

## ANNEX VI

### PART A

#### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR THE ENTRY INTO THE UNION OF UNGULATES AS REGARDS THE DISEASE FREEDOM OF THE THIRD COUNTRY OR TERRITORY OF ORIGIN OR ZONE THEREOF FROM INFECTION WITH BLUETONGUE VIRUS (SEROTYPES 1-24) FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS (AS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 22(7))**

Where ungulates of listed species do not originate from a third country or territory or zone thereof free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24), they must originate from a third country or territory or zone thereof which complies with at least one of the following requirements:

- (a) the animals have been kept in a third country or territory or zone thereof seasonally free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) as defined in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/689:
  - (i) for a period of at least 60 days prior to the date of dispatch to the Union; or
  - (ii) for a period of at least 28 days prior to the date of dispatch to the Union, and have undergone a serological test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected at least 28 days following the date of the animal's entry into the third country or territory or zone thereof seasonally free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24); or
  - (iii) for a period of at least 14 days prior to the date of dispatch to the Union, and have undergone a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected at least 14 days following the date of the animal's entry into the third country or territory or zone thereof that is seasonally free of BTV;
- (b) the animals originate from a third country, territory or zone thereof with a surveillance system in place designed and implemented in accordance with Sections 1 and 2 of Chapter 1, Part II of Annex to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/689 and have been vaccinated against all the serotypes (1 to 24) of bluetongue virus reported during the preceding 2 years in that third country, territory or zone thereof, and the animals are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine, and the animals comply with at least one of the following requirements:
  - (i) they have been vaccinated more than 60 days prior to the date of dispatch to the Union; or
  - (ii) they have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine and have undergone a PCR test, with negative results on samples collected at least 14 days after the onset of the immunity protection set in the specifications of the vaccine;
- (c) the animals originate from a third country, territory or zone thereof with a surveillance system in place designed and implemented in accordance with Sections 1 and 2 of Chapter 1, Part II of Annex to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/689 and the animals have undergone, with positive results, a serological test able to detect specific antibodies against all serotypes (1-24) bluetongue virus reported during the preceding 2 years in that third country or territory or zone thereof, and:

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*Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission  
Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, ANNEX VI. (See end of Document for details)*

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- (i) the serological test must have been carried out on samples collected at least 60 days prior to the date of movement;

or

- (ii) the serological test must have been carried out on samples collected at least 30 days prior to the date of movement and the animals were subjected to a PCR test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected not earlier than 14 days prior to the date of dispatch to the Union.

## **PART B**

### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR THE ENTRY INTO THE UNION OF CONSIGNMENTS OF BOVINE ANIMALS AS REGARDS THE DISEASE FREEDOM OF THE THIRD COUNTRY OR TERRITORY OF ORIGIN OR ZONE THEREOF FOR ENZOOTIC BOVINE LEUKOSIS (AS REFERRED TO IN ARTICLE 22(8))**

Where bovine animals do not originate from a third country or territory or zone thereof free of enzootic bovine leukosis, they must come from an establishment where that disease has not been reported during the period of 24 months prior to the date of dispatch to the Union, and:

- (a) if the animals are over the age of 24 months, they have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 4 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results either:
  - (a) on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of at least 4 months while the animals were kept in isolation from the other bovine animals of the same establishment; or
  - (b) on a sample taken during the last 30 days prior to their dispatch to the Union, and all bovine animals over 24 months kept in the establishment have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leucosis with one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 4 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of not less than 4 months during the last 12 months prior to the date of dispatch to the Union;
- (b) if the animals are less than 24 months of age, they were born to dams, which have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 4 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of not less than 4 months during the period of 12 months prior to the date of dispatch to the Union.

**Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, ANNEX VI.