Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/1798 of 30 November 2020 concerning the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by Corynebacterium glutamicum DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulphate produced by Corynebacterium glutamicum KFCC 11043 as feed additives for all animal species (Text with EEA relevance)

# COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2020/1798

#### of 30 November 2020

concerning the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by Corynebacterium glutamicum DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulphate produced by Corynebacterium glutamicum KFCC 11043 as feed additives for all animal species

(Text with EEA relevance)

## THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition<sup>(1)</sup>, and in particular Article 9(2) thereof,

## Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 provides for the authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition and for the grounds and procedures for granting such authorisation.
- (2) In accordance with Article 7 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 applications were submitted for the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulphate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043. The applications were accompanied by the particulars and documents required under Article 7(3) of that Regulation.
- (3) The applications concern the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulphate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043 as feed additives for all animal species, to be classified in the additive category 'nutritional additives', functional group 'amino acids, their salts and analogues'.
- (4) The European Food Safety Authority ('the Authority') concluded in its opinion of 19 March 2020<sup>(2)</sup> that, under the proposed conditions of use, L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 does not have an adverse effect on animal health, consumer safety or the environment. The Authority stated a risk for the users as it should be considered as an eye irritant. Therefore, the Commission considers that appropriate protective measures should be taken to prevent adverse effects on human health, in particular as regards the users of the additive. In its opinion of 1 July 2020<sup>(3)</sup>, the Authority concluded that, under the proposed conditions of use, L-

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lysine sulphate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043 does not have an adverse effect on animal health, human health or the environment. The Authority also concluded that both additives are efficacious sources of the amino acid L-lysine for all animal species and that in order to be as efficacious in ruminants as in nonruminant species, the additives should be protected against degradation in the rumen. The Authority does not consider that there is a need for specific requirements of postmarket monitoring. It also verified the reports on the method of analysis of the feed additive in feed submitted by the Reference Laboratory set up by Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003.

- (5) The assessment of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 and of L-lysine sulphate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043 shows that the conditions for authorisation, as provided for in Article 5 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, are satisfied. Accordingly, the use of these substances should be authorised as specified in the Annex to this Regulation.
- (6) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed,

## HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

#### Article 1

The substances specified in the Annex, belonging to the additive category 'nutritional additives' and to the functional group 'amino acids, their salts and analogues', are authorised as additives in animal nutrition subject to the conditions laid down in that Annex.

## Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 30 November 2020.

For the Commission

The President

Ursula VON DER LEYEN

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## **ANNEX**

Identificalizame Ad	lditive Composi <b>tipa</b> çies	MaximuMinimumMaxim	unther End
number of the holder additive of authorisatio	chemicalor formula, category description,	age content content	

Category of nutritional additives. Functional group: amino acids, their salts and analogues

c322i	L-	Additive All	1.	The 2.2030
	lysine	compositispecies		lysine
	monoh	yd Rockidenide,		content
		ealloyf L-		shall
	pure	lysine		be
		monohydrochloride		indicated
		with a		on
		minimum		the
		of 78		labelling
		% L-		of
		lysine		the
		and a		additive.
		maximum	2.	L-
		moisture		lysine
		content		monohydrochloride
		of 1,5		technically
		%.		pure,
		Characterisation		may
		of the		be
		active		placed
		substance		on
		L-		the
		lysine		market
		monohydrochloride		and
		produced		used
		by		as
		fermentation		an
		with		additive
		Corynebacterium		consisting
		glutamicum		of
		DSM		a
		32932.		preparation.
		Chemical	3.	For
		formula:		users
		$C_6H_{15}CIN_2O_2$		of
				the

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

**b** Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009 of 27 January 2009 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of feed (OJ L 54, 26.2.2009, p. 1).

CAS					additive
Number	:				and
657-27-2	2				premixtures,
Analytic					feed
methods					business
For the					operators
identific	ation				shall
of L-					establish
lysine					operational
	drochloric	le			procedures
in the					and
feed					organisational
additive					measures
	Food				to
	Chemica	1			address
	Codex	,1			potential
	'L-				risks
	lysine				for
		drochloric	le le		the
	monogra				eyes.
For the	monogra	PII			Where
quantific	ration				those
of	Jation				risks
lysine					cannot
in the					be
feed					eliminated
additive					or
and					reduced
premixt	ires				to
containi					a
more	115				minimum
than					by
10 %					such
lysine:					procedures
1y 3111C.	ion				and
	exchange	<u>a</u>			measures,
	chromate				the
	coupled	ograpity			additive
	with				and
	post-				premixtures
	column				shall
	derivatis	ation			be
	and	ation			used
	photome	tric			with
	detection				personal
	(IEC-	1			protective
	VIS/				equipment.
	FLD)				equipinoni.
	1_				<u></u>

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b Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009 of 27 January 2009 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of feed (OJ L 54, 26.2.2009, p. 1).

	EN ISO 17180.  For the quantification of lysine in premixtures, compound feed and feed materials:  — ion exchange chromatography coupled with post-column derivatisation and photometric detection (IEC-VIS), Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009b (Annex III, F).		Declarations to be made on the labelling of the additive and premixtures: 'The supplementation with L-lysine should take into account all essential and conditional essential amino acids in order to avoid imbalances.'
3c323 L-lysii sulp	Additive All	10 000 1.	Thd 2.2030 L- lysine content shall be indicated on the labelling of the additive.

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

**b** Commission Regulation (EC) No 152/2009 of 27 January 2009 laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the official control of feed (OJ L 54, 26.2.2009, p. 1).

	sulphate				2.	L-
	and					lysine
	4 %					sulphate
	moisture					may
						be
	Characte	erisation				placed
	of the					on
	active					the
	substanc	e				market
	L-					and
	lysine					used
	sulphate					as
	produced	1				an
	by					additive
	fermenta	tion				consisting
	with					of
	Coryneb	acterium				
	glutamic	um				a
	KFCC				3.	preparation. Declarations
	11043				3.	
	Chemica	1				to be
	formula:					made
	$C_{12}H_{30}N$	$_{4}O_{8}S$				
	CAS	. •				on
	number:					the
	60343-69	9-3				labelling of
						the
	Analytic					additive
	methods	•				
	For the					and
	quantific	ation				premixtures:
	of					'The
	lysine					supplementation
	in the					with
	feed					L-
	additive					lysine
	and					should
	premixtu					take
	containir	ng				into
	more					account
	than					all
	10 %					essential
	lysine:					and
		ion				conditional
		exchange				essential
		chromate	ography			amino
		coupled	_			acids
		with				in
		post-				order
						to

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deri and pho dete (IEC VIS FLI – EN ISC 171	ection C- / D)		avoid imbalances.
Pha Mo	opean rmacopoeia nograph		
For the quantification of lysine in premixtures, compound feed			
chro cou with pos	I		
deri and pho dete (IEC VIS	vatisation tometric ection C- ), rulation	CH D S	

a Details of the analytical methods are available at the following address of the Reference Laboratory: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports

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	No			
	152/2009	9		
	(Annex			
	III,			
	F).			

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- (1) OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 29.
- (2) EFSA Journal 2020;18(4):6078.
- (3) EFSA Journal 2020;18(7):6203.

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