ANNEX I

Definitions as referred to in Article 2(1)

For the purposes of this Regulation, the terms listed in Part A, when used in the Annexes to this Regulation, have the same meaning as defined in the respective Directives listed in the second column of Part B.

PART A

List of terms

- Pre-basic seed,
- Basic seed,
- Certified seed,
- Standard seed,
- Vine,
- Initial propagating material,
- Basic propagating material,
- Pre-basic material,
- Basic material,
- Certified material,
- Standard material,
- Propagating material of ornamental plants,
- Forest reproductive material,
- Vegetable propagating and planting material,
- Fruit plant propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production,
- Candidate pre-basic mother plant,
- Pre-basic mother plant,
- Basic mother plant,
- Certified mother plant,
- Conformitas Agraria Communitatis (CAC) material,
- Fodder plant seed,
- Cereal seed,
- Vegetable seed,
- Seed potatoes,
- Oil and fibre plants seed.

PART B

List of Directives and Annexes

1. ANNEXES TO THIS REGULATION	2. DIRECTIVES
ANNEX IV, Part A	Directive 66/401/EEC
(RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed)	
ANNEX V, Part A	
(Measures concerning fodder plant seed)	

ANNEX IV, Part B (RNQPs concerning cereal seed) ANNEX V, Part B (Measures concerning cereal seed)	Directive 66/402/EEC
ANNEX IV, Part C (RNQPs concerning vine propagating material)	Directive 68/193/EEC
ANNEX IV, Part D (RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants) ANNEX V, Part C (Measures concerning ornamental plants)	Directive 98/56/EC
ANNEX IV, Part E (RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds) ANNEX V, Part D (Measures concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds)	Directive 1999/105/EC
ANNEX IV, Part F (RNQPs concerning vegetable seed) ANNEX V, Part E (Measures concerning vegetable seed)	Directive 2002/55/EC
ANNEX IV, Part G (RNQPs concerning seed potatoes) ANNEX V, Part F (Measures concerning seed potatoes)	Directive 2002/56/EC
ANNEX IV, Part H (RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants) ANNEX V, Part G (Measures concerning seed of oil and fibre plants)	Directive 2002/57/EC
ANNEX IV, Part I RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material ANNEX V, Part H (Measures concerning vegetable propagating and planting material)	Directive 2008/72/EC
ANNEX IV, Part J (RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production)	Directive 2008/90/EC
ANNEX XIII, point 4 Cereal seed	Directive 66/402/EEC
Annex XIII, point 5 Vegetable seed	Directive 2002/55/EC
ANNEX XIII, point 6	Directive 2002/57/EC

Oil and fibre plants seed

ANNEX II

List of Union quarantine pests and their respective codes

PART A

PESTS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE UNION TERRITORY

	Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO
A. Bacteria	
1.	Candidatus Liberibacter africanus [LIBEAF]
2.	<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter americanus [LIBEAM]
3.	Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus [LIBEAS]
4.	<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> pv. <i>flaccumfaciens</i> (Hedges) Collins and Jones [CORBFL]
5.	Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters [ERWIST]
6.	Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al. [RALSPS]
7.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. celebesensis Safni et al. [RALSSC]
8.	Ralstonia syzygii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al.[RALSSI]
9.	Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzae (Ishiyama) Swings et al. [XANTOR]
10.	Xanthomonas oryzae pv. oryzicola (Fang et al.) Swings et al. [XANTTO]
11.	Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. [XANTAU]
12.	<i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> [XANTCI]
B. Fungi and oomycetes	
1.	Anisogramma anomala (Peck) E. Müller [CRSPAN]
2.	Apiosporina morbosa (Schwein.) Arx [DIBOMO]

3.	Atropellis spp. [1ATRPG]
4.	<i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka [PHYOPI]
5.	<i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield, comb. nov. [CERAFA]
6.	<i>Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli</i> Dietel [CHMYAR]
7.	Cronartium spp. [1CRONG], except Cronartium gentianeum, Cronartium pini (Willdenow) Jørstad [ENDCPI] and Cronartium ribicola Fischer [CRONRI].
8.	Davidsoniella virescens (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAVI]
9.	<i>Elsinoë australis</i> Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIAU]
10.	<i>Elsinoë citricola</i> X.L. Fan, R.W. Barreto & Crous [ELSICI]
11.	Elsinoë fawcettii Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIFA]
12.	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL]
13.	<i>Guignardia laricina</i> (Sawada) W. Yamam& Kaz. Itô [GUIGLA]
14.	Gymnosporangium spp. [1GYMNG], except: Gymnosporangium amelanchieris E. Fisch. ex F. Kern, Gymnosporangium atlanticum Guyot & Malenc Bon, Gymnosporangium clavariiforme (Wulfen) DC [GYMNCF], Gymnosporangium confusum Plowr. [GYMNCO], Gymnosporangium cornutum Arthur ex F. Kern [GYMNCR], Gymnosporangium fusisporum E. Fisch., Gymnosporangium gaeumannii H. Zogg, Gymnosporangium gracile Pat., Gymnosporangium minus Crowell, Gymnosporangium orientale P. Syd. & Syd., Gymnosporangium sabinae (Dicks.) G. Winter [GYMNFU], Gymnosporangium torminali-juniperini E. Fisch., Gymnosporangium tremelloides R. Hartig [GYMNTR]
15.	<i>Coniferiporia sulphurascens</i> (Pilát) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [PHELSU]

16.	<i>Coniferiporia weirii</i> (Murrill) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [INONWE]
17.	Melampsora farlowii (Arthur) Davis [MELMFA]
18.	<i>Melampsora medusae</i> f. sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain [MELMMT]
19.	<i>Mycodiella laricis-leptolepidis</i> (Kaz. Itô, K. Satô & M. Ota) Crous [MYCOLL]
20.	Phoma andina Turkensteen [PHOMAN]
21.	<i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa [GUIGCI]
22.	<i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ellis & Everhart [PHYSSL]
23.	<i>Phymatotrichopsis omnivora</i> (Duggar) Hennebert [PHMPOM]
24.	<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
25.	<i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun [CERCAN]
26.	<i>Pseudocercospora pini-densiflorae</i> (Hori & Nambu) Deighton [CERSPD]
27.	Puccinia pittieriana Hennings [PUCCPT]
28.	Septoria malagutii E.T. Cline [SEPTLM]
29.	<i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl, Verkley & Crous. [MYCOPP]
30.	Stegophora ulmea (Fr.) Syd. & P. Syd [GNOMUL]
31.	<i>Thecaphora solani</i> Thirumulachar & O'Brien) Mordue [THPHSO]
32.	Tilletia indica Mitra [NEOVIN]
33.	Venturia nashicola S. Tanaka & S. Yamamoto [VENTNA]
C. Insects and mites	
1.	Acleris spp. (non-European) [1ACLRG]
2.	Acrobasis pyrivorella (Matsumura) [NUMOPI]
3.	Agrilus anxius Gory [AGRLAX]
4.	Agrilus planipennis Fairmaire [AGRLPL]

5.	<i>Aleurocanthus citriperdus</i> Quaintance & Baker [ALECCT]
6.	Aleurocanthus woglumi Ashby [ALECWO]
7.	Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) [AMAZMA]
8.	Anomala orientalis Waterhouse [ANMLOR]
9.	Anoplophora glabripennis (Motschulsky) [ANOLGL]
10.	Anthonomus bisignifer Schenkling [ANTHBI]
11.	Anthonomus eugenii Cano [ANTHEU]
12.	Anthonomus grandis (Boh.) [ANTHGR]
13.	Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say [TACYQU]
14.	Anthonomus signatus Say [ANTHSI]
15.	Arrhenodes minutus Drury [ARRHMI]
16.	Aschistonyx eppoi Inouye [ASCXEP]
17.	Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) [PARZCO]
18.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) known to be vector of viruses [BEMITA]
19.	Carposina sasakii Matsumara [CARSSA]
20.	Choristoneura spp. (non-European) [1CHONG]
21.	Cicadellidae (non-European) [1CICDF]known to be vector of Xylella fastidiosa,such as:(a)Carneocephala fulgida Nottingham [CARNFU](b)Draeculacephala minerva Ball [DRAEMI];(c)Graphocephala atropunctata (Signoret) [GRCPAT].(d)Homalodisca vitripennis (Germar) [HOMLTR]
22.	Conotrachelus nenuphar (Herbst) [CONHNE]
23.	Dendrolimus sibiricus Chetverikov [DENDSI]
24.	<i>Diabrotica barberi</i> Smith and Lawrence [DIABLO]

25.	Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi Barber [DIABUH]
26.	Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata Mannerheim [DIABUN]
27.	Diabrotica virgifera zeae Krysan & Smith [DIABVZ]
28.	Diaphorina citri Kuwayana [DIAACI]
29.	Eotetranychus lewisi (McGregor) [EOTELE]
30.	Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) [CYDIIN]
31.	Grapholita packardi Zeller [LASPPA]
32.	Grapholita prunivora (Walsh) [LASPPR]
33.	Heliothis zea (Boddie) [HELIZE]
34.	Hishimonus phycitis (Distant) [HISHPH]
35.	Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham) [GNORLY]
36.	<i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i> Cockerell [LOPLJA]
37.	Liriomyza sativae Blanchard [LIRISA]
38.	Listronotus bonariensis (Kuschel) [HYROBO]
39.	Margarodes, non-European species [1MARGG], such as: (a) Margarodes prieskaensis (Jakubski) [MARGPR]; (b) Margarodes vitis (Philippi) [MARGVI]; (c) Margarodes vredendalensis de Klerk [MARGVR].
40.	<i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations) [1MONCG]
41.	Myndus crudus van Duzee [MYNDCR]
42.	Naupactus leucoloma Boheman [GRAGLE]
43.	Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) [NEOLEL]
44.	Oemona hirta (Fabricius) [OEMOHI]
45.	Oligonychus perditus Pritchard and Baker [OLIGPD]
46.	Pissodes cibriani O'Brien
47.	Pissodes fasciatus Leconte [PISOFA]
48.	Pissodes nemorensis Germar [PISONE]

49.	Pissodes nitidus Roelofs [PISONI]
50.	<i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang [PISOPU]
51.	Pissodes strobi (Peck) [PISOST]
52.	Pissodes terminalis Hopping [PISOTE]
53.	Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang [PISOYU]
54.	Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper
55.	Polygraphus proximus Blandford [POLGPR]
56.	Premnotrypes spp. (non-European) [1PREMG]
57.	Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus (Zimmermann) [PSDPMI]
58.	Pseudopityophthorus pruinosus (Eichhoff) [PSDPPR]
59.	<i>Rhizoecus hibisci</i> Kawai and Takagi [RHIOHI]
60.	Rhynchophorus palmarum (L.) [RHYCPA]
61.	Saperda candida Fabricius [SAPECN]
62.	Scirtothrips aurantii Faure [SCITAU]
63.	Scirtothrips citri (Moulton) [SCITCI]
64.	Scirtothrips dorsalis Hood [SCITDO]
65.	Scolytidae spp. (non-European) [1SCOLF]
66.	Spodoptera eridania (Cramer) [PRODER]
67.	Spodoptera frugiperda (Smith) [LAPHFR]
68.	Spodoptera litura (Fabricus) [PRODLI]
69.	Tecia solanivora (Povolný) [TECASO]
70.	Tephritidae (non-European) [1TEPHF], suchas:(a)(a)Anastrepha fraterculus (Wiedemann) [ANSTFR];(b)Anastrepha ludens (Loew) [ANSTLU];(c)Anastrepha obliqua (Macquart) [ANSTOB];(d)Anastrepha suspensa (Loew) [ANSTSU];(e)Bactrocera dorsalis (Hendel) [DACUDO];(f)Bactrocera tryoni (Froggatt) [DACUTR];

	(g)	<i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i> (Miyake) [DACUTS];
	(h)	<i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) [DACUZO];
	(i)	Dacus ciliatus Loew [DACUCI];
	$\left \begin{array}{c} \overleftarrow{0} \\ \overrightarrow{0} \end{array} \right $	<i>Epochra canadensis</i> (Loew) [EPOCCA];
	(k)	Pardalaspis cyanescens Bezzi [CERTCY];
	(1)	Pardalaspis quinaria Bezzi [CERTQU];
	(m)	Pterandrus rosa (Karsch) [CERTRO];
	(n)	<i>Rhacochlaena japonica</i> Ito [RHACJA];
	(0)	<i>Rhagoletis fausta</i> (Osten-Sacken) [RHAGFA];
	(p)	<i>Rhagoletis indifferens</i> Curran [RHAGIN];
	(q)	<i>Rhagoletis mendax</i> Curran [RHAGME];
	(r)	Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) [RHAGPO];
	(s)	<i>Rhagoletis ribicola</i> Doane [RHAGRI];
	(t)	Rhagoletis suavis (Loew) [RHAGSU];
	(u)	<i>Zeugodacus cucurbitae</i> (Coquillett) [DACUCU].
71.	Thaumat [ARGPL	<i>totibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) [E]
72.	Thrips palmi Karny [THRIPL]	
73.	Unaspis	citri (Comstock) [UNASCI]
D. Nematodes		
1.	[1HIRSC Hirschm Luc & G gracilis (Hirschm Hirschm	anniella spp. Luc & Goodey G], except: anniella behningi (Micoletzky) oodey [HIRSBE], Hirschmanniella (de Man) Luc & Goodey [HIRSGR], anniella halophila Sturhan & Hall, anniella loofi Sher [HIRSLO] and anniella zostericola (Allgén) Luc &
	Goodey	[HIRSZO]
2.	Longidor [LONGI	rus diadecturus Eveleigh and Allen DI]
3.		as aberrans (Thorne) Thorne and ACOBA]
4.	Xiphinen [XIPHA.	na americanum Cobb sensu stricto A]

5.	<i>Xiphinema bricolense</i> Ebsary, Vrain & Graham [XIPHBC]
6.	<i>Xiphinema californicum</i> Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo [XIPHCA]
7.	<i>Xiphinema inaequale</i> khan et Ahmad [XIPHNA]
8.	<i>Xiphinema intermedium</i> Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo
9.	Xiphinema rivesi (non-EU populations) Dalmasso [XIPHRI]
10.	Xiphinema tarjanense Lamberti & Bleve- Zacheo [XIPHTA]
E. Parasitic plants	
1.	Arceuthobium spp. [1AREG], except: Arceuthobium azoricum Wiens & Hawksworth [AREAZ], Arceuthobium gambyi Fridl and Arceuthobium oxycedri DC. M. Bieb. [AREOX]
F. Viruses, viroids and phytoplas	smas
1.	Beet curly top virus [BCTV00]
2.	Black raspberry latent virus [TSVBL0]
3.	Coconut cadang-cadang viroid [CCCVD0]
4.	Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus [CSNV00]
5.	Citrus tristeza virus (non-EU isolates) [CTV000]
6.	Citrus leprosis viruses [CILV00]: (a) CiLV-C [CILVC0]; (b) CiLV-C2 [CILVC2]; (c) HGSV-2 [HGSV20] (d) Citrus strain of OFV [OFV00] (citrus strain); (e) CiLV-N sensu novo.
7.	Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas [PHYP56]
8.	Potato viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas, such as:(a)Andean potato latent virus [APLV00];(b)Andean potato mottle virus [APMOV0];(c)Arracacha virus B, oca strain [AVBO00];(d)Potato black ringspot virus [PBRSV0];

	 (e) Potato virus T [PVT000]; (f) Non-European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y^o, Yⁿ and Y^c) and Potato leafroll virus [PVA000, PVM000, PVS000, PVV000, PVX000, PVX000, PVY000 (including Y^o, PVYN00, PVYC00)] and [PLRV00].
9.	Satsuma dwarf virus [SDV000]
10.	Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]
11.	Tomato ringspot virus [TORSV0]
12.	 Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L., such as: (a) Blueberry leaf mottle virus [BLMOV0]; (b) Cherry rasp leaf virus [CRLV00]; (c) Peach mosaic virus [PCMV00]; (d) Peach rosette mosaic virus [PRMV00]; (e) American plum line pattern virus [APLPV0]; (f) Raspberry leaf curl virus [RLCV00]; (g) Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma [SYWB00]; (h) Non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L.
13.	Begomoviruses except: Abutilon mosaic virus [ABMV00], Sweet potato leaf curl virus [SPLCV0], Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus [TOLCND], Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0], Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus [TYLCSV], Tomato yellow leaf curl Malaga virus [TYLCMA], Tomato yellow leaf curl Axarquia virus [TYLCAX]
14.	Cowpea mild mottle virus [CPMMV0]
15.	Lettuce infectious yellows virus [LIYV00]
16.	Melon yellowing-associated virus [MYAV00]
17.	Squash vein yellowing virus [SQVYVX]
18.	Sweet potato chlorotic stunt virus [SPCSV0]

19.	Sweet potato mild mottle virus [SPMMV0]
20.	Tomato chocolate virus [TOCHV0]
21.	Tomato marchitez virus [TOANV0]
22.	Tomato mild mottle virus [TOMMOV]
23.	Witches' broom disease of lime phytoplasma [PHYPAF]

PART B

PESTS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE UNION TERRITORY

	Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO
A. Bacteria	
1.	<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> [CORBSE]
2.	Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. [RALSSL]
3.	Xylella fastidiosa (Wells et al.) [XYLEFA]
B. Fungi and oomycetes	
1.	<i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr [CERAFP]
2.	<i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]
3.	<i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat [GEOHMO]
4.	Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival [SYNCEN]
C. Insects and mites	
1.	<i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) [ALECSN]
2.	Anoplophora chinensis (Thomson) [ANOLCN]
3.	Aromia bungii (Faldermann) [AROMBU]
4.	Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman [PITOJU]
5.	Popillia japonica Newman [POPIJA]
6.	Toxoptera citricida (Kirkaldy) [TOXOCI]
7.	Trioza erytreae Del Guercio [TRIZER]
D. Molluscs	1
1.	Pomacea (Perry) [1POMAG]

E. Nematodes	
1.	Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Steiner and Bührer) Nickle et al. [BURSXY]
2.	<i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens [HETDPA]
3.	<i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO]
4.	Meloidogyne chitwoodi Golden et al. [MELGCH]
5.	Meloidogyne fallax Karssen [MELGFA]
F. Viruses, viroids and phyto	oplasmas
1.	Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma [PHYP64]
2.	Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus [TOLCND]

ANNEX III

List of protected zones and the respective protected zone quarantine pests and their respective codes

The protected zones listed in the third column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

Protected zone quarantine pests		EPPO code	Prot	ected zones
(a) Bacteria		·	·	
1.	Erwinia amylovora (Burrill) Winslow et al.	ERWIAM	(a) (b)	Estonia; Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community

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of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)); France (Corsica); Italy (Abruzzo, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Marche, Molise, Piedmont

(c)

(d)

(except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta); Latvia; Finland; United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands); until 30 April 2020: Ireland (except Galway city); until 30 April 2020: Italy (Apúlia, Lombardy (except the

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)

(i)

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)); until 30 April 2020: Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai

(j)

(region of Kaunas)); until 30 (k) April 2020: Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Veĺika Polana, and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko

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(1)	Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); until 30 April 2020: Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou
	(Nové Zámky County),
	Málinec
	(Poltár
	County),
	Hrhov
	(Rožňava
	County),
	Veľké Dinžemu
	Ripňany (Topoľčeny
	(Topoľčany County),
	Kazimír,
	Luhyňa,
	Malý Horeš,
	Svätuše
	and Zatín
	(Trebišov
	County)).
until 30 / United K	April 2020:

 Xanthomonas arboricola pv.pruni	XANTPR

	(Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>			
(b) Fungi and oc	omycetes	1		
1.	Colletotrichum gossypii Southw	GLOMGO	Greece	
2.	<i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.	ENDOPA	 (a) Czech Republic; (b) Ireland; (c) Sweden; (d) United Kingdom. 	
3.	<i>Entoleuca mammata</i> (Wahlenb.) Rogers and Ju	НҮРОМА	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).	
4.	<i>Gremmeniella</i> <i>abietina</i> (Lagerberg) Morelet	GREMAB	Ireland	
5.	Phytophthora ramorum Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld (EU isolates)	PHYTRA	until 30 April 2023: France (except the department of Finistère (Bretagne))	
(c) Insects and n	nites	-		
1.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations)	BEMITA	 (a) Ireland; (b) Sweden; (c) United Kingdom. 	
2.	<i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> Wachtl	CEPCAL	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey).	
3.	Dendroctonus micans Kugelan	DENCMI	 (a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey). 	
4.	Dryocosmus kuriphilus Yasumatsu	DRYCKU	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom.	

5.	<i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> Hartig	GILPPO	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey).
6.	Gonipterus scutellatus Gyllenhal	GONPSC	(a) (b)	Greece; Portugal (Azores).
7.	Ips amitinus Eichhoff	IPSXAM	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom.
8.	<i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer	IPSXCE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man).
9.	<i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg	IPSXDU	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Greece; United Kingdom.
10.	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Bőrner	IPSXSE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Cyprus; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man).
11.	Ips typographus Heer	IPSXTY	(a) (b)	Ireland; United Kingdom.
12.	Leptinotarsa decemlineata Say	LPTNDE	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	Ireland; Spain (Ibiza and Menorca); Cyprus; Malta; Portugal (Azores and Madeira); Finland (districts

			(g) (h)	of Åland, Häme, Kymi, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta, Turku, Uusimaa); Sweden (counties of Blekinge, Gotland, Halland, Kalmar and Skåne); United Kingdom.
13.	<i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach)	LIRIBO	(a) (b)	Ireland; United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
14.	Liriomyza huidobrensis (Blanchard)	LIRIHU	(a) (b)	until 30 April 2020: Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
15.	Liriomyza trifolii (Burgess)	LIRITR	(a) (b)	until 30 April 2020: Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
16.	Paysandisia archon (Burmeister)	PAYSAR	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Malta; United Kingdom.
17.	Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier)	RHYCFE	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland; Portugal (Azores); United Kingdom.
18.	Sternochetus mangiferae Fabricius	СКУРМА	(a)	Spain (Granada

10			(b)	and Malaga); Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira).
19.	<i>Thaumetopoea</i> <i>pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller	THAUPI	United	l Kingdom
20.	Thaumetopoea processionea L.	THAUPR		Ireland; until 30 April 2020: United Kingdom (except the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham; Barnet; Basildon; Basingstoke and Deane; Bexley; Bracknell Forest; Brent; Brent; Brent; Brenty; Broxbourne; Camden; Castle Point; Chelmsford; Chiltem; City of London; City of London; City of Westminster; Crawley; Dacorum; Dartford; Ealing; East Hertfordshire; Elmbridge District; Enfield; Epping Forest; Epsom

and Ewell District; Gravesham; Greenwich; Guildford; Hackney; Hammersmith & Fulham; Haringey; Harlow; Harrow; Hart; Havering; Hertsmere; Hillingdon; Horsham; Hounslow; Islington; Kensington & Chelsea; Kingston upon Thames; Lambeth; Lewisham; Littlesford; Medway; Merton; Mid Sussex; Mole Valley; Newham; North Hertfordshire; Reading; Redbridge; Reigate and Banstead; Richmond upon Thames; Runnymede District; Rushmoor; Sevenoaks; Slough; South Bedfordshire; South Bucks; South Oxfordshire; Southwark;

			Spelthorne District; St Albans; Sutton; Surrey Heath; Tandridge; Three Rivers; Thurrock; Tonbridge and Malling; Tower Hamlets; Waltham Forest; Wandsworth; Watford; Waverley; Welwyn Hatfield; West Berkshire; Windsor and Maidenhead; Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe).
21.	Viteus vitifoliae (Fitch)	VITEVI	Cyprus
(d) Virus, viroids and	phytoplasmas		
1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus	BNYVV0	 (a) Ireland; (b) France (Brittany); (c) Portugal (Azores); (d) Finland; (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
2.	<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>ulmi</i>	PHYPUL	United Kingdom
3.	Citrus tristeza virus (EU isolates)	CTV000	Malta

ANNEX IV

List of Union regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and specific plants for planting, with categories and thresholds as referred to in Article 5

PART A

RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

PART B

RNQPs concerning cereal seed

Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
Fungi		·		
Gibberella fujikuroi Sawada [GIBBFU]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free

PART C

RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

Bacteria

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> Willems <i>et al.</i> [XANTAM]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %
Insects and mites	1	1	1
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
Viteus vitifoliae Fitch [VITEVI]	Non-grafted Vitis vinifera L.	0 %	0 %
<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	Vitis L. other than non-grafted Vitis vinifera L.	Practically free	Practically free
Viruses, viroids, virus	-like diseases and phyto	oplasmas	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %
Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %
Grapevine fleck virus [GFKV00]	Rootstocks of Vitis spp. and their hybrids, except Vitis vinifera L.	0 % for initial propagating material N/A for basic propagating material and certified material	Not applicable
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	Vitis L.	0 %	0 %

PART D

RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds Amelanchier Medik., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus Tourn. ex L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobtrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus Bosc ex Spach, Photinia davidiana Decne., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L., Sorbus L.	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	0 %
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio <i>et al.</i> [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle. hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0 %
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	0 %
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	0 %
Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L.	0 %
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. [XANTPF]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	0 %

Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	(ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	
Fungi and oomycetes		·
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea</i> L.	0 %
Dothistroma pini Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0 %
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Seeds Helianthus annuus L.	0 %
Plenodomus tracheiphilus (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0 %
Puccinia horiana P. Hennings [PUCCHN]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0 %
Insects and mites	1	<u> </u>
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
Aculops fuchsiae Keifer [ACUPFU]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	0 %

<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bo[OPOGSC]	Plants for planting other than seeds Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria Thunb., Yucca L.	0 %
Rhynchophorus ferrugineus (Olivier) [RHYCFE]	 Plants for planting, other than seeds Palmae, as regards the following genera and species: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea armata S. Watson, Brahea edulis H. Wendl., Butia capitata (Mart.) Becc., Calamus merrillii Becc., Caryota maxima Blume, Caryota cumingii Lodd. ex Mart., Chamaerops humilis L., Cocos nucifera L., Corypha utan Lam., Copernicia Mart., Elaeis guineensis Jacq., Howea forsteriana Becc., Jubaea chilensis (Molina) Baill., Livistona australis C. Martius, Livistona decora (W. Bull) Dowe, Livistona rotundifolia (Lam.) Mart., Metroxylon sagu Rottb., Phoenix canariensis Chabaud, Phoenix dactylifera L., Phoenix reclinata Jacq., Phoenix roebelenii O'Brien, Phoenix roebelenii O'Brien, Phoenix sylvestris (L.) Roxb., Phoenix theophrasti Greuter, Pritchardia Seem. & H. Wendl., Ravenea rivularis Jum. & H. Perrier, Roystonea regia (Kunth) O.F. Cook, Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult. f., Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cham.) Glassman, Trachycarpus fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl., Washingtonia H. Wendl. 	0 %

Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium L.	0 %
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI] Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L, <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	0 %
	· · · ·	Thursda 11 few 41 -
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Lavandula</i> L.	0 %
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.,	0 %
<i>Citrus</i> exocortis viroid [CEVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L.	0 %

<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus [CTV000] (EU isolates)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Hybrids,	0 %
<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis Fotsch, Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids	0 %
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L.,	0 %
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants of the following species of Prunus L., intended for planting, other than seeds:Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus blireiana Andre, Prunus brigantina Vill., Prunus cerasifera Ehrh., Prunus cistena Hansen, Prunus curdica Fenzl and Fritsch., Prunus domestica ssp. domestica L., Prunus domestica ssp. insititia (L.) C.K. Schneid, Prunus domestica ssp. italica (Borkh.) Hegi., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus glandulosa Thunb., Prunus holosericea Batal., Prunus hortulana Bailey, Prunus mandshurica (Maxim.) Koehne, Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus mume Sieb. and Zucc., Prunus simonii Carr., Prunus spinosa L., Prunus triloba Lindl., other species of Prunus L. susceptible to Plum pox virus	0 %
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i>	0 %

Fotsch, *Capsicum annuum* L., *Chrysanthemum* L., *Gerbera* L., *Impatiens* L. New Guinea Hybrids, *Pelargonium* L.

PART E

RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes					
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the forest reproductive material concerned 0 %			
Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %			
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Pinus L.	0 %			
Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Pinus L.	0 %			
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Pinus L.	0 %			

PART F

RNQPs concerning vegetable seed

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i> [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPH]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al. [XANTFF]	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %

	,		
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Insects and mites			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
Acanthoscelides obtectus (Say) [ACANOB]	Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L.	0 %	
Bruchus pisorum (Linnaeus) [BRCHPI]	Pisum sativum L.,	0 %	
Bruchus rufimanus Boheman [BRCHRU]	Vicia faba L	0 %	
Nematodes	1		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L	0 %	
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned	
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %	

PART G

RNQPs concerning seed potato

RNQPs or symptoms caused by	Plants for planting (genus or		ny of pre-basic seed for t	Threshold for the direct	Threshold for the direct
RNQPs	species)	PBTC	PB	progeny of basic seed potatoes	progeny of certified seed potatoes
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,5 %	4,0 %	10,0 %

RNQPs or symptoms caused by	ymptoms planting for planting of pr		of pre-basic	Threshold for the plant for	Threshold for the plant for
RNQPs	species)	PBTC	PB	planting of	planting

				basic seed potatoes	of certified seed potatoes
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al. spp.</i> [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al. spp.</i> [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Ditylenchus destructor Thorne [DITYDE]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus</i> <i>cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]	Solanum tuberosum L	0 %	1,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	5,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	5,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface
Powdery scab as caused by <i>Spongospora</i> <i>subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU]	Solanum tuberosum L	0 %	1,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,1 %	0,8 %	6,0 %

symptoms caused by leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

PART H

RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants

Fungi and oomycetes						
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed		
<i>Alternaria linicola</i> Groves & Skolko [ALTELI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp		
Boeremia exigua var. linicola (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - flax	1 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	1 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	1 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> <i>var. linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp		
Boeremia exigua var. linicola (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - linseed	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria</i> <i>linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> <i>var. linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium</i> <i>lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp		
<i>Botrytis</i> <i>cinerea</i> de Bary [BOTRCI]	Helianthus annuus L., Linum usitatissimum L.	5 %	5 %	5 %		

<i>Colletotrichum lini</i> Westerdijk [COLLLI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium spp
Diaporthe caulivora (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC] Diaporthe phaseolorum var. sojae Lehman [DIAPPS]	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex	15 % for infection with the Phomopsis complex
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium</i> <i>circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Linum usitatissimum L.	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with Alternaria linicola, Boeremia exigua var. linicola, Colletotrichium lini and Fusarium (anamorphic genus) Link other than Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. albedinis (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and Fusarium circinatum Nirenberg & O'Donnell
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	<i>Helianthus</i> annuus L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum	<i>Brassica rapa</i> L. var. silvestris (Lam.) Briggs,	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of

(Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]		sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Brassica napus L. (partim), Helianthus annuus L.	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC
Sclerotinia sclerotiorum (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	Sinapis alba L.	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in column 4 of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC.

PART I

RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material other than seeds

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Filipjev [DITYDI] Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	sativumL.	
caused by RNQPs Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn)	or species) Allium cepa L., Allium	vegetable propagating and planting material concerned 0 %
Nematodes RNQPs or symptoms	Plants for planting (genus	Threshold for the
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Cynara cardunculus L.	0 %
<i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. [SCLOCE]	Allium cepa L., Allium fistulosum L., Allium porrum L., Allium sativum L.	0 %
Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0 %
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus) [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	Asparagus officinalis L.	0 %
Fungi and oomycetes RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. [XANTEU]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i> [CORBMI]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %

Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	Allium sativum L.	1 %
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	1 %
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Solanum melongena L.	0 %
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0]	Solanum lycopersicum L.	0 %

PART J

RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Bacteria			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned	
Agrobacterium tumefaciens (Smith & Townsend) Conn [AGRBTU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L., Vaccinium L.	0 %	
Agrobacterium spp. Conn [1AGRBG]	Rubus L.	0 %	
<i>Candidatus</i> Phlomobacter <i>fragariae</i> Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHMBFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %	
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %	
<i>Pseudomonas avellanae</i> Janse <i>et al.</i> [PSDMAL]	Corylus avellana L.	0 %	
Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (Smith) Gardan et al. [PSDMSA]	Olea europaea L.	0 %	

Pseudomonas syringae pv. morsprunorum (Wormald) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMMP]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>Syringae</i> van Hall [PSDMSY]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L., Prunus armeniaca L.	0 %
Pseudomonas viridiflava (Burkholder) Dowson [PSDMVF]	Prunus armeniaca L.	0 %
<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> Tilford [CORBFA]	Rubus L.	0 %
Spiroplasma citri Saglio et al. [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Corylina (Miller, Bollen, Simmons, Gross & Barss) Vauterin, Hoste, Kersters & Swings [XANTCY]	Corylus avellana L.	0 %
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Juglandi (Pierce) Vauterin et al. [XANTJU]	Juglans regia L.	0 %
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds Prunus amygladus Batsch, Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Xanthomonas campestris pv. fici (Cavara) Dye [XANTFI]	Ficus carica L.	0 %
Xanthomonas fragariae Kennedy & King [XANTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Fungi and oomycetes		

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Armillariella mellea (Vahl) Kummer [ARMIME]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L	0 %
Chondrostereum purpureum Pouzar [STERPU]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Colletotrichum acutatum Simmonds [COLLAC]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0 %
<i>Diaporthe strumella</i> (Fries) Fuckel [DIAPST]	Ribes L.	0 %
Diaporthe vaccinii Shear [DIAPVA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Exobasidium vaccinii</i> (Fuckel) Woronin [EXOBVA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Glomerella cingulata (Stoneman) Spaulding & von Schrenk [GLOMCI]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Godronia cassandrae (anamorph Topospora myrtilli) Peck [GODRCA]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Microsphaera grossulariae (Wallroth) Léveillé [MCRSGR]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Mycosphaerella punctiformis</i> Verkley & U. Braun [RAMUEN]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0 %
<i>Neofabraea alba</i> Desmazières [PEZIAL]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Neofabraea malicorticis Jackson [PEZIMA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Neonectria ditissima (Tulasne & C. Tulasne) Samuels & Rossman [NECTGA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Peronospora rubi Rabenhorst [PERORU]	Rubus L.	0 %

<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i> (Lebert & Cohn) J.Schröter [PHYTCC]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Malus Mill., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Phytophthora cambivora (Petri) Buisman [PHYTCM]	Castanea sativa Mill., Pistacia vera L.	0 %
Phytophthora cinnamomi Rands [PHYTCN]	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora citrophthora</i> (R.E.Smith & E.H.Smith) Leonian [PHYTCO]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> Pethybridge & Lafferty [PHYTCR]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> C.J. Hickman [PHYTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora nicotianae</i> var. <i>parasitica</i> (Dastur) Waterhouse [PHYTNP]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora</i> spp. de Bary [1PHYTG]	Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Podosphaera aphanis (Wallroth) Braun & Takamatsu [PODOAP]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Podosphaera mors-uvae</i> (Schweinitz) Braun & Takamatsu [SPHRMU]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Rhizoctonia fragariae</i> Hussain & W.E.McKeen [RHIZFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Rosellinia necatrix</i> Prillieux [ROSLNE]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %

Sclerophora pallida Yao & Spooner [SKLPPA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke & Berthold [VERTAA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb [VERTDA]	Corylus avellana L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L. Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Insects and mites		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Aleurothrixus floccosus Maskell [ALTHFL]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Cecidophyopsis ribis Westwood [ERPHRI]	Ribes L.	0 %
Ceroplastes rusci Linnaeus [CERPRU]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0 %
Chaetosiphon fragaefolii Cockerell [CHTSFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Dasineura tetensi Rübsaamen [DASYTE]	Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> Signoret [EPIDBE]	Juglans regia L.	0 %
<i>Eriosoma lanigerum</i> Hausmann [ERISLA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Parabemisia myricae Kuwana [PRABMY]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, and Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Phytoptus avellanae Nalepa [ERPHAV]	Corylus avellana L.	0 %
<i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> Banks [TARSPA]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> Targioni-Tozzetti [PSEAPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L.	0 %

Psylla spp. Geoffroy [1PSYLG]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Quadraspidiotus perniciosus Comstock [QUADPE]	Juglans regia L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Resseliella theobaldi</i> Barnes [THOMTE]	Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> Koch [TETRUR]	Ribes L.	0 %
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Aphelenchoides besseyi Christie [APLOBE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Aphelenchoides blastophthorus Franklin [APLOBL]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Aphelenchoides fragariae (Ritzema Bos) Christie [APLOFR]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi (Schwartz) Steiner & Buhrer [APLORI]	Fragaria L., Ribes L.	0 %
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Fragaria L., Ribes L.	0 %
<i>Heterodera fici</i> Kirjanova [HETDFI]	Ficus carica L.	0 %
Longidorus attenuatus Hooper [LONGAT]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Longidorus elongatus</i> (de Man) Thorne & Swanger [LONGEL]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %

Longidorus macrosoma Hooper [LONGMA]	Fragaria L. Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne arenaria</i> Chitwood [MELGAR]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne hapla</i> Chitwood [MELGHA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne incognita</i> (Kofold & White) Chitwood [MELGIN]	Ficus carica L. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne javanica</i> Chitwood [MELGJA]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Malus Mill. Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Pratylenchus penetrans (Cobb) Filipjev & Schuurmans-Stekhoven [PRATPE]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L.Malus Mill., Pistacia vera L., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L	0 %
Pratylenchus vulnus Allen & Jensen [PRATVU]	Citrus L., Cydonia oblonga Mill., Ficus carica L., Fortunella Swingle, Fragaria L., Malus Mill., Olea europaea L., Pistacia vera L., Poncirus Raf., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L.,	0 %

	Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L	
<i>Tylenchulus semipenetrans</i> Cobb [TYLESE]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Xiphinema diversicaudatum</i> (Mikoletzky) Thorne [XIPHDI]	Fragaria L., Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
<i>Xiphinema index</i> Thorne & Allen [XIPHIN]	Pistacia vera L.	0 %
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas	
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus [ACLSV0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Pyrus L.	0 %
Apple dimple fruit viroid [ADFVD0]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple flat limb agent [AFL000]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple mosaic virus [APMV00]	Corylus avellana L., Malus Mill. Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley, Rubus L.	0 %
Apple star crack agent [APHW00]	Malus Mill.	0 %
Apple rubbery wood agent [ARW000]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill. and Pyrus L.	0 %
Apple scar skin viroid [ASSVD0]	Malus Mill.	0 %

Apple stem-grooving virus	Cydonia oblonga Mill.,	0 %
[ASGV00]	Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	
Apple stem-pitting virus [ASPV00]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Malus Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Apricot latent virus [ALV000]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	0 %
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Aucuba mosaic agent and blackcurrant yellows agent combined	Ribes L.	0 %
Black raspberry necrosis virus [BRNV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Blackcurrant reversion virus [BRAV00]	Ribes L.	0 %
Blueberry mosaic associated virus [BLMAV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry red ringspot virus [BRRV00]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry scorch virus [BLSCV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry shock virus [BLSHV0]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Blueberry shoestring virus [BSSV00]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>asteris</i> Lee <i>et al.</i> [PHYPAS]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>australiense</i> Davis <i>et al.</i> [PHYPAU]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>fragariae</i> Valiunas, Staniulis & Davis [PHYPFG]	Fragaria L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma pruni [PHYPPN]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds	0 %

	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	
Candidatus Phytoplasma pyri [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>rubi</i> Malembic-Maher <i>et al.</i> [PHYPRU]	Rubus L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	Fragaria L., Vaccinium L.	0 %
Cherry green ring mottle virus [CGRMV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry leaf roll virus [CLRV00]	Juglans regia L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry mottle leaf virus [CMLV00]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus [CRNRM0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Chestnut mosaic agent	Castanea sativa Mill.	0 %
<i>Citrus</i> cristacortis agent [CSCC00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus exocortis</i> viroid [CEVD00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Citrus impietratura agent [CSI000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Citrus leaf Blotch virus [CLBV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus psorosis</i> virus [CPSV00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus [CTV000] (EU isolates)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Citrus variegation virus [CVV000]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %

<i>Clover phyllody</i> phytoplasma [PHYP03]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma [PHYPFB]	Vaccinium L.	0 %
Cucumber mosaic virus [CMV000]	Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Fig mosaic agent [FGM000]	Ficus carica L.	0 %
Fruit disorders: chat fruit [APCF00], green crinkle [APGC00], bumpy fruit of Ben Davis, rough skin [APRSK0], star crack, russet ring [APLP00], russet wart	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Gooseberry vein banding associated virus [GOVB00]	Ribes L.	0 %
Hop stunt viroid [HSVD00]	Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf.	0 %
Little cherry virus 1 and 2 [LCHV10], [LCHV20])	Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L.	0 %
Myrobalan latent ringspot virus [MLRSV0]	Prunus domestica L., Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Olive leaf yellowing associated virus [OLYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Olive vein yellowing- associated virus [OVYAV0]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Olive yellow mottling and decline associated virus [OYMDAV]	Olea europaea L.	0 %
Peach latent mosaic viroid [PLMVD0]	Prunus persica (L.) Batsch	0 %
Pear bark necrosis agent [PRBN00]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Pear bark split agent [PRBS00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear blister canker viroid [PBCVD0]	Cydonia oblonga Mill., Pyrus L.	0 %
Pear rough bark agent [PRRB00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasifera, Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus	0 %

	<i>persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunu</i> <i>salicina</i> Lindley. In the case of <i>Prunus</i> hybrids where material is grafted onto rootstocks, other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. rootstocks susceptible to Plum pox virus.	
Prune dwarf virus [PDV000]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
<i>Prunus</i> necrotic ringspot virus [PNRSV0]	Prunus avium L., Prunus armeniaca L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus domestica L., Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb, Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Prunus salicina Lindley	0 %
Quince yellow blotch agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry bushy dwarf virus [RBDV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry leaf mottle virus [RLMV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry ringspot virus [RPRSV0]	Fragaria L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry vein chlorosis virus [RVCV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Raspberry yellow spot [RYS000]	Rubus L.	0 %
Rubus yellow net virus [RYNV00]	Rubus L.	0 %
Strawberry crinkle virus [SCRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry latent ringspot virus [SLRSV0]	Fragaria L., Olea europaea L., Prunus avium L., Prunus cerasus L., Prunus persica (L.) Batsch, Ribes L., Rubus L.	0 %

Strawberry mild yellow edge virus [SMYEV0]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry mottle virus [SMOV00]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Strawberry multiplier disease phytoplasma [PHYP75]	Fragaria L.	0 %
Strawberry vein banding virus [SVBV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Tomato black ring virus [TBRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %

PART K

RNQPs concerning seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas					
RNQPs	Plants for planting	Threshold for the seeds			
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %			

PART L

RNQPs concerning plants for planting of Humulus lupulus, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the plant for planting
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Humulus lupulus L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	Humulus lupulus L.	0 %

ANNEX V

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting

PART A

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed

1. **Inspection of the crop**

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the fodder plant seed is produced concerning the presence of RNQPs in the crop to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. insidiosus (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

- (2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.
- (3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

2. Sampling and testing of fodder plant seed

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of fodder plant seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;

- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers provided for in point (2).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision shall sample and test the fodder plant seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the table of Annex III to Directive 66/401/EEC shall apply.

3. Additional measures for certain plant species

The competent authorities, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authorities, shall carry out the following adidtional inspections or take any other actions for certain plant species to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled.

- (1) the pre-basic, basic and certified seeds of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus*, and in order to ascertain that:
- (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* spp. *insidiosus*; or
- (b) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous *Medicago sativa* L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing, and no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* are observed during field inspection at the site of production or no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* have been observed on any *Medicago sativa* L. crop adjacent to it, during the previous cropping; or
- (c) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* and the content of inert matter shall not exceed 0,1 % by weight;
- (2) the pre-basic, basic and certified seed of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Ditylenchus dipsaci*, and in order to ascertain that:
- (a) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no main host crops have been grown during the two preceding years on the site of production and appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infestation of the place of production; or
- (b) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no *Ditylenchus dipsaci* has been found by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or

(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment against Ditylenchus dipsaci and have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.

PART B

Measures concerning cereal seed

1. Inspection of the crop

(1)The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the cereal seed is produced, to confirm that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Gibberella fujikuroi Sawada [GIBBFU]	Oryza sativa L.	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	Certified seed of the first generation (C1): Not more than 4 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop. Certified seed of the second generation (C2): Not more than 8 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
<i>Aphelenchoides</i> <i>besseyi</i> Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection.

There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %

2. Sampling and testing of cereal seed

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of cereal seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samples under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (2).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the cereal seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the provisions of the table of Annex III to Directive 66/402/EEC shall apply.

3. Additional measures for seeds of *Oryza sativa* L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections or take any other actions

to ensure that the requirements concering the respective RNQPs for the seed of *Oryza sativa* L. are fullfilled:

Seeds of Oryza sativa L. shall fulfil one of the following requirements:

- (a) originates in area known to be free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (b) has been officially tested by the competent authorities by appropriate nematological tests on a representative sample from each lot, and have been found free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (c) has been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against *Aphelenchoides besseyi*.

PART C

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and:

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled

Bacteria			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	irements
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i>	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobtrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia davidiana</i> Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Sorbus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> ; or the plants have been grown in a production site that has been visually inspected at an appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season for the detection of that pest and plants showing symptoms of that pest, and any surrounding host plants, have been immediately rogued out and destroyed.

<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>syringae pv.</i> <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie;
		(b)	or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from the <i>Pseudomonas</i> <i>syringae pv.</i> <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti &. Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections, at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Spiroplasma citri Saglio	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle. hybrids,	mother been v the mo	ants derive from r plants which have isually inspected, at ost appropriate time to the pest, and found

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	Poncirus Raf., Poncirus Raf. hybrids	free from Saglio, a (a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Spiroplasma</i>
		(b) (c)	<i>citri</i> Saglio, or the site of production has been found free from <i>Spiroplasma</i> <i>citri</i> Saglio over the last complete growing season by visual inspection of the plants, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season; or not more than 2 %
			of plants have shown symptoms during a visual inspection at the appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season, and all infected plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni (Smith) Vauterin et al.	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been produced in an area known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin <i>et al.</i> ; or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate

vicinity, and the neighbouring plants, have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, unless they have been tested on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by Xanthomonas arboricola pv. pruni Vauterin *et al.*; or no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the site of production and the immediate vicinity, and the neighbouring plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately unless they are tested, on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by Xanthomonas *arboricola* pv. *pruni* Vauterin et al.; or in the case of evergreen species, the plants have been visually inspected,

(c)

(d)

			and for from s of <i>Xar</i> <i>arbor</i>	e movement bund free symptoms <i>athomonas</i> <i>icola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> <i>cin et al</i> .
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the (a)	case of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.;
			(b)	or no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;
			(c)	or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et

		(2)		<i>al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ase of plants an seeds: the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i>	Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the ca (a)	ase of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known

(b) (c)	to be free from Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.; or no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas gardneri (ox Šutič)

				treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
		(2)	In the cas other that (a)	se of plants
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L.	(1)	In the cas (a)	se of seeds: the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or no symptoms of disease

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caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones *et al*. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. In the case of plants

other than seeds:

(2)

			(a) (b)	the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and the young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(1)		se of seeds:
Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al</i> .			(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
			(b)	no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections, at

	(c)	appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an
		appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i>
(2)	In the cas other that (a)	<i>al.</i> se of plants

(b)	meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry; and young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
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Fungi and oomycetes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	urements
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr	Castanea L.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr; or
		(b)	no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	plants showing symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria</i> <i>parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been rogued out, and the remaining plants have been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms have been observed at the site of production for at least three

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			weeks before movement.
Dothistroma pini Hulbary, Dothistroma septosporum (Dorogin) Morelet Lecanosticta acicola (von Thümen) Sydow	Pinus L.	(a)	the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow; or
		(b)	no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	appropriate treatments have been carried out against needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma</i> <i>septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta</i> <i>acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, and the plants have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle blight.

Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni	Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	(a)	in area to be fi <i>Plasmo</i> <i>halstea</i>	ds originate s known ree from <i>opara</i> <i>lii</i> (Farlow) e & de Toni;
		(b)	no sym of <i>Plas</i> <i>halstea</i> Berlese Toni ha observ seed pu site in inspect approp to dete	<i>smopara</i> <i>dii</i> (Farlow) e & de ave been ed at the roduction at least two tions at oriate times, ct the pest the growing
		(c)	(i)	the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, during the growing season;
			(ii)	and no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during these inspections,

		and all plants showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been
	(iii)	removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and at the final inspection no plants have been
		found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i> <i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni;
(d)	(i)	or the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at
	(ii)	appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season; and all plants showing symptoms of

(e)	been dem to be effe against a known st	jected ropriate t which has nonstrated ective Il rains
	known st of <i>Plasm</i> halstedii	rains <i>opara</i>

<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley	Citrus L., Citrus L. hybrids, Fortunella Swingle, Fortunella Swingle hybrids, Poncirus Raf., Poncirus Raf. hybrids	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Plenodomus</i> <i>tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkleys;
		(b)	or the plants have been grown in a site of production that was found free from <i>Plenodomus</i> <i>tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley over the last complete growing season, by at least two visual inspection at appropriate times, during that growing season, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	no more than 2 % of plants in the lot showing symptoms during at least two visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any other symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Puccinia horiana P. Hennings	Chrysanthemum L.	(a)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been inspected at least monthly during

	(b)	the previous three months and no symptoms have been seen at the site of production; or mother plants showing symptoms have been removed and destroyed, along with plants within a 1m radius, and an appropriate physical or chemical treatment has been applied to the plants which have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms.
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Insects and mites			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	lirements
Aculops fuchsiae Keifer	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Aculops</i> <i>fuchsiae</i> Keifer; or
		(b)	no symptoms have been seen on the plants, or the mother plants from which they derive, during visual inspections at the site of production during the previous growing season, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest; or
		(c)	appropriate chemical or physical treatment has been applied before movement, following which the plants have been inspected and

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			no symptoms of the pest have been found.
<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer	Beaucarnea Lem., Bougainvillea Comm. ex Juss., Crassula L., Crinum L., Dracaena Vand. ex L., Ficus L., Musa L., Pachira Aubl., Palmae, Sansevieria	(a)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer; or
	Thunb., Yucca L.	(b)	the plants have been grown at a production site at which no symptoms or signs of <i>Opogona</i> <i>sacchari</i> Bojer have been observed in visual inspections carried out at least every three months during a period of at least six months prior to movement; or
		(c)	a regime is applied on the site of production aimed at monitoring and suppressing the population of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer and at removing infested plants and each lot has been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer.
<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , other than fruit and seeds, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm, and belonging to the following genera and species: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga</i> <i>pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr., <i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H.	(a)	the plants have been grown for their entire life in an area which has been established as free from <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) by the

Wendl., Borassus flabellifer		responsible official
L., <i>Brahea armata</i> S. Watson,		body in accordance
Brahea edulis H.Wendl.,		with relevant
Butia capitata (Mart.)		International
Becc., Calamus merrillii		Standards for
Becc., Caryota cumingii		Phytosanitary
Lodd. ex Mart., <i>Caryota</i>		Measures;
maxima Blume, Chamaerops	(b)	the plants have
humilis L., Cocos nucifera	(0)	been grown in the
L., <i>Copernicia</i> Mart.,		two years prior to
Corypha utan Lam., Elaeis		their movement
guineensis Jacq., Howea		in a site within
forsteriana Becc., Jubaea		the Union with
<i>chilensis</i> (Molina) Baill.,		complete physical
Livistona australis C.		protection against
Martius, <i>Livistona decora</i>		the introduction
(W. Bull) Dowe, <i>Livistona</i>		of <i>Rhynchophorus</i>
rotundifolia (Lam.) Mart.,		ferrugineus
Metroxylon sagu Rottb.,		(Olivier), or in
Phoenix canariensis		a site within the
Chabaud, <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>		Union where
L., <i>Phoenix reclinata</i> Jacq.,		the appropriate
Phoenix roebelenii O'Brien,		preventive
Phoenix sylvestris (L.)		treatments have
Roxb., <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i>		been applied, with
Greuter, <i>Pritchardia</i> Seem.		respect to that pest;
& H. Wendl., <i>Ravenea</i>	(c)	the plants have
<i>rivularis</i> Jum. & H. Perrier,	(0)	been subject to
Roystonea regia (Kunth)		visual inspections
O.F. Cook, Sabal palmetto		carried out at least
(Walter) Lodd. ex Schult.		once every four
& Schult.f., Syagrus		months, confirming
romanzoffiana (Cham.)		freedom of that
Glassman, <i>Trachycarpus</i>		material from
fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl.,		Rhynchophorus
Washingtonia H. Wendl.		ferrugineus
0		(Olivier).

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements		
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	<i>Allium</i> sp. L.	(a)	the plants or seed- producing plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or	

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		(b)	the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	(a) (b)	the plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like dis	seases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requir	ements
Candidatus Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	(a) (b)	the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider; and (i) the plants have been

produced in areas

(ii)	known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider; or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider over the last complete growing season
(iii)	by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity rogued out and destroyed immediately; or no more than 2 % of plants in the site of production have shown symptoms during visual inspections

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Plants for planting other than

seeds

Prunus L.

(a)

Phytoplasma prunorum

at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from Candidatus Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider. the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of Candidatus

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Candidatus Phytoplasma

prunorum Seemüller &

Schneider

(b)	Seemülle Schneide and (i)	
		produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i>
		Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider; or
	(ii)	the plants have grown in a site of production
		found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>prunorum</i>
		Seemüller & Schneider over the last complete
		growing season by visual inspection, and any
		symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity
		have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
	(iii)	no more than 1 % of plants in the

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site of production have shown symptoms during inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from Candidatus Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider.

<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	(a)	from m which visuall and fou from s of <i>Can</i> Phytop <i>pyri</i> Se	nts derive nother plants have been y inspected and free ymptoms <i>didatus</i> lasma eemüller & der; and
		(b)	(i)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider;
			(ii)	or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or
		(c)	of plan	te than 2 % ts in the site luction have

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			shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al.	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Lavandula</i> L.	(a)	the plants have grown in a site of production known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> ; or
		(b)	no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been seen during visual inspections, of the lot in the last complete cycle of vegetation; or
		(c)	plants showing symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> have been rogued out and destroyed, and the lot has been tested, on the basis of a representative sample of remaining plants and found free from the pest.
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds	The plants derive within three generations of propagation	
	Argyranthemum Webb ex Sch.Bip., Chrysanthemum L.		ck which has been b be free from

		Chrysa by testi		stunt viroid
<i>Citrus</i> exocortis viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L.	(a) (b)	from n which visuall and fou <i>Citrus</i> viroid; and the pla grown produc been fo	nts derive nother plants have been y inspected and free from exocortis nts have in a site of tion that has pund free
			the last growin visual of the j approp	te pest over complete g season by inspection plants, at the riate time to the pest.
<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (EU isolates)		(a)	from m which tested, previou and fou	nts derive nother plants have been within the us three years and free <i>Vitrus tristeza</i>
		(b)	(i)	the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus;
			(ii)	or the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus over the last

(iii)	complete growing season by testing of a representative sample of the plants at the appropriate time to detect the pest; or the plants have grown in a site of production under physical
(iv)	physical protection from vectors, and found free from <i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus over the last complete growing season by testing at random of the plants, carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest; or in the cases
	where there is a positive test result for the presence of <i>Citrus</i>

			<i>tristeza</i> virus in a lot, all plants have been tested individually and no more than 2 % of those plants were found positive, and the plants tested and found infected by the pest have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
Impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis, Fotsch, Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids	(a) (b)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella</i> <i>occidentalis</i> Pergande) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations; and (i) no symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus have been

			observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot
Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(a) (b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or the plants have been subjected to official

			spindle t on a rep sample a appropri methods been fou	For Potato tuber viroid, resentative and using tate a, and have und, in these the from that
Plum pox virus	Plants of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds: <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre, <i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill.,— <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl and Fritsch., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>insititia</i> (L.) K. Schneid, <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>italica</i> (Borkh.) Hegi., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus glandulosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus holosericea</i> Batal., <i>Prunus hortulana</i> Bailey, <i>Prunus mandshurica</i> (Maxim.) Koehne, <i>Prunus maritima</i> Marsh., <i>Prunus mume</i> Sieb. and Zucc., <i>Prunus nigra</i> Ait., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> L., <i>Prunus sibirica</i> L., <i>Prunus simonii</i> Carr., <i>Prunus spinosa</i> L., <i>Prunus tomentosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus triloba</i> Lindl., <i>Prunus</i> L. susceptible to Plum pox virus Fotsch	(a) (b)	which has sampled within the 5 years a	ted ks of derived otherplants ave been and tested ne previous and found n Plum pox

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account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed; or (iii) symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on no more than 1 % of plants in the production site over the last complete growing season in the most appropriate period of the year taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions

of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested and found free from the pest. A representative portion of plants not showing any symptoms of Plum pox virus upon visual inspection may be sampled and tested on the basis of an assessment of the

			risk of infection of those plants concerning the presence of that pest.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus virus	Plants for planting other than seeds Begonia x hiemalis Fotsch, Capsicum annuum L., Chrysanthemum L., Gerbera L., Impatiens L. New Guinea Hybrids, Pelargonium L.	(a) (b) (c)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella</i> <i>occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i>) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations; and no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus.

PART D

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds

1. Visual inspections

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled:

- (a) forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Castanea sativa* Mill. is found free from *Cryphonectria parasitica* upon visual inspection at the production site or place;
- (b) forest reproductive material, other than seeds, of *Pinus* spp. is found free from *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* and *Lecanosticta acicola*,. upon visual inspection at the production site or place.

The visual inspections shall take place once a year, in the most appropriate period to detect those pests, taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant, and the biology of the respective pests.

2. **Requirements per genera or species and category**

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take all other actions, concerning the following genera or species, to ensure that:

Castanea sativa Mill.

- (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Cryphonectria parasitica*; or
- (b) no symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* have been observed at the place or site of production over the last complete growing season; or
- (c) forest reproductive material showing symptoms of *Cryphonectria parasitica* in the place or site of production has been rogued out, the remaining material has been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms of that pest have been observed at the place or site of production for at least three weeks before movement of that material.

Pinus spp.

- (a) the forest reproductive material originates in areas known to be free from *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* and *Lecanosticta acicola*; or
- (b) no symptoms of needle blight, caused by *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*, have been observed at the place or site of production or its immediate vicinity over the last complete growing season; or
- (c) appropriate treatments have been carried out in the place or site of production against needle blight, caused by *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*, and the forest reproductive material has been visually inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of *Dothistroma pini*, *Dothistroma septosporum* or *Lecanosticta acicola*.

PART E

Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on vegetable seed

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting: the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requ	irements	
<i>caused by RNQPs</i> <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et al.</i>	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	been o by me approj extrac	eds have obtained ans of an priate acid tion method equivalent d;
		(b)	(i)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganen</i> . ssp. <i>michiganen</i> . (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ;
			(ii)	or no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganen</i> . (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al</i> . have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to

			(iii)	detect the pest during their complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, to be free from the pest.
Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al.	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a) (b)	in areas to be fre Xanthom axonopco phaseoli Vauterin or the crop which th was har	s originate known e from <i>nonas</i> <i>odis pv.</i> f (Smith) <i>et al.</i> ; from he seed vested was inspected priate rring the season

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		(c)	from Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al.; or a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. phaseoli (Smith) Vauterin et al. in those tests.
Xanthomonas fuscans subsp. fuscans Schaad et al.	Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(b)	the crop from which the seed was harvested was visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(c)	a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> in those tests.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.; or
		(b)	no symptoms of disease caused

		(c)	by Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> ; or (i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have been observed in visual

Vanthomonas aavdneri (ex			inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al</i> .	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(a)	the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.; or

		(b) (c)	no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas gardneri (ex Šutič) Jones et al.
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al</i> .	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et al.</i> ; or (i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> have

I		
		been
		observed
		in visual
		inspections
		at
		appropriate
		times
		during the
		complete
		cycle of
		vegetation
		of the
		plants at
		the site of
		production;
	(;;)	or the seeds
	(ii)	the seeds
		have been
		subjected
		to official
		testing for
		Xanthomonas
		gardneri
		(ex Šutič)
		Jones <i>et</i>
		<i>al</i> . on a
		representative
		sample
		and using
		appropriate
		methods,
		whether
		or not
		following
		an
		appropriate
		and have
		been
		found, in
		these tests, free from
		Xanthomonas
		<i>gardneri</i> (ex Šutič)
		(ex Sufic) Jones <i>et</i>
		Jones <i>et</i>
		а.
(a)	the seeds	originate
	in areas l	
	to be free	e from

to be free from *Xanthomonas*

Xanthomonas perforans

Jones et al.

Capsicum annuum L

		(b) (c)	perforans Jones et al.; or no symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b) (c)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>perforans</i> Jones <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or (i) no
			symptoms of disease caused by Xanthomonas perforans Jones et

Capsicum annuum L	(a)	(ii) the seeds	
		in areas k to be free <i>Xanthome</i>	from

vesicatoria (ex

Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex

Doidge) Vauterin et al.

		(b)	Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or
		(c)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> ; or
		(c)	(i) no symptoms of disease

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caused by Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Xanthomonas vesicatoria (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from Xanthomonas vesicatoria

		Doidge) Vauterin <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
Plants for planting	Meas	sures
Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L.	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Acanthoscelides</i> <i>obtectus</i> (Say).
Pisum sativum L.	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus pisorum</i> (L.).
Vicia faba L	(a) (b)	a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> L.
	Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L. Pisum sativum L.	Phaseolus coccineus L., Phaseolus vulgaris L. (a) (b) (b) Pisum sativum L. (a) Vicia faba L (a)

(ex

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Meas	sures
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev	Allium cepa L., Allium porrum L.	(a)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time to detect the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed; or
		(b)	the harvested seeds have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample; or
		(c)	the planting material has been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and the seeds have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
Viruses, viroids, virus-like di			
RNQPs or symptoms	Plants for planting	Meas	sures

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures		
Pepino mosaic virus	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method, and: (i) the seeds originate	

			(iii)	where Pepino mosaic virus is known not to occur; or no symptoms of diseases caused by Pepino mosaic virus have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Pepino mosaic virus, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from the
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a)	(i)	pest. the seeds originate in areas where

	Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur;
(ii)	or no symptoms of diseases caused Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
(iii)	the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from the pest.

PART F

Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed potatoes

The competent authority or, if so required, the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements	
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp.; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp.)	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al.</i> spp. and <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al.</i> spp. In the case of all categories: the growing plants have been subjected to official field inspection by competent authorities.
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum Liefting et al.	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> . In the case of all categories: (i) plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter

			solanacearum Liefting et al., taking into account the possible presence of the vectors; or (ii) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i> have been seen during official inspections by competent authorities of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al</i> .	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> In the case of all categories: (i) no symptoms of

Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. have been seen at the place of production during official inspection since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or any plants at the site of production showing symptoms have been rogued out, with their progeny tubers, and destroyed, for any stocks in which symptoms have been seen in the growing crop, official post harvest tuber testing has been carried out, for each lot, to confirm the absence of

(ii)

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legislation may since have be	een updated - see the latest available (revised) version

			<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i>
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and: symptoms caused by: Potato leaf roll virus	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a) (b)	In the case of pre- basic seed potatoes: they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato virus A, Potato virus S, Potato virus X, Potato virus Y and Potato leaf roll virus. Where methods of micro- propagation are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the mother plant. Where methods of clonal selection are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the clonal stock. In the case of all categories, the growing plants have been subjected to official inspection by the competent authorities.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Solanum tuberosum L.	(a)	In the case of clonal stock: Official testing, or testing under official supervision, has shown that they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid.

	(b) (c)	In the case of pre- basic and basic seed potatoes: no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been found. or for each lot, official post-harvest testing of tubers have been performed and those tubers have been found free from Potato spindle tuber viroid. In the case of certified seed potatoes, official visual inspection has shown that they are free from the pest, and testing is carried out if any

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Symptoms of virus infection	Solanum tuberosum L.	During official inspection of the direct progeny, the number of symptomatic plants shall not exceed the percentage indicated in Annex IV.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting <i>et al.</i>	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i> Thorne	Solanum tuberosum L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.

Black scurf affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk	Solanum tuberosum L	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.
Powdery scab affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Spongospora subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh.	Solanum tuberosum L	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of Annex IV.

In addition, the competent authorities shall carry out official inspections to ensure that the presence of RNQPs on the growing plants shall not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by	symptoms planting plants for pre-basic seed			Threshold for the growing	Threshold for the growing	
RNQPs	species)	PBTC	PB	plants for basic seed potatoes	plants for certified seed potatoes	
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al. spp.</i> [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al. spp.</i> [1PECBG])	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	1,0 %	4,0 %	
Candidatus Liberibacter solanacearum Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0,1 %	0,8 %	6,0 %	

and symptoms caused by leaf roll virus [PLRV00]					
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	Solanum tuberosum L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

PART G

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of oil and fibre plants

1. **Inspection of the crop**

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the seed of oil and fibre plants is produced to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

Fungi and oomyc	etes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
Plasmopara halstedii (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Helianthus annuus L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection.

There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

2. Sampling and testing of seed of oil and fibre plants

- (1) The competent authority shall:
- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of seed of oil and fibre plants;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling, on its behalf and under its official supervision;

- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision;
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (b).
- (2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the seed of oil and fibre plants in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

- (3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.
- (4) For the examination of seed for certification and the examination of commercial seed, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the table of Annex III to Directive 2002/57/EC shall apply.

3. Additional measures for seed of oil and fibre plants

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled:

- (1) Measures on seed of *Helianthus annuus* L. to prevent the presence of *Plasmopora halstedii*
 - (a) the seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii*;

or

- (b) no symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been observed at the production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times during the growing season;
 - or
- (c) (i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season; and
 - (ii) no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptons of *Plasmopara halstedii* during field inspection, all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and
 - (iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii*;
 - or
- (d) (i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times during the growing season; and

- (ii) all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection; and
- (iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara*. *halstedii*, and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from *Plasmopara halstedii* or(e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.
- (2) Measures on seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. and *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Botrytis cinerea*

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- (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Botrytis cinerea* has been applied; or
- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (3) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*)
 - (a) Seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*) has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (4) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe* var. *sojae*
 - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe* var. *sojae* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (5) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Alternaria linicola*
 - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Alternaria linicola* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (6) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Boeremia* exigua var. *linicola*
 - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Boeremia exigua* var. *linicola* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (7) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Colletotrichum lini*
 - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Colletotrichum lini* has been applied;

or

- (b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.
- (8) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell.
 - (a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell, has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded based on laboratory test of a representative sample.

PART H

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

Visual inspection

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that:

- (a) the plants shall at least appear, on visual inspection, to be practically free from pests listed in the table in this point, in respect of the genus or species concerned.
- (b) any plants showing visible signs or symptoms of the pests listed in the tables in this point, at the stage of the growing crop, have been treated properly immediately upon their appearance or, where appropriate, have been eliminated.
- (c) in the case of bulbs of shallots and garlic, the plants derive directly from material which, at the stage of the growing crop, has been checked and found to be practically free from any pest listed in the tables in this point.

In addition, the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled:

Bacteria

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requiremen	Requirements		
Clavibacter michiganensis ssp. michiganensis (Smith) Davis et al.	Solanum lycopersicum L.	The plants have been grow from seeds which comply with the requirements laid down in Annex V, Part E an have been maintained free from infection by appropria hygiene measures.			
Xanthomonas euvesicatoria Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	been seed requ dow vege and (b) your been in ap hygi	lings have a grown from s that meet the irements laid n in Part E for etable seeds; ng plants have maintained opropriate ene conditions revent infection.		
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones <i>et al</i> .	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	been seed requ dow vege and (b) your been in ap hygi	lings have a grown from s that meet the irements laid n in Part E for etable seeds; ng plants have maintained opropriate ene conditions revent infection.		
Xanthomonas perforans Jones et al.	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	been seed requ dow vege and (b) your been in ap hygi	lings have a grown from s that meet the irements laid n in Part E for etable seeds; ng plants have maintained opropriate ene conditions revent infection.		
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	been seed requ	lings have grown from s that meet the irements laid n in Part E for		

	(b)	vegetable seeds; and young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
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Energian discussion of a			
Fungi and oomycetes			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirem	ents
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium</i> <i>oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	Asparagus officinalis L.	(a) (i)	has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representativ sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been observed; or

		(b)	been v inspec mover no syn	symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop; and owns have risually ted before nent and nptoms of <i>ium</i> Link have een.
Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk	Asparagus officinalis L.	(a)	(i) (ii)	the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium</i> <i>brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been observed; or the crop has been

 during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop; and (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been seen. 	
m L., Allium porrum in medium free from Stromatinia cepivora Berk.; or (b) (i) — the crop	
	season and plants showing symptoms of Helicobasidium brebissonii (Desm.) Donk have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing

	:
	inspected
	at
	an
	appropriate
	time
	for
	the
	detection
	of
	the
	pest
	during
	the
	growing
	season
	and
	no
	-
	symptoms
	of
	Stromatinia
	cepivora
	Berk.
	have
	been
	observed;
	or
_	the
	crop
	has
	been
	visually
	inspected
	at
	an
	appropriate
	time
	for
	the
	detection
	of
	the
	pest
	during
	the
	growing
	season
	and
	plants
	showing
	symptoms
	of
	Stromatinia
	cepivora

			with no sym seen at an addi final	e n ediately ptoms tional ection ving
Stromatinia cepivora Berk.	Allium sativum L.	(a) (i	 the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia</i> <i>cepivora</i> Berk. 	

Verticillium dahliae Kleb.	Cynara cardunculus L.	(b) (a)	inspected moveme no symp of <i>Strom</i> <i>cepivora</i> been see mother p	en visually d before nt and toms <i>atinia</i> Berk. have n. Dlants
[VERTDA]		(b)	derive fr pathoger material: the plant been gro of produ	om n tested ; and s have wn in a site

	(c)	history is known, with no records of the occurrence of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.; and plants have been visually inspected at appropriate times since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and found free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.
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Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs		Requirements		
Ditylenchus dipsaci (Kuehn) Filipjev	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	than th	the plants for the cro visuall at least approp for the the pes beginn last co of vega no sym <i>Dityler</i> (Kuehn	ants, other for the commercial p has been y inspected t once at an oriate time detection of st since the ing of the mplete cycle etation and optoms of <i>achus dipsaci</i> n) Filipjev een observed; the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of

		vegetation
		and not
		more than
		2 % of
		plants
		have
		shown
		symptoms
		of
		Ditylenchus
		dipsaci
		(Kuehn)
		Filipjev
		infestation,
		and
	(ii)	the plants
	(11)	found
		to be
		infected
		by that
		pest have
		been
		rogued out
		immediately,
		and
	(iii)	the plants
	(111)	have then
		been
		found to
		be free
		from
		that pest
		through
		laboratory
		tests on a
		representative
		sample;
		or
(c)	the plants	-
(•)	been sub	
	to an app	·
	chemical	
	physical	treatment
		Ditylenchus
	dipsaci (
	Filipjev a	
	been four	
	be free fr	
	that pest	
		y tests on
	a represe	-
	sample.	
	I.	

	se of plan on of a co	
(a)	the pest s beginning last comp of vegeta no sympt <i>Ditylench</i> (Kuehn) have bee	inspected nce at an ate time etection of since the g of the blete cycle tion and coms of <i>hus dipsaci</i>
(b)	or (i)	the crop has been inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;
	(ii)	plants showing symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been rogued out immediately, and
	(iii)	the plants have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a

Viruses, viroids, virus-like di	seases and phytoplasmas	(c)	representative sample; or the plants have been subject to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus</i> <i>dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample.
RNQPs or symptoms	Plants for planting	Requi	irements
Leek yellow stripe virus	Allium sativum L.	(a) (b)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of Leek yellow stripe virus have been seen; or the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Leek yellow stripe virus, with those plants rogued out immediately and not more than 1 % of plants showing symptoms seen in a final inspection.

Onion yellow dwarf virus	Allium cepa L., Allium sativum L.	(a)	visuall at leas approp since t of the cycle o and no of Oni	pp has been y inspected t once at an oriate time he beginning last complete of vegetation o symptoms on yellow virus have een;
		(b)	or (i) (ii)	the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf virus; and the plants rogued found infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately
			(iii)	and not more than 1 % of plants

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			show symptoms of that pest have been seen in a final inspection.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	Capsicum annuum L., Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus	Capsicum annuum L., Lactuca sativa L., Solanum lycopersicum L., Solanum melongena L.	(a) (b)	the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring regime of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella</i> occidentalis Pergande and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> Lindeman) and upon detection of those vectors appropriate treatments are carried out to ensure effective suppression of populations; and (i) no symptoms of Tomato spotted

			 wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from the pest.
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	Solanum lycopersicum L.	(a) (b)	no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants; or no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl disease have been observed on the place of production

PART I

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of Solanum tuberosum L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the following requirements are fulfilled concerning the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum tuberosum*:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur; or
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or
- (c) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.

PART J

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus* L., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled:

Fungi				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Meas	sures	
Verticillium dahliae Kleb. [VERTDA]	Humulus lupulus L.	(a) (b)	plantin from n plants been v inspec most a time au from s	nts for ag derive nother which have isually ted at the ppropriate nd found free ymptoms of <i>llium dahliae</i> the plants for planting have been produced in a place of production known to be free from

(ii)	 or the plants for planting have been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus</i> <i>lupulus</i> ; and the production
	site has been found free from <i>Verticillium</i> <i>dahliae</i> over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of
	 the foliage at the most appropriate time; and the cropping and soil borne disease

				history of fields
				has been recorderd
				and there has been
				a rest period from
				host plants of at
				least four years between
				findings of <i>Verticillium</i>
				dahliae and the next
Verticillium nonalfalfae Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	Humulus lupulus L.	(a) (b)	the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found fro from symptoms of <i>Verticillium</i> <i>nonalfalfae</i> ; and (i) the plants for planting have been produce	ee or en
			in a place of producti known to be free fror	on

	Verticili nonalfa or	
(ii)	or	the plants for planting have been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus</i> <i>lupulus</i> ;
		and the production site has been found free from <i>Verticillium</i> <i>nonalfalfae</i> over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage; and the cropping and soil borne disease history of fields have

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been recorderd and there has been а rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of Verticillium nonalfalfae and the next planting.

ANNEX VI

List of plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into the Union from certain third countries is prohibited

	Description	CN Code	Third country, group of third countries or specific area of third country
1.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach, <i>Juniperus</i> L., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway,

			Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
2.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal

			District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Canada, Mexico, United States
4.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	All third countries
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, Mexico, United States
6.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, Mexico, United States
7.	Isolated bark of <i>Populus</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	The Americas
8.	Plants for planting of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Crateagus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Rosa</i> L., other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal

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			District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
9.	Plants for planting of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries, other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey,

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			Ukraine, and United States other than Hawaii
10.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits	0602 10 10 0602 20 10 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
11.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	All third countries
12.	Plants for planting of <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea and United States
13.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp. other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Algeria, Morocco
14.	Plants for planting of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> and <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> ,	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe

	Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis, Cortaderia Stapf., Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrix, Molinia, Phalaris L., Shibataea, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L., other than seeds		Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Mortenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes	0701 10 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
16.	Plants for planting of stolon- or tuber- forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. as specified in entry 15	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Switzerland
17.	Tubers of species of <i>Solanum</i> L., and their hybrids, other than those specified in entries 15 and 16	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries other than: (a) Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Syria,

Switzerland, Turkey, or (b) those which fulfil the following provisions: (i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern			
Tunisia and Turkey, or (b) those which fulfil the following provisions: (i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal		Switzerla	ind,
Turkey, or(b)those which fulfil the following provisions: (i)(i)they are one of following: Albania, Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentalny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
or (b) those which fulfil the following provisions: (i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
(b) those which fulfil the following provisions: (i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestem Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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(i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestem Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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(only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			Norway,
the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			Russia
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Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			following
Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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(Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			(Tsentralny
okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			
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(Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug),			Federal
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				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or
				their legislation, is recognised as equivalent
				to the Union rules concerning
				protection against <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and
				Kottho) Nouioui <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> in
				accordance with the procedure referred
				to in Article 107 of
				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 have been complied
18.	Plants for planting of <i>Solanaceae</i> other than seeds and the plants covered by entries 15, 16 or 17	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than: Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe	with.

			Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey and Ukraine
19.	Soil as such consisting in part of solid organic substances	ex 2530 90 00 ex 3824 99 93	Third countries other than Switzerland
20.	Growing medium as such, other than soil, consisting in whole or in part of solid organic substances, other than that composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., previously not used for growing of plants or for any agricultural purposes	ex 2530 10 00 ex 2530 90 00 ex 2703 00 00 ex 3101 00 00 ex 3824 99 93	Third countries other than Switzerland

ANNEX VII

List of plants, plant products and other objects, originating from third countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into the Union territory

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN codes	Origin	Special requirements	
Ι.	Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, with the exception of sterile medium of <i>in-vitro</i> plants	N/A ^a	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that: (a) the growing medium, at the time of planting of the associate plants: (i)	
				(ii)	or was composed entirely of
					peat or fibre of <i>Cocos</i>

	nucifera
	L.
	and
	had
	not
	been
	previously
	used
	for
	growing
	plants
	or
	for
	any
	other
	agricultural
	purposes,
	or
(iii)	was
(III)	subjected
	to
	effective
	fumigation
	or
	heat
	treatment
	to
	ensure
	freedom
	from
	pests
	and
	which
	is
	indicated
	on
	the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to
	in
	Article
	71
	of
	Regulation
	(EŬ)
	No
	2016/2031,
	under
	the
	rubric

				'Additional
				declaration',
			(iv)	or
			(1V)	was subjected
				to
				effective
				systems
				approach to
				ensure
				freedom
				from
				pests and
				which
				is
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to
				in Article
				71
				of
				Regulation
				(EU) No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric 'Additional
				declaration';
			and	,
			in all	
			the cases	
			menti	oned
			in	
			points	5
			(i) to (iv)	
			was	
			stored	l
			and	
			maint under	
			appro	
ed plant shall app	y	1		<u> </u>

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			condition	IS	
				15	
			to keep		
			it free		
			from		
			quarantir	ie	
			pests		
			and		
		(b)	since		
			planting:		
			(i)		ata
			(i)	appropria	
				measures	
				have	
				been	
				taken	
				to	
				ensure	
				that	
				the	
				growing	
				growing	
				medium	
				has	
				been	
				kept	
				free	
				from	
				Union	
				quarantin	e
				pests,	-
				including	
				at	
				least:	
					physical
					isolation
					of
					the
					growing
					medium
					from
					soil
					and
					other
					possible
					sources
					of
					contamina
				_	hygiene
					measures,
				_	using
					water
					free
					from
					Union
					Union
d plant shall app	ly				

				quarantine
				pests;
				or
			(ii)	within
				two
				weeks
				prior to
				export
				the
				growing
				medium
				including,
				where
				appropriate,
				soil
				has
				been
				completely
				removed
				by
				washing
				using
				water
				free
				from
				Union
				quarantine pests.
				Replanting
				may
				be
				performed
				in
				the
				growing
				medium
				that
				meets
				the
				requirements
				laid
				down
				in point
				(a).
				(a). Appropriate
				conditions
				shall
				be
				maintained
				to
sociated plant shall app	l	1		

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					keep freedom from Union quarantine pests, as provided for in point (b).
2.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	ex 8432 10 00 ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90 ex 8432 29 90 ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 80 00 ex 8433 50 00 ex 8433 51 00 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 ex 8436 80 10 ex 8701 20 90 ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 95 10	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that machinery or vehicles are cleaned and free from soil and plant debris.	
3.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	ex 0601 20 30 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the place of productivis known to be free from <i>Clavibac</i>	

		ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0706 90 10		sepedonicus (Spieckermani and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, and (b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i>
4.	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes,	0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00	Third countries	rostochiensis (Wollenweber Behrens.Official statement that the plants have been grown in
	seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 45 0602 90 47 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90		(a) originate in an area, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00		country, as

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		ex 0709 40 00		being
		ex 0709 99 10		free
		ex 0910 99 31		from
		ex 0910 99 33		Thrips
				palmi
				Karny
				in
				accordance
				with
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				and
				which
				is
				mentioned
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
				to in Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031
				under
				the
				rubric
				'Additional
				declaration',
				or
			(b)	originate
				in a
				place
				of
				production,
				established
				in the
				country
				of
				origin by the
				by the national
				plant
				protection
				service
				of that
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	v		
	associated plant shan app	· J		

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country, as being free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Thrips palmi Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during

hall apply			(c)	the last three months prior to export; or immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny, the details of which have been indicated on the phytosanitary certificates referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny,
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5.	Annual and biennial plants	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50	Third countries other than	Official statement	nt that
	for planting,	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 70	Albania, Algeria,	the plan	
	other than	ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		-	have
	Poaceae and	ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Andorra,	(a)	
			Armenia,		been
	seeds	ex 0704 10 00	Azerbaijan,		grown
		ex 0704 90 10	Belarus,		in
		ex 0704 90 90	Bosnia and	a >	nurseries;
		ex 0705 11 00	Herzegovina,	(b)	are free
		ex 0705 19 00	Canary Islands,		from
		ex 0709 40 00	Egypt, Faeroe		plant
		ex 0709 99 10	Islands, Georgia,		debris,
		ex 0910 99 31	Iceland,		flowers
		ex 0910 99 33	Israel, Jordan,		and
			Lebanon, Libya,		fruits;
			Liechtenstein,	(c)	have
			Moldova,		been
			Monaco,		inspected
			Montenegro,		at
			Morocco, North		appropria
			Macedonia,		times
			Norway,		and
			Russia (only		prior to
			the following		export;
			parts: Central	(d)	are
			Federal District		found
			(Tsentralny		to be
			federalny okrug),		free
			Northwestern		from
			Federal District		symptom
			(Severo-Zapadny		of
			federalny okrug),		harmful
			Southern Federal		bacteria,
			District (Yuzhny		viruses
			federalny okrug),		and
			North Caucasian		virus-
			Federal District		like
			(Severo-		organism
			Kavkazsky		and
			federalny okrug)	(e)	are
			and Volga	(0)	either
			Federal District		found
					to be
			(Privolzhsky		
			federalny		free
			okrug)), San		from
			Marino, Serbia,		signs or
			Switzerland,		symptom
			Syria, Tunisia,		of
			Turkey, and		harmful
			Ukraine.		nematode
					insects,

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					mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
6.	Plants for planting, of the family <i>Poaceae</i> of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> , <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> Lag., <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> Adan., <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf, <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> L., <i>Molinia</i> Schnrak, <i>Phalaris</i> L., <i>Shibataea</i> Mak. Ex Nakai, <i>Spartina</i> Schreb., <i>Stipa</i> L. and <i>Uniola</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District	Official statemen the plant (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	

			Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine	to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
7.	Plants for	ex 0602 20 20	Third countries	
	planting, other than dormant	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00	where the relevant Union	
	plants, plants in	ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00	quarantine pests	
	tissue culture,	ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20	are known to	
	-	ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30		
	seeds, bulbs,		occur	
	tubers, corms	ex 0602 90 41		
	and rhizomes.	ex 0602 90 45		
	The relevant	ex 0602 90 46		
	Union	ex 0602 90 47		
	quarantine pests	ex 0602 90 48		
	are:	ex 0602 90 50		
	other	versu06©2 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		
	than:	ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99		
		ex 0704 10 00		
	mosaic	ex 0704 90 10		
	virus,	ex 0704 90 90		
	Sweet	ex 0705 11 00		
	potato	ex 0705 19 00		
	leaf	ex 0709 40 00		
	curl	ex 0709 99 10		
	virus,	ex 0910 99 31		
	Tomato	ex 0910 99 33		
	yellow			
	16			
	leaf			
	curl			

			1			
		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Sardinia				
		virus,				
		Tomato				
		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Malaga				
		virus,				
		Tomato				
		yellow				
		leaf				
		curl				
		Axarquia	a			
		virus,				
		Cowpea				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus,				
		Lettuce				
		infectiou	19			
		yellows	15			
		virus, Malar				
		Melon				
		yellowin				
		associate	a			
		virus,				
	—	Squash				
		vein				
		yellowin	g			
		virus,				
		Sweet				
		potato				
		chlorotic	2			
		stunt				
		virus,				
	—	Sweet				
		potato				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus,				
	—	Tomato				
		mild				
		mottle				
		virus.				
						Official
				(a)	Where	statement that
					Bemisia	
					tabaci	no symptoms of the relevant
	• . • •				-	
The CN code of an	associated pl	ant shall app	ly			

a

	Genn. Union quarantine (non- pests have Europeanbeen observed populations)the plants or other during their vectors complete cycle of the of vegetation. Union quarantine pests are not known to occur
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	(b)Where Bemisia tabaci Genn. (non- Europear been observed population or other vectors of the Union quarantine pests are known to occurOfficial statement that no symptoms of the relevant Union quarantine pests are or of the union quarantine (a)Official statement that no symptoms of the relevant during their complete cycle of vegetation, and to to be free from Bemisia

free from ia S nt ntine ıl tions 1 oriate ted ve ent ng ation ia e S ntine

				(c)	<i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of the relevant Union quarant pests on official inspectic carried out at appropri- times to detect the pest, or the plants have been subjected to an effectiv treatme ensuring the eradicat of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn and the other vectors of the plants
--	--	--	--	-----	---

				thereof prior to export.
8. a The CN code of	Plants for planting of herbaceous species, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 ex 0706 90 10 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	Third countries where <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa (Malloch) are known to occur	Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of

	(b)	Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary
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certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against Liriomyza sativae (Blanchard)

				and <i>Amauromy</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blancharo and <i>Amauromy</i> <i>maculosa</i> (Malloch). Details of the treatment referred in point (c) shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
9.	Herbaceous perennial plants for planting, other than seeds, of the families <i>Caryophyllaceae</i> (except <i>Dianthus</i> L.), <i>Compositae</i> (except <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.), <i>Cruciferae</i> , <i>Leguminosae</i> and <i>Rosaceae</i> (except <i>Fragaria</i> L.)	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North	Official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown in nurseries, (b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits, (c) have been inspected at appropriat

		Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	(d) (e)	times and prior to export, are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus- like organisms, and are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
Trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus,	Official statement the plants (a)	t that

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	ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only	(b) (c)	from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits, have been grown in nurseries, have been
		federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.		and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus- like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have
of an associated plant shall	apply			been

				subjected to appropriat treatment to eliminate such organisms
11.	Deciduous trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries other than Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky	Official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves.

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			federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Ukraine.	
12.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L.	0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90 ex 0709 99 90 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 20 ex 0714 90 90 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91 ex 1212 91 80 ex 1212 94 00 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
13.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i>	0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90 ex 0706 90 10 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
14.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.

15.

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Tubers of <i>Solanum</i>	0701 10 00 0701 90 10	Third countries	Official statement that			
<i>tuberosum</i> L.	0701 90 50		the tubers			

	tuberosum L.	0701 90 50		the tuber	S
	tuberosum L.	0701 90 50 0701 90 90		(b)	in: a country where <i>Tecia</i> solanivora (Povolný) is not known to occur, or an area free from <i>Tecia</i> solanivora (Povolný), established by the national plant protection
16.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statemen (a)	organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.

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				Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> ; or (b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the provisions of Union law on combating <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, have been complied
				been complied with, in the country of origin.
17.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries where Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas known to be free from

C4

	<i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.)
	Percival
	(all
	races other
	than
	Race
	1, the
	common
	European race),
	and no
	symptoms
	of
	Synchytrium endobioticum
	(Schilb.)
	Percival
	have
	been
	observed either
	at the
	place
	of
	production
	or in its immediate
	vicinity
	for an
	adequate
	period,
(b)	or provisions
(0)	recognised
	as
	equivalent
	to the provisions
	of
	Union
	law on
	combating
	Synchytrium endobioticum
	(Schilb.)
	Percival
	in .
	accordance
	with

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				the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 have been complied with in the country of origin.
18.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate from a site known to be free from <i>Globodera</i> <i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens.
19.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni

et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur; or in areas where Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place

(b)

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of production found free from Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of measures taken to eradicate Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni

					et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. and set out in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
20.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting associated plant shall app	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statemen (a)	t that: either the tubers originate in areas where <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> (all populations) and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur, or

code of an associated plant shall app			N C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		i
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	(ii))	appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or the tubers after harvest harvest havest harvest havest havest harvest havest harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an propriate method to induce symptoms, or

well
as
inspected
visually
both
externally and
by
cutting
the
tubers,
at
appropriate
times
and
in
all
cases
at
the
time
of
closing of
the
packages
or
containers
before
marketing
according
to
the
provisions
on
closing
under
Directive 66/403/
EEC
and
no
symptoms
of
Meloidogyne
chitwoodi
Golden
et
al.
and
Meloidogyne
 fallax

					Karssen have been found.
21.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., other than those for planting	0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia</i> solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacear Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia</i> syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur.	um
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum</i> <i>annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> <i>melongena</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Ralstonia</i> solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia</i> pseudosolanacean Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. or <i>Ralstonia</i> syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. is known to occur	been found free from <i>Ralstoni</i> <i>solanace</i> (Smith) Yabuuch <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstoni</i>	a earum ii

Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. or no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning

(b)

9	The CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	,

23.				cycle of vegetation.
	Plants of Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 90 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries Image: Construction of the second	Official statement that the plants originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia</i> lycopersicell (Walsingham in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitar Measures, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection origin as being free from Keiferia lycopersicell (Walsingham in accordance

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24	Plants for	ay 0602 00 20	Third countries	relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
24.	Plants for planting of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
25. a The CN code of an	Plants of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. ex Ait., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0603 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Spodoptera</i> <i>eridania</i> (Cramer),

Spodoptera frugiperda Smith and Spodoptera litura (Fabricius), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or no signs of Spodoptera eridania (Cramer), Spodoptera frugiperda Smith, and Spodoptera litura (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,

(b)

				(c)	or the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the relevant pests.
26.	Plants for planting, of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicum</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statemen the plan been gro through life in: (a) (b)	ts have

				(c)	relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.
27.	Plants for planting, of <i>Pelargonium</i> L'Herit. ex Ait., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where Tomato ringspot virus is known to occur:		
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv	(a) where Xiphinen american Cobb sensu stricto, Xiphinen bricolen. Ebsary, Vrain & Graham, Xiphinen californi Lambert & Bleve-	na se na cum i	t that s are: directly originating from places of production known to be free from Tomato ringspot virus, or

				Zacheo,	(b)	of no
				Xiphinen		more
				inaequal		than
				khan et		fourth
				Ahmad,		generation
				Xiphinen	na	stock,
				intermea		derived
				Lambert		from
				&		mother
				Bleve-		plants
				Zacheo,		found
				Xiphinen	na	to be
				rivesi	10	free
				(non-		from
				EU		Tomato
				populatio	ne)	ringspot
				Dalmass		virus
				and	0	under
				Xiphinen	na	an
						official
				<i>tarjanen</i> Lambert		
				&	L	approved
				æ Bleve-		system
						of
				Zacheo		virological
				or other		testing.
				vectors		
				of T		
				Tomato		
				ringspot		
				virus		
				are not		
				known		
				to		
				occur		
					Official	
			(b)	where	statemen	t that
				Xiphinen	the plant	s are:
				uncricui	iun '	directly
				Cobb	× /	derived
				sensu		from
				stricto,		places
				Xiphinen		of
				bricolen	se	production
				Ebsary,		known
				Vrain		to be
				&		free
				Graham,		from
				Xiphinen	na	Tomato
				californi	сит	ringspot
				Lambert		virus
				&		in the
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv				
	associated plant shan app	· ,				

a

			Bleve-Zacheo, Xiphinen inaequal khan et Ahmad, Xiphinen intermea Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo, Xiphinen rivesi (non- EU populatio Dalmass and Xiphinen tarjanen Lambert & Bleve- Zacheo or other vectors of Tomato ringspot virus are known to occur	aof no more thannasecondliumgenerationistock, derived from mothernaplants found to be freenaplants found to be freeons)from ooTomato ringspotnavirus se underian officially approved system of virological testing.
28.	Cut flowers of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L. and <i>Solidago</i> L., and leafy vegetables of <i>Apium</i> <i>graveolens</i> L. and <i>Ocimum</i> L.	0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and the leafy vegetables: (a) originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i>

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				(b)	maculosa (Malloch), or immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza</i> <i>sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza</i> maculosa (Malloch).
29.	Cut flowers of <i>Orchidaceae</i>	0603 13 00	Third countries	Official statemer	nt that
				the cut f	
				(a)	originate
				(a)	in a
					country
					free
					from
					Thrips
					palmi
					Karny,
					or
				(b)	immediately
					prior
					to their
					export,
					have
					been
					officially
					inspected
					and
					found
					free
					from Thuring
					Thrips
					<i>palmi</i> Karny.

C4

30.	Naturally or	ex 0602 20 80	Third countries	Official
	artificially	ex 0602 30 00	other than:	statement that:
	dwarfed plants	ex 0602 40 00	Albania,	(a) the
	for planting	ex 0602 90 41	Andorra,	plants,
	other than seeds	ex 0602 90 47	Armenia,	including
		ex 0602 90 48	Azerbaijan,	those
		ex 0602 90 50	Belarus,	collected
		ex 0602 90 91	Bosnia and	directly
		ex 0602 90 99	Herzegovina,	from
			Canary Islands,	natural
			Faeroe Islands,	habitats,
			Georgia, Iceland,	have
			Liechtenstein,	been
			Moldova,	grown,
			Monaco,	held
			Montenegro,	and
			North	trained
			Macedonia,	for at
			Norway,	least
			Russia (only	two
			the following	consecutive
			parts: Central	years
			Federal District	prior to
			(Tsentralny	dispatch
			federalny okrug),	in
			Northwestern	officially
			Federal District	registered
			(Severo-Zapadny	nurseries,
			federalny okrug),	which
			Southern Federal	are
			District (Yuzhny	subject
			federalny okrug),	to an
			North Caucasian	officially
			Federal District	
				supervised
			(Severo-	control
			Kavkazsky	regime,
			federalny okrug)	
			and Volga	plants
			Federal District	in the
			(Privolzhsky	nurseries
			federalny	referred
			okrug)), San	to in
			Marino, Serbia,	point
			Switzerland,	(a) of
			Turkey and	this
			Ukraine	entry:
				(i) at
				leas
				dur
				the
				per

referred to in point (a) of this entry: 	were potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground, have been subjected to appropriat treatments to ensure freedom
	treatments to ensure
	the active ingredient concentrat and date of applicatio
	of these treatments has been mentioned on the

phytosani certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulatio (EU) No 2016/203 under the rubric **'Disinfest** and/ or disinfectio treatment have been officially inspected at least six times а year at appropria intervals for the presence of Union quarantine pests of concern in accordanc with Regulatio (EU) No 2016/203 and these inspection

have
also
been
carried
out
on
plants
in
the
immediate
vicinity
of
the .
nurseries
referred
to
in .
point
(a)
of
this
entry,
at
least
by visual
examinati
of
each
row
in
the
field
or
nursery
and
by
visual
examinati
of
all
parts
of
the
plant
above
the
growing
medium,
using
a random
random

sample of at least 300 plants from а given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3 000 plants, or 10%of the plants if there are more than 3 000 plants from that genus, have been found free, in these inspection from the relevant Union

	quarantin pests of concern as specified in the previous indent, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants, where appropria have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been effectivel treated, and have been held for an appropria held for an appropria held for ensure freedom from such pests, bave
	held for an appropria period and inspected to ensure
	from such

		_

in а natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigatio or by appropria heat treatment and has been of any Union quarantine pests, have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintaine free from Union quarantine pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been:

packed in closed containers which

were

					have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the registered nursery, and this number has been indicated under the rubric 'Additional declaration' on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/203, enabling the consignments to be identified.
31.	Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41	Third countries	Official statement that the plants have been produced	
		ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47		in a place of production free from <i>Pissodes</i>	
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	Iy			

		ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00		cibriani O'Brien, Pissodes fasciatus Leconte, Pissodes nemorensis Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper.
32.	Plants of Pinales, other than fruit and seeds, over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug),	Official statement that the plants have been produced in a place of production is free from <i>Scolytidae</i> spp. (non-European).

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			Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine	
33.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of <i>Cronartium</i> <i>gentianeum</i> , <i>Cronartium pini</i> <i>and Cronartium</i> <i>ribicola</i> , have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
34. a The CN code of an	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds associated plant shall app	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	United States	Official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Bretziella</i> <i>fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W. deBeer, Marinc., T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf., comb. nov.

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	Plants for	ex 0602 10 90	Canada and	Official		

35.	Plants for planting, of <i>Corylus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Canada and United States	Official statement that the plants originate in: (a) an area,
		ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50		established in the
		ex 0602 90 70		country of
		ex 0602 90 99		origin by the
				national plant
				protection organisation
				in that country,
				as
				being free
				from Anisogramm
				anomala (Peck)
				E. Müller,
				in accordance
				with the
				relevant
				Standards
				for Phytosanitar
				Measures, and
				which is
				mentioned on the
				certificate referred
				to in Article
				71 of
				Regulation (EU)
				No 2016/2031
	de of an associated plant shall app			under

the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anisogramma anomala (Peck) È. Müller on official inspections carried out at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in

a	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply
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				accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
36.	Plants of Fraxinus L., Juglans ailantifolia Carr., Juglans mandshurica Maxim., Ulmus davidiana Planch. and Pterocarya rhoifolia Siebold & Zucc., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that the plants originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on

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				the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
37.	Plants for planting, of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	United States	Official statement that the plants for planting: (a) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with

relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of Geosmithia morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector

(b)

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Pityophthorus juglandis Blackman, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within а period of two years prior to export; the plants for planting have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or (c) originate in a place of production with complete

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				physical isolation, and plants for planting have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
38.	Plants of <i>Betula</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
39. a The CN code of an	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds associated plant shall app	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation

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of the country of origin as being free from Ceratocystis platani (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or have been grown in a place of production established

(b)

a The CN code of an associated plant shall	apply
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as free from Ceratocystis platani (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and (ii) which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of Ceratocystis platani (J. À. Walter) Engelbr.

a	The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly

					at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.
40.	Plants for planting of <i>Populus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Melampsora</i> <i>medusae</i> f.sp. <i>tremuloidis</i> Shain have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	_
41.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Americas	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina</i> <i>musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl., Verkley & Crous have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	_
42. a The CN code	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants e of an associated plant shall appl	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Canada and United States	Official statement that the plants:	_

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version	

n tissue culture, pollen and seeds, of Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Prunus L., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99		(a)	have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or
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				have been grown during	
				a period of at least two	
				years prior to export, or in the	
				case of plants which are younger	
				than two years have been	
				grown througho their life, in	ut
				a place of productic establishe as free	
				from Saperda candida Fabricius in	
				accordance with relevant Internation Standards	onal
					s: which is
le of an	associated plant shall app	ly			registered and supervised by

				the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in
				the
				country
				of
				origin,
				and
			(ii)	which
				has
				been
				subjected
				annually
				to
				two
				official
				inspections
				for
				any
				signs
				of Sam and a
				Saperda
				<i>candida</i> Fabricius
				carried
				out
				at
				the
				most
				appropriate
				times
				of
				the
				year
				to
				detect
				the
				presence
				of
				the
				pest
				concerned,
			<i>/</i> ····	and
			(iii)	where
				the
				plants have
				been
				grown:
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv		5 ¹⁰ wii.
	associated plant shan app	· J		

a

in an insect proof site of production against the introducti of Saperda candida Fabricius, or in а site with the applicatio of appropria preventive treatments and surrounde by а buffer zone with а width of at least 500 m, where the absence of Saperda candida Fabricius was confirmed by official surveys carried out

				(iv)	annually at appropria times, and immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Saperda</i> <i>candida</i> Fabricius, in particular in the stems of the plant, including, where appropriate, destructive sampling.
43.	Plants for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Canada, Mexico and United States	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) throughou their life in an area free from <i>Grapholi</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller,	

established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the

	plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and (ii) which has	
--	--	--

	(iii)	been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i>

		Zeller
		was
		confirmed
		by
		official
		surveys
		carried
		out
		annually
		at
		appropriate
		times
		of
		the
		year
		to
		detect
		the
		presence
		of
		the
		pest
		concerned,
	(\cdot)	and
	(iv)	immediately
		prior
		to
		export
		the
		plants
		÷
		have
		been
		subjected
		to
		а
		meticulous
		inspection
		for
		the
		presence
		of
		Grapholita
		packardi
		Zeller;
	or	*
(c)	in an	
	insect	
	proof	
	site of	
	productio	on
	against	
	the	
L	-	

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legislation may since have be	en updated - see the latest ava	vilable (revised) version

				introduct of <i>Graphol</i> <i>packardu</i> Zeller.	ita
44.	Plants for planting of <i>Crataegus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. is known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
45.	Plants for planting of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where non- European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas or <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. are known to occur on the genera concerned	Official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by non-European viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas and <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
46.	Plants for planting of <i>Malus</i> Mill., other than seeds.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where Cherry rasp leaf virus or Tomato ringspot virus, are known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been: (i)	officially certified under a certificatio scheme

	requiring
	them
	to
	be
	derived
	in
	direct
	line
	from
	material
	which
	has
	been
	maintained
	under
	appropriate
	conditions
	and
	subjected
	to
	official
	testing
	for
	at
	least
	Cherry
	rasp
	leaf
	virus
	and
	Tomato
	ringspot
	virus
	using
	appropriate
	indicators
	or
	equivalent
	methods
	and
	has
	been
	found
	free,
	in
	these
	tests,
	from
	those
	pests,
	 or

		(ii)	derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation,
			at least once, to
			official testing for at
			least Cherry rasp leaf
			virus and Tomato ringspot virus
			using appropriate indicators or
			equivalent methods and has been
			found free, in these

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							tests, from those
					(b)	no symptom of diseases caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus or Tomato ringspot virus have been observed on plants at the place of productio or on susceptib plants in its immedia vicinity, since the beginnin of the last complete cycle of	on, ole te g
47.	Plants for planting of	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20	a)	Third	Official statemen		
	Prunus L., other	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80		where	(a)	the	
	than seeds in the	ex 0602 20 00 ex 0602 90 41		Tomato	()	plants	
	case of (b)	ex 0602 90 45		ringspot		have	
		ex 0602 90 46		virus is		been:	
		ex 0602 90 40		known		(i)	officially
		ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50		to		(1)	certified
		ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 70		occur			under
				4 14 14 14 14 11			annaet.
		ex 0602 90 91		occui			a

ex 0602 90 99	b)	Third	certification
ex 0802 11 10	Í	countries	scheme
ex 0802 11 90		where	requiring
ex 0802 12 10		American	them
ex 0802 12 90		plum	to
ex 1209 99 10		line	be
ex 1209 99 91		pattern	derived
ex 1209 99 99		virus,	in
		Cherry	direct
		rasp	line
		leaf	from
		virus,	material
		Peach	which
		mosaic	has
		virus,	been
		Peach	maintained
		rosette	under
		mosaic	appropriate
		virus	conditions
		are	and
		known	subjected
		to	to
		occur	official
			testing
			at
			least
			for
			the
			relevant
			Union
			quarantine
			pests
			using
			appropriate indicators
			for
			the
			presence
			of
			those
			pests
			or
			equivalent
			methods
			and
			has
			been
			found
			free,
			in
			these
			tests,

		from
		those
		pests,
		or
	(ii)	derived
		in
		direct
		line
		from
		material
		which
		is
		maintained
		under
		appropriate
		conditions
		and
		has
		been
		subjected,
		within
		the
		last
		three
		complete
		cycles
		of
		vegetation,
		at
		least
		once, to
		official
		testing
		at
		least
		for
		the
		relevant
		Union
		quarantine
		pests,
		using
		appropriate
		indicators
		for
		the
		presence
		of
		those
		pests
		or

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equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests, (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant Union quarantine pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles

of

vegetation.

48.	Plants for planting of	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20	a)	Third countries	(a)	the plants		
	Rubus L., other	ex 0602 20 80		where		shall		
	than seeds in the	ex 0602 90 45		Tomato		be free		
	case of point (b)	ex 0602 90 46		ringspot		from		
		ex 0602 90 47		virus,		aphids,		
		ex 0602 90 48		Black		including	g	
		ex 0602 90 50		raspberr	Y	their		
		ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		latent	(h)	eggs, official		
		ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99		virus	(b)	statemer	.+	
		ex 1202 99 99		are known		that:	IL	
		CX 1202 99 99		to		(i)	the	
				occur,		(1)	plants	
			b)	Third			have	
			0)	countries	\$		been:	
				where				officially
				Raspber	rv			certified
				leaf	5			under
				curl				a
				virus,				certificatio
				Cherry				scheme
				rasp				requiring
				leaf				them
				virus				to
				are				be
				known				derived
				to				in
				occur				direct
								line
								from
								material
								which
								has
								been
								maintaine
								under
								appropriat conditions
								and
								subjected
								to
								official
								testing
								at
								least
								for
								the
								relevant
								Union
					1			

pests, using appropria indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalen methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests, or derived in direct line from material which is maintaine under appropria conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation at

		least
		once,
		to
		official
		testing
		at
		least
		for
		relevant
		Union
		quarantine
		pests, using
		appropriat
		indicators
		for
		the
		presence
		of
		those
		pests
		or
		for
		equivalent
		methods
		and
		has
		been found
		free,
		in in
		these
		tests,
		from
		those
		Union
		quarantine
		pests;
(ii)	no	
	symptom	IS
	of	
	diseases	
	caused	
	by the	
	relevant	
	Union	
	quarantir	ne
	pests	
	have	
	been	
	observed	

49.	Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30	Third countries where Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasmais known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been: (i)	on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycles of vegetation.
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	line
	from
	material which
	has
	been
	maintained
	under
	appropriate
	conditions
	and
	subjected
	to
	official
	testing
	for
	at
	least
	Strawberry witches'
	broom
	phytoplasma
	using
	appropriate
	indicators
	for
	the
	presence
	of
	those
	pests or
	equivalent
	methods
	and
	has
	been
	found
	free,
	in
	these
	tests, from
	Strawberry
	witches'
	broom
	phytoplasma,
	or
(ii)	derived
	in
	direct
	line

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from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these

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				(b) no	tests, from Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma,
				(b) no symptom of diseases caused by Strawbee witches' broom phytopla have been observer on plants at the place of producti or on suscepti plants in its immedia vicinity, since the beginnin of the last complet cycle of vegetati	rry asma d on, ble ate ng e
a The CN code of an	Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L. other than seeds associated plant shall app	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>bisignifer</i> Schenkling.	-
	r	J			-

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revise	ed) version

51.	Plants of	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
	Aegle Corrêa,	ex 0602 20 20		statement that
	Aeglopsis	ex 0602 20 30		the plants
	Swingle,	ex 0602 20 80		originate in
	Afraegle Engl,	ex 0602 90 41		a country
	Atalantia Corrêa,	ex 0602 90 45		recognised as
	Balsamocitrus	ex 0602 90 46		being free from
	Stapf,	ex 0602 90 10 ex 0602 90 47		Candidatus
	Burkillanthus	ex 0602 90 47		Liberibacter
	Swingle,	ex 0602 90 48		africanus,
	Calodendrum	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70		<i>Candidatus</i>
		ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		Liberibacter
	Thunb., <i>Choisya</i>			
	Kunth, <i>Clausena</i>	ex 0602 90 99		americanus and
	Burm. f.,	ex 0603 19 70		Candidatus
	<i>Limonia</i> L.,	ex 0604 20 90		Liberibacter
	Microcitrus	ex 1209 30 00		asiaticus,
	Swingle.,	ex 1209 99 10		causal agents of
	Murraya J.	ex 1209 99 91		Huanglongbing
	Koenig ex	ex 1209 99 99		disease of citrus/
	L., Pamburus	ex 1404 90 00		citrus greening,
	Swingle,			in accordance
	Severinia Ten.,			with relevant
	Swinglea Merr.,			International
	Triphasia Lour.			Standards for
	and Vepris			Phytosanitary
	Comm., other			Measures,
	than fruit (but			provided that
	including			this freedom
	seeds); and			status has been
	seeds of <i>Citrus</i>			communicated
	L., Fortunella			in writing to the
	Swingle and			Commission
	Poncirus Raf.,			by the national
	and their hybrids			plant protection
				organisation of
				the third country
				concerned.
52.	Plants of	ex 0602 10 90	Third countries	Official
	Casimiroa	ex 0602 20 20		statement that:
	La Llave,	ex 0602 20 80		(a) the
	Choisya Kunth	ex 0602 90 41		plants
	Clausena Burm.	ex 0602 90 45		originate
	f., Murraya	ex 0602 90 46		in a
	J.Koenig ex L.,	ex 0602 90 47		country
	Vepris Comm,	ex 0602 90 48		in
	Zanthoxylum L.,	ex 0602 90 40 ex 0602 90 50		which
	other than fruits	ex 0602 90 50		Trioza
		ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91		erytreae
			1	ervireae
	and seeds			
	and seeds	ex 0602 90 99		Del
	and seeds			

	I	1404 00 00	1		1
		ex 1404 90 00			known
					not to
					occur,
				<i>a</i> >	or
				(b)	the
					plants
					originate
					in an
					area
					free
					from
					Trioza
					erytreae
					Del
					Guercio,
					established
					by the national
					plant
					protection organisation
					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					relevant
					International
					Standards
					for
					Phytosanitary
					Measures,
					and
					which
					is
					mentioned
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No 2016/2021
					2016/2031,
					under the
					rubric
					'Additional
					declaration',
					or
code of an	associated plant shall app	v			
coue or all	associated prain shall app	r y			

	1	1	<i>(</i>)	
				the
				plants
				have
				been
				grown
				in a
				place
				of
				production,
				which
				is
				registered
				and
				supervised
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				of the
				country
				of
				origin,
				and
				where
				the
				plants
				have
				been
				grown
				during
				a
				period
				of one
				year,
				in an
				insect
				proof
				site of
				production
				against
				the
				introduction
				of
				Trioza
				erytreae
				Del
				Guercio,
				and
				where,
				during
				a
of an	associated plant shall appl	ly		

		period
		of at
		least
		one
		year
		prior
		to the
		movement,
		two
		official
		inspections
		were
		carried
		out at
		appropriate
		times
		and no
		signs of
		Trioza
		erytreae
		Del
		Guercio
		have
		been
		observed
		in that
		site,
		and
		prior to
		movement
		are
		handled
		and
		packaged
		in
		ways to
		prevent
		infestation
		after
		leaving
		the
		place
		of
		production.
s	Official	
	statement	
	the plants	
	originate	
	(a)	in a
		country
		in

				one year prior to the move two offic inspe- were carri- out a appro- times and r signs <i>Trioz</i> <i>erytr</i> Del Guer have been obse- in tha site, and prior move are hand and prior times affic inspe- erytr Del Guer have been obse- in tha site, and prior times affic inspe- erytr Del Guer have been obse- in tha site, and prior move are hand and prior times are have been obse- in tha site, are hand prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior move are hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and prior hand and back hand and prior hand and back hand and back hand and back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand back hand and back hand hand hand hand hand hand hand hand
				the place of produ
53.	Plants of Aegle Corrêa, Aeglopsis Swingle, Afraegle Engl., Amyris P. Browne,	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate: (a) in a coun in

Atalantia Corrêa,			which
Balsamocitrus	ex 0602 90 48		Diaphorina
Stapf, Choisya	ex 0602 90 50		citri
Kunth, Citropsis	ex 0602 90 70		Kuway
Swingle &	ex 0602 90 91		is
Kellerman,	ex 0602 90 99		known
Clausena Burm.	ex 0603 19 70		not to
f., <i>Eremocitrus</i>	ex 0604 20 90		occur,
Swingle,	ex 1404 90 00		or
Esenbeckia		(b)	in an
Kunth.,			area
Glycosmis			free
Corrêa, Limonia			from
L., Merrillia			Diaphorina
Swingle,			citri
Microcitrus			Kuway,
Swingle,			established
Murraya J.			by the
Koenig ex L.,			national
Naringi Adans.,			plant
Pamburus			protection
Swingle,			organisation
Swingle, Severinia Ten.,			in
Swinglea Merr.,			accordance
Tetradium Lour.,			with
Toddalia Juss.,			the
· · · ·			relevant
Triphasia Lour.,			International
Vepris Comm.,			Standards
<i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruit			for
and seed			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			and
			which
			1S
			mentioned
			on the
			phytosanitary
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EŬ)
			No
			110
			2016/2031,
			2016/2031,

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

E 1		0(02 10 00	Thind t	declaration'.
54.	Plants of <i>Microcitrus</i>	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20	Third countries	Official statement that
		ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30		the plants the
	Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans. and	ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80		
		ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45		plants originate:
	<i>Swinglea</i> Merr., other than fruits	ex 0602 90 43 ex 0602 90 46		(a) in a
	and seeds			country
	and seeds	ex 0602 90 47		recognised
		ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50		as
				being
		ex 0602 90 70		free
		ex 0602 90 91		from Variable and a second
		ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70		Xanthomonas
		ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90		<i>citri</i> pv.
		ex 1404 90 00		<i>aurantifolii</i>
		ex 1404 90 00		(Schaad
				<i>et al.</i>) Constantin
				<i>et al.</i>
				and
				Xanthomonas
				<i>citri</i> pv.
				citri
				((Hasse)
				Constantin
				<i>et al.</i> in
				accordance
				with
				the
				relevant
				International
				Standards
				for
				Phytosanitary
				Measures,
				provided
				that
				this
				freedom
				status
				has
				been
				communicate
				in
				writing
				to the
				Commission
				by the
				national
				plant

(b) in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of solution of the tal. and the constantin et al. and th
Constantin et al., in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is
IS IS
mentioned

	Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro,	Official statement that: (a) either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas
$\begin{array}{c} ex \ 0602 \ 20 \ 20 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 20 \ 80 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 41 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 45 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 45 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 47 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 48 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 50 \\ ex \ 0602 \ 90 \ 70 \end{array}$	ex 0602 20 20 other than ner ex 0602 20 80 Albania, ex 0602 90 41 Andorra, ex 0602 90 45 Armenia, ex 0602 90 45 Azerbaijan, ex 0602 90 46 Azerbaijan, ex 0602 90 47 Belarus, ex 0602 90 48 Bosnia and ex 0602 90 50 Herzegovina, ex 0602 90 70 Canary Islands, ex 0602 90 99 Faeroe Islands, georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, Montenegro,

North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine	(b)	and Coconut cadang- cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang- cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complets cycle of vegetation, or
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and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the pests have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of Myndus crudus Van Duzee, in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements

(c)

a	The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly

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				laid down in point (a) or (b).
56.	Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp., <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. and <i>Vallisneria</i> sp.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0604 20 90	Third countries other than Switzerland	Official statement that the roots have been subjected to testing for at least nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found at these tests free from the nematode pests.
57.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	The fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
58.	Fruits of Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle, Poncirus Raf., Microcitrus Swingle, Naringi Adans., Swinglea Merr., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)

	Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,
	and this freedom status has been communicated in
	advance in writing to the Commission by the
	national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,
(b)	or the fruits originate in an area established
	by the national plant protection organisation in the

country of origin as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status

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p	ountry
p	oncerned,
o	r
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cu	riginate
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o	lace
o	f
th	roduction
cu	stablished
cu	y the
o	ational
o	lant
th	rotection
cu	rganisation
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Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>) Constantin		
accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		Constantin
 with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) 		<i>et al.</i> in
the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		accordance
relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		with
International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		the
International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		relevant
Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
 Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) 		
Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
 which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) 		
is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		mentioned
<pre>phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)</pre>		
certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
(EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
(d) or the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
(d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)	(d)	
production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)	(u)	
and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		-
to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		5
treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		•••
and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas</i> <i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.)		
<i>citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al</i> .)		
<i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
(Schaad <i>et al.</i>)		
et al.)		
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et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the fruits have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate, or another effective treatment mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation

of the third country concerned, and official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and *Xanthomonas* citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EŬ) No 2016/2031,

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply
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or (e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, official inspections prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and *Xanthomonas* citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas *citri* pv.

aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains а traceability code and the

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (re	vised) version

59.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospore</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun in accordance with
				for industrial processing

(b)	International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in an
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(b)	
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	area
	area recognised
	area recognised as
	area recognised
	area recognised as being
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i>
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i>
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T.
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O.
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes)
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U.
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun,
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the relevant
	area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora</i> <i>angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the

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Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of Pseudocercospora angolensis (T. Carvalho

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

	<i>tatus:</i> This is the original version as it was originally adopted in the EU. This
le	islation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

					& O.
					Mendes)
					Crous
					& U.
					Braun
					have
					been
					observed
					in the
					site of
					production
					and
					in its
					immediate
					vicinity
					since
					the
					beginning
					of the
					last
					cycle
					of
					vegetation,
					and
					none
					of the
					fruits
					harvested
					in the
					site of
					production
					has
					shown,
					in
					appropriate
					official
					examination,
					symptoms
					of this
					pest.
60.	Fruits of Citrus	0805 10 22	Third countries	Official	
	L., Fortunella	0805 10 24		statemen	t that:
	Swingle,	0805 10 28		(a)	the
	Poncirus	ex 0805 10 80			fruits
	Raf., and their	ex 0805 21 10			originate
	hybrids, other	ex 0805 21 90			in a
	than fruits of	ex 0805 22 00			country
	Citrus aurantium	ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00			recognised
	L. and <i>Citrus</i>	ex 0805 40 00			as free
	<i>latifolia</i> Tanaka	ex 0805 50 10			from
	inigotiu Tanaka	ex 0805 50 10			Phyllosticta
		1			<u>1 nynosnen</u>
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			

ex 0805 90 00		<i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine)
		(McAlpine) Van der
		Aa, in accordance
		with
		the
		relevant
		International
		Standards
		for Divito conitony
		Phytosanitary
		Measures, and this
		freedom
		status
		has
		been
		communicated
		in
		advance
		in
		writing
		to the
		Commission
		by the
		national
		plant
		protection
		organisation
		of the
		third
		country
		concerned,
	(h)	or the
	(b)	fruits
		originate
		in an
		area
		established
		by the
		national
		plant
		protection
		organisation
		in the
		country
		of
		origin
		as
		being

a The C ł appiy

free from Phyllosticta citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation

of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Phyllosticta citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU)

(c)

a	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply
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No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and the fruits are found free of symptoms of *Phyllosticta* citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection ofa representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, or the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments and cultural measures against Phyllosticta citricarpa (McAlpine) van der Aa, and

(d)

a	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	
**	The effected of an associated plant shall apply	

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official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of *Phyllosticta* citricarpa (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found free of symptoms of *Phyllosticta* citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa

during an official inspection prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, the fruits have been found free of symptoms of *Phyllosticta* citricarpa (McAlpine) Van

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

der Aa prior to the export during an official inspection ofa representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, and а statement that the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against *Phyllosticta* citricarpa (McAlpine) Van der Aa carried out at the appropriate time of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned is included in the

phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains а

a	The CN code of an	associated	plant shall	apply
			P-min brinning	-rr-j

				traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
61. a The CN code of an	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, <i>Mangifera</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> L. associated plant shall app	ex 0804 50 00 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 29 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non- European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance

with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Tephritidae

(b)

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(non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the

national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no signs of Tephritidae (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three

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months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective postharvest treatment

(d)

to ensure freedom from Tephritidae (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EŬ) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the

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				Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
62.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> (L.), <i>Citrus</i> L., other than <i>Citrus limon</i> (L.) Osbeck. and <i>Citrus</i> <i>aurantiifolia</i> (Christm.) Swingle, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch and <i>Punica</i> <i>granatum</i> L.	0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 90 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 ex 0810 90 75	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection

	organisation
	of the
	third
	country
	concerned,
	or
(b)	originate
	in an
	area
	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in the
	country
	of
	origin
	as h aire a
	being free
	from <i>Thaumatotibia</i>
	leucotreta
	(Meyrick),
	(INTEGRICK),
	accordance
	with
	the
	relevant
	International
	Standards
	for
	Phytosanitary
	Measures,
	which
	is
	mentioned
	on the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EU)
	No
	2016/2031,
	under
	the

(c)	'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country concerned, or originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick)
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relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free

from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), or (d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective postharvest treatment to ensure freedom from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in

			Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection of the third country concerned.
Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	$\begin{array}{c} 0808 \ 10 \ 10 \\ 0808 \ 10 \ 80 \\ 0808 \ 30 \ 10 \\ 0808 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 21 \ 00 \\ 0809 \ 29 \ 00 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 10 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 30 \ 90 \\ 0809 \ 40 \ 95 \\ 0809 \ 40 \ 90 \\ 0810 \ 40 \ 10 \end{array}$	Canada, Mexico and the United States	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

63.

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		0810 40 30	in the
		0810 40 50	country
		0810 40 90	of
			origin
			as
			being
			free
			from
			Grapholita
			packardi Zallar
			Zeller
			in
			accordance
			with
			the
			relevant
			International
			Standards
			for
			Phytosanitary
			Measures,
			which
			is
			mentioned
			on the
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			under
			the
			rubric
			'Additional
			declaration',
			provided
			that
			this
			freedom
			status
			has
			been
			communicated
			in
			advance
			in
			writing
			to the
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	у	

a

1		Commission
		by the
		national
		plant
		protection
		organisation
		of the
		third
		country
		concerned,
		or
	(b)	originate
		in a
		place
		of
		production
		where
		official
		inspections
		and
		surveys
		for the
		presence
		of
		Grapholita
		packardi
		Zeller
		are
		carried
		out at
		appropriate
		times
		during
		the
		growing
		season,
		including
		an
		inspection
		of a
		representative
		sample
		of
		fruits,
		shown
		to be
		free
		of the
		pest,
		and
		information
		on

(c)	traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post- harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary
	indicated on the

				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection or ganisation of the third country concerned.
64.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance

	with
	the
	relevant
	International
	Standards
	for
	Phytosanitary
	Measures,
	provided
	that
	this
	freedom
	status
	has
	been
	communicated
	in
	advance
	in
	writing
	to the
	Commission
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	of the
	third
	country
	concerned,
	or
(b)	originate
(-)	in an
	area
	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in the
	country
	of
	origin
	as
	being
	free
	from
	Botryosphaeria
	kuwatsukai
	(Hara)

G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third

a	The CN code of an	associated p	lant shall apply
		moo o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	

country concerned to the Commission, or (c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective postharvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are

				indicated on the phytosanitary		
				certificate referred		
				to in		
				Article 71 of		
				Regulation		
				(EU)		
				No		
				2016/2031, provided		
				that the		
				systems		
				approach		
				or the post-		
				harvest		
				treatment		
				method have		
				been		
				communicated		
				in		
				advance in		
				writing		
				by the		
				national		
				plant protection		
				organisation		
				of the		
				third		
				country		
				to the		
				Commission.		
65.	Fruits of Malus	0808 10 10	Third countries	Official		
	Mill. and Pyrus	0808 10 80		statement that		
	L.	0808 30 10		the fruits:		
		0808 30 90		(a) originate in a		
				country		
				recognised		
				as that in a		
				being free		
				from		
				Anthonomus		
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply						

	quadrigibbus
	Say in
	accordance
	with
	relevant
	International
	Standards
	for
	Phytosanitary
	Measures,
	provided
	that
	this
	freedom
	status
	has
	been
	communicated
	in
	advance
	in
	writing
	to the
	Commission
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	of the
	third
	country
	concerned,
	or
(b)	originate
	in an
	area
	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	in the
	country
	of
	origin
	as
	being
	free
	from
	Anthonomus
<u>I</u>	

a	The CN code of an associated	plant shall apply
••	The er coue of an abbounded	prant binan appry

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quadrigibbus Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,

				or originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>quadrigibbus</i> Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation
				Regulation (EU)
ode of an	associated plant shall app	ly		

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details of the treatm method are indicat on the certific referre to in Article 71 of Regula (EU) No 2016/2 provid that the system approa or the post- harves	ed ate 1 tion 031, ed

				have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
66.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Grapholita</i> <i>prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita</i> <i>inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis</i> <i>pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom

	status
	has been
	communicated
	in
	advance
	in
	writing
	to the
	Commission
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection
	organisation
	of the third
	country
	concerned,
	or
(b)	originate
	in an
	area
	established
	by the
	national
	plant
	protection organisation
	in the
	country
	of
	origin
	as
	being
	free
	from
	Grapholita
	<i>prunivora</i> (Walsh),
	(waisii), Grapholita
	inopinata
	(Heinrich)
	and
	Rhagoletis
	pomonella
	(Walsh)
	in
	accordance
	with
	the relevant

International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or originate in a place ofproduction where official

(c)

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

inspections and surveys for the presence of Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest(s), including a visual inspection ofa representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest(s) and information on traceability is included in the certificate

referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective postharvest treatment to ensure freedom from Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of

				Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post- harvest treatment method have been have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
67.	Fruits of Solanaceae	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Australia, the Americas and New Zealand	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera</i> <i>cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant

International
Standards
for
Phytosanitary
Measures,
provided
that
this
freedom
status
has
been
communicated
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ın
writing
to the
Commission
by the
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national
plant
protection
organisation
of the
third
country
concerned,
or
an area
established
by the
national
plant
protection
organisation
in the
country
of
origin
as
being
free
from
Bactericera
cockerelli
(Sulc.)
in
accordance
with
the
relevant
reievant

(b)

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply

International
Standards
for
Phytosanitary
Measures,
which
is
mentioned
on the
phytosanitary
certificate
referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
under
the
rubric
'Additional
declaration',
provided
that
this
freedom
status
has
been
communicated
in
advance
in
writing
to the
Commission
by the
national
plant
1
protection
organisation
of the
third
country
concerned,
or
a place
of
production,
where
-

(c)

official inspections and surveys for the presence of Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	N code of an associat	ted plant shall apply
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d)	Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 or an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera</i> <i>cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included

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				phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
68.	Fruits of Capsicum annuum L., Solanum aethiopicum L., Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 ex 0709 60 10 ex 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 95 ex 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes</i> <i>elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant

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		protection
		organisation of the
		third
		country concerned,
		or
	(b)	an area
	(0)	established
		by the
		national
		plant
		protection
		organisation
		in the
		country
		of
		origin
		as
		being
		free from
		nom Neoleucinodes
		elegantalis
		(Guenée)
		in
		accordance
		with
		the
		relevant
		International
		Standards
		for
		Phytosanitary
		Measures,
		which
		is
		mentioned
		on the
		phytosanitary certificate
		referred
		to in
		Article
		71 of
		Regulation
		(EU)
		No
		2016/2031,
		under
		the
		rubric

'Additional
declaration',
provided
that
this
freedom
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has
been
communicated
in
advance
in
writing
to the
Commission
by the
national
plant
protection
organisation
of the
third
country
concerned,
or
a place
of
production
established
by the
2
national
plant
protection
organisation
of the
country
of
origin
as
being
free
from of
Neoleucinodes
elegantalis
(Guenée)
in
accordance
with
the
relevant
International
memanonai

(c)

Standards
for
Phytosanitary
Measures and
official
inspections
have
been
carried
out
in the
place of
production
at
appropriate
times
during
the
growing
season
to detect
the
presence
of the
pest,
including
an
examination
on
representative samples
of fruit,
shown
to be
free
from
Neoleucinodes
<i>elegantalis</i>
(Guenée), and
information
on
traceability
is
included
in the
phytosanitary
certificate
referred

				to in
				Article
				71 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				or
			(d)	an
			(u)	insect
				proof
				site of
				production,
				established
				by the
				national
				plant
				protection
				organisation
				in the
				country
				of
				origin
				as
				being
				free
				from
				Neoleucinodes
				elegantalis
				(Guenée),
				on the
				basis of
				official
				inspections
				and
				surveys
				carried
				out
				during
				the
				three
				months
				prior to
				export,
				and
				information
				on
				traceability
				is
				included
				in the
				phytosanitary
l app	ly	1		

(Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of or igin as being free from <i>Keijeria</i> <i>lycopersicella</i>				certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply	Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	0709 30 00	Third countries	statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham)

accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections

(c)

Silius. This is the original version as it was originally adopted in	a the EO. This
legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (r	evised) version

				and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
70.	Fruits of Solanum melongena L.	0709 30 00	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or

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(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Thrips palmi Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (c) immediately prior to their

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Measures, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Thrips palmi					export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny.
Kalliy	71.	ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	statemen that the r originate (a)	fruits in: a country free from <i>Thrips</i> <i>palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips</i>

				in accordance with the relevant Internationa Standards for Phytosanita Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration	al ıry
72.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L.	ex 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 95 ex 0709 60 99	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, United States and French Polynesia where <i>Anthonomus</i> <i>eugenii</i> Cano is known to occur	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) an area free from <i>Anthonomu</i> <i>eugenii</i> Cano, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant Internationa Standards	n

(b)	for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano, in accordance with the relevant International
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Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) ve	rsion

73.	Seeds of Zea	ex 0709 99 60	Third countries	Official
	mays L.	1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90		statement that: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, or (b) a representati sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Pantoea stewartii sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from Pantoea stewartii subsp. stewartii subs
74.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and	1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico,	Official statement that the seeds

			<i>indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	name of the area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'place of origin'.
75.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	1001 19 00 1001 99 00 ex 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States where <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the grain originates in an area where <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area or areas is mentioned on the phytosanita certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'place of of origin', or (b) no symptoms of

Tilletia indica Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before shipment and have been tested and found free from Tilletia indica Mitra in these tests; the latter is mentioned on the phytosanitary

			Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'name of produce' as 'tested and found free from <i>Tilletia</i> <i>indica</i> Mitra'.
sawdust, shavings wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood packagin material, in the	ex 4401 11 00 ex 4403 11 00 4403 21 10 4403 21 90 4403 22 00 4403 23 10 4403 23 10 4403 23 90 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 ex 4406 11 00 ex 4406 91 00 4407 11 20 4407 11 20 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 90 ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and United States, where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate: (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) ve	ersion

	cases,	ex 9406 10 00	by a
	boxes,		mark
	crates,		'HT'
	drums		put
	and		on the
	similar		wood
	packings		or on
	pallets,	,	any
	box		wrapping
	pallets		in
	and		accordance
	other		with
	load		current
	boards,		
	pallet		usage, and
	collars,		on the
	-		
	dunnage	2	phytosanitary
	whether		certificate
	or not		referred
	actually		to in
	in use		Article
	in the		71 of
	transport	·	Regulation
	of		(EU)
	objects		No
	of all		2016/2031,
	kinds,		and
	except		official
	dunnage		statement
	supporti	ıg	that
	consignr	nents	subsequent
	of		to its
	wood,		treatment
	which		the
	is		wood
	construc	ted	was
	from		transported
	wood		until
	of the		leaving
	same		the
	type		country
	and		issuing
	quality		that
	as the		statement
	wood		outside
	in the		of the
	consignr	nent	flight
	and		season
	which		of the
	meets		vector
	the		Monochamus,
	same		taking
			taking
The UN code of an	associated plant shall appl	V	

	Union				into
	phytosa	nitary			account
	requiren				a safety
	as the				margin
	wood				of four
	in the				additional
		aant			weeks
	consigni	nent,			
	— wood				at the
	of				beginning
	Liboced				and at
	decurrer	is			the end
	Torr.				of the
	where				expected
	there is				flight
	evidence	2			season,
	that the				or,
	wood				except
	has				in the
	been				case of
	processe	d			wood
	or	μ. μ			free
	manufac	turad			from
		luieu			
	for				any
	pencils				bark,
	using				with a
	heat				protective
	treatmen	lt			covering
	to				ensuring
	achieve				that
	а				infestation
	minimu	n			with
	tempera	ture			Bursaphelenchus
	of				xylopĥilus
	82 °C				(Steiner
	for a				et
	seven				Bührer)
	to				Nickle
	eight-				et al.
					or its
	day				
	period,				vector
	but including				cannot
	that which has				occur.
	not kept its				or
	natural round			(b)	fumigation
	surface				to a
					specification
					approved
					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					procedure
ade of an	associated plant shall app	lw	<u> </u>		<u>r</u>

	laid
	down
	in
	Article
	107 of
	Regulation
	(EU)
	No
	2016/2031,
	the
	active
	ingredient,
	the
	minimum
	wood
	temperature,
	the rate
	(g/m^3)
	and the
	exposure
	time of
	which
	are
	indicated
	on the
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EU)
	No
	2016/2031,
	or
(c)	chemical
	pressure
	impregnation
	with a
	product
	approved
	in
	accordance
	with
	the
	procedure
	laid
	down
	in Auti-1-
	Article
	107 of

Dec. 1 d
Regulation
(EU)
No 2016/2031,
the
active
ingredient,
the
pressure
(psi or
kPa)
and the
concentration
(%) of
which
are
indicated
on the
certificate
referred
to in Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
or
heat
treatment
to
achieve
a
minimum
temperature
of 56°C for a
minimum
duration
of 30
continuous
minutes
throughout
the
entire
profile
of the
wood,
and
kiln-
drying
to

(d)

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below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, which is indicated by a mark 'kilndried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark together with a mark 'HT', put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article

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				71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
77.	Wood of conifers(Pinales) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers	4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate: (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official statement that subsequent

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to its treatment the wood was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector Monochamus, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or, except in the case of wood free from any bark, with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with

a	The CN code of an associated	plant shall apply

a

	1	1	1	
				Bursaphelenchus
				xylophilus
				(Steiner
				et
				Bührer)
				Nickle
				et al.
				or its
				vector
				cannot
				occur,
				or
				fumigation
				to a
				specification
				approved
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
				procedure
				laid
				down
				in
				Article
				107 of
				Regulation
				(EU)
				No
				2016/2031,
				the
				active
				ingredient,
				the
				minimum
				wood
				temperature,
				the rate
				(g/m^3)
				and the
				exposure
				time
				(h) of
				which
				are
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificates
				referred
				 to in
The CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	ly		
		·		

		Article
		71 of
		Regulation
		(EU)
		No
		2016/2031,
	<i>(</i>)	or
	(c)	heat
		treatment
		to
		achieve
		a
		minimum
		temperature
		of 56°C
		for a
		minimum
		duration
		of 30
		continuous
		minutes
		throughout
		the
		entire
		profile
		of the
		wood,
		and
		kiln-
		drying to
		below
		20 %
		moisture
		content,
		expressed
		as a
		percentage
		of dry
		matter,
		achieved
		through
		an
		appropriate
		time/
		temperature
		schedule,
		which
		is
		indicated
		by a
		mark

	1	1				(1.1
						'kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally
						recognised
						mark
						together
						with a mark
						'HT',
						put
						on the
						wood
						or on
						any
						wrapping in
						accordance
						with
						current
						usage,
						and on the
						on the phytosanitary
						certificate
						referred
						to in
						Article
						71 of Population
						Regulation (EU)
						No
						2016/2031.
78.	Wood of <i>Thuja</i>	ex 4401	11.00	Canada, China,	Official	
70.	L. and <i>Taxus</i> L.,	ex 4401 ex 4403		Japan, Republic	statemen	t that
	other than in the	ex 4403		of Korea,	the wood	
	form of:	ex 4403	25 90	Mexico, Taiwan	(a)	is bark-
	— chips,	ex 4403		and the United		free,
		, ex 4404		States, where	(1)	or
		ex 4406 ex 4406		Bursaphelenchus	(b)	has
	wood	ex 4406		<i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et		undergone kiln-
	wood waste	ex 4407		Bührer) Nickle		drying
	and	ex 4407		<i>et al.</i> is known to		to
	scrap	ex 4408	10 15	occur		below
	obtained	ex 4408				20 %
	in	ex 4408				moisture
	whole	ex 4416	00 00			content,
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly				

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	or part ex 9406 10 00	expressed
	from	as a
	these	percentage
	conifers,	of dry
	wood	matter,
	packaging	achieved
	material	through
	in the	an
	form of	appropriate
	packing	time/
	cases,	temperature
	boxes,	schedule,
	crates,	indicated
	drums	by a
	and	mark
	similar	'kiln-
	packings,	dried'
	pallets,	or
	box	ʻK.D.'
	pallets	
	and	or another
	other	
	load	internationally
		recognised
	boards,	mark,
	pallet	put
	collars,	on the
	dunnage,	wood
	whether	or on
	or not	any
	actually	wrapping
	in use	1n
	in the	accordance
	transport	with
	of	current
	objects	usage,
	of all	or
	kinds,	c) has
	except	undergone
	dunnage	an .
	supporting	appropriate
	consignments	heat
	of	treatment
	wood,	to
	which	achieve
	is	a
	constructed	minimum
	from	temperature
	wood	of
	of the	56 °C
	same	for a
	type	minimum
	and	duration
CN code of an	associated plant shall apply	

quality as the			of 30 continuous
wood			minutes
in the			throughout
consignr	nent		the
and			entire
which			profile
meets			of the
the			wood
same			indicated
Union			by a
phytosar	itary		mark
requirem			'HT'
as the	••••		put
wood			on the
in the			wood
consignr	nent		or on
but including	nent,		any
wood which			wrapping
has not kept its			in
natural round			accordance
surface			with
Surface			current
			usage,
			and
			on the
			certificate
			referred
			to in
			Article
			71 of
			Regulation
			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			or
		(d)	has
		(u)	undergone
			an
			appropriate
			fumigation
			to a
			specification
			approved in
			accordance
			with
			the
			procedure
			laid
			down
			in

$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ R\\ (1)\\ R\\ $	as ndergone n ppropriate hemical ressure mpregnation vith a roduct pproved n ccordance vith ne rocedure aid own
--	---

я	The CN code of an as	ssociated plant shall appl	v
		source plant shan appr	

					ingredie the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentr (%) of which are indicate on the	ration d
					certifica referred to in Article 71 of Regulati (EU) No 2016/20	ion
79.	sawdust, shavings wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, wood	4401 11 00 4403 11 00 4403 21 10 4403 21 90 4403 22 00 4403 22 00 4403 23 10 4403 23 90 4403 25 10 4403 25 10 4403 25 90 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 12 10 4407 12 90 4407 12 90 4407 19 10	Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey	Official statemen the wood (a)		es <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non- European populations) <i>Pissodes</i> <i>cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes</i> <i>fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes</i>

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in the form of packing cases, boxes, ex 4416 00 00 crates, and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether actually in use or not in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is		Germar, Pissodes nitidus Roelofs, Pissodes punctatus Langor & Zhang, Pissodes strobi (Peck), Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes terminalis Hopping, Pissodes yunnanensis Langor & Zhang and Pissodes zitacuarense Sleeper Scolytidae spp. (non- European) and indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article
dunnage,		Zhang
in the	(iii)	
is		Article
constructed		71
from		of
wood		Regulation
of the same		(EU) No
type		2016/2031,
and		under
quality		the
as the		rubric
wood		'place
in the		of
consignment		origin',
and	or	
which		_
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply		_

a

	meets			is bark-
	the			free
	same			and
	Union	•,		free
	phytosar			from
	requirem	ients		grub
	as the			holes,
	wood			caused
	in the consignr	nont		by the
	but including	iiciii,		genus Monochamus
	that which has			spp.
	not kept its			(non-
	natural round			European
	surface			populations),
				defined
				for this
				purpose
				as
				those
				which
				are
				larger
				than
				3 mm
				across,
				or has
				undergone
				kiln-
				drying
				to
				below
				20 %
				moisture
				content,
				expressed
				as a
				percentage
				of dry
				matter,
				achieved through
				•
				an appropriate
				time/
				temperature
				schedule
				and
				indicated
				by a
				mark
code of an	associated plant shall app	y		

'kiln-
dried'
or 'VD'
'K.D.'
or or oth or
another
internationally
recognised
mark,
put
on the
wood
or on
any .
wrapping
in
accordance
with
the
current
usage,
or
has
undergone
an .
appropriate
heat
treatment
to
achieve
a
minimum
temperature
of
56 °C
for a
minimum
duration
of 30
continuous
minutes
throughout
the
entire
profile
of the
wood,
and
indicated
by a
mark
'HT'

(d)

334

put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature,

(e)

the rote
the rate
(g/m^3)
and the
exposure
time
(h) of
which
have
been
indicated
on the
phytosanitary
certificate
referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
or
has
undergone
an
appropriate
chemical
pressure
impregnation
with a
product
approved
in
accordance
with
the
procedure
laid
down
in
Article
107 of
Regulation
(EŬ)
No
2016/2031,
the
active
ingredient,
the
pressure
<u>*</u>

(f)

				(%) c whic are indic on th phyto certif refer to in Artic 71 of Regu (EU) No	he entration of h ated e osanitary ficate red ile f ilation
80.	Wood of conife (Pinales), other		Third countries, other than:	Official statement that	
	than in the forn	n 4403 21 10	— Albania,	the wood:	
	of:	4403 21 90	Andorra	(a) is bar	rk-
	— chips,	4403 22 00	Armenia	, free	
	partic	les, 4403 23 10	Azerbaij	an, and	
	sawdı	ıst, 4403 23 90	Belarus,	free	
	shavii	ngs,4403 24 00	Bosnia	from	
	wood	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and	grub	
	waste	4403 25 90	Herzego	vina, holes	5,
	and	4403 26 00	Canary	cause	ed
	scrap	ex 4404 10 00	Islands,	by th	e
	obtair	ned 4406 11 00	Faeroe	genu	S
	in	4406 91 00	Islands,	Mone	ochamus
	whole	e 4407 11 10	Georgia,	spp.	
	or par	t 4407 11 20	Iceland,	(non-	-
	from	4407 11 90	Liechten	stein, Euro	pean
	these	4407 12 10	Kazakhs	tan, popu	lations),
		ers, 4407 12 20	Moldova	·	
	— wood		Monaco,	for th	nis
	*	gin g 407 19 10	Montene	gro, purpo	ose
		ial, 4407 19 20	North	as	
	in the		Macedor		
		of 4408 10 15	Norway,	whic	h
	packi		Russia,	are	
	cases,		San	large	r
	boxes		Marino,	than	
	crates		Serbia,	3 mn	
	drums	5	Switzerla		s,
	and		Turkey,	or	
	simila	nr	and	(b) has	
	packi		Ukraine,		rgone

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	pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether actually in use or not in the transport of objects of all	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and United States, where Bursaphelenchu xylophilus (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle et al. is	kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, s achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule,
	wood,		'K.D'
	which		or
	is		another
	constructed		internationally
	from		recognised
	wood		mark,
	of the		put
	same		on the
	type		wood
	and		or on
	quality		any
	as the		wrapping
	wood		in
	in the		accordance with
	consignment and		current
	which		usage,
	meets		or
	the	(c)	has
	same		undergone
	Union		an
	phytosanitary		appropriate
	requirements		fumigation
	as the		to a
	wood		specification
	in the		approved
	consignment,		in
he CN code of an	associated plant shall apply		

that not k	ncluding which has cept its ral round ice.			accordance with the procedure laid down in Article
				107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient,
				the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the
				exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the
				phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,
			(d)	or has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with a
CN code of an associa	tod plant shall same			product approved

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in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve а minimum temperature of 56 °C

a The CN code	e of an associate	d plant shall apply
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					for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and indicated by the mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
81.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust,	4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra,	Official statement the wood (a)	
	shavings, wood		Armenia,	()	in areas
	waste and scrap		Azerbaijan,		known
	obtained in		Belarus,		to be
	whole or in part		Bosnia and		free
	from conifers		Herzegovina,		from
	(Pinales)		Canary Islands,		Monochamus
			Faeroe Islands,		spp.
			Georgia, Iceland,		(non-
a The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly			

Moldova,Moldova,Monaco,Montenegro,Montenegro,GNorthGMacedonia,MNorway, SanfdMarino, Serbia,ISwitzerland, andHUkraine,Mand other thanGCanada, China,HJapan,RepublicMof Korea,HMexico, TaiwanHand USA, whereHBursaphelenchusIxylophilusS(Steiner etZBührer) NickleHet al. is known tosoccurH	European populations), Pissodes ibriani D'Brien, Pissodes asciatus Leconte, Pissodes morensis Germar, Pissodes itidus Roelofs, Pissodes muctatus Langor K Chang, Pissodes trobi Peck), Pissodes erminalis Hopping, Pissodes munanensis Langor
--	--

a

				No
				2016/2031,
				under
				the
				rubric
				'place
				of
				origin,'
				or
			(b)	has
				been
				produced
				from
				debarked
				round
				wood,
				or
			(a)	has
			(c)	
				undergone
				kiln-
				drying
				to
				below
				20 %
				moisture
				content,
				expressed
				as a
				percentage
				of dry
				matter,
				achieved
				through
				an
				appropriate
				time/
				temperature
				schedule,
				or
			(\mathbf{d})	has
			(d)	
				undergone
				an
				appropriate
				fumigation
				to a
				specification
				approved
				in
				accordance
				with
				the
			 	procedure
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	 	
	1 'TT	-		

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m3)and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve а minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum

(e)

a	The CN code of an associated plant shall apply
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				duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031
82.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Third countries other than: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with a fumigant approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 the

associated plant shall ampy	(Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug))., San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, and Ukraine (b)	active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the
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bark,
indicated
on the
certificate
referred
to in
Article
71 of
Regulation
(EU)
No
2016/2031,
and
that
subsequent
to its
treatment
the
bark
was
transported
until
leaving
the
country
issuing
that
statement
outside
of the
flight
-
season
of the
vector
Monochamus,
taking
into
account
a safety
margin
of four
additional
weeks
at the
beginning
and at
the end
of the
expected
flight
season,
or

(c)

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			with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus</i> <i>xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bührer) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vector cannot occur.
83.	sawdust, shavings wood waste and scrap	United States	Official statement that the wood:(a)originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> juglandis Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version	

packing	5 8,			Phytosanitary
pallets,				Measures,
box				and
pallets				which
and				is
other				mentioned
load				on the
boards,				phytosanitary
pallet				certificate
collars,				referred
dunnag	e			to in
whethe				Article
or not				71 of
actually	7			Regulation
in use				(EU)
in the				No
transpo	rt			2016/2031,
of				under
objects				the
of all				rubric
kinds,				'Additional
except				declaration',
dunnag	٩			or
support			(b)	has
consign			(0)	undergone
of	linents			an
wood,				appropriate
which				heat
is				treatment
constru	cted			to
from	cica			achieve
wood				a
of the				minimum
same				temperature
type				of
and				56 °C
quality				for a
as the				minimum
wood				duration
in the				of 40
consign	ment			continuous
and				minutes
which				throughout
meets				the
the				entire
same				profile
Union				of the
phytosa	nitary			wood
require				and
as the				indicated
wood				by the
wood				mark
TN code of an associated plant shall an				

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	in the				'HT'
	consign	iment,			put
	but including				on the
	that which has				wood
	not kept its				or on
	natural round				any
	surface				wrapping
					in
					accordance
					with
					current
					use,
					and on
					phytosanita
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
					No
					2016/2031,
					or
				(c)	has
				(0)	been
					squared
					to
					entirely
					remove
					the
					natural
					rounded
					surface.
34.	Isolated bark	ex 1404 90 00	United States	Official	
	and wood of	ex 4401 22 00		stateme	
	Juglans L. and	ex 4401 40 10		the woo	
	Pterocarya	ex 4401 40 90		isolated	
	Kunth, in the			(a)	originates
	form of:			(u)	in an
	— chips,				area
	particle	s			free
	sawdus				from
	shaving				Geosmithia
	wood	,,,,			morbida
	wood waste				Kolarík,
	and				
					Freeland,
	scrap	4			Utley
	obtaine	a			& Timest
	in				Tisserat
	whole	1		1	and its

a

or part from these plants vector Pityophthorus juglandis Blackmand Blackmand Blackmand by the national plant protection in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary CEU No 2016/2031, under robric 'Additional declaration', or appropriate heat heat minimum the ratificate referred to in appropriate heat heat minimum the rubric 'Additional declaration', or an appropriate heat					
from these plants these plants plants below the protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary Certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or the rubric 'Additional declaration', or or the rubric 'Additional declaration', and appropriate heat in the retained to a schieve a minimum temperature.					
these plants these plants these plants these plants these plants these plants these plants these plants the the the the the the the the the the					Pityophthorus
plants plants Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the the the the the the the the					
 established by the mational plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) 					Blackman
by the mational plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a iminimum temperature		plants			
 ational plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or an appropriate least treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rUbric 'Additional declaration', or the appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 in accordance with the accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 711 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a a minimum temperature 					
 in accordance with the accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 711 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a a minimum temperature 					organisation
 with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or 'Additional declaration', or chain appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or 'Additional declaration', or chain appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					accordance
 the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					with
relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
herein a standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary Certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
b) b) base base base base base base base base base					
for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum					
Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
 and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
 which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a a minimum temperature 					
is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum					
mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
 on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					
b) b					
(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
 referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature 					phytosanitary
to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b)71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b)(b)has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
(EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					71 of
(EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					Regulation
No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature				(h)	
an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature				(0)	
appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
treatment to achieve a minimum temperature					
to achieve a minimum temperature					
achieve a minimum temperature					
a minimum temperature					
minimum temperature					
temperature					
The CN code of an associated plant shall apply					temperature
	The CN code of an assoc	ciated plant shall appl	ly	 	

85.Wood of Acer saccharumex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 including wood which has not ex 4406 20 00 which has not ex 4406 92 00 round surface, other than in the form of:Canada and united StatesOfficial statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, a chieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by the mark 'Kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognisedCanada and United StatesOfficial statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by the mark 'Kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognisedaThe CN code of an associated plant shall apply				of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
shavings, recognised	85.	saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of: — wood intended for the productio of veneer sheets, — chips, particles	ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by the mark 'Kiln- dried' or 'K.D.' or another
	a The CN code of an	shavings	,	

	 wood waste and scrap, wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same 		mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
	same		
	type and		
The CN code of an av	sociated plant shall apply	I	

	quality as the wood in the consign and which meets the same Union phytosan requiren as the wood in the consign	nitary nents		
86.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> saccharum Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets	ex 4403 12 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella</i> <i>virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.
87.		ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 s, ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that: (a) the wood originates in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> established by the national

	shavings	ex 9406 10 00,	plant
	wood	,,	protection
	waste		organisation
	and		in the
	scrap,		country
	obtained		of
	in		origin,
	whole		in
	or part		accordance
	from		with
	these		relevant
	trees,		International
	— wood		Standards
	packagir	σ	for
	material,		Phytosanitary
	in the		Measures,
	form of		which
	packing		is
	cases,		mentioned
	boxes,		on the
	crates,		phytosanitary
	drums		certificate
	and		referred
	similar		to in
	packings	L.	Article
	pallets,	,	71 of
	box		Regulation
	pallets		(EU)
	and		No
	other		2016/2031,
	load		and this
	boards,		freedom
	pallet		status
	collars,		has
	dunnage	2	been
	whether		communicated
	or not		in
	actually		advance
	in use		in
	in the		writing
	transport		to the
	of		Commission
	objects		by the
	of all		national
	kinds,		plant
	except		protection
	dunnage		organisation
	supporti		of the
	consignr	nents	third
	of		country
	wood,		concerned,
	which		or
he CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	V	

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	is construc from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood	nent		(b) (c)	the bark and at least 2,5 cm of the outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection or sanisation or the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
88.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i>	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that the wood originates in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country	

	davidiana Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc.			of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
89.	Isolated bark and objects made of bark of <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans</i> <i>mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus</i> <i>davidiana</i> Planch. and <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc.	ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, and United States	Official statement that the bark originates in an area recognised as being free from <i>Agrilus</i> <i>planipennis</i> Fairmaire, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) ver	sion

				No 2010 and this status h commu- in advan writing Commi- by the n plant pr organisa	freedom as been nicated nce in to the ssion ational otection ation of l country
90.	sawdust,	g nted	United States	Official stateme the woo (a) (b) (c)	nt that

using			or
heat		(d)	if sawn,
treatmen	t		with or
to			without
achieve			residual
a			bark
minimur			attached,
temperat	ure		has
of			undergone
176 °C			kiln-
for			drying
20 minut	es		to
— Wood			below
packagir	g		20 %
material,	0		moisture
in the			content,
form of			expressed
packing			-
			as a
cases,			percentage
boxes,			of dry
crates,			matter,
drums			achieved
and			through
similar			an
packings	,		appropriate
pallets,			time/
box			temperature
pallets			schedule,
and			indicated
other			by the
load			mark
boards,			'Kiln-
pallet			dried'
collars,			
			or 'KD'
dunnage	,		
whether			or
or not			another
actually			internationally
in use			recognised
in the			mark,
transport	:		put
of			on the
objects			wood
of all			or on
kinds,			any
except			wrapping
dunnage			in
supporti	ισ		accordance
consignr			with
of			
			current
wood,			usage.
which			

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	is construc from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr	nent iitary ients		
	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	nent,		
91.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate

a

					time/
					temperature
					schedule,
					or
				(b)	has
					undergone
					an
					appropriate
					fumigation
					to a
					specification
					approved
					in
					accordance
					with
					the
					procedure
					laid
					down
					in
					Article
					107 of
					Regulation
					(EŬ)
					No
					2016/2031,
					the
					active
					ingredient,
					the
					minimum
					wood
					temperature,
					the rate
					(g/m^3)
					and the
					time
					(h) of
					(II) 01
					which
					are
					indicated
					on the
					phytosanitary
					certificate
					referred
					to in
					Article
					71 of
					Regulation
					(EU)
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	lv.	1		(==)
The Civ code of an	associated plant shan app	1 y			

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				(c)	No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
92.	Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00	Canada and United States	Official statemen	
	the form of — chips,	4403 95 10 4403 95 90	where <i>Agrilus</i> <i>anxius</i> Gory is	(a)	the bark
		,4403 96 00	known to occur		and at
		ex 4404 20 00			least
				1	
	shaving	ex 4406 12 00			2.5 cm
	shavings wood	ex 4406 12 00, ex 4406 92 00			2,5 cm of the

	in whole or part from these trees, wood packagin material in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage whether or not actually in use in the transpor of objects of all kinds, except dunnage	t ng	91 99 90 15 90 35 90 85 90 95 00 00		(b)	outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.
	of wood,	nents				
	is	ted				
The CN code of an associated p	construc	ļ				
	nam snam app	19		-		

	from wood of the			
	of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the	nitary		
	consignr but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood	nent,		
93.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Third countries	Official statement that the wood originates in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
94.	Bark and objects made of bark of <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Canada and United States where Agrilus anxius Gory is known to occur	Official statement that the bark is free from wood.
95.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., except — wood packagin	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 gx 4406 12 00	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an
a The CN code of	of an associated plant shall app	ly		

I	material ex 4406 92 00	area
	in the ex 4407 99 27	established
	form of ex 4407 99 40	by the
	packing ex 4407 99 90	national
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		plant
	boxes, ex 4408 90 35	protection
	crates, ex 4408 90 85	organisation
	drums ex 4408 90 95	in the
	and ex 4416 00 00	country
	similar ex 9406 10 00	of
	packings,	origin
	pallets,	as
	box	being
	pallets	free
	and	from
	other	Ceratocystis
	load	platani
	boards,	(J. M.
	pallet	Walter)
	collars,	Engelbr.
	dunnage,	& T. C.
	whether	Harr. in
	or not	accordance
	actually	with
	in use	the
	in the	relevant
	transport	International
	of	Standards
	objects	for
	of all	Phytosanitary
	kinds,	Measures,
	except	which
	dunnage	1S mentioned
	supporting	on the
	consignments of	
		phytosanitary certificate
	wood, which	referred
	is	to in
	constructed	Article
	from	71 of
	wood	Regulation
	of the	(EU)
	same	No
	type	2016/2031,
	and	under
	quality	the
	as the	rubric
	wood	'Additional
	in the	declaration',
	consignment	or
	and	-
e CN code of an associated r		

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which meets the same Union phytosar requiren as the wood in the consign but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Platanus</i> L.	nents	Americas	(b) Official	has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, indicated by the mark 'kiln- dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
Populus L., except that in the form of: — chips, particles	ex 4403 12 00	AIICHUAS	statemen the wood (a)	
The CN code of an associated plant shall app	-			

96.

a

	shavings, 4407 97 91 wood 4407 97 99 waste ex 4408 90 15 and ex 4408 90 35 scrap, ex 4408 90 95 packagingx 4416 00 00 material, ex 9406 10 00 in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the		(b)	has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule, indicated by the mark 'kiln- dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
--	--	--	-----	---

	and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	nitary nents				
97.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from: (a) Acer sacchart Marsh., (b) Populus L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	a) b)	Canada and United States America	Official statemen the wood (a) s	

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appropriate time/ temperature schedule, or (c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EŬ) No 2016/2031, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m^3) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of

Regulation (EU)

				(d)	No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
98.	Wood of <i>Amelanchier</i>	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00	Canada and United States	Official statemen	nt that
	Medik.,	ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00		the wood	
	Aronia Medik.,	ex 4404 20 00		(a)	originates
		ex 4406 12 00			in an
	Coloneasier		1	1	111 1411
	Cotoneaster Medik				
	Medik.,	ex 4406 92 00			area

	Malus Mill.,	ex 4407 99 90		Saperda
	Prunus L.,	ex 4408 90 15		candida
	-	ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35		
	<i>Pyracantha</i> M.			Fabricius,
	Roem., Pyrus L.	ex 4408 90 85		established
	and <i>Sorbus</i> L.,	ex 4408 90 95		by the
	other than in the	ex 4416 00 00		national
	form of:	ex 9406 10 00		plant
	— chips,			protection
	sawdust			organisation
	and			of the
	shavings	,		country
	obtained			of
	in			origin,
	whole			in
	or part			accordance
	from			with
	these			the
	plants,			relevant
	— wood			International
	packagir	lg		Standards
	material,			for
	in the			Phytosanitary
	form of			Measures,
	packing			which
	cases,			is mentioned
	boxes,			
	crates,			on the certificate
	drums			
	and			referred
	similar			to in
	packings	,		Article 71 of
	pallets,			
	box			Regulation (EU)
	pallets and			No
	other			2016/2031,
	load			under
	boards,			the
	pallet			rubric
	collars,			'Additional
	dunnage			declaration',
	whether	,		or
	or not			has
	actually			undergone
	in use			an
	in the			appropriate
	transport			heat
	of			treatment
	objects			to
	of all			achieve
	kinds,			a
	except			minimum
'N code of an	associated plant shall appl	V	1	<u> </u>

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	dunnage			temperature
	supporti	ıg		of
	consignr	nents		56 °C
	of			for a
	wood,			minimum
	which			duration
	is			of 30
	construc	ted		continuous
	from			minutes
	wood			throughout
	of the			the
	same			entire
	type			profile
	and			of the
	quality			wood,
	as the			which
	wood			is to be
	in the			indicated
	consignr	nents		on the
	and			phytosanitary
	which			certificate
	meets			referred
	the			to in
	same			Article
	Union			71 of
	phytosar	itary		Regulation
	requirem			(EŬ)
	as the			No
	wood			2016/2031,
	in the			or
	consignr	nent,	(c)	has
	but including	-		undergone
	that which has			an
	not kept its			appropriate
	natural round			ionising
	surface			radiation
				to
				achieve
				а
				minimum
				absorbed
				dose of
				1 kGy
				throughout
				the
				wood,
				to be
				indicated
				on the
				phytosanitary
				certificate
				referred
rode of an	associated plant shall appl	v	 	

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				to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
99.	e of an associated plant shall ap	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood:(a)originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Saperda candida Fabricius in accordance with the relevant International

			(EU)
			No
			2016/2031,
			under the
			rubric
			'Additional
			declaration',
			or
		(b)	has
		(0)	been
			processed
			into
			pieces
			of not
			more
			than
			2,5 cm
			thickness and
			width,
			or
		(c)	has
		(-)	undergone
			an
			appropriate
			heat
			treatment
			to
			achieve
			a minimum
			temperature
			of
			56 °C
			for a
			minimum
			duration
			of 30
			minutes throughout
			the
			entire
			profile
			of the
			chips,
			which
			is to be
			indicated
			on the
			phytosanitary certificate
all appl	v		
m appi	· 7		

				referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
100.	sawdust, shavings wood waste and scrap,		China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area free from <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Falderman), established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU)
a The CN code o	of an associated plant shall app	lv		

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	actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supportin consignr of wood, which is construc from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr and which meets the same Union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr attriated the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr attriated the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr attriated the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr as the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr attriated the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr attriated the same union phytosar requirem as the wood in the consignr as the wood in the consignr as the same union phytosar requirem as the sourd surface	ng nents ted nents		(c)	No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or has undergone an appropriate ionising
CN code of an	associated plant shall appl	v	1		

				radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
101.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from <i>Prunus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Aromia</i> <i>bungii</i> (Faldermann) in accordance with the relevant International

	Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration' or
(b)	has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width,
(c)	or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration

			of 30 minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
The CN code of an	associated plant shall app	ly	

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ANNEX VIII

a

List of plants, plant products and other objects, originating in the Union territory and the corresponding special requirements for their movement within the Union territory

The competent authorities, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authorities, shall check, at the most appropriate times to detect the respective pest as applicable, the fulfilment of the requirements laid down of the following table.

Plants, plant products and other objects		Requirements	
1.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	The m have b (a)	achinery or vehicles moved from an area free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,

		(b) or cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to movement out of the infected area.
2.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air	Official statement that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> and <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival.
3.	Plants for planting of stolon, or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any Union quarantine pests by laboratory testing. Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform the competent authority of the material held.
4.	Plants for planting of stolon or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entries 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 and other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections, and other than seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 21	Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any Union quarantine pests by laboratory testing. The laboratory testing shall: (a) be supervised by the competent authority concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that authority or of any officially approved body; (b) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain Union quarantine pests and maintain the material including indicator plants in

(c)	of spreading Union quarantine pests; be executed on each unit of the material: (i) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any Union quarantine pests, (ii) by laboratory testing, in the case of all potato material at least for: — Andean potato mottle virus, — Arracacha virus B. occa
	В.

—	Potato
	black
	ringspot
	virus,
	Potato
	virus
	Τ,
	non-
	European
	isolates
	of
	potato
	viruses
	A,
	M,
	S,
	V,
	X, X
	and
	Y
	(including
	Y ^o ,
	Y^n
	and
	Y ^c)
	and
	Potato
	leaf
	roll
	virus
	(including
	Y ^o),
	Clavibacter
	sepedonicus
	(Spieckermann
	and
	Kottho)
	Nouioui
	et
	al.,
	Ralstonia
	solanacearum
	(Smith)
	Yabuuchi
	et
	al.
	emend.
	Safni
	et
	al.;
	Ralstonia
	pseudosolanacearum
	pseudosolunuceurum

	(iii)	Safni et al., Ralstonia syzigii subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and Ralstonia syzigii subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in point 21, at least for the viruses and viroids listed above, with the exception of Andean potato mottle virus and non- European isolates of potato viruses A, M, S, V, X and Y (including Y°, Y^{n} and Potato leafroll virus;
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		(d)	include appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to identify the Union quarantine pests having caused such symptoms.
5.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	provisio to comb <i>endobio</i>	statement that the ons of Union law at <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>ticum</i> (Schilb.) have been complied
6.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official (a) (b)	statement that: the tubers originate in an area known to be free from Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., or the provisions of Union law to combat Clavibacter sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. have been complied with.
7.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official tubers o (a)	statement that the riginate: in areas where <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> is known not to occur, or in a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , or considered to be free thereof,

		as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i>
8.	Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L., for planting	Official statement that the tubers originate: (a) in areas where <u>Meloidogyne</u> chitwoodi Golden et al. and <u>Meloidogyne</u> fallax Karssen are known not to occur, or (b) in areas where <u>Meloidogyne</u> chitwoodi Golden et al. and <u>Meloidogyne</u> fallax Karssen are known to occur and: (i) the tubers originate in a place of production which has been found free from <u>Meloidogyne</u> chitwoodi Golden et al. and <u>Meloidogyne</u> fallax Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual

inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production, or (ii) the tubers have been randomly sampled after harvest and checked for the presence of symptoms, after having applied an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers, at appropriate times to detect the presence of those pests and in all

			cases at the time of closing of the packages, or containers before movement, and found free from symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>chitwoodi</i> Golden <i>et al.</i> and <i>Meloidogyne</i> <i>fallax</i> Karssen.
9.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with point (b) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	Official statement the provisions of U law to combat <i>Glo</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Be <i>Globodera rostoch</i> (Wollenweber) Be complied with.	Jnion <i>bodera</i> hrens and <i>hiensis</i>
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted in one or more Member States pursuant to Directive 2002/53/EC	 (b) have bee within th and (c) have bee in direct material been mai under ap condition been sub within th official q testing an 	o advanced s, and n produced e Union, n derived line from which has ntained propriate as and has jected e Union to uarantine nd has been these tests, n Union
11.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i> <i>tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entries 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10	There shall be a re number on the pac or in the case of lo loaded tubers trans	kaging, ose-

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		bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, and indicating that: (a) the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> and
		 (b) the provisions of Union law to combat Synchytrium endobioticum (Schilb.) Percival, and where appropriate, <i>Clavibacter</i> sepedonicus (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., and <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i> rostochiensis (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
12.	Plants for planting with roots, of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those to be planted in accordance with point (a) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	Official statement that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i>

		 al. emend. Safni et al., or (b) no symptoms of Ralstonia solanacearum (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
14.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. and <i>Fragaria</i> L. and bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp., <i>Iris</i> spp., <i>Lilium</i> spp., <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L., other than those plants, bulbs, tubers and rhizomes to be planted in accordance with points (a) or (c) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	There shall be evidence that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Globodera</i> <i>pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
15.	 Plants for planting of <i>Cucurbitaceae</i> and <i>Solanaceae</i> other than seeds, originating from areas: (a) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to occur (b) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to accur (b) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to accur 	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus, or (b) no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation. Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known

(b)	on the pla	eaf curl hi Virus, ooms of eaf curl hi Virus n observed ants during plete cycle tion, their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest, or the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn and other vectors of
		vectors of Tomato leaf curl

		New Dell Virus.
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	Official statement that the plants for planting: (a) have been grown throughout their life, or since their introduction into the Union, in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or
		 (b) originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to movement, the plants for planting have been visually inspected prior

		(c)	to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or originate in a site of production, with complete physical isolation, and the plants for planting have been visually inspected prior to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds	Official (a) (b)	statement that: the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or have been grown
			in a place of production established as free from <i>Ceratocystis</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:

(i) (ii)	which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities, and which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis</i> <i>platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., including its immediate vicinity, carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and
(iii)	out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest

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19	Harr., at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.
18.	 Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids and <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm f., <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruits and seeds (a) originate in an <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, established by the competent authorities in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) have been grown in a place of production, which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities in the Member State of origin, and where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, and where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del

		observed site, and prior to r are hand packaged prevent i after leav	novement led and l in ways to nfestation
19.	Plants for planting of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than seeds	known to from Gra flavescer phytopla or originate	: in an area b be free apevine ace dorée

	of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> spp. have been observed at the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the two complete cycles of
(ii)	vegetation, monitoring of the vectors is conducted and
	appropriate treatments are carried out to control the
	vectors of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma,
(iii)	abandoned Vitis L. from the immediate vicinity of the site of production have been monitored during the growing season for symptoms of
	Grapevine flavescence dorée

		(c)	phytoplasma, and in case of symptoms have been rogued out or tested and found free of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma, or have undergone hot water treatment according to international standards.
20.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids		kaging shall bear an ate origin mark.
21.	Seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in entry 3	Official (a) (b)	statement that: the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in points 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, and that the seeds: originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium</i> <i>endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, <i>Clavibacter</i> <i>sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia</i> <i>solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> , or comply with all of the following requirements: (i) they have been produced

(ii)	in a site where, since the beginnin of the la cycle of vegetation of diseas caused be the Unice quaranti pests referred to in poi (a) have been observed they hav been produce at a site where all of the followin actions	ng st on, ms se by on ne int d; /e d
	have bee taken:	
	_	prevention of
		contact with
		and
		hygiene
		measures
		concerning
		staff
		and
		items,
		such
		as ta ala
		tools, machinery,
		vehicles,
		vessels
		and
		packaging
		material,
		from other
		sites
		producing
		producing

22.

Wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than	Official statement that the wood:	solanaceous plants to prevent infection are ensured; only water free from all Union quarantine pests referred to in this point is used.
 <i>Pierocarya</i> Runn, other than in the form of: chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants, wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in 	 (a) originates in an area known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimur temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minute 	n

	he original version as it was originally adop ce have been updated - see the latest availat		
	the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.	(c)	throughout the entire profile of the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage; or has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface.
23.	Isolated bark and wood of Juglans L. and Pterocarya Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants.		statement that the isolated bark: originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia</i> morbida Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on any wrapping

		in accordance with current usage.
24.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.	Official statement that:(a)the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., or(b)the wood has undergone kiln- drying to below
		indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage.
25.	Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, and dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which	Official statement that the wood packaging material: (a) originates in an area, free from <i>Geosmithia</i> <i>morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus</i> <i>juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for

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meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment.	(b)	Phytosanitary Measures, or is made of debarked wood, as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, and (i) has been subjected	
		(ii)	to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to that International Standard, and displays a mark as specified in Annex II to that International Standard, indicating that the
			wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.

ANNEX IX

List of plants, plant products and other objects, whose introduction into certain protected zones is prohibited

The protected zones listed in the third column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code	Protected zones
1.	Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than Switzerland and other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species: — <i>Amelanchier</i> Med.,	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00	 (a) Estonia; (b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma

Chaenomeless Lindl., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. or Sorbus L	(c) (d) (e)	de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)); France (Corsica); Ireland (except Galway city); Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate,

Brianza Province), Marche, Molise. Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana

	in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the
(f) (g)	province of Verona)); Latvia; Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of
(h)	(region of Kaunas)); Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče- Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana, and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo,

Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké

(i)

			(j) (k)	Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)); Finland; United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands).
2.	Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species:	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00	(a) (b)	Estonia; Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida

and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S.

Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)); Latvia; Lithuania (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)); Slovenia (except the regions of Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Veĺika Polana, and the settlements Fużina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo

(f)

(g)

(h)

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Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče, Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica); Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Żámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava

(i)

County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa, Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)); Finland; United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands).

(j) (k)

ANNEX X

List of plants, plant products and other objects, to be introduced into, or moved within protected zones and corresponding special requirements for protected zones

The protected zones listed in the fourth column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the Member State listed;
- (b) the territory of the Member State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- (c) only the part of the territory of the Member State which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code	Special requirements for protected zones	Protected zones
1.	Used agricultural machinery	ex 8432 10 00 ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 80 00	The machinery has: (a) been cleaned and free from soil and plant debris when brought to	 (a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northerr Ireland)

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		ex 8432 90 00 ex 8433 40 00 ex 8433 51 00 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8436 80 10 ex 8701 20 90 ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10	(b)	places of production where beets are grown; or come from an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.		
2.	Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.)	ex 2303 20 10 ex 2303 20 90 ex 2530 90 00	(b) (c)		nation , , , ,	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

				not to occur.		
3.	Beehives – in the period from 15 March to 30 June	0106 41 00 ex 4421 99 99 ex 4602 19 90 ex 4602 90 00	iii i		s ed ra nce re on 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31,	Estonia Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities

appropri quaranti measure before being moved.		of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)) France (Corsica) Ireland (except Galway city) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno,
--	--	--

Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Marche, Molise, Piedmont (except the communes of Busca, Centallo, Scarnafigi, Tarantasca and Villafalleto in the province of Cuneo), Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò (Messina Province), Maniace, Bronte, Adrano (Catania Province) and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina (Enna Province)), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto

(except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the area situated to the South of the motorway A4 in the province of Verona)) (f) Latvia Lithuania (g) (except the municipalities of Babtai and Kėdainiai (region of Kaunas)) (h) Slovenia (except the regions of

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Gorenjska, Koroška, Maribor and Notranjska, and the communes of Lendava and Renče-Vogrsko (south of the motorway H4) and Velika Polana, and the settlements Fuzina, Gabrovčec, Glogovica, Gorenja vas, Gradiček, Grintovec, Ivančna Gorica, Krka, Krška vas, Male Lese, Malo Črnelo, Malo Globoko, Marinča vas, Mleščevo, Mrzlo Polje, Muljava, Podbukovje, Potok pri Muljavi, Šentvid pri Stični, Škrjanče,

Trebnja Gorica, Velike Lese, Veliko Črnelo, Veliko Globoko, Vir pri Stični, Vrhpolje pri Šentvidu, Zagradec and Znojile pri . Krki in the commune Ivančna Gorica) Slovakia (except the county of Dunajská Streda, Hronovce and Hronské Kľačany (Levice County), Dvory nad Žitavou (Nové Zámky County), Málinec (Poltár County), Hrhov (Rožňava County), Veľké Ripňany (Topoľčany County), Kazimír, Luhyňa,

(i)

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legislation	n may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version	

					(j) (k)	Malý Horeš, Svätuše and Zatín (Trebišov County)) Finland United Kingdom (Isle of Man; Channel Islands)
4.	Plants of <i>Allium</i> <i>porrum</i> L., <i>Apium</i> L., <i>Beta</i> L., other than those mentioned in point 5 of this Annex and those intended for animal fodder, <i>Brassica napus</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> <i>rapa</i> L., <i>Daucus</i> L., other than plants for planting	ex 0703 90 00 ex 0704 90 90 0706 10 00 0706 90 30 ex 0706 90 90	(a) (b)	The consignr or lot does not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or official statemen that the plants are intended for processin at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreadin of BNYVV	(b) (c) (d) (e) tt	France (Brittany) Finland Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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5.	Plants of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing	ex 1212 91 80 ex 1214 90 10	Official statement that the plants:(a)are transpor in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spreadin BNYVV and are 	(d) (e) g d d ng y d s,	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
6.	Tubers of <i>Solanum</i>	0701 10 00	Official statement that the tubers:	(a) (b)	France (Brittany) Finland

Tubers of Solanum tuberosum L.,ex 0701 90 10 ex 0701 90 50(a)The consignment or the(a)France (Brittany) Finland	<i>tuberosum</i> L., for planting		(a) (b)	were grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus ("BNYV is known not to occur; or were grown on land, or in growing media consistin of soil that is known to be free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or officially tested by appropria methods and found free from BNYVV or have been washed free from soil.	eg v ate	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
	Solanum	ex 0701 90 50	(a)	consignn	nent	(Brittany)

7.

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	other than those mentioned in point 6 of this Annex		(b)	lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil; or official statemen that the tubers are intended for processin at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreadin of BNYVV	ng 7 1	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
8.	Plants for planting of <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50	Official statement the plants (a)		(a) (b) (ta)ve been (afficially (a)lividua tested and found free from BNYVV or have been grown	allynited Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

	from
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	complying
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	Annex
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	grown
	in
	areas
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	is
	known
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	occur,
	or
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	media,
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			(b)	and the holding of the material of those plants have been notified by the respectiv organisa or research body.	tion	;
9.	Plants and live pollen for pollination of: <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia</i> <i>davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 90 70	Where appropria official s that: (a) (b)	ate, tatement the plants originate in third countries recognis as being free from <i>Erwinia</i> <i>amylovo</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. by the respectiv National Plant Protectic Organisa and officially notified to the Commis or the plants	ra re on ation	Estonia Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of

> originate Garrigues, in pest free areas in the Union or third countries which have been established in relation to Erwinia amylovora (Burr.) Winsl. *et al.* in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially (c) notified to the (d) Commission; or the plants (e) originate in the Canton of Valais in

(c)

Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)) France (Corsica) Ireland (except Galway city) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Lazio, Liguria,

(d)	Switzerla or the plants have been produced or, if moved into a 'buffer zone', kept and maintain for a period of at least 7 months, including the period from 1 April to 31 October of the last complete cycle of vegetatio (i)	ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed ed e	(except the municipalities of
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host Province), plants Maniace, Bronte, are subject Adrano (Catania to an Province) officiallyand approvedCenturipe, Regalbuto and superviseand control Troina regime (Enna establisheterovince)), Tuscany, at the Umbria. latest Valle before d'Aosta, Veneto the beginningexcept of the the provinces completeof cycle Rovigo of and vegetation Venice, precedinghe the communes last Barbona, complete Boara cycle Pisani, of Castelbaldo, vegetatio Masi, with Piacenza the d'Adige, object S. Urbano of minimisimand the Vescovana risk in the of province Erwinia of amylovor Padova (Burr.) and the Winsl. area situated et to the al. South being spread of the from motorway the A4 plants in the grown province there.

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		gKoroška,
	the	Maribor
	last	and
	complete	eNotranjska,
	cycle	and the
	of	communes
	vegetatio	t a c
	for	Lendava
	the	and
	cultivati	oRenče-
	of	Vogrsko
	plants	(south
	under	of the
	the	motorway
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(iii)	which,	Fużina,
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		(iv)	 Nvoveymber; and Žitasvou (Nové Žhámky Gaidnty), Muářimeading (Rostňava Gopurty), Huchov (Rostňava Gopurty), Kazimír, Nuchycinaber, Mnalý from Horeš, Which Svätuše plants and were Zatín officially (Trebišov tested County)) (f)r Finland (ktent United infectionsKingdom in (Isle of accordancefan; with Channel an Islands) appropriate laboratory method on samples officially drawn at the most appropriate period.
Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	0602 10 10 0602 20 10 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Official statement that the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Viteus</i>	a) Cyprus

10.

			<i>vitifoliae</i> (Fitch) (and certified by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially notified to the Commission).	
11.	Plants for planting of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Officialstatement thatthe plants:(a)havebeengrownthroughotheirlife inplacesofproductionincountrieswhereXanthomarboricopv.pruni(Smith)Vauterinet al.is notknowntooccur,or(b)havebeengrownthroughotheirlife inan areafreefromXanthomarboricopv.pruni(Smith)Vauterinet al.	on s bonas la put

established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) have been derived in direct line from mother plants
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	(d)	Vauterin et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of productive since the beginnin of the last complete cycle of vegetation or for plants of <i>Prunus</i> <i>laurocer</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> <i>laurocer</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> <i>laurocer</i> L. and <i>Prunus</i> <i>laurocer</i> L. for which there shall be evidence by their packing or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consume not involved in productive not	l on g on, <i>asus</i> <i>a</i>
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				sympton of <i>Xanthom</i> <i>arborico</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> have been observed on plants at the place of productives since the beginnin of the last complete growing season.	onas la on g	
12.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Willd.	ex 0602 10 90	Official statemen (a)	t that: the unrooted originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (Europea populatio or no signs of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (Europea populatio have	an ons),	Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

	been
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	at the
	place
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	production,
	including
	either
	on the
	cuttings
	or on
	the
	plants
	from
	which
	the
	cuttings
	•
	are
	derived
	and
	held or
	produced
	in this
	place
	of
	-
	production,
	on
	official
	inspections
	carried
	out at
	least
	each
	three
	weeks
	during
	the
	whole
	production
	period
	of these
	plants
	on this
	place
	of
	production,
	or
(c)	in cases
(c)	
	where
	Bemisia
	tabaci
	Genn.
	(European
	Lanopoun

have been found free from <i>Bemisia</i> tabaci		been found free from <i>Bemisia</i>
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Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately

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			prior to the above moveme	nt.
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Euphorbia</i> <i>pulcherrima</i> Willd., other than all of the following: — seeds, — unroote cuttings for planting of <i>Euphor</i> <i>pulcher</i> Willd.	s g bia	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia</i> tabaci Genn. (Europea populati or (b) no signs of <i>Bemisia</i> tabaci Genn. (Europea populati have been observed includin on plants, at the place of producti on official inspectio carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks	an ons), an ons) d, g

	prior to
	marketing,
	or
(c)	in cases
	where
	Bemisia
	tabaci
	Genn.
	(European
	populations)
	has
	been
	found
	at the
	place
	of
	production, the
	plants
	held or
	produced
	in this
	place
	of
	production
	have
	undergone
	an
	appropriate
	treatment
	to
	ensure
	freedom
	from
	Bemisia
	tabaci
	Genn.
	(European
	populations)
	and
	subsequently
	this
	place
	of
	production
	shall
	have
	been
	found
	free
	from
	Bemisia
	tabaci
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Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately

(iii)	plants, on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants, or in cases where <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or production has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or production having undergone an
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appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as а consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during

	the
	three
	weeks
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	of
	production
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	in
	monitoring
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	throughout
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	The
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	above
	weekly
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	shall
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				developr	nent	
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				plants		
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				and		
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				from		
				Bemisia		
				tabaci		
				Genn.		
				(Europea		
				population	ons)	
				prior		
				to their		
				moveme	nt.	
14.	 Plants for	ex 0602 10 90	Official		a)	Ireland
	planting of	ex 0602 20 20	statemen	t that:	(b)	Sweden
	Begonia L.,	ex 0602 20 80	(a)	the	(c)	United
	other than	ex 0602 90 41		plants		Kingdom
	seeds, tubers	ex 0602 90 45		originate		0
	and corms,	ex 0602 90 46		in an		
	and plants	ex 0602 90 47		area		
	for planting	ex 0602 90 48		known		
	of Ajuga L.,	ex 0602 90 50		to be		
	Crossandra	ex 0602 90 70		free		
	Salisb.,	ex 0602 90 91		from		
	Dipladenia	ex 0602 90 99		Bemisia		
	A.DC., Ficus			tabaci		
	L., Hibiscus			Genn.		
	L., Mandevilla					

Lindl. and Nerium oleander L., other than seeds (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each
L., other than seeds (b) no signs of <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on of ficial inspections carried out at least once
seeds (b) no signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once
signs of Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once
Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on of production on of ficial inspections carried out at least once
tabaciGenn.(Europeanpopulations)havebeenobserved,includingonplants,at theplaceofproductiononofficialinspectionscarriedout atleastonce
Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once
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each
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weeks
during
the
nine
weeks
prior to
marketing,
(c) in cases
where
Bemisia
tabaci
Genn.
(European
populations)
has
been
found
at the
place
of
production,
the
plants,

held or produced in this place of production, have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating Bemisia tabaci Genn. (European populations), in both

			other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consume not involved in professio plant productiv the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia</i> <i>tabaci</i> Genn. (Europea populatie immedia	ers onal on, d	
			population immedia prior to their moveme	tely	
15.	Plants for planting of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gremmeniella</i> <i>abiedina</i> (Lag.) Morelet.	(a)	Ireland
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Pinus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Official statement that: (a) the plants have	(a)	United Kingdom

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ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99		been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Thaumetopoea</i>
	(b)	Schiffermüller is not known to occur, or the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Thaumetopoea</i> <i>pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or

(c) (d)	the plants have been produced in nurseries which, including their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller on the basis of official inspections and official surveys carried out at appropriate times, or the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis
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			& Schiffern and have been inspected at appropri times and found to be free from <i>Thaumen</i> <i>pityocan</i> Denis & Schiffern	d ate opoea ipa	
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Larix</i> Mill., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Cephalcia</i> <i>lariciphila</i> (Klug.).	(a) (b)	Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
18.	Plants for planting of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gilpinia</i> <i>hercyniae</i> (Hartig).	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
19.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Herit, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70	Official statement that the plants: (a) are free from soil, and have been subjected	(a) (b) d	Greece Portugal (Azores)

		es 0609 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	to a treatmen against <i>Gonipte</i> <i>scutella</i> . Gyll.; or (b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Gonipte</i> scutella. Gyll.	rus tus e	
20.	Plants for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0802 41 00 ex 1209 99 10 ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life: (a) in places of producti in countrie where <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr, is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr, is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr, is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphon</i> <i>parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr, establish by the Nationa Plant Protectio Organis in	s nectria ca) nectria ca) ned	Czech Republic Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

				accordar with relevant Internati Standarc for Phytosan	onal ls nitary	
21.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statemen (a)	t that: the plants have been grown throughot their life in places of producti in countries where <i>Cryphom</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur; or the plants have been grown throughot their life in an area free from <i>Cryphom</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr, is known not to occur; or the plants have been grown throughot their life in an area free from <i>Cryphom</i> <i>parasitic</i> (Murrill) Barr, is stabilish by the National Plant	(a) (b) (c) (d) out on s s s s ectria a b out ectria a b ed	Czech Republic Ireland Sweden United Kingdom

			 Organisi in accorda with relevant Internat Standar for Phytosa measure or (c) no symptom of <i>Cryphot parasiti</i> (Murrill Barr have been observe at the place product or in its immedi vicinity since the beginnit of the last complet cycle of vegetati 	nce ional ds nitary es; ms <i>nectria</i> ca) d ion ate	
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at 1,2 m height from the root collar, other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown through their life in places of product in countrie where	ion	Ireland United Kingdom (excluding the local authority areas of Barking and Dagenham; Barnet; Basildon; Basingstoke and Deane;

	Thaumetopoea	Bexley;
	processionea	Bracknell
	L. is	Forest;
	not	Brent;
	known	Brentwood;
	to	Bromley;
	occur,	Broxbourne;
	or	Camden;
(b)	the	Castle
	plants	Point;
	have	Chelmsford;
	been	Chiltem;
	grown	City of
	throughout	London;
	their	City of
	life in	Westminster;
	an area	Crawley;
	free	Croydon;
	from	Dacorum;
	Thaumetopoea	Dartford;
	processionea	Ealing;
	L.	East
	established	Hertfordshire;
	by the	Elmbridge
	National	District;
	Plant	Enfield;
	Protection	
		Epping Exercise
	Organisation in	Forest;
	accordance	Epsom and
	with	Ewell
	relevant	District;
	International	Gravesham;
	Standards	Greenwich;
	for	Guildford;
	Phytosanitary	Hackney;
	Measures,	Hammersmith
(-)	or the	&
(c)	the	Fulham;
	plants	Haringey;
	have	Harlow;
	been	Harrow;
	grown	Hart;
	throughout	Havering;
	their	Hertsmere;
	life in	Hillingdon;
	a site	Horsham;
	with	Hounslow;
	complete	Islington;
	physical	Kensington
	protection	&
	against	Chelsea;
	the	Kingston

introduction	upon
of	Thames;
Thaumetopoea	Lambeth;
processionea	Lewisham;
L. and	Littlesford;
have	Medway;
been	Merton;
inspected	Mid
at	Sussex;
appropriate	Mole
times	Valley;
and	Newham;
found	North
to be	Hertfordshire;
free	Reading;
from	Redbridge;
	Reigate
Thaumetopoea	U
processionea	and
L.	Banstead;
	Richmond
	upon
	Thames;
	Runnymede
	District;
	Rushmoor;
	Sevenoaks;
	Slough;
	South
	Bedfordshire;
	South
	Bucks;
	,
	South
	Oxfordshire;
	Southwark;
	Spelthorne
	District;
	St
	Albans;
	Sutton;
	,
	Surrey
	Heath;
	Tandridge;
	Three
	Rivers;
	Thurrock;
	Tonbridge
	and
	Malling;
	Tower
	Hamlets;
	Waltham
	Forest;
	Wandsworth;
	wanusworun,

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					Watford; Waverley; Welwyn Hatfield; West Berkshire; Windsor and Maidenhead; Woking, Woking, Wokingham and Wycombe)'
23.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Dendroctonus</i> <i>micans</i> Kugelan.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
24.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom
25.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A., Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>typographus</i> Heer.	(a) (b)	Ireland United Kingdom
26.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., and <i>Pinus</i> L. over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	(a) (b) (c)	Greece Ireland United Kingdom
27.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i>	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80	Official statement that	(a) (b)	Greece Ireland

	Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>cembrae</i> Heer.	(c)	United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
28.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips</i> <i>sexdentatus</i> Börner.	(a) (b) (c)	Ireland Cyprus United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
29.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., other than plants in tissue culture, fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1404 90 00	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life:(a)in places of product in countrie where Dryocos kuriphil Yasuma is known not to occur, or(b)in an area free from Dryocos kuriphil Yasuma is by the Nationa Plant Protecti	s mus us tsu s mus us tsu, ned l	Ireland United Kingdom

Organisation

accordance

in

			with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.	
30.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: <i>Brahea</i> Mart., <i>Butia</i> Becc., <i>Chamaerops</i> L., <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth, <i>Livistona</i> R. Br., <i>Phoenix</i> L., <i>Sabal</i> Adans., <i>Syagrus</i> Mart., <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl., <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart., <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official a) statement that (b) the plants have (c) been grown: (a) throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeister) is known not to occur; or (b) throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i> (b) throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeister), established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for	Ireland Malta United Kingdom

(c)	Phytosar Measure or during a period of at least	
	two years prior to export or	
	moveme in a place of	
	producti	
	(i)	which
	(ii)	is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia</i> <i>archon</i>

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			(iii)	(Burmeis and where, during three official inspection per year carried out at appropriation times, including immedia prior to moveme from this place of production no signs of <i>Paysand</i> <i>archon</i> (Burmeis have been observed	ons ate g tely nt on, <i>isia</i> ster)
31.	Plants for planting of Palmae, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea armata S. Watson,	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) througho their life in places of productivin countries where <i>Rhyncho</i> <i>ferrugina</i> (Olivier) is known not to	on 5 phorus eus	Ireland Portugal (Azores) United Kingdom

	1		
Brahea edulis		occur	
H. Wendl., <i>Butia</i>		or	
<i>capitata</i> (Mart.)	(b)	through	out
Becc., Calamus		their	
merrillii		life in	
Becc., <i>Caryota</i>		an area	
cumingii		free	
Lodd. ex		from	
Mart., Caryota		Rhyncho	phorus
<i>maxima</i> Blume,		ferrugine	eus
Chamaerops		(Olivier)	,
<i>humilis</i> L.,		establish	ed
Cocos nucifera		by the	
L., Copernicia		National	
Mart., Corypha		Plant	
utan Lam.,		Protectio	n
Elaeis		Organisa	tion
guineensis		in	
Jacq., Howea		accordan	ce
forsteriana		with	
Becc., Jubea		the	
chilensis		relevant	
(Molina) Baill.,		Internati	onal
Livistona		Standard	
australis		for	
C. Martius,		Phytosar	nitary
Livistona decora		Measure	
(W. Bull)		or	<i>.</i> ,
Dowe, <i>Livistona</i>	(c)	during	
rotundifolia	(0)	a	
(Lam.) Mart.,		period	
Metroxylon sagu		of at	
Rottb., <i>Phoenix</i>		least	
canariensis		two	
Chabaud,			
Phoenix		years prior to	
		-	
dactylifera L., Phoenix		export or	
reclinata		or moveme	nt
Jacq., Phoenix		in a	m,
X ·		place	
roebelenii O'Brian Bhaanir		of	
O'Brien, <i>Phoenix</i>		producti	
sylvestris (L.)		•	which
Roxb., <i>Phoenix</i>		(i)	
theophrasti			1S
Greuter,			registered
Pritchardia			and
Seem. & H. Wondl Bruener			supervised
Wendl., Ravenea			by the
rivularis Jum.			the
& H. Perrier,			National
Roystonea			Plant
regia (Kunth)			Protection

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O. F. Cook, Sabal palmetto (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. £. Syagrus romanzoffiana (Cham.) Glassman, Trachycarpus fortunei (Hook.) H. Wendl. and Washingtonia Raf.	(ii) Organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants were placed in a site with
	(iii) complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and where during three official inspections per year
	carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of that pest including immediately prior to movement from this

				place of production, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus</i> <i>ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.
32.	Seeds of Gossypium spp.	1207 21 00	Official statement that: (a) the seed has been acid- delinted, and (b) no symptom of <i>Colletotn</i> <i>gossypii</i> Southw have been observed at the place of productive since the beginnin of the last complete cycle of vegetation and that a represen sample has been	richum I on g e on,

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			found free from <i>Glomere</i> <i>gossypii</i> Edgertor in those tests.	
33.	Seeds and fodder beet seed of the species <i>Beta</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L.	1209 10 00 1209 29 60 ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	Without prejudice to Directive 2002/54/ EC, where applicable, official statement that: (a) the seed of the categoria 'basic seed' and 'certified seed' satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or (b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified the seed satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or (b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified the seed satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or in the case of 'seed satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or in the case of 'seed satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.2 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or in the case of 'seed satisfies the condition laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/ EC; or in the case of 'seed satisfies the condition laid down in Anticle 15(2)	ns e

	(c)	of Directive 2002/54/ EC, and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV; or the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is known
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			not to occur.		
34.	Vegetable seed of the species <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	Without prejudice to Directive 2002/55/ EC, where applicable, official statement that: (a) the processe seed contains no more than 0,5 % by weight of inert matter (in the case of pelleted seed this standard shall be met prior to pelleting or (b) in the case of non- processe seed, the seed this standard shall be met prior to pelleting or (b) in the case of non- processe seed, the seed is officially packed in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spread	ed	Ireland France (Brittany) Portugal (Azores) Finland United Kingdom (Northerr Ireland)

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) vers	sion

			been acid- delinted.		Extremadura, Murcia, Valencia)
36.	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp.	ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Sternochetus</i> <i>mangiferae</i> Fabricius.	(a) (b)	Spain (Granada and Malaga) Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
37.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids originating in Bulgaria, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Portugal and Slovenia	ex 0805 10 22 ex 0805 10 24 ex 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	 (a) The fruits are free from leaves and pedunel or (b) in the case of fruits with leaves or pedunel the fruits have been packed in closed containe which have been officiall sealed and remaine sealed during their transport through a protecte zone, recogning for 	es, ers y d t d	Malta

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legislation	may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) ve	rsion

38.	Fruits of <i>Vitis</i> L.	0806 10 10 0806 10 90	The fruit be free fi leaves.			Cyprus
39.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 11\ 00\\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 10\ 00\\ 4406\ 11\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4407\ 11\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4408\ 10\ 15\\ 4408\ 10\ 91\\ 4408\ 10\ 98\\ ex\ 4416\ 00\ 00\\ ex\ 9406\ 10\ 00\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ $	(a) (b)	The wood is bark- free; or official statemen that the wood originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dendroce</i> <i>micans</i> Kugelan or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internati- recognis mark put on the wood or on its packagir in accordar with current commero	tonus ; onally ed	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)

				usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
40.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401 \ 11 \ 00 \\ 4401 \ 21 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4401 \ 40 \ 10 \\ ex \ 4401 \ 40 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4401 \ 40 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 11 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 21 \ 10 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 21 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 22 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 23 \ 10 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 23 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 23 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 25 \ 10 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 25 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 25 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 25 \ 90 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 26 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 26 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4403 \ 26 \ 00 \\ ex \ 4404 \ 10 \ 00 \\ 4406 \ 91 \ 00 \\ 4406 \ 91 \ 00 \\ 4407 \ 11 \ 10 \\ 4407 \ 11 \ 20 \\ 4407 \ 12 \ 10 \\ 4407 \ 12 \ 90 \\ 4407 \ 12 \ 90 \\ 4407 \ 19 \ 10 \end{array}$	(a) (b) (c)	The (a) wood (b) is bark- (c) free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips duplicatus Sahlbergh; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another	Greece Ireland United Kingdom

		4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		international in	ed ng nce cial ne d ge ture, ate ure	
41.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90	(a) (b)	The wood is bark- free; or official statemen that the wood originate in areas		Ireland United Kingdom

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legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised)	version

ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(c)	known to be free from Ips typographus Heer; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate
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				time/ temperature schedule.	e	
42.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 91 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 12 10 4407 12 10 4407 12 90 4407 19 90 4407 19 90 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(a) (b) (c)	The (a wood (b is bark- (c free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips amitinus Eichhof; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internation recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercia usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 %	ally all	Greece Ireland United Kingdom

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				moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufactur achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	;	
43.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	$\begin{array}{c} 4401\ 11\ 00\\ 4401\ 21\ 00\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 10\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4401\ 40\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 11\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 21\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 22\ 00\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 23\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 10\\ ex\ 4403\ 25\ 90\\ ex\ 4403\ 26\ 00\\ ex\ 4404\ 10\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4406\ 91\ 00\\ 4407\ 11\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 20\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 12\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4407\ 19\ 90\\ 4408\ 10\ 98\\ ex\ 4416\ 00\ 00\\ ex\ 9406\ 10\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00\ 00$	(a) (b)	The (a) wood (b) is bark- (c) free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips cembrae Heer; or a mark 'Kiln- dried', 'KD' or another internationa recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance	ally	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)

				with current commercia usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufactur achieved through an appropriate time/ temperatur schedule.	re, e
44.	Wood of conifers (Pinales)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 21 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 12 10	(a) (b) (c)	The (a wood (t is bark- free; or official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from Ips sexdentatu Börner; or a mark 'Kiln- dried',	b) Ireland c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)

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		4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.	
45.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 40 10 ex 4401 40 90 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00	(a) (b)	wood H is bark- (b) I free; or (c) S official (d) U	Czech Republic reland Sweden Jnited Kingdom

ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(c)	wood originates in areas known to be free from Cryphonectria parasitica (Murrill.) Barr.; or a mark 'Kiln- dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage to prove that it has undergone kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture content,
		kiln- drying to below 20 % moisture

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				appropri time/ temperat schedule	ure	
46.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official statemen the consi (a)		on ate ts ss	Greece Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland, Isle of Man and Jersey)
47.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official statemen the consi (a)		on ate ts	Greece Ireland United Kingdom

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			<i>amitinus</i> Eichhof.	
48.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigati or other appropri treatmen against bark beetles; or (b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> <i>cembrae</i> Heer.	and on Isle of Man) ate ts
49.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigati or other appropri treatmen against bark beetles; or (b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Ips</i> <i>duplicate</i>	on ate ts s

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50.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official(a)statement that(b)the consignment:(c)(a)hasbeensubjectedtofumigationor otherappropriatetreatmentsagainstbarkbeetles;oror(b)originatesin areasknownknownto befreefromIpssexdentatusBörner.Börner.	Cyprus Ireland United Kingdom (Northern Ireland and Isle of Man)
51.	Isolated bark of conifers (Pinales)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official(a)statement that(b)the consignment:(a)(a)hasbeensubjectedtofumigationor otherappropriatetreatmentsagainstbarkbeetles;oror(b)originatesin areasknownknownto befreefromIpstypographusHeer.Heer.	Ireland United Kingdom
52.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 40 90	Official (a) statement that the isolated bark: (b)	Czech Republic Ireland

	(a)	originate		Sweden
		in areas known	(d)	United Kingdom
		to be		0
		free		
		from		
		Cryphon		
		parasitic		
		(Murrill. Barr.;)	
		or		
	(b)	has		
	× /	been		
		subjected	d	
		to an	_ 4 _	
		appropri fumigati		
		or other	011	
		appropri	ate	
		treatmen		
		against		
		Cryphon		
		parasitic		
		(Murrill. Barr.)	
		to a		
		specifica	tion	
		approved	1	
		in		
		accordar with	ice	
		the		
		procedu	e	
		laid		
		down		
		in		
		Article 107 of		
		Regulati	on	
		(EU)	011	
		No		
		2016/20	31.	
		When		
		fumigati	on	
		is applied,		
		the		
		active		
		ingredier	nt,	
		the		
		minimur bark	n	
		bark temperat	ure	
		emperat	ure,	

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

	the rate
	(g/m^3)
	and the
	exposure
	time
	(h)
	thereof
	are
	indicated
	on the
	phytosanitary
	certificate
	referred
	to in
	Article
	71 of
	Regulation
	(EU)
	No
	2016/2031.

ANNEX XI

List of plants, plant products and other objects subject to phytosanitary certificates and those for which such certificates are not required for their introduction into the Union territory

PART A

List of plants, plant products and other objects, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, for which, pursuant to Article 72(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Union territory

other objects	description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	dispatch
1. Miscellaneous		
Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation already having been operated; lawn or sports-ground rollers – already operated: – Ploughs: ex 8432 10 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.

- Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes: ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90 - Seeders, planters and transplanters: ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 – Manure spreaders and fertiliser distributors: ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 - Other machinery: ex 8432 80 00 - Parts: ex 8432 90 00 Harvesting or threshing machinery, including straw or fodder balers; grass or hay mowers; machines for cleaning, sorting or grading eggs, fruit or other agricultural produce, other than machinery of heading 8437 – already operated: - Straw or fodder balers, including pick-up balers: ex 8433 40 00 -- Combine harvestersthreshers: ex 8433 51 00 -- Root or tuber harvesting machines: ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 Other agricultural, horticultural, forestry, poultry-keeping or beekeeping machinery, including germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders already operated: -- Forestry machinery:

	ex 8436 80 10 Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709) – already operated: – Road tractors for semi- trailers: ex 8701 20 90 – Other than single axle tractors, road tractors or track-laying tractors: – – Agricultural tractors and forestry tractors, wheeled: ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10	
Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants	N.A. ^a	Third countries other than Switzerland
Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	Wheat and meslin, other than seeds for sowing: 1001 19 00 1001 99 00 Rye, other than seed for sowing: 1002 90 00 Triticale, other than seed for sowing: ex 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA
2. General categories	1	
Plants for planting, other than seeds	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212: 0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90 Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and	Third countries other than Switzerland

slips; other than mushroom spawn: 0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh, for planting: ex 0703 10 11 ex 0703 10 90 ex 0703 20 00 Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00 Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10

	Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a growing substrate: ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	
Root and tubercle vegetables	Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled: 0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90 Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets: ex 0714 10 00 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 90 Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices in the form of root or tubercle plant parts, fresh or chilled, other than dried: ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91 Sugar beet, not ground, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 91 80	Third countries other than Switzerland

	Chicory roots, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 94 00 Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh and chilled: ex 1212 99 95 Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, similar forage products, not in the form of pellets, fresh or chilled, other than dried: ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90	
Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp. <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. and <i>Vallisneria</i> sp	Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; other than mushroom spawn: ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90	Third countries other than Switzerland
3. Parts of plants, other than f	ruits and seeds, of:	
Solanum lycopersicum L. and Solanum melongena L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products of tomatoe or eggplant plants, not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Zea mays L.	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled: Sweetcorn: ex 0709 99 60 Maize (corn), other: 1005 90 00 Vegetable products of maize (<i>Zea mays</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland

	ex 1404 90 00	
Convolvulus L., Ipomoea L., Micromeria Benth and Solanaceae Juss.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Americas, Australia, New Zealand,
Leafy vegetables of Apium graveolens L,. Eryngium L, Limnophila L. and Ocimum L.	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled: 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 90 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered: ex 1211 90 86 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Leaves of <i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz	Leaves of cassava (<i>Manihot</i> <i>esculenta</i>), fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Vegetable products of cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Conifers (Pinales) a The CN code of an associated plant	Foliage, branches and other parts of conifer (Pinales) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:	Third countries other than Switzerland

	ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40	
Castanea Mill., Dendranthema (DC.) Des Moul., Dianthus L., Gypsophila L., Pelargonium l'Herit. ex Ait, Phoenix spp., Populus L., Quercus L., Solidago L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Acer saccharum Marsh	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Canada and United States
Prunus L. a The CN code of an associated plant	Cut flowers and flower buds of <i>Prunus</i> spp. of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian

		Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
Betula L.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Fraxinus L., Juglans L., Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and United States
Amyris P. Browne, Casimiroa La Llave, Citropsis Swingle & Kellerman, Eremocitrus Swingle, Esenbeckia Kunth., Glycosmis Corrêa, Merrillia Swingle, Naringi Adans., Tetradium Lour., Toddalia Juss. and Zanthoxylum L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Acer macrophyllum Pursh,	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for	United States

Acer pseudoplatanus L., bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: Adiantum aleuticum (Rupr.) ex 0603 19 70 Paris, Adiantum jordanii C. Muell., Aesculus californica Foliage, branches and other (Spach) Nutt., Aesculus parts of plants, without hippocastanum L., Arbutus flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for menziesii Pursch., Arbutus unedo L., Arctostaphylos bouquets or for ornamental spp. Adans, Calluna vulgaris purposes, fresh: (L.) Hull, *Camellia* spp. ex 0604 20 90 L., Castanea sativa Mill., Vegetable materials of a kind Fagus sylvatica L., Frangula used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, *californica* (Eschsch.) Gray, Frangula purshiana rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, (DC.) Cooper, Fraxinus raffia, cleaned, bleached or excelsior L., Griselinia dyed cereal straw, and lime littoralis (Raoul), Hamamelis bark), fresh: ex 1401 90 00 virginiana L., Heteromeles Vegetable products not arbutifolia (Lindley) M. Roemer, Kalmia latifolia elsewhere specified or included, fresh: L., Laurus nobilis L., Leucothoe spp. D. Don, ex 1404 90 00 Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., Lonicera hispidula (Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr.&Gray, Magnolia spp. L., Michelia *doltsopa* Buch.-Ham. ex DC, Nothofagus obliqua (Mirbel) Blume, Osmanthus heterophyllus (G. Don) P. S. Green, Parrotia persica (DC) C.A. Meyer, *Photinia x* fraseri Dress, Pieris spp. D. Don, Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco, Quercus spp. L., Rhododendron spp. L., other than Rhododendron simsii Planch., Rosa gymnocarpa Nutt., Salix caprea L., Sequoia sempervirens (Lamb. ex D. Don) Endl., Syringa vulgaris L., Taxus spp. L., Trientalis latifolia (Hook), *Umbellularia californica* (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt... Vaccinium ovatum Pursh and Viburnum spp. L

4. Parts of plants, other than fruits but including seeds of:

		I
Aegle Corrêa, Aeglopsis Swingle, Afraegle Engl., Atalantia Corrêa, Balsamocitrus Stapf, Burkillanthus Swingle, Calodendrum Thunb., Choisya Kunth, Clausena Burm. f., Limonia L., Microcitrus Swingle, Murraya J. Koenig ex L., Pamburus Swingle, Severinia Ten., Swinglea Merr., Triphasia Lour and Vepris Comm.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Other vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90 Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: – Seeds of herbaceous plants cultivated principally for their flowers: ex 1209 30 00 – – Vegetable seeds: ex 1209 91 80 – – Other: ex 1209 99 91 ex 1209 99 99 Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, not cut, crushed or powdered: ex 1211 90 86 Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark), fresh: ex 1401 90 00 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
5. Fruits of:		
Citrus L., Fortunella	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled:	Third countries other than
Swingle, Poncirus Raf.,	0702 00 00	Switzerland
Microcitrus Swingle, Naringi	Other vegetables, of	
Adans., Swinglea Merr. and	Solanaceae, fresh or chilled:	
a The CN code of an associated plant	shall apply.	

their hybrids, <i>Momordica</i> L. and <i>Solanaceae</i> Juss.	0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90 Citrus fruit, fresh or chilled: 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 50 90 Other fruit, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 75	
Actinidia Lindl., Annona L., Carica papaya L., Cydonia Mill., Diospyros L., Fragaria L., Malus L., Mangifera L., Passiflora L., Persea americana Mill., Prunus L., Psidium L., Pyrus L., Ribes L., Rubus L., Syzygium Gaertn., Vaccinium L., and Vitis L.	Avocados, fresh or chilled: ex 0804 40 00 Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or chilled: ex 0804 50 00 Grapes, fresh or chilled: 0806 10 10 0806 10 90 Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh or chilled: – Papaws (papayas): 0807 20 00 Apples, pears and quinces, fresh or chilled: 0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90 0808 40 00 Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh or chilled: 0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 05 0809 40 90	Third countries other than Switzerland

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	 Strawberries, fresh or chilled: 0810 10 00 Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and loganberries, fresh or chilled: 0810 20 10 ex 0810 20 90 Black-, white- or redcurrants and gooseberries, fresh or chilled: 0810 30 10 0810 30 30 0810 30 90 Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus Vaccinium, fresh or chilled: 0810 40 10 0810 40 50 0810 40 90 Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled: 0810 50 00 Persimmons, fresh or chilled: 0810 70 00 Other, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 20 	
Punica granatum L.	ex 0810 90 75 Pomegranate, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 90 75	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel
6. Cut flowers of:		<u> </u>
Orchidaceae	– Orchids, fresh: 0603 13 00	Third countries other than Switzerland
Aster spp., Eryngium L., Hypericum L., Lisianthus L., Rosa L. and Trachelium L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 11 00 ex 0603 19 70	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny
a The CN code of an associated plant		

		okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
7. Tubers of:		
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potatoes, fresh or chilled, other than seed potatoes: ex 0701 90 10 ex 0701 90 50 ex 0701 90 90	Third countries other than Switzerland
8. Seeds of:		
Brassicaceae, Poaceae, Trifolium spp.	Seeds of wheat and meslin: 1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 Seed of rye: 1002 10 00 Seed of barley: 1003 10 00 Seed of oats: 1004 10 00 Seed of maize (corn): 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 18 1005 10 90 Seed of rice: 1006 10 10 Seed of sorghum: 1007 90 00 Seed of millet: 1008 21 00 Canary seed for sowing: ex 1008 30 00	Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay
	 Ex 1008 30 00 Fonio (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.) seed for sowing: ex 1008 40 00 Seed of triticale: ex 1008 60 00 Seed of other cereals for sowing: ex 1008 90 00 	

Rape or colza seeds, for sowing: 1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00 Mustard seed, for sowing: 1207 50 10 Clover (Trifolium spp.) seeds for sowing: 1209 22 10 1209 22 80 Fescue seeds for sowing: 1209 23 11 1209 23 15 1209 23 80 Kentucky blue grass (Poa pratensis L.) seed for sowing: 1209 24 00 Ryegrass (Lolium *multiflorum* Lam., *Lolium* perenne L.) seeds for sowing: 1209 25 10 1205 25 90 Timothy grass seed; seeds of the genus Poa (Poa palustris L., Poa trivialis L.); cocksfoot grass (Dactylis glomerata L.) and bent grass (Agrostis) seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 29 45 Seeds of other grasses for sowing: ex 1209 29 80 Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing: ex 1209 30 00 Other brassicas' (Brassicaceae) seeds for sowing: ex 1209 91 80 Genera Triticum L., Secale L. Seeds of wheat and meslin: Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, and xTriticosecale Wittm. ex 1001 11 00 Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, A. Camus 1001 91 10 South Africa and United 1001 91 20 States 1001 91 90 Seeds of rye: 1002 10 00 Seeds of triticale: ex 1008 60 00 Citrus L., Fortunella Swingle Sweetcorn for sowing: Third countries other than ex 0709 99 60 and Poncirus Raf., and their Switzerland. The CN code of an associated plant shall apply. a

hybrids, <i>Capsicum</i> spp. L., <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., <i>Oryza</i> spp. L., <i>Zea mays</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Phaseolus</i> <i>cocineus</i> sp. L., <i>Phaseolus</i> <i>vulgaris</i> L.	 Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) for sowing: 0713 33 10 Almonds, for sowing: ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 11 90 ex 0802 12 10 ex 0802 12 90 Maize (corn) seeds, for sowing: 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90 Rice, for sowing: 1006 10 10 Sunflower seeds, for sowing: 1206 00 10 Lucerne (alfalfa) seeds, for sowing: 1209 21 00 Other vegetable seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80 - Other seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99 	
Solanum tuberosum L.	Potato true seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	All third countries
9. Vegetable seeds of:		All third countries
Pisum sativum L.	Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) seeds, for sowing: 0713 10 10	
<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	Broad beans and horse beans seeds, for sowing: ex 0713 50 00 – Other, seeds for sowing: ex 0713 90 00	
10.Seeds of oil and fibre plants of:		All third countries
Brassica napus L.	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing: 1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00	
Brassica rapa L.,	Seeds of <i>Brassica rapa</i> , for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	

<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merrill	Soya bean seeds for sowing: 1201 10 00	
Linum usitatissimum L.	Linseed, for sowing: 1204 00 10	
Sinapis alba L.	Mustard seeds, for sowing: 1207 50 10	
11. Isolated bark of:		
Conifers (Pinales)	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	Third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal Distric (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine
Acer saccharum Marsh, Populus L., and Quercus L. other than Quercus suber L.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	Third countries other than Switzerland

Fraxinus L., Juglans L., Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and United States
Betula L.	Vegetable products of bark of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	Canada and United States
Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.	Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	United States
 12. Wood, where it: (a) is considered a plant product within the 		

(b)	meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material, and		
(c)	falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column, as laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:		
which h round su wood w descript 00 00 ar docume the woo or manu heat trea a minim	s L., including wood as not kept its natural urface and except hich meets the ion of CN code 4416 nd where there is nted evidence that d has been processed ifactured using a atment to achieve num temperature of for 20 minutes	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	United States

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version

- Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of oak (*Quercus* spp.): 4403 91 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of oak (*Quercus* spp.): 4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness

and other coopers' products

not exceeding 6 mm:- Other: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

Status: This is the original version as it was originally adopted in t	he EU.This
legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (rev	vised) version

	and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
<i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: - Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: - Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 - Wood in chips or particles: - Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: - Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 - Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey or United States

	Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
<i>Populus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or	Americas

– Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – – Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of poplar and aspen (*Populus* spp.): 4403 97 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of poplar and aspen (Populus spp.): 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by

	slicing laminated +wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Acer saccharum Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00	United States and Canada

Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated) ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00

and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: - Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in fagots or in similar forms: - Coniferous 4401 11 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 10 Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous: 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous: 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous: 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 0 - Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 00 ex 4403 22 00 Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 00 ex 4403 22 00 Of this (<i>Abies</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 00 ex 4403 22 00 Of this (<i>Abies</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 00 ex 4403 22 00 Of this (<i>Abies</i> spp.): ex 4403 24 00 Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10			
	wood which has not kept its	in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: - Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: - Coniferous 4401 11 00 - Wood in chips or particles: - Coniferous 4401 21 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: - Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 - Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Coniferous: 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous. 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: - Of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.): ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 22 00 - Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 - Other, coniferous:	Turkey and other third countries other than Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland
ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00		ex 4403 25 90	

Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 Coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: 4406 11 00 – Other (than not impregnated): 4406 91 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 -- Other, coniferous: 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00

	Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Fraxinus L., Juglans L., Pterocarya Kunth and Ulmus davidiana Planch., and including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00	Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and United States

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

	 Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 - Other: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other 	
	wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
<i>Betula</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00	Canada and United States

– Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – – Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

	by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Amelanchier Medik., Aronia Medik., Cotoneaster Medik., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Malus Mill., Pyracantha M. Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, except sawdust or shavings	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	Canada and United States

– Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00 Prunus L. including wood Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which has not kept its natural in twigs, in faggots or in Japan, Mongolia, Republic round surface similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust of Korea, United States,

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

and wood waste and scrap, Vietnam or any third country whether or not agglomerated where Aromia bungii is in logs, briquettes, pellets or known to be present similar forms: - Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:

	– – Of cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.):	
	4407 94 10 4407 94 91	
	4407 94 99	
	– – Other:	
	ex 4407 99 27	
	ex 4407 99 40	
	ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering	
	(including those obtained	
	by slicing laminated wood),	
	for plywood or for similar	
	laminated wood and other	
	wood, sawn lengthwise,	
	sliced or peeled, whether or	
	not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness	
	not exceeding 6 mm:	
	ex 4408 90 15	
	ex 4408 90 35	
	ex 4408 90 85	
	ex 4408 90 95	
	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products	
	and parts thereof, of wood,	
	including staves:	
	ex 4416 00 00	
	Prefabricated buildings of	
	wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Acer L., Aesculus L., Alnus	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets,	Third countries where
L., Betula L., Carpinus L., Carridinhullum Siebold &	in twigs, in faggots or in	Anoplophora glabripennis is
<i>Cercidiphyllum</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Corylus</i> L., <i>Fagus</i> L.,	similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust	known to be present
Fraxinus L., Koelreuteria	and wood waste and scrap,	
Laxm., Platanus L., Populus	whether or not agglomerated	
L., Salix L., Tilia L. and	in logs, briquettes, pellets or	
<i>Ulmus</i> L., including wood	similar forms:	
which has not kept its natural round surface	– Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or	
Tound surface	in similar forms:	
	– – Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 12 00	
	– Wood in chips or particles:	
	– – Non-coniferous:	
	ex 4401 22 00 – Sawdust and wood waste	
	and scrap, not agglomerated:	
	Sawdust:	
	ex 4401 40 10	
a The CN code of an associated plant	shall apply.	

-- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of beech (*Fagus* spp.): 4403 93 00 4403 94 00 -- Of birch (*Betula* spp.): 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 -- Of poplar and aspen (Populus spp.): 4403 97 00 -- Of other: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00 Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of beech (*Fagus* spp.): 4407 92 00 -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91

	4407 93 99 Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.): 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.): 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 Of other: 4407 99 27 4407 99 40 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (inclust these sharing distances)	
	(including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00	
Acer macrophyllum Pursh, Aesculus californica (Spach) Nutt., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd. and Taxus brevifolia Nutt.	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:	United States

-- Coniferous: ex 4401 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood in chips or particles: – – Coniferous: ex 4401 21 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 - Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: -- Sawdust: ex 4401 40 10 -- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Coniferous: ex 4403 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Other, of non-coniferous: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00

Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: -- Coniferous: ex 4406 11 00 -- Non-coniferous: ex 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): -- Coniferous: ex 4406 91 00 – – Non-coniferous ex 4406 92 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 -- Of maple (*Acer* spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 -- Of other: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98 – Other: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00 Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00

a The CN code of an associated plant shall apply.

PART B

List of the respective CN codes of plants, as well as the respective third countries of their origin or dispatch, for which, pursuant to Article 73 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Union territory

Plants	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
All plants, within the meaning of point 1 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, other than those specified in parts A and C of this Annex	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, and chicory plants and roots, other than for planting: ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 10 Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 15 00 0603 19 10 0603 19 20 ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, not mosses or lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than for planting: ex 0703 10 19 ex 0703 20 00 ex 0703 90 00 Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar	Third countries other than Switzerland

edible brassicas, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled: 0707 00 05 0707 00 90 Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled: 0708 10 00 0708 20 00 0708 90 00 Asparagus, celery other than celeriac, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach (garden spinach), globe artichokes, olives, pumpkins, squash and gourds (Cucurbita spp.), salad vegetables, (other than lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.)), chard (or white beet) and cardoons, capers, fennel and other vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate: 0709 20 00 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 70 00 0709 91 00 0709 92 10 0709 92 90 0709 93 10 0709 93 90 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 20 0709 99 40 ex 0709 99 50 ex 0709 99 90

Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, not skinned or split, for sowing: ex 0713 20 00 ex 0713 31 00 ex 0713 32 00 ex 0713 34 00 ex 0713 35 00 ex 0713 39 00 ex 0713 40 00 ex 0713 60 00 ex 0713 90 00 Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, fresh, whole, not shelled, not peeled, also for ssowing: ex 0801 21 00 ex 0801 31 00 Other nuts, fresh, whole not shelled, not peeled, also for sowing: ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 11 90 ex 0802 21 00 ex 0802 31 00 ex 0802 41 00 ex 0802 51 00 ex 0802 61 00 ex 0802 70 00 ex 0802 80 00 ex 0802 90 10 ex 0802 90 50 ex 0802 90 85 Figs, fresh or chilled: 0804 20 10 Melons, fresh or chilled: 0807 11 00 0807 19 00 Other fruit, fresh or chilled: ex 0810 20 90 ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75 Coffee berries (other than beans), fresh, whole in husk, not roasted: ex 0901 11 00 Tea leaves, fresh, whole, not cut, not fermented, not flavoured: ex 0902 10 00 ex 0902 20 00 Thyme and fenugreek seeds for sowing: ex 0910 99 10

ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33 Bay leaves, fresh: ex 0910 99 50 Barley, seed for sowing: 1003 10 00 Oats, seed for sowing: 1004 10 00 Grain sorghum, seed for sowing: 1007 10 10 1007 10 90 Buckwheat, millet and canary seed, other cereals, seed for sowing: ex 1008 10 00 1008 21 00 ex 1008 30 00 ex 1008 40 00 ex 1008 50 00 ex 1008 90 00 Groundnuts, fresh, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whole, not shelled, not broken, also seed for sowing: 1202 30 00 ex 1202 41 00 Other oil seeds for sowing and oleaginous fruits, fresh, not broken: ex 1207 10 00 1207 21 00 ex 1207 30 00 1207 40 10 ex 1207 60 00 ex 1207 70 00 1207 91 10 1207 99 20 Seeds and fruit, of a kind used for sowing: 1209 10 00 1209 22 10 1209 22 80 1209 23 11 1209 23 15 1209 23 80 1209 24 00 1209 25 10 1209 25 90 1209 29 45 1209 29 50 1209 29 60

1209 29 80

1209 3	D 00
1209 9	1 30
1209 9	1 80
1209 9	9 10
1209 9	9 91
1209 9	9 99
	nes, fresh:
ex 121	,
	other than for
-	g, and parts of plants
	ing seeds for sowing
	its), fresh or chilled,
	nor crushed or
powder	
ex 121	
	beans for sowing, and
	ane, fresh or chilled,
Ū.	und; fruit stones and
	for sowing and other
	egetable products
	where specified or
include	
ex 1212	
ex 1212	
ex 1212 ex 1212	
ex 1212 ex 1212	
ex 1212 ex 1212	
	ole materials of a kind
Ū.	imarily for plaiting,
fresh:	linality for planting,
ex 140	1 00 00
	ble products not
Ū.	*
	ere specified or d, fresh:
ex 1404	
ex 1404	t 70 VV

PART C

List of plants, as well as the respective third countries of origin or dispatch, for which a phytosanitary certificate is not required for their introduction into the Union territory

Plants	CN Codes and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
Fruits of <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merrill	Pineapples, fresh or dried: 0804 30 00	All third countries

Fruits of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.	Coconuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled: 0801 12 00 0801 19 00	All third countries
Fruits of <i>Durio zibethinus</i> Murray	Durians: 0810 60 00	All third countries
Fruits of Musa L.	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried: 0803 10 10 0803 10 90 0803 90 10 0803 90 90	All third countries
Fruits of <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L.	Dates, fresh or dried: 0804 10 00	All third countries

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ANNEX XII

List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for their introduction into a protected zone from certain third countries of origin or dispatch

Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code and its respective description under Council Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87	Country of origin or dispatch
1. Plants of		
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing.	Sugar beet, fresh: ex 1212 91 80 Mangold roots, fresh: ex 1214 90 10	Third countries other than Switzerland.
2. Parts of plants of	·	
<i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Hérit.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. seeds: ex 1209 99 10 Plants and parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.(including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in	Third countries other than Switzerland.

legislation may since have been updated - see the latest available (revised) version perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried. whether or not cut, but not crushed nor powdered: ex 1211 90 86 Vegetable products of plants of Eucalyptus spp., not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 **3.** Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Cut flowers and flower Amelanchier Med. Third countries other than buds of a kind suitable for Switzerland. bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Cut flowers and flower Third countries other than Chaenomeles Lindl. buds of a kind suitable for Switzerland. bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh:

ex 0604 20 90

	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
Cotoneaster Ehrh.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Crataegus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Cydonia</i> Mill.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
Eriobotrya Lindl.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Malus</i> Mill.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	 Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 	
Mespilus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: - Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: - Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Pyracantha Roem.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: - Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
Pyrus L	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Sorbus L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes,	Third countries other than Switzerland.

	fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
4. Seeds of	Second and an day for a second	Thind constraints of the state of
Beta vulgaris L.	Sugar beet seeds, for sowing: 1209 10 00 Fodder beet seed (<i>Beta</i> vulgaris var. alba), for sowing: 1209 29 60 Other fodder beet seeds (other than <i>Beta</i> vulgaris var. alba), for sowing: ex 1209 29 80 Salad beet seed or beetroot seed (<i>Beta</i> vulgaris var. conditiva), for sowing: 1209 91 30 Other beet seeds (<i>Beta</i> vulgaris), for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Castanea Mill.	Chestnut (<i>Castanea</i> spp.) seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 10 Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.), in shell, for sowing: ex 0802 41 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Dolichos Jacq.,	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: Other: ex 1209 29 80 - Seeds of herbaceous plants cultivated principally for their flowers, for sowing: ex 1209 30 00 - Other seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80 ex 1209 99 99	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Mangifera L.	Mango seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99	Third countries other than Switzerland.
5. Seeds and fruits (bol	ls) of	
Gossypium L.	Cotton seeds, for sowing: 1207 21 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
		I

ungini	ned cotton	Cotton, not carded or combed, other: 5201 00 90	Third countries other than Switzerland.
6. (a)	Wood, where it: is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and		
(b)	has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, and		
(c)	falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column, as laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:		
wood	ers (Pinales), excluding which is bark-free ating in European third ries	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Coniferous: ex 4401 11 00 – Wood, in chips or particles: – Coniferous: ex 4401 21 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine

- Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Coniferous: ex 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: - Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 -- Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: - Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: - Not impregnated: -- Coniferous: 4406 11 00 – Other (than not impregnated): -- Coniferous: 4406 91 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: - Coniferous: -- Of pine (*Pinus* spp.): ex 4407 11 10 ex 4407 11 20 ex 4407 11 90 -- Of fir (*Abies* spp.) and spruce (*Picea* spp.): ex 4407 12 10 ex 4407 12 20

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	ex 4407 12 90 - Other, coniferous: ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood: - Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cable- drums: 4415 10 10 4415 10 90 - Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90 Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00	
Castanea Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00 – Wood, in chips or particles: – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 40 90 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – Non-coniferous	Third countries other than Switzerland.

ex 4403 12 00 Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (*Quercus* spp.) or beech (Fagus spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00 Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous : ex 4404 20 00 Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: -- Non-coniferous: 4406 12 00 - Other (than not impregnated): -- Non-coniferous: 4406 92 00 Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (Quercus spp.), beech (Fagus spp.), maple (Acer spp.), cherry (Prunus spp.), ash (Fraxinus spp.), birch (Betula spp.) or poplar and aspen (Populus spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood: - Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cabledrums:

7. Bark Isolated bark of conifers	 4415 10 10 4415 10 90 Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90 Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00 Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: 	Third countries other than Switzerland.
	ex 4401 40 90	
8. Other	Desidues of starsh	Thind countries 41 41
Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.).	Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet-pulp, bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets, other: ex 2303 20 10 ex 2303 20 90 Mineral substances not elsewhere specified or included, other: ex 2530 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Live pollen for pollination of Amelanchier Med., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dene.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L. and Sorbus L.	Live pollen: ex 1212 99 95	Third countries other than Switzerland.

ANNEX XIII

List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for movement within the Union territory

- 1. All plants for planting, other than seeds.
- 2. Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of *Choisya* Kunth, *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., and their hybrids, *Casimiroa* La Llave, *Clausena* Burm. f., *Murraya* J. Koenig ex L., *Vepris* Comm., *Zanthoxylum* L. and *Vitis* L.
- 3. Fruits of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf. and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles.
- 4. Wood, where it:
 - (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and
 - (b) has been obtained in whole or part from *Juglans* L., *Platanus* L. and *Pterocarya* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
 - (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 40 90	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
ex 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404 20 00	Non-coniferous split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of non-

	coniferous wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

- 5. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 66/402/EEC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - Oryza sativa L.
- 6. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2002/55/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - Allium cepa L.,
 - Allium porrum L.,
 - *Capsicum annuum* L.,
 - *Phaseolus coccineus L.,*
 - *Phaseolus vulgaris* L.,
 - *Pisum sativum* L.,
 - Solanum lycopersicum L.,
 - *Vicia faba* L.
- 7. Seeds of *Solanum tuberosum* L.
- 8. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 66/401/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - *Medicago sativa* L.
- 9. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2002/57/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - *Brassica napus* L.,
 - *Brassica rapa* L.,
 - *Glycine max* (L.) Merrill,
 - *Helianthus annuus* L.,
 - *Linum usitatissimum* L.,
 - *Sinapis alba* L.
- 10. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 98/56/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - Allium L.,

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- Capsicum annuum L.
- Helianthus annuus L.
- Prunus avium L.,
- Prunus armeniaca L.,
- Prunus cerasus L.,
- Prunus domestica L.,
- _____ Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb,
- Prunus persica (L.) Batsch,
- Prunus salicina Lindley.
- 11. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of application of Directive 2008/90/EC, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed according to Article 37(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 in Annex IV, of:
 - Prunus avium L., ____
 - Prunus armeniaca L.,
 - Prunus cerasus L.,
 - Prunus domestica L.,
 - Prunus dulcis (Mill.) D. A. Webb,
 - Prunus persica (L.) Batsch,
 - Prunus salicina Lindley.

ANNEX XIV

List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport with the designation 'PZ' is required for introduction into, and movement within certain protected zones

- 1. Plants of Abies Mill., Larix Mill., Picea A. Dietr., Pinus L. and Pseudotsuga Carr.
- Plants for planting, other than seeds, of Ajuga L., Beta vulgaris L., Cedrus Trew, 2. Crossandra Salisb., Dipladenia A.DC., Euphorbia pulcherrima Willd., Ficus L., Hibiscus L., Mandevilla Lindl., Nerium oleander L., Platanus L., Populus L., Prunus L., Quercus spp., other than Quercus suber, Ulmus L. and plants for planting of Begonia L., other than corms, seeds and tubers.
- 3. Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of Aesculus hippocastanum L., Amelanchier Med., Arbutus unedo L., Camellia L., Castanea Mill., Chaenomeles Lindl., Cotoneaster Ehrh., Crataegus L., Cydonia Mill., Eriobotrya Lindl., Eucalyptus L'Herit., Lithocarpus densiflorus (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., Malus Mill., Mespilus L., Photinia davidiana (Dcne.) Cardot, Pyracantha Roem., Pyrus L., Rhododendron L., other than Rhododendron simsii Planch., Sorbus L., Svringa vulgaris L., Taxus L., Umbellularia californica (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt., Vaccinium L., Viburnum L. and Vitis L.
- Plants of Palmae, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the 4. base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: Areca catechu L., Arenga pinnata (Wurmb) Merr., Bismarckia Hildebr. & H. Wendl., Borassus flabellifer L., Brahea Mart., Butia Becc., Calamus merrillii Becc., Carvota cumingii Lodd. ex Mart., Caryota maxima Blume, Chamaerops L., Cocos nucifera L., Copernicia Mart., Corypha utan Lam., Elaeis guineensis Jacq., Howea forsteriana Becc., Jubaea Kunth, Livistona R. Br., Metroxylon sagu Rottb., Phoenix L., Pritchardia Seem. & H. Wendl.,

Ravenea rivularis Jum. & H. Perrier, Roystonea regia (Kunth) O. F. Cook, Sabal Adans., Syagrus Mart., Trachycarpus H. Wendl., Trithrinax Mart., Washingtonia Raf.

- 5. Live pollen for pollination of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.
- 6. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L., intended for planting.
- 7. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for industrial processing.
- 8. Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.)
- 9. Seeds of *Beta vulgaris* L., *Castanea* Mill., *Dolichos* Jacq. and *Gossypium* spp.
- 10. Fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton.
- 11. Wood, where it:
 - (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and
 - (b) has been obtained in whole or part from
 - conifers (Pinales), excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
 - (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:

CN code	Description
4401 11 00	Coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 40 90	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
ex 4403 11 00	Coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped

	of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 21	Coniferous wood of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 22 00	Coniferous wood of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 23	Coniferous wood of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 24 00	Coniferous wood of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross- sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 25	Coniferous wood, other than of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross- sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 26 00	Coniferous wood, other than of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other

Status: This is the original ver	rsion as it was originally adopted in the EU. This
legislation may since have been	updated - see the latest available (revised) version

	preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
ex 4407	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

12. Isolated bark of *Castanea* Mill, and conifers (Pinales).