

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1997 of 29 November 2019 reopening the investigation following the judgment of 19 September 2019, in Case C#251/18 Trace Sport SAS, with regard to Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 501/2013 of 29 May 2013 extending the definitive anti-dumping duty imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 990/2011 on imports of bicycles originating in the People's Republic of China to imports of bicycles consigned from Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia, whether declared as originating in Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia or not

- Article 1 The Commission reopens the anti-circumvention investigation concerning imports of bicycles...
- Article 2 (1) The customs authorities of the Member States shall, pursuant...
- Article 3 National customs authorities shall await the publication of the outcome...
- Article 4 This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following...
Signature

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1997. (See end of Document for details)

- (1) [OJ L 176, 30.6.2016, p. 21.](#)
- (2) Commission Regulation (EU) No 875/2012 of 25 September 2012 initiating an investigation concerning the possible circumvention of anti-dumping measures imposed by Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 990/2011 on imports of bicycles originating in the People's Republic of China by imports of bicycles consigned from Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia, whether declared as originating in Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia or not, and making such imports subject to registration ([OJ L 258, 26.9.2012, p. 21.](#))
- (3) Council Implementing Regulation (EU) No 501/2013 of 29 May 2013 extending the definitive anti-dumping duty imposed by Implementing Regulation (EU) No 990/2011 on imports of bicycles originating in the People's Republic of China to imports of bicycles consigned from Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia, whether declared as originating in Indonesia, Malaysia, Sri Lanka and Tunisia or not ([OJ L 153, 5.6.2013, p. 1.](#))
- (4) Joined Cases C-248/15P (appeal submitted by the Union industry), C-254/15P (appeal submitted by the European Commission) and C-260/15 P (appeal submitted by the Council of the European Union).
- (5) Judgment of the Court of 15 March 2018, Case C-256/16 *Deichmann*, ECLI:EU:C:2018:187, paragraph 73; *see also* judgment of the Court of 19 June 2019, Case C-612/16 *P&J Clark International*, ECLI:EU:C:2019:508, paragraph 43
- (6) *Ibid*, paragraph 74; *see also* judgment of the Court of 19 June 2019, Case C-612/16 *P&J Clark International*, ECLI:EU:C:2019:508, paragraph 43.
- (7) Judgment of 3 October 2000, Case C-458/98 P *Industrie des Poudres Sphériques v Council*, ECLI:EU:C:2000:531, paragraph 80 to 85.
- (8) A 'Limited' document is a document which is considered confidential pursuant to Article 19 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1036 of the European Parliament and of the Council ([OJ L 176, 30.6.2016, p. 21](#)) and Article 6 of the WTO Agreement on Implementation of Article VI of the GATT 1994 (Anti-Dumping Agreement). It is also a document protected pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 1049/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council ([OJ L 145, 31.5.2001, p. 43](#)).
- (9) In order to have access to TRON.tdi, interested parties need an EU Login account. Full instructions on how to register and use TRON.tdi are available on <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/tron/resources/documents/gettingStarted.pdf>
- (10) Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/EC ([OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39](#)).

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1997.