Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/983 of 11 July 2018 concerning the authorisation of benzoic acid as a feed additive for minor porcine species for fattening and for reproduction (holder of authorisation DSM Nutritional Products Sp. z o. o.) (Text with EEA relevance)

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2018/983

of 11 July 2018

concerning the authorisation of benzoic acid as a feed additive for minor porcine species for fattening and for reproduction (holder of authorisation DSM Nutritional Products Sp. z o. o.)

(Text with EEA relevance)

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 9(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation.
- (2) In accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 an application was submitted for the authorisation of benzoic acid as a feed additive for minor porcine species for fattening and for reproduction. That application was accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (3) That application concerns the authorisation of benzoic acid as a feed additive for minor porcine species for fattening and for reproduction, to be classified in the additive category 'zootechnical additives'.
- (4) That additive was already authorised as a feed additive for use in weaned piglets by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1730/2006⁽²⁾, in pigs for fattening by Commission Regulation (EC) No 1138/2007⁽³⁾ and in sows by Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/900⁽⁴⁾.
- (5) The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 28 September 2017⁽⁵⁾ that, under the proposed conditions of use, the benzoic acid does not have an adverse effect on human health or the environment, and that it has a potential to decrease urinary pH in minor porcine species. However, due to the lack of margin of safety in weaned major piglets, the Authority could not extrapolate the conclusion on the safety to weaned minor porcine species. Therefore it was established the additive is safe for minor porcine species for fattening and for reproduction. The Authority does

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/983. (See end of Document for details)

- not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of post-market monitoring. It also verified the report on the method of analysis of the feed additive in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.
- (6) The assessment of the benzoic acid shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the use of that preparation should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (7) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The additive specified in the Annex, belonging to the additive category 'zootechnical additives' and to the functional group 'other zootechnical additives', is authorised as an additive in animal nutrition, subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 July 2018.

For the Commission

The President

Jean-Claude JUNCKER

other sources

benzoic acid or

benzoates.

ANNEX

Document Generated: 2023-09-21

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/983. (See end of Document for details)

ANNEX

Identification number of the additive	of the holder of authori	sation	descrip analytic method	alor a, categor ti an jmal cal	age y of	mg of substa of comfeeding with a moistu conten	nce/kg plete gstuff ure	provisio	period of authorisation	
4d210	DSM Nutrition Products Sp. z o. o.	n a kid	Characte of the active substance	tiporcine species for fattening fattening reproduce: carboxylic rboxylic	c	5 000	5 000	2.	August 1028 directions for use of the additive and premixtures, the storage conditions and stability to heat treatment shall be indicated The additive shall not be used with	

quantification

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

of	3.	The
benzoic	3.	directions
acid		of
in the		
feed		use shall
additive:		
— titration		be
with		indicated
sodium		the
hydroxide		following
(European		in
Pharmacopoeia		complementary
monograph		feed:
0066)		'Complementary
For the		feedingstuffs
quantification		containing
of the		benzoic
benzoic		acid
acid		shall
in the		not
premixtures		be
and		fed
feedingstuffs:		to
— reversed		minor
phase		porcine
liquid		species
chromatography		for
with		fattening
UV		and
detection		for
(RP-		reproduction as
HPLC/		such'.
UV)—		Complementary
method		feedingstuffs
based		for
on		sows
ISO9231:2008		shall
1507231.2000		be
		thoroughly
		mixed
		with
		other
		feed
		materials
		of
		the
		daily
		ration'.
	4.	For
		users

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

Document Generated: 2023-09-21

				of
				the
				additive
				and
				premixtures,
				feed
				business
				operators
				shall
				establish
				operational
				procedures
				and
				organisational
				measures
				to
				address
				potential
				potentiai
				risks .
				concerning
				their
				use.
				Where
				those
				risks
				cannot
				be
				eliminated
				or
				reduced
				to
				a
				minimum
				by such
				procedures
				and
				measures,
				the
				additive
				and
				premixtures
				shall
				be
				used
				with
				personal
				protective
				equipment,
				including
				eyes

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

benzoic... ANNEX

Document Generated: 2023-09-21

and				
skin				
protection.				

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

Document Generated: 2023-09-21

- (1) OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.
- (2) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1730/2006 of 23 November 2006 concerning the authorisation of benzoic acid (VevoVitall) as a feed additive (OJ L 325, 24.11.2006, p. 9).
- (3) Commission Regulation (EC) No 1138/2007 of 1 October 2007 concerning the authorisation of a new use of benzoic acid (VevoVitall) as a feed additive (OJ L 256, 2.10.2007, p. 8).
- (4) Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/900 of 8 June 2016 concerning the authorisation of benzoic acid as a feed additive for sows (holder of authorisation DSM Nutritional Products Ltd) (OJ L 152, 9.6.2016, p. 18).
- (5) EFSA Journal 2017;15(10):5026.

Document Generated: 2023-09-21

Changes to legislation:There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/983.