited to the implementation of amendments to the ICCAT recommendation concerned into Union law.

Article 74

Exercise of the delegation

1 The power to adopt delegated acts is conferred on the Commission subject to the conditions laid down in this Article.

2 The power to adopt delegated acts referred to in Article 73 shall be conferred on the Commission for a period of five years from 3 December 2017. The Commission shall draw up a report in respect of the delegation of power not later than nine months before the end of the

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

five-year period. The delegation of power shall be tacitly extended for periods of an identical duration, unless the European Parliament or the Council opposes such extension not later than three months before the end of each period.

3 The delegation of power referred to in Article 73 may be revoked at any time by the European Parliament or by the Council. A decision to revoke shall put an end to the delegation of the power specified in that decision. It shall take effect the day following the publication of the decision in the Official Journal of the European Union or at a later date specified therein. It shall not affect the validity of any delegated act already in force.

4 Before adopting a delegated act, the Commission shall consult experts designated by each Member State in accordance with the principles laid down in the Interinstitutional Agreement of 13 April 2016 on Better Law-Making.

5 As soon as it adopts a delegated act, the Commission shall notify it simultaneously to the European Parliament and to the Council.

6 A delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 73 shall enter into force only if no objection has been expressed either by the European Parliament or the Council within a period of two months of notification of that act to the European Parliament and the Council or if, before the expiry of that period, the European Parliament and the Council have both informed the Commission that they will not object. That period shall be extended by two months at the initiative of the European Parliament or of the Council.

Article 75

Committee procedure

1 The Commission shall be assisted by the Committee for Fisheries and Aquaculture established by Article 47 of Regulation (EU) No 1380/2013. That committee shall be a committee within the meaning of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011.

2 Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 shall apply.

Article 76

Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 1936/2001

In Regulation (EC) No 1936/2001, Articles 4, 5, 6, 6a, 7, 8a, 8b, 8c, 9, 9a and 10 to 19 are deleted.

Article 77

Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 1984/2003

Regulation (EC) No 1984/2003 is amended as follows:

- (a) in Article 3, the following points are added:
- (g) : fishing vessel 20 metres in length overall or greater;
large-scale

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

fishing
vessel
(h) : pelagic longline vessel 24 metres in length overall or
large- greater.;
scale
pelagic
longline
vessel

- (b) in Article 4(2), the following point is added:
- (c) if the fishing has been carried out by a large-scale fishing vessel, be accepted only when that vessel is on the ICCAT record of vessels.;
- (c) in Article 5(2), the following point is added:
- (c) if the fishing has been carried out by a large-scale fishing vessel, be validated only when that vessel is on the ICCAT record of vessels.;
- (d) in Chapter 2, the following Section is added:

Section 4

Requirements for Member States in respect of transhipped products in the ICCAT Convention area

Article 7a

Statistical documents and reporting

- 1 When validating statistical documents, the flag Member State of large-scale pelagic longline vessels shall ensure that transhipments are consistent with the reported catch amount by each such vessel.
- 2 The flag Member State of large-scale pelagic longline vessels shall validate statistical documents for the transhipped fish, after confirming that the transhipment was conducted in accordance with Articles 51 to 58 of Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council⁽⁸⁾. That confirmation shall be based on the information obtained through the ICCAT regional observer programme for transhipment at sea.
- 3 Member States shall require that the species covered by the statistical document programs caught by large-scale pelagic longline vessels in the ICCAT Convention area, when imported into their area or territory, are accompanied by statistical documents validated for the vessels on the ICCAT list of large-scale pelagic longline vessels authorised to tranship at sea and a copy of the ICCAT transhipment declaration..

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Article 78

Amendments to Regulation (EC) No 520/2007

In Regulation (EC) No 520/2007, Article 4(1), Title II and Annexes II, III and IV are deleted.

Article 79

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

- (1) Procedure number 2015/0289(COD), not yet published in the Official Journal.
- (2) Procedure number 2015/0289(COD), not yet published in the Official Journal.
- (3) Procedure number 2015/0289(COD), not yet published in the Official Journal.
- (4) Regulation (EU) 2017/1004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2017 on the establishment of a Union framework for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries sector and support for scientific advice regarding the common fisheries policy and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 199/2008 ([OJ L 157, 20.6.2017, p. 1](#)).
- (5) Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2016/1251 of 12 July 2016 adopting a multiannual Union programme for the collection, management and use of data in the fisheries and aquaculture sectors for the period 2017-2019 ([OJ L 207, 1.8.2016, p. 113](#)).
- (6) Procedure number 2015/0289(COD), not yet published in the Official Journal.
- (7) Procedure number 2015/0289(COD), not yet published in the Official Journal.
- (8) Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 November 2017 laying down management, conservation and control measures applicable in the Convention area of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT), and amending Council Regulations (EC) No 1936/2001, (EC) No 1984/2003 and (EC) No 520/2007 ([OJ L 315, 30.11.2017, p. 1](#)).

Changes to legislation:

There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EU) 2017/2107 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

[View outstanding changes](#)

Changes and effects yet to be applied to :

- Art. 3 footnote omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(3)(b)
- Art. 3 heading word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(3)(a)
- Art. 5 heading words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(5)(a)
- Art. 5 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(5)(b)
- Art. 6(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(6)(a)(i)
- Art. 6(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(6)(a)(ii)
- Art. 6(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(6)(b)(i)
- Art. 6(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(6)(b)(ii)
- Art. 7(1) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(7)(c)
- Art. 7(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(7)(a)
- Art. 7(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(7)(b)
- Art. 8 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(8)(e)
- Art. 8 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(8)(a)
- Art. 8 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(8)(b)
- Art. 8 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(8)(c)
- Art. 8 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(8)(d)
- Art. 9(1) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(a)(iv)
- Art. 9(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(a)(i)
- Art. 9(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(a)(ii)
- Art. 9(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(a)(iii)
- Art. 9(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(b)(i)
- Art. 9(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(9)(b)(ii)
- Art. 10(3) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(10)(b)
- Art. 10(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(10)(a)
- Art. 11 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(11)
- Art. 12 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(12)(c)
- Art. 12 heading words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(12)(a)
- Art. 12 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(12)(b)
- Art. 13 omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(13)
- Art. 14(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(14)(a)
- Art. 16 substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(15)
- Art. 17 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(16)
- Art. 18 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(17)(d)
- Art. 18 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(17)(a)
- Art. 18 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(17)(b)
- Art. 18 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(17)(c)
- Art. 20(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(a)
- Art. 20(2) word substituted in earlier amending provision S.I. 2019/753, reg. 7(18)(b)(i) by S.I. 2019/1312 reg. 9(2)(c)(i)(aa)
- Art. 20(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(b)(i)
- Art. 20(3) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(c)
- Art. 20(4) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(d)(iv)
- Art. 20(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(d)(i)
- Art. 20(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(d)(ii)
- Art. 20(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(d)(iii)
- Art. 21 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(19)
- Art. 22(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(20)(a)
- Art. 22(2) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(20)(b)
- Art. 23(2) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(21)
- Art. 25(1) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(22)

- Art. 26(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(23)(a)(i)
- Art. 26(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(23)(a)(ii)
- Art. 26(3) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(23)(b)
- Art. 27(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(24)(a)
- Art. 27(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(24)(b)
- Art. 28 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(25)
- Art. 29(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(26)
- Art. 30(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(27)
- Art. 31(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(28)
- Art. 32(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(29)
- Art. 33 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(30)(a)
- Art. 33 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(30)(b)
- Art. 34(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(31)
- Art. 35(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(32)
- Art. 36(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(33)(a)
- Art. 36(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(33)(b)(i)
- Art. 36(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(33)(b)(ii)
- Art. 36(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(33)(b)(iii)
- Art. 37(3) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(34)(b)
- Art. 38 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(35)(b) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 7(35) substituted immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2019/1312, regs. 1(2), 9(2)(c)(iii))
- Art. 38 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(35)(a) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 7(35) substituted immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2019/1312, regs. 1(2), 9(2)(c)(iii))
- Art. 38(5) words omitted by virtue of S.I. 2019/753, reg. 7(35) (as substituted) by S.I. 2019/1312 reg. 9(2)(c)(iii)
- Art. 40(1) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(36)(a)(iv)
- Art. 40(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(36)(a)(i)
- Art. 40(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(36)(a)(ii)
- Art. 40(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(36)(a)(iii)
- Art. 40(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(36)(b)
- Art. 41(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(37)(a)
- Art. 41(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(37)(b)
- Art. 42(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(38)(a)
- Art. 42(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(38)(b)
- Art. 43 word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(39)(b)
- Art. 43 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(39)(a)
- Art. 43 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(39)(c)
- Art. 43 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(39)(d)
- Art. 44(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(40)(a)(i)
- Art. 44(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(40)(a)(ii)
- Art. 44(2) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(40)(b)
- Art. 44(3) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(40)(c)
- Art. 45 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(41)
- Art. 46(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(42)
- Art. 47(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(43)(a)
- Art. 47(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(43)(b)
- Art. 47(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(43)(c)(i)
- Art. 47(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(43)(c)(ii)
- Art. 47(4) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(43)(d)
- Art. 48(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(44)(a)(i)
- Art. 48(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(44)(a)(ii)
- Art. 48(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(44)(a)(iii)
- Art. 48(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(44)(b)
- Art. 49(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(45)
- Art. 50(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(46)(a)
- Art. 50(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(46)(b)

- Art. 50(3)(4) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(46)(c)
- Art. 52(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(47)(a)
- Art. 52(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(47)(b)
- Art. 54(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(a)
- Art. 54(2) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(b)(iii)
- Art. 54(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(b)(i)
- Art. 54(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(b)(ii)
- Art. 54(3) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(c)(iii)
- Art. 54(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(c)(i)
- Art. 54(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(48)(c)(ii)
- Art. 55(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(a)(i)
- Art. 55(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(a)(ii)
- Art. 55(2) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(b)(iii)
- Art. 55(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(b)(i)
- Art. 55(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(b)(ii)
- Art. 55(3) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(c)(iii)
- Art. 55(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(c)(i)
- Art. 55(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(49)(c)(ii)
- Art. 56(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(50)(a)
- Art. 56(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(50)(b)
- Art. 57 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(51)
- Art. 58(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(52)
- Art. 59(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(53)(a)(i)
- Art. 59(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(53)(a)(ii)
- Art. 59(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(53)(a)(iii)
- Art. 59(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(53)(a)(iv)
- Art. 59(2) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(53)(b)
- Art. 60 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(54)
- Art. 61(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(55)(a)
- Art. 61(3) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(55)(b)(ii)
- Art. 61(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(55)(b)(i)
- Art. 61(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(55)(c)
- Art. 62 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(56)
- Art. 63(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(57)(a)
- Art. 63(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(57)(b)
- Art. 64 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(58)(d)
- Art. 64 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(58)(a)
- Art. 64 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(58)(b)
- Art. 64 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(58)(c)
- Art. 65(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(a)(i)
- Art. 65(2) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(b)(iii)
- Art. 65(2) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(b)(iv)
- Art. 65(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(b)(i)
- Art. 65(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(b)(ii)
- Art. 66(1) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(a)(iv)
- Art. 66(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(a)(i)
- Art. 66(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(a)(ii)
- Art. 66(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(a)(iii)
- Art. 66(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(b)(i)
- Art. 66(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(b)(ii)
- Art. 66(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(61)(b)(iii)
- Art. 67 heading words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(a)
- Art. 67(1) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(b)
- Art. 67(2) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(c)(iii)
- Art. 67(2) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(c)(iv)
- Art. 67(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(c)(i)
- Art. 67(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(62)(c)(ii)
- Art. 68 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(63)

- Art. 69 substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(64)
- Art. 70(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(a)
- Art. 70(2) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(b)(iii)
- Art. 70(2) words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(b)(iv)
- Art. 70(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(b)(i)
- Art. 70(2) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(b)(ii)
- Art. 70(3) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(c)(iii)
- Art. 70(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(c)(i)
- Art. 70(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(c)(ii)
- Art. 70(3) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(c)(iv)
- Art. 70(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(d)(i)
- Art. 70(4) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(d)(ii)
- Art. 70(5) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(65)(e)
- Art. 71(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(66)(a)(i)
- Art. 71(1) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(66)(a)(ii)
- Art. 71(3)(4) omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(66)(b)
- Art. 72 word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(67)(a)
- Art. 72 words omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(67)(b)
- Art. 73-75 omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(68)
- Art. 79 omitted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(69)

Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole legislation item and associated provisions

- Ch. 6 heading words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(59)
- Annex 7 para. 5 substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(71)(d)
- Annex 7 para. 1 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(71)(a)
- Annex 7 para. 2.2 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(71)(b)
- Annex 7 para. 2.3 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(71)(c)
- Annex 8 para. 1 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(72)(a)
- Annex 8 para. 7 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(72)(b)
- Annex 4 para. 5 substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(70)(b)
- Annex 4 para. 1 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(70)(a)
- Annex 4 para. 7 heading words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(70)(c)(i)
- Annex 4 para. 7 words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(70)(c)(ii)
- Annex 4 para. 7(e) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(70)(c)(iii)
- Art. 2(a) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(2)(a)
- Art. 2(b) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(2)(b)
- Art. 2(c) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(2)(c)
- Art. 4(5) substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(4)(a)
- Art. 4(7) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(4)(b)
- Art. 12(e) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(12)(d)
- Art. 14(3)(a) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(14)(b)
- Art. 14(3)(b) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(14)(c)
- Art. 14(3)(c) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(14)(d)
- Art. 14(3)(d) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(14)(e)
- Art. 20(2)(a) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(b)(ii)
- Art. 20(2)(b) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(18)(b)(iii)
- Art. 26(1)(a)(ii) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(23)(a)(iii)
- Art. 37(1)(d) words substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(34)(a)
- Art. 65(1)(a) word substituted by S.I. 2019/753 reg. 7(60)(a)(ii)