## **SCHEDULE**

## PART 2

## Call-in Process

## The call-in process: executive arrangements

- 7.—(1) A proper officer must, within two working days of the production of a statement in accordance with regulations 25 and 26 of the Executive Arrangements Regulations, submit to the council a notice detailing the decision(s) recorded in the statement.
  - (2) The notice prepared in accordance with sub-paragraph (1) must specify—
    - (a) those decisions that are not subject to call-in;
    - (b) the period for receipt of a call-in; and
    - (c) the overview and scrutiny committee, as determined by a proper officer, that will consider a call-in in accordance with section 41(1)(a) of the 2014 Act.
- (3) If a call-in is not received in respect of a decision, that decision may be implemented after that period expires.
- (4) If a call-in is received which specifies that the decision was not taken in accordance with the budget or policy framework agreed by the council, the call-in must be referred to the council for decision.
- (5) The implementation of a decision must be postponed until the decision has been reconsidered. The decision maker may rescind the decision at any time prior to the decision being reconsidered.
- (6) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) the clerk must place a call-in on the agenda of the overview and scrutiny committee specified in the notice prepared in accordance with sub-paragraph (2).
- (7) The overview and scrutiny committee must meet within 5 working days of receipt of the call-in.
  - (8) More than one call-in may be considered at a meeting of an overview and scrutiny committee.
- (9) Subject to sub-paragraph (10), the consideration of a matter under sub-paragraph (5) by an overview and scrutiny committee may be adjourned, provided that—
  - (a) the chairperson presiding at the meeting; and
  - (b) the chairperson of the executive
- agree a date for the resumption of consideration of the call-in request.
- (10) A meeting convened in accordance with sub-paragraph (6) may only be adjourned under sub-paragraph (9) in order to—
  - (a) allow for additional information to be obtained; or
  - (b) permit additional witnesses to attend.
- (11) The members who submitted the call-in, or a member on their behalf, must be invited to attend the meeting at which the decision subject to the call-in is considered and may, upon the request of the chairperson, address the meeting, but must not have voting rights, unless they are members of the overview and scrutiny committee.
- (12) In response to a call-in made in accordance with section 41(1)(a) of the 2014 Act, an overview and scrutiny committee may—
  - (a) support the decision; or

- (b) refer the decision, along with the recommendation of the overview and scrutiny committee, back to the decision maker
- (13) Where a decision has been supported in accordance with sub-paragraph (11), that decision must—
  - (a) be approved;
  - (b) be inserted in the Register of Decisions; and
  - (c) become operative from the date of the meeting at which the overview and scrutiny committee confirmed support for the decision.
- (14) Where a decision has been referred back to a decision maker in accordance with sub-paragraph (12)(b), the decision maker must—
  - (a) consider the recommendation of the overview and scrutiny committee; and
  - (b) reconsider the original decision.