Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33 of 17 October 2018 supplementing Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards applications for protection of designations of origin, geographical indications and traditional terms in the wine sector, the objection procedure, restrictions of use, amendments to product specifications, cancellation of protection, and labelling and presentation

#### **CHAPTER IV**

#### LABELLING AND PRESENTATION

#### SECTION 1

#### Compulsory particulars

#### Article 40

## Presentation of compulsory particulars

- 1 Compulsory particulars referred to in Article 119 of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall appear in the same field of vision on the container, in such a way as to be simultaneously legible without having to turn the container, in indelible characters and shall be clearly distinguishable from surrounding text or graphics.
- 2 By way of derogation from paragraph 1, the compulsory particulars referred to in Article 41(1) and the lot number may appear outside the field of vision referred to in that paragraph.
- The size of the characters of the particulars referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article and in Article 41(1) must be equal to or greater than 1,2 mm, regardless of the character format used.

#### Article 41

## Application of certain horizontal rules

- 1 For the purposes of indicating certain substances or products causing allergies or intolerances, as referred to in Article 21 of Regulation (EU) No 1169/2011, the terms concerning sulphites/sulfites, eggs and egg-based products and milk and milk-based products that shall be used are those listed in Part A of Annex I.
- 2 The terms referred to in paragraph 1 may be accompanied by the relevant pictogram shown in Part B of Annex I.

Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### Article 42

#### Marketing and export

- 1 Grapevine products whose label or presentation does not conform to the corresponding conditions laid down in this Regulation shall not be marketed within the Union or exported.
- By way of derogation from Subsection 3 of Section 2 and Section 3 of Chapter I of Title II of Part II of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, where grapevine products are to be exported, Member States may permit particulars and presentations which conflict with Union labelling and presentation rules in force if such particulars or presentations of the grapevine products are required by the legislation of the third country in question. These particulars may appear in languages other than the official languages of the Union.
- 3 By way of derogation from Subsection 3 of Section 2 and Section 3 of Chapter I of Title II of Part II of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, where grapevine products are to be consumed on board of airplanes, Member States may permit presentations which conflict with Union presentation rules in force if such presentations of the grapevine products are necessary for security reasons.

#### Article 43

## Prohibition of lead-based capsules or foil

The closing devices for grapevine products referred to in points (1) to (11), (13), (15) and (16) of Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall not be enclosed in lead-based capsules or foil.

#### Article 44

#### Actual alcoholic strength

The actual alcoholic strength by volume referred to in Article 119(1)(c) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall be indicated in percentage units or half units.

The figure shall be followed by the '% vol' symbol and may be preceded by the words 'actual alcoholic strength', 'actual alcohol' or 'alc'. As regards partially fermented grape must or new wine still in fermentation, the indication of the actual alcoholic strength may be replaced or completed by the figure of the total alcoholic strength followed by the '% vol' symbol and preceded by the words 'total alcoholic strength' or 'total alcohol'.

Without prejudice to the tolerances set for the reference analysis method used, the strength shown may not differ by more than 0,5 % vol from that given by analysis. However, the alcoholic strength of grapevine products with protected designations of origin or geographical indications stored in bottles for more than three years, sparkling wines, quality sparkling wines, aerated sparkling wines, semi-sparkling wines, aerated semi-sparkling wines, liqueur wines and wines of overripe grapes, without prejudice to the tolerances set for the reference analysis method used, may not differ by more than 0,8 % vol from that given by analysis.

CHAPTER IV SECTION 1 Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### Article 45

## **Indication of provenance**

- The indication of provenance as referred to in Article 119(1)(d) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall be indicated as follows:
  - a for grapevine products referred to in points (1), (3) to (9), (15) and (16) of Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, the words 'wine of (...)', 'produced in (...)', 'product of (...)' or 'sekt of (...)' shall be used, or expressed in equivalent terms supplemented by the name of the Member State or third country where the grapes are harvested and turned into wine;
  - b the words 'European Union wine' or 'blend of wines from different countries of the European Union', or expressed in equivalent terms in the case of wine resulting from a blending of wines originating in a number of Member States;
  - the words 'European Union wine' or 'wine obtained in (...) from grapes harvested in (...)' citing the names of Member States in question, for wines made in a Member State from grapes harvested in another Member State;
  - d the words 'blend from (...)', or expressed in equivalent terms, supplemented by the names of the third countries in question, in the case of wine resulting from a blending of wines originating in a number of third countries;
  - e the words 'wine obtained in (...) from grapes harvested in (...)' citing the names of the third countries in question, for wines made in a third country from grapes harvested in another third country.

By way of derogation from point (a) of the first subparagraph, for grapevine products referred to in points (4), (5) and (6) of Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 that do not bear a protected designation of origin or geographical indication, the indication referred to in that point (a) may be replaced by the indication 'produced in (...)', or expressed in equivalent terms, supplemented by the name of the Member State where the second fermentation took place.

The first and second subparagraphs are without prejudice to Articles 47 and 56.

- The indication of provenance, as referred to in Article 119(1)(d) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013, for grapevine products referred to in points (2), (10), (11) and (13) of Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall be indicated as follows:
  - a 'must of (...)' or 'must produced in (...)' or expressed in equivalent terms, supplemented by the name of the Member State;
  - b 'blend made from the produce of two or more European Union countries' in the case of coupage of grapevine products produced in two or more Member States;
  - "" "must obtained in (...) from grapes harvested in (...)" in case of grape must which has not been made in the Member State where the grapes used were harvested.
- As regards the United Kingdom and the provisions laid down in points (a) and (c) of paragraph 1 and in points (a) and (c) of paragraph 2, the name of the Member State may be replaced by the name of the relevant individual country forming part of the United Kingdom in which grapes used to make the grapevine product are harvested.

CHAPTER IV SECTION 1
Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

#### Article 46

#### Indication of the bottler, producer, importer and vendor

- 1 For the purposes of the application of Article 119(1)(e) and (f) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 and of this Article:
  - a 'bottler' means a natural or legal person or a group of such persons established in the European Union and carrying out bottling or having bottling carried out on their behalf;
  - b 'bottling' means putting the product concerned in containers of a capacity not exceeding 60 litres for subsequent sale;
  - c 'producer' means a natural or legal person or a group of such persons by whom or on whose behalf the processing of the grapes or of the grape musts into wine or the processing of grape must or wine into sparkling wines, aerated sparkling wine, quality sparkling wine or quality aromatic sparkling wines is carried out;
  - d '*importer*' means a natural or legal person or group of such persons established in the Union assuming responsibility for bringing into circulation non-Union goods within the meaning of Article 5(24) of Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>(1)</sup>;
  - e 'vendor' means a natural or legal person or a group of such persons, not covered by the definition of producer, purchasing and then putting sparkling wines, aerated sparkling wines, quality sparkling wines or quality aromatic sparkling wines into circulation;
  - f 'address' means the indications of the local administrative area and the Member State or third country in which the premises or head office of the bottler, producer, vendor or importer is situated.
- 2 The name and address of the bottler shall be supplemented either:
  - a by the words 'bottler' or 'bottled by (...)', which may be supplemented by terms referring to the producer's holding, or
  - b by terms, whose conditions of use are defined by Member States, where bottling of grapevine products with protected designation of origin or geographical indication takes place:
    - (i) on the producer's holding, or
    - (ii) on the premises of a producer group, or
    - (iii) in an enterprise located in the demarcated geographical area or in the immediate proximity of the demarcated geographical area concerned.

In case of contract bottling, the indication of the bottler shall be supplemented by the words 'bottled for (...)' or, where the name, address of the person who has carried out the bottling on behalf of a third party are indicated, by the words 'bottled for (...) by (...)'.

Where bottling takes place in another place than that of the bottler, the particulars referred to in this paragraph shall be accompanied by a reference to the exact place where the operation took place and, if it is carried out in another Member State, the name of that State. These requirements do not apply where bottling is carried out in a place of immediate proximity to that of the bottler.

CHAPTER IV SECTION 1 Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

In case of containers other than bottles, the words 'packager' and 'packaged by (...)' shall replace the words 'bottler' and 'bottled by (...)' respectively, except when the language used does not indicate by itself such a difference.

The name and address of the producer or vendor shall be supplemented by the terms 'producer' or 'produced by' and 'vendor' or 'sold by', or equivalent.

Member States may decide to:

- a make it compulsory to identify the producer;
- b to authorise the replacement of the words 'producer' or 'produced by' by the words listed in Annex II.
- The *name* and address of the importer shall be preceded by the words '*importer*' or '*imported by* (...)'. For grapevine products imported in bulk and bottled in the Union, the name of the importer may be replaced or supplemented by the indication of the bottler, in accordance with paragraph 2.
- 5 The indications referred to in paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 may be grouped together if they concern the same natural or legal person.

One of these indications may be replaced by a code determined by the Member State in which the bottler, producer, importer or vendor has its head office. The code shall be supplemented by a reference to the Member State in question. The name and address of another natural or legal person involved in the commercial distribution other than the bottler, producer, importer or vendor indicated by a code shall also appear on the wine label of the product concerned.

- Where the name or the address of the bottler, producer, importer or vendor consists of or contains a protected designation of origin or geographical indication, it shall appear on the label:
  - a in characters which are no more than half the size of those used either for the protected designation of origin or geographical indications or for the designation of the category of the grapevine product concerned; or
  - b by using a code as provided for in the second subparagraph of paragraph 5.

Member States may decide which option applies to grapevine products produced in their territories.

#### Article 47

# Indication of the sugar content on sparkling wine, aerated sparkling wine, quality sparkling wine or quality aromatic sparkling wine

- The terms listed in Part A of Annex III to this Regulation indicating the sugar content shall appear on the label of the grapevine products provided for in Article 119(1)(g) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013.
- If the sugar content of the grapevine products, expressed in terms of fructose, glucose and sucrose, justifies the use of two of the terms listed in Part A of Annex III, only one of those two terms shall be chosen.
- Without prejudice to the conditions of use described in Part A of Annex III, the sugar content may not differ by more than 3 grams per litre from what appears on the product label.

No 1308/2013... CHAPTER IV SECTION 1

Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

## Article 48

## Specific rules for aerated sparkling wine, aerated semi-sparkling wine and quality sparkling wine

- The terms 'aerated sparkling wine' and 'aerated semi-sparkling wine' as referred to in Part II of Annex VII to Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 shall be supplemented in characters of the same type and size by the words 'obtained by adding carbon dioxide' or 'obtained by adding carbon anhydride', even where Article 119(2) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 applies.
- 2 Paragraph 1 shall not apply when the language used indicates by itself that carbon dioxide has been added.
- For quality sparkling wines, the reference to the category of the grapevine product may be omitted for wines whose labels include the term 'Sekt'.

Document Generated: 2024-07-16

Status: Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(1) Regulation (EU) No 952/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 October 2013 laying down the Union Customs Code (OJ L 269, 10.10.2013, p. 1).

#### **Status:**

Point in time view as at 17/10/2018.

## **Changes to legislation:**

There are outstanding changes not yet made to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/33. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.