Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2093 of 29 November 2019 amending Regulation (EC) No 333/2007 as regards the analysis of 3-monochloropropane-1,2-diol (3-MCPD) fatty acid esters, glycidyl fatty acid esters, perchlorate and acrylamide (Text with EEA relevance)

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Status: Point in time view as at 31/01/2020. Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2093. (See end of Document for details)

### ANNEX

The Annex to Regulation (EC) No 333/2007 is amended as follows:

(1) in point C.3.1, Definitions, the definitions of 'LOD' and 'LOQ' are replaced by the following:

'LOD"	=	Limit of detection, smallest measured content, from which it is possible to deduce the presence of the
		analyte with reasonable statistical certainty.
'LOQ"	=	Limit of quantification, lowest content of the analyte
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- which can be measured with reasonable statistical certainty.;
- (2) in point C.3.3.1, Performance criteria, point (b) is replaced by the following:
  - (b) Performance criteria for methods of analysis for 3-monochloropropane-1,2diol (3-MCPD), 3-MCPD fatty acid esters and glycidyl fatty acid esters:
    - Performance criteria for methods of analysis for 3-MCPD in foods specified in point 4.1 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006

Criterion
Foods specified in point 4.1 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006
Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Less than LOD
0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
75-110 %
$\leq$ 5 µg/kg (on dry matter basis)
$\leq 10 \ \mu g/kg$ (on dry matter basis)

TABLE 6A

Performance criteria for methods of analysis for 3-MCPD in foods specified in point 4.3 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006

TABLE 6B

Parameter	Criterion

Applicability	Foods specified in point 4.3 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006
Specificity	Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Field blanks	Less than LOD
Repeatability (RSD <sub>r</sub> )	0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Reproducibility (RSD <sub>R</sub> )	as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Recovery	75-110 %
Limit of Detection (LOD)	$\leq$ 7 µg/kg
Limit of Quantification (LOQ)	$\leq$ 14 µg/kg

Performance criteria for methods of analysis for 3-MCPD fatty acid esters, expressed as 3-MCPD, in foods specified in point 4.3 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006

TABLE 6C

Parameter	Criterion
Applicability	Foods specified in point 4.3 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006
Specificity	Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Repeatability (RSD <sub>r</sub> )	0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Reproducibility (RSD <sub>R</sub> )	as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Recovery	70-125 %
Limit of Detection (LOD)	Three tenths of LOQ
Limit of Quantification (LOQ) for foods specified in 4.3.1 and 4.3.2	$\leq$ 100 µg/kg in oils and fats
Limit of Quantification (LOQ) for foods specified in 4.3.3 and in 4.3.4 with a fat content < 40 %	$\leq$ two fifths of the ML
Limit of Quantification (LOQ)for foods specified in 4.3.4with a fat content $\geq$ 40 %	$\leq$ 15 µg/kg fat

> Performance criteria for methods of analysis for glycidyl fatty acid esters, expressed as glycidol, in foods specified in point 4.2 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006

Parameter	Criterion
Applicability	Foods specified in point 4.2 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006
Specificity	Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Repeatability (RSD <sub>r</sub> )	0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Reproducibility (RSD <sub>R</sub> )	as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Recovery	70-125 %
Limit of Detection (LOD)	Three tenths of LOQ
Limit of Quantification (LOQ) for foods specified in 4.2.1 and 4.2.2	$\leq$ 100 µg/kg in oils and fats
Limit of Quantification (LOQ) for foods specified in 4.2.3 with a fat content < 65 % and in 4.2.4 with a fat content < 8 %	≤ two fifths of the ML
Limit of Quantification (LOQ) for foods specified in 4.2.3 with a fat content $\geq 65$ % and in 4.2.4 with a fat content $\geq 8$ %	≤31 μg/kg fat

(3) in point C.3.3.1, Performance criteria, point (d), 'Notes to the performance criteria' is replaced by the following:

(d) Performance criteria for methods of analysis for acrylamide:

TABLE	8
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Parameter	Criterion
Applicability	All foods
Specificity	Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Field blanks	Less than Limit of Detection (LOD)

Repeatability (RSD <sub>r</sub> )	0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Reproducibility (RSD <sub>R</sub> )	as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Recovery	75-110 %
Limit of Detection (LOD)	Three tenths of LOQ
Limit of Quantification (LOQ)	For foods with benchmark levels $< 125 \ \mu g/kg: \le two$ fifths of the benchmark level, however not required to be lower than 20 $\ \mu g/kg$ For foods with benchmark level $\ge$ 125 $\ \mu g/kg: \le 50 \ \mu g/kg$

(4) in point C.3.3.1, Performance criteria, the following points (e) and (f) are added:

## (e) Performance criteria for methods of analysis for perchlorate:

Parameter	Criterion
Applicability	All foods
Specificity	Free from matrix or spectral interferences
Repeatability (RSD <sub>r</sub> )	0,66 times RSD <sub>R</sub> as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Reproducibility (RSD <sub>R</sub> )	as derived from (modified) Horwitz equation
Recovery	70-110 %
Limit of Detection (LOD)	Three tenths of LOQ
Limit of Quantification (LOQ)	$\leq$ two fifths of the ML

TABLE 9	
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(f) Notes to the performance criteria:

The Horwitz equation<sup>(1)</sup> (for concentrations  $1,2 \ge 10^{-7} \le C \le 0,138$ ) and the modified Horwitz equation<sup>(2)</sup> (for concentrations  $C < 1,2 \ge 10^{-7}$ ) are generalised precision equations which are independent of analyte and matrix but solely dependent on concentration for most routine methods of analysis.

Modified Horwitz equation for concentrations  $C < 1,2 \times 10^{-7}$ :

 $RSD_R = 22 \%$ 

where:

RSD<sub>R</sub> is the relative standard deviation calculated from results generated under reproducibility conditions

# $[(s_R/X) \ge 100]$

- C is the concentration ratio (i.e. 1 = 100g/100g,  $0,001 = 1\ 000\ mg/kg$ ). The modified Horwitz equation applies to concentrations C <  $1,2 \times 10^{-7}$ .

Horwitz equation for concentrations  $1,2 \ge 10^{-7} \le C \le 0,138$ :

 $RSD_R = 2C^{(-0,15)}$ 

where:

 $RSD_R$  is the relative standard deviation calculated from results generated under reproducibility conditions

 $\left[\left(\frac{s_{R}}{\mathcal{X}}\right) \times 100\right]$ 

C is the concentration ratio (i.e. 1 = 100g/100g,  $0,001 = 1\ 000\ mg/kg$ ). The Horwitz equation applies to concentrations  $1,2 \ge 10^{-7} \le C \le 0,138$ .

(5) in point C.3.3.2., 'Fitness-for-purpose' approach, the words 'Table 8' are replaced by the words 'Table 10'.

- (1) W. Horwitz, L.R. Kamps, K.W. Boyer, J.Assoc.Off.Analy.Chem.,63, 1980, 1344-1354.
- (2) M. Thompson, Analyst, 125, 2000, 385-386.'

## Status:

Point in time view as at 31/01/2020.

### Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2093.